

Programmable Terminal NA-series

Practices Guide Questions & Answers On Page Editing

NA5-15W
NA5-12W
NA5-9W 🗆 🗆 🗆
NA5-7W 🗆 🗆 🗆

Practices Guide



V422-E1-02

Introduction

This guide provides reference information on editing pages of the NA. It does not provide safety information.

Be sure to obtain the NA-series Programmable Terminal User's Manuals, read and understand the safety points and other information required for use, and test sufficiently before actually using the equipment.

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Related Manuals

Cat.No.	Model	Manual Name
W504	SYSMAC-SE2	Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual
V117	NA5-15W NA5-12W NA5-9W NA5-7W NA5-15W	NA-series Programmable Terminal Hardware User's Manual
V118	NA5-12Waaaa NA5-9Waaaa NA5-7Waaaa	NA-series Programmable Terminal Software User's Manual
V119	NA5-15W NA5-12W NA5-9W NA5-7W	NA-series Programmable Terminal Device Connection User's Manual
V120	NA5-15W NA5-12W NA5-9W NA5-7W	NA-series Programmable Terminal Startup Guide

The following manuals are related to this manual.

1 Introduction

This chapter provides the list of questions and answers that arise from page editing on NA-series PTs, as described in this manual. Refer to Chapter 2 for more details of each article.

1-1 List of Questions and Answers

Questions	Answers	Details described in:
How can I display the setting fields of Properties, Animations, or Events and Actions for an object?	Select an item from the [View] menu at the top.	2-1-2 How To Display the Properties Tab
How can I view description of each function or object on Sysmac Studio?	Select "Description" from the context menu to show or hide the description.	2-1-3 How To Display Description of Objects
How can I deactivate an input object such as a button (i.e. the control flag function in NS)?	Uncheck the [IsEnabled] checkbox under [Behavior] in the [Properties] tab page.	2-2-1 Settings to Enable Input
How can I indirectly specify input permission for an input object such as a button (i.e. the control flag function in NS)?	Select [Animations] – [Enable] in the [Animations] tab page and set in [Expression] the indirect specification condition.	2-2-1 Settings to Enable Input
How can I perform show/hide settings for objects (i.e. the control flag function in NS)?	Open the [Properties] tab page and uncheck the [IsVisible] checkbox under [Appearance].	2-2-2 Show/Hide Settings
How can I blink an object?	In the [Animations] tab page, select [Animations] - [Blink] and set in [Expression] the indirect specification condition.	2-2-3 Settings to Blink an Object
There are several fields such as [Variable], [Expression], or [Value] to specify variables. What are the differences between these three?	You can only specify variables in [Variable], whereas you can not only enter variables but also show arithmetic results in [Expression] and [Value].	2-2-4 Differences between Variable, Expression, and Value
Can I find which functional object in NS corresponds with which object in NA?	Refer to "2-3-1 NS – NA Functional Objects Correspondence Table" in this manual.	2-3-1 NS – NA Functional Objects Correspondence Table
How can I unify the aspect ratios of an image file and an object?	Uncheck the checkbox of [LockAspectRatio] under [Appearance] in the [Properties] tab page.	2-3-2 Automatic Adjustment of Aspect Ratio for Image Objects
Can I create an object that enters a fixed value to a variable (i.e. the Set Value function by the WORD button in NS)?	In the [Events and Actions] tab page, select "SetVariable" as [Actions] and set the value to enter.	2-3-3 How To Enter a Fixed Value and To Increase/Decrease a Value
Can I increase a variable (i.e. the Increase/Decrease Value function by the WORD button in NS)?	In the [Events and Actions] tab page, select "IncreaseVariable" as [Actions] and set the value to add.	2-3-3 How To Enter a Fixed Value and To Increase/Decrease a Value
Can I decrease a variable (i.e. the Increase/Decrease Value function by the WORD button in NS)?	In the [Events and Actions] tab page, select "DecreaseVariable" as [Actions] and set the value to subtract.	2-3-3 How To Enter a Fixed Value and To Increase/Decrease a Value
Can I create an object that is equivalent to a Multifunction object in the NS series?	You can set several functions in the [Events and Actions] tab page.	2-3-4 How To Create Multifunction Objects
Can I learn about the date and time formats?	It complies with the date and time format of Visual Basic. You can also specify an arbitrary format.	2-3-5 Date and Time Display Format
Can I change the state of a button object by not only pressing it down but also the value of an address?	You must combine a button with a lamp to make a single button. At that time, set the button transparent and specify the appearance with the lamp.	2-3-6 Changing the State of the Button Object
Which NA object corresponds with the message indicator function of the NS series?	The Data Lamps do. Unlike the NS-series, you cannot specify a different size or type of the font for each state.	2-3-7 How To Create a Message Indicator
Can I remove gradation of a Lamp object? (the upper right corner of the Lamp object shown below)	It is not possible to remove gradation from a Lamp object. However, part of the Lamp functions can be substituted by specifying [ColorChange] in the [Animations] tab page for a graphical object.	2-3-8 How To Create a Lamp Object with No Gradation

Questions	Answers	Details described in:
How can I show a decimal point in a Data Display object (i.e. the scale setting in NS)?	Enter a computational expression in [Expression] under [Behavior] in the [Properties] tab page.	2-3-9 Decimal Display of Integer-type Values
How can I deactivate the popup that comes up when selecting an already raised alarm event?	Uncheck the "Popup" checkbox of the User Alarm.	2-3-10 Alarm Objects
Cannot distinguish the raised alarms from the reset alarms by default. How can I do it?	Add "Status" to [ColumnTitles], [ColumnOrder], and [ColumnWidths] under [Appearance] in the [Properties] tab page.	2-3-10 Alarm Objects
How can I set a macro equivalent to the one that is run in NS upon loading a project?	In the Global Events menu, set a subroutine that is created for "ProjectInitialzation", the condition to start up the project.	2-4-1 How To Specify Subroutines (Macro) in the System Settings
How can I set a macro equivalent to the one that is run in NS when an alarm event is raised or reset?	Set a subroutine that is created for an event and action of each user alarm.	2-4-1 How To Specify Subroutines (Macro) in the System Settings
How can I set a macro equivalent to the one that is run in NS when a value is changed?	In the Global Events menu, set a subroutine that is created for "Condition", the condition for a value to change.	2-4-1 How To Specify Subroutines (Macro) in the System Settings
Is it possible to connect an NA with a CJ-series CPU?	You can connect the target CPU by registering it as an external device. At this point, only Ethernet connection is supported (i.e. the NA units do not support serial connection).	2-4-2 Connecting with the CJ-series CPU
Is it possible to switch the screen from the PLC? Is it also possible to report the current screen from NA to PLC?	On the NJ, specify a String-type variable and assign it to "_HMI_CurrentPage", a system variable that specifies the current screen. You can change the screen by entering the name of the destination screen in the variable assigned to the system variable. If the address values are directly linked with the page numbers as in NS series, you must write Visual Basic.	2-4-3 How To Switch the Screen by the PLC Variables

2 Questions and Answers

This chapter provides questions and answers that arise when you edit pages of the NA. The questions and answers are classified into the three categories including the system settings, the settings common to objects, and the settings unique to each object.

2-1 System Settings

2-1-1 Differences between NS and NA

The following table shows the major differences between NS and NA.

Items	NS	NA
Maximum number of sheets that can be applied to a single screen * In NA, it is called a background page.	10 sheets	1 sheet Note, however, that in NA the basic screen to which the sheet is applied can also be used as a sheet. As a result, multiple sheets (pages) can be applied to a single screen.
Settings of the clock built in the PT	Entry is possible from a date or time object or from the system memory, in addition to the system menu.	You cannot perform input from a date or time object. Need to perform settings from the system menu. The system variable for date and time is available, but it has been specified for reading only.
System ten key	You can enter Japanese texts (including Chinese characters) with the text input ten key.	At this point you cannot enter Japanese from the text input ten key. You must create a user ten key. The version upgrade scheduled in September includes implementation of the function to input Japanese.
User-defined ten key	Users can relatively create a ten key by using a command button or a [key button] as a multifunctional object.	Although users can create a ten key, you must use Visual Basic. The version upgrade scheduled in September includes implementation of the function to edit the system ten key.
Number of popups displayed	Up to three popups can be displayed at a time.	Only a popup can be displayed.
Macro * In NA, it is called a subroutine.	NS uses its own scripts.	NA adopts Visual Basic 2008. Part of the functions is limited or expanded.

2-1-2 How To Display the Properties Tab

By default, the tabs of Properties and other aspects are not displayed. To display these tabs, select an item to display from the [View] menu. (See the figure below.) On Sysmac Studio Ver1.11 and later, you can display the Properties tab by double-clicking the object.

the object	<i>.</i>		
📓 New Proj	ect - HMI_NA5_0 - Sysmac Studio		
File Edit	View Insert Project HMI Sir	nulation Tools He	lp
X 🖷	Multiview Explorer	Alt+1	Ä
	Toolbox	Alt+2	
Multiview E	Output Tab Page	Alt+3	
	Watch Tab Page	Alt+4	
HMI_NA5	Cross Reference Tab Page	Alt+5	
Configu	Build Tab Page	Alt+6	
▼ HMI	Search and Replace Results Tab P	age Alt+7	
	Page Explorer	Ctrl+Shift+1	
▶ •0)	Code Explorer	Ctrl+Shift+2	
▶ 🗃	Properties	Ctrl+Shift+3	
1 1 1	Animations	Ctrl+Shift+4	
6	Events and Actions	Ctrl+Shift+5	
	Smart Project Search	Ctrl+Shift+F	
	Recently Closed Windows	Ctrl+Shift+H	
4	Clear Recently Closed Windows H	istory	
6	Zoom	•	
	Reset Window Layout		



You can also use the icons (enclosed in the red rectangular above) under the menu bar to show the tabs.

The icons signify Properties, Animations, and Events and Actions from the left.

2-1-3 How To Display Description of Objects

By default, the descriptions of objects are not displayed. To display them, select "Description" from the context menu.

1.	Select "Description" from the context menu.	• Behavior NJ_1_CIO_2000 Expression NJ_1_CIO_2000 Scaling Move Up Move Down 3 • ColorR 3 • Layou Reset • Positio Description • Size (Width,Height) 60, 60 • Security VisibilityLevel VisibilityLevel None
2.	The description is displayed at the bottom of the tab. Repeat step 1 to hide the description.	• Behavior Expression NJ_1_CIO_2000 Scaling • • ColorRanges 3 • • Layout • • Position (Left, Top) 60, 120 • Expression • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

2-2 Functions Common to Objects

~

This section describes the functions that are common to several objects.

2-2-1 Settings to Enable Input

This subsection describes how to perform in the NA series the settings that are equivalent to the function of enabling input in the NS series.

- Input	er Write Password Control Flag Macro Size/Position Other
 Enable Disable 	Action when Specifying Indirect
C Indirect Address(4)	Enable Inp <u>ut</u> when Address ON Set(1) C Enable Input when Address OFF
Display © Display	
C Hide	- Action when Specifying Indirect-

1. Select an object for which to	▼ Behavior
enable input and open the	Variable Sample1
[Properties] tab. Check or uncheck	IsEnabled 🔽
the checkbox of [IsEnabled] under [Behavior] to respectively enable	DoubleTouchTime 0
or disable input.	DelayTime 0

2.	To control input by the state of the variable, select the target object and open the [Animations] tab.	Animations ToggleButton0	* ‡ ×
	From [Animations], select "Enable"	 Animations 	< Select Animation to Add > •
	and specify the condition to enable input in [Expression].	▼ [0]	Enable 💼
	In the NS series, all you can do to perform the settings is to turn ON	Expression	Sample2=True
	or OFF the bit address. In the NA series, however, you can also	Animations	→ ‡ ×
	specify the condition by numeric	ToggleButton0	
	values.	 Animations 	< Select Animation to Add > •
		▼ [0]	Enable 💼

2-2-2 Show/Hide Settings

This subsection describes how to perform in the NA series the show/hide settings that are equivalent to the function in the NS series.

	Write Password Control Flag Macro Size/Position Other
nput	
© Enable	- Action when Specifying Indirect
O Disa <u>b</u> le O Indirect	Enable Input when Address ON
Address(4)	Set(1) C Enable Input when Address OFF
isplay	
Display	- Action when Specifying Indirect
O Hide	 Display when Address ON(Z)
Indirect	In Display when Huuress On(∠)

1.	Select an object for which to perform settings, and open the [Properties] tab. Check or uncheck the checkbox of [IsVisible] under [Appearance] to respectively show/hide the object. Beware that, while in the NS series the functions of the object work even if it is hidden, the hidden objects in NA series do not operate even if it is touched.	TextColorButtonUpBlackTextColorButtonDownBlackBackgroundColorButtonULinearBackgroundColorButtonDLinearBorderColorButtonUpLinearBorderColorButtonDownLinearBorderColorButtonDownLinearBorderThickness2CornerRadius (X,Y)0, 0IsVisibleI
2.	If you wish to hide an object while keeping its functions available, set all the parameters to specify the colors (enclosed by the red rectangular in the figure on the right) to "Transparent".	TextColorButtonUp Transparent TextColorButtonDown Transparent BackgroundColorButtonU Transparent BackgroundColorButtonD Transparent BorderColorButtonUp Transparent BorderColorButtonDown Transparent
3.	To control show/hide of an object by the state of the variable, select the target object and open the [Animations] tab. From [Animations], select "Visibility" and specify the condition to show the object in [Expression].	Animations ↓ ↓ × ToggleButton1 Animations < Select Animation to Add > ↓ [0] Visibility □ Expression Sample2=False

2-2-3 Settings to Blink an Object

This subsection describes how to perform in the NA series the settings for what is called as Flicker in the NS series.

The function is o	alled "Blink" in th	e NA s	eries.		
Command Button	- PBC0001				
General Color/Sł	nape Label Frame	Flicker	Write Password	Control Flag	Macro
<u>E</u> licker No.	Flicker No.1	•	Set Flicker(<u>1</u>)		
-Flicker Timing					
Always					
⊂ <u>W</u> hen Add	lress ON				
Add <u>r</u> ess			Se	et(<u>2</u>)	

1.	Select an object for which to perform settings, and open the [Animations] tab. From [Animations], select "Blink".	Animations	< Select Animation to Add > Blink Enable Move ResizeHeight ResizeWidth Visibility
2.	Specify the condition to blink the object in [Expression], and specify the color for blinking in [Color]. Unlike the NS series, you cannot change the blinking speed.	Animations ▼ [0] Expression Color	< Select Animation to Add > Blink Sample1=True Red
3.	To constantly blink the object, select "True" in [Expression].	 ▼ [0] Expression Color 	< Select Animation to Add > Blink True Green

2-2-4 Differences between Variable, Expression, and Value

The title of the field in which a variable is assigned for an object varies from [Variable] to [Expression] to [Value], depending on the object or item.

The indication of [Variable] is mainly used by the objects such as Data Edit or Button that write values. You can only set a variable in this field.

The indication of [Expression] is mainly used by the objects such as Data Display or Lamp that read values, in the fields for specifying startup conditions or display targets. You can set arithmetic expressions in addition to variables.

The indication of [Value] is mainly used by the objects that write fixed values or variable values. While you can only set a variable in the [Variable] field, you can also enter an arithmetic expression in this field. Thus, you can enter a value obtained by adding a fixed value to a variable value.

Variable	SampleA	_				
DataType	Numeric	•				
IsEnabled						
variable: Only a variable can be set.						

Variable: Only a variable can be set.

Expression: An arithmetic expression can

be	entered	in	addition	to	variables.
~~	01110100		addition		vanabioo.

DataType	Numeric	·	DataType	Numeric	•
Expression	SampleA		Expression	SampleA /10	

Value: As is the case with Expression, an arithmetic expression can be entered in addition to variables.

* In the example below, the value obtained by adding Variable "SampleB" and Variable "SampleC" is stored in Variable "SampleD".

Events	< Select Event to Add >	
▼ [0]	Press	Û
 Actions 	< Select Action to Add >	
▼ [0]	SetVariable	Û
Variable	SampleD	
Value SampleB+SampleC		

[Expression] is mainly used in the [Properties] tab, and [Value] in the [Events and Actions] tab. The figure on the left shows the settings on the [Events and Actions] tab for a Label object.

In [Expression] and [Value], you can use exponentiations and remainders besides the four arithmetic operations.

Input Values		Expression	Displayed Results
SampleA ####		SampleA	####
SampleB ####		SampleA/10	####
SampleC ####		SampleA*10	####
		SampleA+1	####
SampleB+SampleC		SampleA-1	####
####		SampleA^2 (exponentiations)	####
		SampleA mod3 (remainders)	####

2-3 Functions Unique to Each Object

This section describes the functions of the individual object.

2-3-1 NS – NA Functional Objects Correspondence Table

The following table shows correspondence between NS functional objects and NA objects.

NS Functional Objects	NA Objects	Remarks
ON/OFF Buttons (Momentary)	[Buttons]-[Momentary Button]	
ON/OFF Buttons (Alternate)	[Buttons]-[Toggle Button]	
ON/OFF Buttons (Set)	[Buttons]-[Set Button]	
ON/OFF Buttons (Reset)	[Buttons]-[Reset Button]	
Word Buttons (Set Value)	In [Events and Actions], select [SetVariable] and specify an input value.	You can specify the events and actions for not only Buttons but also Labels or Shapes. Refer to "2-3-3 How To Enter a Fixed Value and To Increase/Decrease a Value".
Word Buttons (Increment/Decrement)	In [Events and Actions], select either [IncreaseVariable] or [DecreaseVariable] and set a value.	You can specify the events and actions for not only Buttons but also Labels or Shapes. Refer to "2-3-3 How To Enter a Fixed Value and To Increase/Decrease a Value".
Word Buttons (Display Pop-up menu)	[Standard Controls]-[DropDown]	
Command Buttons (Switch Screen)	In [Events and Actions], select [ShowPage] and determine the destination page.	You can specify the events and actions for not only Buttons but also Labels or Shapes.
Command Buttons (Backward)	In [Events and Actions], select [ShowPreviousPage].	You can specify the events and actions for not only Buttons but also Labels or Shapes.
Command Buttons (Key Buttons)	-	No substitution exists at this point on an object basis. Part of the functions, however, can be reproduced with the use of Visual Basic.
Command Buttons (Control Pop-up Screen – Close Pop-up Screen)	In [Events and Actions], select [ClosePage] and specify the screen to close.	
Bit Lamps	[Lamps]-[Bit Lamp]	
Word Lamps	[Lamps]-[Data Lamp]	
Multifunction objects	-	No particular object exists. You can create an object that has multiple functions by specifying several events and actions for the object. Refer to "2-3-4 How To Create Multifunction Objects".
Text objects	[Standard Controls]-[Label] or [TextBox]	Use Label for a single row, or TextBox for multiple rows. Unlike the NS series, you can specify the events and actions to perform input operations such a writing a value in a variable.
Message Indicator Function (Text objects)	[Lamps]-[Data Lamp]	Unlike the NS series, you cannot specify a different font type/size for each state. However, you can specify a different background/text color for each state. Refer to "2-3-7 How To Create a Message Indicator".

NS Functional Objects	NA Objects	Remarks
Numeral Display and Input objects String Display and Input objects (Enable to input)	[Standard Controls]-[Data Edit]	The Numeral Display and Input objects and the String Display and Input objects have been reorganized to be the Data Edit objects and Data Display objects.
Numeral Display and Input objects String Display and Input objects	[Standard Controls]-[Data Display]	
(Unable to input) List Selection objects		
Thumbwheel Switches	[Standard Controls]-[ListBox]	No substitution evists on an object basis. A
Thumbwheel Switches	-	No substitution exists on an object basis. A similar function can be created by combining a numeric object and the events and actions of a button object.
Analog meters	Gauges	
Level meters	Gauges	
Broken-line Graph objects	No corresponding object/function exists at this point. To be supported in the next version upgrade.	
Bitmap objects	[Standard Controls]-[Image]	
Alarm/Event Display object	No corresponding object/function exists.	
Alarm/Event Summary and History object	[HMI Controls]-[User Alarms Viewer]	In the NS series, you can display alarms/events by only specifying the group or display type. In the NA series, however, no corresponding function is available at this point.
Date objects	[Standard Controls]-[DateTime]	You can display date only. While the NS series allows direct date settings from an object, the NA series only allows settings from the system menu.
Time objects	[Standard Controls]-[DateTime]	You can display time only. While the NS series allows direct date settings from an object, the NA series only allows settings from the system menu.
Data Log Graph objects	[HMI Controls]-[Trend Graph]	
Data Block Table objects	[HMI Controls]-[RecipeViewer]	
Video Display objects	[HMI Controls]-[Media Player]	
Temporary Input objects	No corresponding object/function exists.	
Consecutive Line Drawing	[Shapes]-[Polyline]	
Contents Display objects	[Lamps]-[Data Lamp]	You can create a similar function using a Data Lamp. There is a limitation, however, of being unable to specify a different text color or font for each state.
Frames	No corresponding object/function exists at this point. To be supported in the next version upgrade.	

2-3-2 Automatic Adjustment of Aspect Ratio for Image Objects

When you use an external image for a Button or Lamp object, the aspect ratio of the object and the image is automatically adjusted. As for the default of an Image object, however, the image's original size is kept when it is displayed.

Following is the procedure to automatically adjust the aspect ratio.

4.	By default, when you set an image to an Image object, the height matches the object whereas the width does not, producing blanks on both ends.		
5.	Select the Image object and open the [Properties] tab. Uncheck the checkbox of [LockAspectRatio] under [Appearance].	 Appearance ImageFile LockAspectRatio IsVisible 	OCM00030.bmp ▼ □ ☑
6.	The image's aspect ratio matches that of the object.		

2-3-3 How To Enter a Fixed Value and To Increase/Decrease a Value

To enter a fixed value or to increase or decrease a value in a variable or address in the NS series, you use a Word Button.

In the NA series, you use Events and Actions.

• Entering a Fixed Value

1.	Select [Buttons] – [Button] in the Toolbox. Drag and drop it to the page.	Button	 ▼ Buttons ■ Button ■ Momentary Button ■ Reset Button ■ Set Button ■ Toggle Button
2.	In the [Events and Actions] tab page, select "click" as [Events] and "SetVariable" as [Actions]. Then, set a target variable in [Variable] and an input value in [Value].	 ▼ Events ▼ [0] ▼ Actions ▼ [0] Variable Value 	< Select Event to Add > • Click Select Action to Add > • SetVariable SampleA 10
3.	You can indirectly specify the input value by setting a variable instead of a fixed value in [Value]. The example on the right shows the value of Variable SampleC is entered in SampleB.	▼ Events ▼ [0] ▼ Actions ▼ [0] Variable Value	< Select Event to Add > Click < Select Action to Add > SetVariable SampleB SampleC

• Increasing/Decreasing a Value

1.	Select [Buttons] – [Button] in the Toolbox. Drag and drop it to the page.	Button	 ▼ Buttons Button MB Momentary Button RB Reset Button SE Set Button Toggle Button
2.	In the [Events and Actions] tab page, select "click" as [Events] and "IncreaseVariable" as [Actions]. Then, set a target variable in [Variable] and an increment value in [Value].	 ▼ Events ▼ [0] ▼ Actions ▼ [0] Variable Value 	< Select Event to Add > Click < Select Action to Add > IncreaseVariable SampleB 1
3.	For subtraction, select "DecreaseVariable" as [Actions] and set a decrement value in [Value].	▼ Events ▼ [0] ▼ Actions ▼ [0] Variable Value	< Select Event to Add > Click < Select Action to Add > DecreaseVariable SampleB 1
4.	You can indirectly specify the increment/decrement value by setting a variable instead of a fixed value in [Value].	Button1	< Select Event to Add > Click Select Action to Add > IncreaseVariable SampleB SampleC

2-3-4 How To Create Multifunction Objects

In the NS series, there exist the Multifunction objects that have multiple functions within the single object. In the NA series, by contrast, such objects that are dedicated for multifunction do not exist. You can realize multifunction, however, by assigning multiple events and actions to a single object.

1.	Select [Buttons] – [Button] in the Toolbox. Drag and drop it to the page.	Button	 Buttons Button Button Momentary Button Reset Button Set Button Toggle Button
2.	In the [Events and Actions] tab page, select "click" as [Events] and "SetVariable" as [Actions]. Then, set the target variable in [Variable] and an input value in [Value].	<pre>▼ Events ▼ [0] ▼ Actions ▼ [0] Variable Value</pre>	< Select Event to Add > Click < Select Action to Add > SetVariable SampleB 10
3.	Subsequently select "SetVariable" as [Actions] and set a target variable in [Variable] and an input value in [Value], both of which are different from those set in Step 2 above.	Events and Actions Button1	 Select Event to Add > Click < Select Action to Add > SetVariable SampleB 10 SetVariable SampleC 20

2-3-5 Date and Time Display Format

While the NS series has the respective independent date and time objects, the NA series has the integrated data and time display objects. You can still display only date or time by specifying the format.

15 types of formats are available. The users can arbitrarily specify one of them. In addition in the NS series, you can set the clocks built in the PTs by specifying input permission for either a date or a time object. In the NA series, however, you cannot specify time from a DateTime object.

Formats	Display Examples (for 13:08:54 on June 5 th 2015)
ShortDatePattern	06/05/2015
LongDatePattern	Friday,05 June 2015
FullDateShortTimePattern	Friday,05 June 2015 13:08
FullDateTimePattern	Friday,05 June 2015 13:08:54
ShortDateTimePattern	06/05/2015 13:08
ShortDateLongTimePattern	06/05/2015 13:08:54
MonthDayPattern	June 05
Rfc1123Pattern	Fri,05 June 2015 13:08:54 GMT
SortedDateTimePattern	2015-06-05T13:08:54
ShortTimePattern	13:08
LongTimePattern	13:08:54
UniversalSortedDateTimePattern	2015-06-05 13:08:54Z
UniversalSortedDateTimePattern	Friday,05 June 2015 04:08:54
YearMonthPattern	2015 June
UseCustomDateTimePattern	User-defined setting ^{*1}

*1: Users can arbitrarily specify [CustomFormat] as shown below.

V	▼ Appearance			
	Format	UseCustomDateTimePattern •		
	CustomFormat	yyyy/MM/dd HH:mm:ss		

Setting Examples for UseCustomDateTimePattern

CustomFormat Settings	Display Examples (for 13:08:54 on June 5 th 2015)	
yyyy/MM/dd HH:mm:ss	2015/06/05 13:08:54	
yy-MM-dd dddd HH:mm:ss dddd	15-06-05 Friday 13:08:54	
yy/M/d ddd H:m:s	15/6/5 Fri 13:8:54	
MMMM dd tt hh:mm:ss	June 05 PM 01:08:54	
MMM dd hh:mm:ss t	Jun 05 01:08:54 P	

Note:

The Formats are case sensitive. Thus, if you set as YYYY/MM/DD, the year and date are not properly displayed.

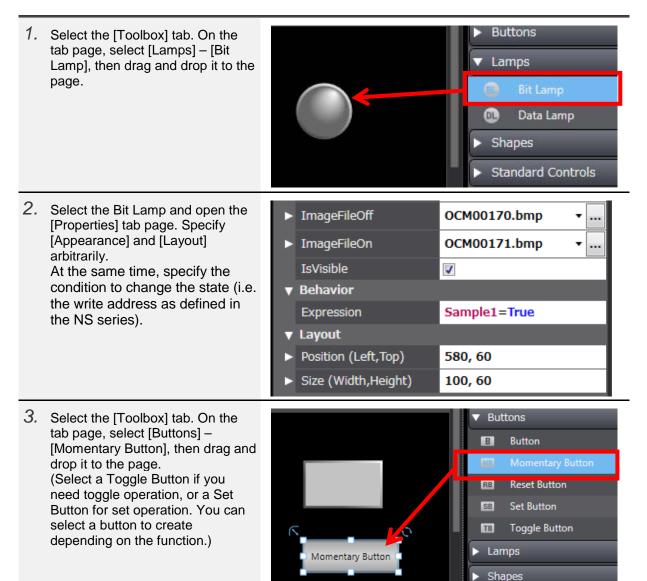
2-3-6 Changing the State of the Button Object

In the NA series, states of a Button object can only be changed when it is pressed down. Thus, it does not have the same function of state change by an address as the NS series does.

To make the behaviors of the Button objects equivalent to those of the NS series, you must combine the Button object with a Lamp object.

• Changing the State by Turning ON/OFF the Write Address

This is equivalent to Type 1 Buttons in the NS series. The state is not changed when pressed down, but changed when turning ON or OFF the write address.



4.	Set all the parameters to specify the colors of the Momentary Button to "Transparent".	TextColorButtonUpTransparentTextColorButtonDownTransparentBackgroundColorButtonUTransparentBackgroundColorButtonDTransparentBorderColorButtonUpTransparentBorderColorButtonDownTransparent
5.	For the behavioral condition of the Momentary Button, specify the same variable as that specified for the Bit Lamp created in Step 2 above. Adjust [Position] and [Size] to those of the Bit Lamp created in Steps 1 and 2.	BehaviorVariableSample1IsEnabledImage: Comparison of the symbol of the s
6.	If the objects are overlapped with each other, the one in the back does not operate. Right-click the Lamp and select [Send to Back] from the context menu so that the Button comes forward.	Group Ungroup Bring to Front Bring Forward Send Backward Send to Back

• Changing the State by Turning ON/OFF the Display Address This is equivalent to Type 2-1 Buttons in the NS series. The state is not changed when pressed down, but changed when turning ON or OFF the display address.

1.	Select the [Toolbox] tab. On the tab page, select [Lamps] – [Bit Lamp], then drag and drop it to the page.	 Buttons Lamps Bit Lamp Data Lamp Shapes Standard Controls
2.	Select the Bit Lamp and open the [Properties] tab page. Specify [Appearance] and [Layout] arbitrarily. At the same time, specify the condition to change the state (i.e. the display address as defined in the NS series). If you only enter variable name in [Expression], it is defined as accompanied by "=True".	▶ ImageFileOff OCM00170.bmp • ▶ ImageFileOn OCM00171.bmp • IsVisible ✓ • ▼ Behavior ✓ Expression Sample2=True ▼ Layout ▶ Position (Left,Top) 580, 60 ▶ Size (Width,Height) 100, 60
3.	Select the [Toolbox] tab. On the tab page, select [Buttons] – [Momentary Button], then drag and drop it to the page. (Select a Toggle Button if you need toggle operation, or a Set Button for set operation. You can select a button to create depending on the function.)	 Buttons Button Button Momentary Button Set Button Toggle Button Lamps Shapes
4.	Set all the parameters to specify the colors of the Momentary Button to "Transparent".	TextColorButtonUpTransparentTextColorButtonDownTransparentBackgroundColorButtonUTransparentBackgroundColorButtonDTransparentBorderColorButtonUpTransparentBorderColorButtonDownTransparent

5.	For the behavioral condition of the Momentary Button, specify the write address as defined in the NS series. Adjust [Position] and [Size] to those of the Bit Lamp created in Steps 1 and 2.	• • •	Behavior Variable IsEnabled DoubleTouchTime OnDelayTime OffDelayTime Layout Position (Left,Top) Size (Width,Height)	Sample1
6.	If the objects are overlapped with each other, the one in the back does not operate. Right-click the Lamp and select [Send to Back] from the context menu so that the Button comes forward.	~	Group Ungroup Bring to Front Bring Forward Send Backward Send to Back	

2-3-7 How To Create a Message Indicator

In the NS series, there is the Message Indicator that enables its state to be changed by the value of the variable. In the NA series, you can realize the function by using a Lamp object. Note, however, that in the NS series you can specify the different font type or color for each state whereas in the NA series you cannot change the basic settings. You can still change background or text colors as before.

1.	Select [Lamps] – [Data Lamp] in the Toolbox. Drag and drop it to the page.	 ▼ Lamps ® Bit Lamp Data Lamp ► Shapes ► Standard Controls 	
2.	Select the object and open the [Properties] tab page. Specify [Design] under [Appearance] as "Rectangle" to adjust the size arbitrarily.	Appearance Design Rectangle DefaultText (Default) Font Segoe UI, 12, Normal HorizontalAlignment Center	
3.	Under [Appearance], specify the text, font type, and other parameters arbitrarily to change them from defaults.	Appearance Design Rectangle DefaultText (Default) Default Font Segoe UI, 18, Normal HorizontalAlignment Center VerticalAlignment Center VerticalAlignment Center Margins (L,T,R,B) 2, 2, 2, 2 WordWrap Image: Conter image: Con	-
4.	Set the variable that controls state change in [Expression] under [Behavior], and click the cross (+) in [ColorRanges].	Behavior Expression SampleA Scaling ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

5. A setting field is added under [ColorRanges]. Set the condition in [StartValue]. Set also the text in [Text (Default)], background color in [LampColor], and text color in [TextColor] for the cases where the condition specified in [StartValue] is met. The example on the right shows that if the value of Variable "SampleA" becomes 1 or greater the text reads "State 1", the background color turns white, and the text color turns red.	 ▼ Behavior Expression Scaling ▼ ColorRanges ▼ [0] StartValue ▶ Text (Default) LampColor TextColor 	SampleA 1 >= 1 1 State 1 □ White ▼ Red
 To add more conditions, click the cross (+) in [ColorRanges] to add the setting fields and repeat Step 5. 	 ▼ Behavior Expression Scaling ▼ ColorRanges ▶ [0] ▶ [1] ▶ [2] 	SampleA 3

2-3-8 How To Create a Lamp Object with No Gradation

The NA-series Lamp objects are gradated by default. You cannot make a Lamp of which appearance is perfectly identical to a Button even if you specify the same color for the Lamp as that of the Button (see the figure below). You can avoid the gradation by setting [Design] under [Appearance] to "Image" and importing an external image. You can also substitute the partial function of a Lamp by using the animation function.



1. Select [Shapes] – [Rectangle] in the Shapes Toolbox. Drag and drop it to the د Curve page. Ellipse \circ 0 Line \Box Polygon 厶 Polyline Rectangle Δ Triangle 2. Select the object and open the Appearance [Properties] tab page. Specify FillColor Red [FillColor] and [LineColor] under [Appearance], and [Size] under LineColor White [Layout] arbitrarily. LineThickness 2 Solid LineStyle CornerRadius (X,Y) 0, 0 IsVisible 1 ▼ Layout Position (Left, Top) 660, 140 Size (Width,Height) 120, 40

3. Open the [Animations] tab page. Select "ColorChange (Boolean)" as	Animations	< Select Animation to Add > •
[Animations].		Blink
		ColorChange (Analog)
		ColorChange (Boolean)
		Enable
		Move
		PercentageFill
		ResizeHeight
		ResizeWidth
		Rotate
		Visibility

4.	Specify the condition to change the background color in [Expression], the color at the time when the conditions is "False" in [OffColor], and the color at the time when the condition is "True" in [OnColor]. Note that for the Shape objects you can only modify the color of background. Unlike the Lamp objects, you cannot change the color of the frame.	Animations	< Select Animation to Add > ColorChange (Boolean) SampleA=True Red Blue
5.	To add a label, select [Standard Controls] – [Label] in the Toolbox. Drag and drop it to the object that has been created up until Step 4 to add an arbitrary text. As is the case with the Rectangle objects, you can change the state of the Label objects by specifying "ColorChange" in the [Animations] tab. Except for the frame color, you can reproduce the function almost equivalent to that of Bit Lamp objects.	Label	DateTime DropDown Image Capit Label EitstBox
6.	Like a Data Lamp object, if you wish to use a function of switching the state depending on the variable value, select "ColorChange (Analog)" in Step 3.	Animations	< Select Animation to Add > Blink ColorChange (Analog) ColorChange (Boolean)
7.	Set the variable that controls state change in [Expression] under [Animations], and click the cross (+) in [ColorRanges].	Animations	< Select Animation to Add > ColorChange (Analog) SampleA Red 0 •
8.	A setting field is added under [ColorRanges]. Set the condition in [StartValue]. Set also the background color in [Color] for the cases where the condition specified in [StartValue] is met. The example on the right shows that if the value of Variable "SampleA" becomes 5 or greater, the background color turns white. To add more conditions, click the cross (+) in [ColorRanges] to add the setting fields.	Animations I [0] Expression DefaultColor I ColorRanges I [0] StartValue Color	< Select Animation to Add > ColorChange (Analog) SampleA Red 1 >= 5 5 White

2-3-9 Decimal Display of Integer-type Values

This is equivalent to the function specified by "Unit & Scale" in the NS series. At this point, the Data Display objects are the only objects that can display values with a decimal point for the integer-type variables, with the use of this function. Because the Data Edit objects cannot be specified by arithmetic operations, if you wish to deal with decimals, you must specify the data type of the variable as the floating point type.

The following example explains how to set a scale of "0.1" to Variable "SampleA".

1.	Open the [Properties] tab page of a Data Display object, and specify each parameter as shown in the figure on the right. Specify the scale in [Expression] and the display format in [DisplayFormat].	BehaviorDataTypeExpressionScalingValueFormatDisplayFormat	Numeric SampleA /10 Decimal ###.#
2.	In Step 1 above, if you set "1234" in Variable "SampleA", the result is as shown in the figure on the right.	Input Value # Displayed Resu	###

The scale function is to be implemented for the Data Edit and Data Display objects in the version upgrade scheduled in September.

###.#

2-3-10 Alarm Objects

The Alarm Objects in the NA series are significantly different from those of the NS series in terms of the behaviors by the default settings. This subsection describes the alarm settings more similar to those of the NS series.

• How To Disable the Popup Screen Upon Confirming Alarms By default of the NA-series alarm objects, a popup page that includes the alarm's detailed information comes up when you touch the raised alarm. Following is the procedure to disable the popup page.



• How To Display Information on Raised/Cleared Alarms

The default of the NA-series alarm objects does not display information on raised or cleared alarms. The figure below shows a record including raised/cleared Alarm Messages 1 to 3 respectively. However, without indication of raised or cleared, the table is difficult to understand.

In addition, the NS series can display in a single row an alarm that has been raised and cleared, whereas the NA series forcibly separates the raised from the cleared to display in different rows. You can display neither only alarms that have been raised, nor only those that have been cleared.

Date and Time	Message	Priority	Group
9/30/2015 9:46:55 AM	AlarmMessage2	Level 1	
9/30/2015 9:46:50 AM	AlarmMessage3	Level 1	
9/30/2015 9:46:46 AM	AlarmMessage3	Level 1	
9/30/2015 9:46:44 AM	AlarmMessage2	Level 1	
9/30/2015 9:46:43 AM	AlarmMessage1	Level 1	
9/30/2015 9:46:31 AM	AlarmMessage1	Level 1	

1.	Select a User Alarm Viewer on the Page Editor and open the [Properties] tab page. (The figure to the right shows the default settings.)	ColumnTitles ColumnOrder ColumnWidths	Date and Time Message Priority Group Time Message Priority Group 130.0 300.0 80.0 200.0
2.	Add "Status " before [ColumnTitles] and [ColumnOrder]. In [ColumnWidths], specify arbitrary width of the item. Since this item is case sensitive, always capitalize "Status ".	ColumnTitles ColumnOrder ColumnWidths	Status Date and Time Message Priority Group Status Time Message Priority Group 160.0 210.0 210.0 90.0 70.0

With the above settings, the alarm object is displayed as below:

The information on raised/cleared alarms is shown in the "Status" column.

"Alarm Raised" indicates those that have been raised, and "Alarm Cleared" those cleared.

Status	Date and Time	Message	Priority	Group
Alarm Cleared	9/30/2015 9:52:50 AM	AlarmMessage2	Level 1	
	9/30/2015 9:52:48 AM		Level 1	
Alarm Raised	9/30/2015 9:52:46 AM	AlarmMessage3	Level 1	
Alarm Raised	9/30/2015 9:52:44 AM	AlarmMessage2	Level 1	
Alarm Cleared	9/30/2015 9:52:40 AM	AlarmMessage1	Level 1	
Alarm Raised	9/30/2015 9:52:38 AM	AlarmMessage1	Level 1	

2-4 Others

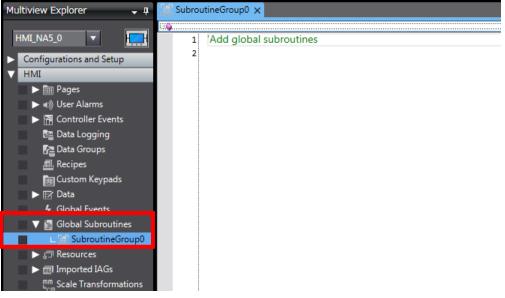
2-4-1 How To Specify Subroutines (Macro) in the System Settings

The Subroutines in the NA series correspond to the macro functions in the NS series. Users can arbitrarily write programs to add functions that are not supported by the basic features.

This subsection describes the procedure in the NA series to execute a macro that could be specified in the command of [PT] – [Project Properties] – [Macro] in the NS series.

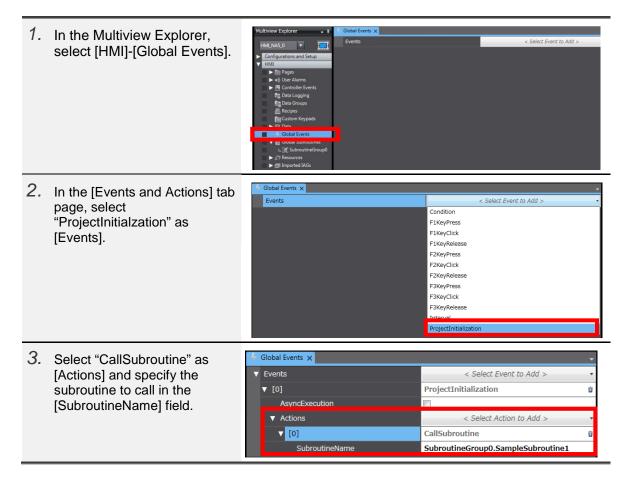
Project	
☐ When <u>L</u> oading a Project	Edit Macro <u>1</u>
Alarm/Event	
☐ On timing Alarm/ <u>E</u> vent occurred	Edit Macro <u>2</u>
☐ On <u>t</u> iming Alarm/Event is cancelled	Edit Macro <u>3</u>
On change of an address value	
When a <u>b</u> it changed	Set <u>4</u>
When a value changed	Set <u>5</u>

Write the contents of the subroutine on the [SubroutineGroup] tab page under [HMI] – [Global Subroutines] in the Multiview Explorer.



• Creating the Subroutine That Runs Upon Loading a Project

Following is the procedure to create the subroutine that is executed upon starting up the system after power is supplied to the NA series.



• Creating the Subroutine That Runs Upon Activation/Deactivation of an Alarm Event In the NS series, a macro can be run upon activation or deactivation of an alarm. In the NA series, it can also be run even at the timing of confirming an alarm.

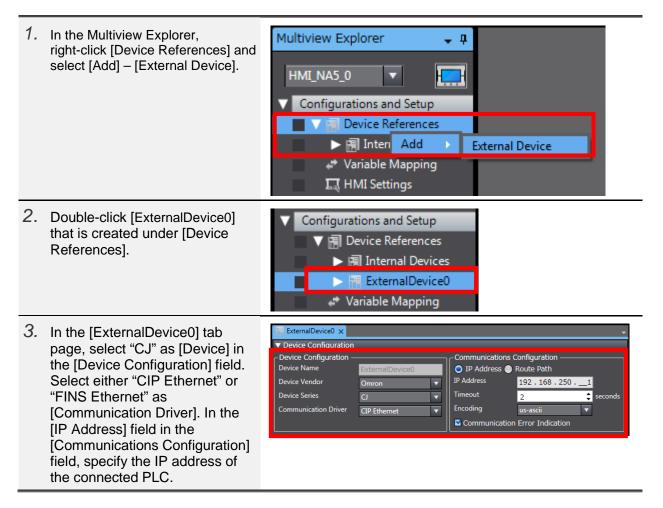
 In the Multivie [Group0] unde Alarms]. 	w Explorer, select er [HMI]-[User	Configurations and Setup Alarm1 Grou HMI Alarm2 Grou Alarm3 Alarm4 Grou Alarm3 Alarm4 Grou	Alam ID Alarm Code Equression Priority Message 60 Alam I binAlarm I True User Fault Lovet A Alarm I binAlarm I binAlarm I rue User Fault Lovet A Alarm I p0 Alam I binAlarm I rue User Fault Lovet A Alarm I p0 Alam I binAlarm I rue User Fault Lovet A Alarm I p0 Alarm I binAlarm I rue User Fault Lovet A Alarm I p0 Alarm I binAlarm I rue User Fault Lovet A Alarm I p0 Alarm I binAlarm I rue User Fault Lovet A Alarm I p0 Alarm I binAlarm I rue User Fault Lovet A Alarm I p0 Alarm I binAlarm I rue User Fault Lovet A Alarm I rue
	m event to which proutine, and open d Actions] tab	Crocp Display Name Crocp Display Name Alamen D Alamen Code Alamen2 Groupd Alamen Alamen2 Groupd Alamen Alamen3 Groupd Alamen Alamen4 Groupd Alament Alamen5 Groupd Alament Alamen5 Groupd Alament	Events and Actions Alarm1 Alarm2 Beer Fault teerl 4 Alarm2
occurrence of t "Raised" as [E select "Cleared	e subroutine upon the alarm, select vents]. Similarly, I" to execute upon knowledged" upon	Events	< Select Event to Add > Acknowledged Cleared Raised
<i>4.</i> Select "CallSul [Actions] and s subroutine to c [SubroutineNa	pecify the all in the	Events	< Select Event to Add > Raised <select action="" add="" to=""> CallSubroutine SubroutineGroup0.SampleSubroutine1</select>

• Creating the Subroutine That Runs Upon Change of Bit/Value

 In the Multiview Explorer, select [HMI]-[Global Events]. 	Multiview Explorer • a Global Events × HML[NAS_0 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	< Select Event to Add > •
2. In the [Events and Actions] tab page, select "Condition" as [Events].	Global Events X Events	< Select Event to Add > Condition F1KeyPress F1KeyClick F1KeyRelease F2KeyPress F3KeyClick F2KeyRelease F3KeyPress F3KeyClick F3KeyRelease Interval ProjectInitialization
3. Specify the condition of subroutine function in the [Expression] field. Then select "CallSubroutine" as [Actions] and specify the subroutine to ca in the [SubroutineName] field.	 Global Events × ▼ Events ▼ [0] Expression AsyncExecution ▼ Actions ▼ [0] SubroutineName 	Condition Condition Sample1=True < Select Action to Add > CallSubroutine SubroutineGroup0.SampleSubroutine1

2-4-2 Connecting with the CJ-series CPU

The NA series can be connected with the CJ series in addition to the NJ series. To use the variables of the CJ series in NA, you must specify the CJ-series PLC as the connected device, and register the variables of CJ into the NA. Following is the procedure to register the CJ series as the connected device in NA.



There are three ways to register in the NA the variables of the CJ registered as an external device:

to import the variables directly from the device or to update the variables,

· to directly enter the variables in the variable table, or

 \cdot to copy and paste the variables from a file such as Excel.

Neither way from among those described above allows import of the CJ's system variables.

• Importing or Updating the Variables Directly from the Device This is only available if "CIP Ethernet" is selected as [Communication Driver]. You must transfer the variable table to the CPU unit in advance.

1.	While the CJ-series CPU and the computer are connected via an Ethernet cable, select "Import". (At this time, it does not matter even if "USB" has been selected for communication setting on the Sysmac Studio side.)	ExtemalDevice0 x Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Configuration Device Vendor Omron Device Series Communication Driver CIP Ethernet Import Status Import Status Not Imported. Import From File Poly Click here to add Item. Output Device Variables
2.	The device variables registered in CJ are imported as shown in the [Device Variables] field.	ExternalDevice0 Device Configuration Device Name Device Vendor Omron Device Series C Timeout 2 seconds mport Status Import Status Import Status Update Variables Import From File Vervice Variables Name Data Type Comment AT Second Comment AT Seconds Import Variables Import Second Seconds Import Variables Import Cl_BitVal1 BOOL Cl_BitVal2 BOOL INT
3.	In the Multiview Explorer, double-click [Variable Mapping].	 ✓ Configurations and Setup ✓ In Device References ► In Internal Devices ► In ExternalDevice0 ✓ Variable Mapping
4.	As is the case with registration of NJ CPU variables, you can create variables by selecting "Create Device Variable" in the context menu.	ExternalDevice0 Variable Mapping × Position Port Data Type Variable Variable Comment 192.168. ▼ ⊆ Configured Devices CO_BitVal1 BOOL ExternalDevice0_CI_BitVal1 CJ_BitVal1 BOOL ExternalDevice0_CJ_BitVal1 CJ_BitVal2 BOOL ExternalDevice0_CJ_BitVal2 CJ_NumVal INT ExternalDevice0_CJ_NumVal
5.	The variables created in Step 4 are automatically registered in the [Global Variables] tab page.	Image: SternalDevice0_C_J_BitVal1 Of Control of Contro of C

• Entering the Variables Directly In the Variable Table

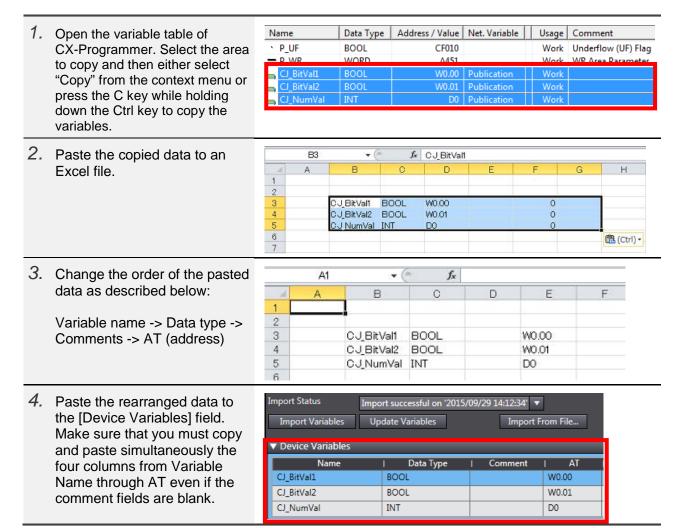
You can directly edit the [Device Variables] field.

Beware, however, that in cases where "CIP Ethernet" is selected as [Communication Driver], if there is discrepancy in the contents of registration between NA and CJ, a tag comparison error occurs upon data transfer as a result of verification of variable names and data types with the CJ unit.

🔠 ExternalDevice0 🗙						
 Device Configuration 						
C Device Configuration —			Communic	cations Confi	guration ———	
Device Name	ExternalDevice0		💿 IP Address 🔵 Route Path			
Device Vendor	Omron 🔻		IP Address	192	192.168.2502	
Device Series	CJ	•	Timeout	2	;	seconds
Communication Driver	CIP Ethernet	•	Encoding	us-	ascii 🔹	·
			🗹 Commu	inication Erro	or Indication	
Import Status Not	Imported. 🔻					
Import Variables Up	odate Variables		Import F	rom File		
▼ Device Variables						
Name	Data Type	1 (Comment	I AT	1	
CJ_BitVal1	BOOL					
CJ_BitVal2	BOOL					
CJ_NumVal	INT					

• Copying and Pasting the Variables from a File such as Excel

The [Device Variables] field allows direct editing as well as copy and paste from an Excel file or other text files. When you paste the data, they must have been written beforehand in a specified format.



2-4-3 How To Switch the Screen by the PLC Variables

The "_HMI_CurrentPage" NA system variable stands for the name of the currently displayed page. The NA's variable mapping function allows allocation of system variables. For such settings in which an address value are directly linked with a screen number as in the NS series, you must write a program in Visual Basic.

• How To Allocate the NJ Variables to the NA System Variables

1.	Declare on the NJ side a String-type variable in which to store page names.	Ele Edit View Insert Project Controller Simulation Tools Help X <t< th=""></t<>
2.	In the NA's variable mapping function, allocate the "_HMI_CurrentPage" NA system variable to the page name variable that has been created in Step 1. (At this time, enter manually the system variable name instead of selecting automatic input from the context menu.)	Variable Mapping × Post Data Type Variable Variable Comment V © Configured Devices
3.	Write the destination page name in the variable created on the NJ side in Step 1. The screen is switched to the corresponding one.	Watch (Project) Online value Modify Controller name Name Online value Modify NJ_1 PageName Menu Menu

• How To Allocate the CJ Variables to the NA System Variables

1	Declare on the CJ side a	News	Dete Tarre		NL-L-MC-L-L-
	String-type variable in which to	Name	Data Type	Address / Value	Net. Variable
	store page names.	P_UF	BOOL	CF010	
		- P_WR	WORD	A451	B LE C
		CJ_BitVal1	BOOL	W0.00	Publication Publication
		G CJ_BitVal2	BOOL	W0.01	Publication
		G CJ_PageName	STRING(8)		Publication
		CJ_PageNumber	INT		Publication
2.	Allocate to NA the CJ variable	Device Variables			
	created in Step 1. Refer to "2-4-2	Name	Data Type	Comment	I AT
	Connecting with the CJ-series CPU" for details on allocation.	CJ_BitVal1	BOOL		
	CPU [®] for details on allocation.	CJ_BitVal2	BOOL		
		CJ_NumVal	INT		
		CJ_PageName	STRING(8)		
		CJ_PageNumber	INT		
3.	In the NA's variable mapping	▼ ExternalDevice	-0		JL
	function, allocate the	CJ_BitVal1	BOOL	CJ_BitVal1	
	"_HMI_CurrentPage" NA system	_	BOOL	CJ_BitVal2	
	variable to the page name	CJ_BitVal2		-	
	variable that has been created in	CI NumVal	INT	CJ NumVal	
	Step 1. (At this time, enter	CJ_PageName	STRING(8		-
	manually the system variable name instead of selecting	CJ_PageNumb	er INT	CJ_PageNum	iber
	automatic input from the context menu.)				
4.	rine ne deemianen page name	Set New Value			x
	in the variable created on the CJ side in Step 1. The screen is switched to the corresponding	Address: D100		<u><u>S</u></u>	et Value
		Value: 'Page0'			Close
	one.	New <u>V</u> alue: Page1 ASCII (Size :0-8)		<u>E</u> dit A	ddress/Type
				В	inary >>

• Using Visual Basic (Case Statement) You can use the Case statements of the Visual Basic codes to assign numbers to each screen and to create the behavior to switch to the screen that corresponds with the number.

1.	Declare on the NJ side a Numerical-type variable to store page numbers.	Global Variables × Name Data Type Initial Value AT I Retain I Constant Network Publish PageName STRING[256] Do not publish PageNumber DINT Do not publish
2.	Allocate on the NA side the variable declared in Step 1. Then declare respectively the String-type variable to store page names and the variable to store page numbers on the NA side. "Page_Name": Variable to indicate page names "Page_No": Variable to indicate page numbers on the NA side	Name Data Type Initial Val AT Retain Constant Update Rate Always_Off Boolean False Image: Constant Mone None NJ_1_PageNumber Integer NJ_1.PageNumber S00 Milliseconds Page_Name String Image: None None Page No Integer None None Sample1 Boolean Image: None None
3.	In the global subroutine, write the code as shown on the right. "PageNameSelect": switches the NA's page based on the NJ's variable value. "PageNumberSelect": reports to the PLC the number corresponding to the currently displayed page. In either case, to add pages to switch to, increase the conditions of Case.	3 Sub PageNameSelect 15 4 Select Case NJ_1_PageNumber 16 5 Case 0 17 6 Page_Name="Page0" 18 7 Case 1 19 8 Page_Name="Page1" 20 9 Case 2 21 10 Page_Name="Page2" 22 11 End Select 23 12 Page_No=NJ_1_PageNumber 24 13 ShowPage(Page_Name) 25 14 End Sub 26
4.	In the [Global Events] tab page, specify the conditions to execute the code created in Step 3 as described below: 1. Indicate the state that the NJ's page number does not equal to the NA's page number. 2. Specify the name of the subroutine to execute. 3. Indicate that the action is taken when the page is switched. 4. Specify the name of the subroutine to execute.	 ▼ Events < Select Event to Add > ▼ [0] Condition The Expression NJ_1_PageNumber<>Page_No AsyncExecution ▼ Actions ✓ Select Action to Add > ▼ [0] CallSubroutine SubroutineName SubroutineGroup0.PageNameSelect ✓ [1] Condition Expression HMI_IsPageSwitching=False AsyncExecution ✓ Actions < Select Action to Add > ✓ [0] CallSubroutine ✓ SubroutineName ✓ [0] CallSubroutine ✓ [0] SubroutineName SubroutineName
5.	To switch the page from NJ, modify the "PageNumber" NJ variable. To switch from NA, modify the "_HMI_CurrentPage" NA system variable.	Watch (Project) Controller name Name Online value Modify I NJ_1 PageNumber 1 1

• Using Visual Basic (String-type Array and the "_HMI_CurrentPage" System Variable) This method combines the "_HMI_CurrentPage" system variable with the user-defined String-type array variable.

It directly links the page numbers with the array's element numbers and switches to the page number that corresponds with the contents of the array variable.

1.	Declare on the NJ side a Numerical-type variable to store page numbers, and a String-type array variable. For the number of elements of the String-type array variable, specify the value greater than the number of pages.	Name Data Type Initial Value AT Retain Constant Network Publish PageName STRING[256] Image: Constant Do not publish Image: Constant Do not publish PageNumber DINT Image: Constant Constant Do not publish PageNameAry Array[0.19] OF STRING[255] Image: Constant Do not publish
2.	Enter the names of the pages as the initial values of the String-type array variable. Beware that you must modify this field if the page names are changed later.	Initial Value Setting PageNameAry[019] [0] 'Page0' [1] 'Page1' [2] 'Page2' [3] 'Page3' [4] 'Page5' [5] 'Page5'
3.	Allocate on the NA side the variables declared in Step 1. Then, declare the variable to store page numbers.	▼ User Variables
4.	In the global subroutine, write the code as shown on the right. By specifying the variable indicating the page number in the position for the element number of the String-type array variable, the screen is switched to the one that corresponds to the page number.	26 Sub PageChange HMI_CurrentPage=NJ_1_PageNameAry(NJ_1_PageNumber) Page_No=NJ_1_PageNumber 29 End Sub
5.	In the [Global Events] tab page, specify the conditions to execute the code. The figure on the right shows that the code created in Step 4 is executed every 100 msec.	▼ [2] Interval 1 Interval 100 Milliseconds AsyncExecution □ ▼ Actions < Select Action to Add > ▼ ▼ [0] CallSubroutine 1 SubroutineName SubroutineGroup0.PageChange 1
6.	Changing the "PageNumber" NJ variable switches the screen to the page that has been registered as an initial value for the array variable created in Step 2. Example: When "2" is entered, the screen is switched to Page2.	Initial Value Setting PageNameAry[019] [0] 'Page0' [1] 'Page1' [2] 'Page2' [3] 'Page3' [4] 'Page4' [5] 'Page5'

• Using Visual Basic (Switching the Screens by the "Page" Variable)

By default, the page name is automatically specified as "Page" followed by the sequential number, such as "Page0", "Page1", ...

You can utilize that to switch screens by fixing the "Page" part while defining the numerical value part as variable, and modifying the variable value.

Note, however, that you cannot use this method if the page name has been changed from default.

1.	Declare on the NJ side a Numerical-type variable to store page numbers.	Name Date T PageName STRING[256] PageNumber DINT		lue AT	Retain Constant Network Publish Do not publish Do not publish
2.	Declare on the NA side the following variables. NJ_1_PageNumber: links with the page number variables set on the NJ side. Page_No: stores page numbers. Page_Str: set "Page" as the initial value. Used in Visual Basic described below. Page_No_Str: a String-type variable that stores the numerical value part of the Page.	NJ_1_PageNumber Page_No Page_Str Page_No_Str	I Data Type Integer Integer String String	I Initial Valu	IE I AT NJ_1.PageNumber
3.	In the global subroutine, write the code as shown on the right. By converting the page numbers into text strings and linking them to "Page", the initial value of "Page_Str", the text strings such as "Page0" or "Page1" that correspond to the page names are created. The screens can then be switched by assigning the text strings to "_HMI_CurrentPage", the system variable that indicates page names.	33 Page_No_S 34 '+ : Operat 35 Page_Str=I 36 _HMI_Curr 37 'Return Page_Str=I 38 Page_Str=I	Function to Str=NJ_1_Pa for to conne Page_Str+Pa entPage=Pa ge_Str to Ini	age_No_Str age_Str itial Value	
4.	In the [Global Events] tab page, specify the conditions to execute the code created in Step 3. The figure on the right shows that the code created in Step 4 is executed every 100 msec.	 [2] Interval AsyncExecution Actions [0] SubroutineName 	1(iterval 20 allSubroutine ubroutineGrou	Milliseconds < Select Action to Add > up0.PageChange2
5.	Changing the value of the "PageNumber" NJ variable switches the screen from the PLC.	Watch (Project) Controller name	Name PageNumb		ne value Modify 1

• Using Visual Basic (Where CJ is the Connected Device) When CJ is used as the connected PLC, as is the case with NJ, you can use Visual Basic to switch screens from PLC.

1.	Declare on the CJ side a	News		Data Tura	Address / Value	Net Veriable
	Numerical-type variable to store	Name		Data Type		Net. Variable
	page numbers.	• P_UF		BOOL WORD	CF010 A451	
		CJ_BitVal1		BOOL	W0.00	Publication
		G_CJ_BitVal2		BOOL	W0.00	Publication
		G_CJ_NumVal		INT	D0	Publication
		CJ_PageNam		STRING(8)		Publication
		CJ_PageNum		INT		Publication
2.	Allocate on the NA side the	Name	Data T	ype Initial V		AT
	variables declared in Step 1.	CJ_BitVal1	Boolean		ExternalDevice0.	CJ_BitVal1
	Then, declare respectively the	CJ_BitVal2	Boolean		ExternalDevice0.	_
	String-type variable to store	CJ_NumVal	Short		ExternalDevice0.	CJ_NumVal
	page names and the variable to	CJ_PageName	String			
	store page numbers on the NA	CJ_PageNumber	Short		ExternalDevice0.	CJ_PageNumber
	side.	Page_Name	String			
	"Page_Name": Variable to	Page_No	Short			
	indicate page names					
	"Page_No": Variable to indicate					
	page numbers on the NA side					
3.	In the global subroutine, write the code as shown on the right. "PageNameSelect": switches the NA's page based on the CJ's variable value. "PageNumberSelect": reports to the PLC the number corresponding to the currently displayed page. In either case, to add pages to switch to, increase the conditions of Case.	7 Case 1 8 Page_Na 9 Case 2	CJ_Pagel me="Pag me="Pag me="Pag CJ_PageNi	Number	15 16 ■Sub PageNumbe 17 Select Case _H 18 Case "Page0" 19 CJ_PageNun 20 Case "Page1" 21 CJ_PageNun 22 CJ_PageNun 23 CJ_PageNun 24 End Select 25 End Sub 26	MI_Currentpage nber=0 nber=1
4.	In the [Global Events] tab page,	Events	-		< Select Event to Add	1 >
	specify the conditions to	▼ [0] ···	Conditi	ion		
	execute the code created in Step 3 as described below:	Expression	CJ_Pag	JeNumber <>	Page_No	
	Step 3 as described below: 1. Indicate the state that the	▼ Actions 2.	-		< Select Action to Add	d >
	CJ's page number does not	▶ [0]	CallSub	proutine("Subi	routineGroup0.PageN	lameSelect")
	equal to the NA's page number.	▼ [1] 3.	Conditi	ion		
	2. Specify the name of the	Expression	_HMI_	IsPageSwitchi	ng=False	
	subroutine to execute.	▼ Actions		-	< Select Action to Add	d >
	3. Indicate that the action is	▶ [0] 4.	CallSub	proutine("Sub	routineGroup0.PageN	
	taken when the page is switched. 4. Specify the name of the subroutine to execute.					,

5. To switch the page from CJ, modify the "PageNumber" CJ variable. To switch from NA, modify the "_HMI_CurrentPage" NA system variable.

New Valu	le	
Address:	D10	<u>S</u> et Value
Value:	80	Close
New <u>V</u> alue	: [1]	
0 to 65535	(1CH)	Edit Address/Type
		<u>B</u> inary >>

Revision History

Revision Code	Date	Revised content
01	July 2015	Original production
02	December 2018	Correction of related manual numbers

Note: Do not use this document to operate the Unit.

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