Solid-state Timers
H3DT

DIN 17.5-mm-wide Slim Timers with Push-in Plus Terminal for In-panel Applications

- Helps save space and reduces work in control panels.
- Slim Timers (17.5-mm width) with two sets of contacts: One of the slimmest Timers worldwide. ✻1
- Reduces power consumption (active power) by up to 60% to help reduce heat generation in control panels. ✻2
- Certified for maritime standards (LR).

✻1. According to OMRON investigation in October 2015.
✻2. Based on OMRON comparison (excluding the H3DT-H).

✻ CSA conformance evaluation by UL.

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

Model Number Structure

The Entire H3DT Series

H3DT Series

H3DT-N/-L Multi-range, Multi-mode Timers P.2

■Standard Eight-mode Timers
H3DT-N
● Operating Modes
A2: ON Delay (Power ON Delay)
B3: Flicker OFF Start (Power ON Start)
B4: Flicker ON Start (Power ON Start)
D: Signal OFF Delay
E2: Interval (Power ON Start)
E3: Signal OFF Interval
F2: Cumulative (ON Delay)
F3: Cumulative (Interval)

■Expansion Eight-mode Timers
H3DT-L
● Operating Modes
A: ON Delay (Signal ON Delay)
B: Flicker OFF Start (Signal Start)
B2: Flicker ON Start (Signal Start)
C: Signal ON/OFF Delay
E: Interval (Signal Start)
G: Signal ON/OFF Delay
J: One-shot Output (Signal Start)
J2: One-shot Output (Power ON Start)

H3DT-A Power ON-delay Timers P.12

● Operating Modes
Power ON-delay Timer

H3DT-F Twin Timers P.17

● Operating Modes
Flicker-OFF Start/
Flicker-ON Start

H3DT-G Star-delta Timers P.21

● Operating Modes
Star-delta Timer

H3DT-H Power OFF-delay Timers P.25

● Operating Modes
Power OFF-delay Timer

Model Number Legend

H3DT-□□□□
1 2 3 4

1. Type

Symbol	Meaning
N	Standard Eight-mode Timer
L	Expansion Eight-mode Timer
A	Power ON-delay Timer
F	Twin Timer
G	Star-delta Timer
H	Power OFF-delay Timer

2. Control Output ✻

Symbol	Meaning
1	SPDT
2	DPDT

✻ N-, L- and A-type models only.

3. Supply Voltage

Symbol	Meaning
Blank	24 to 240 VAC/DC
B ✻	24 to 48 VAC/DC
C ✻	100 to 120 VAC
D ✻	200 to 240 VAC

✻ H-type models only.

4. Time Ranges ✻

Symbol	Meaning
S	0.1 to 1.2 s or 1 to 12 s
L	1 to 12 s or 10 to 120 s

✻ H-type models only.

Multi-range, Multi-mode Timer
H3DT-N/H3DT-L

- Multiple time ranges and operating modes let you cover a wide range of applications.
- The time-limit DPDT output contacts can be changed to time-limit SPDT and instantaneous SPDT output contacts using a switch.
- Sequence checks are easily performed by setting an instantaneous output to 0.
- Start signal control for some operating modes.

CE UL* LR

* CSA conformance evaluation by UL.

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

Ordering Information

List of Models

Supply voltage	Control output		H3DT-N/H3DT-L	
			Standard Eight-mode Timer	Expansion Eight-mode Timer
24 to 240 VAC/DC	Contact output, DPDT (time-limit DPDT, or time-limit SPDT + instantaneous SPDT) Changed using a switch.	Model	H3DT-N2	H3DT-L2
	Contact output, SPDT (time-limit SPDT)		H3DT-N1	H3DT-L1

Model Structure

Model	Operating modes	Terminal block	Input type	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-N2	A2: ON Delay (Power ON Delay) B3: Flicker OFF Start (Power ON Start) B4: Flicker ON Start (Power ON Start) D: Signal OFF Delay E2: Interval (Power ON Start) E3: Signal OFF Interval F2: Cumulative (ON Delay) F3: Cumulative (Interval)	10 terminals	Voltage input	Relay, DPDT	DIN Track mounting	cULus (UL 508 CSA C22.2 No.14) CCC LR EN 61812-1 IEC 60664-1 4 kV/2
H3DT-N1		8 terminals		Relay, SPDT		
H3DT-L2	A: ON Delay (Signal ON Delay) B: Flicker OFF Start (Signal Start) B2: Flicker ON Start (Signal Start) C: Signal ON/OFF Delay E: Interval (Signal Start) G: Signal ON/OFF Delay J: One-shot Output (Signal Start) J2: One-shot Output (Power ON Start)	10 terminals		Relay, DPDT		
H3DT-L1		8 terminals		Relay, SPDT		

Specifications

Time Ranges

Time range setting	0.1 s	1 s	10 s	1 min	10 min	1 h	10 h	100 h
Set time range	0.1 to 1.2 s	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s	1 to 12 min	10 to 120 min	1 to 12 h	10 to 120 h	100 to 1,200 h
Scale numbers	12							

Ratings

Power supply voltage ✻1		24 to 240 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz ✻2
Allowable voltage fluctuation range		85% to 110% of rated voltage
Power reset		Minimum power-OFF time: 0.1 s
Reset voltage		10% of rated voltage
Voltage input		24 to 240 VAC/DC High level: 20.4 to 264 VAC/DC, Low level: 0 to 2.4 VAC/DC
✻3 Power consumption	**H3DT-N2/-L2**	At 240 VAC: 2.3 VA max., at 240 VDC: 1.0 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.
	H3DT-N1/-L1	At 240 VAC: 2.0 VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.9 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.
Rated Insulation Voltage		250 VAC
Control output		Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cosϕ = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load ✻5, 0.15 A max. at 125 VDC with resistive load, 0.1A max. at 125 VDC with L/R of 7 ms. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value). Contact materials : Ag-alloy + Gold plating (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)
Ambient operating temperature		–20 to 60°C (with no icing)
Storage temperature		–40 to 70°C (with no icing)
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%

✻1. When using a 24-VDC power supply voltage, there will be an inrush current of approximately 0.5 A. Allow for this inrush current when turning ON and OFF the power supply to the Timer with device with a solid-state output, such as a sensor.
✻2. DC ripple: 20% max.
✻3. The power consumption is for after the Timer times out in mode F2 for the H3DT-N and mode A for the H3DT-L.
The maximum power consumption is given, including the current consumed by the input circuit.

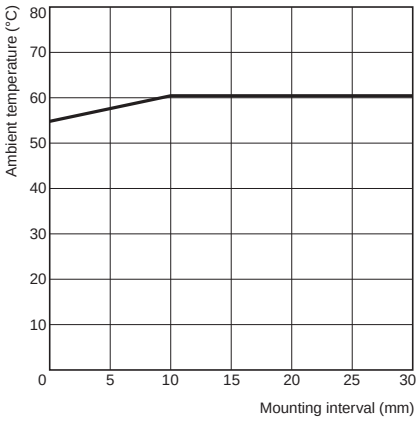
Characteristics

Accuracy of operating time		±1% of FS max. (±1% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Setting error		±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.
Minimum input signal width		50 ms (start input)
Influence of voltage		±0.5% of FS max. (±0.5% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Influence of temperature		±2% of FS max. (±2% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ min. at 500 VDC
Dielectric strength		Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.
Impulse withstand test voltage		5 kV between power terminals, 7.4 kV between conductor terminal and operating section
Noise immunity		Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 µs, 1-ns rise): ±1.5 kV
Static immunity		Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV
Vibration resistance	**Destruction**	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions
	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions
Shock resistance	**Destruction**	1,000 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
	Malfunction	100 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
Life expectancy	**Mechanical**	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)
	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)
Degree of protection		IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)
Weight		Approx. 100 g

Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

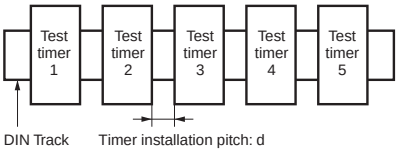
The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.

If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



Testing Method

Tested Timer: H3DT-N/-L
Applied voltage: 240 VAC
Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm
Load current: 5 A



Applicable standards

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: GB/T 14048.5 Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III ✻ LR: Category ENV1.2
EMC	(EMI) EN 61812-1 Radiated Emissions: EN 55011 class B Emission AC Mains: EN 55011 class B Harmonic Current: EN 61000-3-2 Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker: EN 61000-3-3 (EMS) EN 61812-1 Immunity ESD: EN 61000-4-2 Immunity RF-interference: EN 61000-4-3 Immunity Burst: EN 61000-4-4 Immunity Surge: EN 61000-4-5 Immunity Conducted Disturbance: EN 61000-4-6 Immunity Voltage Dip/Interruption: EN 61000-4-11

✻ CCC certification requirements

Rated operating voltage Ue Rated operating current Ie	AC-15: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 3 A AC-13: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 5 A DC-13: Ue: 30 VDC, Ie: 0.1 A
Rated impulse withstand voltage (altitude: 2,000 m max.)	4 kV (at 240 VAC)
Conditional short-circuit current	1,000 A

I/O

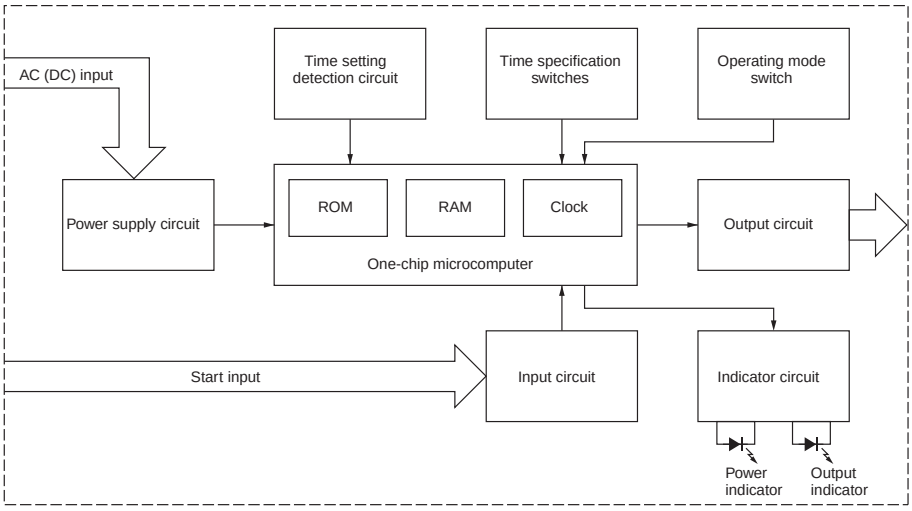
Item	**Model**	**H3DT-N/L**
Input	**Start**	Functions to start timing.
Output	**Control output**	The output is turned ON/OFF according to the operating mode when the value that is set on the dial is reached. ✻

✻ If the INST/TIME switch on the front of the Timer is set to INST, relay R2 will operate as instantaneous contacts and will turn ON/OFF in synchronization with the power supply.

Connections

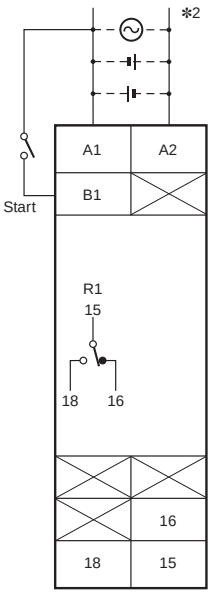
Block Diagrams

H3DT-N/L

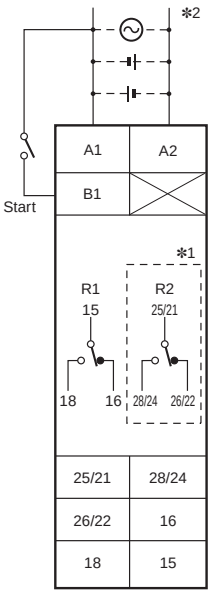


Terminal Arrangement

H3DT-N1/L1

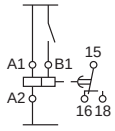


H3DT-N2/L2

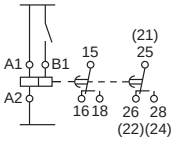


✻1. The relay R2 can be set to either instantaneous or time-limit contacts using the switch on the front of the Timer.
✻2. The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

(DIN notation)



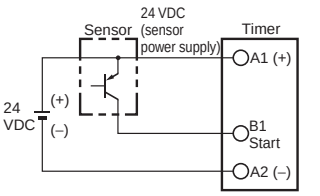
(DIN notation)



Input Connections

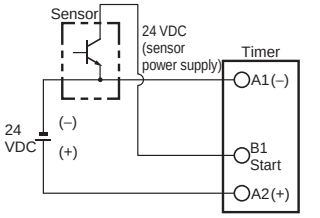
The start input is a voltage input.

PNP Transistor Input



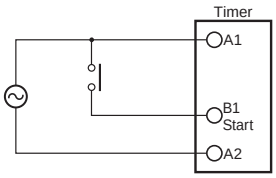
Operates when PNP transistor turns ON.

NPN Transistor Input



Operates when NPN transistor turns ON.

Relay Input



Operates when relay turns ON.

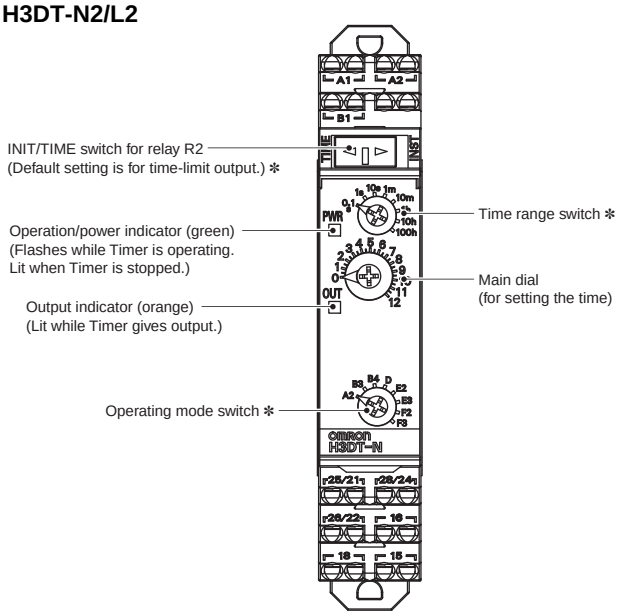
Consider the minimum load of the relay. (See signal levels on the right.)

Voltage Input Signal Levels

Transistor input	1. Transistor ON • Residual voltage: 1 V max. Voltage between terminals B1 and A2 must be equal to or higher than the rated high level voltage (20.4 VDC min.).
	2. Transistor OFF • Leakage current: 0.01 mA max. Voltage between terminals B1 and A2 must be equal to or below the rated low level voltage (2.4 VDC min.).
Relay input	Use relays that can adequately switch 0.1 mA at the imposed voltage. When the relay is ON or OFF, the voltage between terminals B1 and A2 must be within the following ranges: • 24 to 240 VAC/DC When relay is ON: 20.4 to 264 VAC/DC When relay is OFF: 0 to 2.4 V

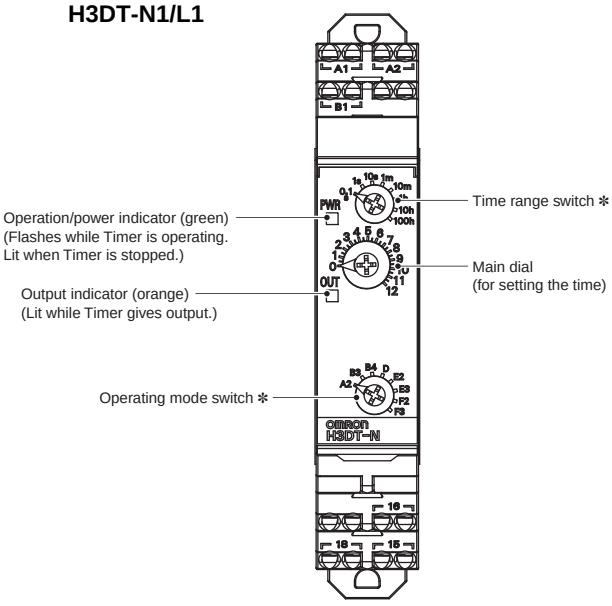
Nomenclature

H3DT-N2/L2



✻ If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible.
Make sure that the switch is set properly.
Note: The default settings are for 0.1 s in mode A2 for the H3DT-N and mode A for the H3DT-L.

H3DT-N1/L1



✻ If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible.
Make sure that the switch is set properly.
Note: The default settings are for 0.1 s in mode A2 for the H3DT-N and mode A for the H3DT-L.

Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

Timers

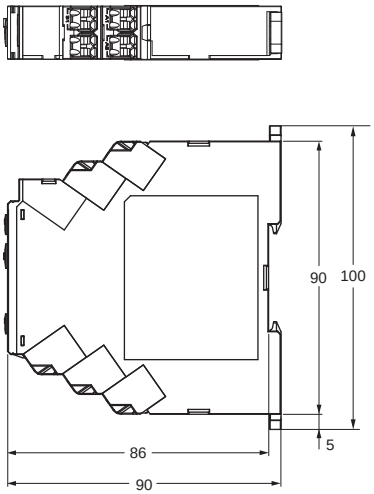
H3DT-N
H3DT-L

H3DT-N2
H3DT-L2

H3DT-N1
H3DT-L1

H3DT-N2
H3DT-L2

H3DT-N1
H3DT-L1



Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)

Refer to page 29 for details.

Options (Order Separately)

Front Cover

Refer to page 29 for details.

Operating Procedures

Basic Operation

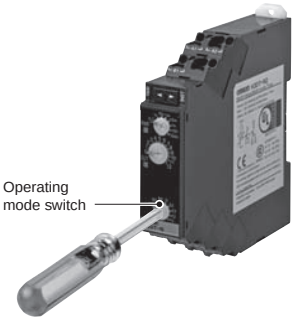
Setting Switches

- Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set the switch to one of these positions. Do not set it midway between two positions. Malfunction could result from an improper setting.

Setting the Operating Mode

Setting the Operating Mode

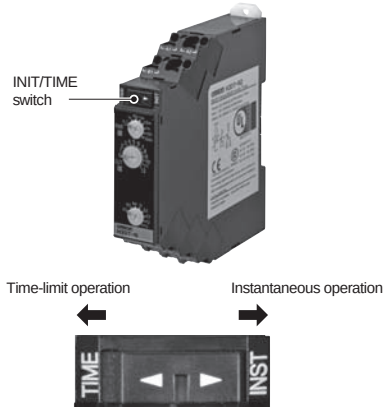
The H3DT-N/L can be set to any of eight operating modes. Turn the operating mode switch with a flat-blade or Phillips screwdriver.



Setting the INIT/TIME Switch

Switching Relay R2 between Instantaneous and Time-limit Contacts (H3DT-N2/-L2 Only)

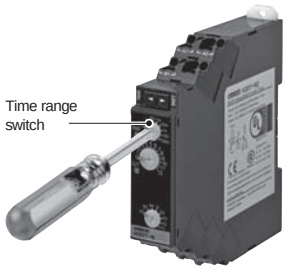
The INIT/TIME switch can be used to switch relay R2 between instantaneous and time-limit operation.



Setting the Time Range

Setting the Time Range

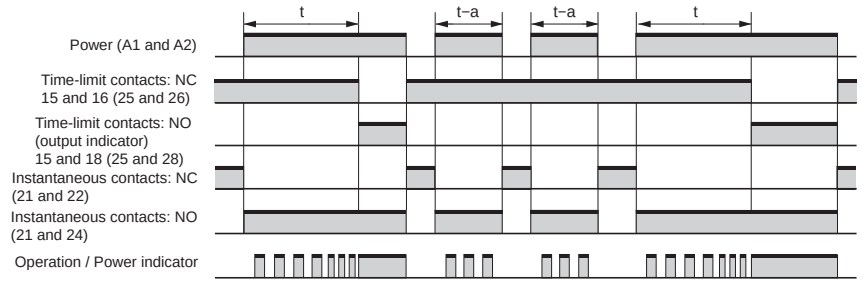
The time range switch can be used to set the time range. Turn the switch with a flat-blade or Phillips screwdriver.



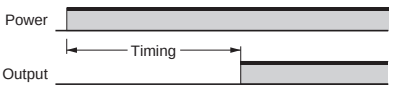
Timing Charts

- There is no instantaneous output with the H3DT-N1/L1.

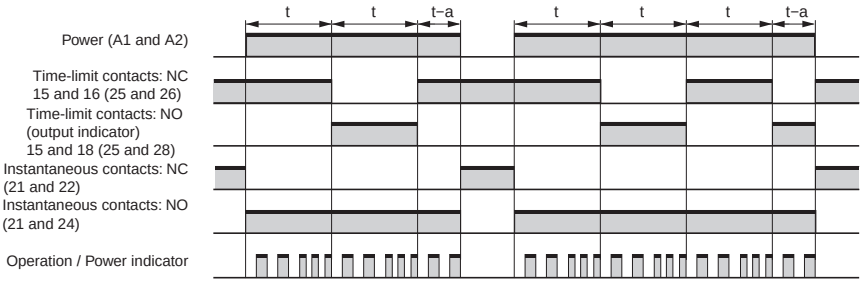
A2: ON Delay (Power ON Delay)



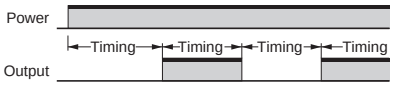
Basic Operation



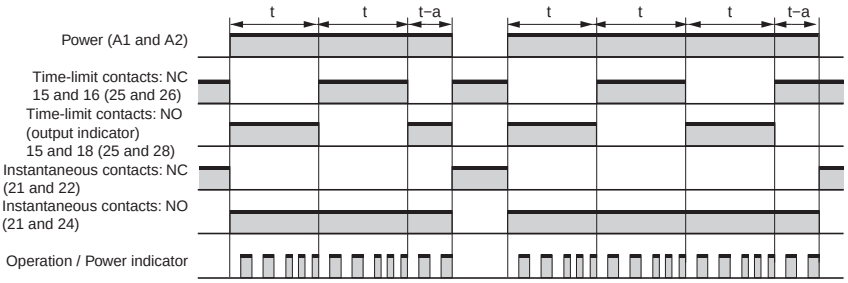
B3: Flicker OFF Start (Power ON Start)



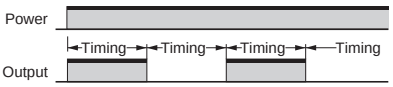
Basic Operation



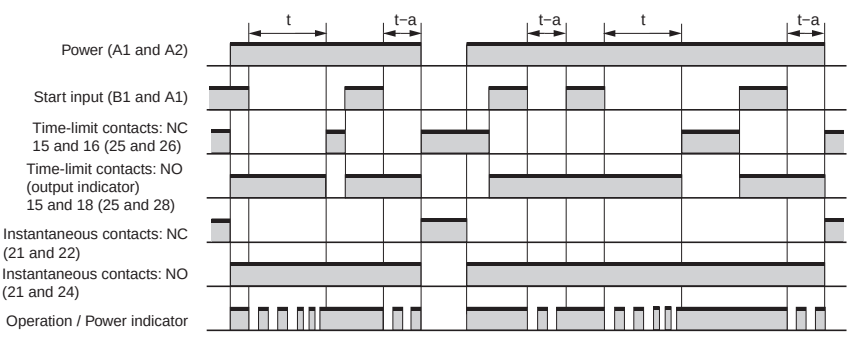
B4: Flicker ON Start (Power ON Start)



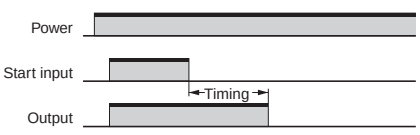
Basic Operation



D: Signal OFF Delay



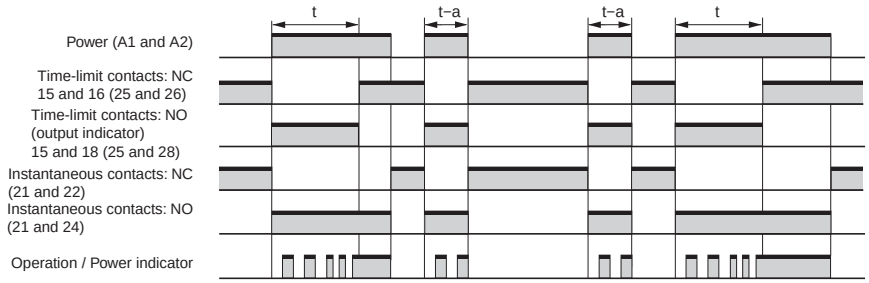
Basic Operation



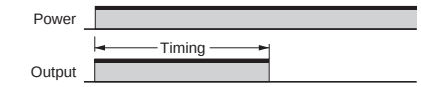
✻ The start input is valid while the Timer is in operation.

Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min. Make sure the signal input time is 0.05 s or longer.
2. "t" is the set time. "t–a" is a time that is less that the set time.

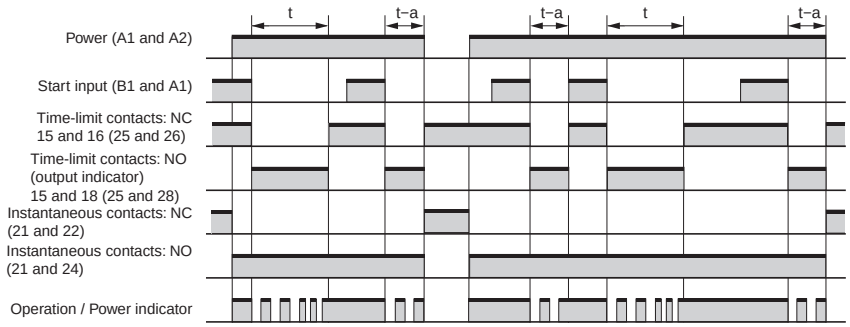
E2: Interval (Power ON Start)



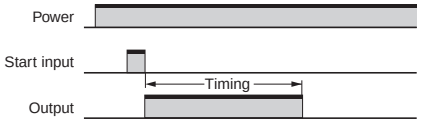
Basic Operation



E3: Signal OFF Interval

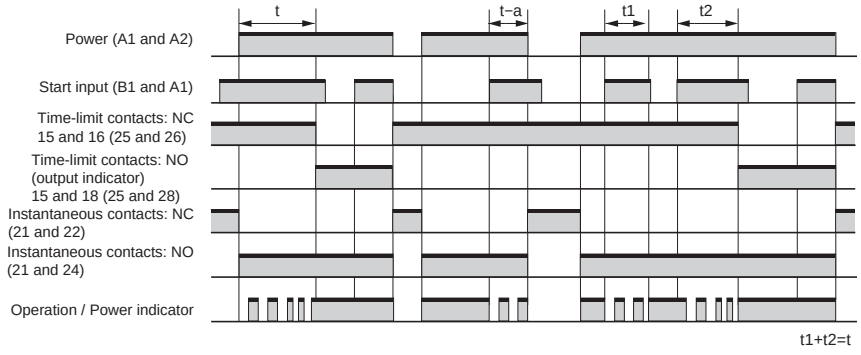


Basic Operation

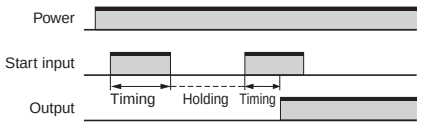


✻ The start input is valid while the Timer is in operation.

F2: Cumulative (ON Delay)

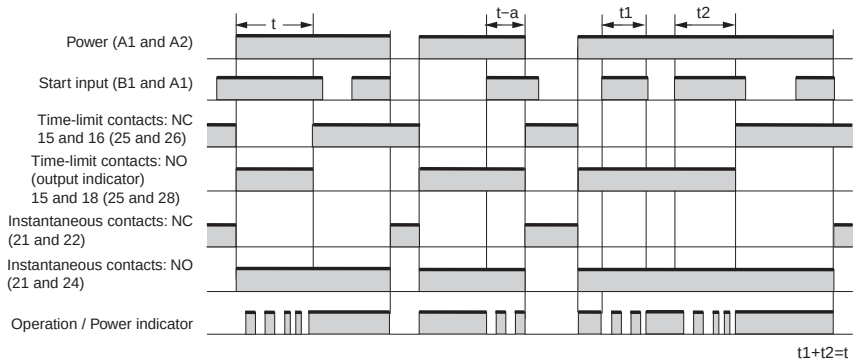


Basic Operation

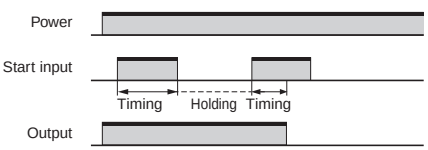


Note: Timing is performed while the start input is ON.

F3:Cumulative (Interval)



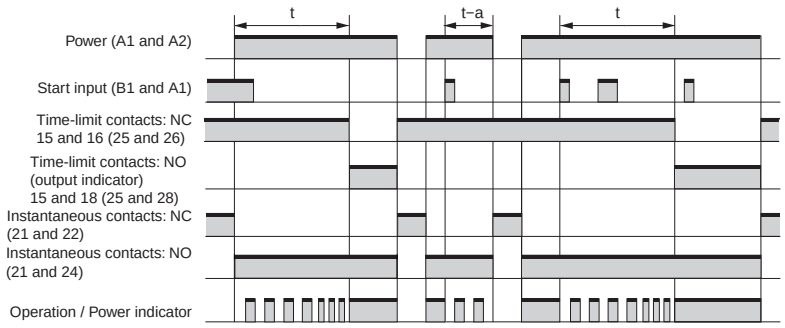
Basic Operation



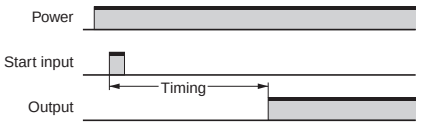
Note: Timing is performed while the start input is ON.

Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min. Make sure the signal input time is 0.05 s or longer.
2. "t" is the set time. "t–a" is a time that is less that the set time.

A: ON Delay (Signal ON Delay)

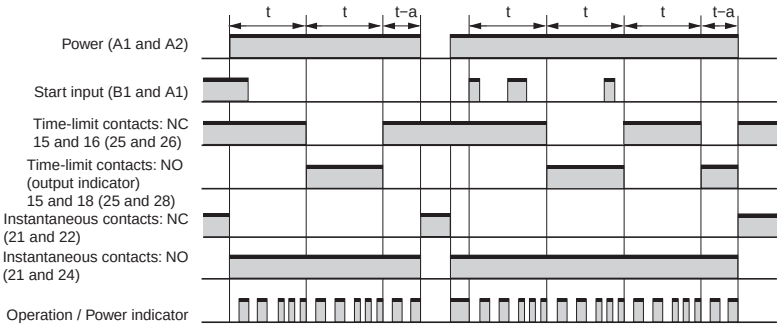


Basic Operation

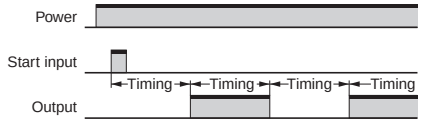


✻ The start input is ignored while the Timer is in operation

B: Flicker OFF Start (Signal Start)

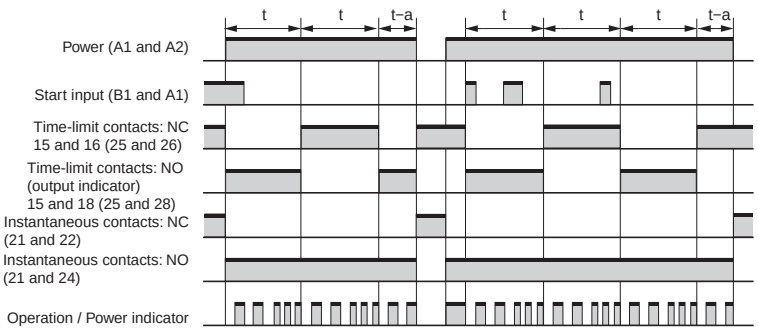


Basic Operation

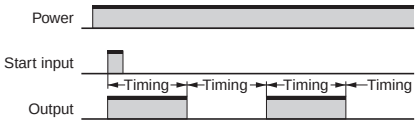


✻ The start input is ignored while the Timer is in operation

B2: Flicker ON Start (Signal Start)

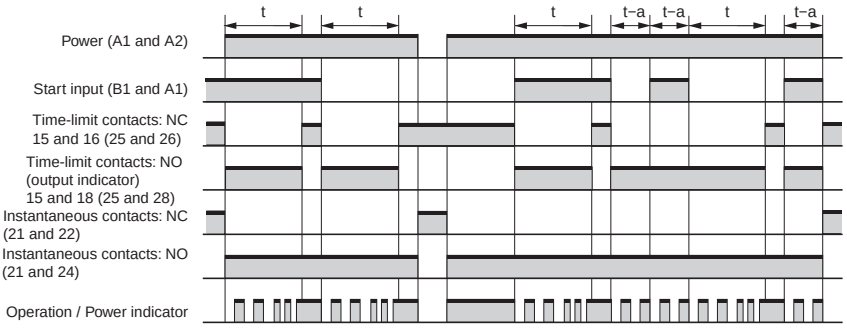


Basic Operation

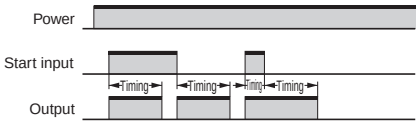


✻ The start input is ignored while the Timer is in operation

C: Signal ON/OFF Delay



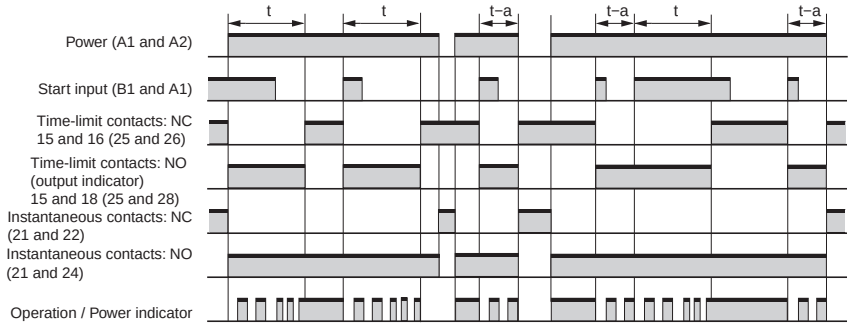
Basic Operation



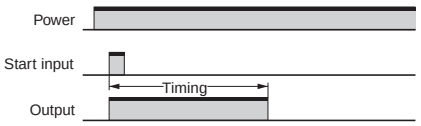
✻ The start input is valid while the Timer is in operation.

Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min. Make sure the signal input time is 0.05 s or longer.
2. "t" is the set time. "t–a" is a time that is less that the set time.

E: Interval (Signal Start)

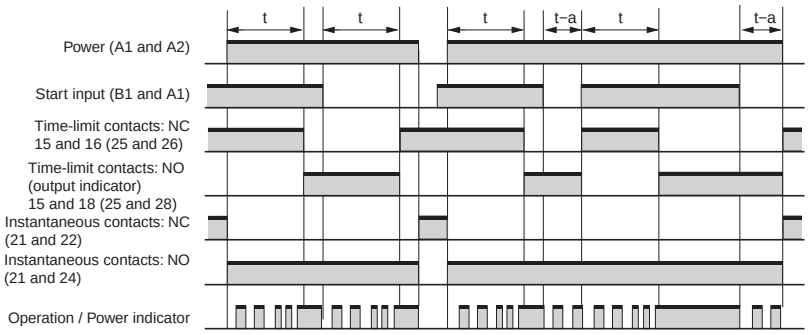


Basic Operation

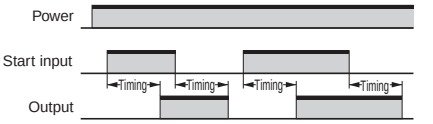


✻ The start input is valid while the Timer is in operation.

G: Signal ON/OFF Delay

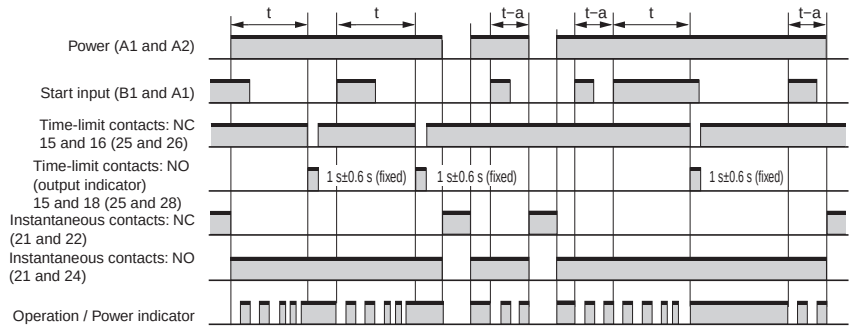


Basic Operation

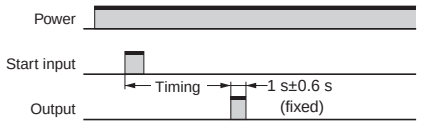


✻ The start input is valid while the Timer is in operation.

J: One-shot Output (Signal Start)

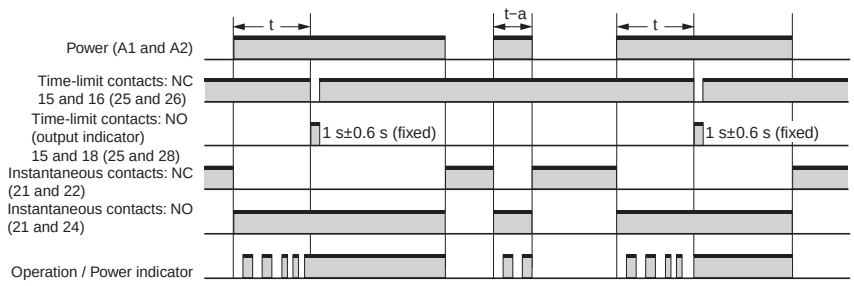


Basic Operation

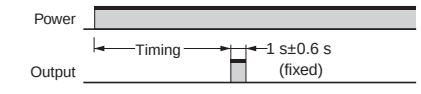


✻ The start input is valid while the Timer is in operation.

J2: One-shot Output (Power ON Start)



Basic Operation



Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min. Make sure the signal input time is 0.05 s or longer.
2. "t" is the set time. "t–a" is a time that is less that the set time.

Power ON-delay Timer
H3DT-A

• Single Mode Timers with power ON delay operation.

✻ CSA conformance evaluation by UL.

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

Ordering Information

List of Models

Supply voltage	Control output		H3DT-A
24 to 240 VAC/DC	Contact output, DPDT (time-limit DPDT)	Model	H3DT-A2
	Contact output, SPDT (time-limit SPDT)		H3DT-A1

Model Structure

Model	Operating modes	Terminal block	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-A2	Power ON-delay	8 terminals	Relay, DPDT	DIN Track mounting	cULus (UL508 CSA C22.2 No.14) CCC LR EN61812-1 IEC60664-1 4 kV/2
H3DT-A1		6 terminals	Relay, SPDT		

Specifications

Time Ranges

Time range setting	0.1 s	1 s	10 s	1 min	10 min	1 h	10 h	100 h
Set time range	0.1 to 1.2 s	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s	1 to 12 min	10 to 120 min	1 to 12 h	10 to 120 h	100 to 1,200 h
Scale numbers	12							

Ratings

Power supply voltage ✻1		24 to 240 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz ✻2
Allowable voltage fluctuation range		85% to 110% of rated voltage
Power reset		Minimum power-OFF time: 0.1 s
Reset voltage		10% of rated voltage
✻3 Power consumption	H3DT-A2	At 240 VAC: 2.2 VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.7 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.
	H3DT-A1	At 240 VAC: 1.8 VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.6 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.
Rated Insulation Voltage		250 VAC
Control output		Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cosϕ = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load, 0.15 A max. at 125 VDC with resistive load, 0.1A max. at 125 VDC with L/R of 7 ms. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value). Contact materials : Ag-alloy (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)
Ambient operating temperature		−20 to 60°C (with no icing)
Storage temperature		−40 to 70°C (with no icing)
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%

✻1. When using a 24-VDC power supply voltage, there will be an inrush current of approximately 0.5 A. Allow for this inrush current when turning ON and OFF the power supply to the Timer with device with a solid-state output, such as a sensor.
✻2. DC ripple: 20% max.
✻3. The power consumption is the value after the Timer times out.

Characteristics

Accuracy of operating time		±1% of FS max. (±1% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Setting error		±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.
Influence of voltage		±0.5% of FS max. (±0.5% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Influence of temperature		±2% of FS max. (±2% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ min. at 500 VDC
Dielectric strength		Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.
Impulse withstand test voltage		5 kV between power terminals, 7.4 kV between conductor terminal and operating section
Noise immunity		Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 µs, 1-ns rise): ±1.5 kV
Static immunity		Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV
Vibration resistance	**Destruction**	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions
	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions
Shock resistance	**Destruction**	1,000 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
	Malfunction	100 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
Life expectancy	**Mechanical**	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)
	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)
Degree of protection		IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)
Weight		Approx. 100 g

Applicable standards

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: GB/T 14048.5 Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III ✻ LR: Category ENV1.2
EMC	(EMI) EN 61812-1 Radiated Emissions: EN 55011 class B Emission AC Mains: EN 55011 class B Harmonic Current: EN 61000-3-2 Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker: EN 61000-3-3 (EMS) EN 61812-1 Immunity ESD: EN 61000-4-2 Immunity RF-interference: EN 61000-4-3 Immunity Burst: EN 61000-4-4 Immunity Surge: EN 61000-4-5 Immunity Conducted Disturbance: EN 61000-4-6 Immunity Voltage Dip/Interruption: EN 61000-4-11

✻CCC certification requirements

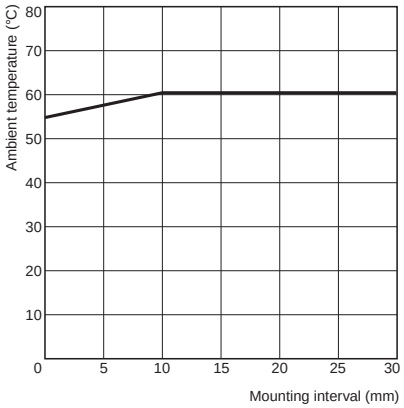
Rated operating voltage Ue Rated operating current Ie	AC-15: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 3 A AC-13: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 5 A DC-13: Ue: 30 VDC, Ie: 0.1 A
Rated impulse withstand voltage (altitude: 2,000 m max.)	4 kV (at 240 VAC)
Conditional short-circuit current	1,000 A

I/O

Input		None
Output	**Control output**	The output is turned ON/OFF according to the operating mode when the value that is set on the dial is reached.

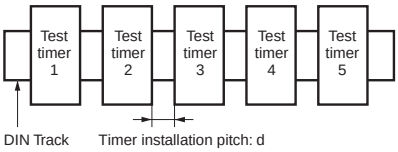
Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.
If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



Testing Method

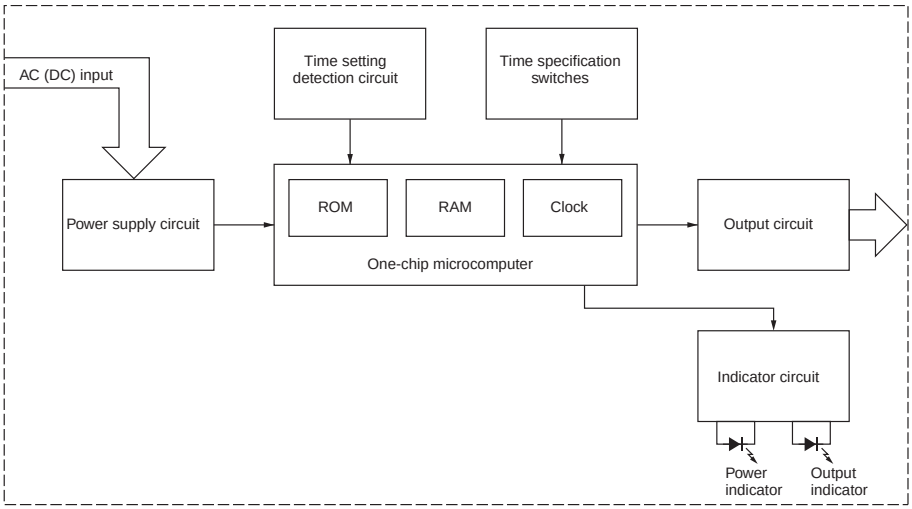
Tested Timer: H3DT-A
Applied voltage: 240 VAC
Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm
Load current: 5 A



Connections

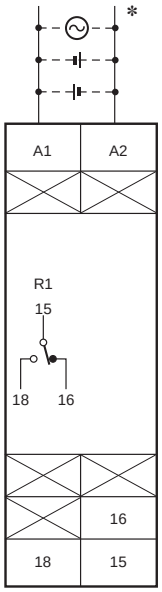
Block Diagrams

H3DT-A

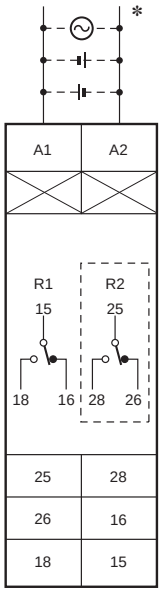


Terminal Arrangement

H3DT-A1

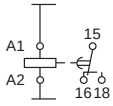


H3DT-A2

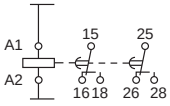


✻ The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

(DIN notation)



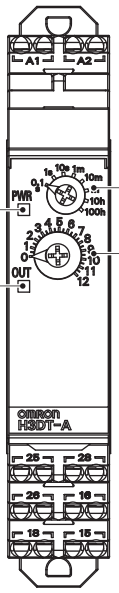
(DIN notation)



Nomenclature

H3DT-A2

Front View

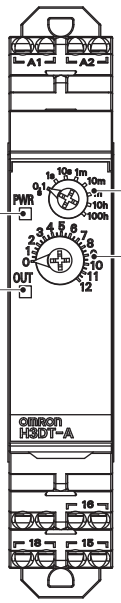


✻ If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible. Make sure that the switch is set properly.

Note: The default settings are for 0.1 s.

H3DT-A1

Front View



✻ If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible. Make sure that the switch is set properly.

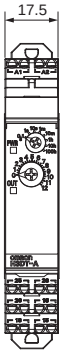
Note: The default settings are for 0.1 s.

Dimensions

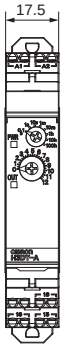
(Unit: mm)

Timers

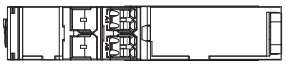
H3DT-A

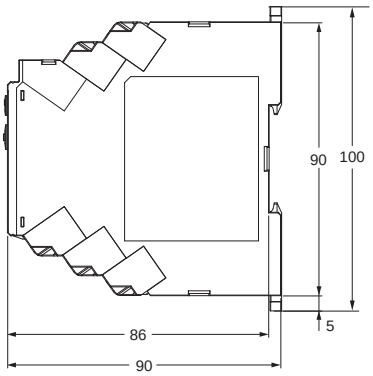


H3DT-A2



H3DT-A1





Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)

Refer to page 29 for details.

Options (Order Separately)

Front Cover

Refer to page 29 for details.

Operating Procedures

Basic Operation

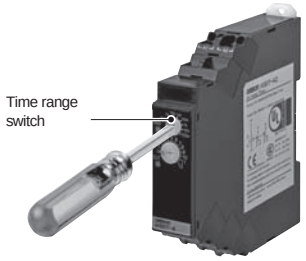
Setting Switches

- Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set the switch to one of these positions. Do not set it midway between two positions. Malfunction could result from an improper setting.

Setting the Time Range

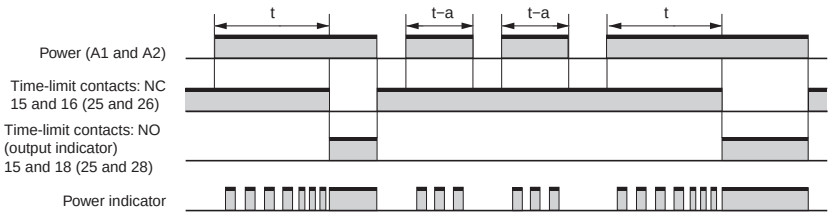
Setting the Time Range

The time range switch can be used to set the time range. Turn the switch with a flat-blade or Phillips screwdriver.



Timing Charts

ON Delay (Power ON Delay)



Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min.
2. "t" is the set time. "t–a" is a time that is less that the set time.

Twin Timer
H3DT-F

- Switch between flicker-OFF or flicker-ON start mode.
- Independent ON time and OFF time settings.
- Eight time ranges from 0.1 s to 1,200 h.

✻ CSA conformance evaluation by UL.

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

Ordering Information

List of Models

Operating modes	Supply voltage	Control output		H3DT-F
Flicker OFF start/flicker ON start	24 to 240 VAC/DC	Contact output: SPDT	Model	H3DT-F

Model Structure

Model	Operating modes	Terminal block	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-F	Flicker OFF start/flicker ON start	6 terminals	Relay, SPDT	DIN Track mounting	cULus (UL508 CSA C22.2 No. 14) CCC LR EN 61812-1 IEC 60664-1 4 kV/2

Specifications

Time Ranges

Time range setting	0.1 s	1 s	10 s	1 min	10 min	1 h	10 h	100 h
Set time range	0.1 to 1.2 s	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s	1 to 12 min	10 to 120 min	1 to 12 h	10 to 120 h	100 to 1,200 h
Scale numbers	12							

Ratings

Power supply voltage ✻1		24 to 240 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz ✻2
Allowable voltage fluctuation range		85% to 110% of rated voltage
Power reset		Minimum power-OFF time: 0.1 s
Reset voltage		10% of rated voltage
Power consumption	**H3DT-F**	At 240 VAC: 1.9VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.6W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3W max.
Rated Insulation Voltage		250 VAC
Control output		Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load ($\cos\phi$ = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load, 0.15 A max. at 125 VDC with resistive load, 0.1 A max. at 125 VDC with L/R of 7 ms. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value). Contact materials : Ag-alloy (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)
Ambient operating temperature		−20 to 60°C (with no icing)
Storage temperature		−40 to 70°C (with no icing)
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%

✻1. When using a 24-VDC power supply voltage, there will be an inrush current of approximately 0.5 A. Allow for this inrush current when turning ON and OFF the power supply to the Timer with device with a solid-state output, such as a sensor.
✻2. DC ripple: 20% max.

Characteristics

Accuracy of operating time		±1% of FS max. (±1% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Setting error		±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.
Influence of voltage		±0.5% of FS max. (±0.5% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Influence of temperature		±2% of FS max. (±2% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ min. at 500 VDC
Dielectric strength		Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.
Impulse withstand test voltage		5 kV between power terminals, 7.4 kV between conductor terminal and operating section
Noise immunity		Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 μs, 1-ns rise): ±1.5 kV
Static immunity		Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV
Vibration resistance	**Destruction**	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions
	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions
Shock resistance	**Destruction**	1,000 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
	Malfunction	100 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
Life expectancy	**Mechanical**	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)
	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)
Degree of protection		IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)
Weight		Approx. 90 g

Applicable standards

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: GB/T 14048.5 Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III ✻ LR: Category ENV1.2
EMC	(EMI) EN 61812-1 Radiated Emissions: EN 55011 class B Emission AC Mains: EN 55011 class B Harmonic Current: EN 61000-3-2 Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker: EN 61000-3-3 (EMS) EN 61812-1 Immunity ESD: EN 61000-4-2 Immunity RF-interference: EN 61000-4-3 Immunity Burst: EN 61000-4-4 Immunity Surge: EN 61000-4-5 Immunity Conducted Disturbance: EN 61000-4-6 Immunity Voltage Dip/Interruption: EN 61000-4-11

✻ CCC certification requirements

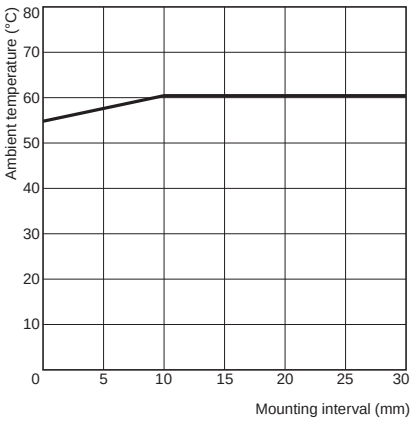
Rated operating voltage Ue Rated operating current Ie	AC-15: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 3 A AC-13: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 5 A DC-13: Ue: 30 VDC, Ie: 0.1 A
Rated impulse withstand voltage (altitude: 2,000 m max.)	4 kV (at 240 VAC)
Conditional short-circuit current	1,000 A

I/O

Input		None
Output	**Control output**	Output is turned ON/OFF according to the time set on the ON time setting dial and OFF time setting dial.

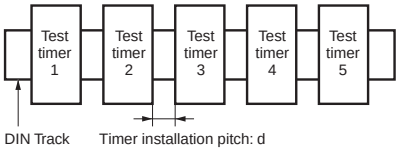
Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.
If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



Testing Method

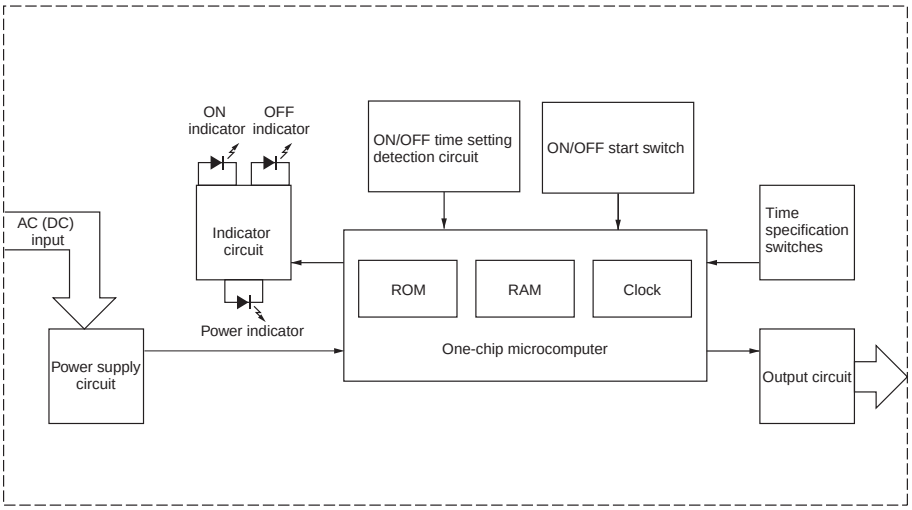
Tested Timer: H3DT-F
Applied voltage: 240 VAC
Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm
Load current: 5 A



Connections

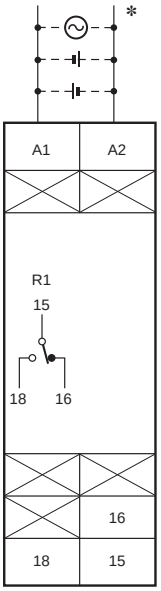
Block Diagrams

H3DT-F

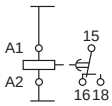


Terminal Arrangement

H3DT-F



(DIN notation)

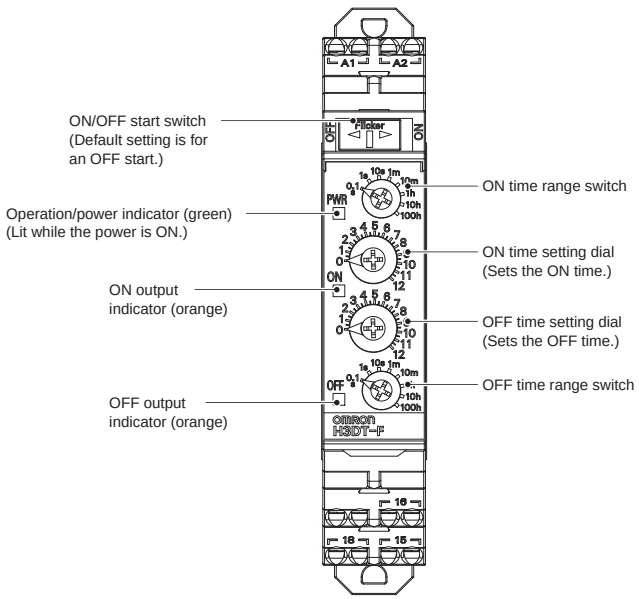


✻ The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

Nomenclature

H3DT-F

Front View



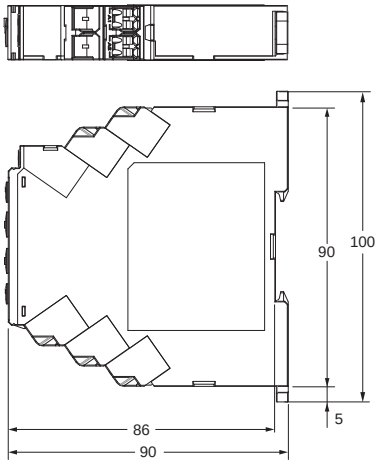
Note: If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible. Make sure that the switch is set properly.

Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

Timers

H3DT-F



Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)

Refer to page 29 for details.

Options (Order Separately)

Front Cover

Refer to page 29 for details.

Operating Procedures

Basic Operation

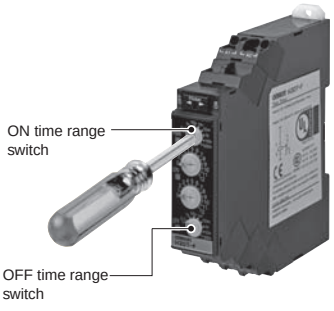
Setting Switches

- Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set the switch to one of these positions. Do not set it midway between two positions. Malfunction could result from an improper setting.

Setting the Time Ranges

Setting the Time Ranges

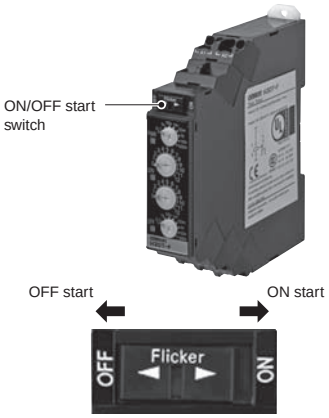
Use the ON time range switch to set the ON time range and the OFF time range switch to set the OFF time range. Turn the switches with a flat-blade or Phillips screwdriver.



Setting the ON/OFF Start Switch

Setting an ON Start or OFF Start

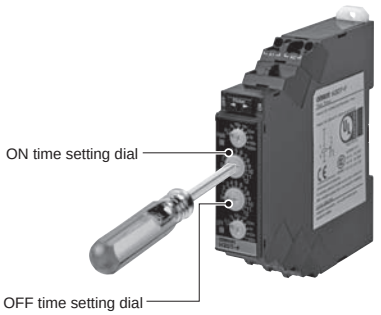
The ON/OFF start switch can be used to switch between ON-start and OFF-start operation.



Setting the Times

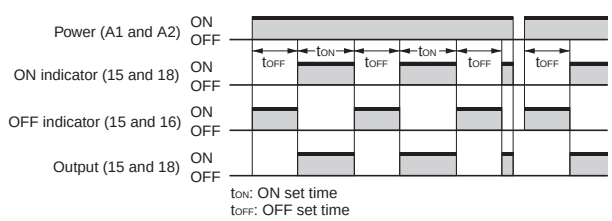
Setting the Times

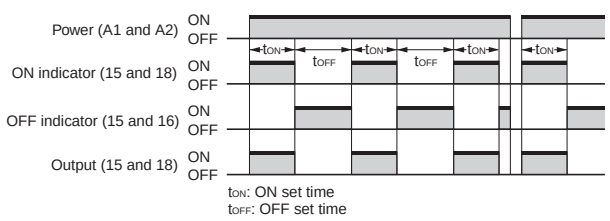
Use the ON time setting dial and the OFF time setting dial to set the ON time and OFF time.



Timing Charts

Flicker OFF start	Flicker ON start





Note: The reset time is 0.1 s min.

Star-delta Timer
H3DT-G

• Set two time ranges between 1 and 120 s with one Timer.

✻ CSA conformance evaluation by UL.

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

Ordering Information

List of Models

Operating modes	Supply voltage	Control output		H3DT-G
Star-delta Timer	24 to 240 VAC/DC	Contact outputs Delta circuit: SPDT, Star circuit: SPDT	Model	H3DT-G

Model Structure

Model	Terminal block	Operating/resetting method	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-G	8 terminals	Time-limit operation/ self-resetting	Time-limit (relay) Star circuit: SPDT Delta circuit: SPDT	DIN Track mounting	cULus (UL 508 CSA C22.2 No. 14) CCC LR EN 61812-1 IEC 60664-1 4 kV/2

Specifications

Time Ranges

Time range setting	t1x1	t1x10
Star set time (t1) range	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s
Star-Delta transfer time (t2)	Select from 0.05, 0.1, 0.25, or 0.5 s.	

Ratings

Power supply voltage ✻1		24 to 240 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz ✻2
Allowable voltage fluctuation range		85% to 110% of rated voltage
Power reset		Minimum power-OFF time: 0.1 s
Reset voltage		10% of rated voltage
Power consumption	H3DT-G	At 240 VAC: 1.9 VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.6 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.
Rated Insulation Voltage		250 V
Control output		Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cosϕ = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load 0.15 A max at 125 VDC with resistive load, 0.1 A max at 125 VDC with L/R of 7 ms. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value). Contact materials : Ag-alloy (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)
Ambient operating temperature		–20 to 60°C (with no icing)
Storage temperature		–40 to 70°C (with no icing)
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%

✻1. When using a 24-VDC power supply voltage, there will be an inrush current of approximately 0.5 A. Allow for this inrush current when turning ON and OFF the power supply to the Timer with device with a solid-state output, such as a sensor.

✻2. DC ripple: 20% max.

Characteristics

Accuracy of operating time		±1% of FS max.
Setting error		±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.
Transfer time		Total error ± (25% of transfer time + 5 ms) max.
Influence of voltage		±0.5% of FS max.
Influence of temperature		±2% of FS max.
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ min. at 500 VDC
Dielectric strength		Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.
Impulse withstand test voltage		5 kV between power terminals, 7.4 kV between conductor terminal and operating section
Noise immunity		Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 μs, 1-ns rise): ±1.5 kV
Static immunity		Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV
Vibration resistance	**Destruction**	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions
	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions
Shock resistance	**Destruction**	1,000 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
	Malfunction	100 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
Life expectancy	**Mechanical**	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)
	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)
Degree of protection		IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)
Weight		Approx. 100 g

Applicable standards

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: GB/T 14048.5 Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III ✻ LR: Category ENV1.2
EMC	(EMI) EN 61812-1 Radiated Emissions: EN 55011 class B Emission AC Mains: EN 55011 class B Harmonic Current: EN 61000-3-2 Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker: EN 61000-3-3 (EMS) EN 61812-1 Immunity ESD: EN 61000-4-2 Immunity RF-interference: EN 61000-4-3 Immunity Burst: EN 61000-4-4 Immunity Surge: EN 61000-4-5 Immunity Conducted Disturbance: EN 61000-4-6 Immunity Voltage Dip/Interruption: EN 61000-4-11

✻ CCC certification requirements

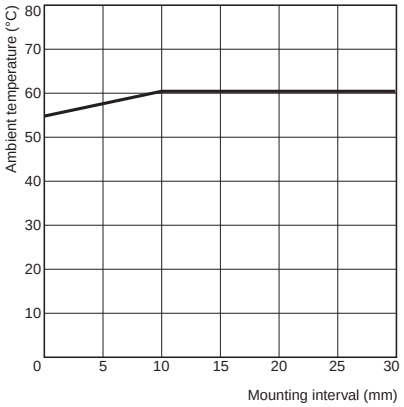
Rated operating voltage Ue Rated operating current Ie	AC-15: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 3 A AC-13: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 5 A DC-13: Ue: 30 VDC, Ie: 0.1 A
Rated impulse withstand voltage (altitude: 2,000 m max.)	4 kV (at 240 VAC)
Conditional short-circuit current	1,000 A

I/O

Input		None
Output	**Control output**	The star output is turned OFF when the dial set value is reached and the delta output is turned ON after the preset transfer time elapses.

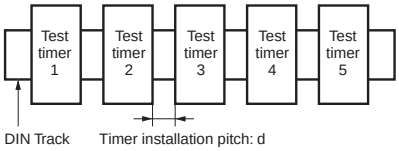
Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.
If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



Testing Method

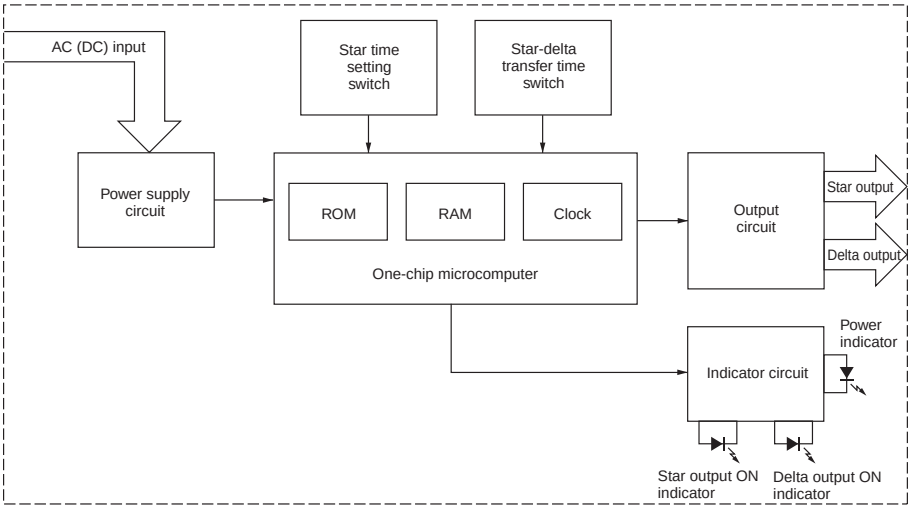
Tested Timer: H3DT-G
Applied voltage: 240 VAC
Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm
Load current: 5 A



Connections

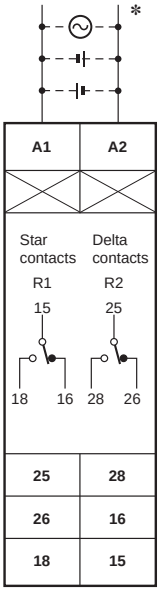
Block Diagrams

H3DT-G

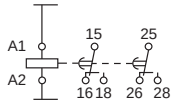


Terminal Arrangement

H3DT-G



(DIN notation)

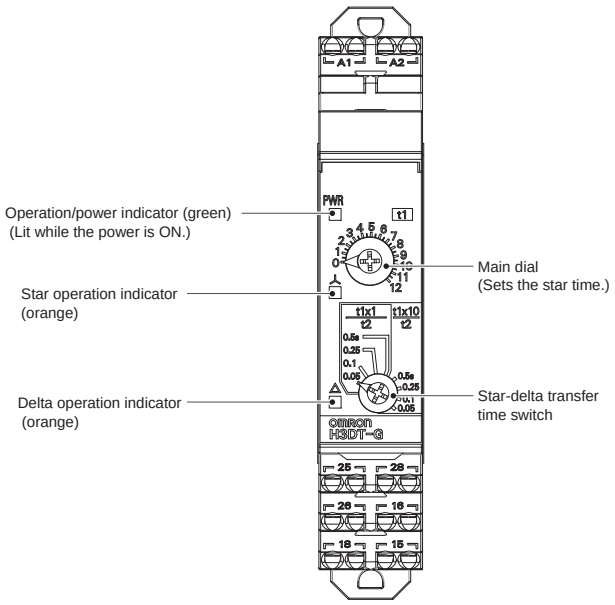


✻ The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

Nomenclature

H3DT-G

Front View



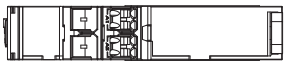
Note: If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible. Make sure that the switch is set properly.

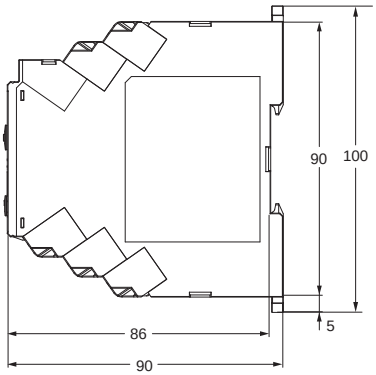
Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

Timers

H3DT-G





Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)

Refer to page 29 for details.

Options (Order Separately)

Front Cover

Refer to page 29 for details.

Operating Procedures

Basic Operation

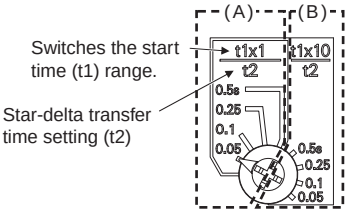
Setting Switches

- Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set the switch to one of these positions. Do not set it midway between two positions. Malfunction could result from an improper setting.

Setting the Time Ranges → **Setting the Time**

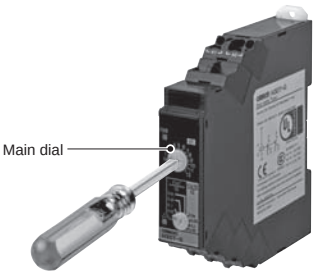
Setting the Delta Time Range (t1) and the Star-delta Transfer Time (t2)

If the Delta Time Range (t1) is set to × 1 (1 to 12 s), set the Star-delta Transfer Time on side (A) (the side labeled t1 × 1).
If the Delta Time Range (t1) is set to × 10 (10 to 120 s), set the Star-delta Transfer Time on side (B) (the side labeled t1 × 10).

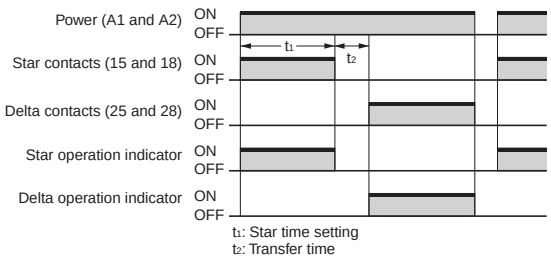


Setting the Time

The start time is set with the main dial.



Timing Chart



Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min.
2. "t1" is the start set time. "t2" is the transfer time.

Power OFF-delay Timer
H3DT-H

- Set two time ranges with each Timer, from 0.1 to 12 seconds for the S Series and from 1.0 to 120 seconds for the L Series.

✻ CSA conformance evaluation by UL.

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

Ordering Information

List of Models

Operating modes	Supply voltage	Control output		H3DT-H	
				S Series (time range: 0.1 to 12 s)	L Series (time range: 1.0 to 120 s)
Power OFF Delay	100 to 120 VAC	Contact output: SPDT	Model	H3DT-HCS	H3DT-HCL
	200 to 240 VAC	Contact output: SPDT		H3DT-HDS	H3DT-HDL
	24 to 48 VAC/DC	Contact output: SPDT		H3DT-HBS	H3DT-HBL

Model Structure

Model	Terminal block	Operating/resetting method	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-H	6 terminals	Instantaneous operation/ time-limit reset	Relay, SPDT	DIN Track mounting	cULus (UL 508 CSA C22.2 No. 14) CCC LR EN 61812-1 IEC 60664-1 4 kV/2

Specifications

Time Ranges

	S Series		L Series	
Time range setting	x0.1	x1	x1	x10
Set time range	0.1 to 1.2 s	1 to 12 s	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s
Power ON time	0.1 s min.		0.3 s min.	
Scale numbers	12			

Ratings

Supply voltage	H3DT-HCS/-HCL	100 to 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz
	H3DT-HDS/-HDL	200 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
	H3DT-HBS/-HBL	24 to 48 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz ✻1
Allowable voltage fluctuation range		85% to 110% of rated voltage
Power consumption	H3DT-HCS	At 120 VAC: 8.7 VA max.
	H3DT-HCL	At 120 VAC: 8.8 VA max.
	H3DT-HDS	At 240 VAC: 21.6 VA max.
	H3DT-HDL	At 240 VAC: 21.7 VA max.
	H3DT-HBS/-HBL	At 48 VAC: 1.0 VA max., at 24 VDC: 0.4 W max.
Timer operation starting voltage		30% or less of power supply voltage
Rated Insulation Voltage		250 VAC
Control output		Contact output, 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cosϕ = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load Contact materials : Ag-alloy (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)
Ambient operating temperature		–20 to 60°C (with no icing)
Storage temperature		–40 to 70°C (with no icing)
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%

✻DC ripple: 20% max.

Characteristics

Accuracy of operating time		±1% of FS max. (±1% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Setting error		±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.
Influence of voltage		±0.5% of FS max. (±0.5% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Influence of temperature		±2% of FS max. (±2% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ min. at 500 VDC
Dielectric strength		Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min. Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.
Impulse withstand test voltage		Between power supply terminals: 1 kV for 24-VAC/DC and 48-VAC/DC models, 5 kV for all other models. Between conductor terminal and operating section: 7.4 kV
Noise immunity		Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 µs, 1-ns rise): ±1.5 kV (between power supply terminals)
Static immunity		Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV
Vibration resistance	**Destruction**	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions
	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions
Shock resistance	**Destruction**	1,000 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
	Malfunction	100 m/s² 3 times each in 6 directions
Life expectancy	**Mechanical**	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)
	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)
Degree of protection		IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)
Weight		Approx. 90 g

Applicable standards

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: GB/T 14048.5 Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III ✻ LR: Category ENV1.2
EMC	(EMI) EN 61812-1 Radiated Emissions: EN 55011 class B Emission AC Mains: EN 55011 class B Harmonic Current: EN 61000-3-2 Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker: EN 61000-3-3 (EMS) EN 61812-1 Immunity ESD: EN 61000-4-2 Immunity RF-interference: EN 61000-4-3 Immunity Burst: EN 61000-4-4 Immunity Surge: EN 61000-4-5 Immunity Conducted Disturbance: EN 61000-4-6 Immunity Voltage Dip/Interruption: EN 61000-4-11

✻ CCC certification requirements

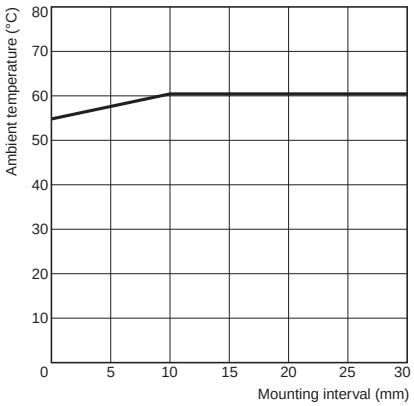
Rated operating voltage Ue Rated operating current Ie	AC-15: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 3 A AC-13: Ue: 250 VAC, Ie: 5 A DC-13: Ue: 30 VDC, Ie: 0.1 A
Rated impulse withstand voltage (altitude: 2,000 m max.)	4 kV (at 240 VAC)
Conditional short-circuit current	1,000 A

I/O

Input		None
Output	**Control output**	The Timer operates as soon as the Timer is turned ON. The Timer starts timing when the power is turned OFF and the output is turned OFF when the time set on the dial elapses.

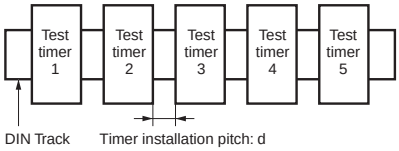
Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.
If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



Testing Method

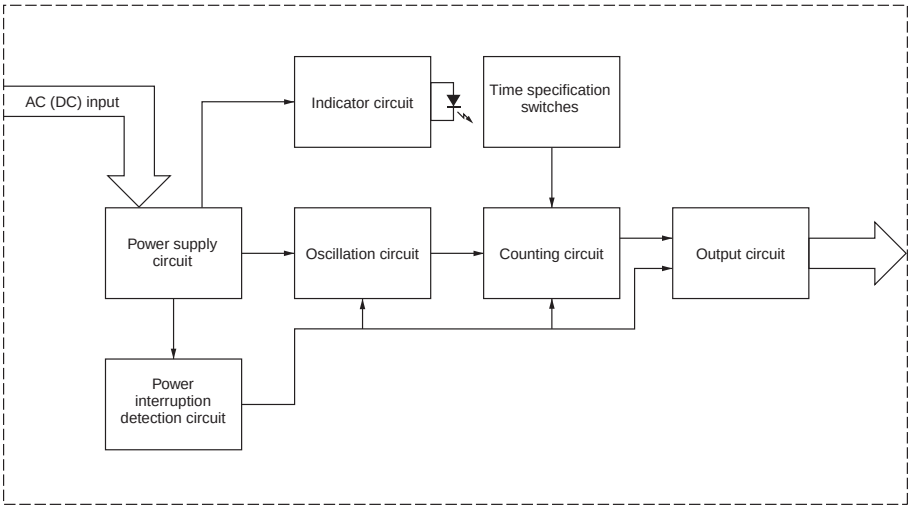
Tested Timer: H3DT-H
Applied voltage: 240 VAC
Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm
Load current: 5 A



Connections

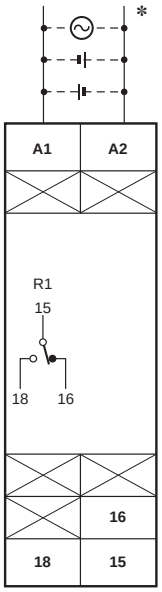
Block Diagrams

H3DT-H

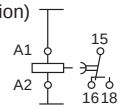


Terminal Arrangement

H3DT-H



(DIN notation)



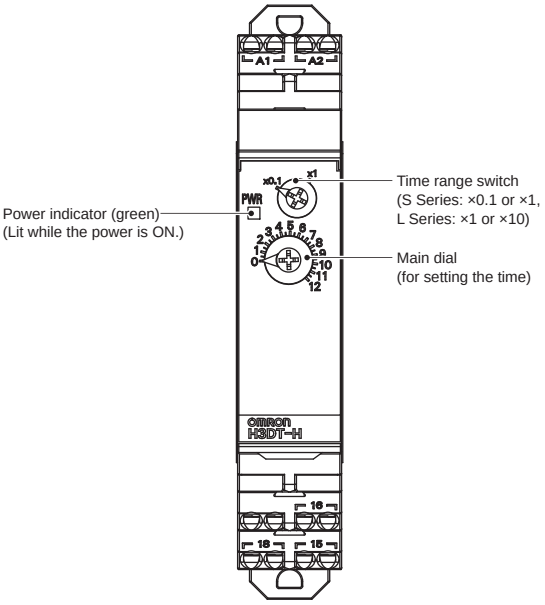
Note: The above figure shows the terminal arrangement for a 24 to 48-VAC/DC model. Models with 100 to 120-VAC or 200 to 240-VAC power input do not have a DC input.

✻ The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

Nomenclature

H3DT-H

Front View



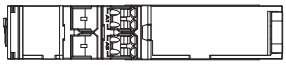
Note: If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible. Make sure that the switch is set properly.

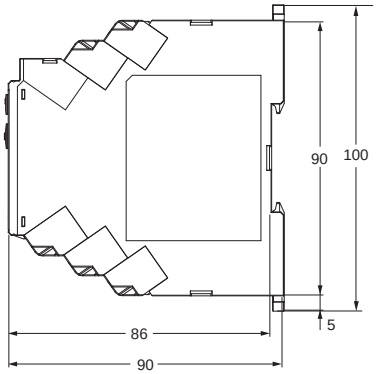
Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

Timers

H3DT-H





Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)

Refer to page 29 for details.

Options (Order Separately)

Front Cover

Refer to page 29 for details.

Operating Procedures

Basic Operation

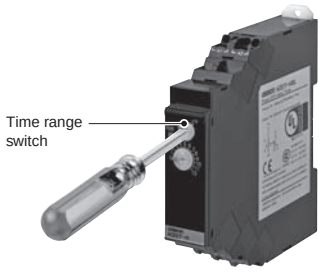
Setting Switches

- Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set the switch to one of these positions. Do not set it midway between two positions. Malfunction could result from an improper setting.

Setting the Time Ranges

Setting the Time Ranges

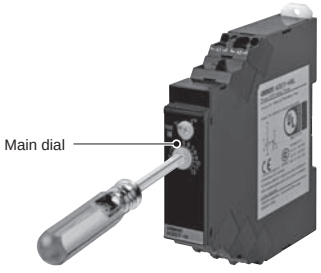
The scale multiplier can be changed with the timer range switch. It can be changed between ×0.1 s and ×1 s for an S-series Timer and between ×1 s and ×10 s for an L-series Timer.



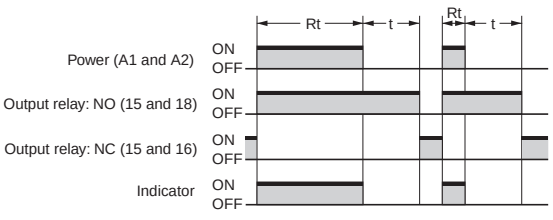
Setting the Time

Setting the Time

The operation time is set with the main dial.



Timing Charts



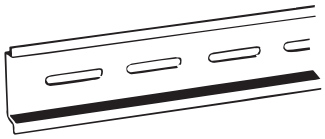
t: Set time
Rt: Minimum power-ON time { S Series: 0.1 s min. / L Series: 0.3 s min.

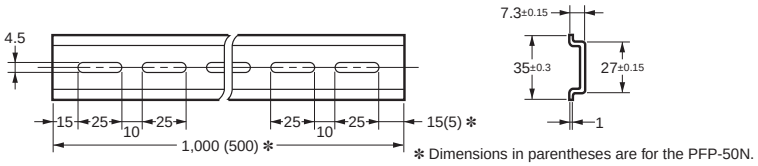
(The output may never turn ON if the power is not ON for at least this time.)

Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)

(Unit: mm)

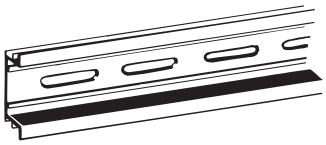
DIN Track
PFP-100N
PFP-50N

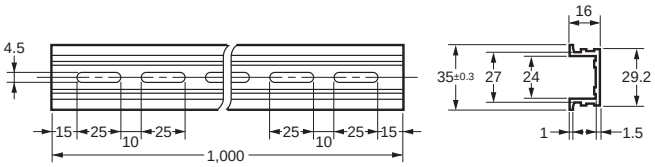




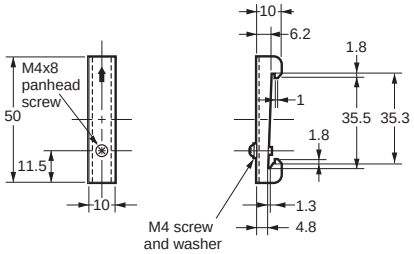
✻ Dimensions in parentheses are for the PFP-50N.

DIN Track
PFP-100N2

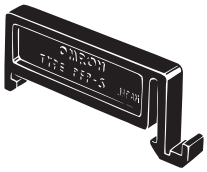


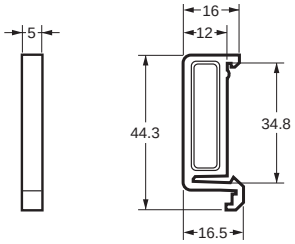


End Plate
PFP-M



Spacer
PFP-S

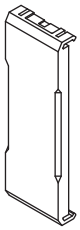


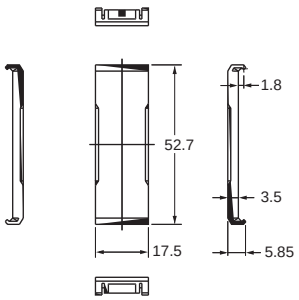


Note: 1. Order the above products in multiples of 10.
2. The Tracks conform to DIN standards.

Options (Order Separately)

Front Cover
Y92A-D1A





Safety Precautions

Refer to *Safety Precautions for All Timers*.

Format of Warning Indications

⚠ CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.
Precautions for Safe Use	Indicates supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to use the product safety.
Precautions for Correct Use	Includes operating precautions to ensure that the product will operate properly and that performance and functions will not be adversely affected.

Meaning of Graphic Symbols for Ensuring Product Safety

	Indicates the possibility of electric shock under specific conditions.
	Indicates the instructions of unspecified prohibited action.
	Indicates the possibility of injuries, such as electric shock by disassembling the device, prohibiting disassembly.
	Indicates the instructions of unspecified general action.

⚠ CAUTION

Switching arcs or relay heating may cause fire or explosion. Do not use the Timer in the presence of inflammable or explosive gases.

The H3DT Series uses a transformerless power supply system. An electrical shock may occur if an input terminal is touched while power is being supplied.

The inrush current will depend on the type of load and may influence the contact switching frequency and number of operations. Check both the rated current and the inrush current, and allow leeway in the circuit design.

The life of the output relay largely depends on the switching current and other switch conditions. Consider the actual application conditions and do not exceed the rated load or electrical life. If the output relay is used beyond its service life, the contacts may fuse or burning may occur. Also, never exceed the rated load current. When using a heater, also place a thermal switch in the load circuit.

Do not remove the external case.

Minor electric shock, fire, or equipment failure may sometimes occur. Do not disassemble, modify, or repair the Timer or touch any internal parts.

Precautions for Safe Use

- Rapid changes in temperature or high humidity may cause condensation in Timer circuits, possibly resulting in malfunction or damage to components. Check the application environment.
- Use the Timer within the ambient operating temperature and ambient operating humidity ranges given for the Timer model you are using.
- Do not use or store a Timer in the following locations.
  - Locations subject to water, oil, or chemicals
  - Outdoor locations or under direct sunlight
  - Locations subject to dust or corrosive gases (sulfurizing gases, ammonia, chloride gas, silicon gas, etc.)
  - Locations subject to vibration and large shocks
  - Locations subject to wind and rain
  - Locations subject to insects or small animals
- Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set each switch to one of these positions. Do not set a switch midway between two positions. Malfunction or failure could result from an improper setting.
- Separate the Timer from any sources of excessive static electricity, such as forming materials and pipes carrying power or liquid materials.
- Maintain the variations in the power supply voltage to within the specified allowable range.
- If a voltage that exceeds the rating is applied, internal components may be destroyed.
- The terminal block may be damaged if you insert a screwdriver in the release hole with excessive force.
- Do not wire anything to the release holes.
- Do not tilt or twist a flat-blade screwdriver while it is inserted into a release hole on the terminal block. The terminal block may be damaged.
- Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the release holes at an angle. The terminal block may be damaged if you insert the screwdriver straight in.
- Do not allow the flat-blade screwdriver to fall out while it is inserted into a release hole.
- Do not bend a wire past its natural bending radius or pull on it with excessive force. Doing so may cause the wire disconnection.
- Do not insert more than one wire into each terminal insertion hole.
- To prevent wiring materials from smoking or ignition, confirm wire ratings and use the wiring materials given in the following table.

Recommended wire	Stripping length (Ferrules not used)
0.25 to 1.5mm²/AWG24 to 16	8 mm

- Use only the specified wires for wiring.
- When wiring the terminals, allow some leeway in the wire length.
- Install and clearly label a switch or circuit breaker so that the operator can quickly turn OFF the power supply.
- If the Timer is left in the timed out condition for a long period of time at high temperatures, internal components (such as electrolytic capacitors) may deteriorate quickly.
- The exterior of the Timer may be damaged by organic solvents (such as thinners or benzene), strong alkali, or strong acids.
- For Timers with AC power input, use a commercial power supply for the power supply voltage. Although some inverters give 50/60 Hz as the output frequency, do not use an inverter output as the power supply for a Timer. Doing so may result in smoking or burning due to internal temperature increases in the Timer.
- When disposing of the Timer, observe all local ordinances as they apply.

- The Timer may not operate properly in locations that are subject to sulfide gas, such as in sewers or incinerators. Products that are suitable for operation in sulfide gas are not available for OMRON Timers or general control devices. Seal the Timer to isolate it from sulfide gas. If the Timer cannot be sealed, OMRON can make special products with resistance to sulfide gas for some Timers. Ask your OMRON representative for details.
- Confirm that the power and output indicators are operating normally. Depending on the operating environment, the indicators and plastic parts may deteriorate faster than expected, causing the indicators to fail. Periodically perform inspections and replacements.

Precautions for Correct Use

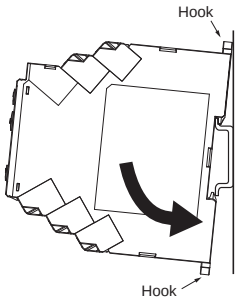
Be sure you understand the contents of this document and handle the Timers according to the instructions provided.

Changing Switch Settings

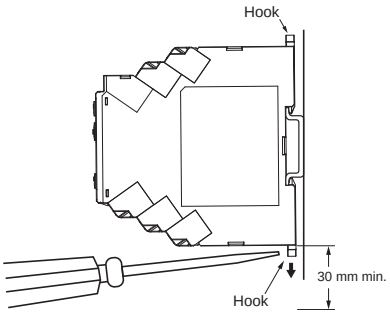
Do not change the time unit, operating mode, or INIT/ TIME switch while the power is being supplied to the Timer. Doing so may result in malfunction. Turn OFF the power supply before changing the setting of any switch.

Mounting and Dismounting

- Although there are no particular mounting restrictions, the Timer should be mounted as horizontally as possible.
- To mount the Timer to a DIN Track, hook the Timer onto the DIN Track and press the Timer in the direction of the arrow until you hear it lock into place.



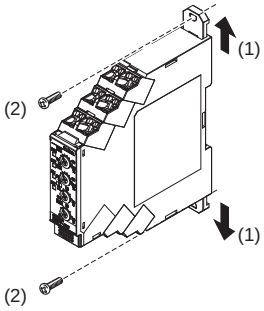
- To remove the Timer, insert a screwdriver into the hook on the top or bottom and pull out the hook to release the Timer.



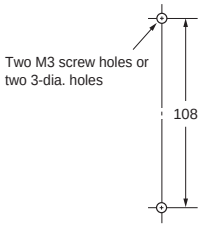
- It will be easier to mount and dismount the Timer if a distance of 30 mm or more is provided between the bottom of the Timer and other equipment.

Screw Mounting

1. Pull out the two hooks on the back of the Timer to the outside until you hear them click in place.
2. Insert M3 screws into the hook holes and secure the Timer.



Mounting Hole Dimensions

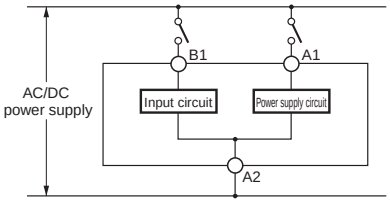


Note: Pull out the hooks to mount the Relay with screws.

Power Supply

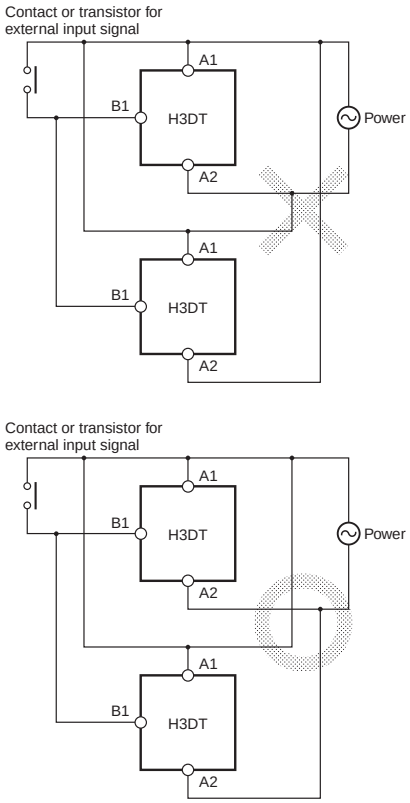
- The power supply can be connected to the power input terminals without considering polarity.
- A DC power supply can be connected if its ripple factor is 20% or less and the average voltage is within the allowable voltage fluctuation range of the Timer.
- For the power supply of the input device, use an isolating transformer in which the primary and secondary windings are mutually isolated and the secondary winding is not grounded. (H3DT-N and H3DT-L only)
- The H3DT-H has a large inrush current. Provide sufficient power supply capacity.
  If the power supply capacity is too small, there may be delays in turning ON the output.

Relationship between Input and Power Supply Circuits (H3DT-N/L)



- The input circuit and the power supply circuit are configured independently. The input circuit can be turned ON and OFF without considering the ON/OFF state of the power supply.
  A voltage equivalent to the power supply voltage is also applied to the input circuit.

- If a relay or transistor is connected to two or more Timers, the input terminals of those Timers must be wired properly so that they will not be different in phase or the terminals will be short-circuited to one another. Always use the same power supply phases.



- The power supply circuits for H3DT-series Timers use switching mode. Therefore, if there is a transformer or other device with a large inductance component on the power supply line, the inductance will cause a reverse voltage. If that occurs, insert a CR filter in the power supply line to reduce the reverse voltage.

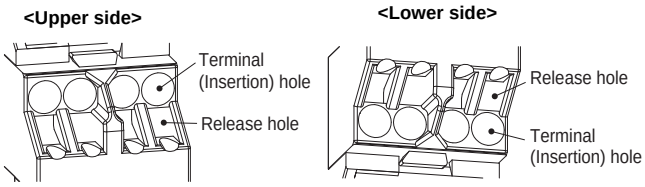
Environment

- When using the Timer in an area with excessive electronic noise, separate the Timer and input device as far as possible from the noise sources. It is also recommended to shield the input signal wiring to prevent electronic interference.
- The external impulse voltage entering across the power supply terminals has been checked against a ±1.2×50 μs standard waveform according to JEC-210, Impulse Voltage/Current Test, of The Institute of Electrical Engineers of Japan. Surge or noise superimposed on the power supply may damage internal components or cause them to malfunction. We recommend that you check the circuit waveform and use surge absorbers. The effects on components depend on the type of surge and noise that are generated. Always perform testing with the actual equipment.
- The Timer may be be affected by incoming radio wave interference. Do not use the Timer near radio wave receivers.
- Do not use the Timer in circuits with waveform distortion. Error will be large due to waveform distortion.
- Do not install the Timer immediately next to heat sources.

Wiring

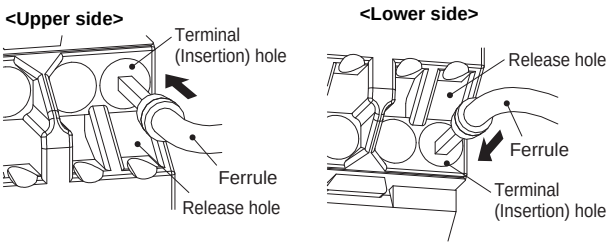
1. Connecting Wires to the Push-In Plus Terminal Block

Part Names of the Terminal Block



Connecting Wires with Ferrules and Solid Wires

Insert the solid wire or ferrule straight into the terminal block until the end strikes the terminal block.

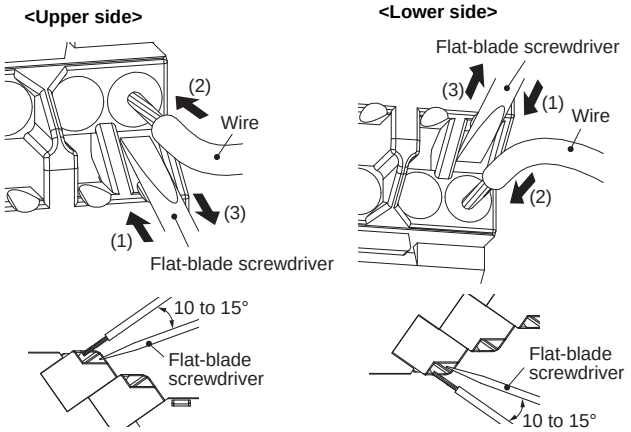


If a wire is difficult to connect because it is too thin, use a flat-blade screwdriver in the same way as when connecting stranded wire.

Connecting Stranded Wires

Use the following procedure to connect the wires to the terminal block.

1. Hold a flat-blade screwdriver at an angle and insert it into the release hole. The angle should be between 10° and 15°. If the flat-blade screwdriver is inserted correctly, you will feel the spring in the release hole.
2. With the flat-blade screwdriver still inserted into the release hole, insert the wire into the terminal hole until it strikes the terminal block.
3. Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.



Checking Connections

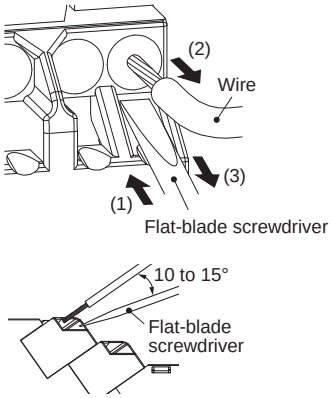
- After the insertion, pull gently on the wire to make sure that it will not come off and the wire is securely fastened to the terminal block.
- If you use a ferrule with a conductor length of 10 mm, part of the conductor may be visible after the ferrule is inserted into the terminal block, but the product insulation distance will still be satisfied.

2. Removing Wires from the Push-In Plus Terminal Block

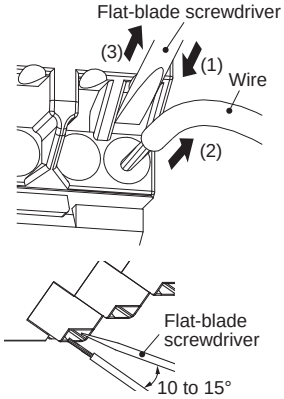
Use the following procedure to remove wires from the terminal block. The same method is used to remove stranded wires, solid wires, and ferrules.

1. Hold a flat-blade screwdriver at an angle and insert it into the release hole.
2. With the flat-blade screwdriver still inserted into the release hole, remove the wire from the terminal insertion hole.
3. Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.

<Upper side>



<Lower side>



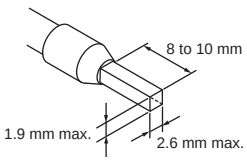
3. Recommended Ferrules and Crimp Tools

Recommended ferrules

Applicable wire		Ferrule Conductor length (mm)	Stripping length (mm) (Ferrules used)	Recommended ferrules		
(mm²)	(AWG)			Phoenix Contact product	Weidmuller product	Wago product
0.25	24	8	10	AI 0,25-8	H0.25/12	216-301
		10	12	AI 0,25-10	---	---
0.34	22	8	10	AI 0,34-8	H0.34/12	216-302
		10	12	AI 0,34-10	---	---
0.5	20	8	10	AI 0,5-8	H0.5/14	216-201
		10	12	AI 0,5-10	H0.5/16	216-241
0.75	18	8	10	AI 0,75-8	H0.75/14	216-202
		10	12	AI 0,75-10	H0.75/16	216-242
1/1.25	18/17	8	10	AI 1-8	H1.0/14	216-203
		10	12	AI 1-10	H1.0/16	216-243
1.25/1.5	17/16	8	10	AI 1,5-8	H1.5/14	216-204
		10	12	AI 1,5-10	H1.5/16	216-244
Recommended crimp tool				CRIMPFOX6 CRIMPFOX6T-F CRIMPFOX10S	PZ6 roto	Variocrimp4

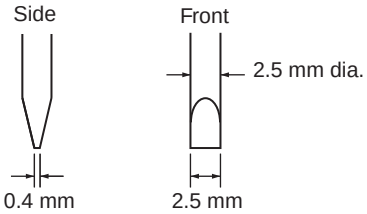
Note: 1. Make sure that the outer diameter of the wire coating is smaller than the inner diameter of the insulation sleeve of the recommended ferrule.

2. Make sure that the ferrule processing dimensions conform to the following figures.



Recommended Flat-blade Screwdriver

Use a flat-blade screwdriver to connect and remove wires.
Use the following flat-blade screwdriver.
The following table shows manufacturers and models as of 2015/Dec.



Model	Manufacturer
ESD 0,40×2,5	Wera
SZS 0,4×2,5 SZF 0-0,4×2,5 ✻	Phoenix Contact
0.4×2.5×75 302	Wiha
AEF.2,5×75	Facom
210-719	Wago
SDI 0.4×2.5×75	Weidmuller

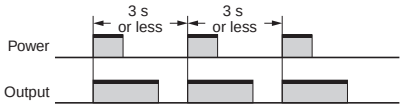
✻ OMRON's exclusive purchase model XW4Z-00B is available to order as SZF 0-0,4×2,5 (manufactured by Phoenix Contact).

If you wire crossovers and connect terminal blocks in parallel, a large current will flow. Make sure that the current does not exceed 10 A.

- Do not connect anything to unused terminals.
- Wire all terminals correctly.
- Check all wiring before you turn ON the power supply to the Timer.
- The H3DT-H acts like a high-impedance circuit. Therefore, the Timer may not reset if it is influenced by inductive voltage. To eliminate inductive voltage, the wires connected to the Timer must be as short as possible and should not be installed parallel to power lines. If the Timer is influenced by inductive voltage that is 30% or more of the rated voltage, connect a CR filter with a capacitance of approximately 0.1 μF and a resistance of approximately 120 Ω or a bleeder resistor between the power supply terminals.
  If there is any residual voltage due to current leakage, connect a bleeder resistor between the power supply terminals.

Operating Frequency

- The H3DT-H may malfunction if it is used as shown below. Do not use the H3DT-H in these ways.
  Timer Repeatedly Times Out in Cycles of 3 s or Less



  In the above case, use the H3DT-N in D mode (signal OFF delay).
- If you use Flicker Mode and set the dial on the H3DT-F to the minimum setting, the contacts may be damaged. Avoid this type of application.

Options

- Use the Y92A-D1A for the Front Cover.
- If you use the Front Cover, make sure that it is attached securely.

Other Precautions

- If the Timer is mounted on a control panel, dismount the Timer from the control panel before carrying out a voltage withstand test between the electric circuits and non-current-carrying metal parts of the Timer. (Otherwise, the internal circuits of the Timer may be damaged.)
- The H3DT-H uses a latching relay for the output. Shock, such as dropping the H3DT-H during shipment or handling, can cause the output contacts to reverse to the neutral position. Check the output status with a tester before using the H3DT-H. To perform output contact recovery, turn the power ON and then OFF. After the set time elapses, the output contacts should return to normal.
- The life expectancy of the control output contacts is greatly affected by switching conditions. Always confirm operation using the actual conditions and equipment before using the Timer and make sure that the number of switching operations presents no problems in performance. If Timer application is continued after performance has deteriorated, insulation failure between circuits, burning of the control output relay, or other problem will eventually occur.
- If the power supply voltage is gradually increased, a power reset may occur or the Timer may time out. Use a switch, relay, or other device with contacts to apply the power supply voltage all at once.
- Make sure that residual voltage or inductive voltage is not applied after the power turns OFF.
- Error in the operation time of the Timer is given as a percentage of the full-scale time. The absolute value of the error will not change even if the set time is changed. Therefore, always use the Timer with the set time set as close as possible to the full-scale value of the set time range.
- When switching a microload, check the specified minimum load given for the Timer model you are using.
- When setting the operating time, do not turn the dial beyond the scale range.
- Store the Timer within the rated ranges given for the Timer model you are using. If the Timer is stored below −20°C, allow it to warm up for three hours at room temperature before turning ON the power supply.
- Do not install the Timer in any way that would place a load on it.
- When cleaning the Timer, do not use thinners or solvents. Use commercial alcohol.
- If better accuracy is required in the set time, adjust the dial while measuring the operation time.
- Do not construct a circuit for the H3DT-H that would allow overcurrent and burning to occur if the NO, NC and SPDT contacts are short-circuited. Arcing may generate short-circuiting between contacts if there is short-circuiting because of conversion to the MBB contacts caused by asynchronous operation of the NO and NC contacts, the interval between the NO and NC contacts is small, or a large current is left open.
- If the Timer is reset immediately after timing out, make sure that the circuit configuration allows sufficient resetting time. Errors will occur in the sequence if there is not sufficient resetting time.
- When directly switching a DC load, the switching capacity will be lower than when switching an AC load.

⚠ EN/IEC Standard Compliance

- Refer to the datasheet for the H3DT for cable selection and other conditions for compliance with EMC standards.

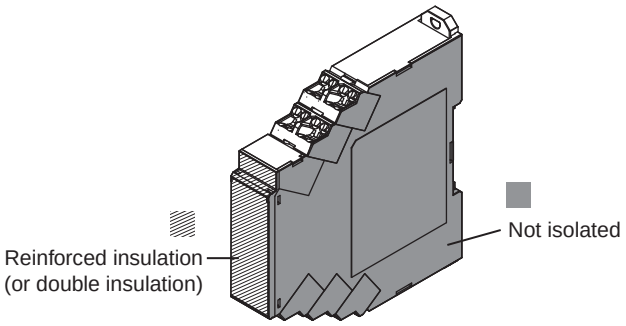
Precaution on EN Standard Compliance

The H3DT complies with EN 61812-1 when it is built into a panel, but observe the following handling methods to ensure compliance with the requirements of this standard.

Wiring

Overvoltage category III
Pollution degree 2

- Open-frame Device
- If basic, double, or reinforced insulation is required, use the basic, double, or reinforced insulation defined in IEC 60664 that is suitable for the maximum applied voltage for the clearance, solid insulation, and other factors.
- The power supply terminals and input terminals are not isolated from each other.
- There is basic insulation between the power supply terminals and output terminals.
- There is basic insulation between the input terminals and output terminals.
- The operating section must have reinforced or double insulation.
- The sides of the case are not isolated.
- Connect the output contacts (contacts with different polarity) so that they reach the same potential.



Recommended Replacement Periods and Periodic Replacement as Preventive Maintenance

The recommended replacement period for preventive maintenance is greatly influenced by the application environment of the product. As a guideline for models that do not have a Maintenance Forecast Monitor, the recommended replacement period is 7 to 10 years.✻ To prevent failures that can be caused by using a product beyond its service live, we recommend that you replace the product as early as possible within the recommended replacement period. However, realize that the recommended replacement period is for reference only and does not guarantee the life of the product.

Many electronic components are used in the product and the product depends on the correct operation of these components to achieve product functions and performance. However, the influence of the ambient temperature on aluminum electrolytic capacitors is large, and the service life is reduced by half for each 10°C rise in temperature (Arrhenius law). When the capacity reduction life of the electrolytic capacitor is reached, the product may fail. We therefore recommend that you replace the product periodically to minimize product failures in advance.

✻ The following conditions apply: rated input voltage, load rate of 50% max., ambient temperature of 35°C max., and the standalone mounting method.
This product model is designed with a service life of 10 years minimum under the above conditions.

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Note: Do not use this document to operate the Unit.

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