OMRON

AC Servomotors/Servo Drives

1S-series with Built-in

EtherCAT® Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions

User's Manual

R88M-1L□/-1M□ (AC Servomotors)
R88D-1SN□-ECT-51 (AC Servo Drives)



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I696-E1-04

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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing a 1S-series Servo Drive with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions. This User's Manual describes the installation and wiring methods of the 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and parameter setting method which is required for the operation, as well as troubleshooting and inspection methods.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of designing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities.

For programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard IEC 61131-3 or Japanese standard JIS B 3503.

Notice

This User's Manual contains information you need to know to correctly use the 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions, and peripheral equipment.

Before using the Servo Drive, read this User's Manual and gain a full understanding of the information provided herein.

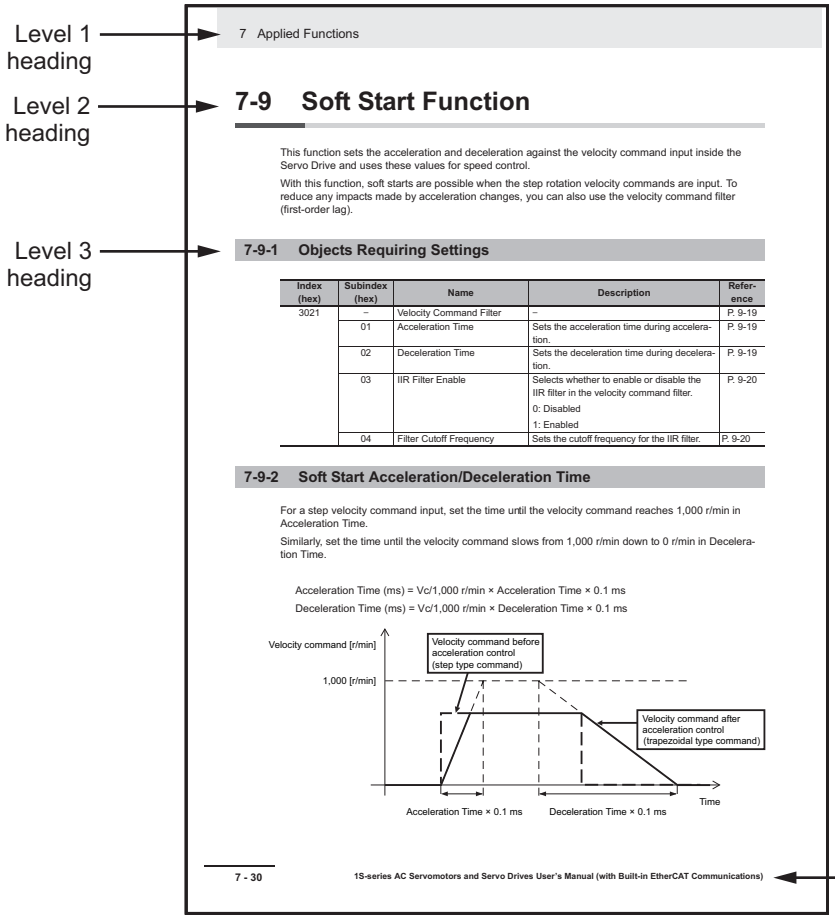
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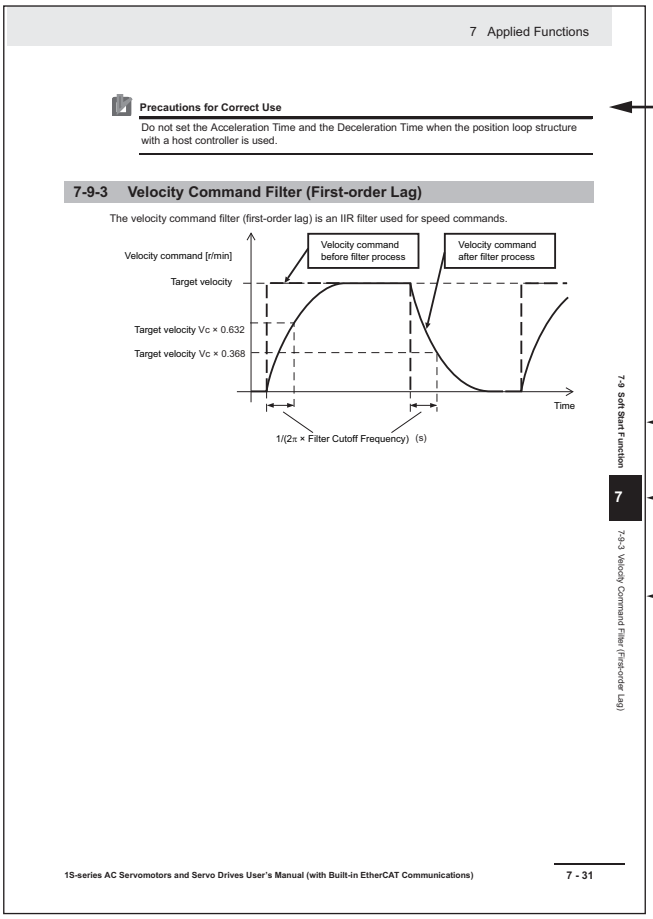
Manual Structure

Page Structure

The following page structure is used in this manual.



Note This illustration is provided only as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.



Special information
Icons indicate precautions, additional information, or reference information.

Level 2 heading
Gives the current heading.

Page tab
Gives the number of the main section.

Level 3 heading
Gives the current heading.

Note This illustration is provided only as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.

Special Information

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:

Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.

Precautions for Correct Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.

Additional Information

Additional information to read as required.
This information is provided to increase understanding or make operation easier.

Version Information

Information on differences in specifications and functionality for Servo Drives with different unit versions and for different versions of the Sysmac Studio is given.

Manual Configuration

This User's Manual consists of the following sections.
Read the necessary section or sections by reference to the following table.

Section		Outline
Section 1	Features and System Configuration	This section explains the features of the Servo Drive and name of each part.
Section 2	Models and External Dimensions	This section explains the models of Servo Drives, Servomotors, Decelerators, and peripheral devices, and provides the external dimensions and mounting dimensions.
Section 3	Specifications	This section provides the general specifications, characteristics, connector specifications, and I/O circuits of the Servo Drives as well as the general specifications, characteristics, encoder specifications of the Servomotors and other peripheral devices.
Section 4	Configuration and Wiring	This section explains the conditions for installing Servo Drives, Servomotors, and Decelerators, the wiring methods including wiring conforming to EMC Directives, the regenerative energy calculation methods, as well as the performance of External Regeneration Resistors.
Section 5	EtherCAT Communications	This section explains EtherCAT communications under the assumption that the Servo Drive is connected to a Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.
Section 6	Basic Control Functions	This section explains the outline and settings of basic control functions.
Section 7	Applied Functions	This section provides the outline and settings of the applied functions such as electronic gear and gain switching.
Section 8	Safety Function	This section provides the outline of each safety function (STO, SS1, and SLS) and examples of operation and connection.
Section 9	Details on Servo Parameters	This section explains the details on each servo parameter, including the set values, settings, and the display.
Section 10	Operation	This section provides the operational procedure and explains how to operate in each mode.
Section 11	Adjustment Functions	This section explains the functions, setting methods, and items to note regarding adjustments.
Section 12	Troubleshooting	This section explains the items to check when problems occur, and troubleshooting by the use of error displays or operation state.
Section 13	Maintenance and Inspection	This section explains maintenance and inspection of the Servomotors and Servo Drives.
Appendices		The appendices provide explanation for the profile that is used to control the Servo Drive, lists of objects, and Sysmac error status codes.

Sections in this Manual

1 Features and System Configuration

2 Models and External Dimensions

3 Specifications

4 Configuration and Wiring

5 EtherCAT Communications

6 Basic Control Functions

7 Applied Functions

8 Safety Function

9 Details on Servo Parameters

10 Operation

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It shall be the users sole responsibility to determine and use adequate measures and checkpoints to satisfy the users particular requirements for (i) antivirus protection, (ii) data input and output, (iii) maintaining a means for reconstruction of lost data, (iv) preventing Omron Products and/or software installed thereon from being infected with computer viruses and (v) protecting Omron Products from unauthorized access.

Safety Precautions

- To ensure that the 1S-series Servo Drive with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions/1S-series Servomotor as well as peripheral equipment are used safely and correctly, be sure to read this *Safety Precautions* section and the main text before using the product. Learn all items you should know before use, regarding the equipment as well as the required safety information and precautions.
- Make an arrangement so that this User's Manual also gets to the end user of this product.
- After reading this User's Manual, keep it in a convenient place so that it can be referenced at any time.

Explanation of Displays

- The precautions indicated here provide important information for safety. Be sure to heed the information provided with the precautions.
- The following signal words are used to indicate and classify precautions in this User's Manual.

⚠ **DANGER**	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, is likely to result in serious injury or may result in death. Additionally there may be severe property damage.
⚠ **WARNING**	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in minor or moderate injury, or may result in serious injury or death. Additionally there may be significant property damage.
⚠ **CAUTION**	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.

Even those items denoted by the caution symbol may lead to a serious outcome depending on the situation. Accordingly, be sure to observe all safety precautions.

Explanation of Symbols

This User's Manual uses the following symbols.



The circle and slash symbol (⃠) indicates operations that you must not do.
The specific operation is shown in the circle (⃠) and explained in text.
This example indicates prohibiting disassembly.



The triangle symbol (△) indicates precautions and warnings.
The specific operation is shown in the triangle (△) and explained in text.
This example indicates a precaution for electric shock.

	The triangle symbol (△) indicates precautions and warnings. The specific operation is shown in the triangle (△) and explained in text. This example indicates a general precaution.
	The filled circle symbol (●) indicates operations that you must do. The specific operation is shown in the circle (●) and explained in text. This example shows a general precaution for something that you must do.
	The filled circle symbol (●) indicates operations that you must do. The specific operation is shown in the circle (●) and explained in text. This example indicates a requirement for the ground.

Precautionary Information

- Illustrations contained in this manual sometimes depict conditions without covers and safety shields for the purpose of showing the details. When you use this product, be sure to install the covers and shields as specified and use the product according to this manual.
- If the product has been stored for an extended period of time, contact your OMRON sales representative.

Handling of Safety Products

If the functions of safety products cannot attain their full potential, it will result in minor or moderate injury, or may result in serious injury or death. When building the system, observe the following warnings and optimize safety product selection for your equipment and devices to ensure the integrity of the safety-related components.

⚠ WARNING

● Setting Up a Risk Assessment System

The process of selecting these products should include the development and execution of a risk assessment system early in the design development stage to help identify potential dangers in your equipment and optimize safety product selection.

The following is an example of related international standards.

- ISO12100 General Principles for Design - Risk Assessment and Risk Reduction

● Protective Measure

When developing a safety system for the equipment and devices that use safety products, make every effort to understand and conform to the entire series of international and industry standards available, such as the examples given below.

The following are examples of related international standards.

- ISO12100 General Principles for Design - Risk Assessment and Risk Reduction
- IEC60204-1 Electrical Equipment of Machines - Part 1: General Requirements
- ISO13849-1, -2 Safety-related Parts of Control Systems

- ISO14119 Interlocking Devices Associated with Guards - Principles for Design and Selection
- IEC/TS 62046 Application of Protective Equipment to Detect the Presence of Persons

● Role of Safety Products

Safety products incorporate standardized safety functions and mechanisms, but the benefits of these functions and mechanisms are designed to attain their full potential only within properly designed safety-related systems. Make sure you fully understand all functions and mechanisms, and use that understanding to develop systems that will ensure optimal usage.

The following are examples of related international standards.

- ISO14119 Interlocking Devices Associated with Guards - Principles for Design and Selection
- ISO13857 Safety Distances to Prevent Hazard Zones being Reached by Upper and Lower Limbs

● Installing Safety Products

Qualified engineers must develop your safety-related system and install safety products in devices and equipment. Prior to machine commissioning, verify through testing that the safety products work as expected.

The following are examples of related international standards.

- ISO12100 General Principles for Design - Risk Assessment and Risk Reduction
- IEC60204-1 Electrical Equipment of Machines - Part 1: General Requirements
- ISO13849-1, -2 Safety-related Parts of Control Systems
- ISO14119 Interlocking Devices Associated with Guards - Principles for Design and Selection

● Observing Laws and Regulations

Safety products must conform to pertinent laws, regulations, and standards. Make sure that they are installed and used in accordance with the laws, regulations, and standards of the country where the devices and equipment incorporating these products are distributed.

● Observing Usage Precautions

Carefully read the specifications and precautions as well as all items in the Instruction Manual for your safety product to learn appropriate usage procedures. Any deviation from instructions will lead to unexpected device or equipment failure not anticipated by the safety-related system.

● Transferring Devices and Equipment

When you transfer devices and equipment, be sure to retain one copy of the Instruction Manual for safety devices and the User's Manual, and supply another copy with the device or equipment so the person receiving it will have no problems with operation and maintenance.

The following are examples of related international standards.

- ISO12100 General Principles for Design - Risk Assessment and Risk Reduction
- IEC60204-1 Electrical Equipment of Machines - Part 1: General Requirements
- ISO13849-1, -2 Safety-related Parts of Control Systems
- IEC62061 Functional Safety of Safety-related Electrical, Electronic and Programmable Electronic Control Systems
- IEC61508 Functional Safety of Electrical/Electronic/Programmable Electronic Safety-related Systems

Transporting and Unpacking

⚠ WARNING

Do not damage, pull, or put excessive stress or heavy objects on the cables.
Doing so may cause electric shock, malfunction, or burning.



Installation, Wiring and Maintenance

⚠ WARNING

Install the Servo Drive, Servomotor, and peripheral equipment before wiring.
Not doing so may cause electric shock.



Be sure to ground the 100-VAC or 200-VAC input model Servo Drive and Servomotor to 100 Ω or less, and the 400-VAC input model to 10 Ω or less.
Not doing so may cause electric shock.



Do not remove the front cover, terminal covers, cables, or peripheral equipment while the power is supplied.
Doing so may cause electric shock.



Before carrying out wiring or inspection, turn OFF the main circuit power and wait for at least the following specific time.
Not doing so may cause electric shock or burning.



10 minutes:	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51
15 minutes:	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51, R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51, R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51
20 minutes:	R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51, R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51

Even if the 7-segment LED display is not lit, the main circuit power supply may be ON. Always confirm that the charge lamp is not lit before you perform wiring.
Not doing so may cause electric shock.



Do not damage, pull, or put excessive stress or heavy objects on the cables.
Doing so may cause electric shock, malfunction, or burning.



Use appropriate tools to wire terminals and connectors. Check that there is no short-circuit before use.
Not doing so may cause electric shock.



Connect the frame ground wire in the motor cable securely to the ⏚ or FG of the Servo Drive.
Not doing so may cause electric shock.



Provide safety measures, such as a fuse, to protect against short circuiting of external wiring and failure of the Servo Drive.
Not doing so may cause fire.



Install the Servomotor, Servo Drive, and peripheral equipment on non-flammable materials such as metals.
Not doing so may cause fire.



Keep conductive or flammable foreign objects such as screws, metal pieces, and oil out of the Servo Drive and connectors. Pay particular attention to the connector on the top part of Servo Drive.
Not doing so may cause a fire or electric shock.



Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



Do not bundle the motor cables.
Not doing so may cause fire.



Lock the power cable and extension cable connectors.
Not doing so may cause fire.



When you connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter, ensure that the size of wires used for the input side of the noise filter and the size of wires used between the noise filter and the relay terminal blocks are thick enough to pass at least the rated current of the noise filter.
Not doing so may cause a fire or electric shock.



Operation Check

⚠ WARNING

Use the Servomotor, Servo Drive and motor cable in a specified combination.
Not doing so may cause fire or equipment damage.



Usage

⚠ WARNING

Do not enter the operating area during operation.
Doing so may cause injury.



Do not touch the Servo Drive radiator, Regeneration Resistor, or Servomotor while the power is supplied or for a while after the power is turned OFF because they get hot. Doing so may cause fire or a burn injury.	
Take appropriate measures to ensure that the specified power with the rated voltage is supplied. Be particularly careful in locations where the power supply is unstable. Not doing so may cause failure.	
When the power is restored after a momentary power interruption, the machine may restart suddenly. Do not come close to the machine when restoring power. Implement measures to ensure safety of people nearby even when the machine is restarted. Doing so may cause injury.	
Use appropriate tools to wire terminals and connectors. Check that there is no short-circuit before use. Not doing so may cause electric shock.	
Be sure to observe the radiator plate installation conditions that are specified in the manual. Not doing so may cause the Servo Drive or Servomotor to burn.	
If the load that exceeds the allowable range is installed, it may cause the dynamic brake to be damaged. Be sure to use the appropriate load. For the selection of the appropriate load, refer to *4-5 Adjustment for Large Load Inertia* on page 4-81. Not doing so may cause the Servo Drive to be damaged.	
The dynamic brake is intended for the stop at the time of an error and therefore it has a short-time rating. If the dynamic brake is activated, provide an interval of 3 minutes or more before the next activation to prevent a circuit failure and burning of the Dynamic Brake Resistor.	
Make a design of equipment with consideration of a distance until a Servomotor stops while safety monitoring functions are used. Not doing so may cause injury and equipment damage.	
Do not place flammable materials near the Servomotor, Servo Drive, or peripheral equipment. Not doing so may cause a fire.	
If the Servo Drive fails, cut off the power supply to the Servo Drive at the power supply. Not doing so may cause a fire.	
Use an appropriate External Regeneration Resistor. Install an external protective device such as temperature sensor to ensure safety when using the External Regeneration Resistor. Not doing so run the risk of burnout.	
An External Regeneration Resistor or an External Regeneration Resistor Unit may become hot. In order to ensure safety, install an external protection such as a guard so as not to touch them easily. Not doing so may cause a burn injury.	
Use an appropriate External Dynamic Break Resistor. Not doing so may cause fire, crash or equipment damage.	
Use the extension cables in a specified combination. Not doing so may cause fire, equipment damage.	

Before operating the Servo Drive in an actual environment, check if it operates correctly based on the newly set parameters.
Not doing so may cause equipment damage.



When constructing a system that includes safety functions, be sure you understand the relevant safety standards and all related information in user documentation, and design the system to comply with the standards.
Not doing so may cause injury, equipment damage.



Security Measures

⚠ WARNING

Anti-virus protection
Install the latest commercial-quality antivirus software on the computer connected to the control system and maintain to keep the software up-to-date.



Security measures to prevent unauthorized access
Take the following measures to prevent unauthorized access to our products.

- Install physical controls so that only authorized personnel can access control systems and equipment.
- Reduce connections to control systems and equipment via networks to prevent access from untrusted devices.
- Install firewalls to shut down unused communications ports and limit communications hosts and isolate control systems and equipment from the IT network.
- Use a virtual private network (VPN) for remote access to control systems and equipment.
- Adopt multifactor authentication to devices with remote access to control systems and equipment.
- Set strong passwords and change them frequently.
- Scan virus to ensure safety of USB drives or other external storages before connecting them to control systems and equipment.



Data input and output protection
Validate backups and ranges to cope with unintentional modification of input/output data to control systems and equipment.

- Checking the scope of data
- Checking validity of backups and preparing data for restore in case of falsification and abnormalities
- Safety design, such as emergency shutdown and fail-soft operation in case of data tampering and abnormalities



Data recovery
Backup data and keep the data up-to-date periodically to prepare for data loss.



When using an intranet environment through a global address, connecting to an unauthorized terminal such as a SCADA, HMI or to an unauthorized server may result in network security issues such as spoofing and tampering. You must take sufficient measures such as restricting access to the terminal, using a terminal equipped with a secure function, and locking the installation area by yourself.



When constructing an intranet, communication failure may occur due to cable disconnection or the influence of unauthorized network equipment. Take adequate measures, such as restricting physical access to network devices, by means such as locking the installation area.



When using a device equipped with the SD Memory Card function, there is a security risk that a third party may acquire, alter, or replace the files and data in the removable media by removing the removable media or unmounting the removable media.
Please take sufficient measures, such as restricting physical access to the Controller or taking appropriate management measures for removable media, by means of locking the installation area, entrance management, etc., by yourself.



Transporting and Unpacking

⚠ Caution

When transporting the Servo Drive, do not hold it by the cables, shield clamp, connectors or motor shaft.
Injury or failure may result.



Do not step on the Servo Drive or place heavy articles on it.
Injury or failure may result.



Do not overload the product.
Injury or failure may result.



Be sure to observe the specified amount when piling up products.
Injury or failure may result.

- The allowable number of piled-up products
  Servo Drive, Servomotor, Reactor: Follow the instructions on the individual package.
  External Regeneration Resistor: 12
  External Regeneration Resistance Unit: 4
  Noise Filter: 15



Wiring

⚠ Caution

Be careful about sharp parts such as the corner of the equipment when handling the Servo Drive and Servomotor.
Injury may result.



Wire the cables correctly and securely.
Damage to Servo Drive or fire may result.



Precautions for Safe Use

General Precaution

- Do not store or install the Servo Drive in the following locations. Doing so may result in electric shock, fire, equipment damage, or malfunction.
  Locations subject to direct sunlight
  Locations subject to temperatures outside the range specified in the specifications
  Locations subject to humidity outside the range specified in the specifications
  Locations subject to condensation as the result of severe changes in temperature
  Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases
  Locations subject to dust (especially iron dust) or salts
  Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals
  Locations subject to shock or vibration
- Medical electronics such as cardiac pacemakers may malfunction or injury may result.
- If an error occurs, remove the cause of the error and ensure safety, and then perform the error reset and restart the operation. Injury, equipment damage, or burning may result.

Mounting

- Do not move a power connector of a Servomotor with 4 kW or more over 5 times. Electric shock, equipment damage, or burning may result.
- Be sure to observe the installation conditions. Burning or failure may result.

Wiring

- Use a robot cable for the wiring to separately install the Servo Drive and Servomotor to moving and fixed parts of the equipment. Equipment damage may result.
- Connect the Servo Drive to the Servomotor without a contactor, etc. Malfunction or equipment damage may result.
- Wire the cables correctly and securely. Runaway motor, unintended operation of a brake, injury, or failure may result.
- Take appropriate and sufficient countermeasures to provide shielding when installing systems in the following locations. Failure may result.
  Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise
  Locations subject to strong electromagnetic fields
  Locations subject to possible exposure to radioactivity
  Locations close to power lines
- Be careful when you lock the lever of a connector. You may get your finger caught in that.

Precautions for Correct Use

General Precaution

- When unpacking, transporting, or installing the products, observe the following instructions. Injury or failure may result.
  a) When lifting the products, do not drop the products.

b) Do not grasp a plastic part of the product.
c) When lifting a Servomotor, always lift the product by grasping a metal part other than the shaft.
d) When lifting the products at 20 kg or more, always have two people lift the products.
Relevant Servomotor models: R88M-1M2K010T0-B□, R88M-1M3K010T-□, R88M-1M2K010C-B□, R88M-1M3K010C-□, R88M-1M4K015T-□, R88M-1M5K015T-□, R88M-1M4K015C-□, R88M-1M5K515C-□, R88M-1M7K515T-□, R88M-1M7K515C-□, R88M-1M11K015T-□, R88M-1M11K015C-□, R88M-1M15K015T-□, R88M-1M15K015C-□
Relevant motor power cable models: R88A-CA1E050S, R88A-CA1E040B, R88A-CA1E050B, R88A-CA1F040S, R88A-CA1F050S, R88A-CA1F040SF, R88A-CA1F050SF, R88A-CA1K020SF, R88A-CA1F040B, R88A-CA1F050B, R88A-CA1F040BF, R88A-CA1F050BF, R88A-CA1K020BF, R88A-CA1KE20BF
e) When lifting a Servo Drive with the following the product model, always have two people lift the product by grasping a terminal block at the upper/bottom side of Servo Drive. Do not grasp a plastic part and a connector.
Relevant model: R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51
f) When lifting a Servo Drive with the following the product model, always have two people lift the product by holding grips at the upper/bottom side of a Servo Drives. Do not grasp a plastic part and a connector.
Relevant model: R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51

Transporting and Unpacking

- Check that the eye bolts are not loose after replacing them. If they are loose, the screws can come off and the Servomotor may fall during the transportation by the use of eye bolts. Do not put the human body under the Servomotor during the transportation.

Installation

- Be sure to observe the mounting direction. Failure may result.
- Provide the specified clearance between the Servo Drive and the inner surface of the control panel or other equipment. Fire or failure may result.
- Do not apply strong impact on the motor shaft, connectors and Servo Drive. Failure may result.
- Do not touch the key grooves with bare hands if the Servomotor with shaft-end key grooves is used. Injury may result.
- Use non-magnetic mounting screws. Note also that the depth of any mounted screw does not reach the effective thread length. Equipment damage may result.
- Be sure to observe the allowable axial load for the Servomotor. Equipment damage may result.
- Install equipment to prevent crash and reduce shock. Do not run the Servomotor outside the operable range by the use of the drive prohibition function such as overtravel. Crash against the stroke edge may occur depending on stopping distance and equipment damage may result.
- Do not block the intake or exhaust openings. Do not allow foreign objects to enter the Servo Drive. Fire may result.
- Secure a sufficient rigidity when you install a Servomotor into equipment. Equipment damage or malfunction may result.

Wiring

- Tighten the mounting screws, terminal block screws, cable screws and shield clamp bracket screws for the Servo Drive, Servomotor, and peripheral equipment to the specified torque. Failure may result.
- Use crimp terminals to wire screw type terminal blocks. Do not connect bare stranded wires directly to terminals blocks. Fire may result.
- Always use the power supply voltage specified in this document. Burning may result.
- Do not apply a commercial power supply directly to the Servomotor. Fire or failure may result.
- Disconnect all connections to the Servo Drive and Servomotor before attempting a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) on the Servo Drive or Servomotor. Not doing so may result in Servo Drive or Servomotor failure. Do not perform a dielectric strength test on the Servo Drive or Servomotor. Doing so may result in damage of the internal elements.
- Carefully perform the wiring and assembling. Injury may result.
- Wear the protective equipment when installing or removing the main circuit connector, main circuit connector A, main circuit connector B, main circuit connector E, control power supply connector, or motor connector. Do not apply a force after the protrusion of the connector opener reaches the bottom dead center. (As a guide, do not apply a force of 100 N or more.)
- Do not block the intake or exhaust openings. Do not allow foreign objects to enter the Servo Drive. Fire may result.
- Be sure to install surge suppressors when you connect a load with an induction coil such as a relay to the control output terminal. Malfunction or equipment damage may result.
- Do not hammer or apply any impact on connectors. Damage may result.
- Be sure to attach a shield clamp by the specified method. Electric shock may result.

Adjustment

- Install an immediate stop device externally to the machine so that the operation can be stopped and the power supply is cut off immediately. Injury may result.
- Do not adjust or set parameters to extreme values, because it will make the operation unstable. Injury may result.
- If a problem occurs in serial communications or the computer during a test operation, you have no means to stop the Servomotor. Connect an externally installed emergency stop switch, etc. to the Error Stop Input of the general-purpose input so that the Servomotor can be stopped without fail.
- When using the Servomotor with key, run the Servomotor in a state in which the key cannot jump out of the shaft. Not doing so may result in hurting people around the equipment due to the jumping key.

Operation Check

- Do not adjust or set parameters to extreme values, because it will make the operation unstable. Injury may result.
- Do not drive the Servomotor by the use of an external drive source. Fire may result.

Usage

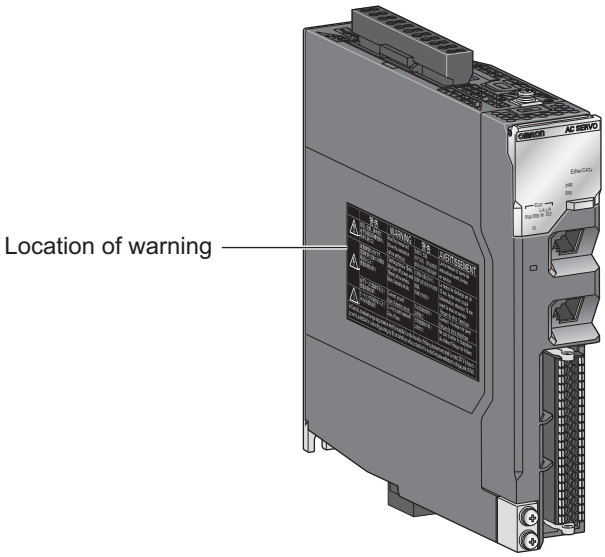
- Tighten the mounting screws, terminal block screws, cable screws and shield clamp bracket screws for the Servo Drive, Servomotor, and peripheral equipment to the specified torque. Failure may result.
- Install a stopping device on the machine to ensure safety.
  The holding brake is not a stopping device to ensure safety. Injury may result.
- Install an immediate stop device externally to the machine so that the operation can be stopped and the power supply is cut off immediately. Injury may result.
- Conduct a test operation after confirming that the equipment is not affected. Equipment damage may result.
- Do not use the built-in brake of the Servomotor for normal braking operation. Failure may result.
- After an earthquake, be sure to conduct safety checks. Electric shock, injury, or fire may result.
- Connect an emergency stop (immediate stop) relay in series with the brake interlock output. Injury or failure may result.
- Do not use the cable when it is laying in oil or water. Electric shock, injury, or fire may result.
- Install safety devices to prevent idling or locking of the electromagnetic brake or the gear head, or leakage of grease from the gear head. Injury, damage, or taint damage result.
- Be sure to turn OFF the power supply when not using the Servo Drive for a prolonged period of time. Not doing so may result in injury or malfunction.
- If the Servomotor is not controlled, it may not be possible to maintain the stop. To ensure safety, install a stop device. Equipment damage or injury may result.
- Periodically run the Servomotor approximately one rotation when the oscillation operation continues at a small angle of 45° or smaller. Servomotor failure may result.
- When a difference between a position indicated by the Servo Drive before the power supply OFF and a position after the power supply ON is one rotation or more, check that devices are placed in appropriate areas.
- Immediately stop the operation and cut off the power supply when unusual smell, noise, smoking, abnormal heat generation, or vibration occurs. Not doing so may result in Servo Drive or Servomotor damage or burning.
- Fully check the shaft when you reset a brake interlock from PC tool.

Maintenance

- After replacing the Servo Drive, transfer to the new Servo Drive all data needed to resume operation, before restarting operation. Equipment damage may result.
- Do not repair the Servo Drive by disassembling it. Electric shock or injury may result.

Location of Warning Display

The Servo Drive bears a warning label at the following location to provide handling warnings.
When you handle the Servo Drive, be sure to observe the instructions provided on this label.



Instructions on Warning Display

	警告	WARNING	警告	AVERTISSEMENT
	使用、般置、保守前に必ず取扱説明書を読み、指示に従うこと	Read the manual and follow the instruction before setting up.	在使用、安装、维护之前，请务必按照使用说明书的指示操作	Lire le manuel et suivre les instructions avant la mise en service.
	放電時間は15分です。電源を切った後.15分間は触らないこと！感電の恐れあり！	Discharge time is 15min. After turn off power, wait 15min before service. Risk of electric shock.	电容放电需15分钟。切断电源15分钟内请勿触摸。有触电的危险!	Le temps de décharge est de 15 min. Après avoir coupé l'alimentation, attendez 15 min avant la mise en service. Risque de choc électrique.
	必ずアースに配線すること！感電の恐れあり	Connect ground! Risk of electric shock.	务必安装接地线！以防触电	Connecter la mise à la terre! Risque de choc electrique
	ヒートシンクに触らないこと！やけどの恐れあり	Do not touch heatsink! Risk of burn.	请勿触摸散热器！以防灼伤	Ne pas toucher le dissipateur de chaleur! Risque de brûlure.
In Canada, transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated Impulse withstand voltage peak of 6 kV.				

Note The above is an example of warning display.

Disposal

Comply with the local ordinance and regulations when disposing of the product.

Dispose of in accordance with WEEE Directive

Items to Check After Unpacking

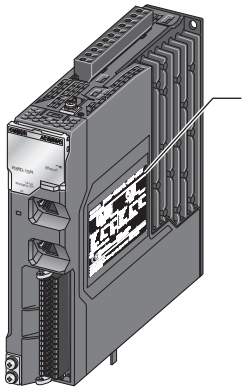
After you unpack the product, check the following items.

- Is this the model you ordered?
- Was there any damage sustained during shipment?

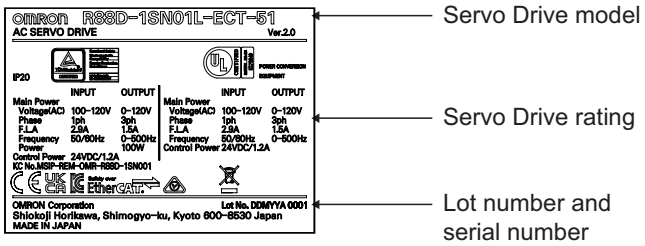
Servo Drive

Nameplate of Servo Drive

The model, rating, and lot number of the 1S-series Servo Drive are given on the product nameplate.



Name plate example: 100 VAC 100 W Servo Drive



The notifications and their meanings of lot number and serial number are explained below.

- Capacity 3 kW or less:
  Notation: Lot No. DDMYY□××××
  DDMYY: Lot number, □: For use by OMRON, ××××: Serial number
  DD gives the date.
  “M” gives the month. (1 to 9: January to September, X: October, Y: November, Z: December)
  YY gives the last two digits of the year.
- Capacity 5.5 kW or more:
  Notation: Lot No. MMYYDD□×××
  MMYYDD: Lot number, □: For use by OMRON, ×××: Serial number
  MM gives the month.
  YY gives the last two digits of the year.
  DD gives the date.

Accessories of Servo Drive

This product comes with the following accessories.

- INSTRUCTION MANUAL × 1 copy
- Supplement to INSTRUCTION MANUAL × 1 copy
- Warning label × 1 sheet
- General Compliance Information and instructions for EU × 1 copy
- Attached connectors (Depends on the model. Refer to the following table.)

When UL/CSA certification is required, attach the warning label to a place around the Servo Drive.

Connectors, mounting screws, mounting brackets, and other accessories other than those in the table below are not supplied. They must be prepared by the customer.
If any item is missing or a problem is found such as Servo Drive damage, contact the OMRON dealer or sales office where you purchased your product.

Specifications		Control I/O connector (CN1)	Brake interlock connector (CN12)	Main circuit connector and main circuit connector A (CNA)
Single-phase 100 VAC	100 W	Included*1	Included	Included*2*4
	200 W			
	400 W			
Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC	100 W			
	200 W			
	400 W			
	750 W			
	1.5 kW			Included*3*4
3-phase 200 VAC	1 kW			Included*2*4
	2 kW			Included*3*4
	3 kW			
	5.5 kW			Included*3
	7.5 kW			
	15 kW			---
3-phase 400 VAC	600 W			Included*3*4
	1 kW			
	1.5 kW			
	2 kW			
	3 kW			
	5.5 kW			Included*3
	7.5 kW			
	15 kW			Included

*1. Four short-circuit wires are connected.
*2. Two short-circuit wires are connected.
*3. One short-circuit wire is connected.
*4. One opener is included.

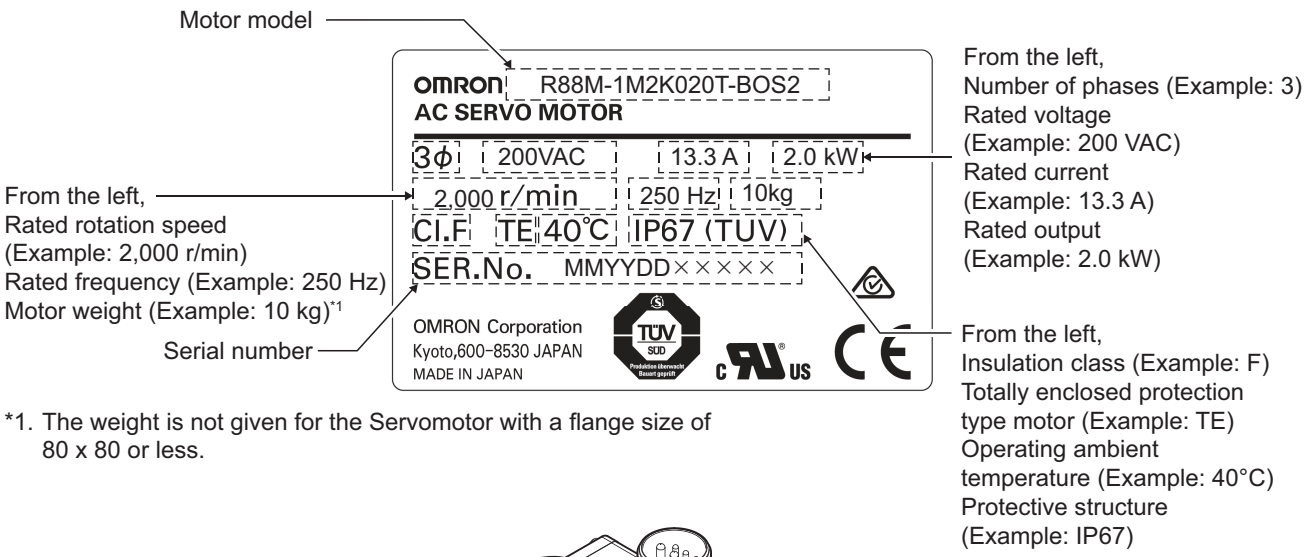
Specifications		Main circuit connector B (CNB)	Motor connector (CNC)	Control power supply connector (CND)	Main circuit connector E (CNE)
Single-phase 100 VAC	100 W	---	Included*2	---	---
	200 W				
	400 W				
Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC	100 W				
	200 W				
	400 W				
	750 W				
	1.5 kW	Included*1*3	Included*3	Included*4	
3-phase 200 VAC	1 kW	---	Included*2	---	
	2 kW	Included*1*3	Included*3	Included*4	
	3 kW				
	5.5 kW			Included	Included*1
	7.5 kW				
	15 kW	Included*5	---		
3-phase 400 VAC	600 W	Included*1*3	Included*3	Included*4	---
	1 kW				
	1.5 kW				
	2 kW				
	3 kW				
	5.5 kW			Included	Included*1
	7.5 kW				
	15 kW	Included*5			

*1. One short-circuit wire is connected.
*2. The connector with 3 terminals is included.
*3. The connector with 4 terminals is included.
*4. One opener is included.
*5. The connector with 2 terminals is included.

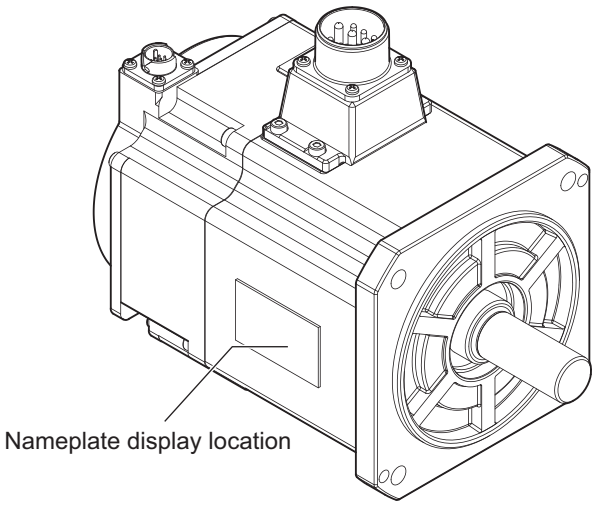
Servomotor

Nameplate of Servomotor

The model, rating and serial number of the 1S-series Servomotor are given on the product nameplate.



*1. The weight is not given for the Servomotor with a flange size of 80 x 80 or less.



The notation and their meaning of serial number are explained below.

Notation: SER.No. MMYYDD×××××

- MM gives the month.
- YY gives the last two digits of the year.
- DD gives the date.
- ××××× gives the serial number.

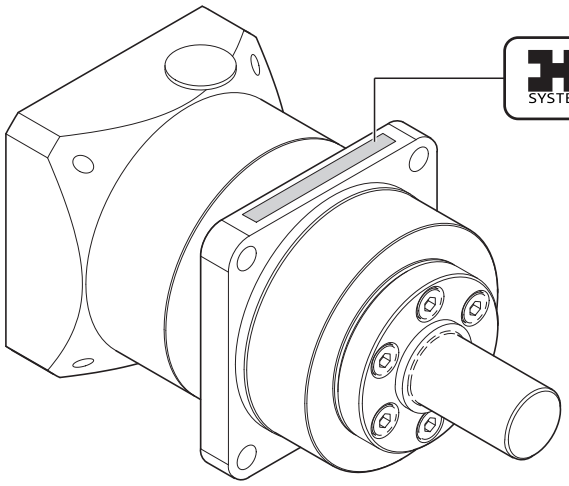
Accessories of Servomotor

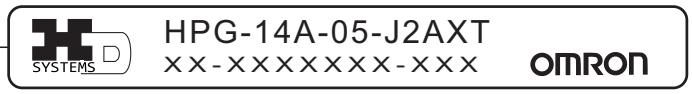
This product comes with an instruction manual.

Decelerator (Backlash: 3 Arcminutes Max.)

For Decelerators (backlash: 3 arcminutes max.), the model number given on the nameplate does not match the model number of the Decelerator. Therefore, refer to the following table for correspondence between the model numbers on nameplates and Decelerators.

Example of nameplate: 200-W Decelerator (backlash: 3 arcminutes max., reduction ratio: 1/5) for 3,000-r/min Servomotors





Upper row: Model on nameplate
Lower row: Serial No. (the OMRON logo at the end)

The model on nameplate HPG-14A-05-J2AXT corresponds to the decelerator model HPG14A05200B.

● Decelerator (backlash: 3 arcminutes max.) for 3,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications		Without key		With key and tap	
Servo-motor rated output	Reduc-tion ratio	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate
50 W	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B	HPG-14A-21-J2ABK	R88G-HPG14A21100BJ	HPG-14A-21-J6ABK
	1/33	R88G-HPG14A33050B	HPG-14A-33-J2ABL	R88G-HPG14A33050BJ	HPG-14A-33-J6ABL
	1/45	R88G-HPG14A45050B	HPG-14A-45-J2ABL	R88G-HPG14A45050BJ	HPG-14A-45-J6ABL
100 W	1/5	R88G-HPG11B05100B	HPG-11B-05-J2ADG	R88G-HPG11B05100BJ	HPG-11B-05-J6ADG
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11100B	HPG-14A-11-J2ABK	R88G-HPG14A11100BJ	HPG-14A-11-J6ABK
	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B	HPG-14A-21-J2ABK	R88G-HPG14A21100BJ	HPG-14A-21-J6ABK
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33100B	HPG-20A-33-J2JBLA	R88G-HPG20A33100BJ	HPG-20A-33-J6JBLA
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45100B	HPG-20A-45-J2JBLA	R88G-HPG20A45100BJ	HPG-20A-45-J6JBLA
200 W	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05200B	HPG-14A-05-J2AXT	R88G-HPG14A05200BJ	HPG-14A-05-J6AXT
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11200B	HPG-14A-11-J2AXU	R88G-HPG14A11200BJ	HPG-14A-11-J6AXU
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21200B	HPG-20A-21-J2GDH	R88G-HPG20A21200BJ	HPG-20A-21-J6GDH
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33200B	HPG-20A-33-J2GDI	R88G-HPG20A33200BJ	HPG-20A-33-J6GDI
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45200B	HPG-20A-45-J2GDI	R88G-HPG20A45200BJ	HPG-20A-45-J6GDI

Specifications		Without key		With key and tap	
Servo-motor rated output	Reduc-tion ratio	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate
400 W	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05400B	HPG-14A-05-J2AXW	R88G-HPG14A05400BJ	HPG-14A-05-J6AXW
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11400B	HPG-20A-11-J2GDK	R88G-HPG20A11400BJ	HPG-20A-11-J6GDK
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21400B	HPG-20A-21-J2GDK	R88G-HPG20A21400BJ	HPG-20A-21-J6GDK
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33400B	HPG-32A-33-J2NELA	R88G-HPG32A33400BJ	HPG-32A-33-J6NELA
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400B	HPG-32A-45-J2NELA	R88G-HPG32A45400BJ	HPG-32A-45-J6NELA
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG20A05750B	HPG-20A-05-J2FFO	R88G-HPG20A05750BJ	HPG-20A-05-J6FFO
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11750B	HPG-20A-11-J2FFP	R88G-HPG20A11750BJ	HPG-20A-11-J6FFP
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A21750B	HPG-32A-21-J2NAI	R88G-HPG32A21750BJ	HPG-32A-21-J6NAI
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33750B	HPG-32A-33-J2NAJ	R88G-HPG32A33750BJ	HPG-32A-33-J6NAJ
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45750B	HPG-32A-45-J2NAJ	R88G-HPG32A45750BJ	HPG-32A-45-J6NAJ
750 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2NFG	R88G-HPG32A052K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6NFG
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B	HPG-32A-11-J2NFH	R88G-HPG32A112K0BJ	HPG-32A-11-J6NFH
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B	HPG-32A-21-J2NFI	R88G-HPG32A211K5BJ	HPG-32A-21-J6NFI
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB	HPG-32A-33-J2NFJ	R88G-HPG32A33600SBJ	HPG-32A-33-J6NFJ
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B	HPG-50A-45-J2ADBA	R88G-HPG50A451K5BJ	HPG-50A-45-J6ADBA
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2NFG	R88G-HPG32A052K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6NFG
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B	HPG-32A-11-J2NFH	R88G-HPG32A112K0BJ	HPG-32A-11-J6NFH
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B	HPG-32A-21-J2NFI	R88G-HPG32A211K5BJ	HPG-32A-21-J6NFI
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B	HPG-50A-33-J2ADBA	R88G-HPG50A332K0BJ	HPG-50A-33-J6ADBA
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B	HPG-50A-45-J2ADBA	R88G-HPG50A451K5BJ	HPG-50A-45-J6ADBA

Specifications		Without key		With key and tap	
Servo-motor rated output	Reduc-tion ratio	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2NFG	R88G-HPG32A052K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6NFG
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B	HPG-32A-11-J2NFH	R88G-HPG32A112K0BJ	HPG-32A-11-J6NFH
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B	HPG-32A-21-J2NFI	R88G-HPG32A211K5BJ	HPG-32A-21-J6NFI
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B	HPG-50A-33-J2ADBA	R88G-HPG50A332K0BJ	HPG-50A-33-J6ADBA
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B	HPG-50A-45-J2ADBA	R88G-HPG50A451K5BJ	HPG-50A-45-J6ADBA
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2NFG	R88G-HPG32A052K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6NFG
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B	HPG-32A-11-J2NFH	R88G-HPG32A112K0BJ	HPG-32A-11-J6NFH
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0B	HPG-50A-21-J2ADBA	R88G-HPG50A212K0BJ	HPG-50A-21-J6ADBA
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B	HPG-50A-33-J2ADBA	R88G-HPG50A332K0BJ	HPG-50A-33-J6ADBA
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2MCK	R88G-HPG32A053K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6MCK
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A113K0B	HPG-50A-11-J2AABB	R88G-HPG50A113K0BJ	HPG-50A-11-J6AABB
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B	HPG-50A-21-J2AABB	R88G-HPG50A213K0BJ	HPG-50A-21-J6AABB
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2PAO	R88G-HPG32A054K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6PAO
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B	HPG-50A-11-J2BADC	R88G-HPG50A115K0BJ	HPG-50A-11-J6BADC
4.7 kW 5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0B	HPG-50A-05-J2BACC	R88G-HPG50A055K0BJ	HPG-50A-05-J6BACC
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B	HPG-50A-11-J2BADC	R88G-HPG50A115K0BJ	HPG-50A-11-J6BADC

● Decelerator (backlash: 3 arcminutes max.) for 2,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications		Without key		With key and tap	
Servo-motor rated output	Reduc-tion ratio	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate
400 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2NFG	R88G-HPG32A052K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6NFG
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B	HPG-32A-11-J2NFH	R88G-HPG32A112K0BJ	HPG-32A-11-J6NFH
	1/21	R88GHPG32A211K5B	HPG-32A-21-J2NFI	R88G-HPG32A211K5BJ	HPG-32A-21-J6NFI
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB	HPG-32A-33-J2NFJ	R88G-HPG32A33600SBJ	HPG-32A-33-J6NFJ
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400SB	HPG-32A-45-J2NFJ	R88G-HPG32A45400SBJ	HPG-32A-45-J6NFJ
600 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2NFG	R88G-HPG32A052K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6NFG
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B	HPG-32A-11-J2NFH	R88G-HPG32A112K0BJ	HPG-32A-11-J6NFH
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B	HPG-32A-21-J2NFI	R88GHPG32A211K5BJ	HPG-32A-21-J6NFI
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB	HPG-32A-33-J2NFJ	R88G-HPG32A33600SBJ	HPG-32A-33-J6NFJ
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B	HPG-50A-45-J2ADBA	R88G-HPG50A451K5BJ	HPG-50A-45-J6ADBA
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2MCK	R88G-HPG32A053K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6MCK
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB	HPG-32A-11-J2MCL	R88G-HPG32A112K0SBJ	HPG-32A-11-J6MCL
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K0SB	HPG-32A-21-J2MCM	R88G-HPG32A211K0SBJ	HPG-32A-21-J6MCM
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB	HPG-50A-33-J2AABB	R88G-HPG50A332K0SBJ	HPG-50A-33-J6AABB
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K0SB	HPG-50A-45-J2AABB	R88G-HPG50A451K0SBJ	HPG-50A-45-J6AABB
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2MCK	R88G-HPG32A053K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6MCK
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB	HPG-32A-11-J2MCL	R88G-HPG32A112K0SBJ	HPG-32A-11-J6MCL
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B	HPG-50A-21-J2AABB	R88G-HPG50A213K0BJ	HPG-50A-21-J6AABB
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB	HPG-50A-33-J2AABB	R88G-HPG50A332K0SBJ	HPG-50A-33-J6AABB

Specifications		Without key		With key and tap	
Servo-motor rated output	Reduc-tion ratio	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2MCK	R88G-HPG32A053K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6MCK
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB	HPG-32A-11-J2MCL	R88G-HPG32A112K0SBJ	HPG-32A-11-J6MCL
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B	HPG-50A-21-J2AABB	R88G-HPG50A213K0BJ	HPG-50A-21-J6AABB
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB	HPG-50A-33-J2AABB	R88G-HPG50A332K0SBJ	HPG-50A-33-J6AABB
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B	HPG-32A-05-J2PAO	R88G-HPG32A054K0BJ	HPG-32A-05-J6PAO
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B	HPG-50A-11-J2BADC	R88G-HPG50A115K0BJ	HPG-50A-11-J6BADC
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0SB	HPG-50A-21-J2BADC	R88G-HPG50A213K0SBJ	HPG-50A-21-J6BADC
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A253K0SB	HPG-65A-25-J2BACC	R88G-HPG65A253K0SBJ	HPG-65A-25-J6BACC

● Decelerator (backlash: 3 arcminutes max.) for 1,500-r/min Servomotors

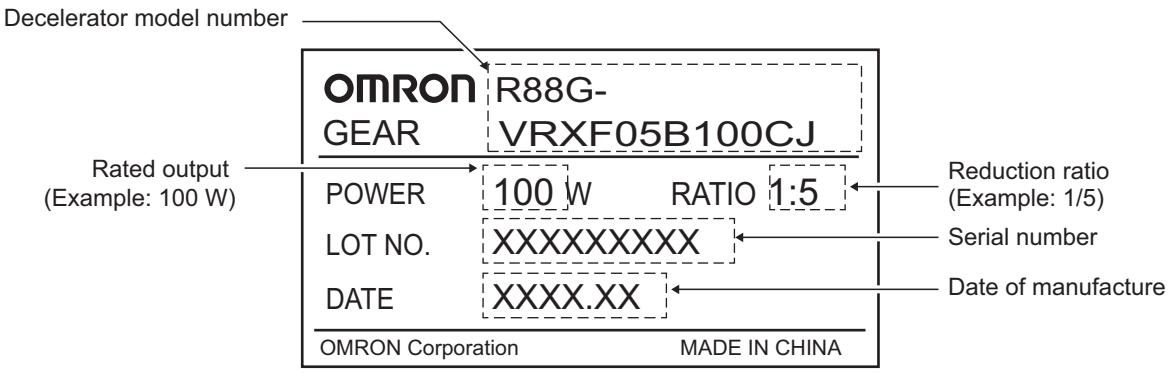
Specifications		Without key		With key and tap	
Servo-motor rated output	Reduc-tion ratio	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB	HPG-50A-05-J2EBCH	R88G-HPG50A055K0SBJ	HPG-50A-05-J6EBCH
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB	HPG-50A-11-J2EBDH	R88G-HPG50A115K0SBJ	HPG-50A-11-J6EBDH
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB	HPG-65A-20-J2EBCH	R88G-HPG65A205K0SBJ	HPG-65A-20-J6EBCH
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB	HPG-65A-25-J2EBCH	R88G-HPG65A255K0SBJ	HPG-65A-25-J6EBCH
5 kW 5.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A054K5TB	HPG-50A-05-J2EBCG	R88G-HPG50A054K5TBJ	HPG-50A-05-J6EBCG
	1/12	R88G-HPG65A127K5SB	HPG-65A-12-J2CBAI	R88G-HPG65A127K5SBJ	HPG-65A-12-J6CBAI
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A204K5TB	HPG-65A-20-J2CBAI	R88G-HPG65A204K5TBJ	HPG-65A-20-J6CBAI

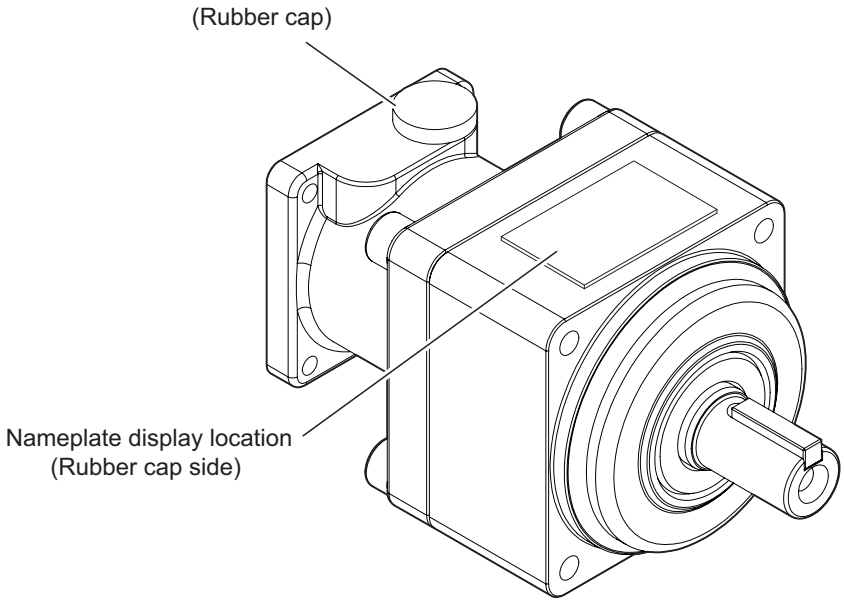
● Decelerator (backlash: 3 arcminutes max.) for 1,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications		Without key		With key and tap	
Servo-motor rated output	Reduc-tion ratio	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate	Decelerator model	Model on nameplate
900 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A05900TB	HPG-32A-05-J2PAK	R88G-HPG32A05900TBJ	HPG-32A-05-J6PAK
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A11900TB	HPG-32A-11-J2PAL	R88G-HPG32A11900TBJ	HPG-32A-11-J6PAL
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A21900TB	HPG-50A-21-J2BADB	R88G-HPG50A21900TBJ	HPG-50A-21-J6BADB
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A33900TB	HPG-50A-33-J2BADB	R88G-HPG50A33900TBJ	HPG-50A-33-J6BADB
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0TB	HPG-32A-05-J2PBS	R88G-HPG32A052K0TBJ	HPG-32A-05-J6PBS
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A112K0TB	HPG-50A-11-J2BBDH	R88G-HPG50A112K0TBJ	HPG-50A-11-J6BBDH
	1/21	R88GHPG50A212K0TB	HPG-50A-21-J2BBDH	R88G-HPG50A212K0TBJ	HPG-50A-21-J6BBDH
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB	HPG-65A-25-J2EBCH	R88G-HPG65A255K0SBJ	HPG-65A-25-J6EBCH
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB	HPG-50A-05-J2EBCH	R88G-HPG50A055K0SBJ	HPG-50A-05-J6EBCH
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB	HPG-50A-11-J2EBDH	R88G-HPG50A115K0SBJ	HPG-50A-11-J6EBDH
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB	HPG-65A-20-J2EBCH	R88GHPG65A205K0SBJ	HPG-65A-20-J6EBCH
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB	HPG-65A-25-J2EBCH	R88G-HPG65A255K0SBJ	HPG-65A-25-J6EBCH

Decelerator (Backlash: 15 Arcminutes Max.)

For Decelerators (backlash: 15 arcminutes max.), the product nameplate indicates the model number, rated output, reduction ratio, serial number, and date of manufacture.





Motor Power Cable

The following product models come with a shield clamp. The shield clamp is used for mounting to a Servo Drive. Keep it until the use.

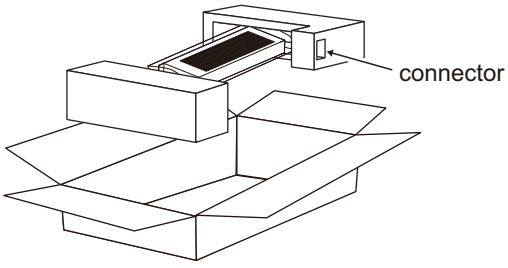
Applicable models: R88A-CA1H□□□□F, R88A-CA1J□□□□F, R88A-CA1K□□□□F

As for a shield clamp, refer to *Shield Clamp* on page 44.

External Regeneration Resistor Unit

The following product models come with an instruction manual and a connector. Use the connector when wiring an external regeneration resistance unit to a Servo Drive.

Applicable models: R88A-RR550□



External Dynamic Brake Resistor

This product comes with an instruction manual and two connectors to extend a wiring.

Shield Clamp

This product comes with two screws (M4×12) for mounting.

Related Manuals

The following are the manuals related to this manual. Use these manuals for reference.

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NX-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W535	NX701-□□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NX701 CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware information is provided.	An introduction to the entire NX701 system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. • Features and system configuration • Introduction • Part names and functions • General specifications • Installation and wiring • Maintenance and inspection
NX-series NX502 CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W629	NX502-□□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NX502 CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware information is provided.	An introduction to the entire NX502 system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. • Features and system configuration • Introduction • Part names and functions • General specifications • Installation and wiring • Maintenance and inspection
NX-series NX102 CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W593	NX102-□□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NX102 CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware information is provided.	An introduction to the entire NX102 system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. • Features and system configuration • Introduction • Part names and functions • General specifications • Installation and wiring • Maintenance and inspection
NX-series NX1P2 CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W578	NX1P2-□□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NX1P2 CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware information is provided.	An introduction to the entire NX1P2 system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. • Features and system configuration • Introduction • Part names and functions • General specifications • Installation and wiring • Maintenance and inspection

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W500	NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NJ-series CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware information is provided.	An introduction to the entire NJ-series system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. • Features and system configuration • Introduction • Part names and functions • General specifications • Installation and wiring • Maintenance and inspection
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	W501	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Learning how to program and set up an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Mainly software information is provided.	The following information is provided on a Controller built with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. • CPU Unit operation • CPU Unit features • Initial settings • Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language specifications
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT® Port User's Manual	W505	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Using the built-in EtherCAT port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	Information on the built-in EtherCAT port is provided. This manual provides an introduction and provides information on the configuration, features, and setup.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	W507	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Learning about motion control settings and programming concepts.	The settings and operation of the CPU Unit and programming concepts for motion control are described.
NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual	Z930	NX-SL□□□□ NX-SI□□□□ NX-SO□□□□	Learning how to use NX-series Safety Control Units.	Describes the hardware, setup methods, and functions of the NX-series Safety Control Units.
Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual	W504	SYSMAC-SE2□□□	Learning about the operating procedures and functions of the Sysmac Studio.	Describes the operating procedures of the Sysmac Studio.
Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual	I589	SYSMAC-SE2□□□ SYSMAC-DE□□□L	Learning about the Servo Drive related functions of the Sysmac Studio.	Describes the Servo Drive related operating procedures and functions among those of the Sysmac Studio.
G9SP-series Safety Controller Operation Manual	Z922	G9SP-N10S G9SP-N10D G9SP-N20S	Learning how to use the G9SP-series safety Controllers.	Describes the hardware, setup methods and functions of the G9SP-series safety Controllers.

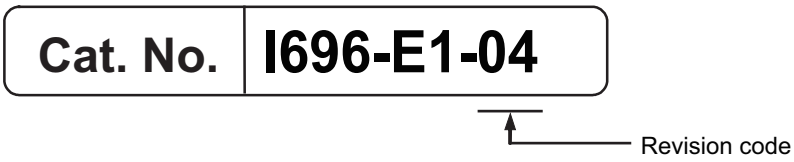
Terminology

Term	Abbreviation	Description
Index	---	Address of an object within an application process.
Object	---	Abstract representation of a particular component within a device, which consists of data, parameters, and methods.
Object Dictionary	OD	Data structure addressed by Index and Subindex that contains description of data type objects, communication objects and application objects.
Cable Redundancy Function	---	A function to continue communications with EtherCAT slaves even if a communications cable is broken in the EtherCAT communications path.
Service Data Object	SDO	CoE asynchronous mailbox communications where all objects in the object dictionary can be read and written.
Subindex	---	Sub-address of an object within the object dictionary.
Sync Manager	SM	Collection of control elements to coordinate access to concurrently used objects.
standard control	---	A type of control that use devices, functions, and data that are designed for general control purposes. This term is used to differentiate from a safety control.
safety control	---	A type of control that uses devices, functions, and data that are designed with special safety measures.
safe state	---	The status of a device or piece of equipment when the risk of danger to humans has been reduced to an acceptable level.
safety process data communications	---	A type of I/O data communications that is used for safety control purposes.
safety reaction time	---	The time required for the system to enter a safe state in a worst-case scenario after the occurrence of a safety-related input (press of an emergency stop pushbutton switch, interruption of a light curtain, opening of a safety door, etc.) or device failure. The reaction time of the system includes the reaction times of sensors and actuators, just like the reaction time for a Controller or network.
Distributed Clocks	DC	Method to synchronize slaves and maintain a global time base.
Device Profile	---	Collection of device dependent information and functionality providing consistency between similar devices of the same device type.
Fieldbus Memory Management Unit	FMMU	Single element of the fieldbus memory management unit: one correspondence between a coherent logical address space and a coherent physical memory location.

Term	Abbreviation	Description
Process Data	---	Collection of application objects designated to be transferred cyclically or acyclically for the purpose of measurement and control.
Process Data Object	PDO	Structure described by mapping parameters that contain one or several process data entities.
Receive PDO	RxPDO	A process data object received by an EtherCAT slave.
Transmit PDO	TxPDO	A process data object sent from an EtherCAT slave.
Physical Device Internal Interface	PDI	A series of elements to access data link services from the application layer.
Ring disconnection status	---	A status in which communications continue even if an EtherCAT physical layer link is disconnected in a ring topology on the EtherCAT system.
CAN in Automation	CiA	CiA is the international users' and manufacturers' group that develops and supports higher-layer protocols.
CAN application protocol over EtherCAT	CoE	A CAN application protocol service implemented on EtherCAT.
EtherCAT Technology Group	ETG	The ETG is a global organization in which OEM, End Users and Technology Providers join forces to support and promote the further technology development.
EtherCAT Slave Controller	ESC	A controller for EtherCAT slave communication.
EtherCAT State Machine	ESM	An EtherCAT communication state machine.
EtherCAT Slave Information	ESI	An XML file that contains setting information for an EtherCAT slave.
Safety over EtherCAT	FSoE	A system to communicate for the functional safety over EtherCAT.
Slave Information Interface	SII	Slave information stored in the nonvolatile memory of each slave.
Power Drive System	PDS	A power drive system consisting of a Servo Drive, an inverter, and other components.
Safety Related Application Parameter	SRA Parameter	Indicates objects related to the safety functions. Set the parameter by the setting tool of the safety controller. The parameter is retained by the safety controller. The data attribute of objects is "S". For more information, refer to *9-1 Object Description Format* on page 9-4.
Instance	---	When there are the several same functions independently in objects, each object is called as an instance. For example, there are eight instances "SS1 command 1 to SS1 command 8" in "SS1 command".
Standard Controller	---	Generic terms of a controller to perform standard control
Safety Controller	---	Generic terms of a controller to perform safety control

Revision History

The manual revision code is a number appended to the end of the catalog number found in the front and back covers.



Revision code	Date	Revised content
01	July 2024	Original production
02	March 2025	Corrected mistakes.
03	September 2025	• Revised for changes to the applicable standards. • Improved descriptions and corrected mistakes.
04	April 2026	• Revised for changes to SCCR (Short-Circuit Current Rating) specifications in accordance with UL/cUL standards.

1

Features and System Configuration

This section explains the features of the Servo Drive and name of each part.

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1-1 Outline

The 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions support 100-Mbps EtherCAT.
When you use the 1S-series Servo Drive with a Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, you can construct a high-speed and sophisticated positioning control system.
You need only one communications cable to connect the Servo Drive and the Controller. Therefore, you can realize a position control system easily with reduced wiring effort. In addition, the Servo Drive supports safety functions on the same network, you can easily build a safety system with minimal wiring.
With adjustment functions, adaptive notch filter, notch filter, and damping control, you can set up a system that provides stable operation by suppressing vibration in low-rigidity machines.
Moreover, with the two-degree-of-freedom (TDF) control structure, you can easily adjust high-precision positioning.

1-1-1 Features of 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions

The 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions have the following features.

Realization of More Efficient Production

The following three safety functions are provided: STO, SS1, and SLS. This product can improve not only equipment safety but also production efficiency by shortening production facility downtime.
By using it with other OMRON safety products, a device can be designed more easily.

Optimal Functionality and Operability by Standardizing Specifications

As a Sysmac Device, 1S-series Servo Drive with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions is designed to achieve optimum functionality and ease of operation when it is used together with the NJ/NX-series Machine Automation Controller and the Sysmac Studio Automation Software.

Sysmac Device is a generic term for OMRON control devices such as an EtherCAT Slave, designed with unified communications specifications and user interface specifications.

Data Transmission Using EtherCAT Communications

Combining the 1S-series Servo Drive with a Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit enables you to exchange all position information with the controller in high-speed data communications.

Since the various control commands are transmitted via data communications, Servomotor's operational performance is maximized without being limited by interface specifications such as the response frequency of the encoder feedback pulses.
You can use the Servo Drive's various control parameters and monitor data on a host controller, and unify the system data for management.

EtherCAT Communications Cycle of 125 µs

Combination with an NX7 Machine Automation Controller enables high-speed and high-precision motion control at the communications cycle of 125 µs.

High Equipment Utilization Efficiency with 400-V Models

The 400-V models are provided for use with large equipment, at overseas facilities and in wide-ranging applications and environment. Since the utilization ratio of facility equipment also increases, the TCO (Total Cost of Ownership) will come down.

Achievement of Safety on EtherCAT Network

You can use NX-series Safety Control Units to integrate safety controls in a sequence and motion control system.
The 1S-series Servo Drive with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions supports the FSoE (Safety over EtherCAT) protocol as the safety communications.
You can build the safety system that uses the safety functions from the safety controller on the EtherCAT network.

Suppressing Vibration of Low-rigidity Machines During Acceleration/Deceleration

The damping control function suppresses vibration of low-rigidity machines or devices whose tips tend to vibrate. The function can also be used for damping control for larger constructions as it supports vibration ranging from 0.5 to 300 Hz. You can maximize the performance of the Servomotor by adjusting the trade-off between the damping time and the amount of peak control.

Easy Adjustment with TDF Control Structure

The TDF control structure allows you to separately adjust the amount of overshooting and the resistance against disturbance. With this feature, you can easily achieve high-precision positioning, which is difficult to achieve with the one-degree-of-freedom (ODF) control.

1-1-2 EtherCAT

EtherCAT is an open high-speed industrial network system that conforms to Ethernet (IEEE 802.3). Each node achieves a short communications cycle time by transmitting Ethernet frames at high speed.

A mechanism that allows sharing clock information enables high-precision synchronization control with low communications jitter.

1-1-3 Object Dictionary

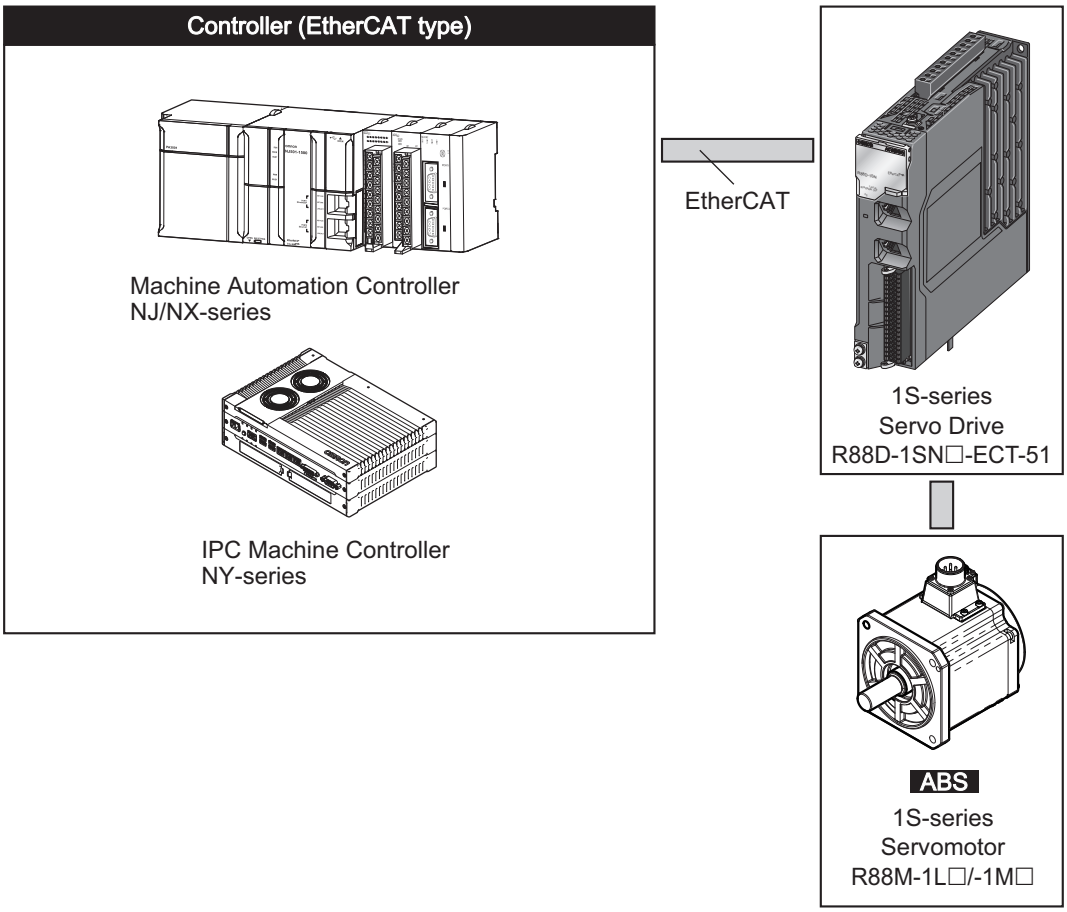
1S-series Servo Drives use the object dictionary for CAN application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE) as a base for communications.
An object is an abstract representation of a particular component within a device, which consists of data, parameters, and methods.
An object dictionary is a data structure that contains description of data type objects, communication objects and application objects.
All objects are assigned four-digit hexadecimal indexes in the areas shown in the following table.

Index (hex)	Area	Description
0000 to 0FFF	Data Type Area	Definitions of data types.
1000 to 1FFF	CoE Communications Area	Definitions of objects that can be used by all servers for designated communications.
2000 to 2FFF	Manufacturer Specific Area 1	Objects with common definitions for all OMRON products.
3000 to 5FFF	Manufacturer Specific Area 2	Objects with common definitions for all 1S-series Servo Drives (servo parameters).*1
6000 to DFFF	Device Profile Area	Variables defined in the Servo Drive's CiA402 drive profile.
E000 to EFFF	Device Profile Area 2	Objects defined in the Servo Drive's FSoE CiA402 slave connection.
F000 to FFFF	Device Area	Objects defined in a device.

*1. For details on servo parameters, refer to *Section 9 Details on Servo Parameters* on page 9-1.

1-2 System Configuration

The system configuration for a 1S-series Servo Drive with Built-in EtherCAT Communications is shown below.



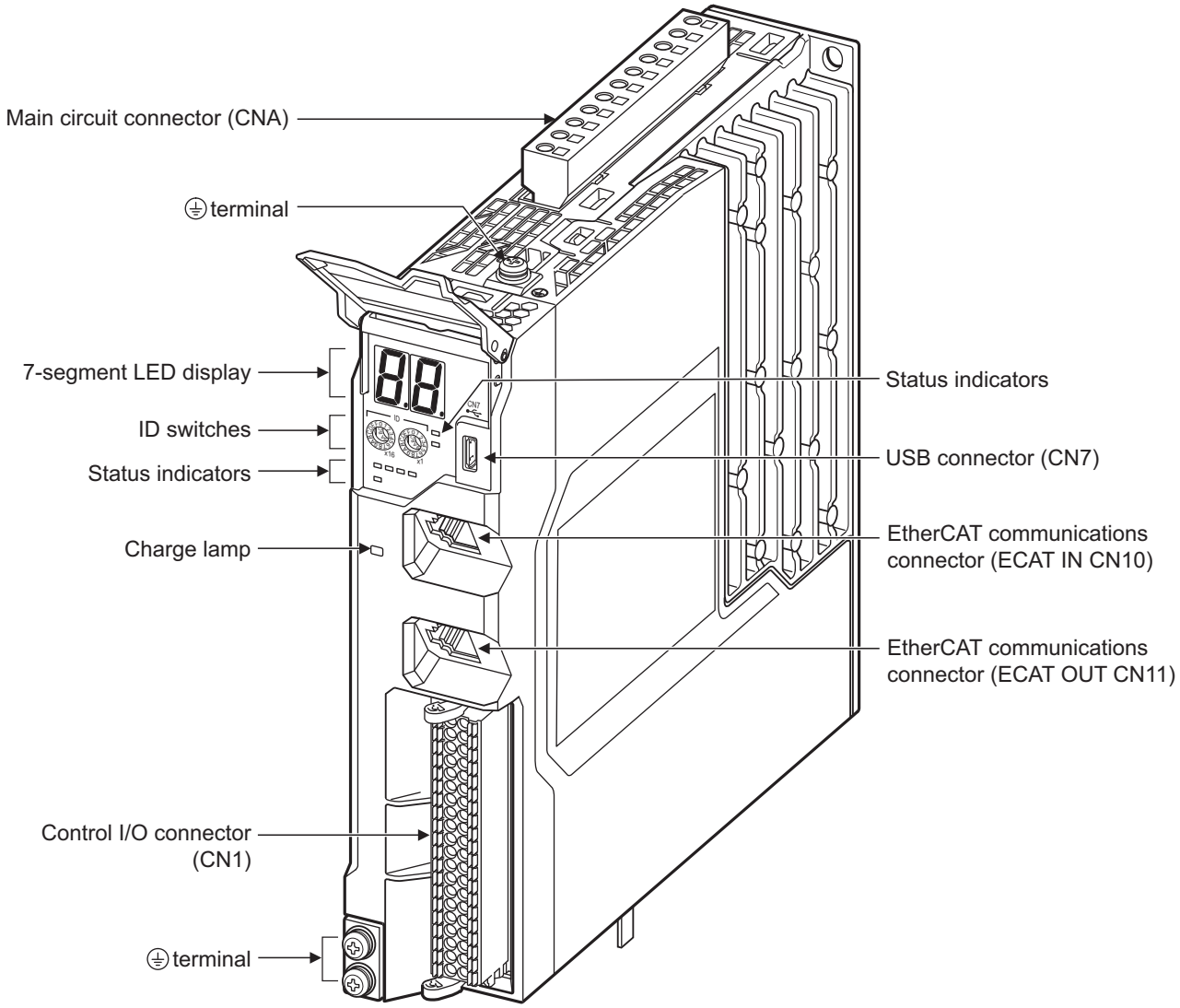
1-3 Names and Functions

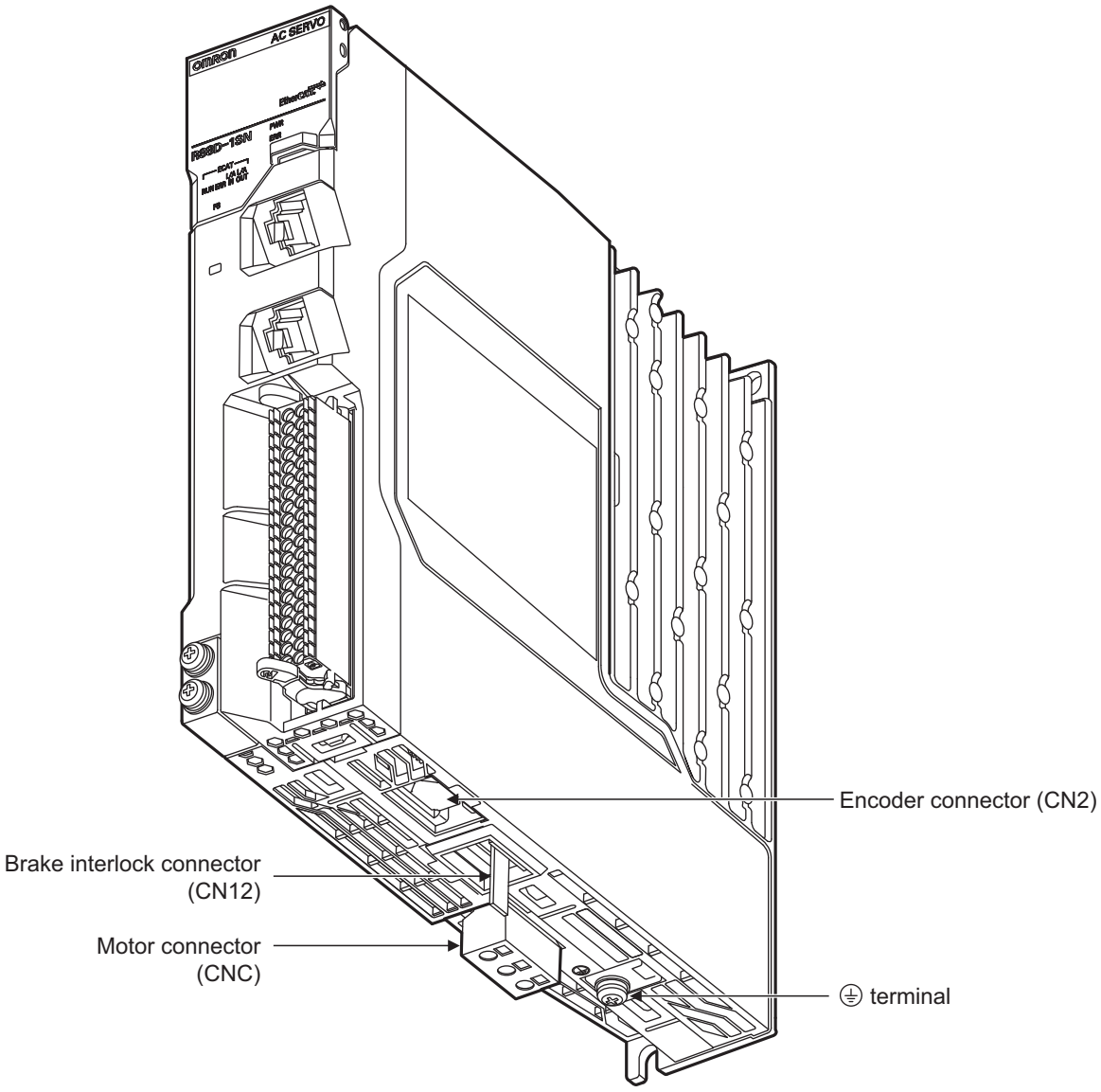
This section describes the names and functions of Servo Drive parts.

1-3-1 Servo Drive Part Names

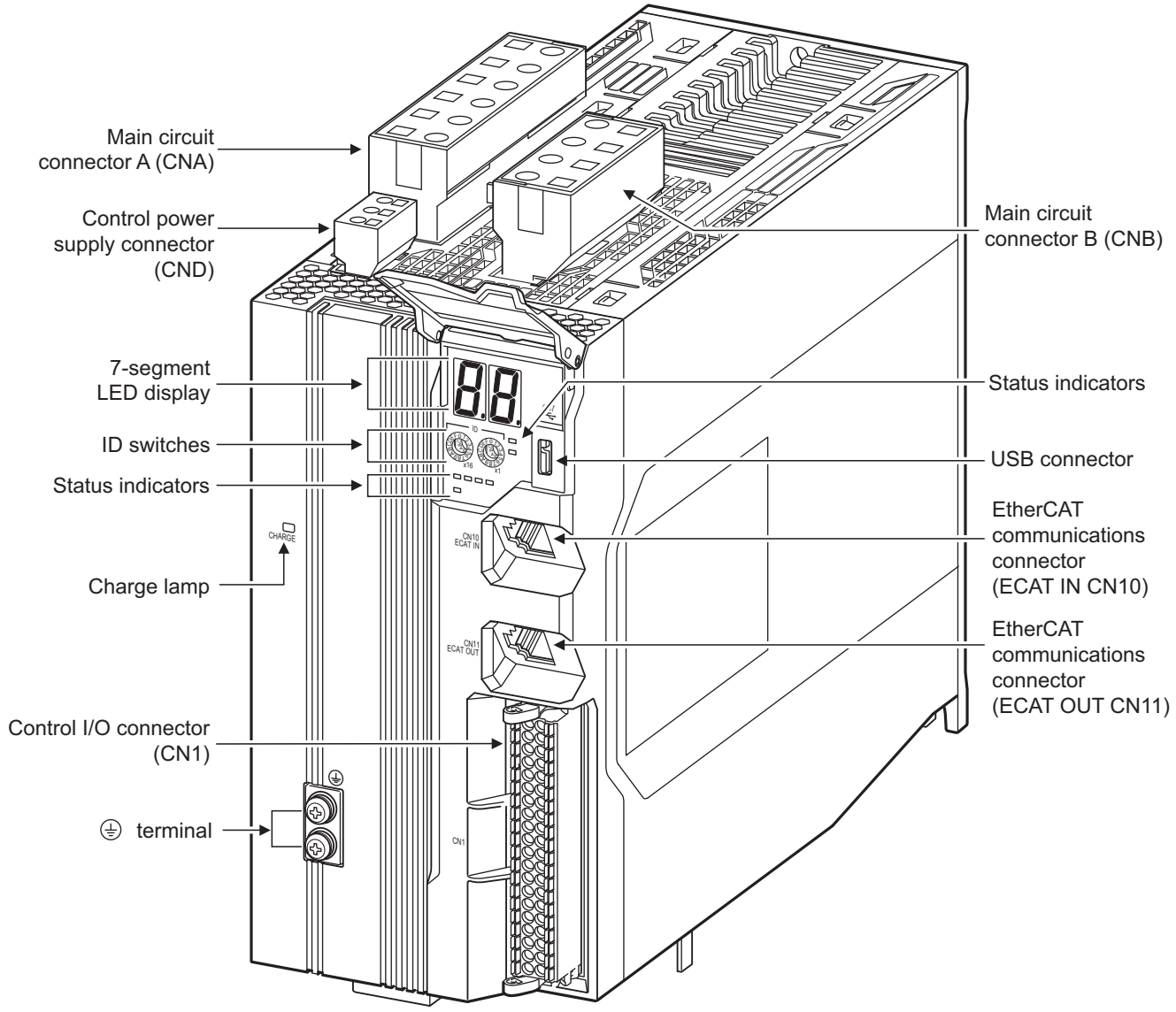
The Servo Drive part names are given below.

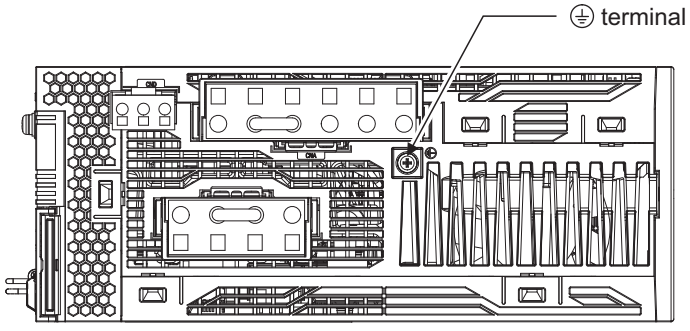
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51



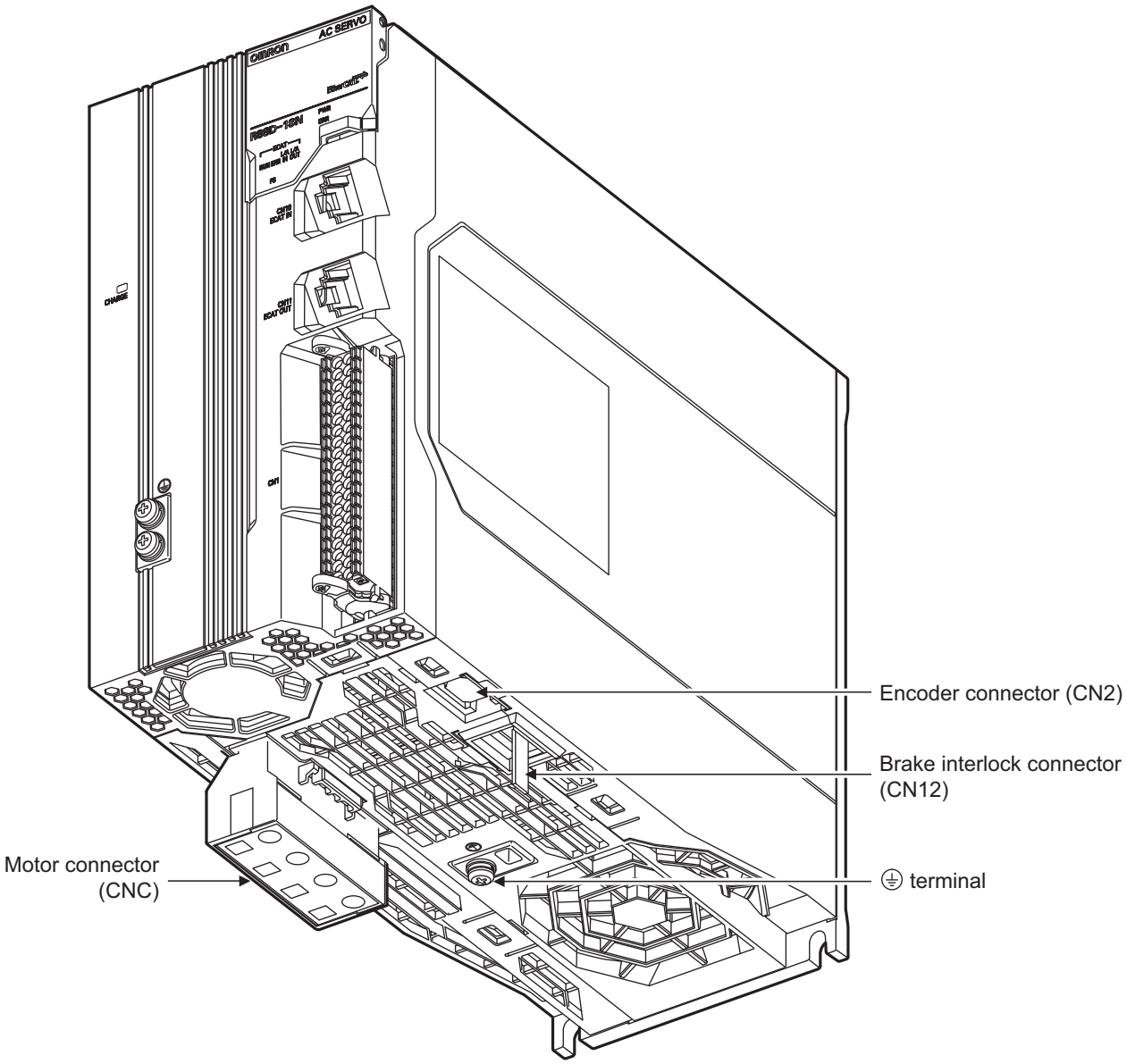

Encoder connector (CN2)
Brake interlock connector (CN12)
Motor connector (CNC)
⏚ terminal

R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51

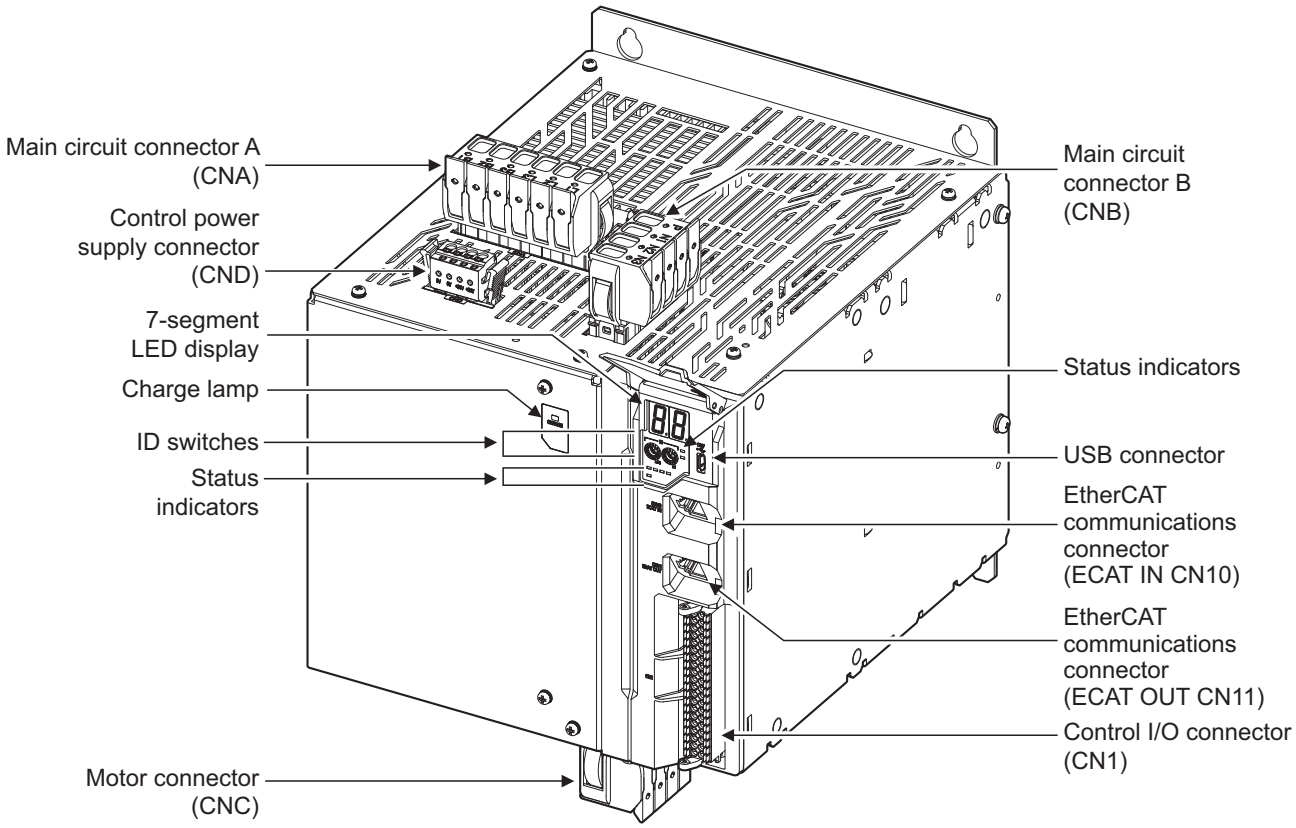


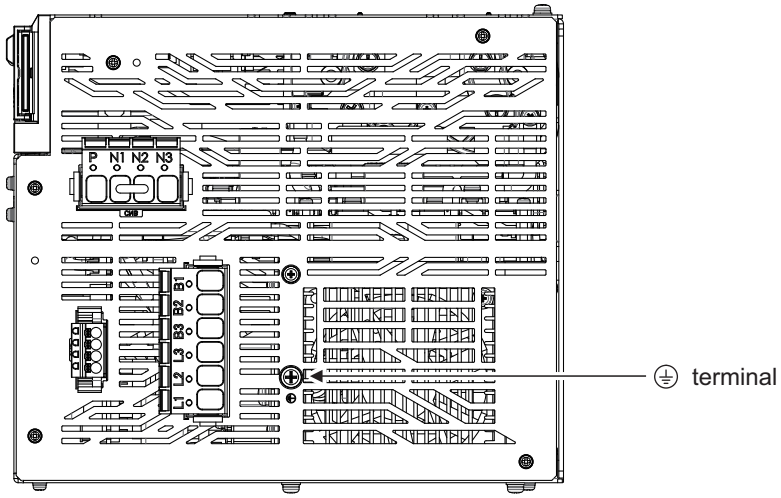


Top view

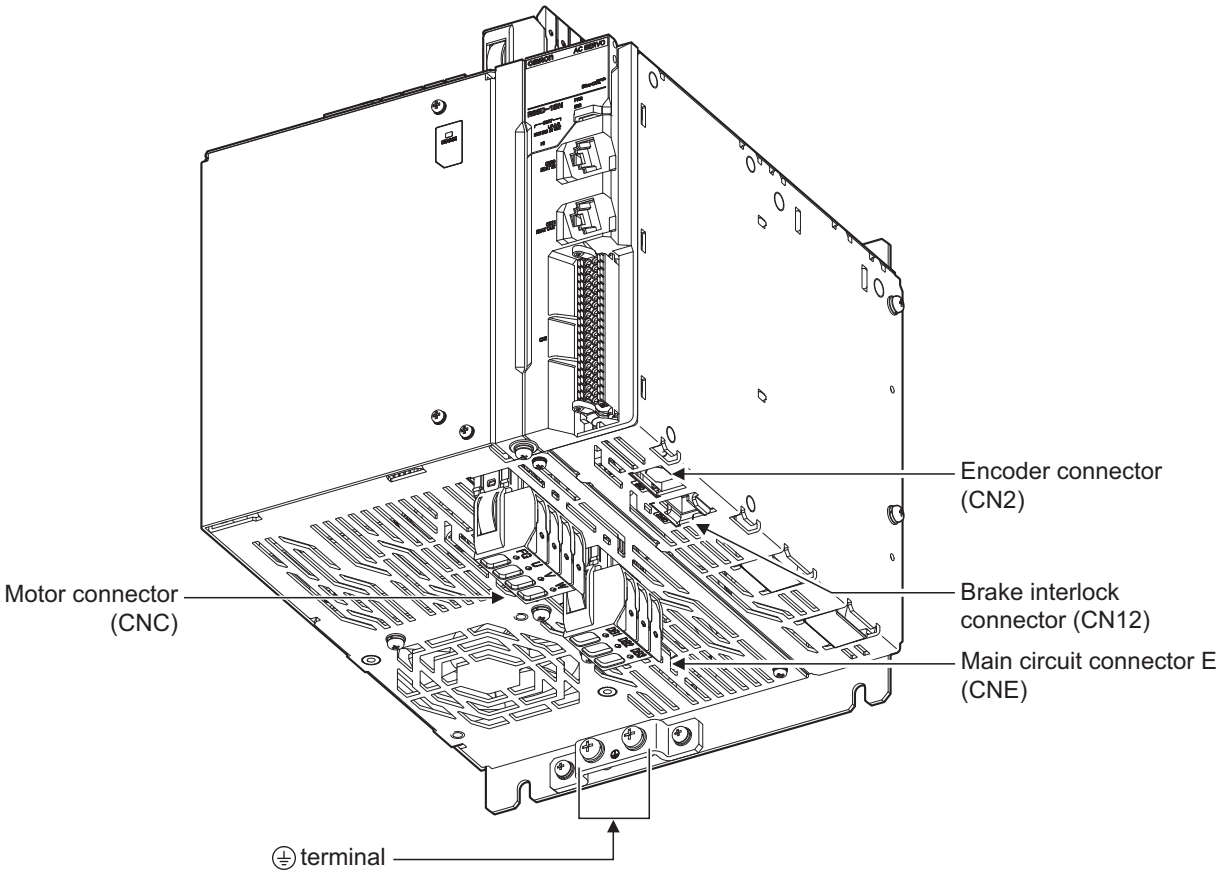

Encoder connector (CN2)
Brake interlock connector (CN12)
Motor connector (CNC)
⏚ terminal

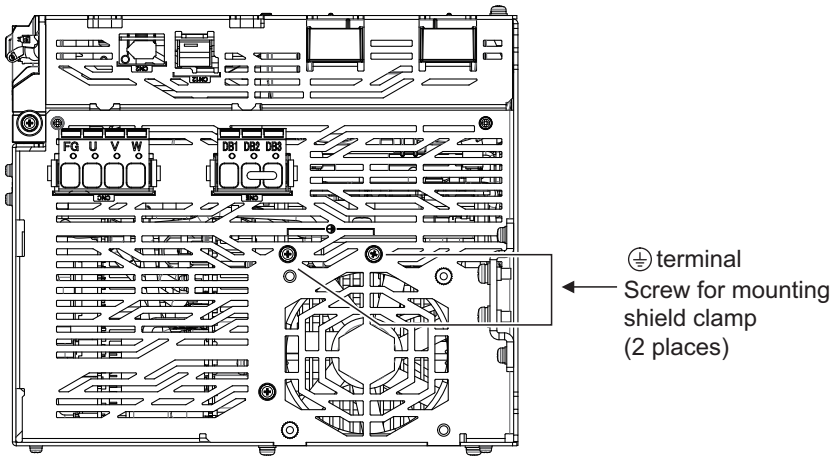
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51





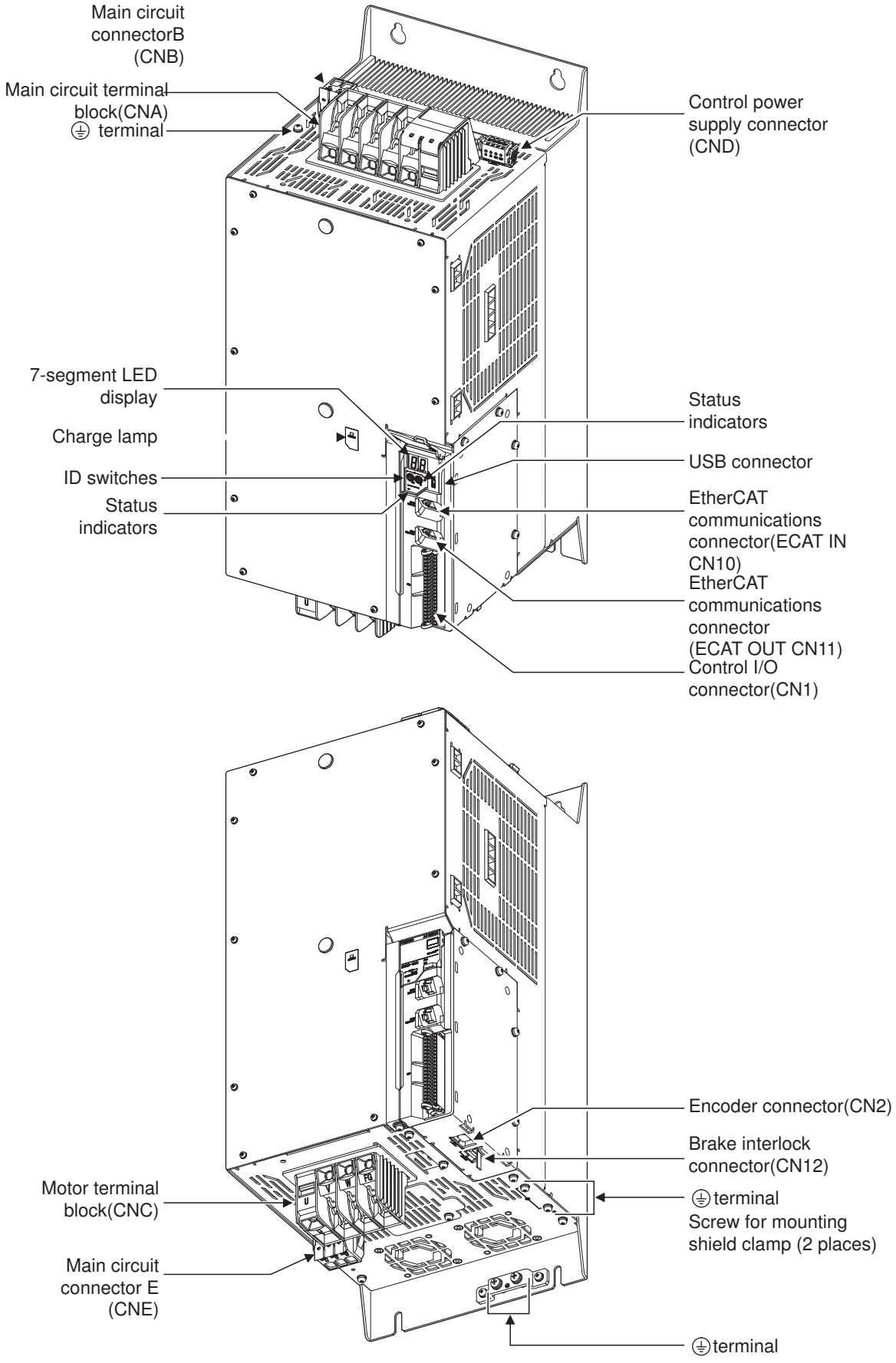
Top view


Encoder connector
(CN2)
Motor connector
(CNC)
Brake interlock
connector (CN12)
Main circuit connector E
(CNE)
⏚ terminal

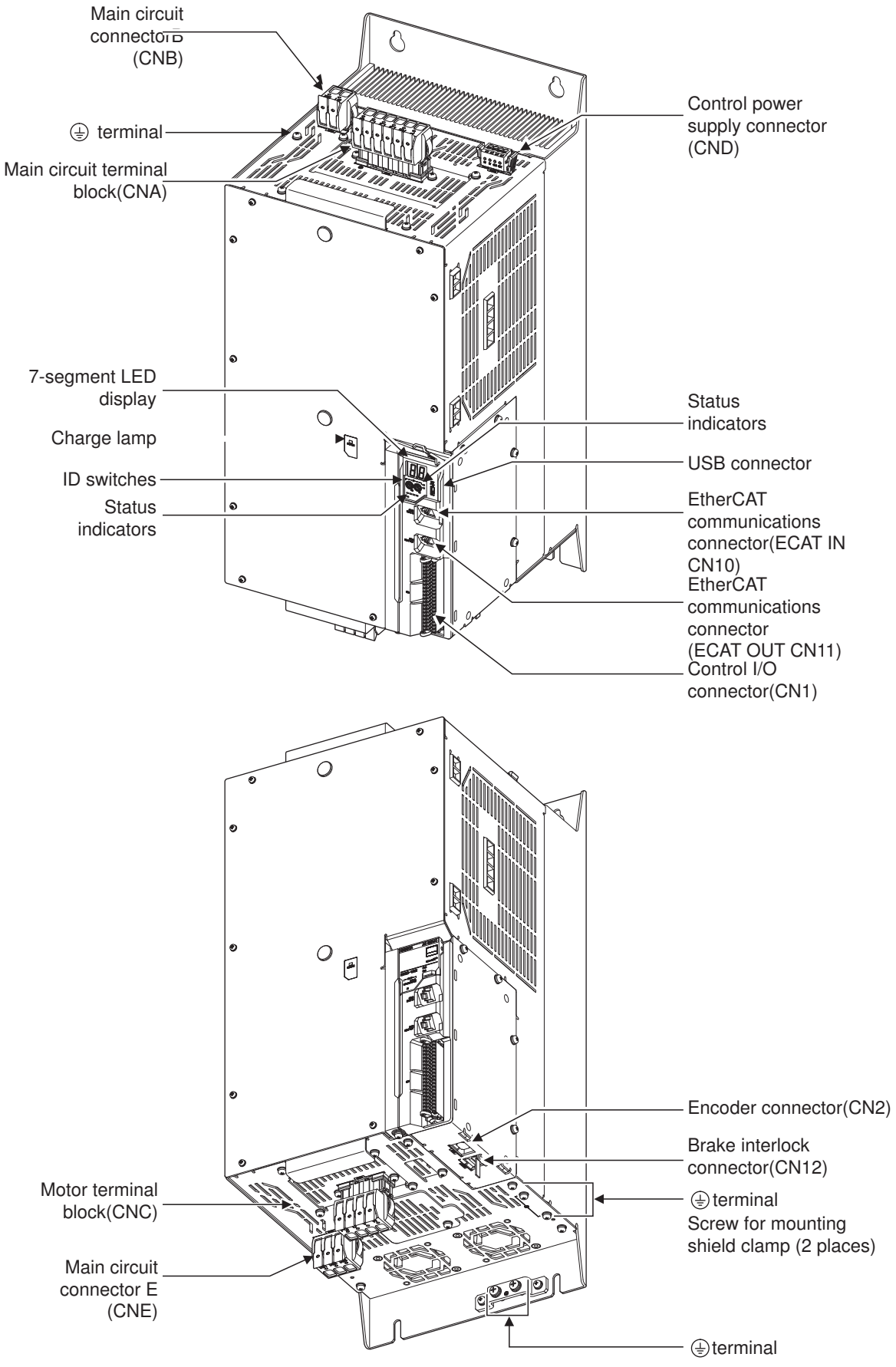

FG U V W
DB1 DB2 DB3
⏚ terminal
Screw for mounting
shield clamp
(2 places)

Bottom view

R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51



R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51

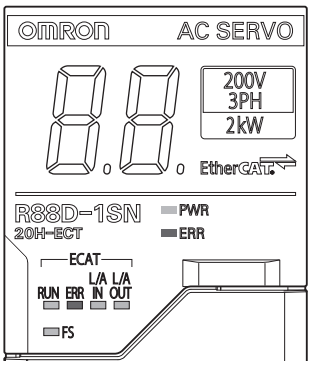


1-3-2 Servo Drive Functions

The functions of each part of the Servo Drive are described below.

Status Indicators

The following seven indicators are mounted.



Name	Color	Description
PWR	Green	Displays the status of control power supply.
ERR	Red	Gives the Servo Drive error status.
ECAT-RUN	Green	Displays the EtherCAT communications status.
ECAT-ERR	Red	
ECAT-L/A IN, ECAT-L/A OUT	Green	Lights or flashes according to the status of a link in the EtherCAT physical layer.
FS	Red/green	Displays the safety communications status.

For details on display, refer to *5-1-2 Status Indicators* on page 5-2.

7-segment LED Display

A 2-digit 7-segment LED display shows error numbers, the Servo Drive status, and other information. Refer to *10-2-3 Checking the Displays* on page 10-5 for details.

ID Switches

Two rotary switches (0 to F hex) are used to set the EtherCAT node address.

Charge Lamp

Lights when the main circuit power supply carries electric charge.

Control I/O connector (CN1)

Used for command input signals, I/O signals, and as the safety device connector. The short-circuit wire is installed on the safety signals before shipment.

Encoder Connector (CN2)

Connector for the encoder installed in the Servomotor.

EtherCAT Communications Connectors (ECAT IN CN10, ECAT OUT CN11)

These connectors are for EtherCAT communications.

USB Connector (CN7)

USB-Micro B Communications connector for the computer. This connector enables USB 2.0 Full Speed (12 Mbps) communications.

Brake Interlock Connector (CN12)

Used for brake interlock signals.

Main Circuit Connector (CNA)

Connector for the main circuit power supply input, control power supply input, external regeneration resistor, and DC reactor.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51

Main Circuit Connector A (CNA)

Connector for the main circuit power supply input and external regeneration resistor.
The connector differs depending on the model.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51

Main Circuit Terminal Block (CNA)

Connector for the main circuit power supply input.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51

Main Circuit Connector A (CNA)

Connector for the main circuit power supply input and AC reactor.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51

Main Circuit Connector B (CNB)

Connector for a DC reactor.
The connector differs depending on the model.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51

Main Circuit Connector B (CNB)

Connector for an external regeneration resistor.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51

Control Power Supply Connector (CND)

Connector for control power supply input.
The connector differs depending on the model.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51

Motor Connector (CNC)

Connector for the power line to the phase U, V, and W of the Servomotor.
The connector differs depending on the model.

Motor Terminal Block (CNC)

Connector for the power line to the phase U, V, and W of the Servomotor.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51

Main Circuit Connector E (CNE)

Connector for an External Dynamic Brake Resistor.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51

⏚ Terminal

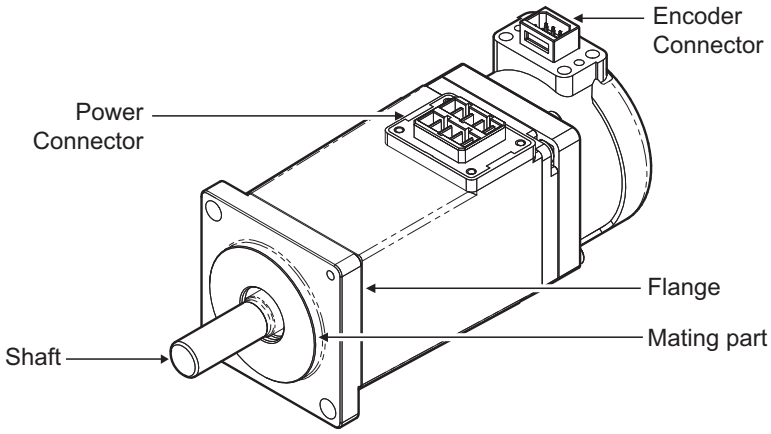
The number of ⏚ terminals of the Servo Drives and their connection targets are as follows.

Servo Drive model	Number of ⏚ terminals	Connection to
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51	1 on top 2 on front 1 on bottom	PE wire of the main circuit power supply cable. FG wire inside the control panel, and FG wire for the motor cable and shielded wire.
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51	1 on top 2 on front 1 on bottom	PE wire of the main circuit power supply cable. FG wire inside the control panel and the motor cable shielded wire.
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	1 on top 2 on front 2 on bottom	PE wire of the main circuit power supply cable. FG wire inside the control panel and the motor cable shielded clamp.

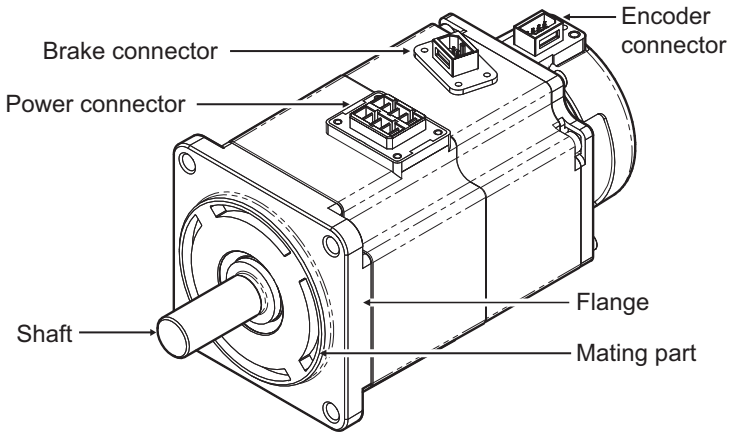
1-3-3 Servomotor Part Names

The Servomotor part names are given below.

Flange Size of 80 × 80 or Less

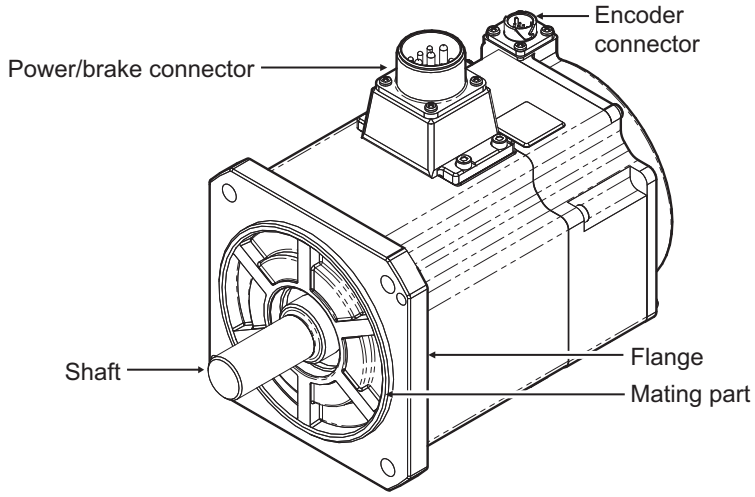


100 VAC 100 W Servomotors (without Brake)



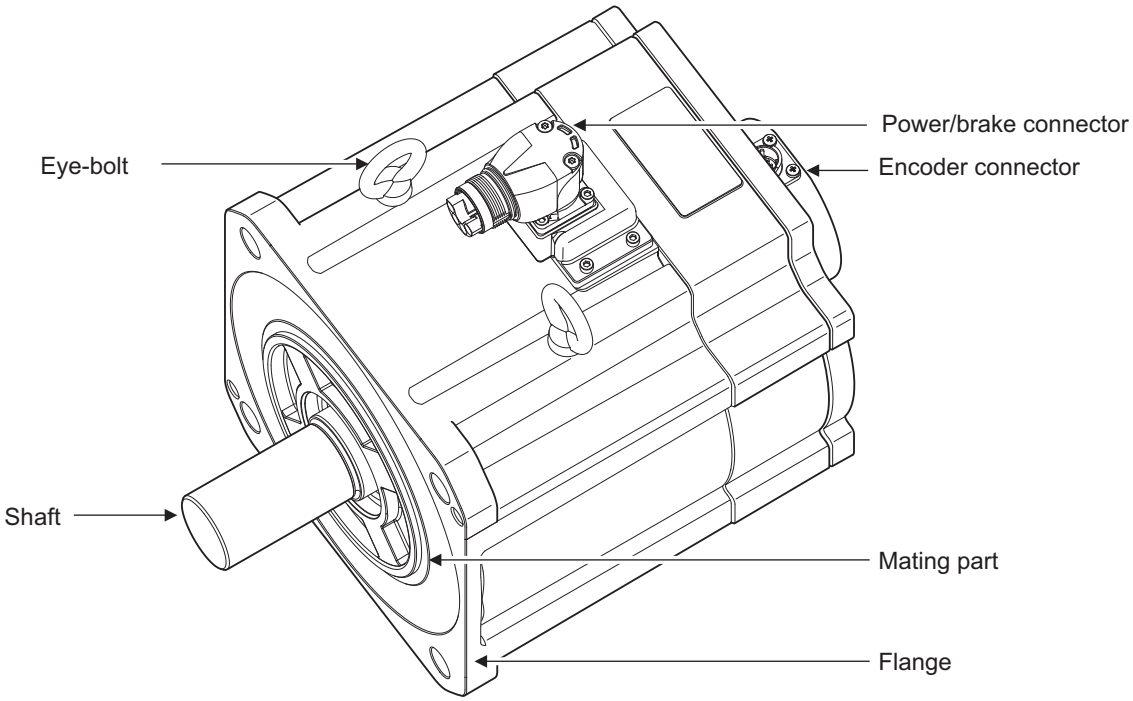
200 VAC 200 W Servomotors (with Brake)

Flange Size of 100 × 100 or More



200 VAC 1.5 kW Servomotors (with Brake)

Flange Size of 130 × 130 or More (4 kW or More)



200 VAC 4 kW Servomotors (with Brake)

1-3-4 Servomotor Functions

The functions of each part of the Servomotor are described below.

Shaft

The load is mounted on this shaft.
The direction which is in parallel with the shaft is called the thrust direction, and the direction which is perpendicular to the shaft is called the radial direction.

Flange

Used for mounting the Servomotor on the equipment.
Fit the mating part into the equipment and use the mounting holes to screw the Servomotor.

Power Connector

Used for supplying power to the phase U, V, and W of the Servomotor.
For Servomotors with a brake and flange size of 100 × 100 or more, the pins for power and brake are set on the same connector.
For Servomotors with the flange size of 130 × 130 or more, a cable outlet direction can be changed.
The change of the cable outlet direction shall be up to five times.

Encoder Connector

Used for supplying power to the encoder of the Servomotor and communicating with the Servo Drive. For Servomotors at 3000 r/min 4 kW or more and at 1500 r/min, use encoder cables with metal shell type (for applicable Servomotor type B, 4 kW or more).

Brake Connector

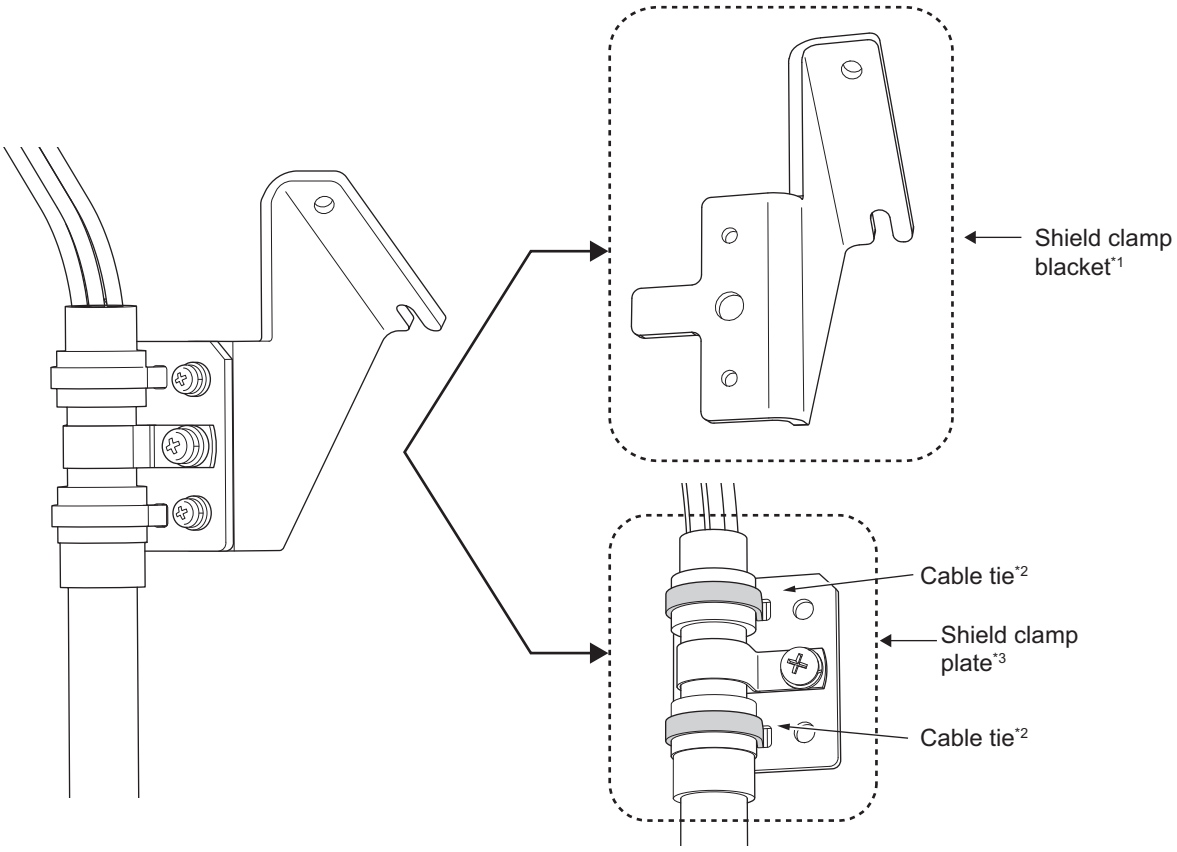
Used for supplying power to the brake coil of the Servomotor.
This part is attached only to the Servomotors with a brake and flange size of 80 × 80 or less.

Eye Bolt

Used for moving the Servomotor by hanging it up with wire ropes, etc. hooked through the rings.

1-3-5 Shield Clamp Part Names

The shield clamp part names are given below.

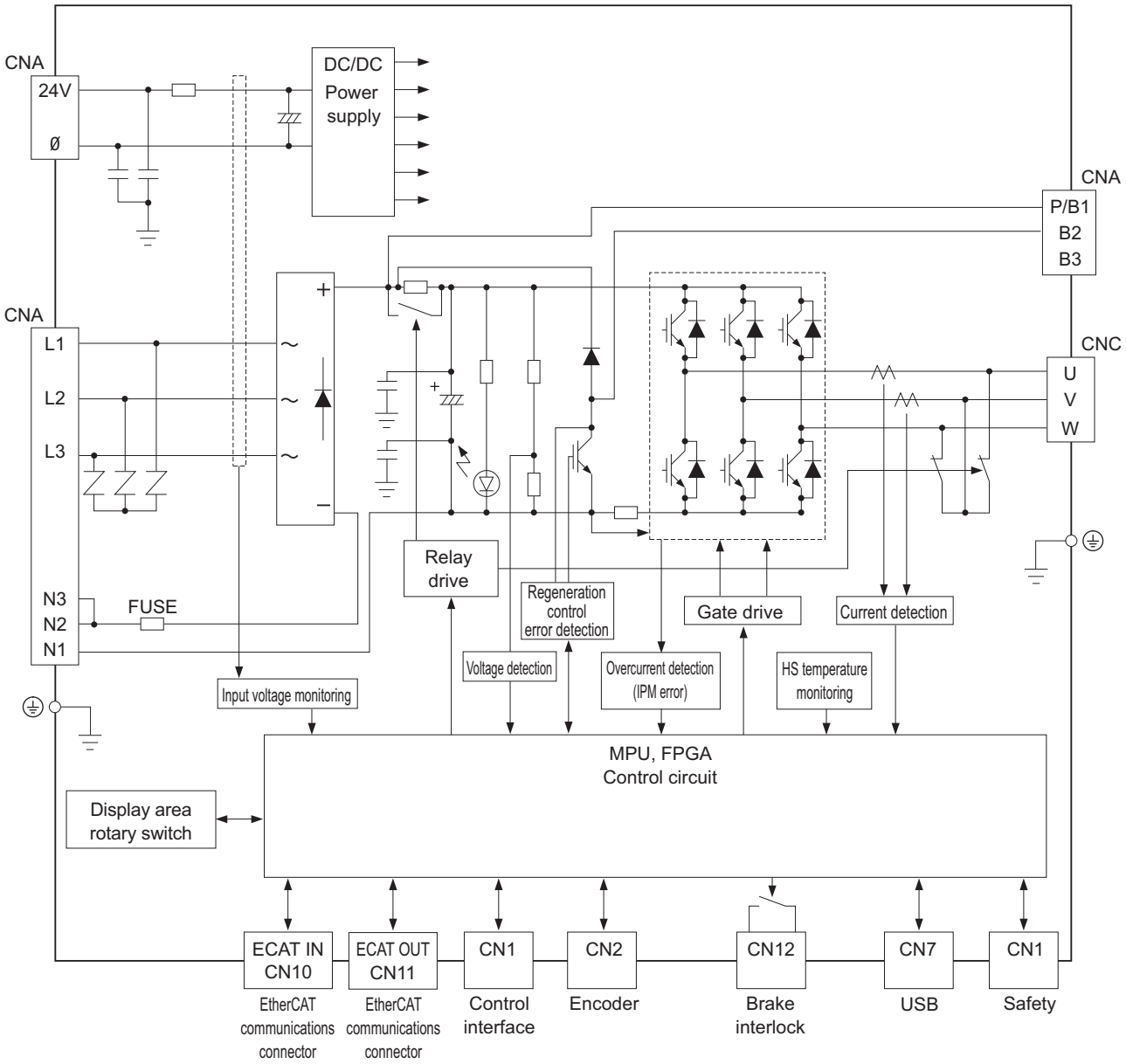


*1. It comes with a cable.
*2. Do not cut cable ties.
*3. It is equipped with a cable.

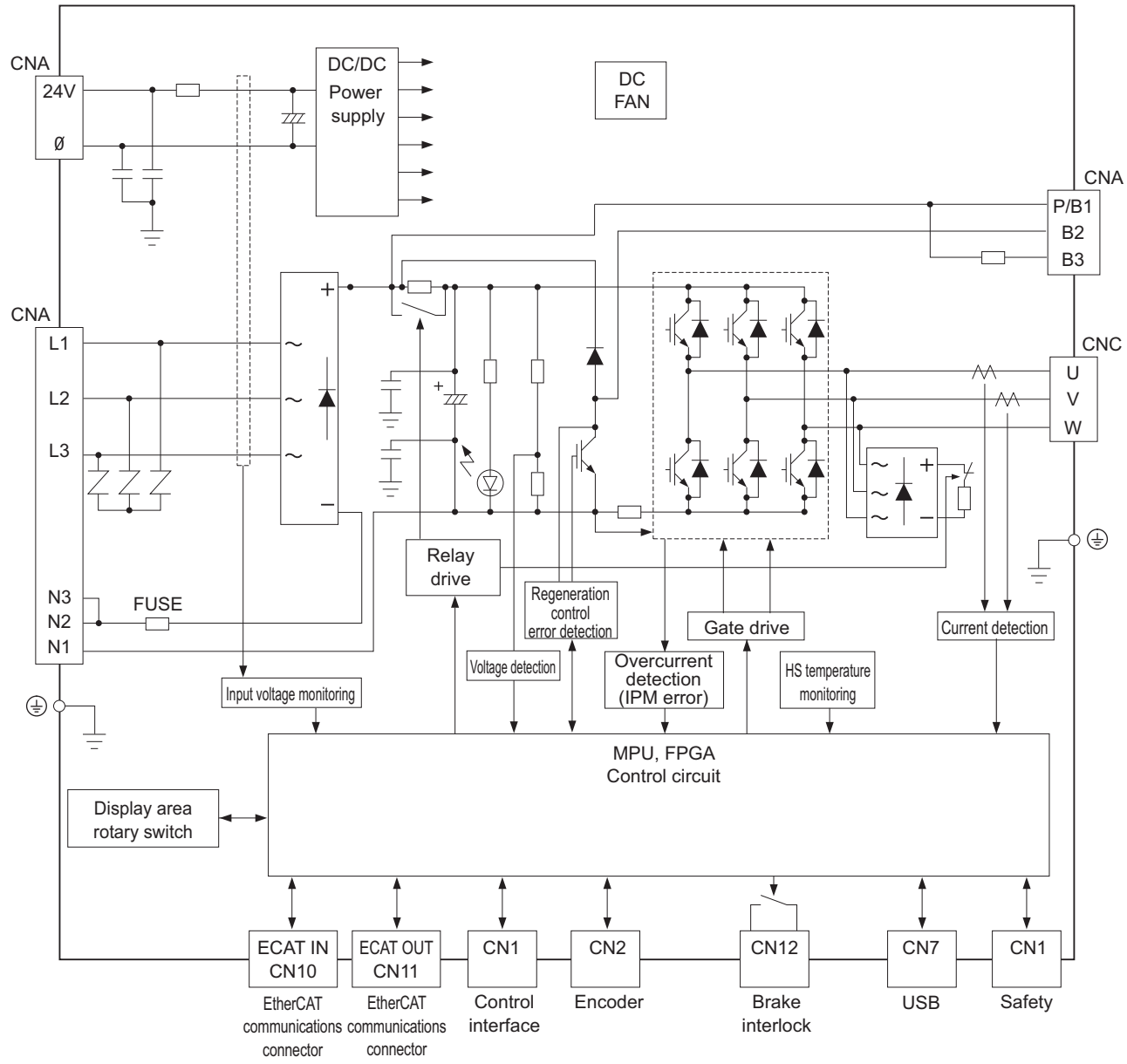
1-4 System Block Diagram

The block diagram of a 1S-series Servo Drive with Built-in EtherCAT Communications is shown below.

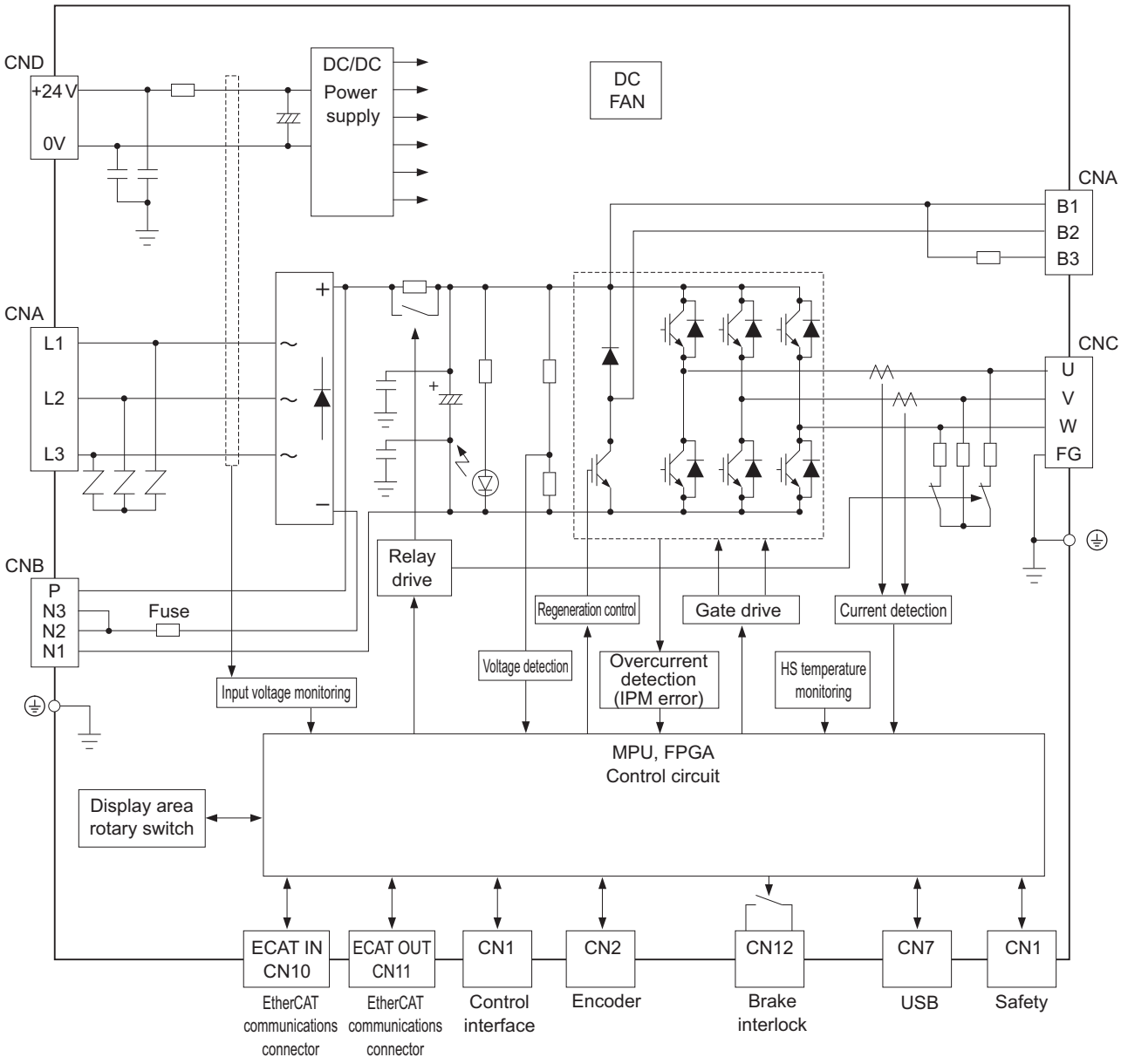
● **R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51**



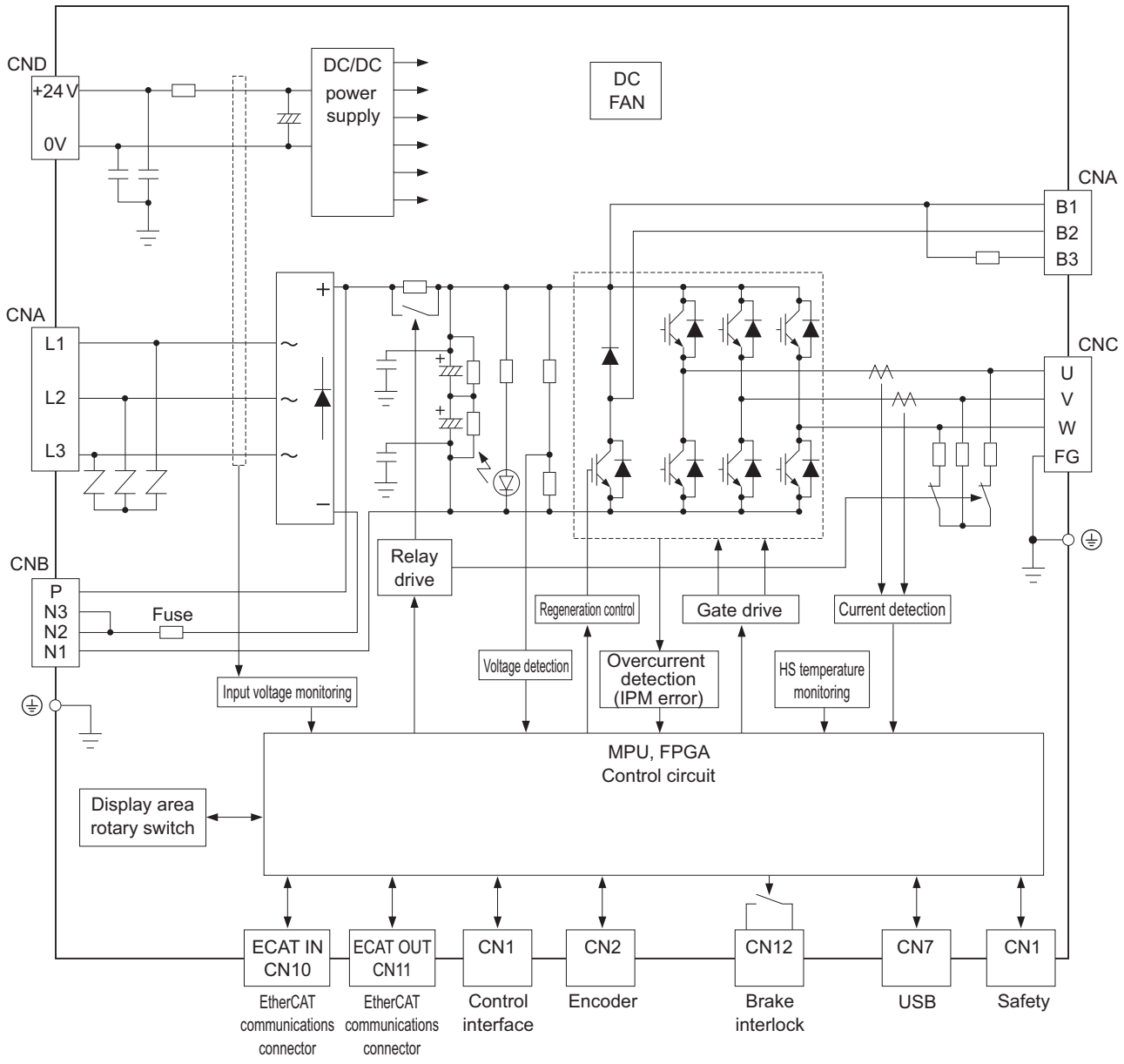
● R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51



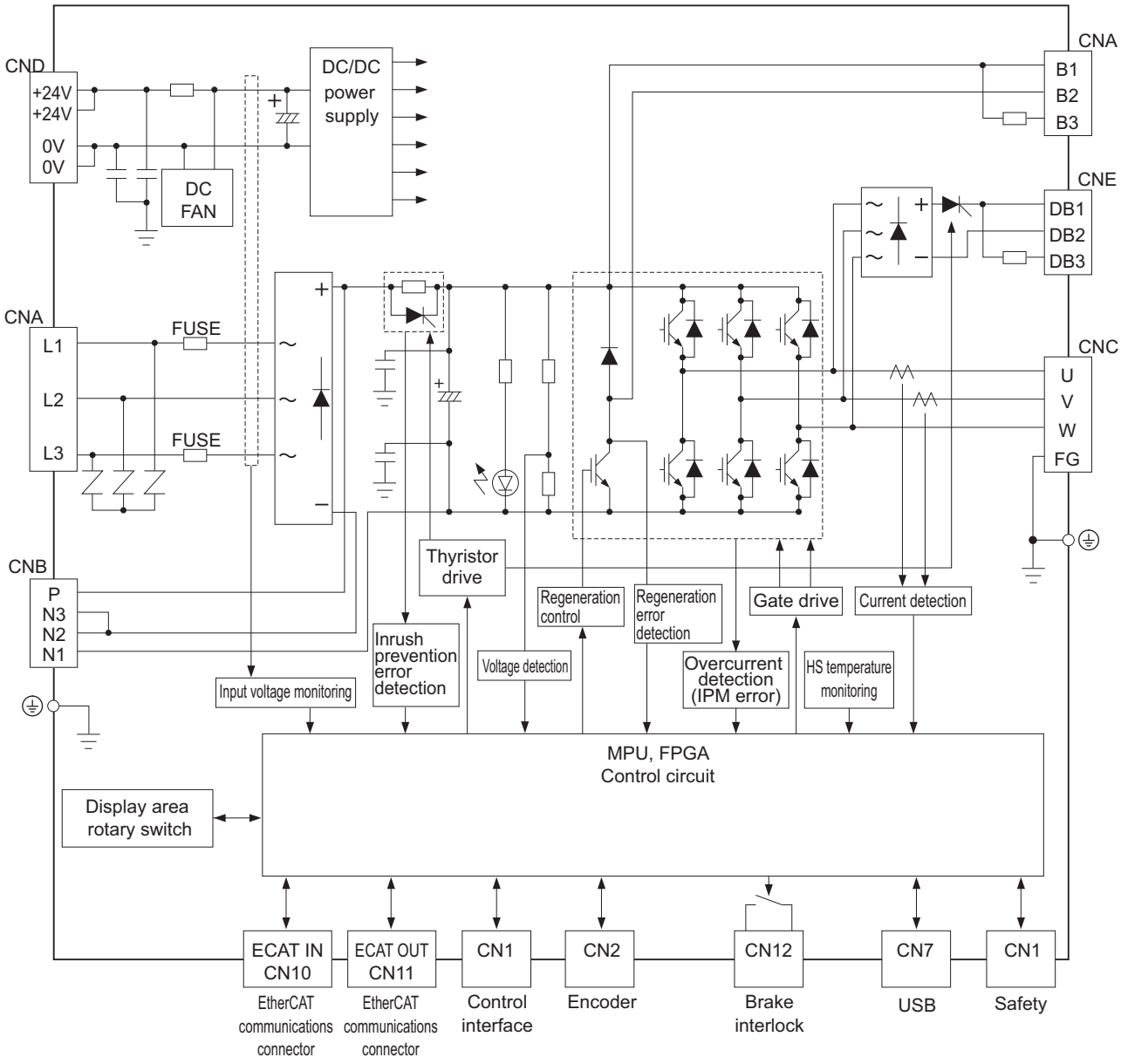
● R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51



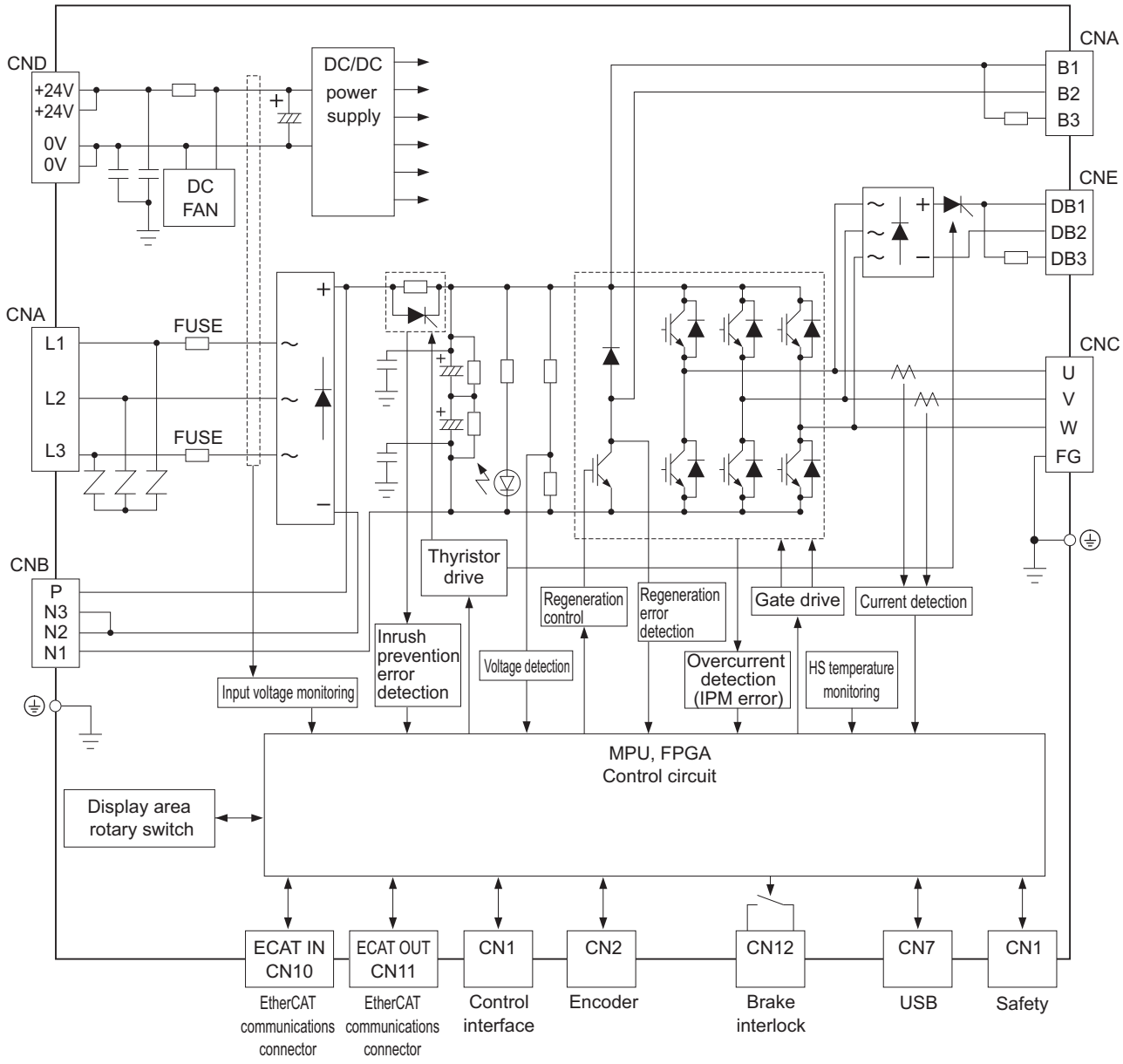
● R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51



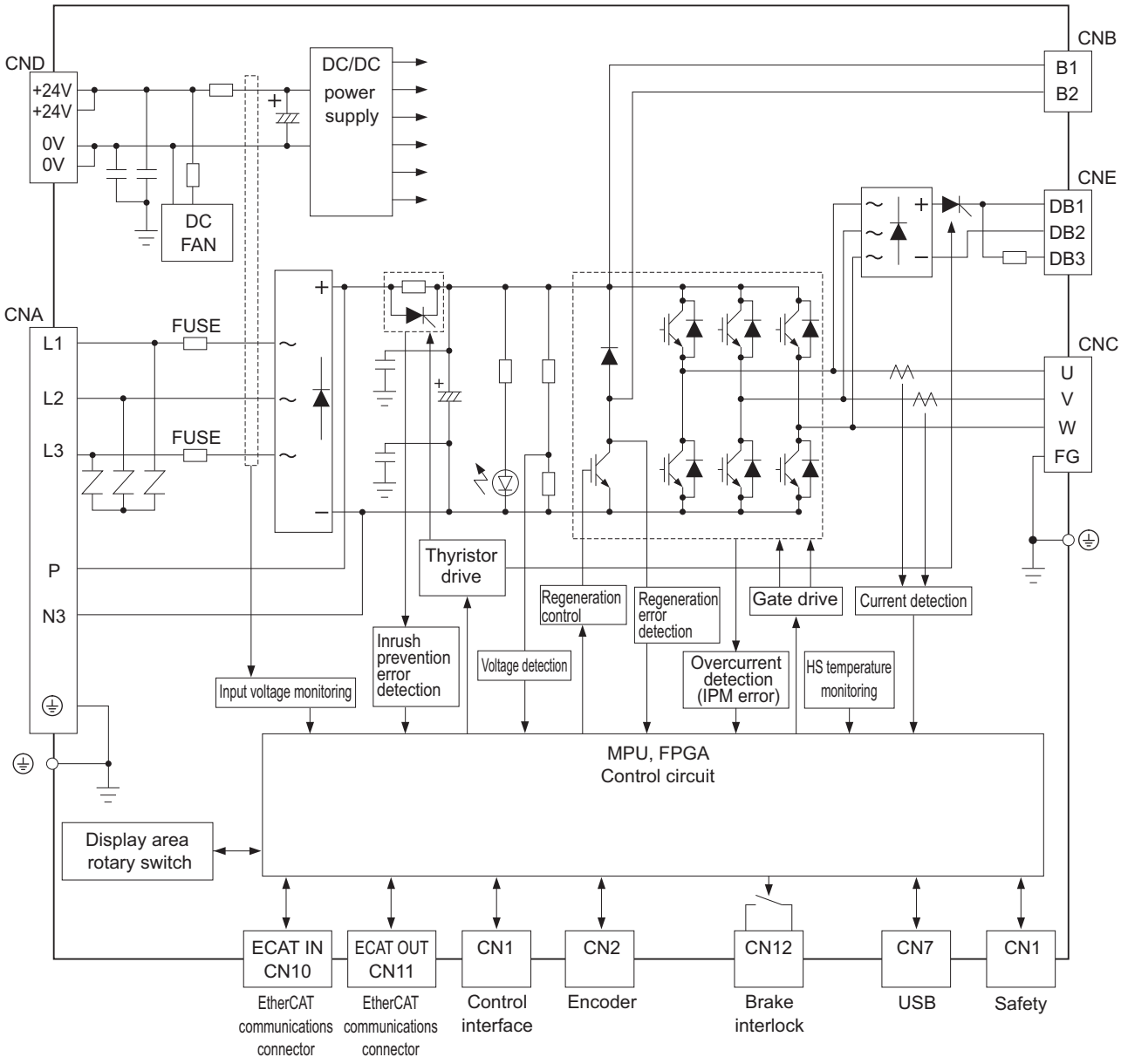
● R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51



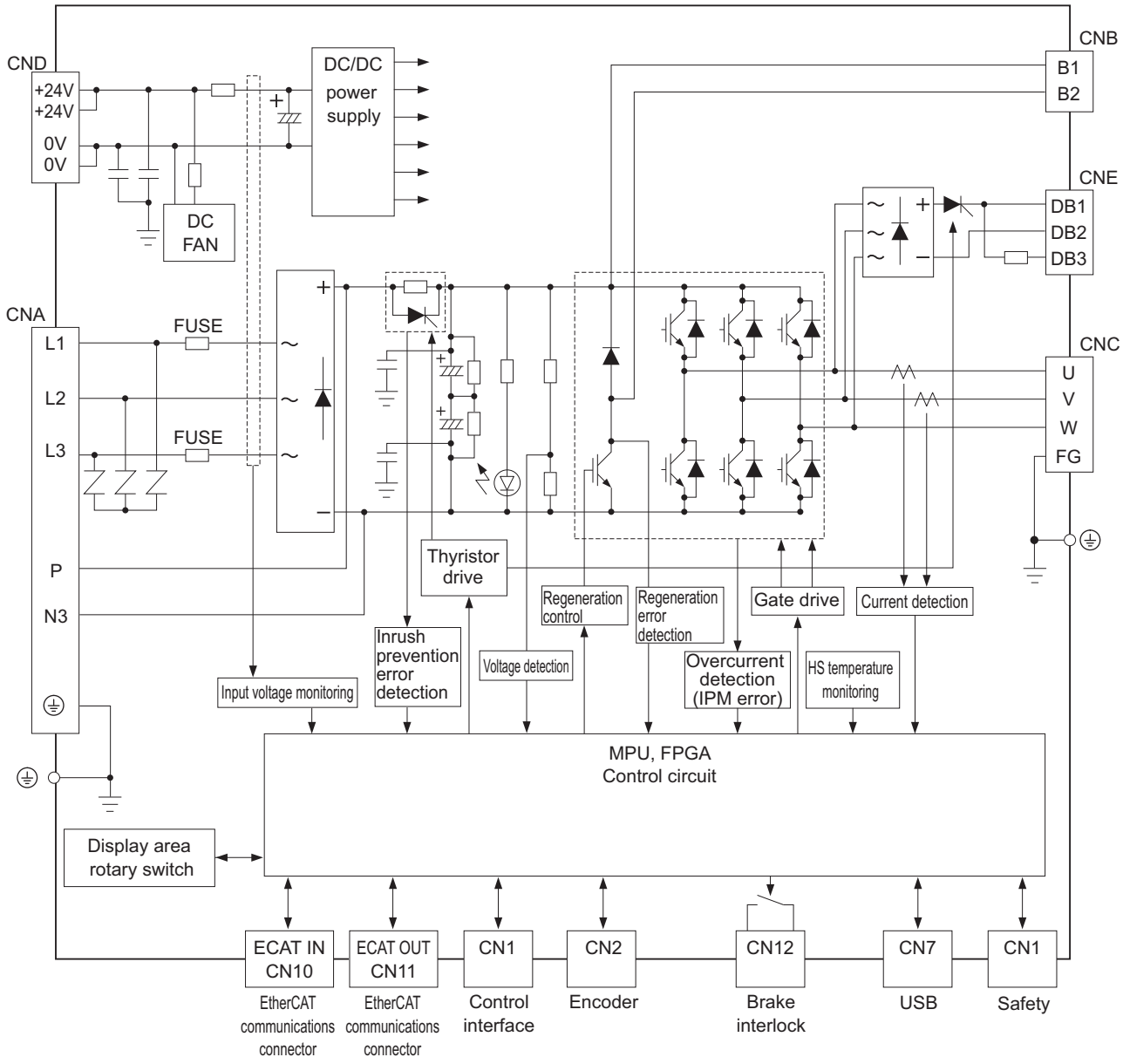
● R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51



● R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51



● R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51



1-5 Applicable Standards

This section describes applicable standards.

1-5-1 EU Directives

The 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions, 1S-series Servomotors, and Footprint-type Noise Filters comply with the following EU directives.

EU Directives	Product	Applicable standards
EMC Directive	Servo Drives	EN61800-3 second environment, C3 Category
Low Voltage Directive	Servo Drives	EN 61800-5-1
	Servomotors	EN 60034-1/-5
	Footprint-type Noise Filters	EN 60939-2
Machinery Directive	Servo Drives	EN ISO 13849-1 (Cat.3) EN 61508 EN 62061 EN 61800-5-2 (STO/SS1/SLS)

Note To conform to EMC Directives, install the Servo Drive and Servomotor under the conditions described in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.

The Servo Drives and Servomotors comply with EN 61800-5-1 as long as the following installation conditions (a) and (b) are met.

a. Use the Servo Drive in pollution degree 2 or 1 environment as specified in IEC 60664-1.
   Example: Installation inside an IP54 control panel.
b. Connect a fuse or a breaker
   - The Servo Drives with its capacity 3 kW or less
     Be sure to connect a fuse or an equivalent that the fusing time is shorter, which complies with IEC 60269-1 CLASS gG, between the power supply and noise filter.
     Select a fuse that satisfies the maximum current rating of the following table.

Servo Drive model	Maximum current rating
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	40 A
R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	40 A
R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	40 A
R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	20 A
R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51	20 A
R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51	20 A
R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	20 A
R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	20 A

- The Servo Drives with its capacity 5.5 kW or more
  Connect the IEC60947 breaker or IEC 60269-1 CLASS gG fuse which should have the fusing time shorter than the UL class RK5 fuse or equivalence.
  Select a breaker or a fuse that satisfies the maximum current rating of the following table.

Servo Drive model	Maximum current rating
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	60 A
R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	60 A
R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	125 A
R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51	30 A
R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51	30 A
R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	60 A

1-5-2 UL and cUL Standards

The 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions, 1S-series Servomotors, and Footprint-type Noise Filters conform to the following standards.

Standard	Product	Applicable standards	File number
UL standards	Servo Drives	UL 61800-5-1	E179149
	Servomotors	UL 1004-1, UL 1004-6	E331224
	Footprint-type Noise Filters	UL1283	E191135
CSA standards*1	Servo Drives	CSA C22.2 No. 274	E179149
	Servomotors	CSA C22.2 No. 100	E331224
	Footprint-type Noise Filters	CSA C22.2 No. 8-13	E191135

*1. IN CANADA, TRANSIENT SURGE SUPPRESSION SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE LINE SIDE OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND SHALL BE RATED 277 V (PHASE TO GROUND), SUITABLE FOR OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III, AND SHALL PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR A RATED IMPULSE WITHSTAND VOLTAGE PEAK OF 6 KV.

The Servo Drives and Servomotors comply with UL 61800-5-1 as long as the following installation conditions (a), (b), and (c) are met.
Use copper wiring with a temperature rating of 75°C or higher.

a. Use the Servo Drive in pollution degree 2 or 1 environment as specified in IEC 60664-1.
   Example: Installation inside an IP54 control panel.
b. Connect a fuse or a breaker
   Use a UL-certified (LISTED, Ⓤ mark) breaker or fuse that satisfy the conditions specified in the table below, meaning the voltage must be equal to or greater than the "Voltage (Minimum)" and the "Ampere" must be equal to or less than the listed value.
   Connect a breaker or fuse between the power supply and the noise filter.

Servo Drive model R88D-1SN□□□-ECT-51	SCCR	Breaker / Fuse		UL CLASS-FUSE*1
		Voltage (Minimum)	Ampere	
01L/02L/04L	50,000 Arms	120 V	15 A	CC, G, T
01H/02H/04H/08H/10H	50,000 Arms	240 V	15 A	CC, G, T
15H/20H/30H	50,000 Arms	240 V	40 A	RK1, CF, G, J, T
55H/75H	50,000 Arms	240 V	60 A	RK1, CF, G, J, T
150H	50,000 Arms	240 V	125 A	T
06F/10F/15F/20F/30F	30,000 Arms	480 V	20 A	RK1, CC, CF, G, J, T

Servo Drive model R88D-1SN□□□-ECT-51	SCCR	Breaker / Fuse		UL CLASS-FUSE*1
		Voltage (Minimum)	Ampere	
55F/75F	30,000 Arms	480 V	30 A	RK1, CC, CF, J, T
150F	30,000 Arms	480 V	30 A	RK1, CF, G, J, T

*1. When using a power supply capable of delivering not more than 5,000 rms symmetrical amperes, you can also use UL Listed fuses of Class RK5, CC, CF, G, J, R, or T.

*2. The following specifications apply to servo drives manufactured prior to April 19, 2026.
SCCR: 5,000 Arms
BCP (Branch Circuit Protection):
For models rated at 3 kW or below: UL Class fuses (RK5, CC, CF, G, J, R, or T)
For models rated at 5.5 kW or above: UL-LISTED breaker or UL Class fuses (RK5, CC, CF, G, J, R, or T)
The voltage (Minimum) and current specifications for BCP: Same as the table in this section.

⚠ WARNING

The opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, the servo drive, servo motor, and associated peripheral devices should be examined and replaced if damaged.



Refer to *3-1-2 Characteristics* on page 3-5 for SCCR of the Servo Drives.

c. For Servo Drives with a capacity of 5.5 kW or more, be sure to use a Class 2 control circuit power supply.

1-5-3 Korean Radio Regulations (KC)

- Observe the following precaution if you use this product in Korea.

사용자안내문
이 기기는 업무용 환경에서 사용할 목적으로 적합성평가를 받은 기기로서 가정용 환경에서 사용하는 경우 전파간섭의 우려가 있습니다.

Guide for Users
This equipment has been evaluated for conformity in a commercial environment.
When used in a residential environment, it may cause radio interference.

- The 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions comply with the Korean Radio Regulations (KC).
- The 1S-series Servomotors are exempt from the Korean Radio Regulations (KC).

1-5-4 National Standard (GB)

Rated output 550 W or more Servomotors comply with the following national standard (GB).

GB 30253《永磁同步电动机能效限定值及能效等级》

1-5-5 SEMI F47

- The main power supply inputs can conform to the SEMI F47 standard for momentary power interruptions (voltage sag immunity) for no-load operation.
- This standard applies to semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

Precautions for Correct Use

- This standard does not apply to the 24-VDC control power input. Use the power supply.
- This standard does not apply to single-phase 100-V Servo Drives.
- Be sure to perform evaluation tests for SEMI F47 compliance in the entire machine and system.

1-5-6 Australian EMC Labeling Requirements (RCM)

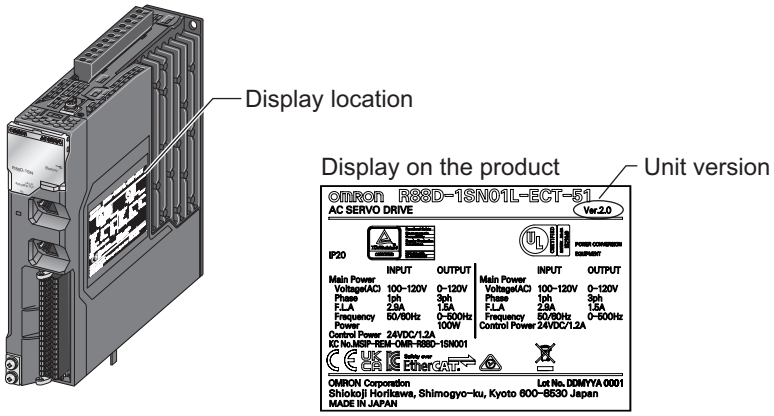
- The 1S-series Servo Drives comply with the Australian EMC Labeling Requirements (RCM).
- The 1S-series Servomotors comply with the Australian EMC Labeling Requirements (RCM).

1-6 Unit Versions

The 1S-series Servo Drive uses "unit versions".
Unit versions are used to manage differences in supported functions due to product upgrades, etc.

1-6-1 Confirmation Method

The unit version of 1S-series Servo Drive is displayed at the location shown below.



1-6-2 Unit Versions and Sysmac Studio Versions

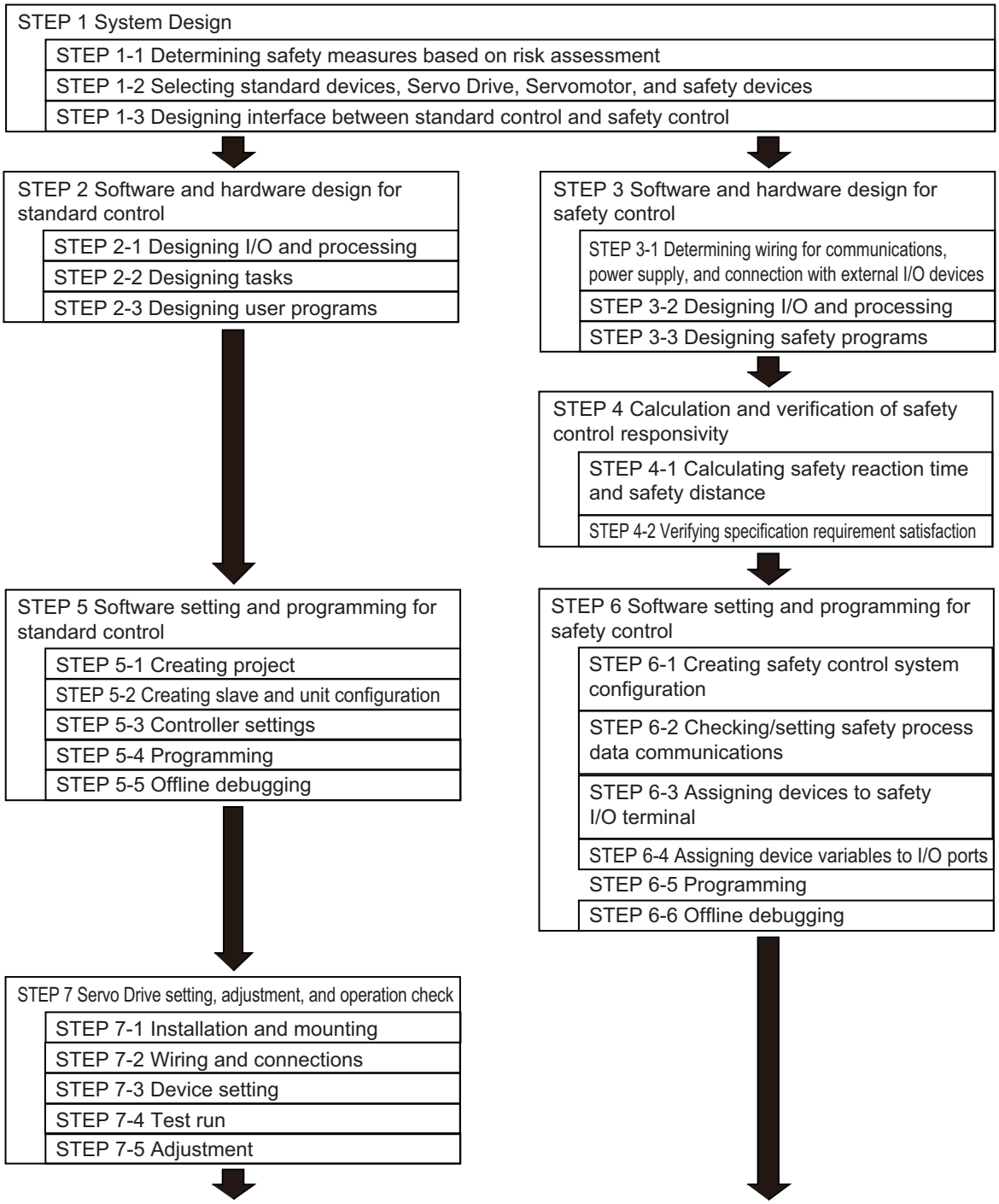
The supported functions depend on the unit version of the 1S-series Servo Drive. When you use the functions that were added for an upgrade, you must use the version of Sysmac Studio that supports those functions.
Refer to *A-7 Version Information* on page A-228 for the relationship between the unit versions and the Sysmac Studio versions, and for the functions that are supported by each unit version.

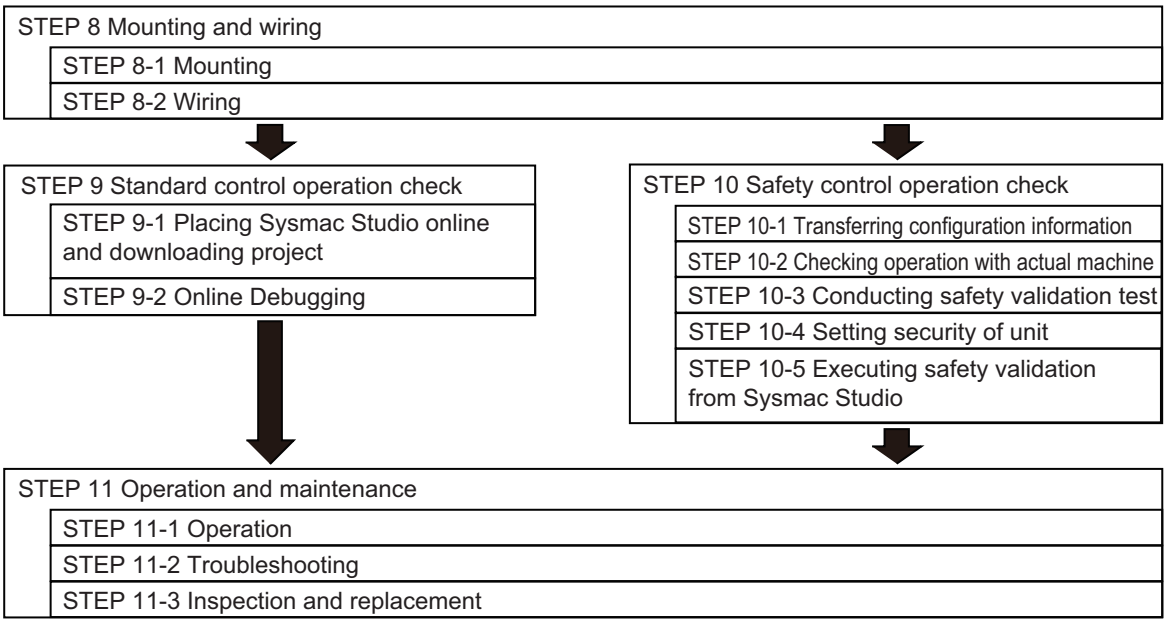
1-7 Procedures to Start Operation

This section explains the procedures to operate a system that incorporates Servo Drives.

1-7-1 Overall Procedure

Use the following procedures to build a system that incorporates 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions.
To use the Servo Drive safety function, you must build the standard control and safety control together.





1-7-2 Procedure Details

As described previously, the procedures for the standard control and safety control are performed in parallel.

This section explains the procedure details for using the Servo Drive safety function.

If you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit to perform the standard control, refer to *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)* together with this manual.

If you use an NX-series Safety Control Unit to perform the safety control, refer to *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)* together with this manual.

STEP 1 System Design		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 1-1 Determining safety measures based on risk assessment	• Identify the source of danger and perform the risk assessment (estimation and evaluation). • Consider and determine the measures for risk minimization.	
STEP 1-2 Selecting standard device, Servo Drive, Servomotor, and safety device	• Select the device that configures inputs, logics, and outputs for standard control. • Select the Servo Drive and Servomotor. • Select the safety device used to configure inputs, logics, and outputs for safety control.	Manuals for each unit
STEP 1-3 Designing interface between standard control and safety control	Design the interface between the standard control and safety control.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual

STEP 2 Software and Hardware Design for Standard Control		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 2-1 **Designing I/O and processing**	Design I/O and processing. • External I/O devices and unit configuration • Refresh periods for external devices • Program contents	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals
STEP 2-2 **Designing tasks**	Design the tasks. • Task configuration • Relationship between tasks and programs • Task periods • Slave and Unit refresh times • Exclusive control methods for variables between tasks	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals
STEP 2-3 **Designing user programs**	• Design POUs (Program Organization Unit). • Design variables.	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals

STEP 3 Software and Hardware Design for Safety Control		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 3-1 **Determining wiring for communications, power supply, and connection with external I/O devices**	Determine wiring used for the communication network, power supply, and safety I/O devices.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual
STEP 3-2 **Designing I/O and processing**	Design the configuration of the safety I/O devices and Safety I/O Unit. • Safety I/O devices • Program contents	Safety Control Unit User's Manual
STEP 3-3 **Designing safety programs**	Design POUs (Program Organization Unit). • Programs • Function blocks	Safety Control Unit User's Manual

STEP 4 Calculation and Verification of Safety Control Responsivity		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 4-1 **Calculating safety reaction time and safety distance**	Calculate the safety reaction time and then determine the safety distance.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual

STEP 4 Calculation and Verification of Safety Control Responsivity		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 4-2 **Verifying specification requirement satisfaction**	Verify whether the specification requirements are satisfied. If not, reconsider the system design.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual

STEP 5 Software Design and Programming for Standard Control		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 5-1 **Creating project**	• Create a new project in the Sysmac Studio. • Insert a Controller.	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals
STEP 5-2 **Creating slave and unit configuration**	• Create the slave configuration and Unit configuration either offline or online. • Include the safety PDOs (1610 hex and 1A10 hex) in PDO mapping for the Servo Drive. • Register the device variables in the variable table. • Create the "axes" and set them as real axes or virtual axes. Create "axes groups" to perform interpolated axes control.	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals
STEP 5-3 **Controller settings**	Set PLC Function Modules, Motion Control Function Modules, etc. in the Sysmac Studio.	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals
STEP 5-4 **Programming**	• Register variables in the Sysmac Studio. • Write the algorithms for the POUs (programs, function blocks, and functions) in the required languages. • Make task settings.	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals
STEP 5-5 **Offline Debugging**	Check the algorithms and task execution times on the Simulator (virtual controller).	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals

STEP 6 Software Design and Programming for Safety Control		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 6-1 **Creating safety control system configuration**	Arrange the Communications Coupler Unit, Safety CPU Unit, and Safety I/O Unit in the Sysmac Studio.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual
⇩		
STEP 6-2 **Checking/setting Safety Process Data Communications**	• Select Safety Controller from the Controller Selection Box in the Sysmac Studio. • Check or change the settings of Safety Process Data Communications. • Make sure that the Servo Drive is displayed, and then select the Active check box. • Select safety functions for use of the assigned safety PDOs (1610 hex and 1A10 hex). • Set parameters of each safety function for use.	• Safety Control Unit User's Manual • page 8-1
⇩		
STEP 6-3 **Assigning devices to safety I/O terminal**	In the parameter setting view for the Safety I/O Unit, select the safety I/O devices connected to the safety I/O terminal.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual
⇩		
STEP 6-4 **Assigning device variables to I/O ports**	Register the device variables in the variable table. (Variable names are user defined or automatically created.)	Safety Control Unit User's Manual
⇩		
STEP 6-5 **Programming**	• Register the variables used by more than one POU in the global variable table with the Sysmac Studio. • Register the variables in the local variable table for each program. • Register the variables in the local variable table for each function block. • Write the algorithms for the POUs (programs and function blocks) in FBD language.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual
⇩		

STEP 6 Software Design and Programming for Safety Control		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 6-6 **Offline Debugging**	Execute program debugging with the Simulator.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual

STEP 7 Servo Drive Setting, Adjustment, and Operation Check		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 7-1 **Installation and mounting**	Install the Servomotor and Servo Drive according to the installation conditions. Do not connect the Servomotor to mechanical systems before checking the operation without any load.	page 4-2
⇩		
STEP 7-2 **Wiring and connections**	Connect the Servomotor and Servo Drive to the power supply and peripheral equipment. Satisfy specified installation and wiring conditions, particularly for models that conforms to the EU Directives.	page 4-18
⇩		
STEP 7-3 **Device setting**	Set the objects related to the functions required for application conditions.	page 9-1
⇩		
STEP 7-4 **Test run**	Perform a test run to check the operation. • First, check motor operation without any load. Then turn the power supply OFF and connect the Servomotor to mechanical systems. • Use the STO function via safety input signals if you need the function while you perform the test run or adjustment using the Servo Drive with no load.	page 10-9
⇩		
STEP 7-5 **Adjustment**	Manually adjust the gain if necessary.	page 11-1

STEP 8 Mounting and Wiring		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 8-1 **Mounting**	Install each unit according to the installation conditions.	Manuals for each unit

STEP 8 Mounting and Wiring		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 8-2 **Wiring**	Connect the network cables and wire the I/O.	Manuals for each unit

STEP 9 Standard Control Operation Check		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 9-1 **Placing Sysmac Studio online and downloading project**	• Turn ON the power supply to the Controller and place the Sysmac Studio online. • Download the project.	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals
STEP 9-2 **Online Debugging**	• Check the wiring by using forced refreshing of real I/O from the I/O Map or Watch Tab Page. • For motion control, use the MC Test Run operations in PROGRAM mode to check the wiring. Then check the motor rotation directions for jogging, travel distances for relative positioning (e.g., for electronic gear settings), and homing operation. • Change the Controller to RUN mode and check the operation of the user program.	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals

STEP 10 Safety Control Operation Check		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 10-1 **Transferring configuration information**	• Connect the computer (Sysmac Studio) to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. • Download the project data to the CPU Unit. • In the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, change the mode of the Safety CPU Unit to DEBUG mode. By doing this, the safety application data is transferred to the Safety CPU Unit and the test run for debugging is enabled.	• NJ/NX-series CPU Unit User's Manuals • Safety Control Unit User's Manual
STEP 10-2 **Checking operation with actual machine**	Perform the wiring check and program operation check to confirm that the Safety Control Unit operates as intended.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual

STEP 10 Safety Control Operation Check		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 10-3 **Conducting safety validation test**	Conduct the test to check whether all safety functions operate as designed.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual
STEP 10-4 **Setting security of unit**	Set the safety password.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual
STEP 10-5 **Executing safety validation from Sysmac Studio**	If the safety validation test is completed successfully, then execute the safety validation command from Sysmac Studio. By doing this, the safety application data is transferred to the non-volatile memory in the Safety CPU Unit, and the operation-ready status is established.	Safety Control Unit User's Manual

STEP 11 Operation and Maintenance		
Procedure	**Description**	**Reference**
STEP 11-1 **Operation**	Start actual operation.	---
STEP 11-2 **Troubleshooting**	In case of an error, use the troubleshooting function of the Sysmac Studio to check the error and identify its cause, and then remove the cause of the error.	• page 9-1 • Manuals for each unit
STEP 11-3 **Inspection and replacement**	Perform periodic maintenance. If any defect is found during inspection, replace the device.	• page 10-1 • Manuals for each unit

2

Models and External Dimensions

This section explains the models of Servo Drives, Servomotors, Decelerators, and peripheral devices, and provides the external dimensions and mounting dimensions.

2-1 Servo System Configuration 2-2

2-2 How to Read Model Numbers 2-4

2-2-1 Servo Drive 2-4
2-2-2 Servomotor 2-5
2-2-3 Encoder Cable 2-6
2-2-4 Motor Power Cable without Brake Wire 2-7
2-2-5 Motor Power Cable with Brake Wire 2-8
2-2-6 Decelerator 2-9

2-3 Model Tables 2-11

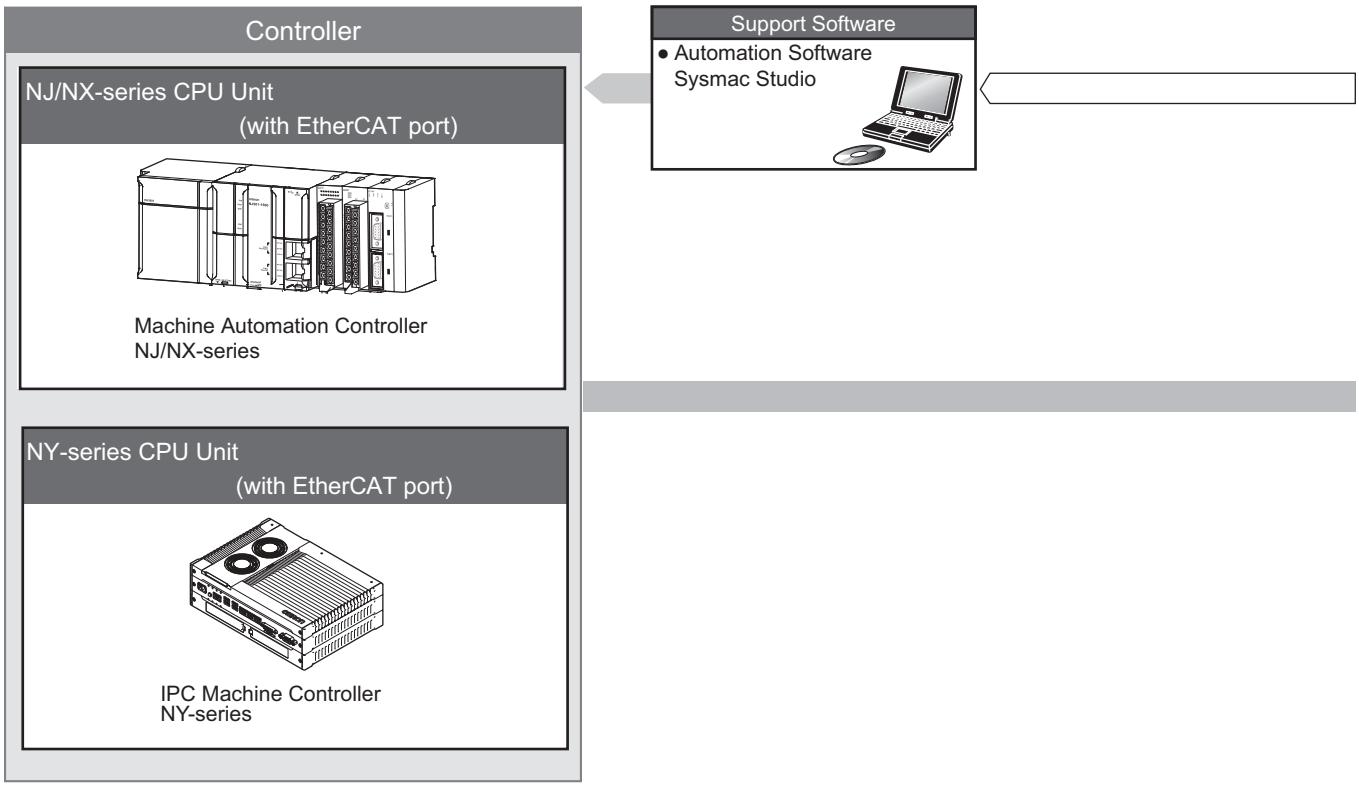
2-3-1 Servo Drive Model Table 2-11
2-3-2 Servomotor Model Tables 2-12
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2-3-5 Servomotor and Decelerator Combination Tables 2-22
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2-3-7 External Regeneration Resistor and External Regeneration Resistance Unit Model Tables 2-31
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2-1 Servo System Configuration

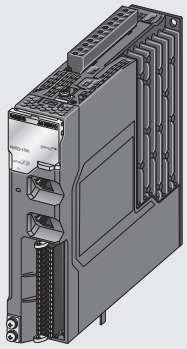
This section shows the Servo system configuration that consists of Controllers, Servo Drives, Servomotors, Decelerators, and other devices.



USB communications

EtherCAT communications

Servo Drive



- 1S-series Servo Drive
  R88D-1SN□-ECT-51
  100 VAC
  200 VAC
  400 VAC

Power signal

Power cable

- Standard cable
  - Without brake wire
    R88A-CA1□□□□S
  - With brake wire
    R88A-CA1□□□□B
- Flexible cable
  - Without brake wire
    R88A-CA1□□□□SF
    R88A-CA1A□□□SFR
  - With brake wire
    R88A-CA1□□□□BF



Brake cable for 750 W max.

- Standard cable
  R88A-CA1A□□□B
- Flexible cable
  R88A-CA1A□□□BF
  R88A-CA1A□□□BFR

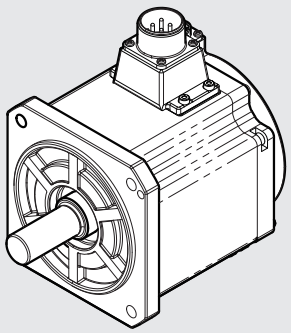
Feedback signal

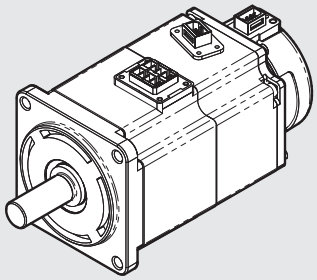
Encoder cable

- Standard cable
  R88A-CR1A□□□C
  R88A-CR1B□□□N
  R88A-CR1B□□□V
- Flexible cable
  R88A-CR1A□□□CF
  R88A-CR1B□□□NF
  R88A-CR1B□□□VF



Servomotor



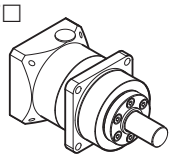


- 1S-series Servomotor
  R88M-1L□/-1M□
  3,000 r/min
  2,000 r/min
  1,500 r/min
  1,000 r/min

ABS

Decelerator

- Backlash: 3 Arcminutes max.
  R88G-HPG□
- Backlash: 15 Arcminutes max.
  R88G-VRXF□



2-2 How to Read Model Numbers

This section describes how to read and understand the model numbers of Servo Drives, Servomotors, and Decelerators.

2-2-1 Servo Drive

The Servo Drive model number tells the Servo Drive type, applicable Servomotor, power supply voltage, etc.

R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51

1S-series
Servo Drive

Servo Drive type
N : Communications type

Applicable Servomotor rated output
01 : 100 W
02 : 200 W
04 : 400 W
06 : 600 W
08 : 750 W
10 : 1 kW
15 : 1.5 kW
20 : 2 kW
30 : 3 kW
55 : 5.5 kW
75 : 7.5 kW
150 : 15 kW

Power supply voltage
L : 100 VAC
H : 200 VAC
F : 400 VAC

Communications type
ECT : EtherCAT communications

Derived type
51 : Model with SS1/SLS safety functions added

2-2-2 Servomotor

The Servomotor model number tells the Servomotor type, rated output, rated rotation speed, voltage, etc.

R88M-1M10030S-BOS2

1S-series Servomotor

Servomotor type

L : Low inertia
M : Middle inertia

Rated output

050	: 50 W	2K0	: 2 kW
100	: 100 W	3K0	: 3 kW
200	: 200 W	4K0	: 4 kW
400	: 400 W	4K7	: 4.7 kW
600	: 600 W	5K0	: 5 kW
750	: 750 W	5K5	: 5.5 kW
900	: 900 W	7K5	: 7.5 kW
1K0	: 1 kW	11K0	: 11 kW
1K5	: 1.5 kW	15K0	: 15 kW

Rated rotation speed

10 : 1,000 r/min
15 : 1,500 r/min
20 : 2,000 r/min
30 : 3,000 r/min

Servo Drive main power supply voltage and encoder type

S : 100 VAC absolute encoder
T : 200 VAC absolute encoder
C : 400 VAC absolute encoder

Options

Brake
None : Without brake
B : With 24-VDC brake

Oil seal
None : Without oil seal
O : With oil seal

Key and tap
None : Straight shaft
S2 : With key and tap

Combinations of Options

	Without oil seal		With oil seal	
	Straight shaft	With key and tap	Straight shaft	With key and tap
Without brake	None	-S2	-O	-OS2
With brake	-B	-BS2	-BO	-BOS2

2-2-3 Encoder Cable

The cable model number tells the cable type, applicable Servomotor type, cable length, connector type, etc.

R88A-CR1A003CF

Cable type

R88A-CR1 : 1S Series Encoder cable

Applicable Servomotor type

A	: 100 VAC, 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	50 W to 750 W
B	: 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	1 kW or more
	400 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	
	200 VCA, 400 VAC	2,000 r/min Servomotor	
		1,500 r/min Servomotor	
		1,000 r/min Servomotor	

Cable length

003 : 3 m
005 : 5 m
010 : 10 m
015 : 15 m
020 : 20 m

Connector type*1

C : Plastic shell type (for applicable Servomotor type A)
N : Metal shell type (for applicable Servomotor type B, 3 kW or less)
V : Metal shell type (for applicable Servomotor type B, 4 kW or more)

Others

Blank : Standard specifications
F : Flexible cable

*1. For an encoder cable for B type Applicable Servomotor, connector types vary in rated output of Servomotors. Refer to *2-3-6 Cable and Connector Model Tables* on page 2-23 to check its combination with Applicable Servomotors when you select the cable.

2-2-4 Motor Power Cable without Brake Wire

The cable model number tells the cable type, applicable Servomotor type, cable length, connector type, etc.

R88A-CA1A003SFR

Cable type

R88A-CA1 : 1S Series Motor Power cable

Applicable Servomotor type

A	: 100 VAC, 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor 50 W, 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, 750 W
B	: 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor 1 kW
		2,000 r/min Servomotor 1 kW
		1,000 r/min Servomotor 900 W
C	: 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor 1.5 kW
		2,000 r/min Servomotor 1.5 kW
	400 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor 750 W to 2 kW
		2,000 r/min Servomotor 400 W to 2 kW
		1,000 r/min Servomotor 900 W
E	: 200 VAC, 400 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor 2 kW (200 VAC), 3 kW (200 VAC / 400 VAC)
		2,000 r/min Servomotor 2 kW (200 VAC), 3 kW (200 VAC / 400 VAC)
		1,000 r/min Servomotor 2 kW (200 VAC / 400 VAC), 3 kW (400 VAC)
F	: 200 VAC	1,000 r/min Servomotor 3 kW
H	: 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor 4 kW, 4.7 kW
		1,500 r/min Servomotor 5 kW
	400 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor 4 kW, 5 kW
		1,500 r/min Servomotor 4 kW, 5.5 kW, 7.5 kW
J	: 400 VAC	1,500 r/min Servomotor 11 kW, 15 kW
K	: 200 VAC	1,500 r/min Servomotor 7.5 kW, 11 kW, 15 kW

Cable length

003 : 3 m
005 : 5 m
010 : 10 m
015 : 15 m
020 : 20 m

Connector type

S : without Brake Wire

Others

Blank : Standard specifications*1
F : Flexible cable

Direction for handling cable

Blank : Load side cable
R : Non-load side cable*2

*1. Only for Applicable Servomotor type A to F.
*2. Only for Applicable Servomotor type A.

2-2-5 Motor Power Cable with Brake Wire

The cable model number tells the cable type, applicable Servomotor type, cable length, connector type, etc.

R88A-CA1A003BFR

Cable type

R88A-CA1 : 1S Series Motor Power cable

Applicable Servomotor type

A[*1]	: 100 VAC, 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	50 W, 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, 750 W
B	: 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	1 kW
		2,000 r/min Servomotor	1 kW
		1,000 r/min Servomotor	900 W
C	: 200 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	1.5 kW
		2,000 r/min Servomotor	1.5 kW
E	: 400 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW
		2,000 r/min Servomotor	400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW
		1,000 r/min Servomotor	900 W
	: 200 VAC, 400 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	2 kW (200 VAC), 3 kW (200 VAC / 400 VAC)
		2,000 r/min Servomotor	2 kW (200 VAC), 3 kW (200 VAC / 400 VAC)
		1,000 r/min Servomotor	2 kW (200 VAC / 400 VAC), 3kW (400 VAC)
F	: 200 VAC	1,000 r/min Servomotor	3 kW
H	: 200 VAC, 400 VAC	3,000 r/min Servomotor	4 kW (200 VAC / 400 VAC), 4.7 kW (200 VAC), 5 kW (400 VAC)
		1,500 r/min Servomotor	4 kW (400 VAC), 5 kW (200 VAC), 5.5 kW (400 VAC), 7.5 kW (400 VAC)
J	: 400 VAC	1,500 r/min Servomotor	11 kW, 15 kW
K	: 200 VAC	1,500 r/min Servomotor	7.5 kW, 11 kW, 15 kW

Cable length

Motor Power cable

003 : 3 m
005 : 5 m
010 : 10 m
015 : 15 m
020 : 20 m

Connector type

B : with Brake Wire

Others

Blank : Standard specifications[*2]
F : Flexible cable

Direction for handling cable

Blank : Load side cable
R : Non-load side cable[*3]

*1. This is a cable to be connected only to a brake. Prepare a power cable without a brake wire separately.
*2. Only for Applicable Servomotor type A to F.
*3. Only for Applicable Servomotor type A.

2-2-6 Decelerator

The Decelerator model number tells the Decelerator series, flange size number, reduction ratio, backlash, etc.

Backlash: 3 Arcminutes Max.

R88G-HPG14A05100SBJ

Decelerator for Servomotor
Backlash: 3 Arcminutes max.

Flange size number
- 11B : 40 x 40
- 14A : 60 x 60
- 20A : 90 x 90
- 32A : 120 x 120
- 50A : 170 x 170
- 65A : 230 x 230

Reduction ratio
- 05 : 1/5
- 11 : 1/11
- 12 : 1/12
- 20 : 1/20
- 21 : 1/21
- 25 : 1/25
- 33 : 1/33
- 45 : 1/45

Applicable Servomotor rated output *1
- 050 : 50 W
- 100 : 100 W
- 200 : 200 W
- 400 : 400 W
- 600 : 600 W
- 750 : 750 W
- 900 : 900 W
- 1K0 : 1 kW
- 1K5 : 1.5 kW
- 2K0 : 2 kW
- 3K0 : 3 kW
- 4K0 : 4 kW
- 4K5 : 4.5 kW
- 5K0 : 5 kW
- 7K5 : 7.5 kW

Servomotor type*1
- None : 3,000-r/min Servomotors
- S : 2,000-r/min Servomotors
- T : 1,000-r/min Servomotors

Backlash
- B : Backlash: 3 Arcminutes max.

Options
- None : Straight shaft
- J : With key and tap

*1. These are based on typical Servomotor's specifications.
For the selection, check the Servomotor and Decelerator Combination Tables.

Backlash: 15 Arcminutes Max.

R88G-VRXF09B100CJ

Decelerator
for Servomotor
Backlash: 15 Arcminutes max.

Reduction ratio
- 05 : 1/5
- 09 : 1/9
- 15 : 1/15
- 25 : 1/25

Flange size number
- B : □52
- C : □78
- D : □98

Applicable Servomotor rated output
- 100 : 50W, 100 W
- 200 : 200 W
- 400 : 400 W
- 750 : 750 W

Backlash
- C : Backlash: 15 Arcminutes max.

Options
- J : With key and tap

2-3 Model Tables

This section lists the models of Servo Drives, Servomotors, Decelerators, cables, connectors, peripheral devices, etc. in the tables.

2-3-1 Servo Drive Model Table

The following table lists the Servo Drive models.

Specifications		Model	Reference
Single-phase 100 VAC	100 W	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51	page 2-34
	200 W	R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51	page 2-35
	400 W	R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51	page 2-36
Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC	100 W	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	page 2-34
	200 W	R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51	
	400 W	R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51	page 2-35
	750 W	R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51	page 2-36
	1.5 kW	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	page 2-37
3-phase 200 VAC	1 kW	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	page 2-36
	2 kW	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	page 2-37
	3 kW	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	
	5.5 kW	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	page 2-38
	7.5 kW	R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	
	15 kW	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	page 2-39
3-phase 400 VAC	600 W	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	page 2-37
	1 kW	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51	
	1.5 kW	R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51	
	2 kW	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	
	3 kW	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	
	5.5 kW	R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51	page 2-38
	7.5 kW	R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51	
	15 kW	R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	page 2-40

2-3-2 Servomotor Model Tables

The following tables list the Servomotor models by the rated motor speed.

3,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications			Model				Reference
			Without oil seal		With oil seal		
			Straight shaft	With key and tap	Straight shaft	With key and tap	
Without brake	100 VAC	50 W	R88M-1M05030S	R88M-1M05030S-S2	R88M-1M05030S-O	R88M-1M05030S-OS2	page 2-42
		100 W	R88M-1M10030S	R88M-1M10030S-S2	R88M-1M10030S-O	R88M-1M10030S-OS2	page 2-44
		200 W	R88M-1M20030S	R88M-1M20030S-S2	R88M-1M20030S-O	R88M-1M20030S-OS2	page 2-46
		400 W	R88M-1M40030S	R88M-1M40030S-S2	R88M-1M40030S-O	R88M-1M40030S-OS2	page 2-46
	200 VAC	50 W	R88M-1M05030T	R88M-1M05030T-S2	R88M-1M05030T-O	R88M-1M05030T-OS2	page 2-42
		100 W	R88M-1M10030T	R88M-1M10030T-S2	R88M-1M10030T-O	R88M-1M10030T-OS2	page 2-44
		200 W	R88M-1M20030T	R88M-1M20030T-S2	R88M-1M20030T-O	R88M-1M20030T-OS2	page 2-46
		400 W	R88M-1M40030T	R88M-1M40030T-S2	R88M-1M40030T-O	R88M-1M40030T-OS2	page 2-46
		750 W	R88M-1M75030T	R88M-1M75030T-S2	R88M-1M75030T-O	R88M-1M75030T-OS2	page 2-50
		1 kW	R88M-1L1K030T	R88M-1L1K030T-S2	R88M-1L1K030T-O	R88M-1L1K030T-OS2	page 2-52
		1.5 kW	R88M-1L1K530T	R88M-1L1K530T-S2	R88M-1L1K530T-O	R88M-1L1K530T-OS2	page 2-52
		2 kW	R88M-1L2K030T	R88M-1L2K030T-S2	R88M-1L2K030T-O	R88M-1L2K030T-OS2	page 2-52
		3 kW	R88M-1L3K030T	R88M-1L3K030T-S2	R88M-1L3K030T-O	R88M-1L3K030T-OS2	page 2-54
		4 kW	R88M-1L4K030T	R88M-1L4K030T-S2	R88M-1L4K030T-O	R88M-1L4K030T-OS2	page 2-56
		4.7 kW	R88M-1L4K730T	R88M-1L4K730T-S2	R88M-1L4K730T-O	R88M-1L4K730T-OS2	page 2-56
	400 VAC	750 W	R88M-1L75030C	R88M-1L75030C-S2	R88M-1L75030C-O	R88M-1L75030C-OS2	page 2-60
		1 kW	R88M-1L1K030C	R88M-1L1K030C-S2	R88M-1L1K030C-O	R88M-1L1K030C-OS2	page 2-60
		1.5 kW	R88M-1L1K530C	R88M-1L1K530C-S2	R88M-1L1K530C-O	R88M-1L1K530C-OS2	page 2-60
		2 kW	R88M-1L2K030C	R88M-1L2K030C-S2	R88M-1L2K030C-O	R88M-1L2K030C-OS2	page 2-60
		3 kW	R88M-1L3K030C	R88M-1L3K030C-S2	R88M-1L3K030C-O	R88M-1L3K030C-OS2	page 2-64
		4 kW	R88M-1L4K030C	R88M-1L4K030C-S2	R88M-1L4K030C-O	R88M-1L4K030C-OS2	page 2-66
		5 kW	R88M-1L5K030C	R88M-1L5K030C-S2	R88M-1L5K030C-O	R88M-1L5K030C-OS2	page 2-66

Specifications			Model				Reference
			Without oil seal		With oil seal		
			Straight shaft	With key and tap	Straight shaft	With key and tap	
With brake	100 VAC	50 W	R88M-1M05030S-B	R88M-1M05030S-BS2	R88M-1M05030S-BO	R88M-1M05030S-BOS2	page 2-43
		100 W	R88M-1M10030S-B	R88M-1M10030S-BS2	R88M-1M10030S-BO	R88M-1M10030S-BOS2	page 2-45
		200 W	R88M-1M20030S-B	R88M-1M20030S-BS2	R88M-1M20030S-BO	R88M-1M20030S-BOS2	page 2-48
		400 W	R88M-1M40030S-B	R88M-1M40030S-BS2	R88M-1M40030S-BO	R88M-1M40030S-BOS2	page 2-48
	200 VAC	50 W	R88M-1M05030T-B	R88M-1M05030T-BS2	R88M-1M05030T-BO	R88M-1M05030T-BOS2	page 2-43
		100 W	R88M-1M10030T-B	R88M-1M10030T-BS2	R88M-1M10030T-BO	R88M-1M10030T-BOS2	page 2-45
		200 W	R88M-1M20030T-B	R88M-1M20030T-BS2	R88M-1M20030T-BO	R88M-1M20030T-BOS2	page 2-48
		400 W	R88M-1M40030T-B	R88M-1M40030T-BS2	R88M-1M40030T-BO	R88M-1M40030T-BOS2	page 2-48
		750 W	R88M-1M75030T-B	R88M-1M75030T-BS2	R88M-1M75030T-BO	R88M-1M75030T-BOS2	page 2-51
		1 kW	R88M-1L1K030T-B	R88M-1L1K030T-BS2	R88M-1L1K030T-BO	R88M-1L1K030T-BOS2	page 2-53
		1.5 kW	R88M-1L1K530T-B	R88M-1L1K530T-BS2	R88M-1L1K530T-BO	R88M-1L1K530T-BOS2	page 2-53
		2 kW	R88M-1L2K030T-B	R88M-1L2K030T-BS2	R88M-1L2K030T-BO	R88M-1L2K030T-BOS2	page 2-53
		3 kW	R88M-1L3K030T-B	R88M-1L3K030T-BS2	R88M-1L3K030T-BO	R88M-1L3K030T-BOS2	page 2-55
		4 kW	R88M-1L4K030T-B	R88M-1L4K030T-BS2	R88M-1L4K030T-BO	R88M-1L4K030T-BOS2	page 2-58
		4.7 kW	R88M-1L4K730T-B	R88M-1L4K730T-BS2	R88M-1L4K730T-BO	R88M-1L4K730T-BOS2	page 2-58
	400 VAC	750 W	R88M-1L75030C-B	R88M-1L75030C-BS2	R88M-1L75030C-BO	R88M-1L75030C-BOS2	page 2-62
		1 kW	R88M-1L1K030C-B	R88M-1L1K030C-BS2	R88M-1L1K030C-BO	R88M-1L1K030C-BOS2	page 2-62
		1.5 kW	R88M-1L1K530C-B	R88M-1L1K530C-BS2	R88M-1L1K530C-BO	R88M-1L1K530C-BOS2	page 2-62
		2 kW	R88M-1L2K030C-B	R88M-1L2K030C-BS2	R88M-1L2K030C-BO	R88M-1L2K030C-BOS2	page 2-62
		3 kW	R88M-1L3K030C-B	R88M-1L3K030C-BS2	R88M-1L3K030C-BO	R88M-1L3K030C-BOS2	page 2-65
		4 kW	R88M-1L4K030C-B	R88M-1L4K030C-BS2	R88M-1L4K030C-BO	R88M-1L4K030C-BOS2	page 2-68
		5 kW	R88M-1L5K030C-B	R88M-1L5K030C-BS2	R88M-1L5K030C-BO	R88M-1L5K030C-BOS2	page 2-68

2,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications			Model				Reference
			Without oil seal		With oil seal		
			Straight shaft	With key and tap	Straight shaft	With key and tap	
Without brake	200 VAC	1 kW	R88M-1M1K020T	R88M-1M1K020T-S2	R88M-1M1K020T-O	R88M-1M1K020T-OS2	page 2-70
		1.5 kW	R88M-1M1K520T	R88M-1M1K520T-S2	R88M-1M1K520T-O	R88M-1M1K520T-OS2	page 2-70
		2 kW	R88M-1M2K020T	R88M-1M2K020T-S2	R88M-1M2K020T-O	R88M-1M2K020T-OS2	page 2-70
		3 kW	R88M-1M3K020T	R88M-1M3K020T-S2	R88M-1M3K020T-O	R88M-1M3K020T-OS2	page 2-73
	400 VAC	400 W	R88M-1M40020C	R88M-1M40020C-S2	R88M-1M40020C-O	R88M-1M40020C-OS2	page 2-75
		600 W	R88M-1M60020C	R88M-1M60020C-S2	R88M-1M60020C-O	R88M-1M60020C-OS2	page 2-75
		1 kW	R88M-1M1K020C	R88M-1M1K020C-S2	R88M-1M1K020C-O	R88M-1M1K020C-OS2	page 2-77
		1.5 kW	R88M-1M1K520C	R88M-1M1K520C-S2	R88M-1M1K520C-O	R88M-1M1K520C-OS2	page 2-77
		2 kW	R88M-1M2K020C	R88M-1M2K020C-S2	R88M-1M2K020C-O	R88M-1M2K020C-OS2	page 2-77
		3 kW	R88M-1M3K020C	R88M-1M3K020C-S2	R88M-1M3K020C-O	R88M-1M3K020C-OS2	page 2-79
With brake	200 VAC	1 kW	R88M-1M1K020T-B	R88M-1M1K020T-BS2	R88M-1M1K020T-BO	R88M-1M1K020T-BOS2	page 2-72
		1.5 kW	R88M-1M1K520T-B	R88M-1M1K520T-BS2	R88M-1M1K520T-BO	R88M-1M1K520T-BOS2	page 2-72
		2 kW	R88M-1M2K020T-B	R88M-1M2K020T-BS2	R88M-1M2K020T-BO	R88M-1M2K020T-BOS2	page 2-72
		3 kW	R88M-1M3K020T-B	R88M-1M3K020T-BS2	R88M-1M3K020T-BO	R88M-1M3K020T-BOS2	page 2-74
	400 VAC	400 W	R88M-1M40020C-B	R88M-1M40020C-BS2	R88M-1M40020C-BO	R88M-1M40020C-BOS2	page 2-76
		600 W	R88M-1M60020C-B	R88M-1M60020C-BS2	R88M-1M60020C-BO	R88M-1M60020C-BOS2	page 2-76
		1 kW	R88M-1M1K020C-B	R88M-1M1K020C-BS2	R88M-1M1K020C-BO	R88M-1M1K020C-BOS2	page 2-78
		1.5 kW	R88M-1M1K520C-B	R88M-1M1K520C-BS2	R88M-1M1K520C-BO	R88M-1M1K520C-BOS2	page 2-78
		2 kW	R88M-1M2K020C-B	R88M-1M2K020C-BS2	R88M-1M2K020C-BO	R88M-1M2K020C-BOS2	page 2-78
		3 kW	R88M-1M3K020C-B	R88M-1M3K020C-BS2	R88M-1M3K020C-BO	R88M-1M3K020C-BOS2	page 2-80

1,500-r/min Servomotors

Specifications			Model				Reference
			Without oil seal		With oil seal		
			Straight shaft	With key and tap	Straight shaft	With key and tap	
Without brake	200 VAC	4 kW	R88M-1M4K015T	R88M-1M4K015T-S2	R88M-1M4K015T-O	R88M-1M4K015T-OS2	page 2-81
		5 kW	R88M-1M5K015T	R88M-1M5K015T-S2	R88M-1M5K015T-O	R88M-1M5K015T-OS2	page 2-83
		7.5 kW	R88M-1M7K515T	R88M-1M7K515T-S2	R88M-1M7K515T-O	R88M-1M7K515T-OS2	page 2-85
		11 kW	R88M-1M11K015T	R88M-1M11K015T-S2	R88M-1M11K015T-O	R88M-1M11K015T-OS2	page 2-87
		15 kW	R88M-1M15K015T	R88M-1M15K015T-S2	R88M-1M15K015T-O	R88M-1M15K015T-OS2	page 2-87
	400 VAC	4 kW	R88M-1M4K015C	R88M-1M4K015C-S2	R88M-1M4K015C-O	R88M-1M4K015C-OS2	page 2-91
		5.5 kW	R88M-1M5K515C	R88M-1M5K515C-S2	R88M-1M5K515C-O	R88M-1M5K515C-OS2	page 2-93
		7.5 kW	R88M-1M7K515C	R88M-1M7K515C-S2	R88M-1M7K515C-O	R88M-1M7K515C-OS2	page 2-93
		11 kW	R88M-1M11K015C	R88M-1M11K015C-S2	R88M-1M11K015C-O	R88M-1M11K015C-OS2	page 2-97
		15 kW	R88M-1M15K015C	R88M-1M15K015C-S2	R88M-1M15K015C-O	R88M-1M15K015C-OS2	page 2-97
With brake	200 VAC	4 kW	R88M-1M4K015T-B	R88M-1M4K015T-BS2	R88M-1M4K015T-BO	R88M-1M4K015T-BOS2	page 2-82
		5 kW	R88M-1M5K015T-B	R88M-1M5K015T-BS2	R88M-1M5K015T-BO	R88M-1M5K015T-BOS2	page 2-84
		7.5 kW	R88M-1M7K515T-B	R88M-1M7K515T-BS2	R88M-1M7K515T-BO	R88M-1M7K515T-BOS2	page 2-86
		11 kW	R88M-1M11K015T-B	R88M-1M11K015T-BS2	R88M-1M11K015T-BO	R88M-1M11K015T-BOS2	page 2-89
		15 kW	R88M-1M15K015T-B	R88M-1M15K015T-BS2	R88M-1M15K015T-BO	R88M-1M15K015T-BOS2	page 2-89
	400 VAC	4 kW	R88M-1M4K015C-B	R88M-1M4K015C-BS2	R88M-1M4K015C-BO	R88M-1M4K015C-BOS2	page 2-92
		5.5 kW	R88M-1M5K515C-B	R88M-1M5K515C-BS2	R88M-1M5K515C-BO	R88M-1M5K515C-BOS2	page 2-95
		7.5 kW	R88M-1M7K515C-B	R88M-1M7K515C-BS2	R88M-1M7K515C-BO	R88M-1M7K515C-BOS2	page 2-95
		11 kW	R88M-1M11K015C-B	R88M-1M11K015C-BS2	R88M-1M11K015C-BO	R88M-1M11K015C-BOS2	page 2-99
		15 kW	R88M-1M15K015C-B	R88M-1M15K015C-BS2	R88M-1M15K015C-BO	R88M-1M15K015C-BOS2	page 2-99

1,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications			Model				Reference
			Without oil seal		With oil seal		
			Straight shaft	With key and tap	Straight shaft	With key and tap	
Without brake	200 VAC	900 W	R88M-1M90010T	R88M-1M90010T-S2	R88M-1M90010T-O	R88M-1M90010T-OS2	page 2-101
		2 kW	R88M-1M2K010T	R88M-1M2K010T-S2	R88M-1M2K010T-O	R88M-1M2K010T-OS2	page 2-103
		3 kW	R88M-1M3K010T	R88M-1M3K010T-S2	R88M-1M3K010T-O	R88M-1M3K010T-OS2	page 2-105
	400 VAC	900 W	R88M-1M90010C	R88M-1M90010C-S2	R88M-1M90010C-O	R88M-1M90010C-OS2	page 2-107
		2 kW	R88M-1M2K010C	R88M-1M2K010C-S2	R88M-1M2K010C-O	R88M-1M2K010C-OS2	page 2-109
		3 kW	R88M-1M3K010C	R88M-1M3K010C-S2	R88M-1M3K010C-O	R88M-1M3K010C-OS2	page 2-111
With brake	200 VAC	900 W	R88M-1M90010T-B	R88M-1M90010T-BS2	R88M-1M90010T-BO	R88M-1M90010T-BOS2	page 2-102
		2 kW	R88M-1M2K010T-B	R88M-1M2K010T-BS2	R88M-1M2K010T-BO	R88M-1M2K010T-BOS2	page 2-104
		3 kW	R88M-1M3K010T-B	R88M-1M3K010T-BS2	R88M-1M3K010T-BO	R88M-1M3K010T-BOS2	page 2-106
	400 VAC	900 W	R88M-1M90010C-B	R88M-1M90010C-BS2	R88M-1M90010C-BO	R88M-1M90010C-BOS2	page 2-108
		2 kW	R88M-1M2K010C-B	R88M-1M2K010C-BS2	R88M-1M2K010C-BO	R88M-1M2K010C-BOS2	page 2-110
		3 kW	R88M-1M3K010C-B	R88M-1M3K010C-BS2	R88M-1M3K010C-BO	R88M-1M3K010C-BOS2	page 2-112

2-3-3 Servo Drive and Servomotor Combination Tables

The following tables show the possible combinations of 1S-series Servo Drive and 1S-series Servomotors. The Servomotors and Servo Drives can only be used in the listed combinations. "□" at the end of the motor model number is for options, such as the shaft type and brake.

3,000-r/min Servomotors and Servo Drives

Main circuit power supply voltage	Servomotor rated output	Servomotor	Servo Drive
Single-phase 100 VAC	50 W	R88M-1M05030S-□	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51
	100 W	R88M-1M10030S-□	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51
	200 W	R88M-1M20030S-□	R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51
	400 W	R88M-1M40030S-□	R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51

Main circuit power supply voltage	Servomotor rated output	Servomotor	Servo Drive
Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC	50 W	R88M-1M05030T-☐	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51
	100 W	R88M-1M10030T-☐	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51
	200 W	R88M-1M20030T-☐	R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51
	400 W	R88M-1M40030T-☐	R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51
	750 W	R88M-1M75030T-☐	R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51
	1.5 kW	R88M-1L1K530T-☐	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51
3-phase 200 VAC	1 kW	R88M-1L1K030T-☐	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51
	2 kW	R88M-1L2K030T-☐	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51
	3 kW	R88M-1L3K030T-☐	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51
	4 kW	R88M-1L4K030T-☐	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51
	4.7 kW	R88M-1L4K730T-☐	
3-phase 400 VAC	750 W	R88M-1L75030C-☐	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51
	1 kW	R88M-1L1K030C-☐	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51
	1.5 kW	R88M-1L1K530C-☐	R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51
	2 kW	R88M-1L2K030C-☐	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51
	3 kW	R88M-1L3K030C-☐	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51
	4 kW	R88M-1L4K030C-☐	R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51
	5 kW	R88M-1L5K030C-☐	

2,000-r/min Servomotors and Servo Drives

Main circuit power supply voltage	Servomotor rated output	Servomotor	Servo Drive
Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC	1.5 kW	R88M-1M1K520T-☐	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51
3-phase 200 VAC	1 kW	R88M-1M1K020T-☐	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51
	2 kW	R88M-1M2K020T-☐	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51
	3 kW	R88M-1M3K020T-☐	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51
3-phase 400 VAC	400 W	R88M-1M40020C-☐	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51
	600 W	R88M-1M60020C-☐	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51
	1 kW	R88M-1M1K020C-☐	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51
	1.5 kW	R88M-1M1K520C-☐	R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51
	2 kW	R88M-1M2K020C-☐	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51
	3 kW	R88M-1M3K020C-☐	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51

1,500-r/min Servomotors and Servo Drives

Main circuit power supply voltage	Servomotor rated output	Servomotor	Servo Drive
3-phase 200 VAC	4 kW	R88M-1M4K015T-☐	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51
	5 kW	R88M-1M5K015T-☐	
	7.5 kW	R88M-1M7K515T-☐	R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51
	11 kW	R88M-1M11K015T-☐	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51
	15 kW	R88M-1M15K015T-☐	

Main circuit power supply voltage	Servomotor rated output	Servomotor	Servo Drive
3-phase 400 VAC	4 kW	R88M-1M4K015C-☐	R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51
	5.5 kW	R88M-1M5K515C-☐	
	7.5 kW	R88M-1M7K515C-☐	R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51
	11 kW	R88M-1M11K015C-☐	R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51
	15 kW	R88M-1M15K015C-☐	

1,000-r/min Servomotors and Servo Drives

Main circuit power supply voltage	Servomotor rated output	Servomotor	Servo Drive
3-phase 200 VAC	900 W	R88M-1M90010T-☐	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51
	2 kW	R88M-1M2K010T-☐	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51
	3 kW	R88M-1M3K010T-☐	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51
3-phase 400 VAC	900 W	R88M-1M90010C-☐	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51
	2 kW	R88M-1M2K010C-☐	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51
	3 kW	R88M-1M3K010C-☐	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51

2-3-4 Decelerator Model Tables

The following tables list the Decelerator models for 1S-series Servomotors.
The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at ☐ of the Decelerator model number in the following table. Select an appropriate model based on the Servomotor rated output.

Backlash: 3 Arcminutes Max.

● For 3,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications		Model	Reference
Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio		
50 W	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B☐	page 2-116
	1/33	R88G-HPG14A33050B☐	
	1/45	R88G-HPG14A45050B☐	
100 W	1/5	R88G-HPG11B05100B☐	
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11100B☐	
	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B☐	
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33100B☐	
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45100B☐	
200 W	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05200B☐	
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11200B☐	
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21200B☐	
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33200B☐	
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45200B☐	

Specifications		Model	Reference
Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio		
400 W	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05400B□	page 2-119
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11400B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21400B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33400B□	
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400B□	
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG20A05750B□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11750B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A21750B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33750B□	
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45750B□	
750 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	page 2-119
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	page 2-122
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	page 2-122
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A113K0B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B□	page 2-122
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	
4.7 kW 5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0B□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	

● For 2,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications		Model	Reference
Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio		
400 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	page 2-18
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400SB□	
600 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K0SB□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K0SB□	
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	page 2-129
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B□	page 2-129
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0SB□	
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A253K0SB□	

● For 1,500-r/min Servomotors

Specifications		Model	Reference
Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio		
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	page 2-132
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	
5 kW 5.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A054K5TB□	
	1/12	R88G-HPG65A127K5SB□	
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A204K5TB□	

● For 1,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications		Model	Reference
Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio		
900 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A05900TB□	page 2-133
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A11900TB□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A21900TB□	
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A33900TB□	
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0TB□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A112K0TB□	
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0TB□	
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	

Backlash: 15 Arcminutes Max.

● For 3,000-r/min Servomotors

Specifications		Model	Reference
Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio		
50 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	page 2-136
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	
100 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	
200 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B200CJ	page 2-136
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C200CJ	
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C200CJ	
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C200CJ	
400 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C400CJ	
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C400CJ	
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C400CJ	
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C400CJ	
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C750CJ	
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09D750CJ	
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15D750CJ	
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25D750CJ	

2-3-5 Servomotor and Decelerator Combination Tables

The following tables show the possible combinations of 1S-series Servomotors and Decelerators. You cannot use a Servomotor with a key and tap (model numbers with -S2 at the end) in combination with a Decelerator.

Backlash: 3 Arcminutes Max.

● Combinations of 3,000-r/min Motors and Decelerators

Servomotor	Reduction ratio				
	1/5	1/11	1/21	1/33	1/45
R88M-1M05030☐	---	---	R88G-HPG14A21100B☐	R88G-HPG14A33050B☐	R88G-HPG14A45050B☐
R88M-1M10030☐	R88G-HPG11B05100B☐	R88G-HPG14A11100B☐		R88G-HPG20A33100B☐	R88G-HPG20A45100B☐
R88M-1M20030☐	R88G-HPG14A05200B☐	R88G-HPG14A11200B☐	R88G-HPG20A21200B☐	R88G-HPG20A33200B☐	R88G-HPG20A45200B☐
R88M-1M40030☐	R88G-HPG14A05400B☐	R88G-HPG20A11400B☐	R88G-HPG20A21400B☐	R88G-HPG32A33400B☐	R88G-HPG32A45400B☐
R88M-1M75030☐ (200 VAC)	R88G-HPG20A05750B☐	R88G-HPG20A11750B☐	R88G-HPG32A21750B☐	R88G-HPG32A33750B☐	R88G-HPG32A45750B☐
R88M-1L75030☐ (400 VAC)	R88G-HPG32A052K0B☐	R88G-HPG32A112K0B☐	R88G-HPG32A211K5B☐	R88G-HPG32A33600SB☐	R88G-HPG50A451K5B☐
R88M-1L1K030☐				R88G-HPG50A332K0B☐	
R88M-1L1K530☐					
R88M-1L2K030☐			R88G-HPG50A212K0B☐		---
R88M-1L3K030☐	R88G-HPG32A053K0B☐	R88G-HPG50A113K0B☐	R88G-HPG50A213K0B☐	---	---
R88M-1L4K030☐	R88G-HPG32A054K0B☐	R88G-HPG50A115K0B☐	---	---	---
R88M-1L4K730☐	R88G-HPG50A055K0B☐		---	---	---
R88M-1L5K030☐					

● Combinations of 2,000-r/min Motors and Decelerators

Servomotor	Reduction ratio					
	1/5	1/11	1/21	1/25	1/33	1/45
R88M-1M40020☐ (400 VAC)	R88G-HPG32A052K0B☐	R88G-HPG32A112K0B☐	R88G-HPG32A211K5B☐	---	R88G-HPG32A33600SB☐	R88G-HPG32A45400SB☐
R88M-1M60020☐ (400 VAC)				---		R88G-HPG50A451K5B☐

Servomotor	Reduction ratio					
	1/5	1/11	1/21	1/25	1/33	1/45
R88M-1M1K020□	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	R88G-HPG32A211K0SB□	---	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	R88G-HPG50A451K0SB□
R88M-1M1K520□			R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	---		---
R88M-1M2K020□				---		---
R88M-1M3K020□	R88G-HPG32A054K0B□	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	R88G-HPG50A213K0SB□	R88G-HPG65A253K0SB□	---	---

● Combinations of 1,500-r/min Motors and Decelerators

Servomotor models	Reduction ratio				
	1/5	1/11	1/12	1/20	1/25
R88M-1M4K015□	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	---	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□
R88M-1M5K□15□	R88G-HPG50A054K5TB□	---	R88G-HPG65A127K5SB□	R88G-HPG65A204K5TB□	---

● Combinations of 1,000-r/min Motors and Decelerators

Servomotor models	Reduction ratio					
	1/5	1/11	1/20	1/21	1/25	1/33
R88M-1M90010□	R88G-HPG32A05900TB□	R88G-HPG32A11900TB□	---	R88G-HPG50A21900TB□	---	R88G-HPG50A33900TB□
R88M-1M2K010□	R88G-HPG32A052K0TB□	R88G-HPG50A112K0TB□	---	R88G-HPG50A212K0TB□	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	---
R88M-1M3K010□	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	---		---

Backlash: 15 Arcminutes Max.

● Combinations of 3,000-r/min Motors and Decelerators

Servomotor models	Reduction ratio			
	1/5	1/9	1/15	1/25
R88M-1M05030□	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ
R88M-1M10030□				
R88M-1M20030□	R88G-VRXF05B200CJ	R88G-VRXF09C200CJ	R88G-VRXF15C200CJ	R88G-VRXF25C200CJ
R88M-1M40030□	R88G-VRXF05C400CJ	R88G-VRXF09C400CJ	R88G-VRXF15C400CJ	R88G-VRXF25C400CJ
R88M-1M75030□ (200 VAC)	R88G-VRXF05C750CJ	R88G-VRXF09D750CJ	R88G-VRXF15D750CJ	R88G-VRXF25D750CJ

2-3-6 Cable and Connector Model Tables

The following tables list the models of cables, shield clamp and connectors. The cables include encoder cables, motor power cables, and brake cables.

Encoder Cables (Standard Cable)

Applicable Servomotors			Model
100 V 200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 W, 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W	3 m	R88A-CR1A003C
		5 m	R88A-CR1A005C
		10 m	R88A-CR1A010C
		15 m	R88A-CR1A015C
		20 m	R88A-CR1A020C
200 V 400 V	200 V 3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW to 3 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors 1,000-r/min Servomotors 400 V 3,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW or less 2,000-r/min Servomotors 1,000-r/min Servomotors	3 m	R88A-CR1B003N
		5 m	R88A-CR1B005N
		10 m	R88A-CR1B010N
		15 m	R88A-CR1B015N
		20 m	R88A-CR1B020N
200 V 400 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW or more 1,500-r/min Servomotors	3 m	R88A-CR1B003V
		5 m	R88A-CR1B005V
		10 m	R88A-CR1B010V
		15 m	R88A-CR1B015V
		20 m	R88A-CR1B020V

Motor Power Cables (Standard Cable)

For the motor power cables, there are two types of cable versions available: version 1.0 and 1.1. Refer to *3-4-2 Motor Power Cable Specifications* on page 3-83 for details.
To use the SLS function, use a motor power cable of the latest version. Using a motor power cable of the older version may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 (Error No. 71.01) or SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) during velocity monitoring with the SLS function. Also, using a cable longer than 20 m that is not listed may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 (Error No. 71.01) or SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) during velocity monitoring with the SLS function. Refer to *8-4 Safely-limited Speed (SLS) Function* on page 8-31 for details.

Applicable Servomotors			Model	
			Without brake wire	With brake wire
100 V 200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors*1 of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W	3 m	R88A-CA1A003S	---
		5 m	R88A-CA1A005S	---
		10 m	R88A-CA1A010S	---
		15 m	R88A-CA1A015S	---
		20 m	R88A-CA1A020S	---
200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W	3 m	R88A-CA1B003S	R88A-CA1B003B
		5 m	R88A-CA1B005S	R88A-CA1B005B
		10 m	R88A-CA1B010S	R88A-CA1B010B
		15 m	R88A-CA1B015S	R88A-CA1B015B
		20 m	R88A-CA1B020S	R88A-CA1B020B

Applicable Servomotors			Model	
			Without brake wire	With brake wire
200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW	3 m	R88A-CA1C003S	R88A-CA1C003B
		5 m	R88A-CA1C005S	R88A-CA1C005B
		10 m	R88A-CA1C010S	R88A-CA1C010B
		15 m	R88A-CA1C015S	R88A-CA1C015B
		20 m	R88A-CA1C020S	R88A-CA1C020B
400 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2kW 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W	3 m	R88A-CA1C003S	R88A-CA1E003B
		5 m	R88A-CA1C005S	R88A-CA1E005B
		10 m	R88A-CA1C010S	R88A-CA1E010B
		15 m	R88A-CA1C015S	R88A-CA1E015B
		20 m	R88A-CA1C020S	R88A-CA1E020B
200 V 400 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW (200 V) and 3 kW (200 V/400 V) 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW (200 V) and 3 kW (200 V/400 V) 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW (200 V/400 V) and 3 kW (400 V)	3 m	R88A-CA1E003S	R88A-CA1E003B
		5 m	R88A-CA1E005S	R88A-CA1E005B
		10 m	R88A-CA1E010S	R88A-CA1E010B
		15 m	R88A-CA1E015S	R88A-CA1E015B
		20 m	R88A-CA1E020S	R88A-CA1E020B
200 V	1,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW	3 m	R88A-CA1F003S	R88A-CA1F003B
		5 m	R88A-CA1F005S	R88A-CA1F005B
		10 m	R88A-CA1F010S	R88A-CA1F010B
		15 m	R88A-CA1F015S	R88A-CA1F015B
		20 m	R88A-CA1F020S	R88A-CA1F020B

*1. The Servomotors of 50 W are exempt from the applicable Servomotors. Use these combinations with caution.

Brake Cables (Standard Cable)

Applicable Servomotors			Model
100 V 200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors*1 of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W	3 m	R88A-CA1A003B
		5 m	R88A-CA1A005B
		10 m	R88A-CA1A010B
		15 m	R88A-CA1A015B
		20 m	R88A-CA1A020B

*1. The Servomotors of 50 W are exempt from the applicable Servomotors. Use these combinations with caution.

Encoder Cables (Flexible Cable)

Applicable Servomotors			Model
100 V 200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 W, 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W	3 m	R88A-CR1A003CF
		5 m	R88A-CR1A005CF
		10 m	R88A-CR1A010CF
		15 m	R88A-CR1A015CF
		20 m	R88A-CR1A020CF
200 V 400 V	200 V 3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW to 3 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors 1,000-r/min Servomotors 400 V 3,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW or less 2,000-r/min Servomotors 1,000-r/min Servomotors	3 m	R88A-CR1B003NF
		5 m	R88A-CR1B005NF
		10 m	R88A-CR1B010NF
		15 m	R88A-CR1B015NF
		20 m	R88A-CR1B020NF
200 V 400 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW or more 1,500-r/min Servomotors	3 m	R88A-CR1B003VF
		5 m	R88A-CR1B005VF
		10 m	R88A-CR1B010VF
		15 m	R88A-CR1B015VF
		20 m	R88A-CR1B020VF

Motor Power Cables (Flexible Cable)

For the motor power cables, there are two types of cable versions available: version 1.0 and 1.1. Refer to *3-4-2 Motor Power Cable Specifications* on page 3-83 for details.
To use the SLS function, use a motor power cable of the latest version. Using a motor power cable of the older version may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 (Error No. 71.01) or SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) during velocity monitoring with the SLS function. Also, using a cable longer than 20 m that is not listed may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 (Error No. 71.01) or SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) during velocity monitoring with the SLS function. Refer to *8-4 Safely-limited Speed (SLS) Function* on page 8-31 for details.

Applicable Servomotors			Model	
			Without brake wire	With brake wire
100 V 200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors*1 of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W	3 m	R88A-CA1A003SF	---
		5 m	R88A-CA1A005SF	---
		10 m	R88A-CA1A010SF	---
		15 m	R88A-CA1A015SF	---
		20 m	R88A-CA1A020SF	---
200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W	3 m	R88A-CA1B003SF	R88A-CA1B003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1B005SF	R88A-CA1B005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1B010SF	R88A-CA1B010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1B015SF	R88A-CA1B015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1B020SF	R88A-CA1B020BF

Applicable Servomotors			Model	
			Without brake wire	With brake wire
200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW	3 m	R88A-CA1C003SF	R88A-CA1C003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1C005SF	R88A-CA1C005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1C010SF	R88A-CA1C010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1C015SF	R88A-CA1C015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1C020SF	R88A-CA1C020BF
400 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2kW 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W	3 m	R88A-CA1C003SF	R88A-CA1E003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1C005SF	R88A-CA1E005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1C010SF	R88A-CA1E010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1C015SF	R88A-CA1E015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1C020SF	R88A-CA1E020BF
200 V 400 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW (200 V) and 3 kW (200 V/400 V) 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW (200 V) and 3 kW (200 V/400 V) 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW (200 V/400 V) and 3 kW (400 V)	3 m	R88A-CA1E003SF	R88A-CA1E003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1E005SF	R88A-CA1E005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1E010SF	R88A-CA1E010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1E015SF	R88A-CA1E015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1E020SF	R88A-CA1E020BF
200 V	1,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW	3 m	R88A-CA1F003SF	R88A-CA1F003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1F005SF	R88A-CA1F005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1F010SF	R88A-CA1F010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1F015SF	R88A-CA1F015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1F020SF	R88A-CA1F020BF
200 V 400 V	200 V 3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW and 4.7 kW 1,500-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW and 5 kW 400 V 3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW and 5 kW 1,500-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 5.5 kW, and 7.5 kW	3 m	R88A-CA1H003SF	R88A-CA1H003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1H005SF	R88A-CA1H005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1H010SF	R88A-CA1H010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1H015SF	R88A-CA1H015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1H020SF	R88A-CA1H020BF
400 V	1,500-r/min Servomotors of 11 kW and 15 kW	3 m	R88A-CA1J003SF	R88A-CA1J003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1J005SF	R88A-CA1J005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1J010SF	R88A-CA1J010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1J015SF	R88A-CA1J015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1J020SF	R88A-CA1J020BF
200 V	1,500-r/min Servomotors of 7.5 kW, 11 kW and 15 kW	3 m	R88A-CA1K003SF	R88A-CA1K003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1K005SF	R88A-CA1K005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1K010SF	R88A-CA1K010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1K015SF	R88A-CA1K015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1K020SF	R88A-CA1K020BF

*1. The Servomotors of 50 W are exempt from the applicable Servomotors. Use these combinations with caution.

Motor Power Cables (Non-load side, Flexible Cable)

When you use the motor power cable with cable on non-load side such as R88A-CA1A□□□SFR and the brake cable together, use the brake cable with cable on non-load side such as R88A-CA1A□□□BFR.

For the motor power cables, there are two types of cable versions available: version 1.0 and 1.1. Refer to *3-4-2 Motor Power Cable Specifications* on page 3-83 for details.

To use the SLS function, use a motor power cable of the latest version. Using a motor power cable of the older version may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 (Error No. 71.01) or SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) during velocity monitoring with the SLS function. Also, using a cable longer than 20 m that is not listed may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 (Error No. 71.01) or SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) during velocity monitoring with the SLS function. Refer to *8-4 Safely-limited Speed (SLS) Function* on page 8-31 for details.

Applicable Servomotors			Model	
			Without brake wire	With brake wire
100 V 200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors*1 of 50 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W	3 m	R88A-CA1A003SFR	---
		5 m	R88A-CA1A005SFR	---
		10 m	R88A-CA1A010SFR	---
		15 m	R88A-CA1A015SFR	---
		20 m	R88A-CA1A020SFR	---

*1. The Servomotors of 100 W are exempt from the applicable Servomotors. Use these combinations with caution.

Brake Cables (Flexible Cable)

Applicable Servomotors			Model
100 V 200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors*1 of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W	3 m	R88A-CA1A003BF
		5 m	R88A-CA1A005BF
		10 m	R88A-CA1A010BF
		15 m	R88A-CA1A015BF
		20 m	R88A-CA1A020BF

*1. The Servomotors of 50 W are exempt from the applicable Servomotors. Use these combinations with caution.

Brake Cables (Non-load side, Flexible Cable)

When you use the brake cable with cable on non-load side such as R88A-CA1A□□□BFR, use it in combination with the motor power cable with cable on non-load side such as R88A-CA1A□□□SFR.

Applicable Servomotors			Model
100 V 200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors*1 of 50 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W	3 m	R88A-CA1A003BFR
		5 m	R88A-CA1A005BFR
		10 m	R88A-CA1A010BFR
		15 m	R88A-CA1A015BFR
		20 m	R88A-CA1A020BFR

*1. The Servomotors of 100 W are exempt from the applicable Servomotors. Use these combinations with caution.

Peripheral Connector

● Servo Drive Side Connector

Name and application	Model
Main circuit connector (CNA)*1 For R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51	R88A-CN102P*4
Main circuit connector A (CNA)*2 For R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-CN103P*4
Main circuit connector A (CNA)*2 For R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51	R88A-CN106P
Main circuit connector A (CNA) For R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-CN108P
Main circuit connector B (CNB)*2 For R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-CN104P*4
Main circuit connector B (CNB)*2 For R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51	R88A-CN107P
Main circuit connector B (CNB) For R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-CN101E
Motor connector (CNC) For R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51	R88A-CN101A*4
Motor connector (CNC) For R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-CN102A*4
Motor connector (CNC) For R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-CN103A
Control power supply connector (CND) For R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-CN101P*4
Control power supply connector (CND) For R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-CN105P
Main circuit connector E (CNE)*2 For R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-CN101D
Control I/O connector (CN1)*3	R88A-CN101C

Name and application	Model
Encoder connector (CN2)	R88A-CN101R
Brake interlock connector (CN12)	R88A-CN101B

*1. Two short-circuit wires are connected to the connector.
*2. One short-circuit wire is connected to the connector.
*3. Four short-circuit wires are connected to the connector.
*4. One opener is included.

● Servomotor Side Connector

Name and application			Model
Encoder connector	100 V, 200 V	For 3,000 r/min (50 to 750 W)	R88A-CNK02R
	200 V	For 3,000 r/min (1 to 3 kW), for 2,000 r/min and 1,000 r/min	R88A-CN104R
	400 V	For 3,000 r/min (750 W to 3 kW), for 2,000 r/min and 1,000 r/min	
	200 V, 400V	For 3,000 r/min (4 to 5 kW), for 1,500 r/min	R88A-CN105R
Power connector (for 750 W max.)*1			R88A-CN111A
Brake connector (for 750 W max.)			R88A-CN111B

*1. This connector is used for power cables with cable on load side such as R88A-CA1A□□□S and R88A-CA1A□□□SF. This connector cannot be used for power cables with cable on non-load side such as R88A-CA1A□□□SFR.

● Connector for External Regeneration Resistor

Name and application	Model
Connector for external regeneration resistor For R88A-RR550□	R88A-CN101E*1

*1. Same as main circuit connector B (CNB) for R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51.

Shield Clamp Bracket

A shield clamp is used for fixing a power cable and connecting a shield wire of the power cable with FG in Servo Drives. A shield clamp consists of a shield clamp bracket and a shield clamp plate. For the each parts name, refer to *1-3-5 Shield Clamp Part Names* on page 1-20.

Name	Applicable Servo Drive	Applicable power cable	Model
Shield Clamp Bracket L	R88D-1SN55□-ECT-51 R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51	R88A-CA1H□□□□F	R88A-SC10CA
	R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-CA1J□□□□F	
	R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51 R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	R88A-CA1K□□□□F	

Note A shield clamp bracket comes with an applicable power cable.

Precautions for Correct Use

For methods for mounting a shield clamp to a Servo Drive and for wiring power cables, refer to *4-2-2 Procedure for Wiring Terminal Block and Procedure for Mounting Shield Clamp to Servo Drive* on page 4-38. Use the shield clamp as described in this manual. Malfunction of ambient equipment may result due to deterioration of noise immunity and radiated noise.

2-3-7 External Regeneration Resistor and External Regeneration Resistance Unit Model Tables

The following tables list the models of External Regeneration Resistors and External Regeneration Resistance Units.

External Regeneration Resistors

Applicable Servo Drive	Model	Specifications
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51	R88A-RR12015	Regeneration process capacity: 24 W, 15 Ω
R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51	R88A-RR12025	Regeneration process capacity: 24 W, 25 Ω
R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	R88A-RR30002R5	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 2.5 Ω
R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	R88A-RR30004	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 4 Ω
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	R88A-RR30005R4	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 5.4 Ω
R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-RR30010	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 10 Ω
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51	R88A-RR30015	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 15 Ω
R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51	R88A-RR30016	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 16 Ω
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	R88A-RR30017	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 17 Ω
R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51*1/-1SN30F-ECT-51*1	R88A-RR30020	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 20 Ω
R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51	R88A-RR30025	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 25 Ω
R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51*1/-1SN10F-ECT-51*1/-1SN15F-ECT-51*1	R88A-RR30033	Regeneration process capacity: 60 W, 33 Ω

*1. Use two series-connected External Regeneration Resistors for this model.

External Regeneration Resistance Units

Applicable Servo Drive	Model	Specifications
R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	R88A-RR55002R5	Regeneration process capacity: 110 W, 2.5 Ω

Applicable Servo Drive	Model	Specifications
R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	R88A-RR55004	Regeneration process capacity: 110 W, 4 Ω
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	R88A-RR55005R4	Regeneration process capacity: 110 W, 5.4 Ω
R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-RR55010	Regeneration process capacity: 110 W, 10 Ω
R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51	R88A-RR55016	Regeneration process capacity: 110 W, 16 Ω
R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	R88A-RR1K602R5	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 2.5 Ω
R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	R88A-RR1K604	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 4 Ω
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	R88A-RR1K605R4	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 5.4 Ω
R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-RR1K610	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 10 Ω
R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51	R88A-RR1K616	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 16 Ω
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	R88A-RR1K617	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 17 Ω
R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51*1/-1SN30F-ECT-51*1	R88A-RR1K620	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 20 Ω
R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-RR1K640	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 40 Ω
R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51	R88A-RR1K666	Regeneration process capacity: 640 W, 66 Ω

*1. Use two series-connected External Regeneration Resistors for this model.

2-3-8 External Dynamic Brake Resistor Model Table

The following table lists the External Dynamic Brake Resistor models.

Applicable Servo Drive	Model	Specifications
R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	R88A-DBR30001R2	1.25 Ω
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51	R88A-DBR30001R5	1.5 Ω
R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51	R88A-DBR30004	4 Ω
R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88A-DBR30005	5 Ω

2-3-9 Reactor Model Table

The following table lists the Reactor models.

For a recommended reactor for applicable Servomotor at 5.5 kW or more, refer to *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.

Applicable Servo Drive	Model	Type of Reactor
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2002	DC reactor
R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2004	
R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2007	
R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51/-1SN15H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2015	
R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2022	
R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2037	
R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4007	
R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4015	
R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4022	
R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4037	

2-3-10 Footprint-type Noise Filters Model Table

The following table lists the Footprint-type Noise Filter models.
Be sure to use book-type noise filters for Servo Drives at 5.5 kW or more. For the book-type noise filters, refer to *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.

Applicable Servo Drive	Model
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51 (Single-phase input)	R88A-FI1S103
R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51 (Single-phase input)	R88A-FI1S105
R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51 (Single-phase input)	R88A-FI1S109
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51 (Single-phase input)	R88A-FI1S116
R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51 (3-phase input)	R88A-FI1S202 or R88A-FI1S203
R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51 (3-phase input)	R88A-FI1S203
R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51 (3-phase input)/-1SN10H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S208
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51 (3-phase input)/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S216
R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S309

2-4 External and Mounting Dimensions

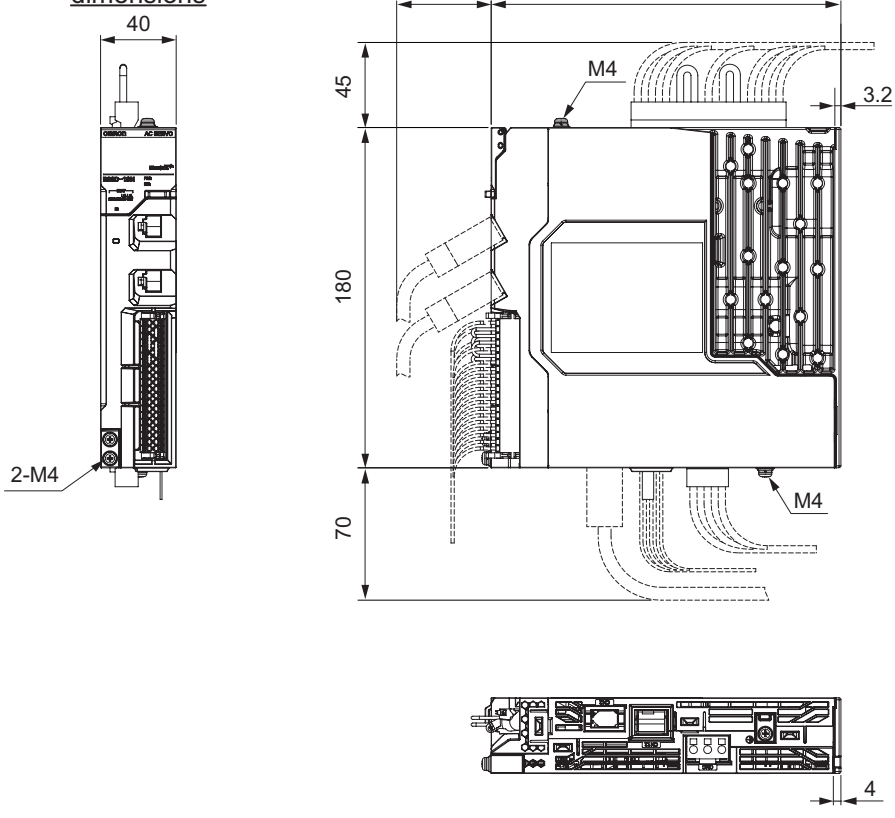
This section provides the external dimensions and mounting dimensions of Servo Drives, Servomotors, Decelerators, and peripheral devices.

2-4-1 Servo Drive Dimensions

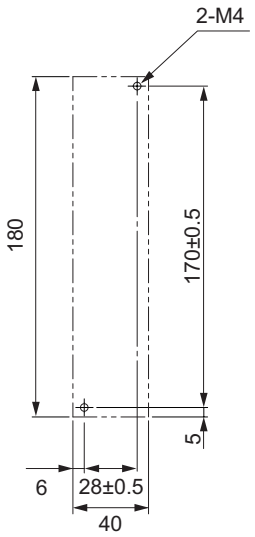
The Servo Drives are described in order of increasing rated output of the applicable Servomotors.

Single-phase 100 VAC: R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51 (100 W), Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC: R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51 (100 to 200 W)

External dimensions

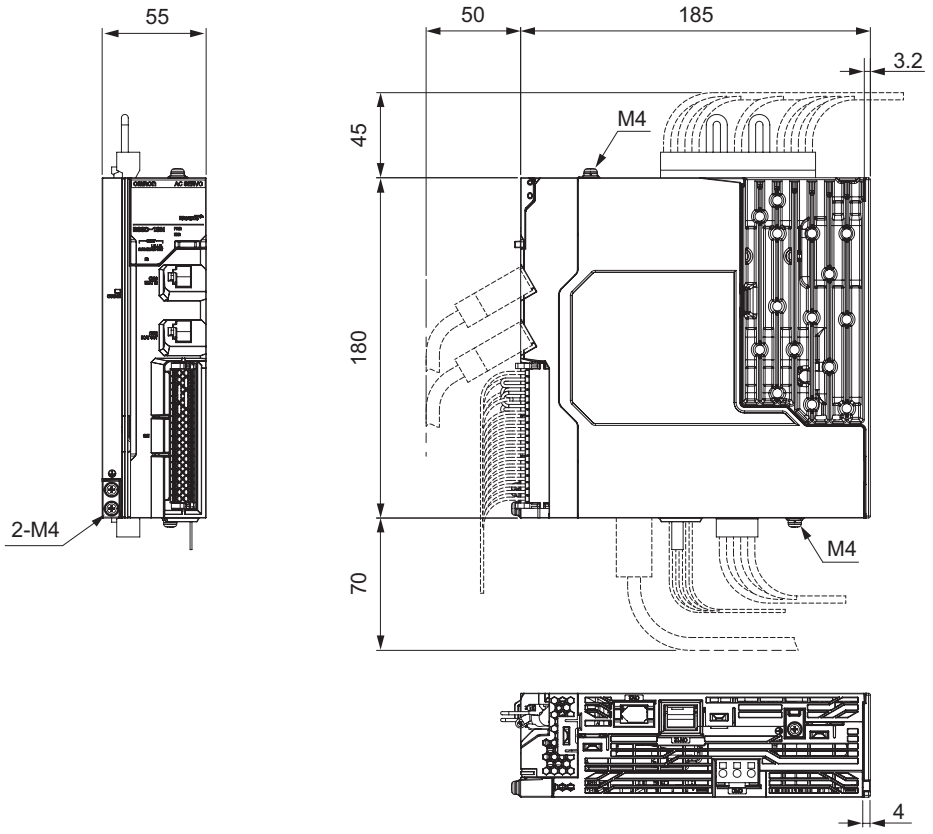


Mounting dimensions

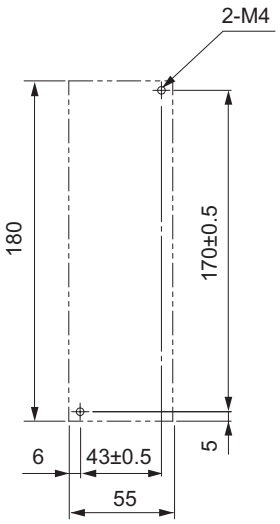


Single-phase 100 VAC: R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51 (200 W), Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC: R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51 (400 W)

External dimensions



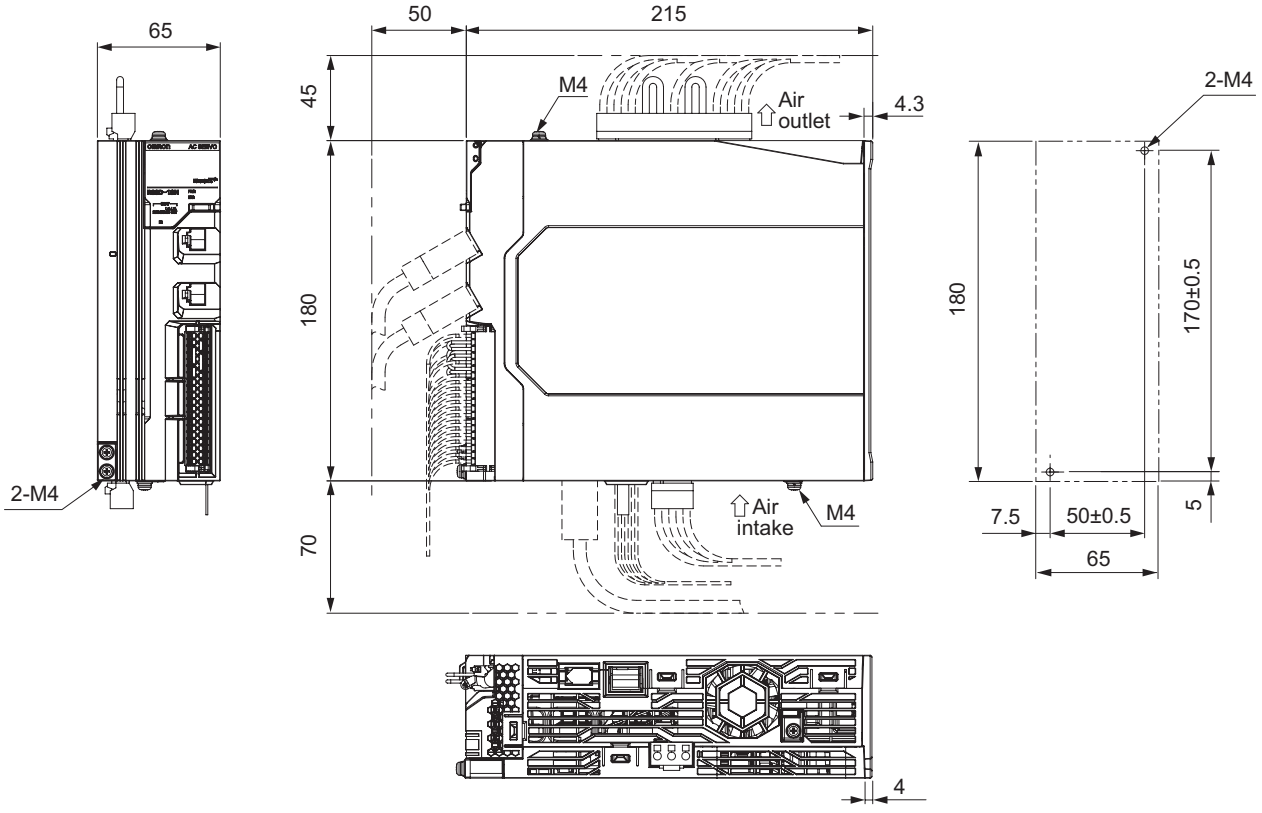
Mounting dimensions



Single-phase 100 VAC: R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51 (400 W), Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC: R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51 (750 W), 3-phase 200 VAC: R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51 (1 kW)

External dimensions

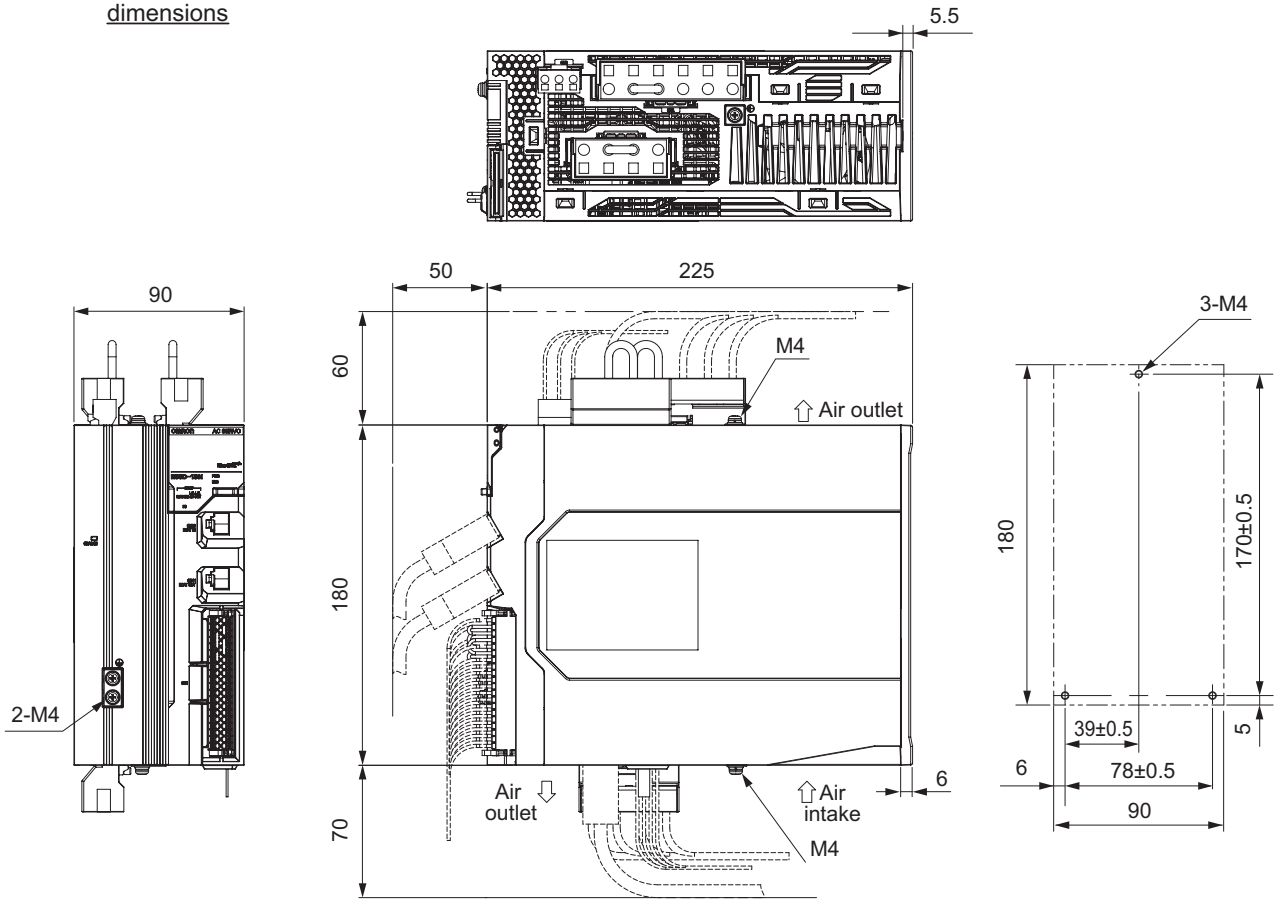
Mounting dimensions



Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC: R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51 (1.5 kW), 3-phase 200 VAC: R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51 (2 to 3 kW), 3-phase 400 VAC: R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51 (600 W to 3 kW)

External dimensions

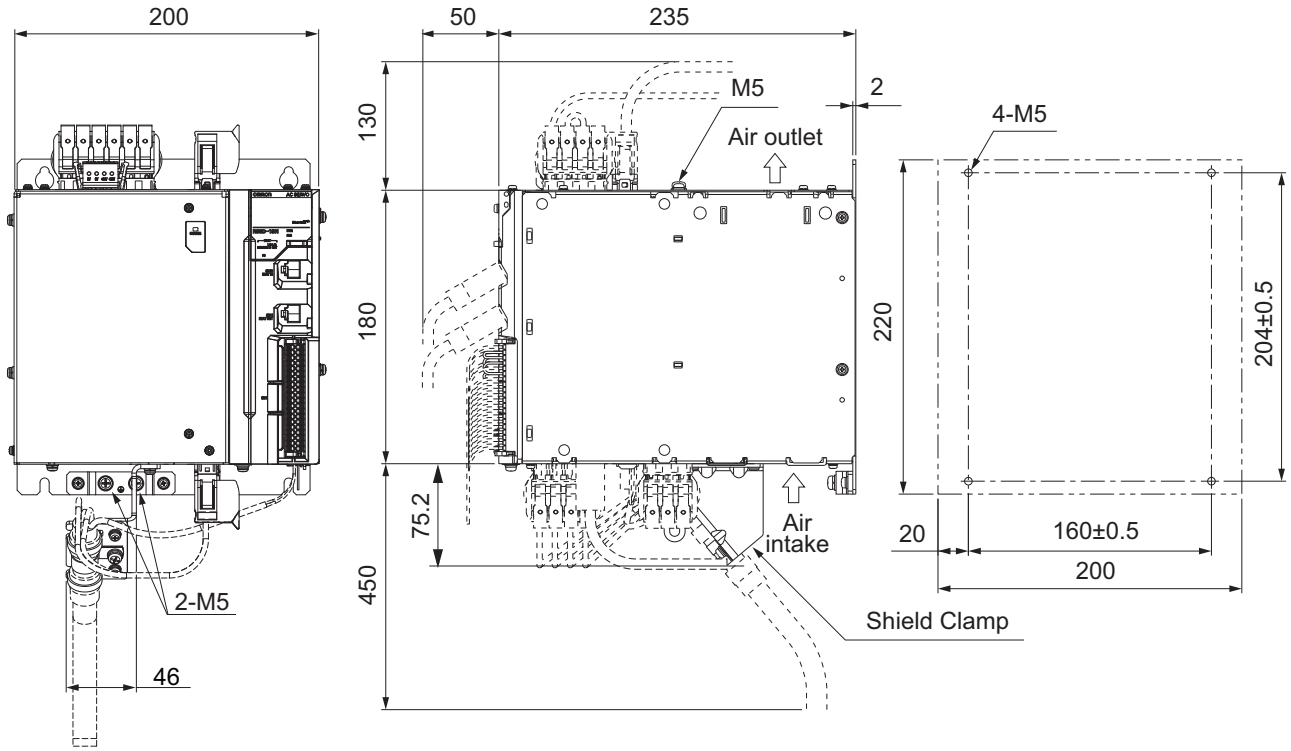
Mounting dimensions



3-phase 200 VAC: R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51 (5.5 to 7.5 kW), 3-phase 400 VAC: R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51 (5.5 to 7.5 kW)

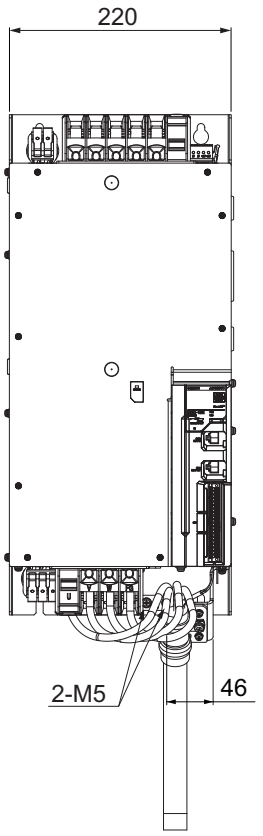
External dimensions

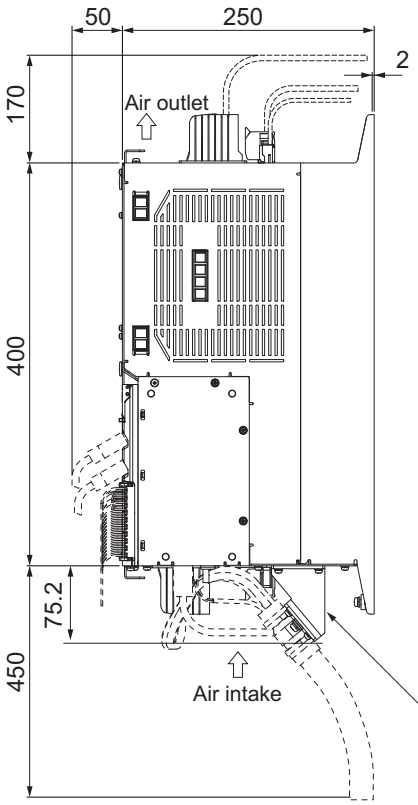
Mounting dimensions



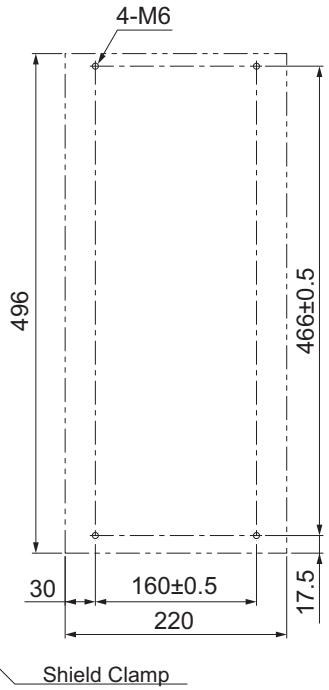
3-phase 200 VAC: R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51 (15 kW)

External dimensions

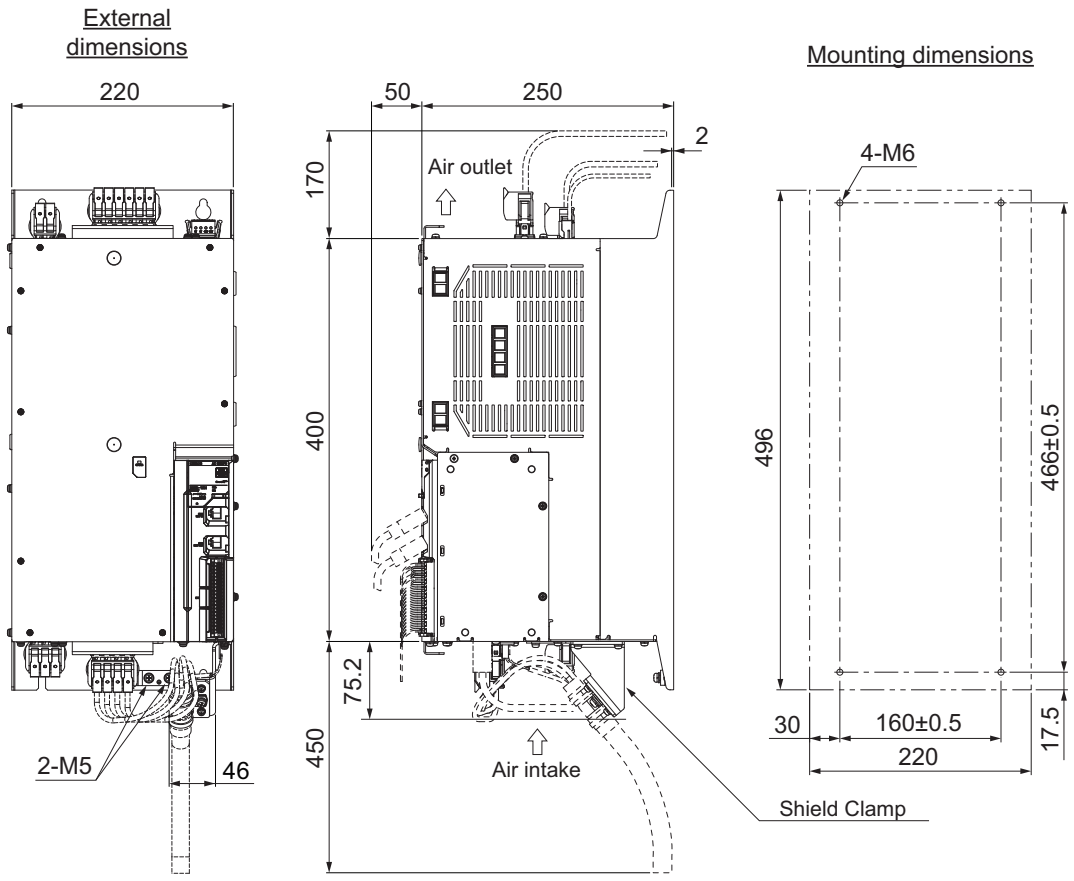




Mounting dimensions



3-phase 400 VAC: R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51 (15 kW)



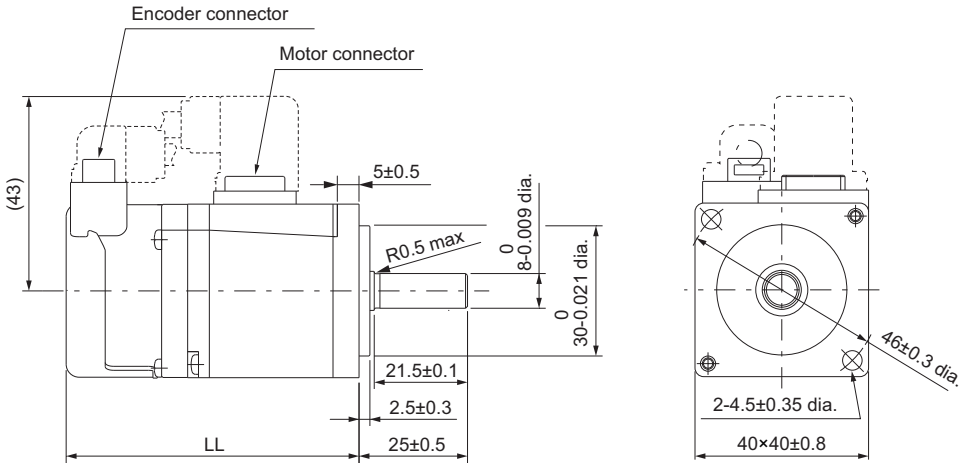
2-4-2 Servomotor Dimensions

Servomotors are grouped by rated rotation speed, and described in order of increasing rated output.

3,000-r/min Servomotors (100 V and 200 V)

● 50 W (without Brake)

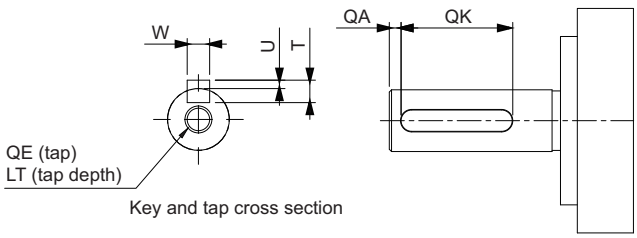
R88M-1M05030S(-O/-S2/-OS2)
R88M-1M05030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]
	LL
R88M-1M05030S(-S2) R88M-1M05030T(-S2)	67.5±1
R88M-1M05030S-O(S2) R88M-1M05030T-O(S2)	72.5±1

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

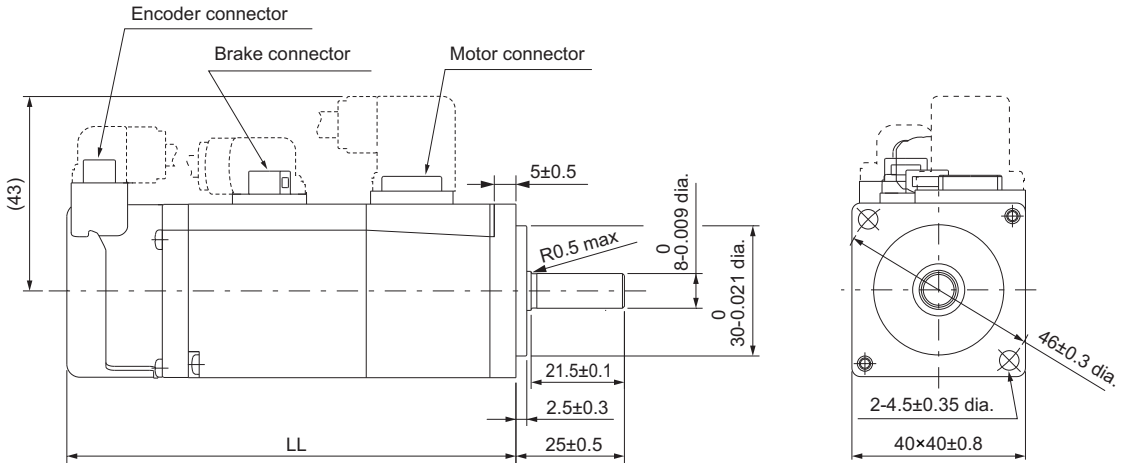
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M05030S(-S2/-OS2)	2	12	$3^{0}_{-0.025}$	3	$1.2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M3	8
R88M-1M05030T(-S2/-OS2)	2	12	$3^{0}_{-0.025}$	3	$1.2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M3	8

● 50 W (with Brake)

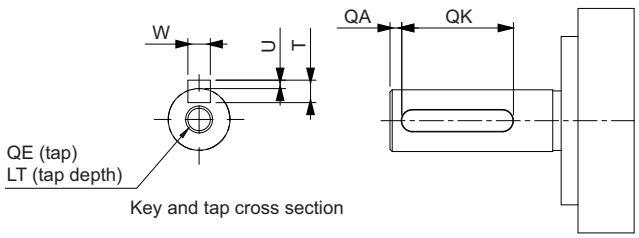
R88M-1M05030S-B(O/S2/OS2)
R88M-1M05030T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]
	LL
R88M-1M05030S-B(S2) R88M-1M05030T-B(S2)	103.5±1
R88M-1M05030S-BO(S2) R88M-1M05030T-BO(S2)	108.5±1

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

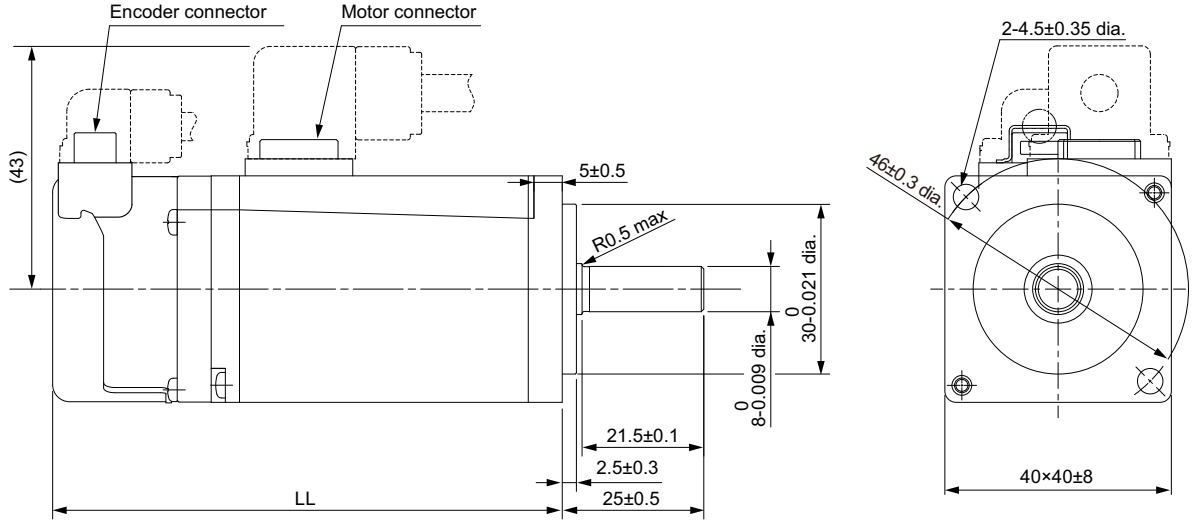
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M05030S-B(S2/OS2)	2	12	$3^{0}_{-0.025}$	3	$1.2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M3	8
R88M-1M05030T-B(S2/OS2)	2	12	$3^{0}_{-0.025}$	3	$1.2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M3	8

● 100 W (without Brake)

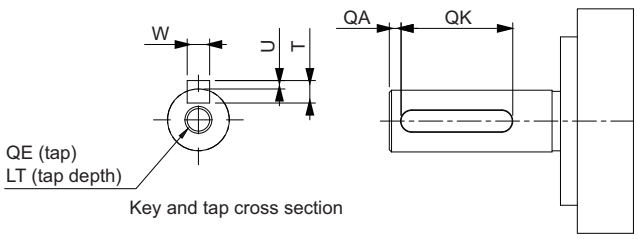
R88M-1M10030S(-O/-S2/-OS2)
R88M-1M10030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]
	LL
R88M-1M10030S(-S2) R88M-1M10030T(-S2)	90±1
R88M-1M10030S-O(S2) R88M-1M10030T-O(S2)	95±1

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

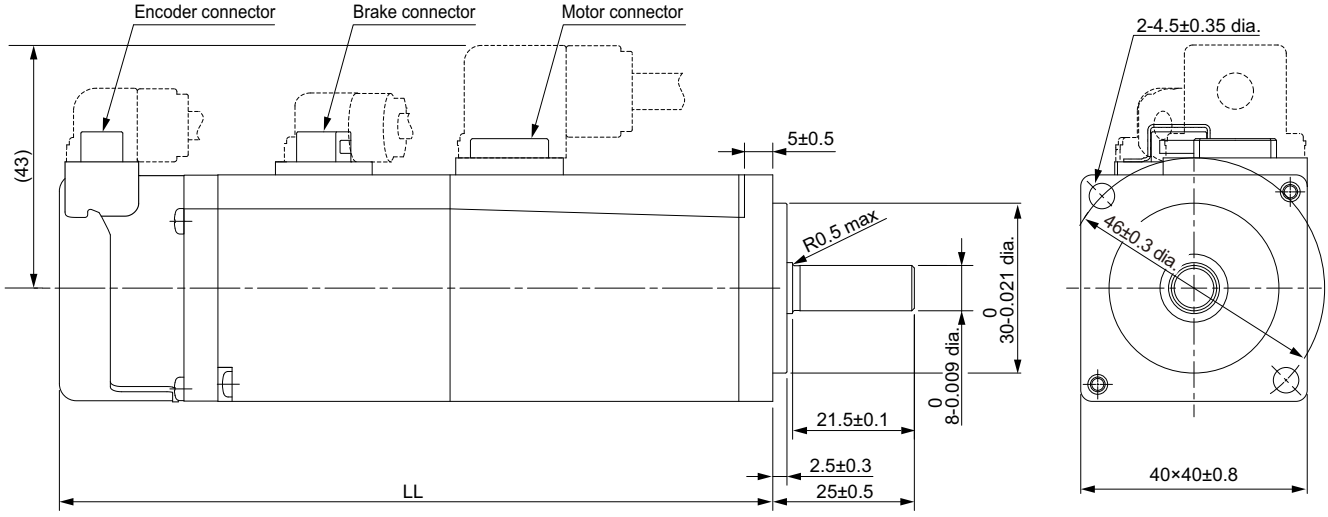
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M10030S(-S2/-OS2)	2	12	$3^{0}_{-0.025}$	3	$1.2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M3	8
R88M-1M10030T(-S2/-OS2)	2	12	$3^{0}_{-0.025}$	3	$1.2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M3	8

● 100 W (with Brake)

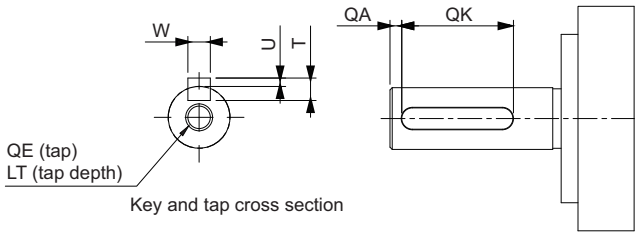
R88M-1M10030S-B(O/S2/OS2)
R88M-1M10030T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]
	LL
R88M-1M10030S-B(S2) R88M-1M10030T-B(S2)	126±1
R88M-1M10030S-BO(S2) R88M-1M10030T-BO(S2)	131±1

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

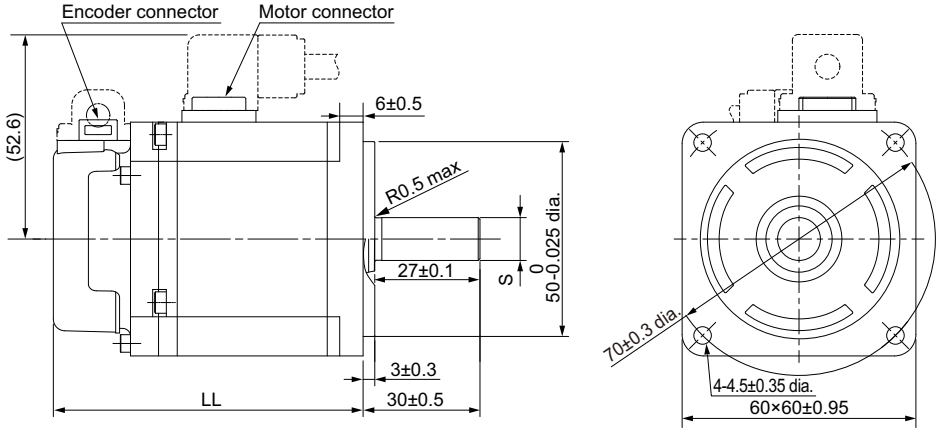
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M10030S-B(S2/OS2)	2	12	$3^{0}_{-0.025}$	3	$1.2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M3	8
R88M-1M10030T-B(S2/OS2)	2	12	$3^{0}_{-0.025}$	3	$1.2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M3	8

● 200 W/400 W (without Brake)

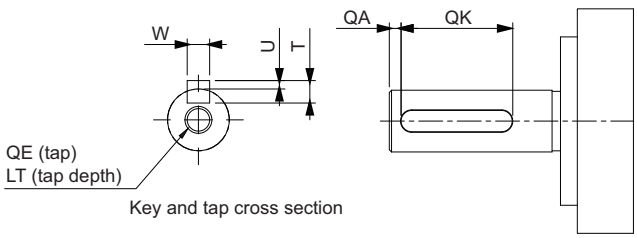
R88M-1M20030S(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1M20030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)
R88M-1M40030S(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1M40030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	S	LL
R88M-1M20030S(-S2) R88M-1M20030T(-S2)	11 0 -0.011 dia	79.5±1
R88M-1M40030S(-S2) R88M-1M40030T(-S2)	14 0 -0.011 dia	105.5±1
R88M-1M20030S-O(S2) R88M-1M20030T-O(S2)	11 0 -0.011 dia	86.5±1
R88M-1M40030S-O(S2) R88M-1M40030T-O(S2)	14 0 -0.011 dia	112.5±1

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

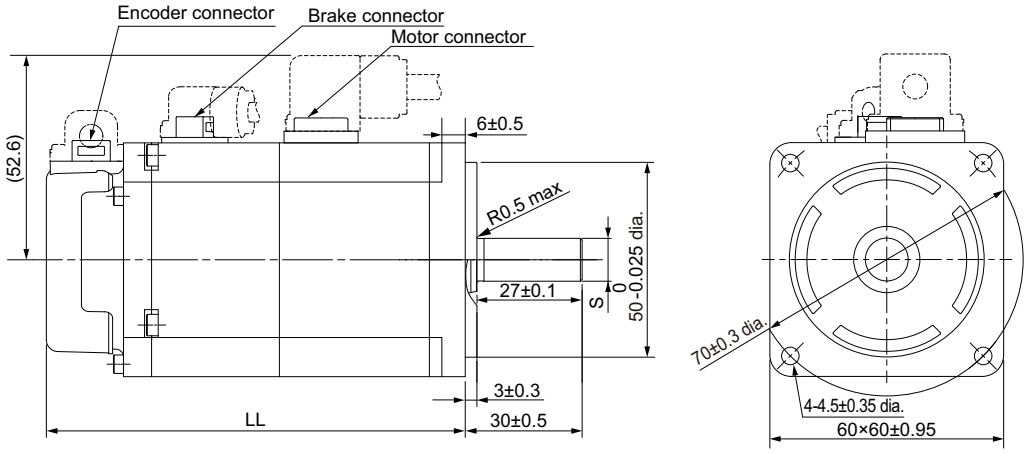


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M20030S(-S2/-OS2)	2	20	4 0 -0.03	4	1.5 0 -0.2	M4	10
R88M-1M20030T(-S2/-OS2)	2	20	4 0 -0.03	4	1.5 0 -0.2	M4	10

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M40030S(-S2/-OS2)	2	20	$5^{0}_{-0.03}$	5	$2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1M40030T(-S2/-OS2)	2	20	$5^{0}_{-0.03}$	5	$2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

● 200 W/400 W (with Brake)

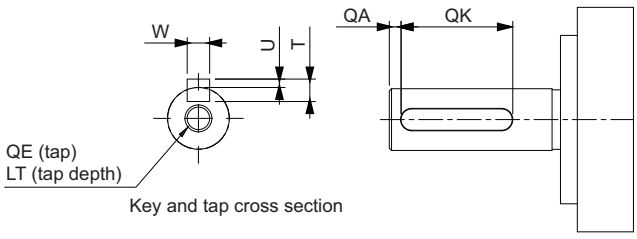
R88M-1M20030S-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1M20030T-B(O/S2/OS2)
R88M-1M40030S-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1M40030T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	S	LL
R88M-1M20030S-B(S2) R88M-1M20030T-B(S2)	11 0 -0.011 dia	107.5±1
R88M-1M40030S-B(S2) R88M-1M40030T-B(S2)	14 0 -0.011 dia	133.5±1
R88M-1M20030S-BO(S2) R88M-1M20030T-BO(S2)	11 0 -0.011 dia	114.5±1
R88M-1M40030S-BO(S2) R88M-1M40030T-BO(S2)	14 0 -0.011 dia	140.5±1

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

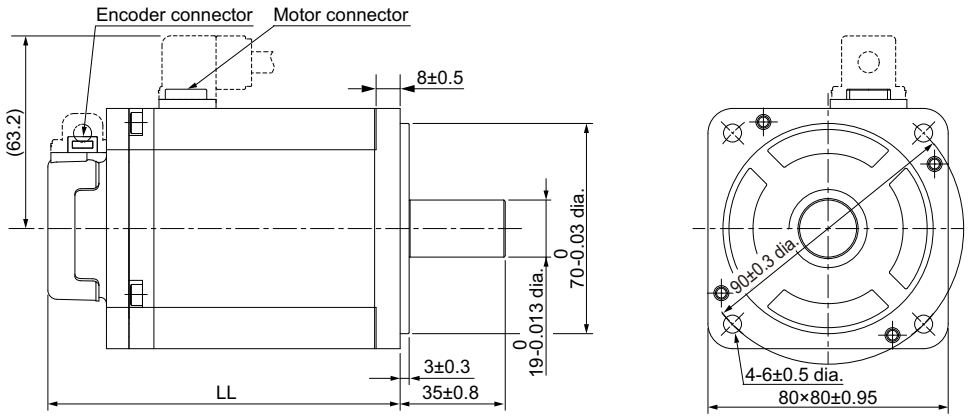


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M20030S-B(S2/ OS2)	2	20	4 0 -0.03	4	1.5 0 -0.2	M4	10
R88M-1M20030T-B(S2/OS2)	2	20	4 0 -0.03	4	1.5 0 -0.2	M4	10

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M40030S-B(S2/OS2)	2	20	$5^{0}_{-0.03}$	5	$2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1M40030T-B(S2/OS2)	2	20	$5^{0}_{-0.03}$	5	$2^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

● 750 W (without Brake)

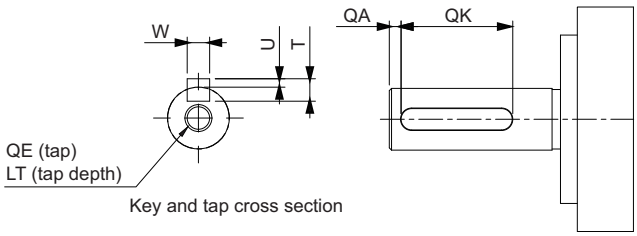
R88M-1M75030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]
	LL
R88M-1M75030T(-S2)	117.3±1
R88M-1M75030T-O(S2)	124.3±1

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

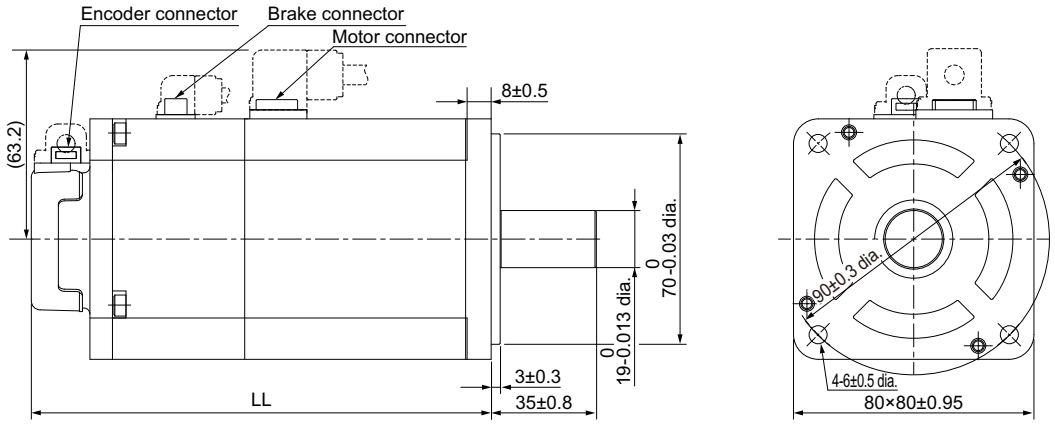
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M75030T(-S2/-OS2)	3	24	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

● 750 W (with Brake)

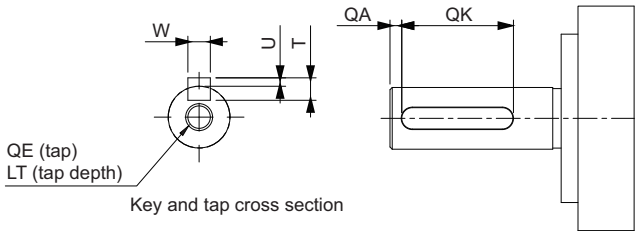
R88M-1M75030T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]
	LL
R88M-1M75030T-B(S2)	153±1
R88M-1M75030T-BO(S2)	160±1

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

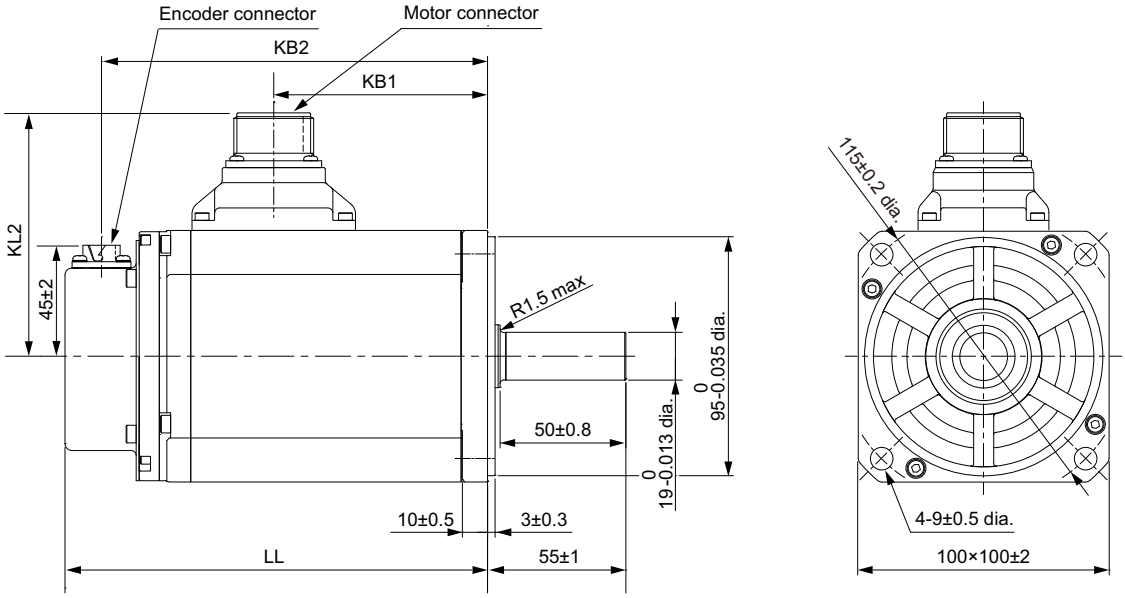
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M75030T-B(S2/OS2)	3	24	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

● 1 kW/1.5 kW/2 kW (without Brake)

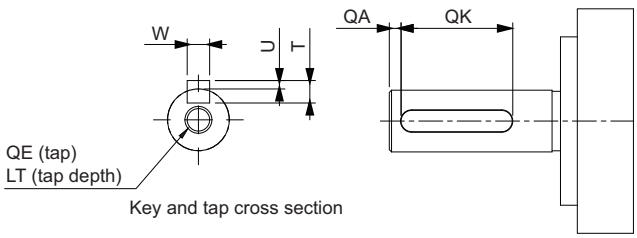
R88M-1L1K030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1L1K530T(-O/-S2/-OS2)/
R88M-1L2K030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]			
	LL	KB1	KB2	KL2
R88M-1L1K030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	168±2	85±1	153±2	97±2
R88M-1L1K530T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	168±2	85±1	153±2	97±2
R88M-1L2K030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	179±2	96±1	164±2	102±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

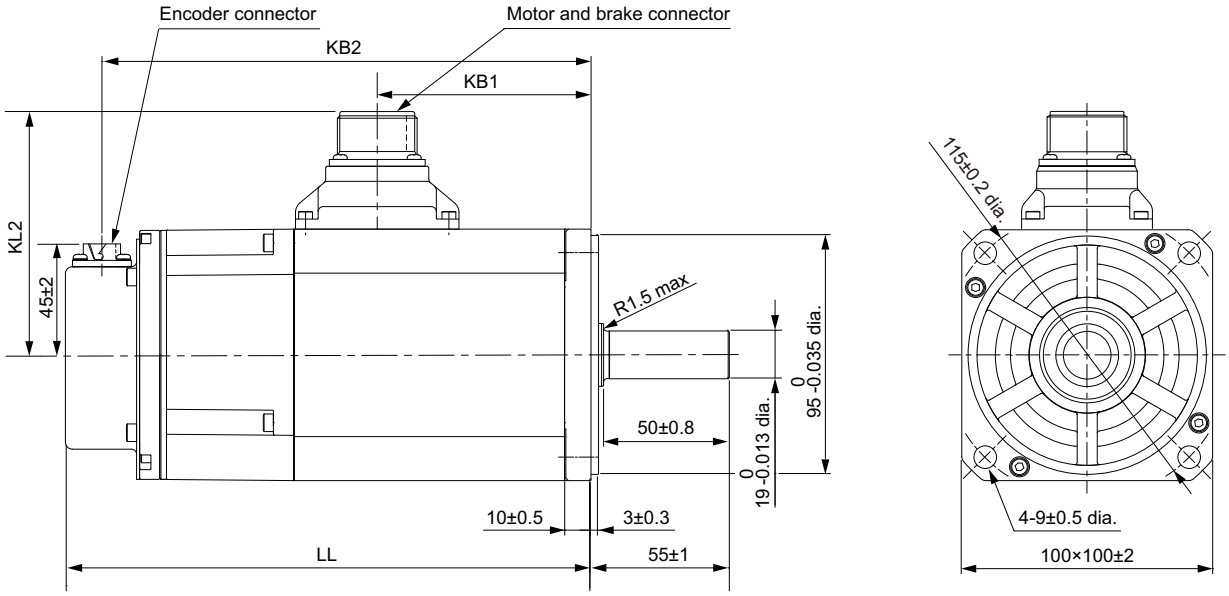
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L1K030T(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1L1K530T(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1L2K030T(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

● 1 kW/1.5 kW/2 kW (with Brake)

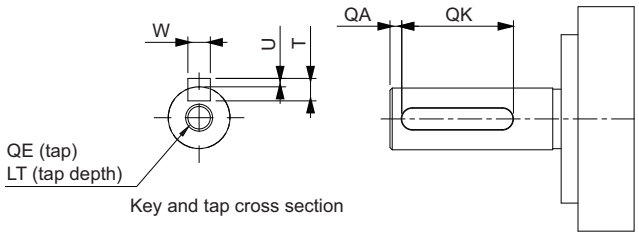
R88M-1L1K030T-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1L1K530T-B(O/S2/OS2)/
R88M-1L2K030T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]			
	LL	KB1	KB2	KL2
R88M-1L1K030T-B(O/S2/OS2)	209±3	85±1	194±2	97±2
R88M-1L1K530T-B(O/S2/OS2)	209±3	85±1	194±2	97±2
R88M-1L2K030T-B(O/S2/OS2)	220±3	96±1	205±2	104±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

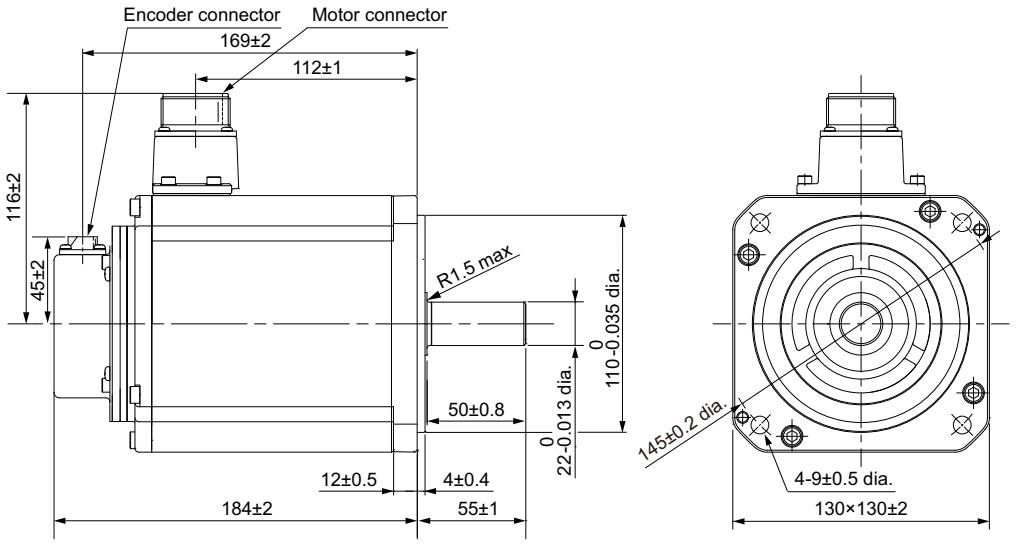
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L1K030T-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1L1K530T-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1L2K030T-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

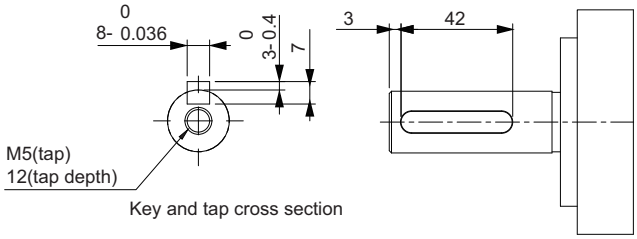
● 3 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1L3K030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



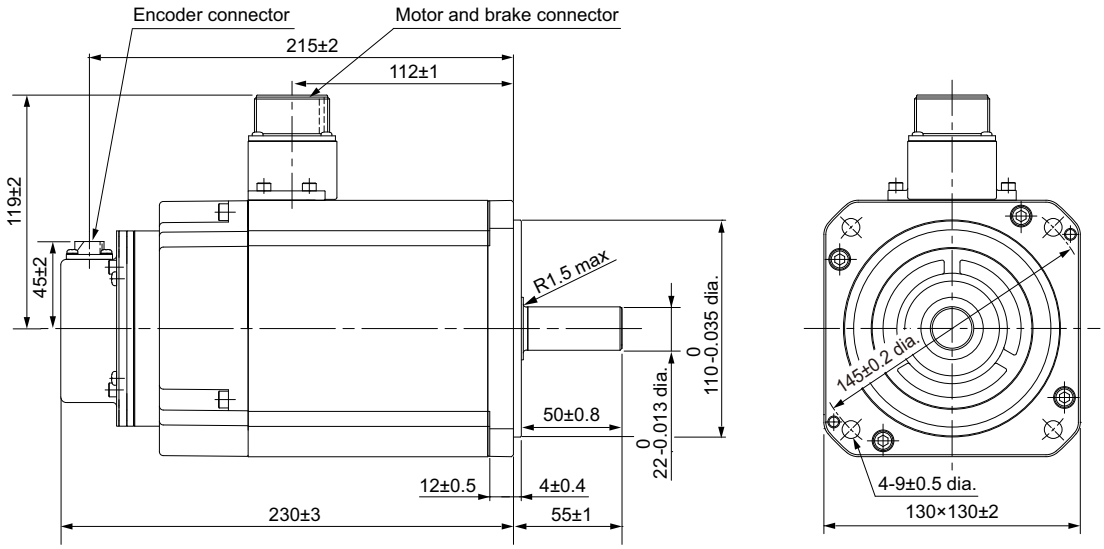
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



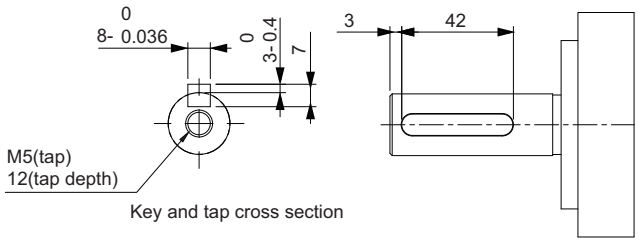
● 3 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1L3K030T-B(O/S2/OS2)



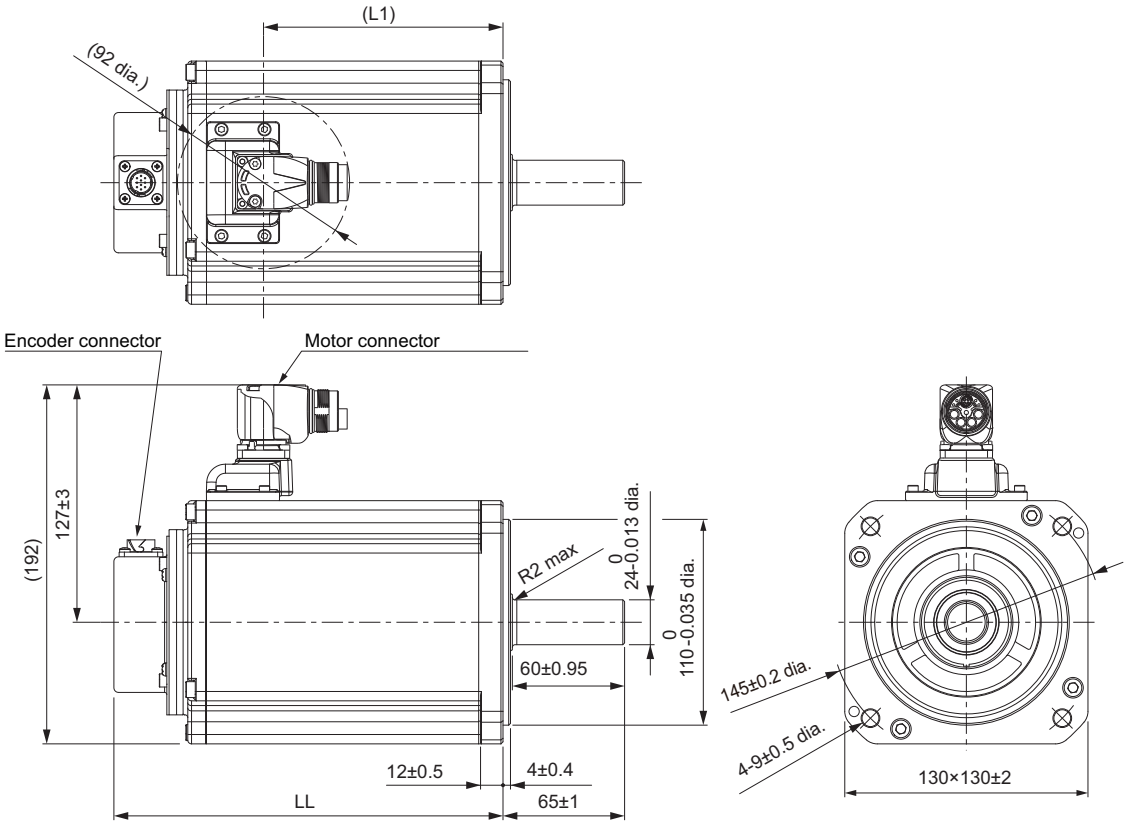
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



● 4 kW/4.7 kW (without Brake)

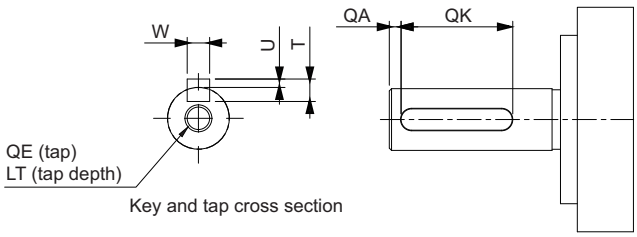
R88M-1L4K030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)
R88M-1L4K730T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	LL	L1
R88M-1L4K030T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	208±3	128
R88M-1L4K730T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	232±3	152

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

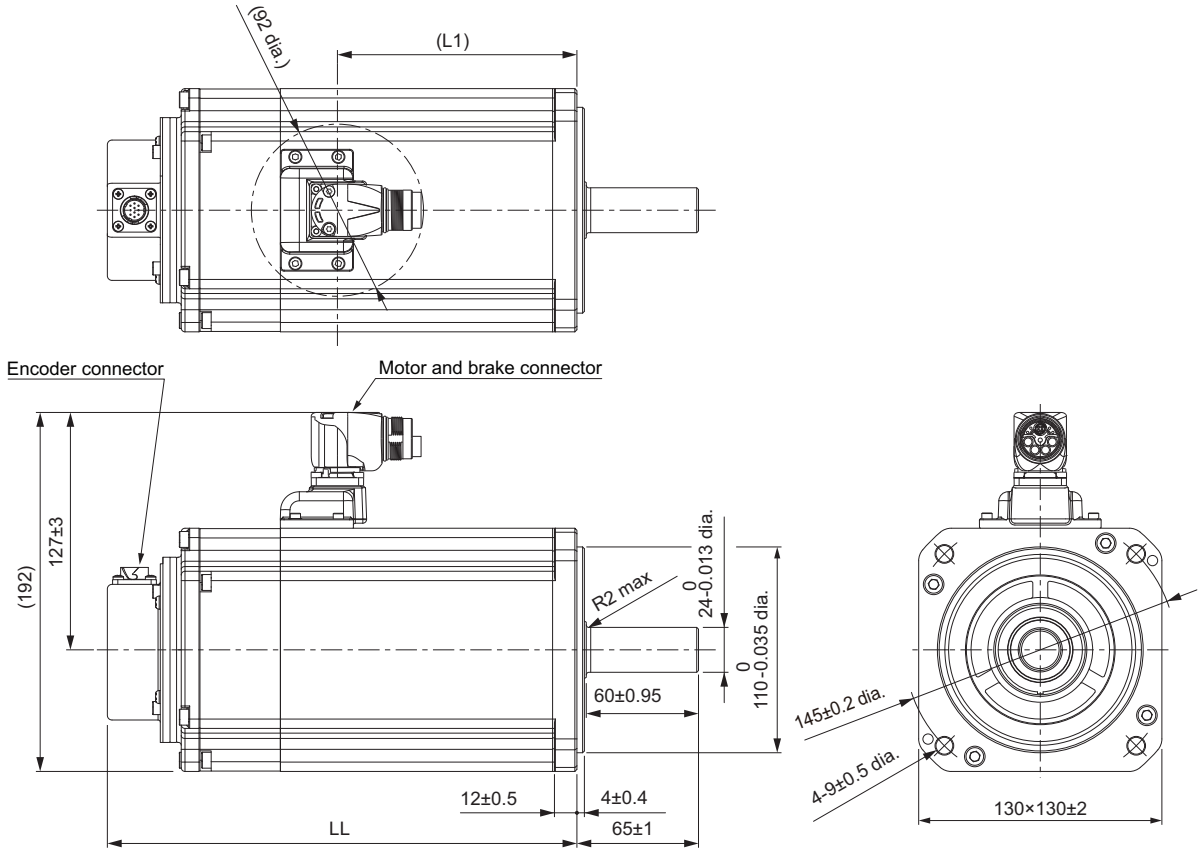


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L4K030T(-S2/-OS2)	3	52	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M8	20

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L4K730T(-S2/-OS2)	3	52	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M8	20

● 4 kW/4.7 kW (with Brake)

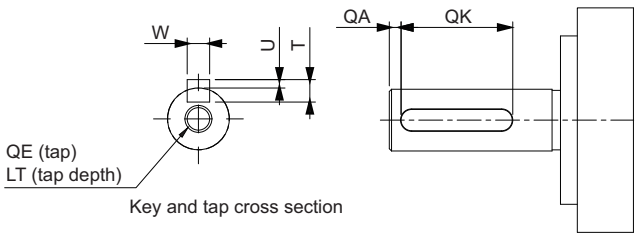
R88M-1L4K030T-B(O/S2/OS2)
R88M-1L4K730T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	LL	L1
R88M-1L4K030T-B(O/S2/OS2)	251±3	128
R88M-1L4K730T-B(O/S2/OS2)	275±3	152

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



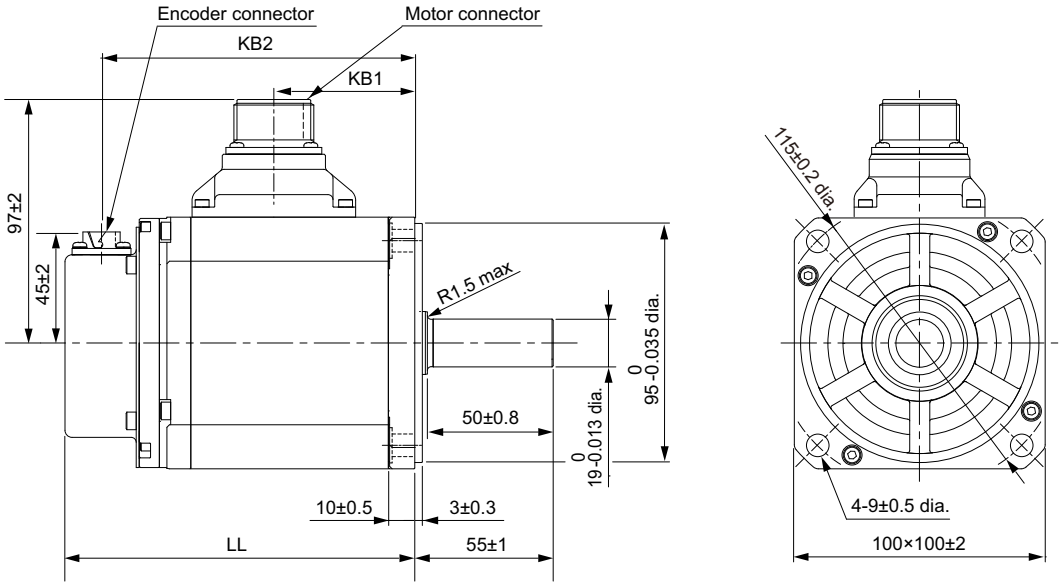
Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L4K030T-B(S2/OS2)	3	52	8 0 -0.036	7	3 0 -0.4	M8	20

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L4K730T-B(S2/OS2)	3	52	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M8	20

3,000-r/min Servomotors (400 V)

● 750 W/1 kW/1.5 kW/2 kW (without Brake)

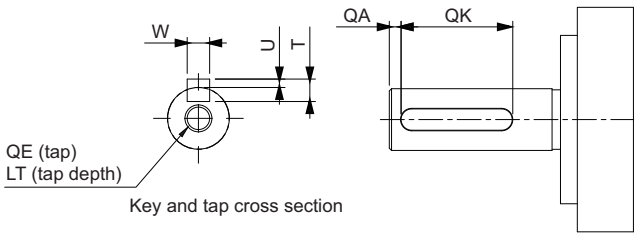
R88M-1L75030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1L1K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)
R88M-1L1K530C(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1L2K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]		
	LL	KB1	KB2
R88M-1L75030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	139±2	56±1	124±2
R88M-1L1K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	168±2	85±1	153±2
R88M-1L1K530C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	168±2	85±1	153±2
R88M-1L2K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	179±2	96±1	164±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

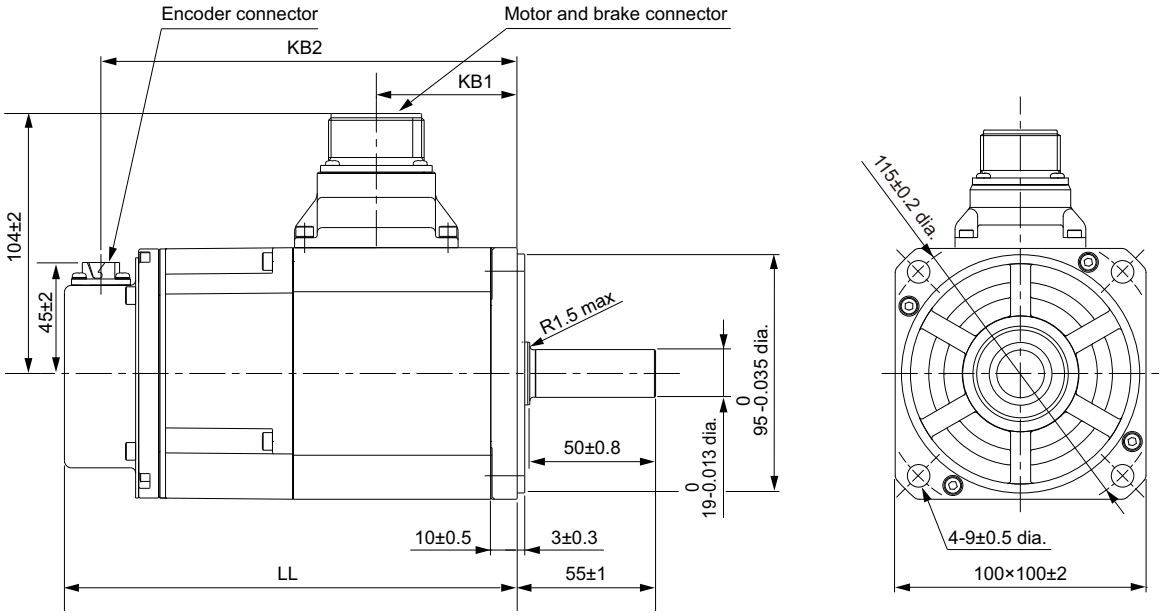


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L75030C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1L1K030C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L1K530C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1L2K030C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

● 750 W/1 kW/1.5 kW/2 kW (with Brake)

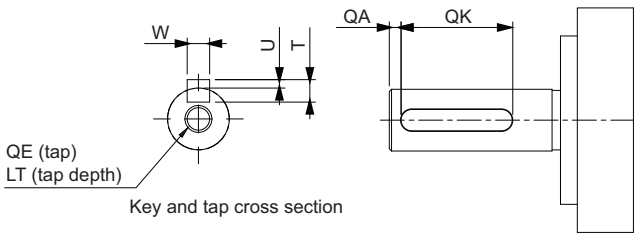
R88M-1L75030C-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1L1K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)
R88M-1L1K530C-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1L2K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]		
	LL	KB1	KB2
R88M-1L75030C-B(O/S2/OS2)	180±2	56±1	165±2
R88M-1L1K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)	209±3	85±1	194±2
R88M-1L1K530C-B(O/S2/OS2)	209±3	85±1	194±2
R88M-1L2K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)	220±3	96±1	205±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

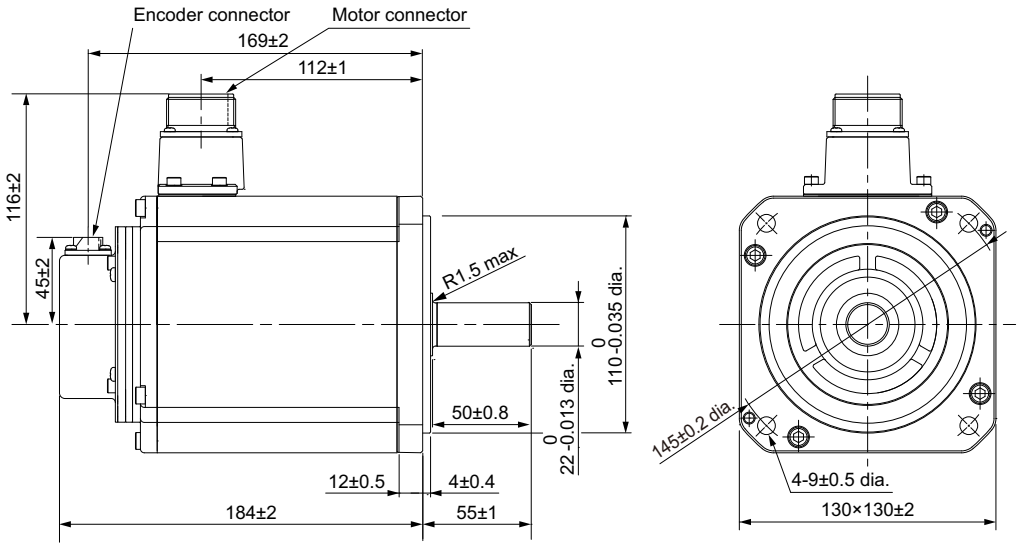


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L75030C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1L1K030C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L1K530C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1L2K030C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

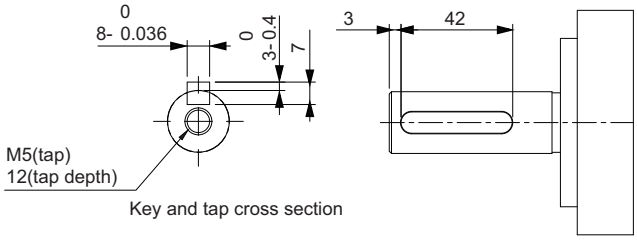
● 3 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1L3K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



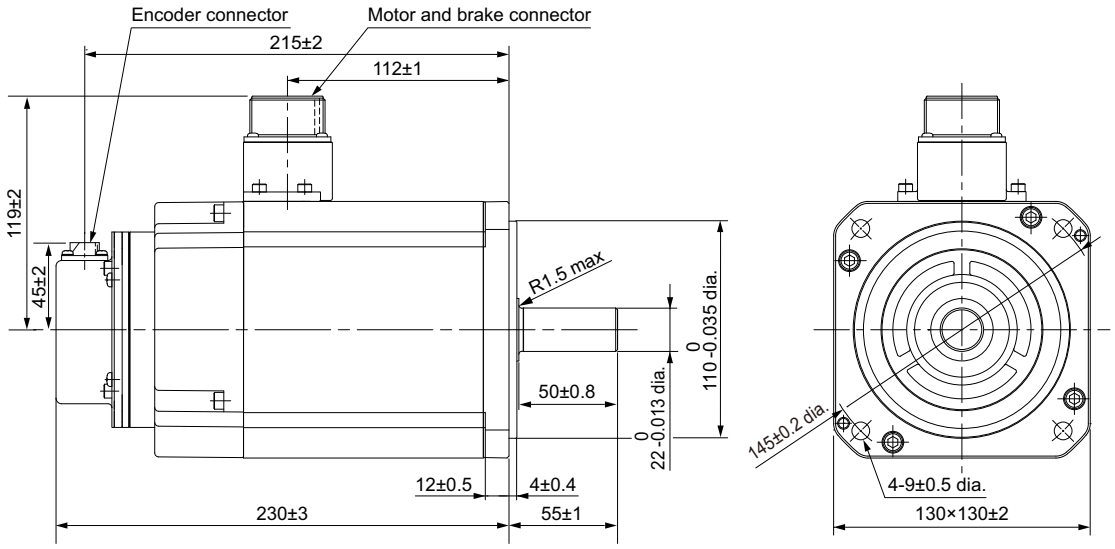
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



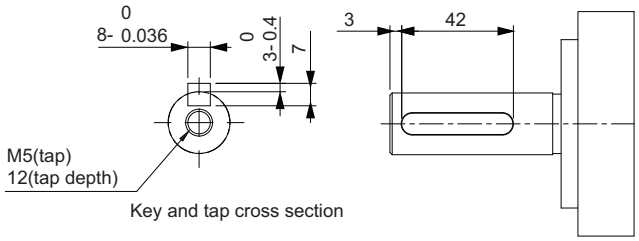
● 3 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1L3K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)



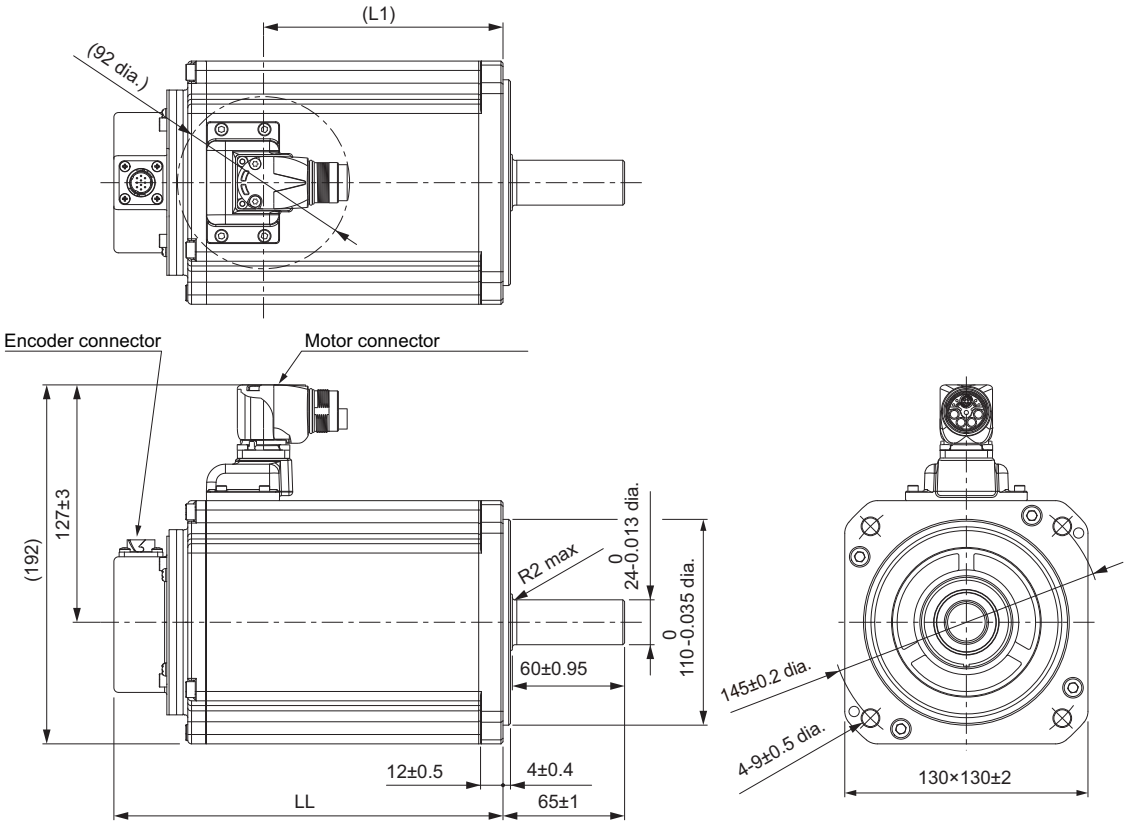
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



● 4 kW/5 kW (without Brake)

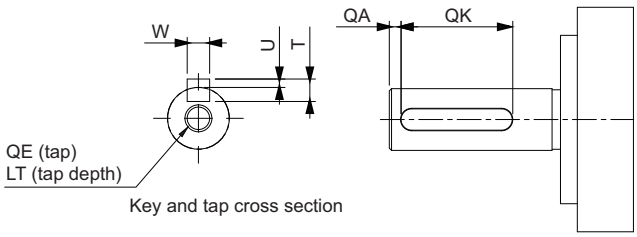
R88M-1L4K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)
R88M-1L5K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	LL	L1
R88M-1L4K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	208±3	128
R88M-1L5K030C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	232±3	152

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

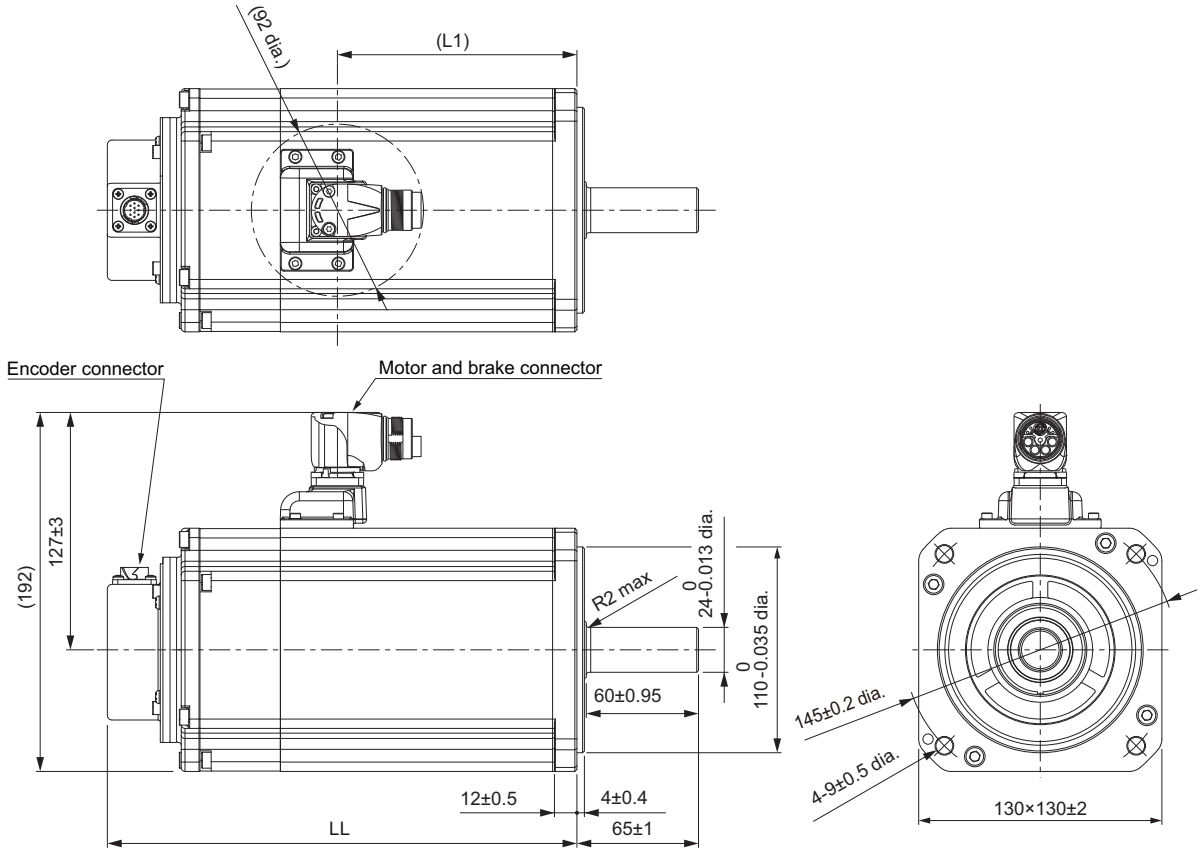


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L4K030C(-S2/-OS2)	3	52	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M8	20

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L5K030C(-S2/-OS2)	3	52	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M8	20

● 4 kW/5 kW (with Brake)

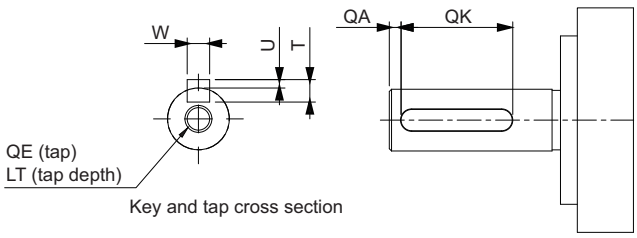
R88M-1L4K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)
R88M-1L5K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	LL	L1
R88M-1L4K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)	251±3	128
R88M-1L5K030C-B(O/S2/OS2)	275±3	152

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



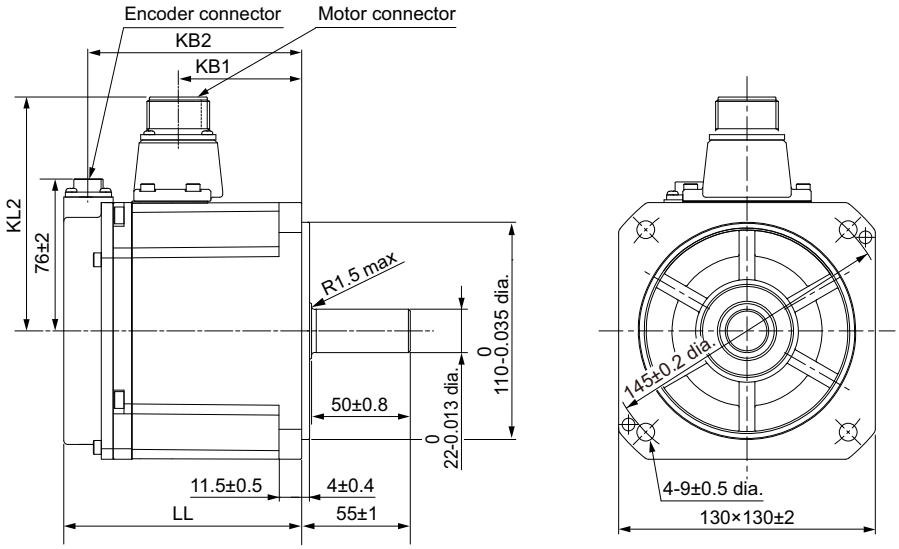
Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L4K030C-B(S2/OS2)	3	52	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M8	20

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1L5K030C-B(S2/OS2)	3	52	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M8	20

2,000-r/min Servomotors (200 V)

● 1 kW/1.5 kW/2 kW (without Brake)

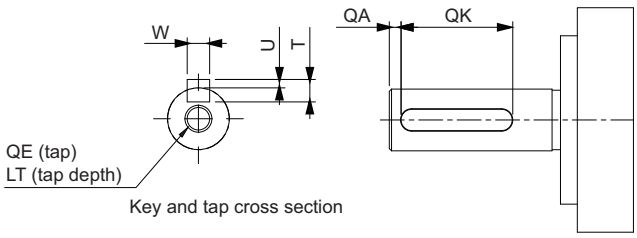
R88M-1M1K020T(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1M1K520T(-O/-S2/-OS2)
R88M-1M2K020T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]			
	LL	KB1	KB2	KL2
R88M-1M1K020T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	120.5±2	63±1	109±2	118±2
R88M-1M1K520T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	138±2	79±1	125±2	118±2
R88M-1M2K020T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	160±2	99±1	147±2	116±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

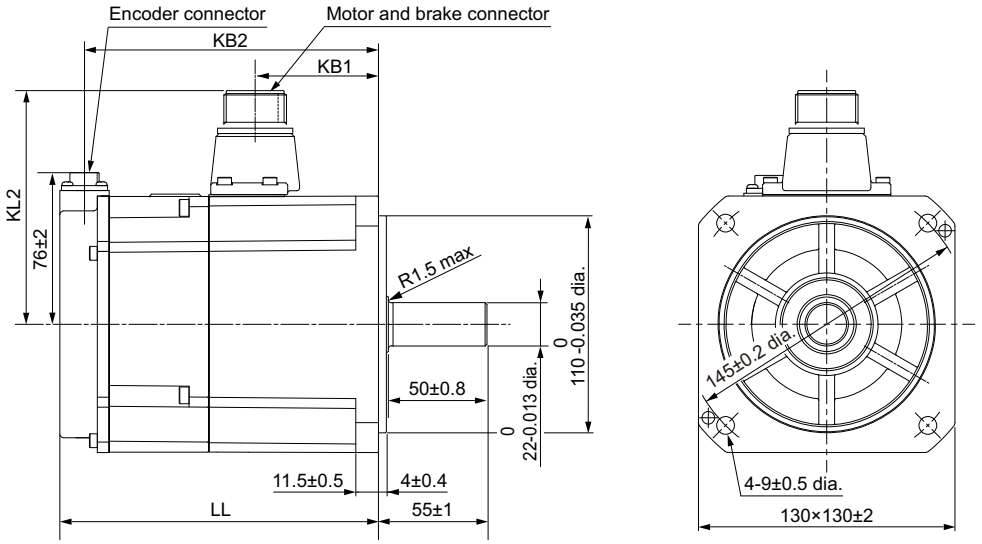


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M1K020T(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12
R88M-1M1K520T(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M2K020T(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12

● 1 kW/1.5 kW/2 kW (with Brake)

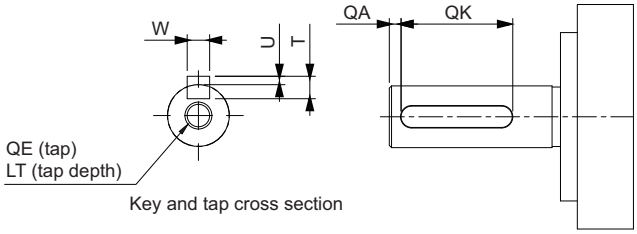
R88M-1M1K020T-B (O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1M1K520T-B(O/S2/OS2)
R88M-1M2K020T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]			
	LL	KB1	KB2	KL2
R88M-1M1K020T-B(O/S2/OS2)	162±2	63±1	149±2	118±2
R88M-1M1K520T-B(O/S2/OS2)	179±2	79±1	166±2	118±2
R88M-1M2K020T-B(O/S2/OS2)	201±3	99±1	189±2	119±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

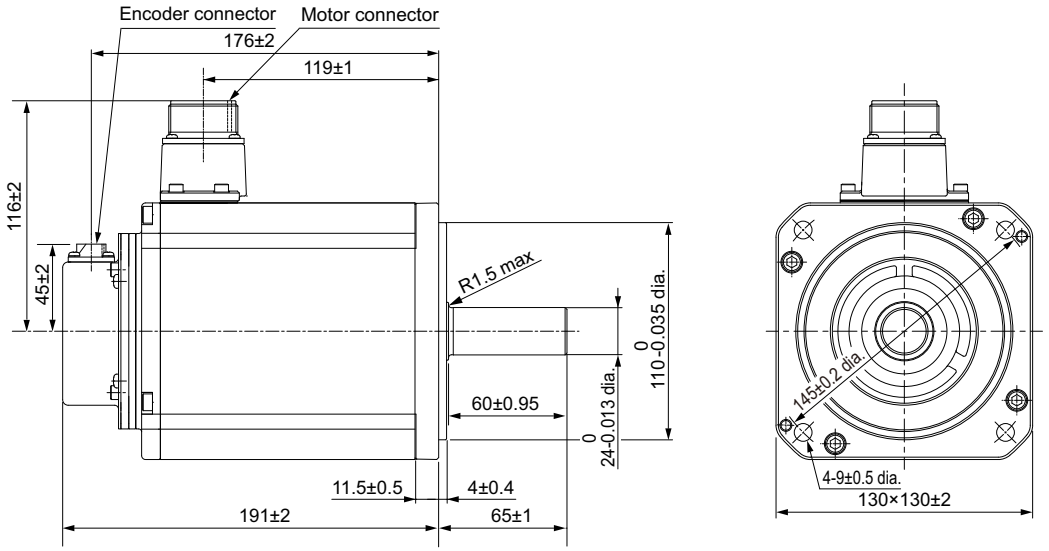
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M1K020T-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12
R88M-1M1K520T-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12
R88M-1M2K020T-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12

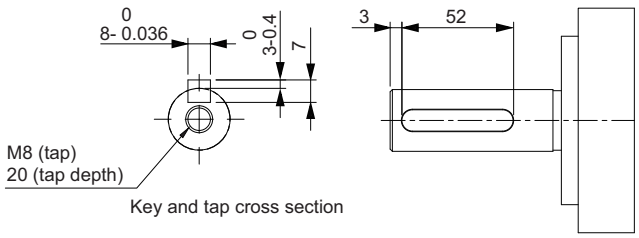
● 3 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M3K020T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



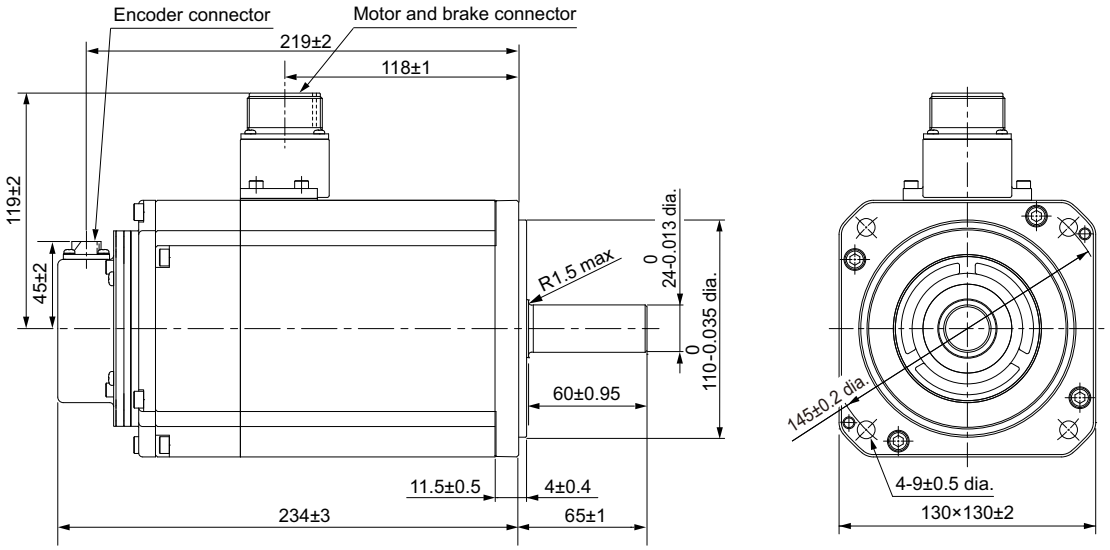
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



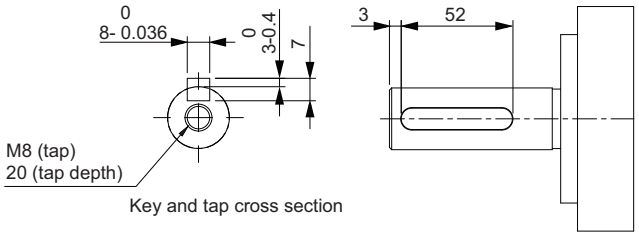
● 3 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M3K020T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

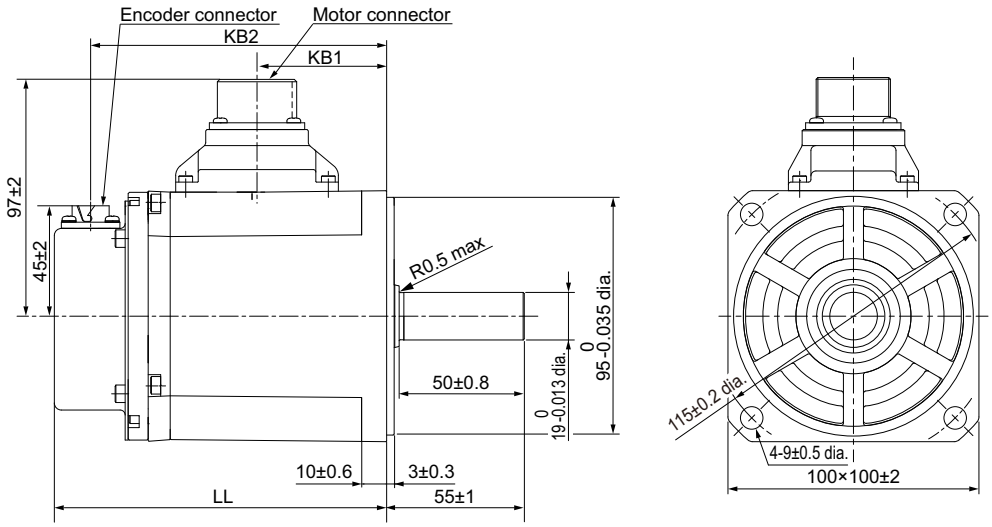
Shaft-end with key and tap



2,000-r/min Servomotors (400 V)

● 400 W/600 W (without Brake)

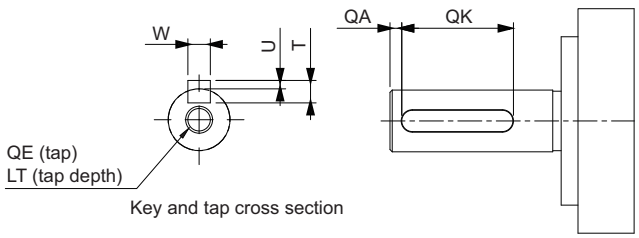
R88M-1M40020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1M60020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]		
	LL	KB1	KB2
R88M-1M40020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	134.8±1	52±1	120.5±2
R88M-1M60020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	151.8±1	69±1	137.5±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

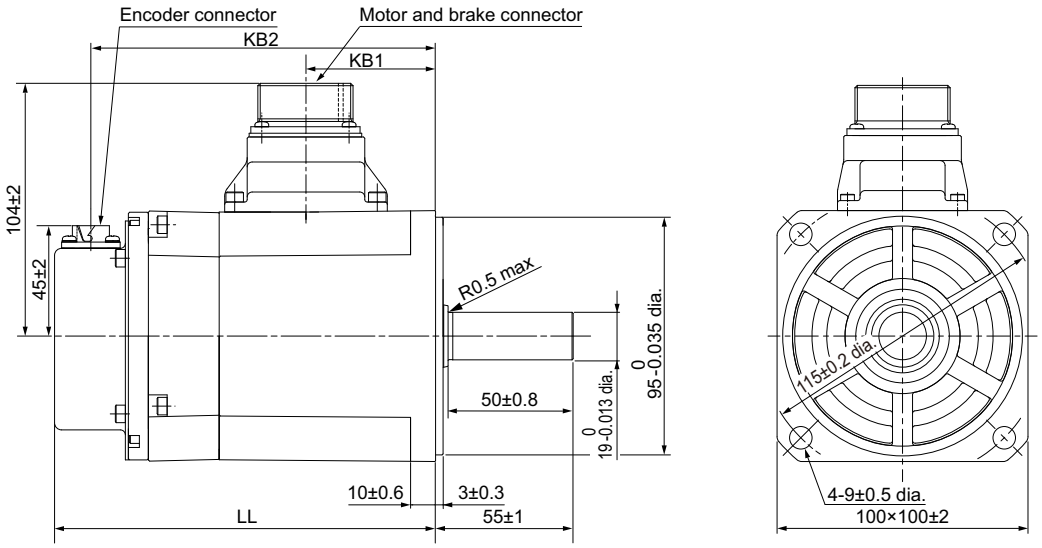
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M40020C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1M60020C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

● 400 W/600 W (with Brake)

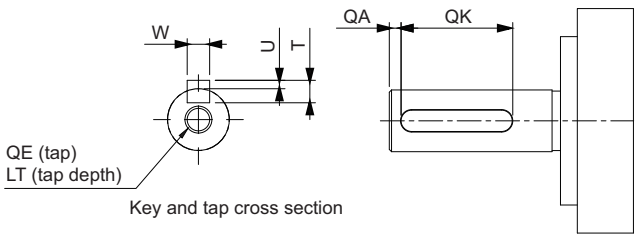
R88M-1M40020C-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1M60020C-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]		
	LL	KB1	KB2
R88M-1M40020C-B(O/S2/OS2)	152.3±1	52±1	138±2
R88M-1M60020C-B(O/S2/OS2)	169.3±1	69±1	155±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

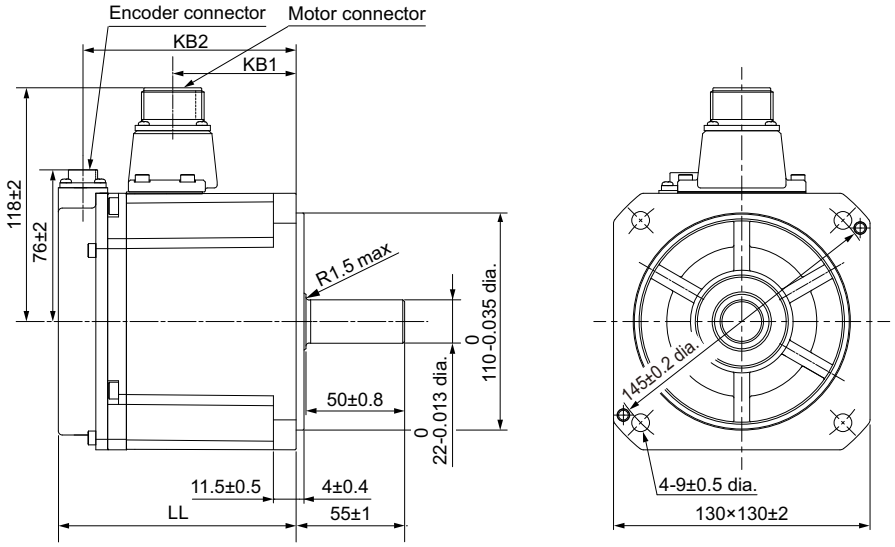
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M40020C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12
R88M-1M60020C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$6^{0}_{-0.03}$	6	$2.5^{0}_{-0.2}$	M5	12

● 1 kW/1.5 kW/2 kW (without Brake)

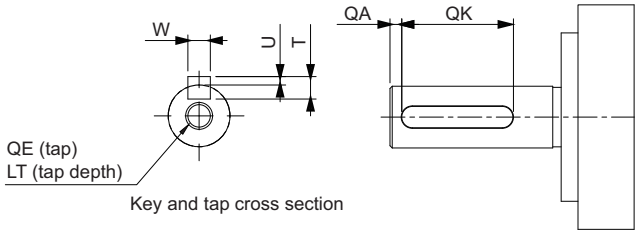
R88M-1M1K020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1M1K520C(-O/-S2/-OS2)
R88M-1M2K020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]		
	LL	KB1	KB2
R88M-1M1K020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	120.5±2	63±1	109±2
R88M-1M1K520C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	138±2	79±1	125±2
R88M-1M2K020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	160±2	98±1	148±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

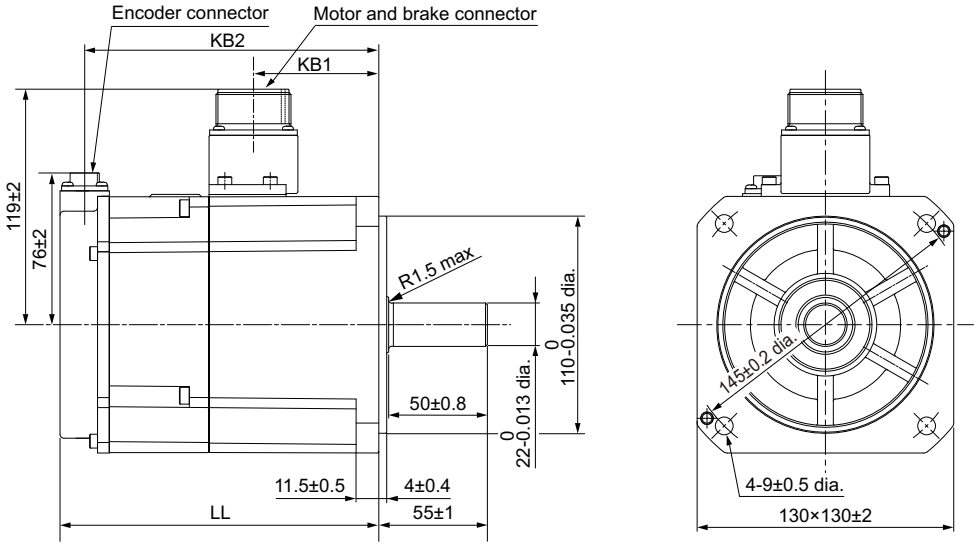
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M1K020C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12
R88M-1M1K520C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12
R88M-1M2K020C(-S2/-OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12

● 1 kW/1.5 kW/2 kW (with Brake)

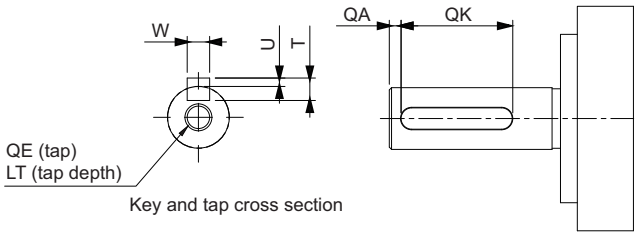
R88M-1M1K020C-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1M1K520C-B(O/S2/OS2)
R88M-1M2K020C-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]		
	LL	KB1	KB2
R88M-1M1K020C-B(O/S2/OS2)	162±2	64±1	150±2
R88M-1M1K520C-B(O/S2/OS2)	179±2	81±1	167±2
R88M-1M2K020C-B(O/S2/OS2)	201±3	99±1	189±2

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

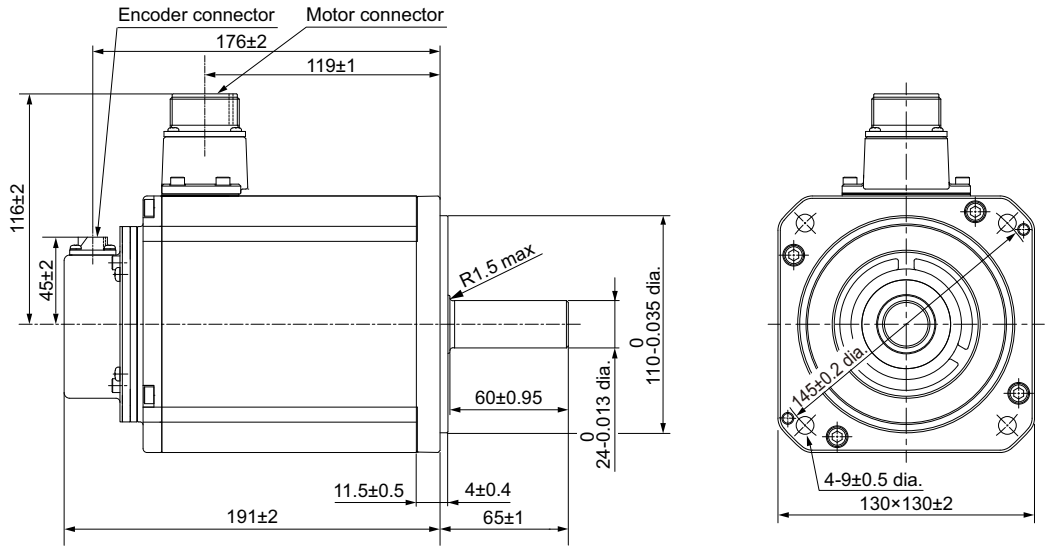
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M1K020C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12
R88M-1M1K520C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12
R88M-1M2K020C-B(S2/OS2)	3	42	$8^{0}_{-0.036}$	7	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M5	12

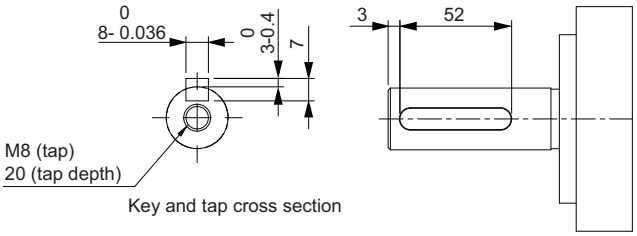
● 3 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M3K020C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



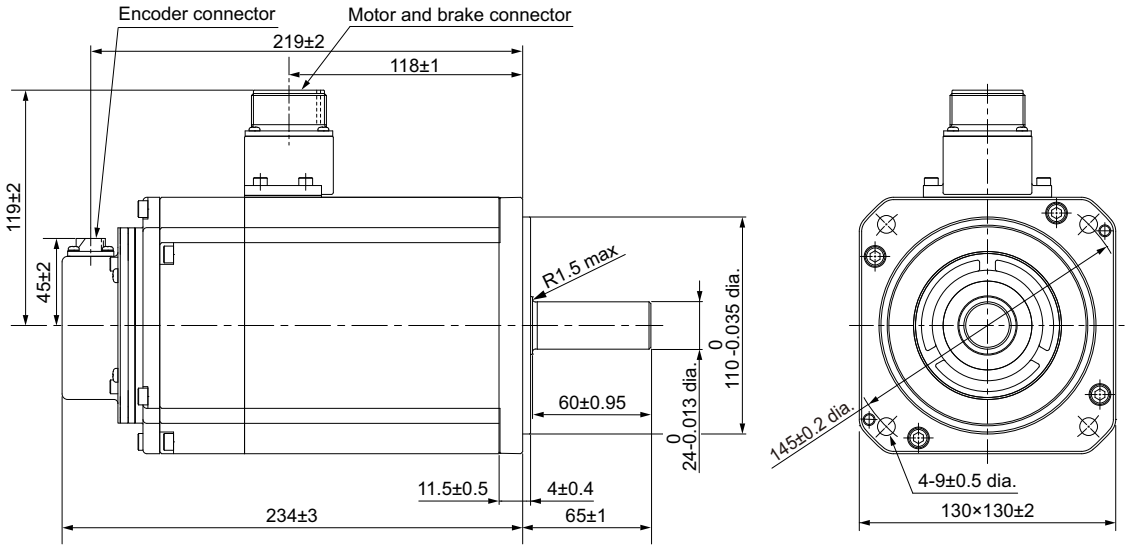
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



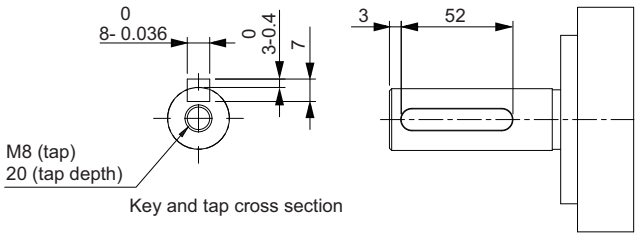
● 3 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M3K020C-B(O/S2/OS2)



Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

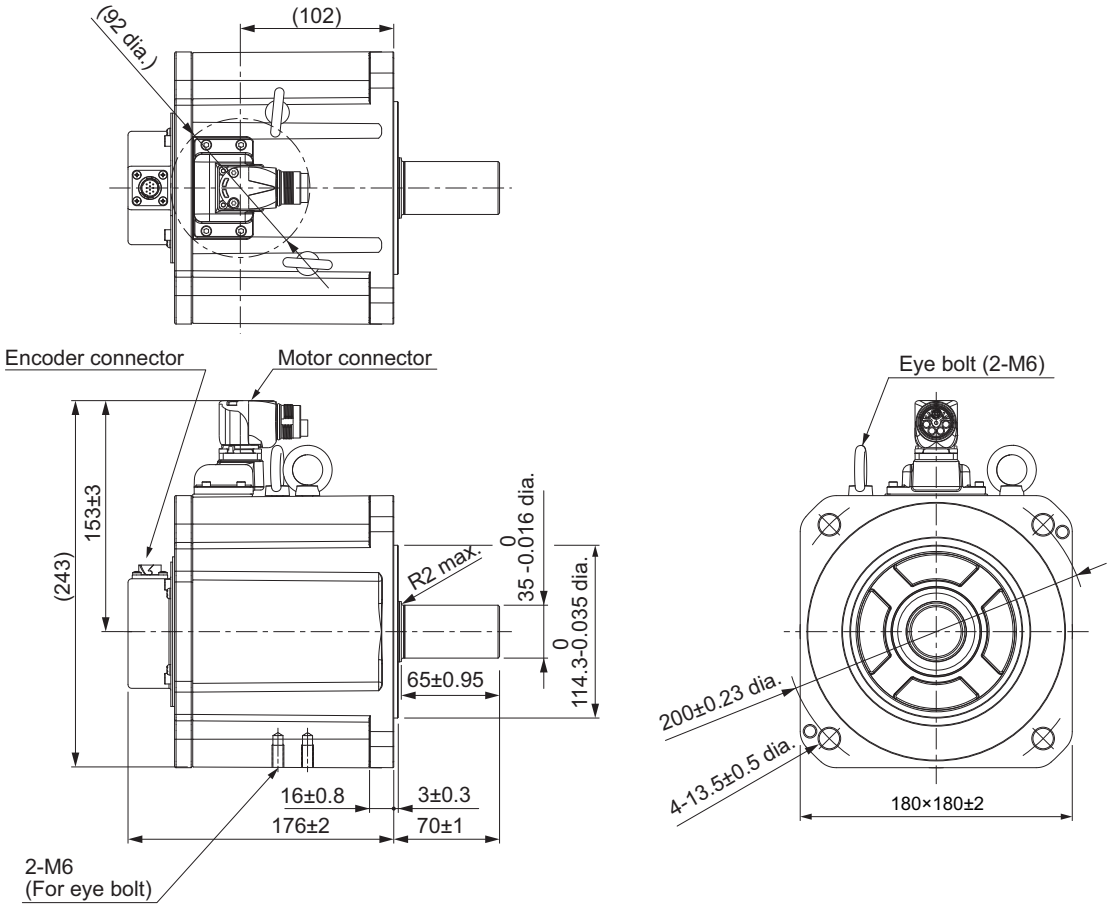
Shaft-end with key and tap



1,500-r/min Servomotors (200 V)

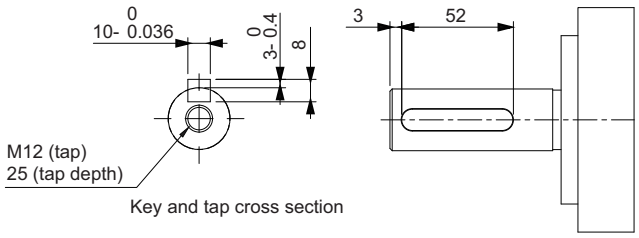
● 4 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M4K015T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



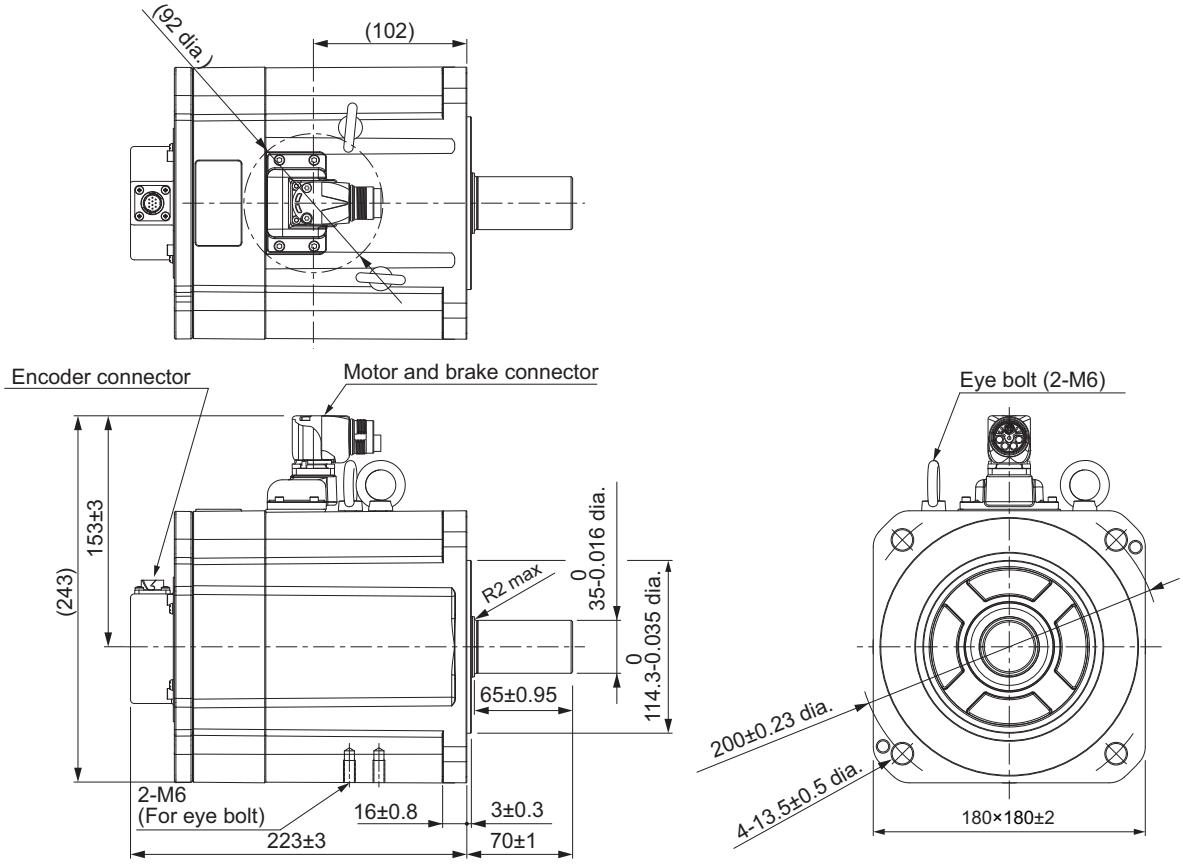
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



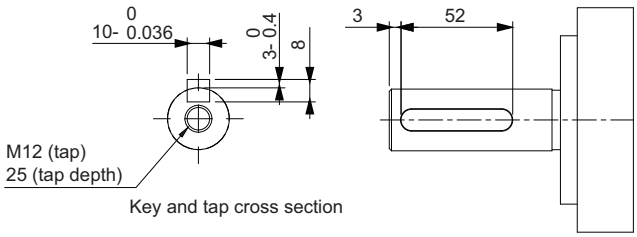
● 4 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M4K015T-B(O/S2/OS2)



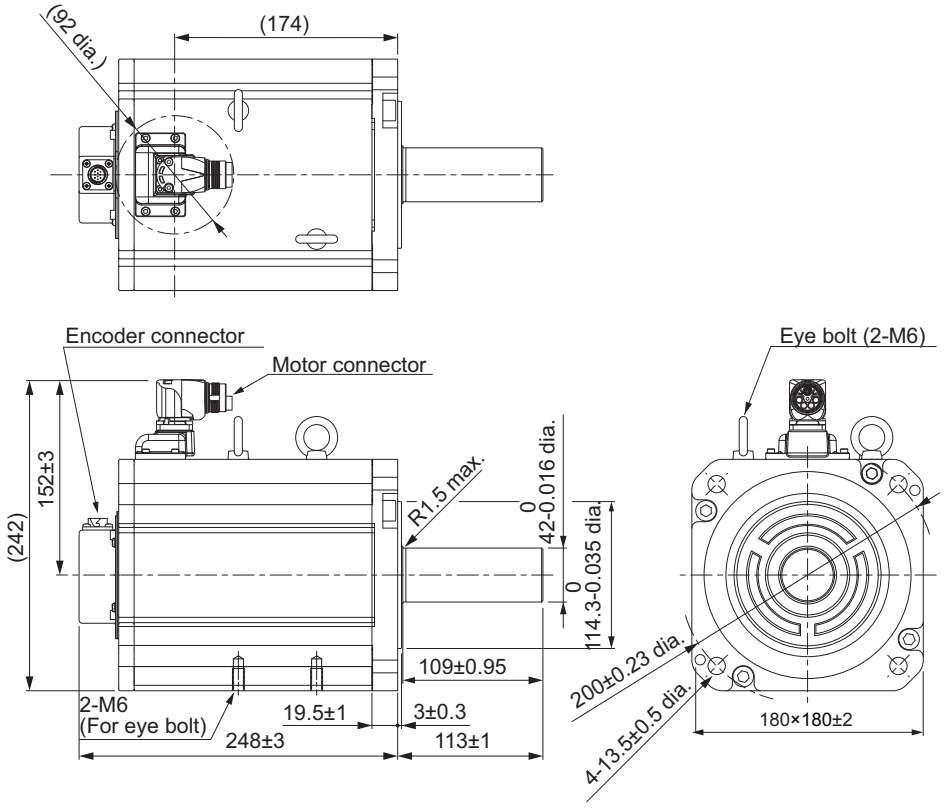
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



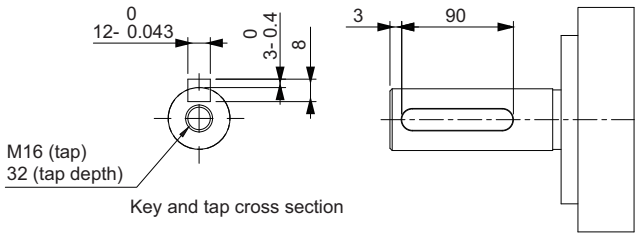
● 5 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M5K015T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



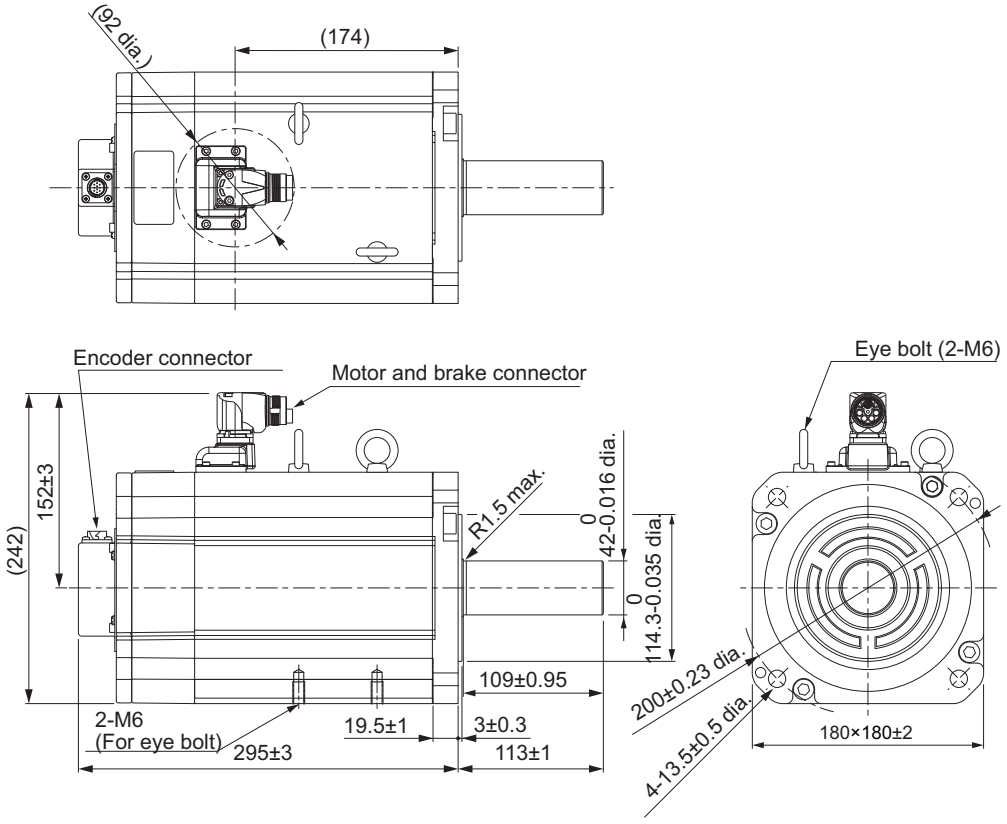
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



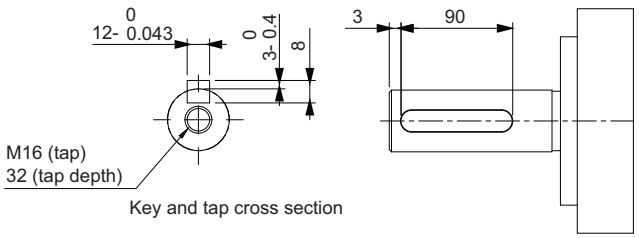
● 5 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M5K015T-B(O/S2/OS2)



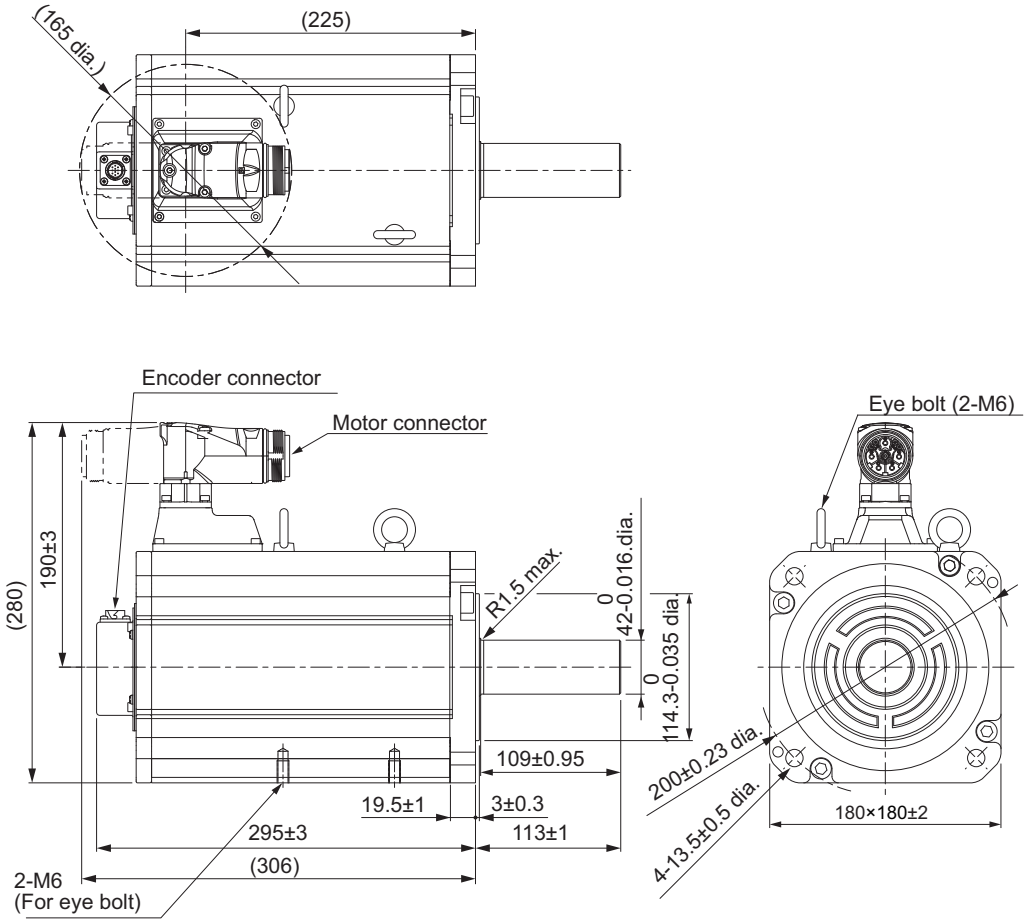
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



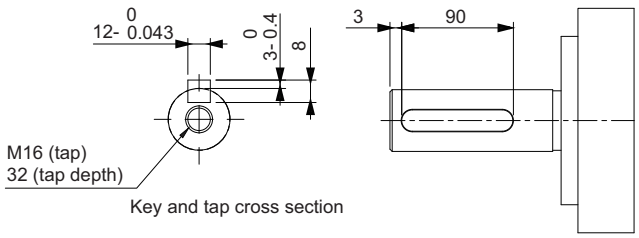
● 7.5 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M7K515T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



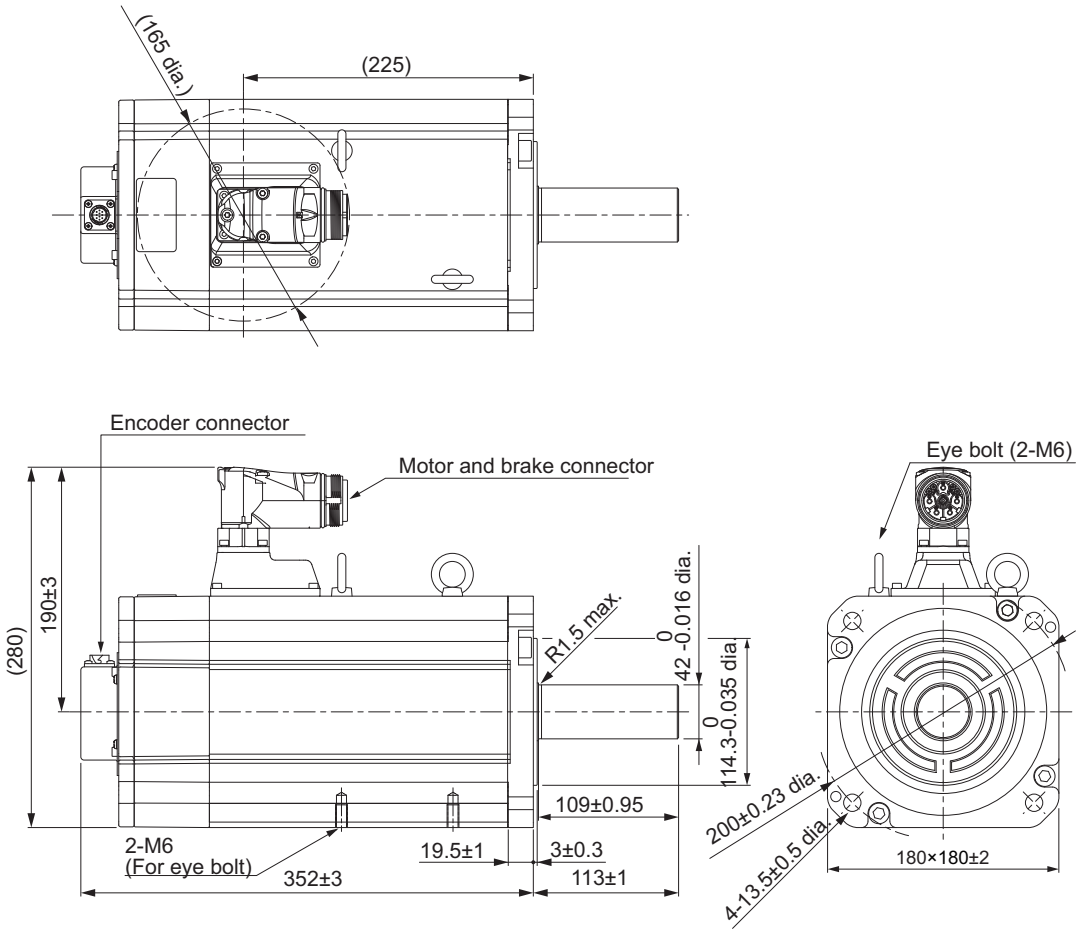
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



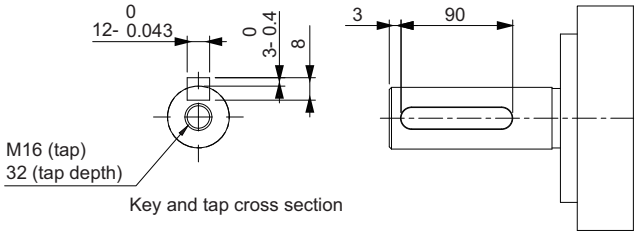
● 7.5 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M7K515T-B(O/S2/OS2)



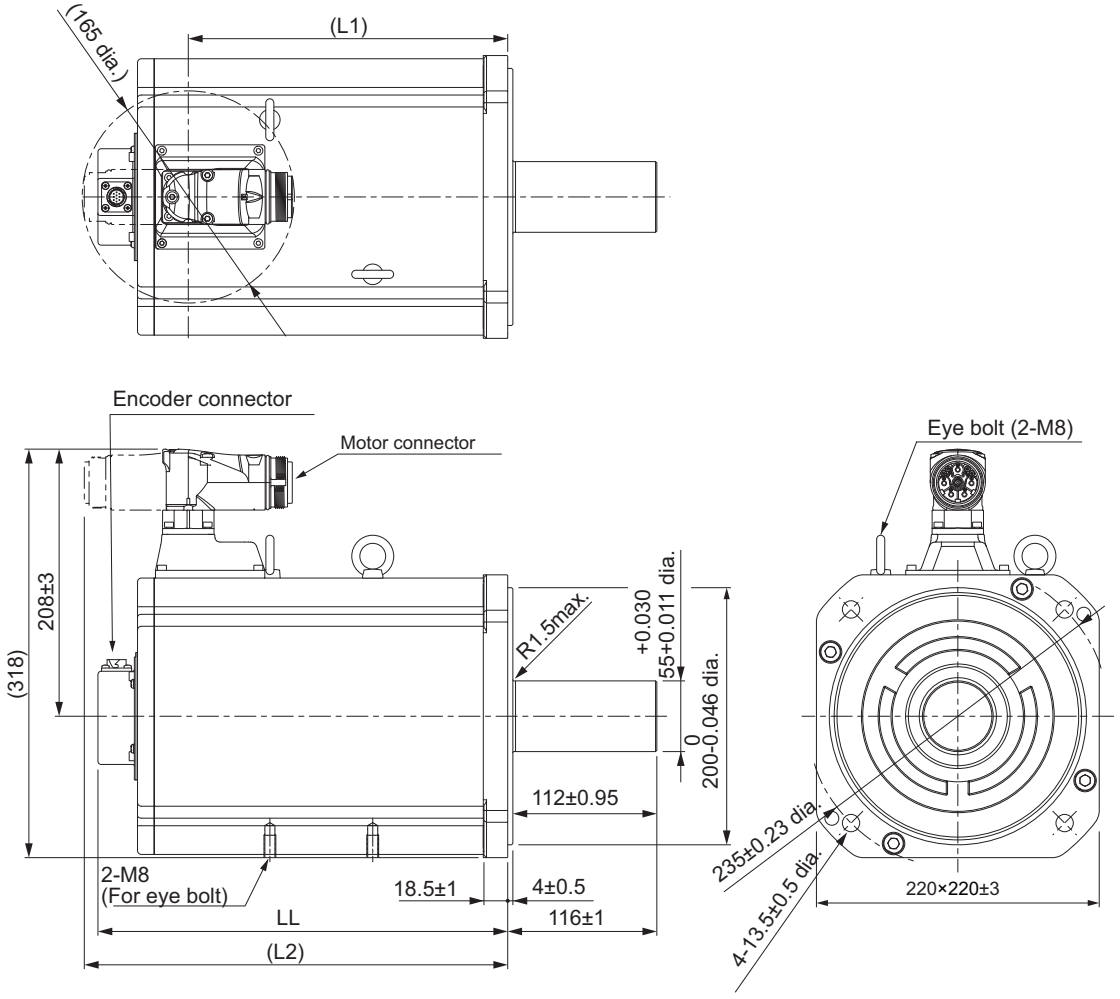
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



● 11 kW/15 kW (without Brake)

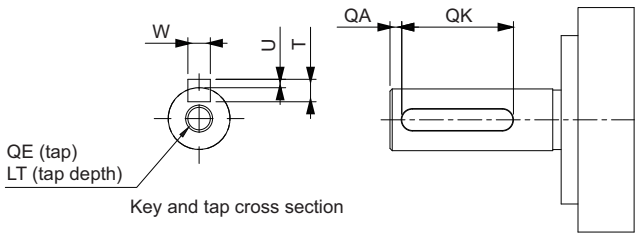
R88M-1M11K015T(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1M15K015T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]		
	LL	L1	L2
R88M-1M11K015T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	319±3	249	330
R88M-1M15K015T(-O/-S2/-OS2)	397±3	327	408

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

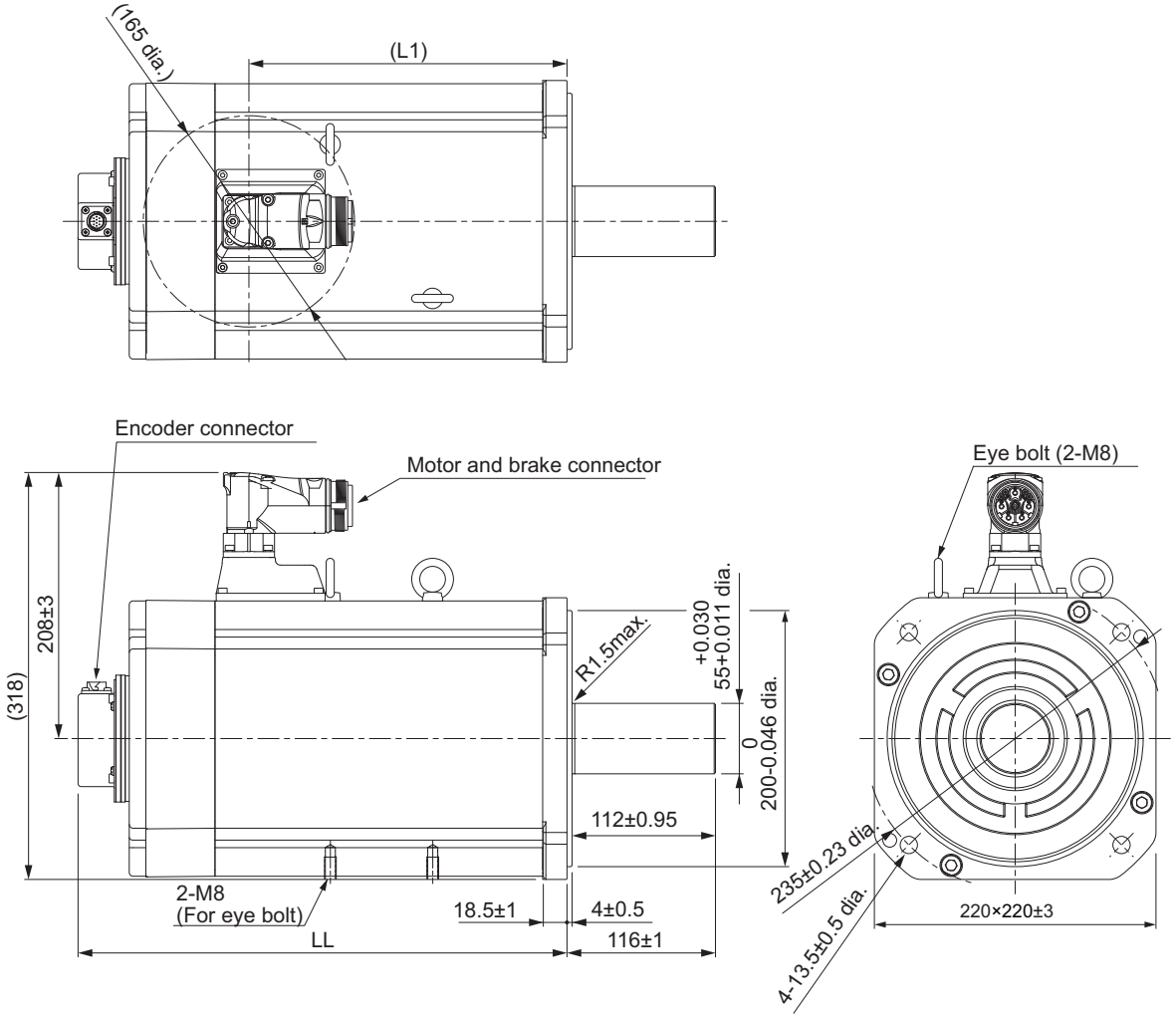
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M11K015T(-S2/-OS2)	3	93	$16^{0}_{-0.043}$	10	$4^{0}_{-0.4}$	M20	40
R88M-1M15K015T(-S2/-OS2)	3	93	$16^{0}_{-0.043}$	10	$4^{0}_{-0.4}$	M20	40

● 11 kW/15 kW (with Brake)

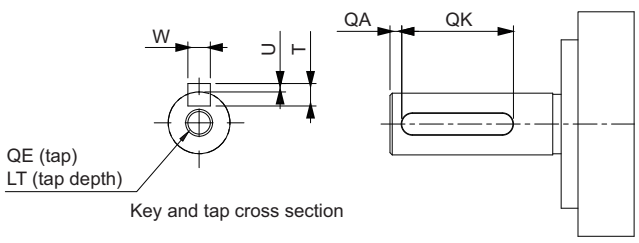
R88M-1M11K015T-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1M15K015T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	LL	L1
R88M-1M11K015T-B(O/S2/OS2)	382±3	249
R88M-1M15K015T-B(O/S2/OS2)	493±3	327

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

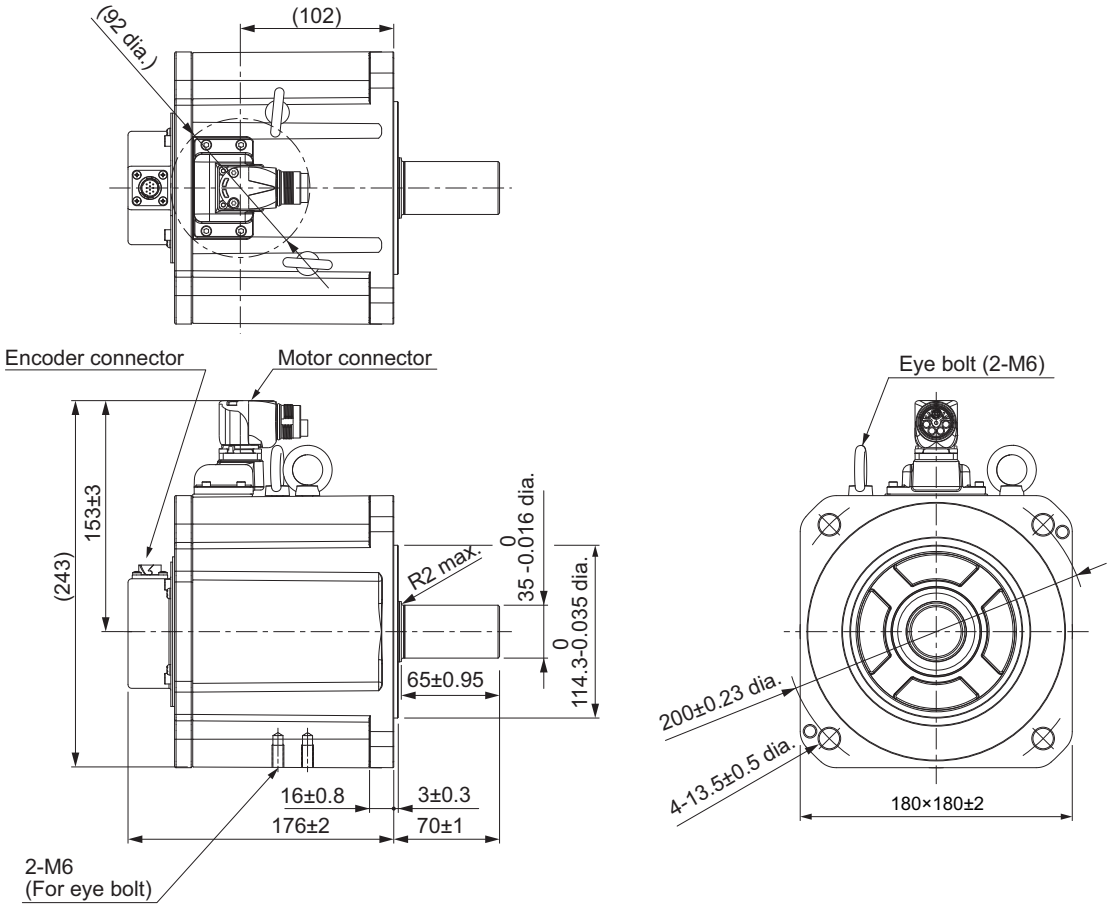


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M11K015T-B(S2/OS2)	3	93	$16^{0}_{-0.043}$	10	$4^{0}_{-0.4}$	M20	40
R88M-1M15K015T-B(S2/OS2)	3	93	$16^{0}_{-0.043}$	10	$4^{0}_{-0.4}$	M20	40

1,500-r/min Servomotors (400 V)

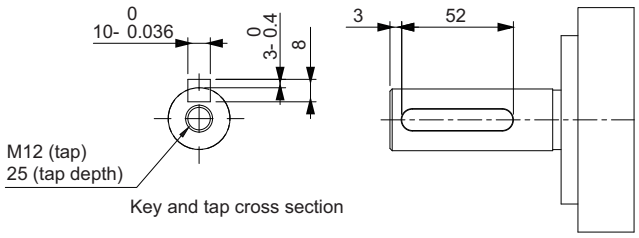
● 4 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M4K015C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



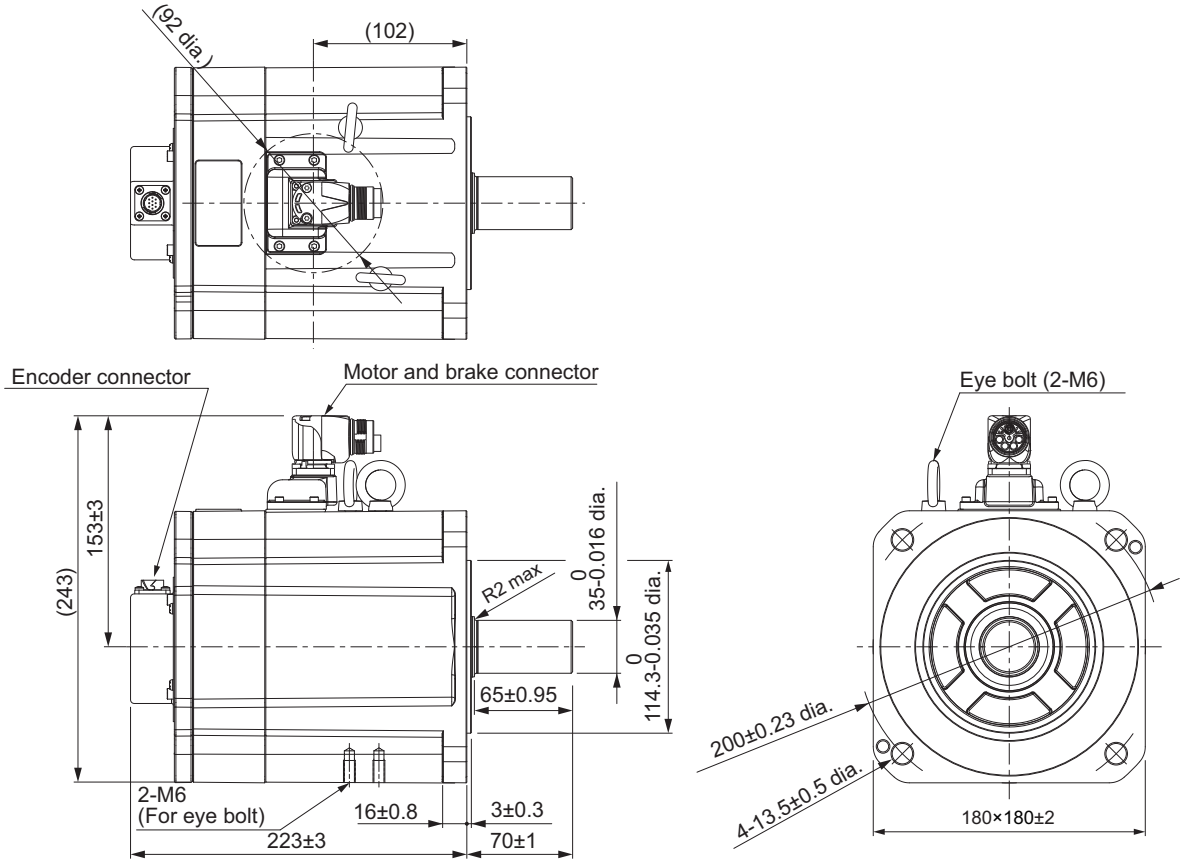
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



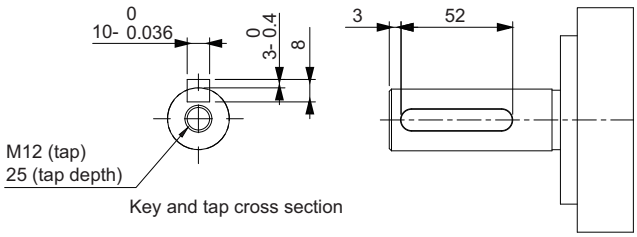
● 4 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M4K015C-B(O/S2/OS2)



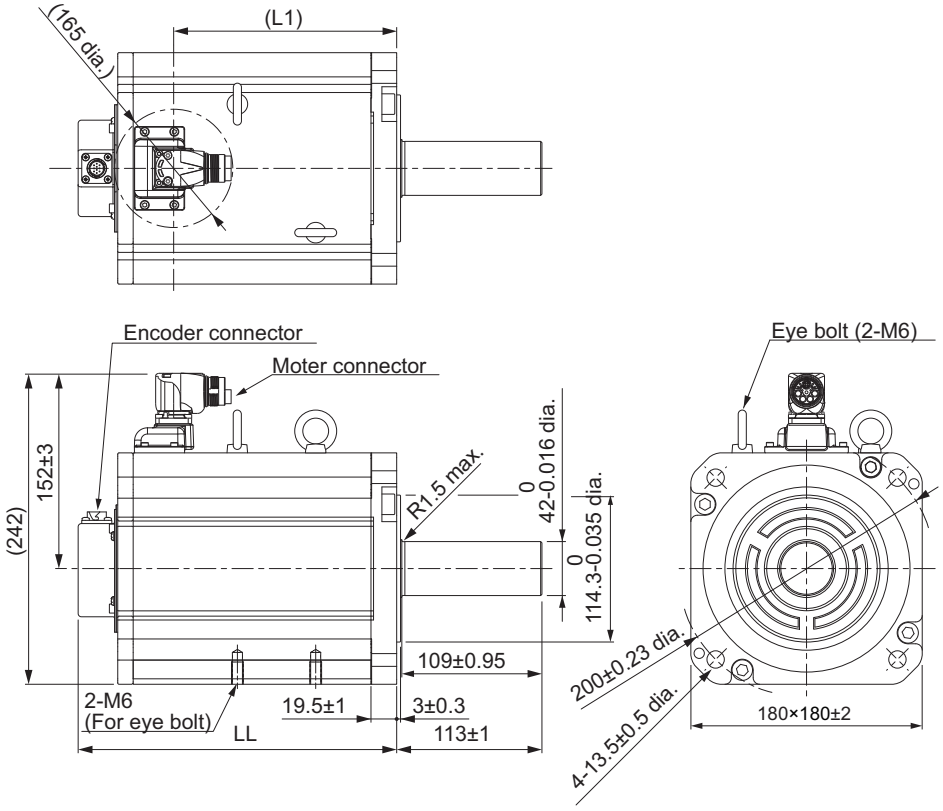
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



● 5.5 kW/7.5 kW (without Brake)

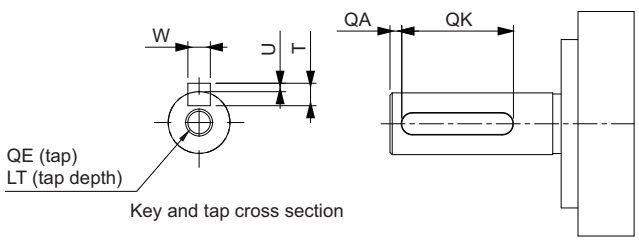
R88M-1M5K515C(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1M7K515C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	LL	L1
R88M-1M5K515C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	248±3	174
R88M-1M7K515C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	295±3	221

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

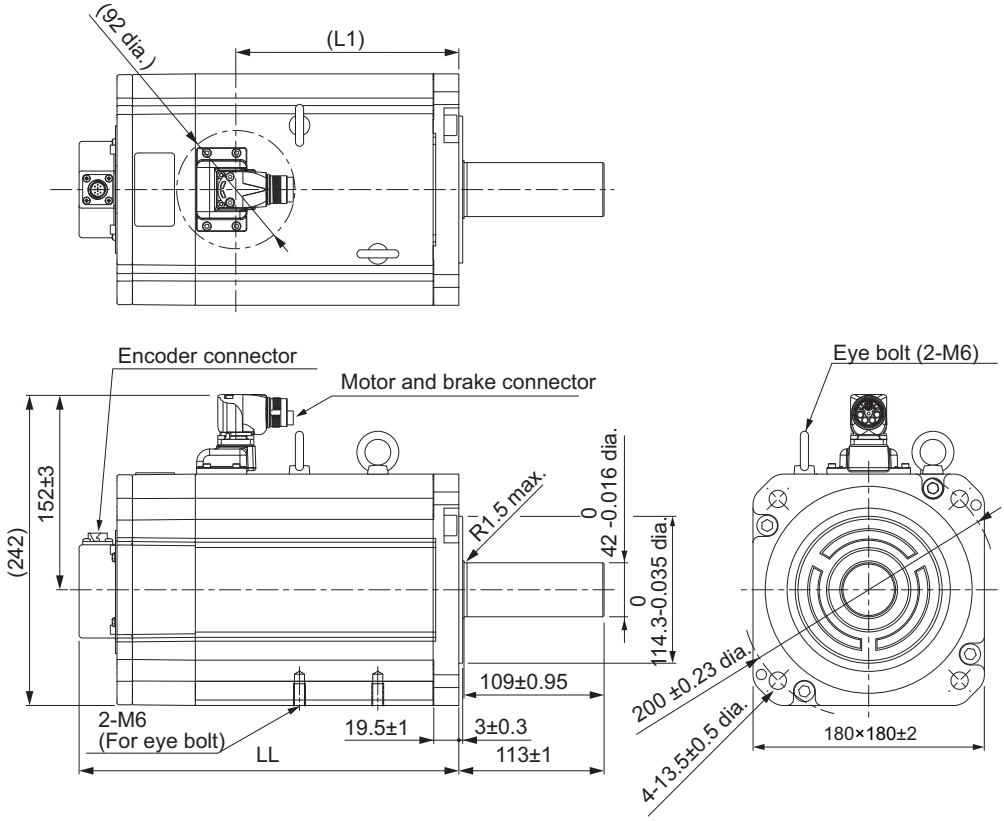


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M5K515C(-S2/-OS2)	3	90	$12^{0}_{-0.043}$	8	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M16	32

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M7K515C(-S2/-OS2)	3	90	$12^{0}_{-0.043}$	8	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M16	32

● 5.5 kW/7.5 kW (with Brake)

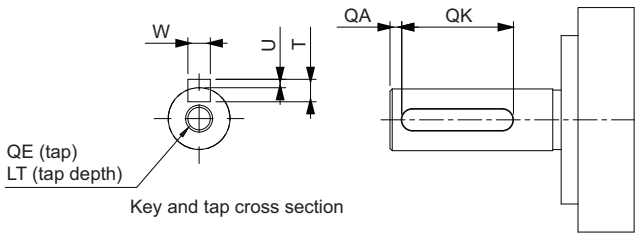
R88M-1M5K515C-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1M7K515C-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	LL	L1
R88M-1M5K515C-B(O/S2/OS2)	295±3	174
R88M-1M7K515C-B(O/S2/OS2)	352±3	221

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

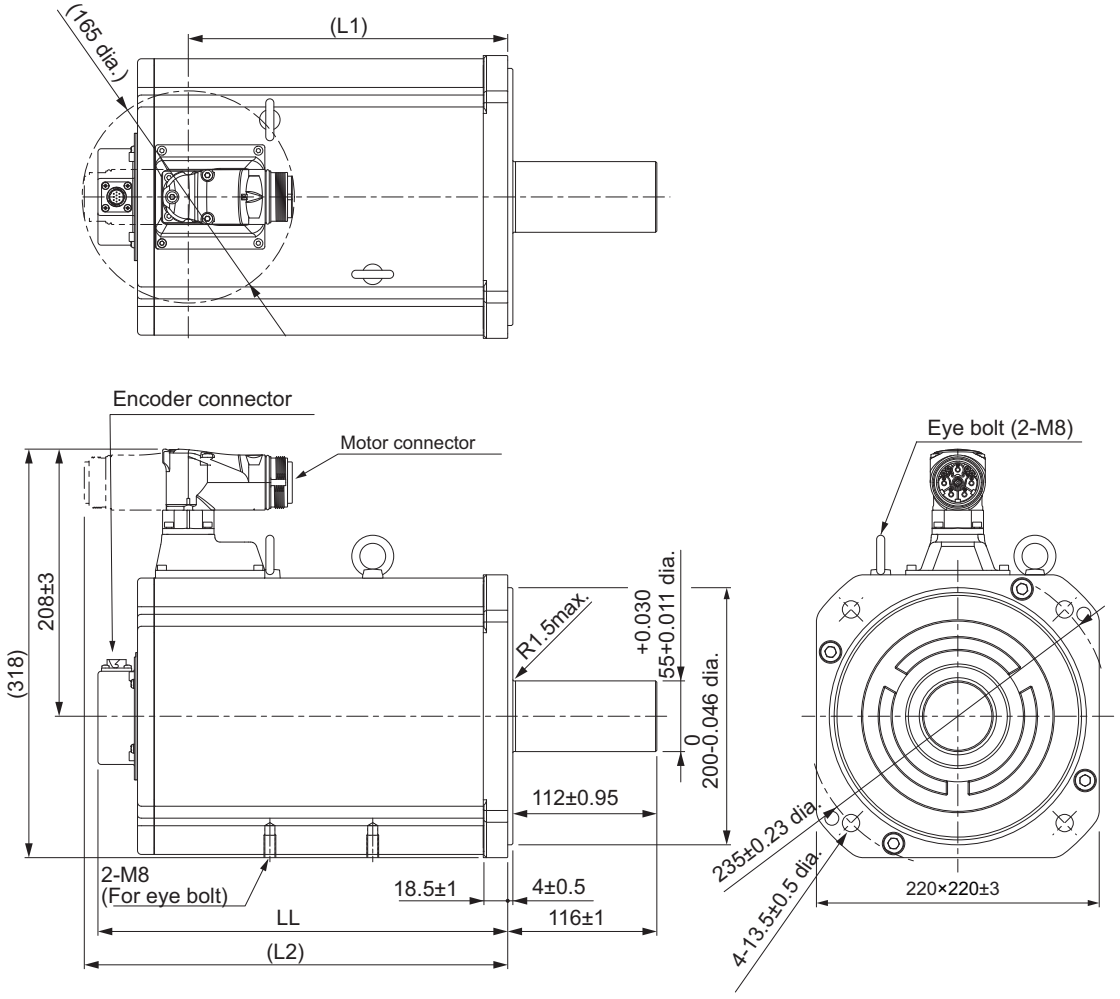


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M5K515C-B(S2/OS2)	3	90	$12^{0}_{-0.043}$	8	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M16	32

Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M7K515C-B(S2/OS2)	3	90	$12^{0}_{-0.043}$	8	$3^{0}_{-0.4}$	M16	32

● 11 kW/15 kW (without Brake)

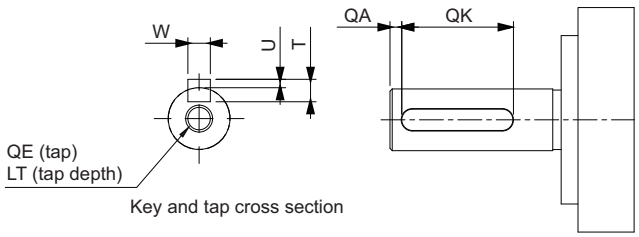
R88M-1M11K015C(-O/-S2/-OS2)/R88M-1M15K015C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]		
	LL	L1	L2
R88M-1M11K015C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	319±3	249	330
R88M-1M15K015C(-O/-S2/-OS2)	397±3	327	408

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

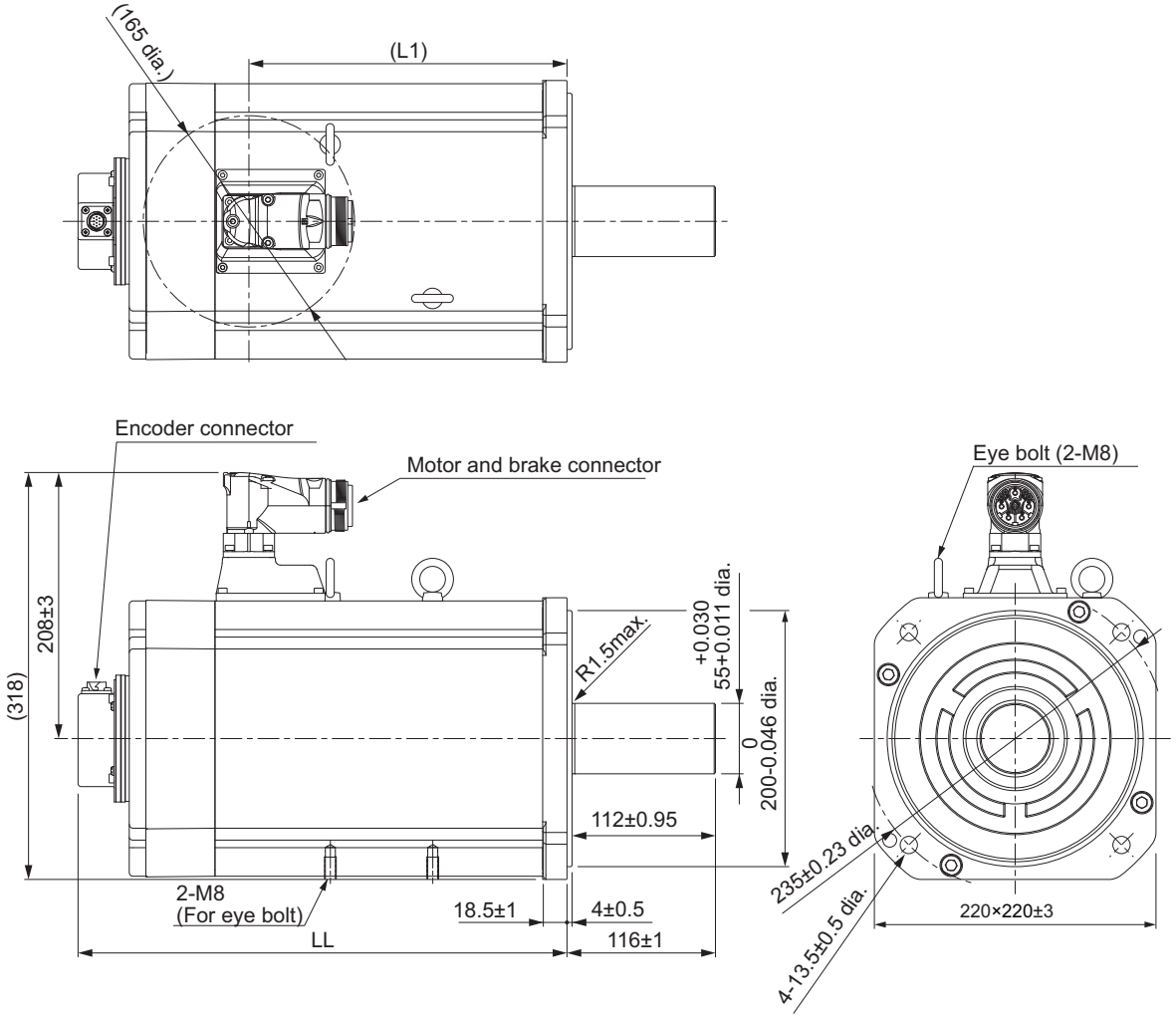
Shaft-end with key and tap



Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M11K015C(-S2/-OS2)	3	93	$16^{0}_{-0.043}$	10	$4^{0}_{-0.4}$	M20	40
R88M-1M15K015C(-S2/-OS2)	3	93	$16^{0}_{-0.043}$	10	$4^{0}_{-0.4}$	M20	40

● 11 kW/15 kW (with Brake)

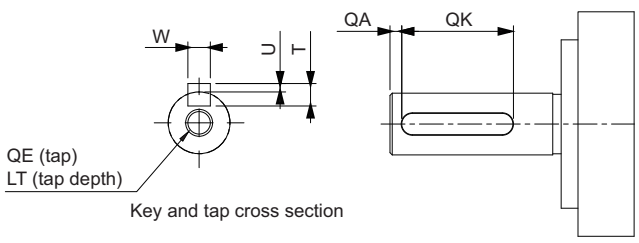
R88M-1M11K015C-B(O/S2/OS2)/R88M-1M15K015C-B(O/S2/OS2)



Model	Dimensions [mm]	
	LL	L1
R88M-1M11K015C-B(O/S2/OS2)	382±3	249
R88M-1M15K015C-B(O/S2/OS2)	493±3	327

Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

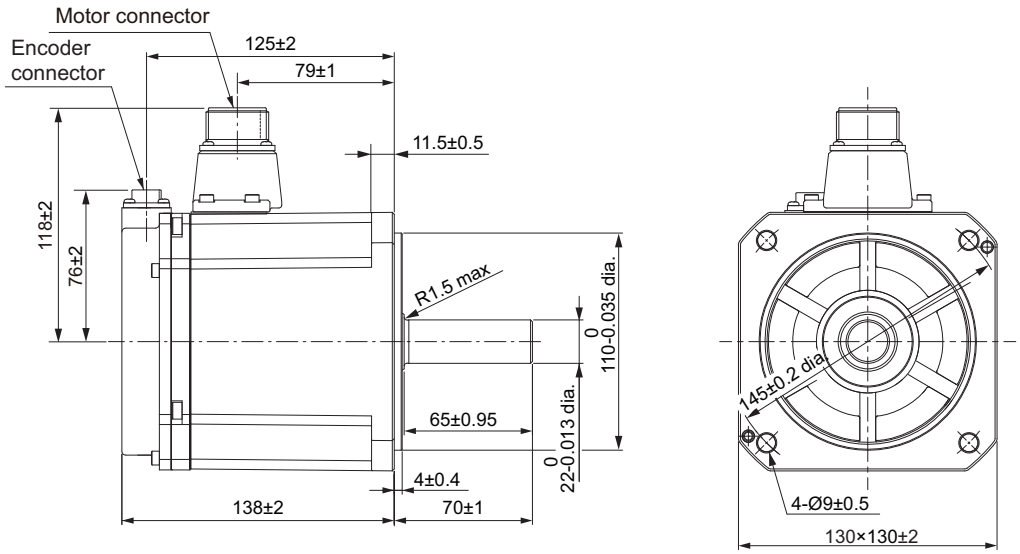


Model	Dimensions [mm]						
	QA	QK	W	T	U	QE	LT
R88M-1M11K015C-B(S2/OS2)	3	93	$16^{0}_{-0.043}$	10	$4^{0}_{-0.4}$	M20	40
R88M-1M15K015C-B(S2/OS2)	3	93	$16^{0}_{-0.043}$	10	$4^{0}_{-0.4}$	M20	40

1,000-r/min Servomotors (200 V)

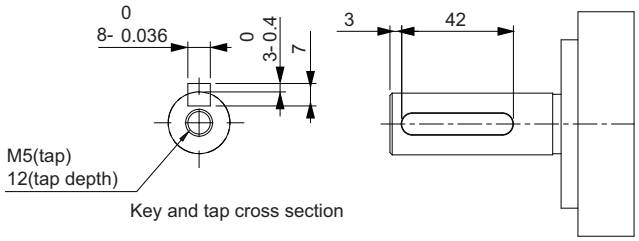
● 900 W (without Brake)

R88M-1M90010T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



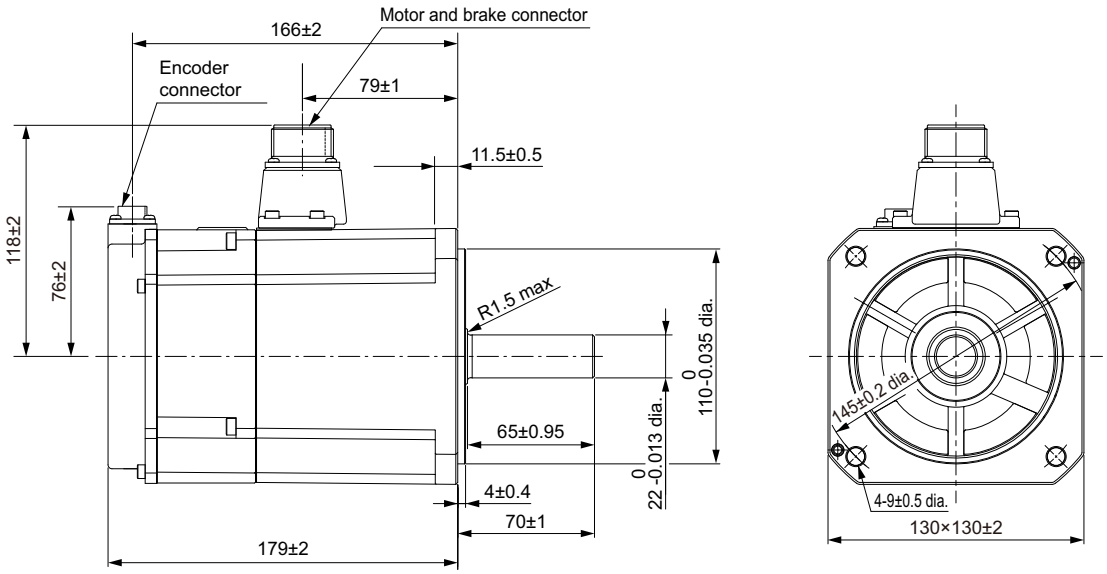
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



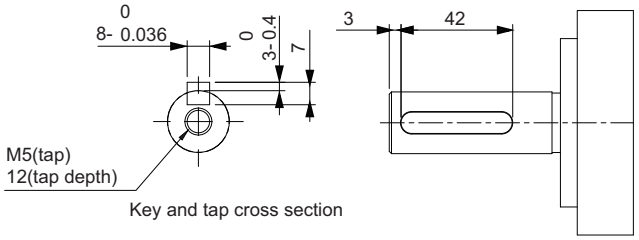
● 900 W (with Brake)

R88M-1M90010T-B(O/S2/OS2)



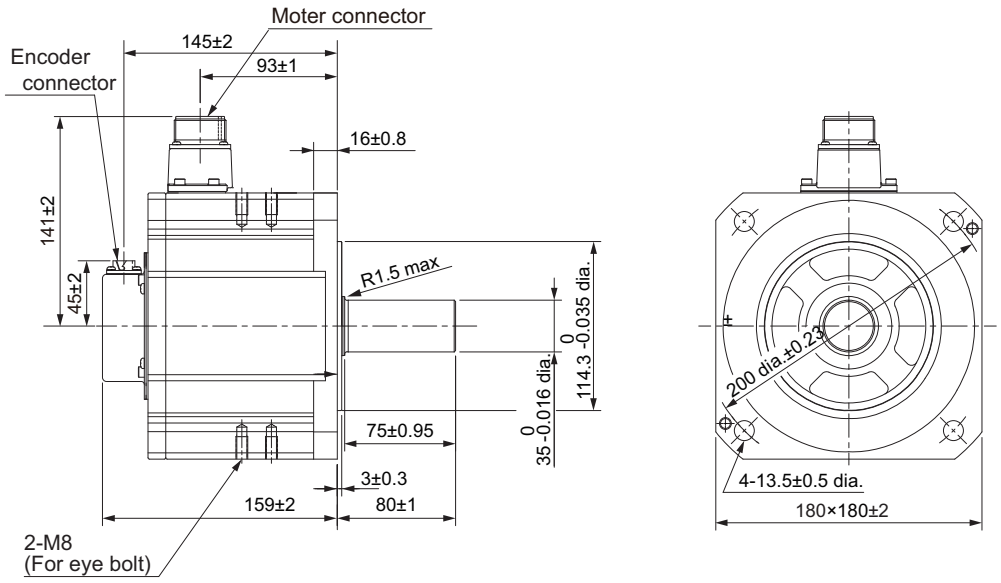
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



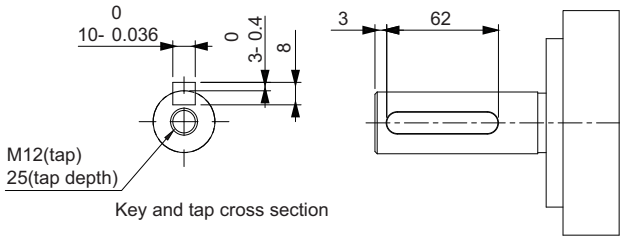
● 2 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M2K010T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



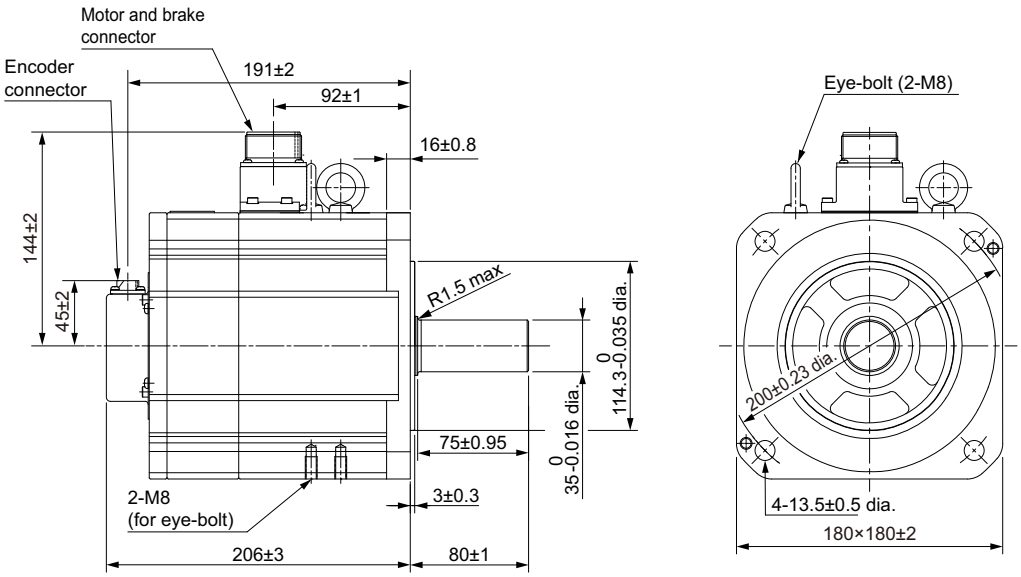
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



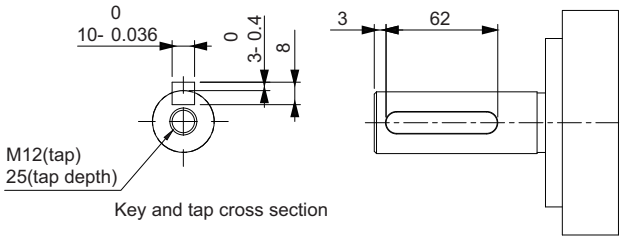
● 2 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M2K010T-B(O/S2/OS2)



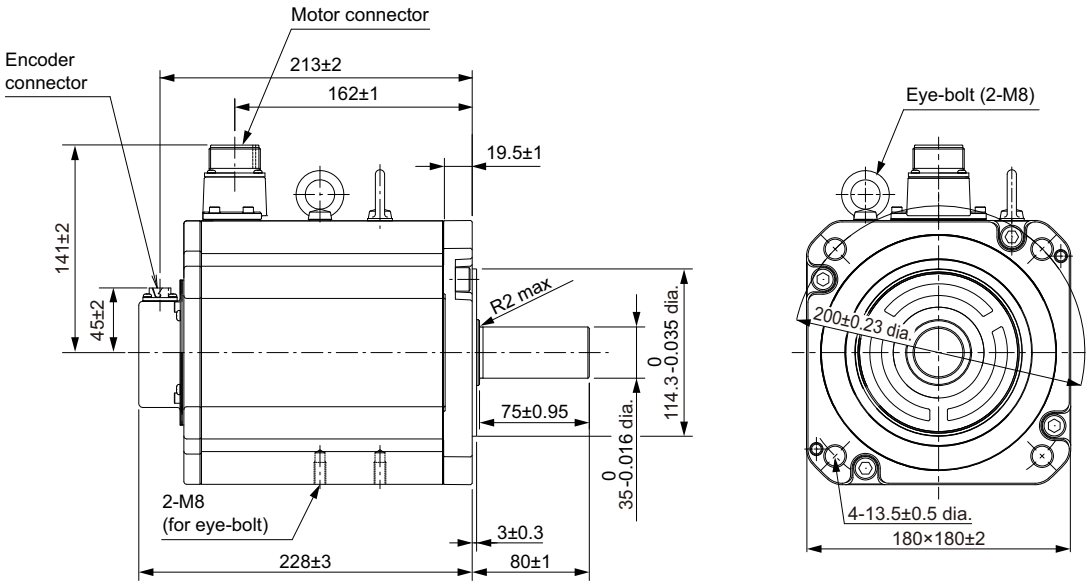
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



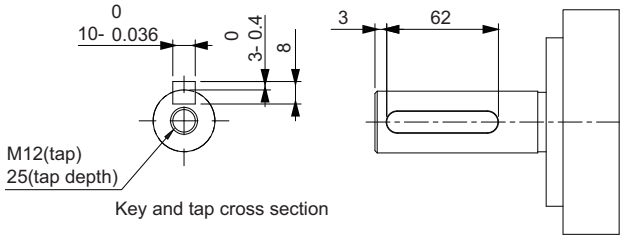
● 3 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M3K010T(-O/-S2/-OS2)



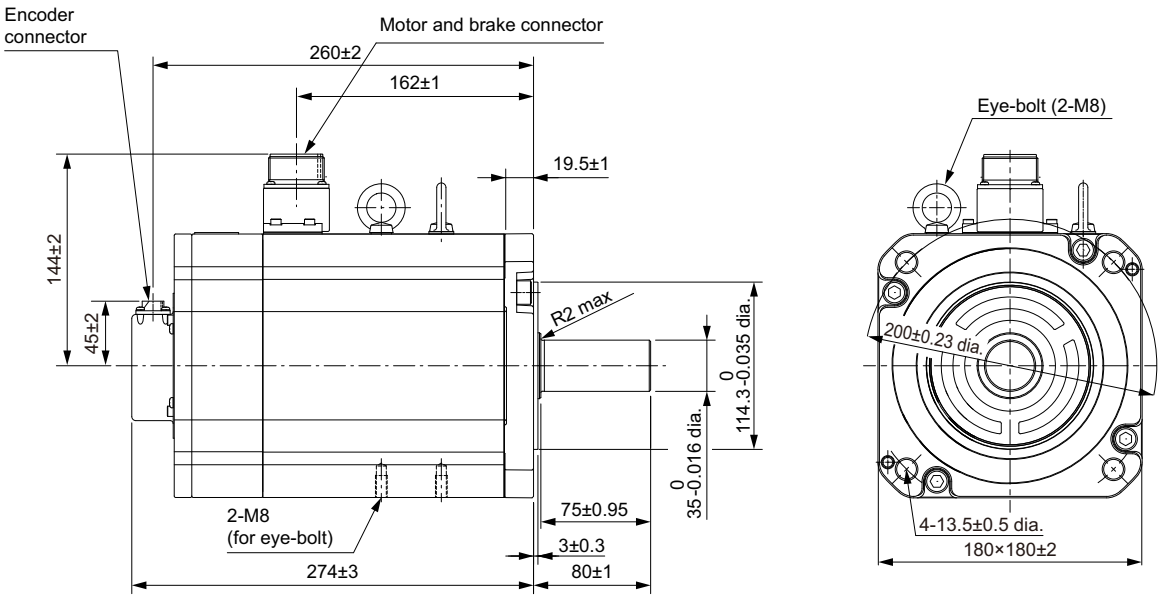
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



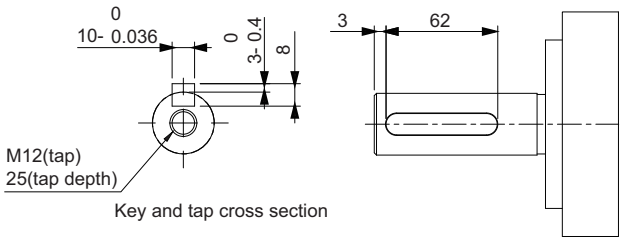
● 3 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M3K010T-B(O/S2/OS2)



Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

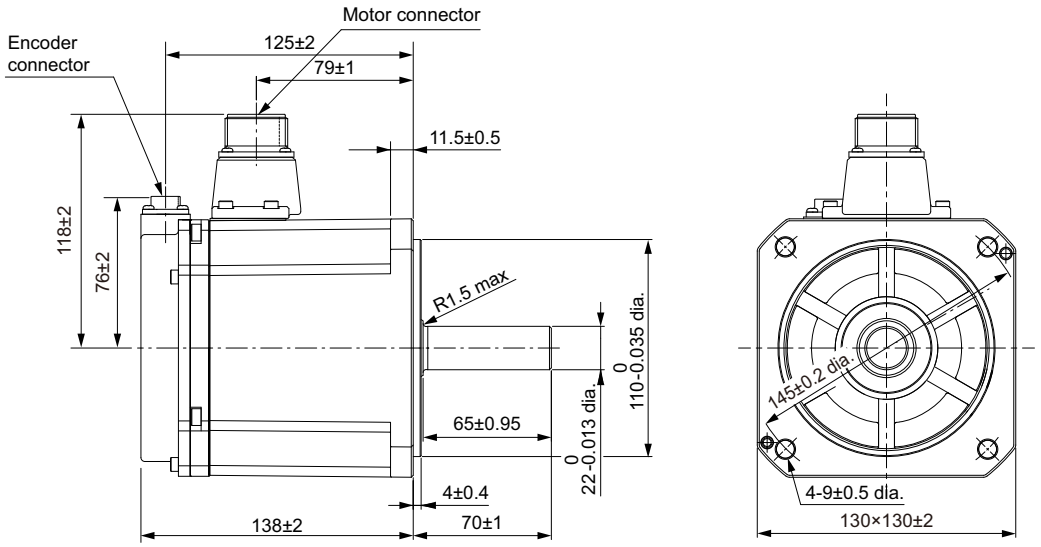
Shaft-end with key and tap



1,000-r/min Servomotors (400 V)

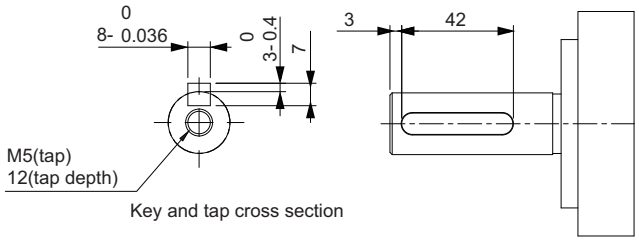
● 900 W (without Brake)

R88M-1M90010C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



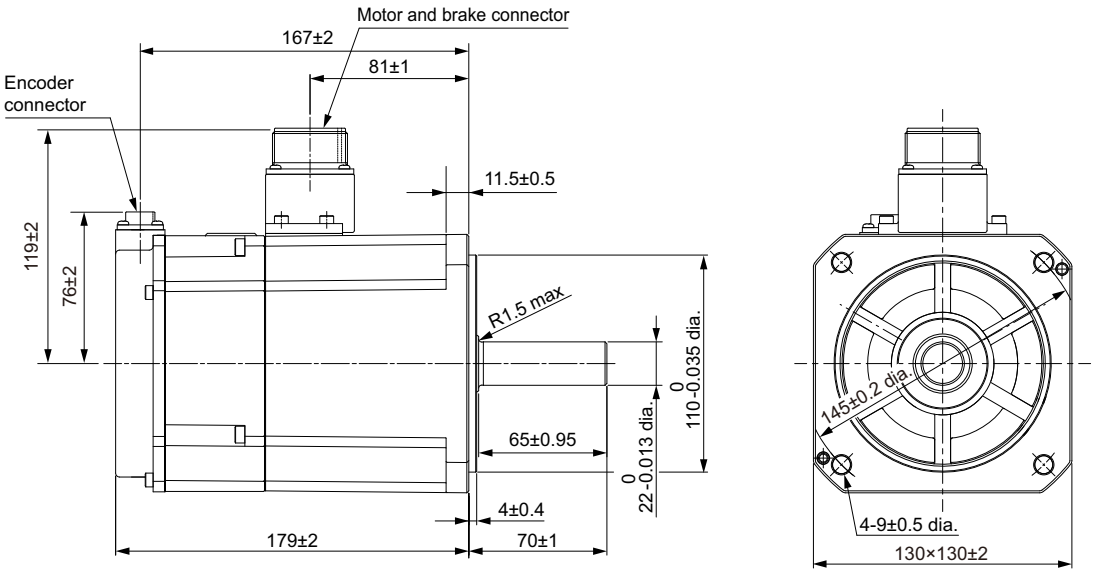
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



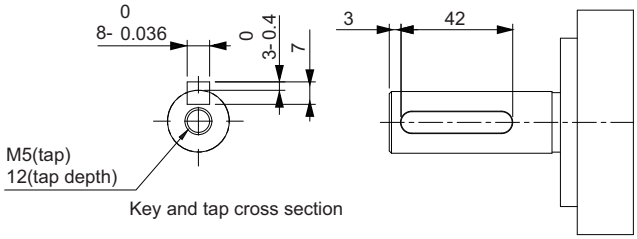
● 900 W (with Brake)

R88M-1M90010C-B(O/S2/OS2)



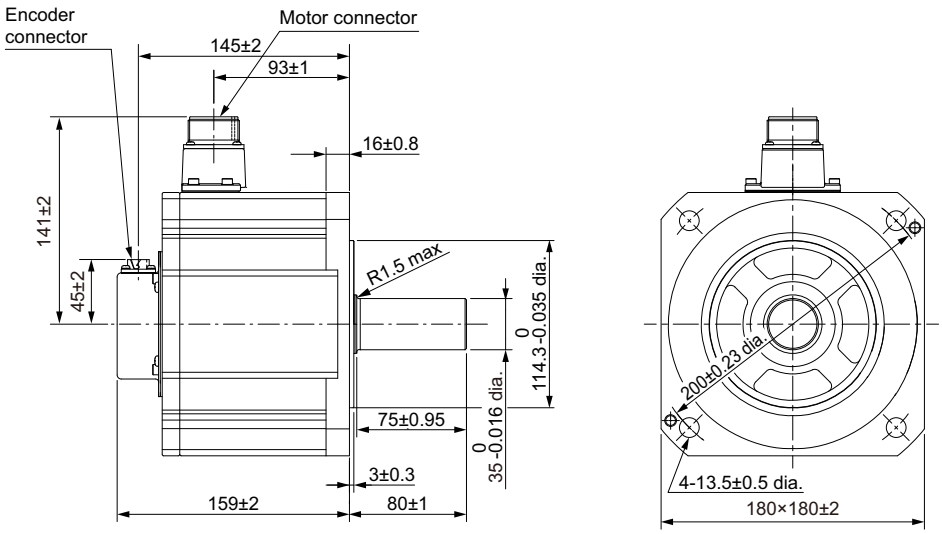
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



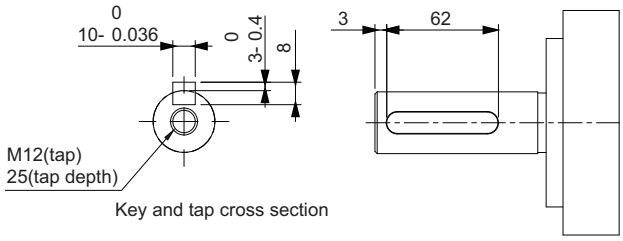
● 2 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M2K010C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



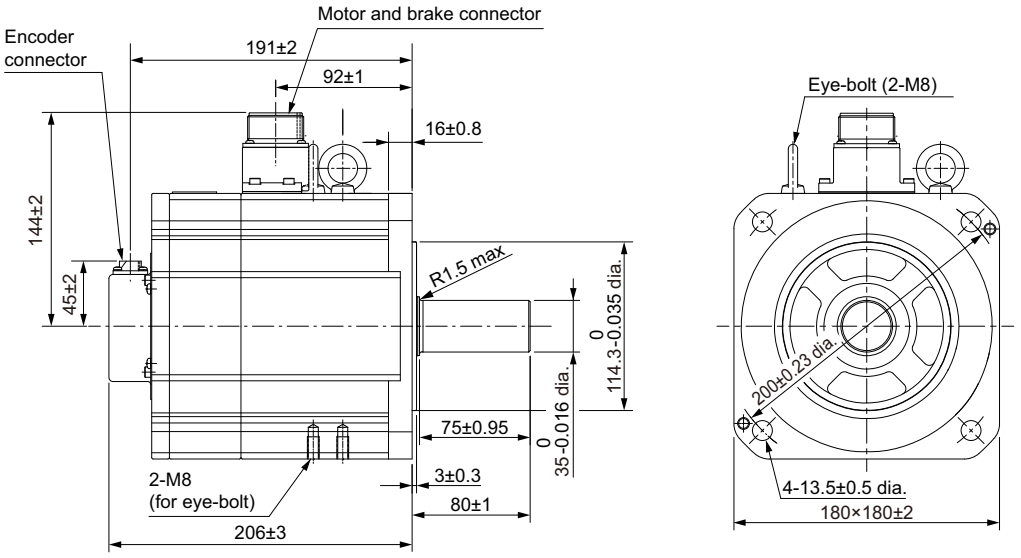
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



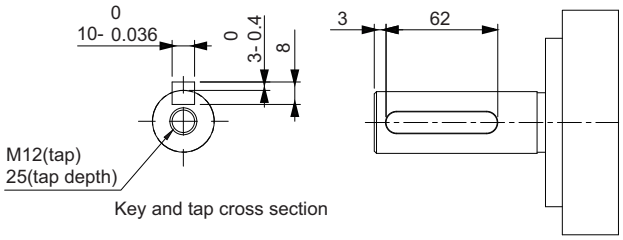
● 2 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M2K010C-B(O/S2/OS2)



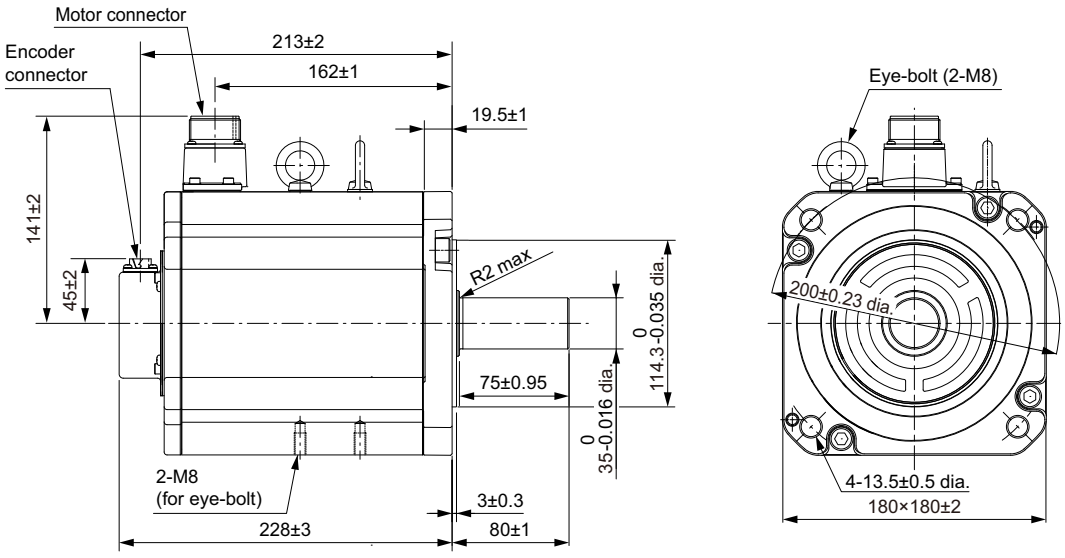
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



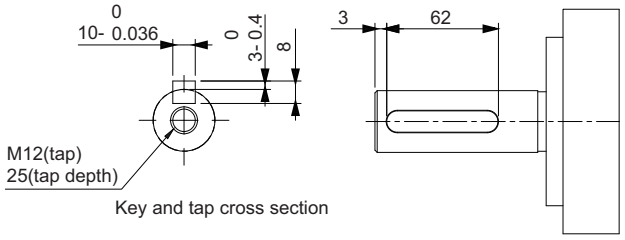
● 3 kW (without Brake)

R88M-1M3K010C(-O/-S2/-OS2)



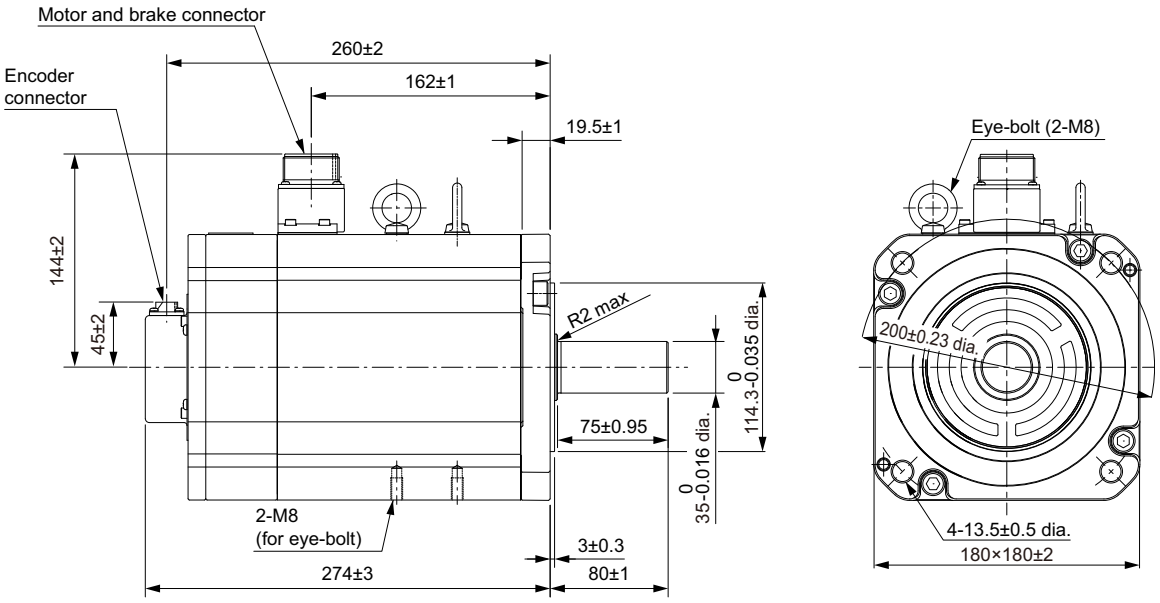
Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap



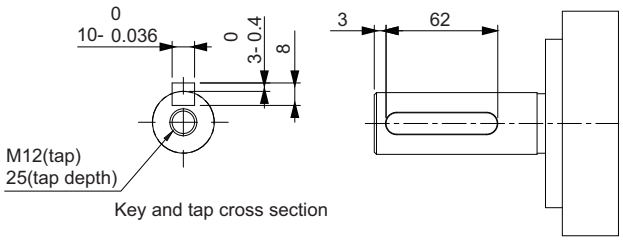
● 3 kW (with Brake)

R88M-1M3K010C-B(O/S2/OS2)



Note The standard shaft type is a straight shaft. Models with a key and tap are indicated with "S2" at the end of the model number.
Models with an oil seal are indicated with "O" at the end of the model number.

Shaft-end with key and tap

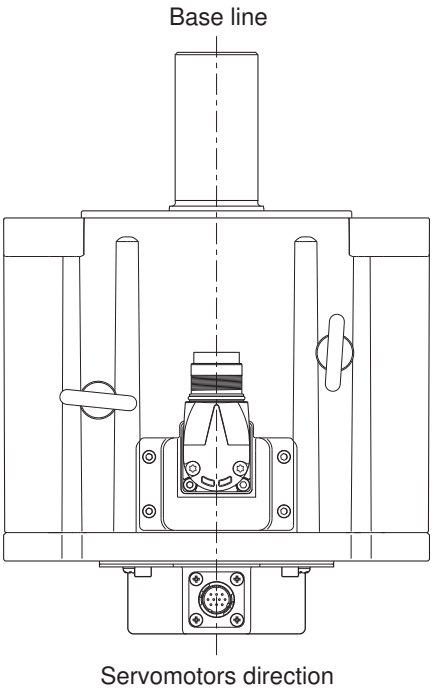


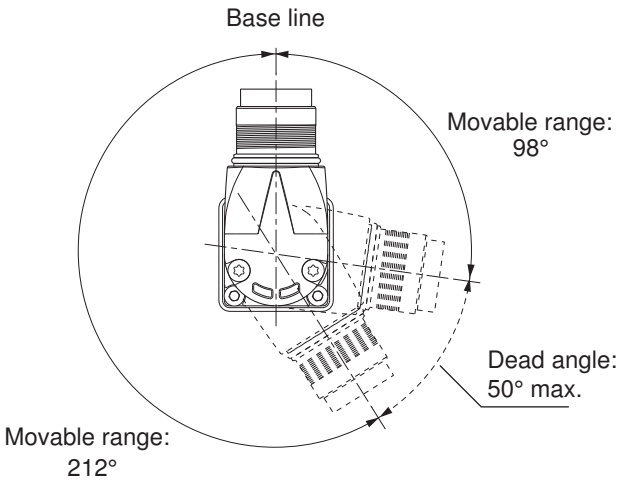
2-4-3 Cable Outlet Direction

The cable outlet direction of the Servomotor for connector type M23 or M40 can be selected. The below shows the selectable range.

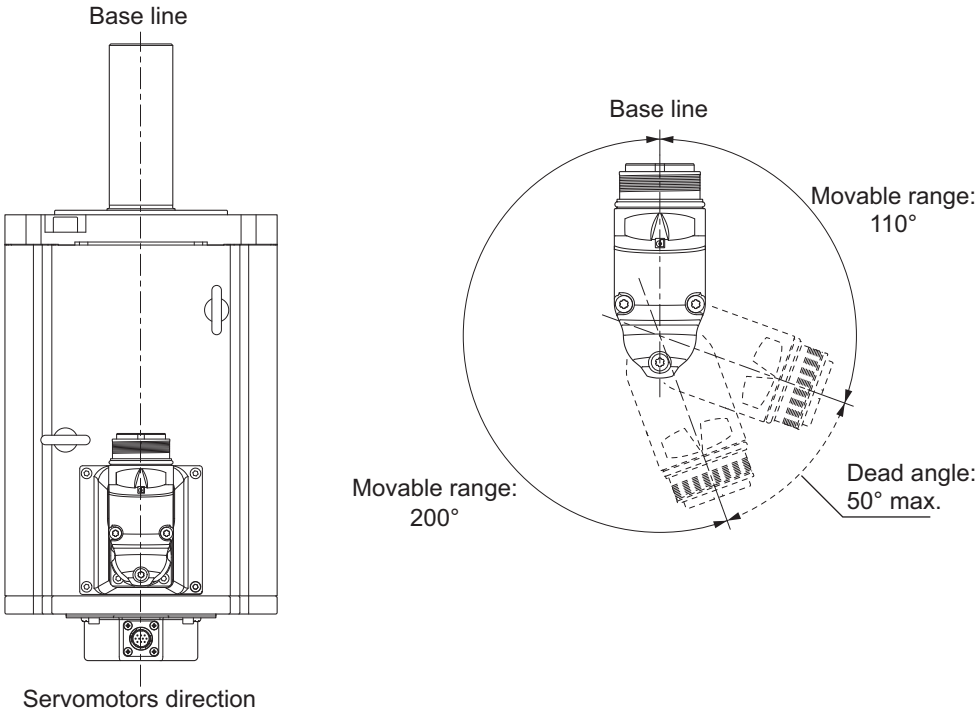
The change of the cable outlet direction shall be up to five times. For a procedure of the change of the cable outlet direction, refer to *4-2-4 Procedure for Change of Cable Outlet Direction for Connector Type M23 or M40* on page 4-48.

Cable Outlet Direction for Connector Type M23





Cable Outlet Direction for Connector Type M40

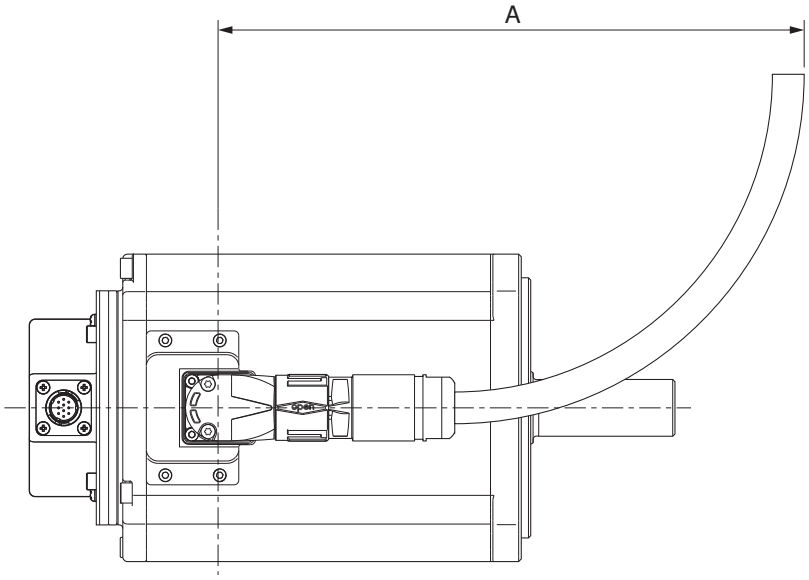


2-4-4 Cable Wiring Dimension for a Case of Motor Installing

Cable wiring dimensions are shown below the table when you install a Servomotor for connector type M23 and M40.

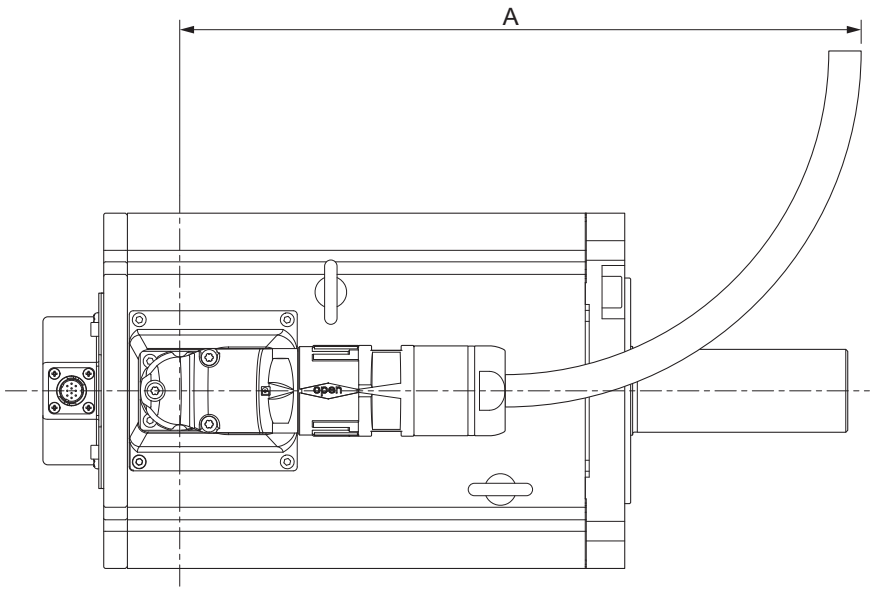
The dimensions from the rotation center of the connector to the cable surrounding are indicated as A when you wire a cable with the minimum bending radius (ten times as outer dimension of sheath wire).

Motor for Connector Type M23



Model	Dimensions [mm]
	A
R88M-1L4K030T(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	265
R88M-1L4K030C(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	
R88M-1L4K730T(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	
R88M-1L5K030C(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	
R88M-1M4K015T(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	
R88M-1M4K015C(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	
R88M-1M5K015T(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	
R88M-1M5K515C(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	
R88M-1M7K515C(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	

Motor for Connector Type M40



Model	Dimensions [mm]
	A
R88M-1M7K515T(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	421
R88M-1M11K015T(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	421
R88M-1M11K015C(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	356
R88M-1M15K015T(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	421
R88M-1M15K015C(-S2/-O/-OS2/-B/-BS2/-BO/-BOS2)	356

2-4-5 Decelerator Dimensions

The following tables show the dimensions of Decelerators.

Backlash: 3 Arcminutes Max.

● For 3,000-r/min Servomotors (50 to 200 W)

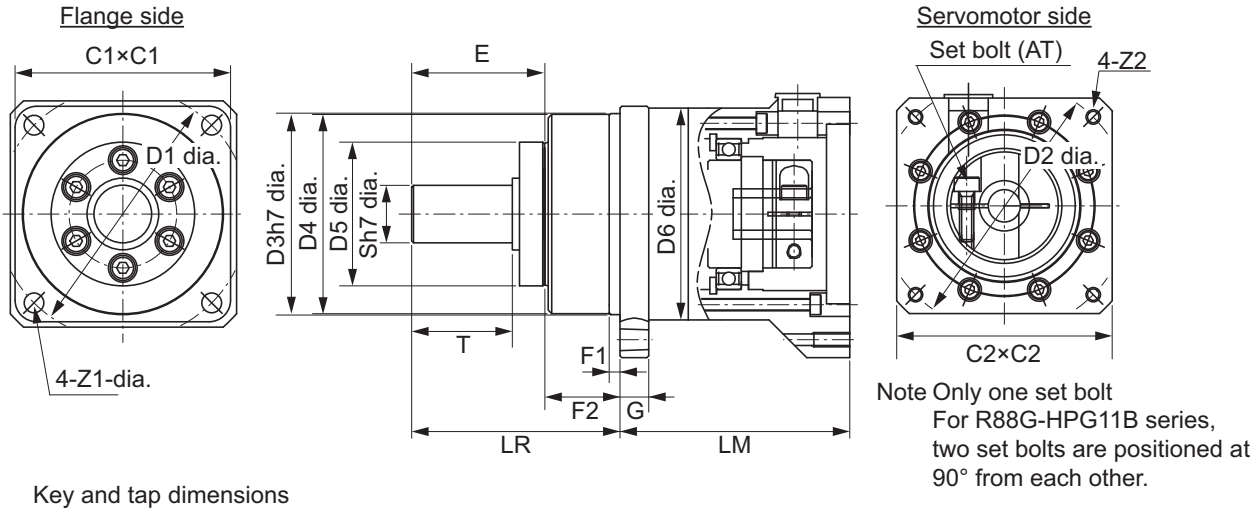
Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio	Model	Outline drawing	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*2	E	F1	F2
50 W	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B□	1	64.0	58	60	60 x 60	70	46	56	55.5	40	---	37	2.5	21
	1/33	R88G-HPG14A33050B□	1	64.0	58	60	60 x 60	70	46	56	55.5	40	---	37	2.5	21
	1/45	R88G-HPG14A45050B□	1	64.0	58	60	60 x 60	70	46	56	55.5	40	---	37	2.5	21
100 W	1/5	R88G-HPG11B05100B□	1*1	39.5	42	40	40 x 40	46	46	40	39.5	29	---	27	2.2	15
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11100B□	1	64.0	58	60	60 x 60	70	46	56	55.5	40	---	37	2.5	21
	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B□	1	64.0	58	60	60 x 60	70	46	56	55.5	40	---	37	2.5	21
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33100B□	2	66.5	80	90	55 dia.	105	46	85	84	59	89	53	7.5	27
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45100B□	2	66.5	80	90	55 dia.	105	46	85	84	59	89	53	7.5	27
200 W	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05200B□	1	64.0	58	60	60 x 60	70	70	56	55.5	40	---	37	2.5	21
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11200B□	1	64.0	58	60	60 x 60	70	70	56	55.5	40	---	37	2.5	21
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21200B□	2	71.0	80	90	89 dia.	105	70	85	84	59	---	53	7.5	27
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33200B□	2	71.0	80	90	89 dia.	105	70	85	84	59	---	53	7.5	27
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45200B□	2	71.0	80	90	89 dia.	105	70	85	84	59	---	53	7.5	27

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*3	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
50 W	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B□	8	16	28	5.5	M4 × 10	M3	25	5	5	3	M4	8
	1/33	R88G-HPG14A33050B□	8	16	28	5.5	M4 × 10	M3	25	5	5	3	M4	8
	1/45	R88G-HPG14A45050B□	8	16	28	5.5	M4 × 10	M3	25	5	5	3	M4	8
100 W	1/5	R88G-HPG11B05100B□	5	8	20	3.4	M4 × 9	M3	15	3	3	1.8	M3	6
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11100B□	8	16	28	5.5	M4 × 10	M3	25	5	5	3	M4	8
	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B□	8	16	28	5.5	M4 × 10	M3	25	5	5	3	M4	8
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33100B□	10	25	42	9	M4 × 10	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45100B□	10	25	42	9	M4 × 10	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12
200 W	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05200B□	8	16	28	5.5	M4 × 10	M4	25	5	5	3	M4	8
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11200B□	8	16	28	5.5	M4 × 10	M4	25	5	5	3	M4	8
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21200B□	10	25	42	9	M4 × 10	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33200B□	10	25	42	9	M4 × 10	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45200B□	10	25	42	9	M4 × 10	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12

*1. Two set bolts are positioned at 90° from each other.
*2. D6 is the maximum diameter of the decelerator body between the flange side and Servomotor side. (Refer to the Outline Drawing) The value is given only when the diameter is larger than the diameters of these two sides. Take heed of this when you mount the decelerator to the machine.
*3. Indicates set bolt.

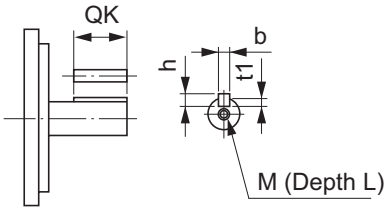
Note 1. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.
Note 2. A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at □ of the model number.
(Example: R88G-HPG11B05100BJ)
Note 3. The diameter of the motor shaft insertion hole is the same as the shaft diameter of the corresponding Servomotor.
Note 4. You cannot use this type of Decelerator for the Servomotor with key.
Note 5. The dimensional drawings in this document are for showing main dimensions only, and they do not give the details of the product shape.

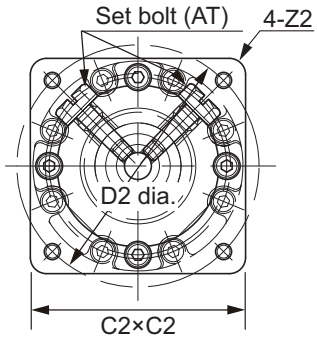
- Outline Drawing 1



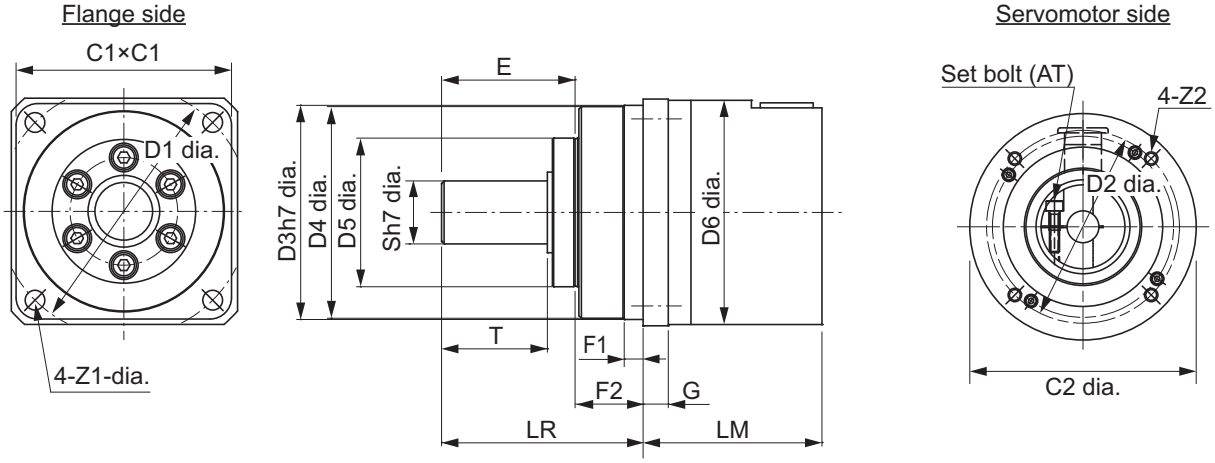
Note Only one set bolt
For R88G-HPG11B series, two set bolts are positioned at 90° from each other.

Key and tap dimensions

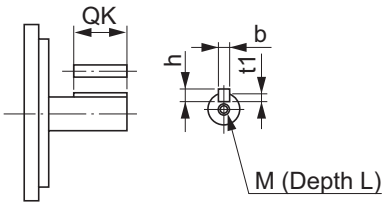




- Outline Drawing 2



Key and tap dimensions



● For 3,000-r/min Servomotors (400 to 750 W)

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Out-line dra win g	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*1	E	F1	F2
400 W	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05400B□	1	64	58	60	60 x 60	70	70	56	55.5	40	---	37	2.5	21
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11400B□	2	71	80	90	89 dia.	105	70	85	84	59	---	53	7.5	27
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21400B□	2	71	80	90	89 dia.	105	70	85	84	59	---	53	7.5	27
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33400B□	2	104	133	120	122 dia.	135	70	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400B□	2	104	133	120	122 dia.	135	70	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG20A05750B□	1	78	80	90	80 x 80	105	90	85	84	59	89	53	7.5	27
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11750B□	1	78	80	90	80 x 80	105	90	85	84	59	89	53	7.5	27
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A21750B□	2	104	133	120	122 dia.	135	90	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33750B□	2	104	133	120	122 dia.	135	90	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45750B□	2	104	133	120	122 dia.	135	90	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
750 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	115	165	163	122	---	103	12	53

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*2	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
400 W	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05400B□	8	16	28	5.5	M4 × 10	M4	25	5	5	3	M4	8
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11400B□	10	25	42	9	M4 × 10	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21400B□	10	25	42	9	M4 × 10	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33400B□	13	40	82	11	M4 × 10	M4	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400B□	13	40	82	11	M4 × 10	M4	70	12	8	5	M10	20
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG20A05750B□	10	25	42	9	M5 × 12	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11750B□	10	25	42	9	M5 × 12	M4	36	8	7	4	M6	12
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A21750B□	13	40	82	11	M5 × 12	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33750B□	13	40	82	11	M5 × 12	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45750B□	13	40	82	11	M5 × 12	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
750 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 10	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20

*1. D6 is the maximum diameter of the decelerator body between the flange side and Servomotor side. (Refer to the Outline Drawing) The value is given only when the diameter is larger than the diameters of these two sides. Take heed of this when you mount the decelerator to the machine.

*2. Indicates set bolt.

Note 1. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.

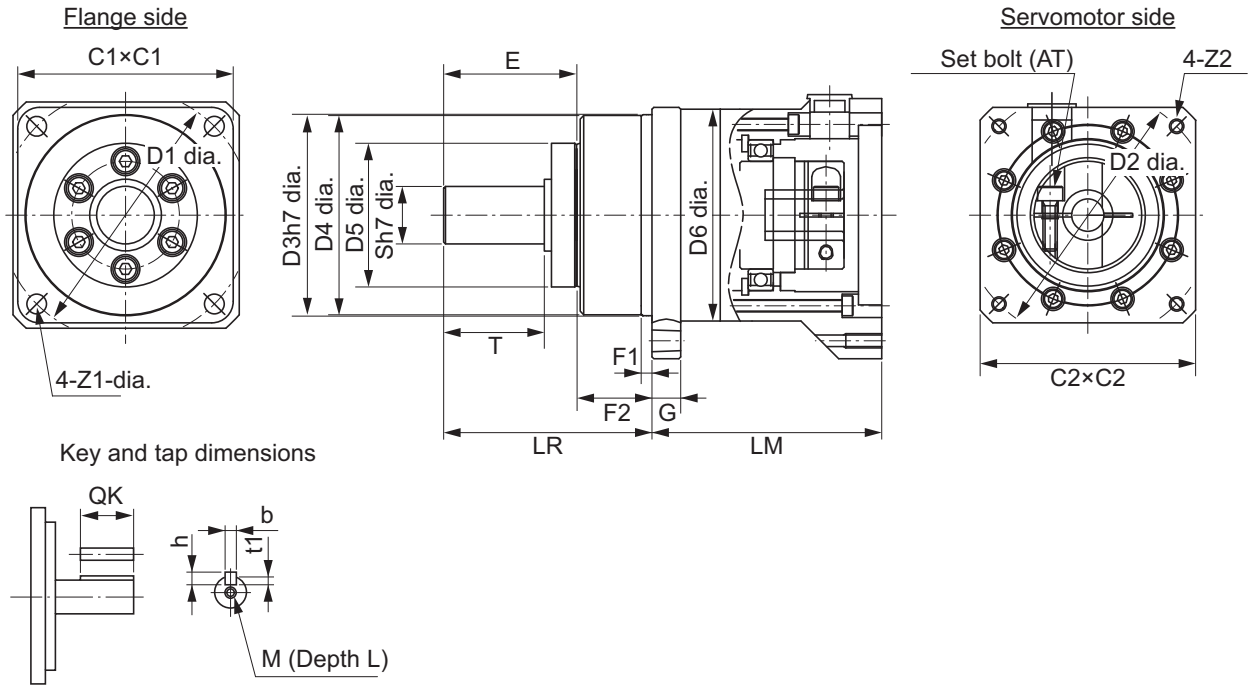
Note 2. A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at □ of the model number.
R88G- HPG14A05400BJ

Note 3. The diameter of the motor shaft insertion hole is the same as the shaft diameter of the corresponding Servomotor.

Note 4. You cannot use this type of Decelerator for the Servomotor with key.

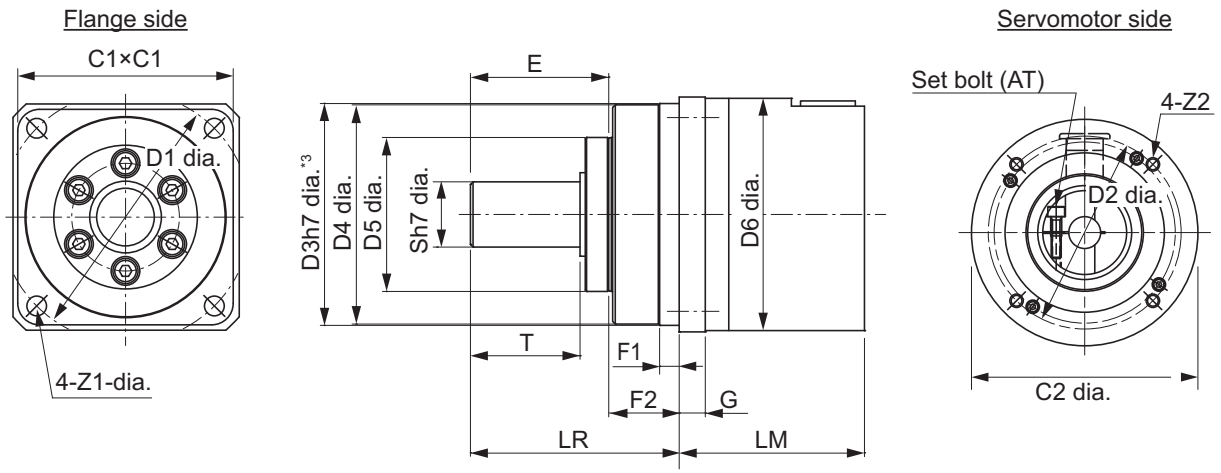
Note 5. The dimensional drawings in this document are for showing main dimensions only, and they do not give the details of the product shape.

- Outline Drawing 1



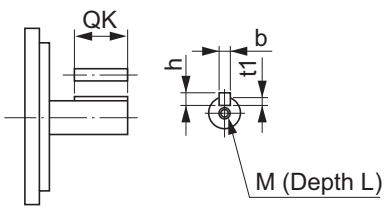
Key and tap dimensions

- Outline Drawing 2



Key and tap dimensions

*3. The tolerance is “h8” for R88G-HPG50□.



● For 3,000-r/min Servomotors (1 to 5 kW)

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Out-line dra win g	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*1	E	F1	F2
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	115	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	115	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	115	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	115	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	115	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	115	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	1	107	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A113K0B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	145	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	145	165	163	122	---	103	12	53

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Out-line dra win g	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*1	E	F1	F2
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B□	1	129	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	1	149	156	170	130 x 130	190	145	165	163	122	170	103	12	53
4.7 kW 5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0B□	1	149	156	170	130 x 130	190	145	165	163	122	170	103	12	53
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	1	149	156	170	130 x 130	190	145	165	163	122	170	103	12	53

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*2	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 10	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 10	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 10	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 10	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*2	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 10	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 10	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 18	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A113K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 16	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 16	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 25	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
4.7 kW 5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20

*1. D6 is the maximum diameter of the decelerator body between the flange side and Servomotor side. (Refer to the Outline Drawing) The value is given only when the diameter is larger than the diameters of these two sides. Take heed of this when you mount the decelerator to the machine.

*2. Indicates set bolt.

Note 1. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.

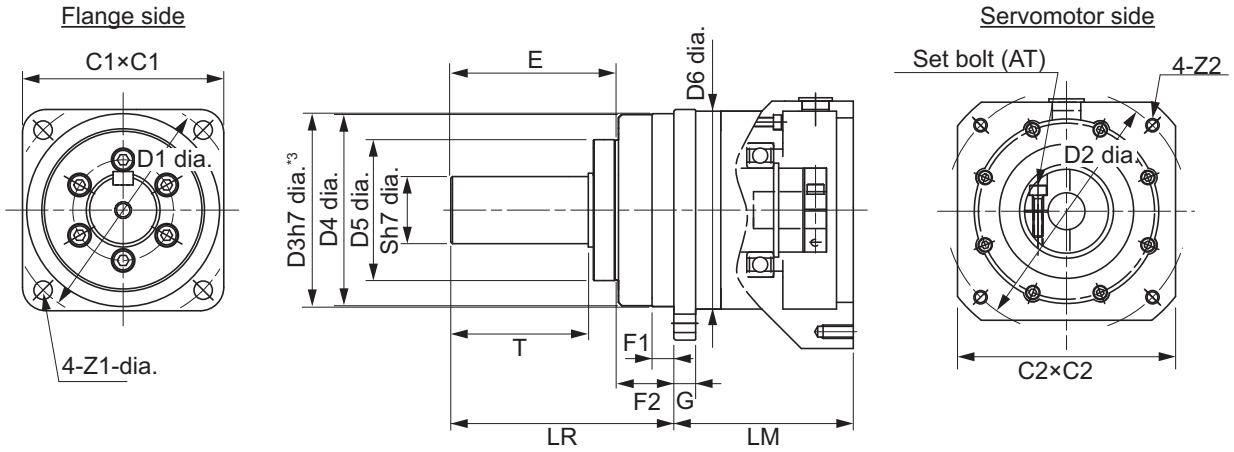
Note 2. A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at □ of the model number.
(Example: R88G-HPG32A052K0BJ)

Note 3. The diameter of the motor shaft insertion hole is the same as the shaft diameter of the corresponding Servomotor.

Note 4. You cannot use this type of Decelerator for the Servomotor with key.

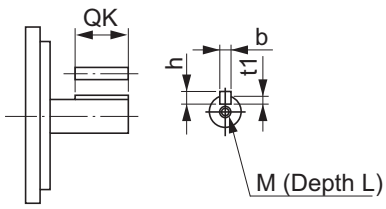
Note 5. The dimensional drawings in this document are for showing main dimensions only, and they do not give the details of the product shape.

- Outline Drawing 1

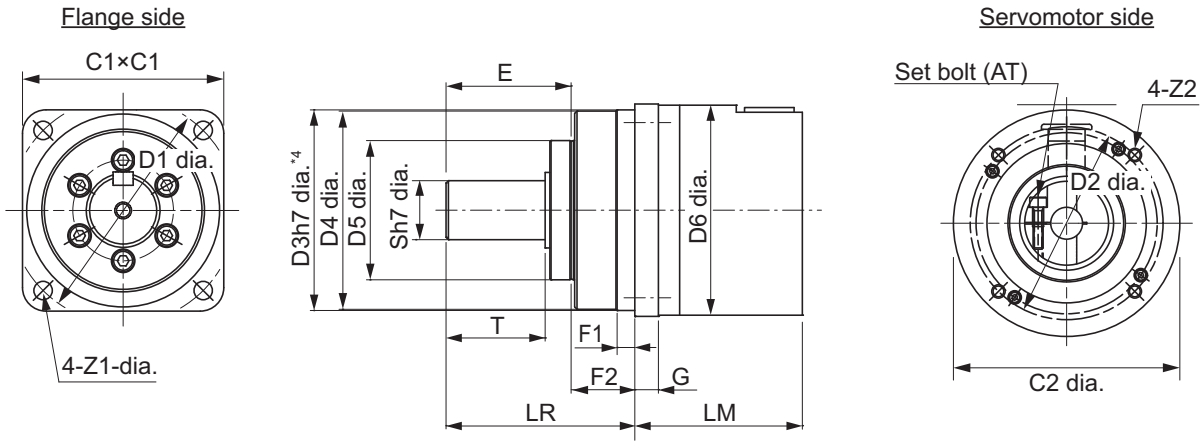


Key and tap dimensions

*3. The tolerance is “h8” for R88G-HPG50□.

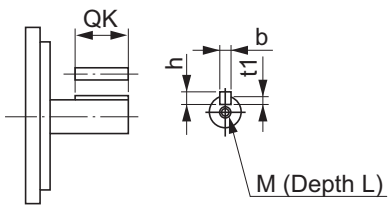


- Outline Drawing 2



Key and tap dimensions

*4. The tolerance is “h8” for R88G-HPG50□.



● For 2,000-r/min Servomotors (400 W to 1 kW)

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Out-line dra win g	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*1	E	F1	F2
400 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400SB□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
600 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	2	110	133	120	135 dia.	135	115	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	115	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	1	107	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	1	107	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K0SB□	1	107	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	145	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K0SB□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	145	165	163	122	---	103	12	53

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*2	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
400 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400SB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
600 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 10	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 10	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 18	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 18	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K0SB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 18	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 16	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 16	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20

*1. D6 is the maximum diameter of the decelerator body between the flange side and Servomotor side. (Refer to the Outline Drawing) The value is given only when the diameter is larger than the diameters of these two sides. Take heed of this when you mount the decelerator to the machine.

*2. Indicates set bolt.

Note 1. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.

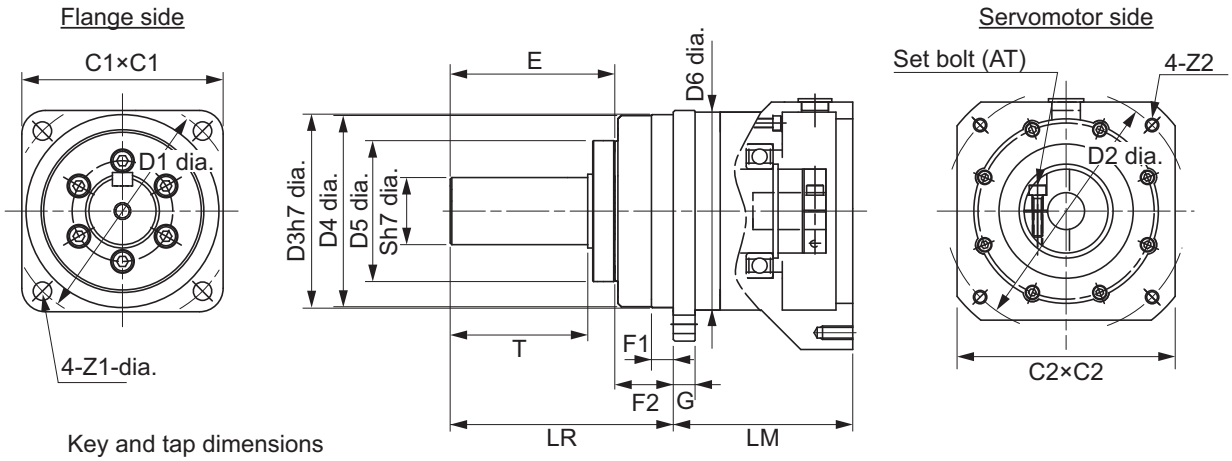
Note 2. A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at □ of the model number.
(Example: R88G-HPG32A052K0BJ)

Note 3. The diameter of the motor shaft insertion hole is the same as the shaft diameter of the corresponding Servomotor.

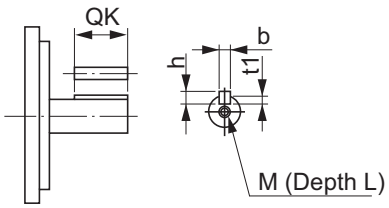
Note 4. You cannot use this type of Decelerator for the Servomotor with key.

Note 5. The dimensional drawings in this document are for showing main dimensions only, and they do not give the details of the product shape.

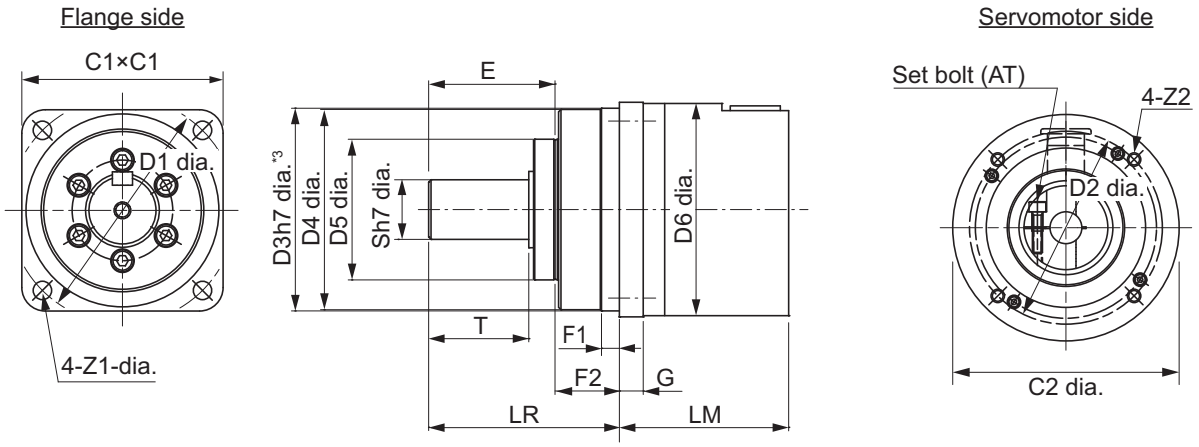
- Outline Drawing 1



Key and tap dimensions

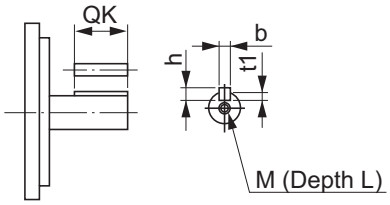


- Outline Drawing 2



Key and tap dimensions

*3. The tolerance is “h8” for R88G-HPG50□.



● For 2,000-r/min Servomotors (1.5 to 3 kW)

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Out-line dra win g	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*1	E	F1	F2
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	1	107	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	1	107	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	145	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	145	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	1	107	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	1	107	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	145	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	2	123	156	170	170 dia.	190	145	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B□	1	129	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	1	149	156	170	130 x 130	190	145	165	163	122	170	103	12	53
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0SB□	1	149	156	170	130 x 130	190	145	165	163	122	170	103	12	53
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A253K0SB□	1	231	222	230	130 x 130	260	145	220	214	168	220	165	12	57

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*2	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 18	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 18	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 16	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 16	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 18	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 18	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 16	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 16	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 25	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A253K0SB□	25	80	130	18	M8 × 25	M8	110	22	14	9	M16	35

*1. D6 is the maximum diameter of the decelerator body between the flange side and Servomotor side. (Refer to the Outline Drawing) The value is given only when the diameter is larger than the diameters of these two sides. Take heed of this when you mount the decelerator to the machine.

*2. Indicates set bolt.

Note 1. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.

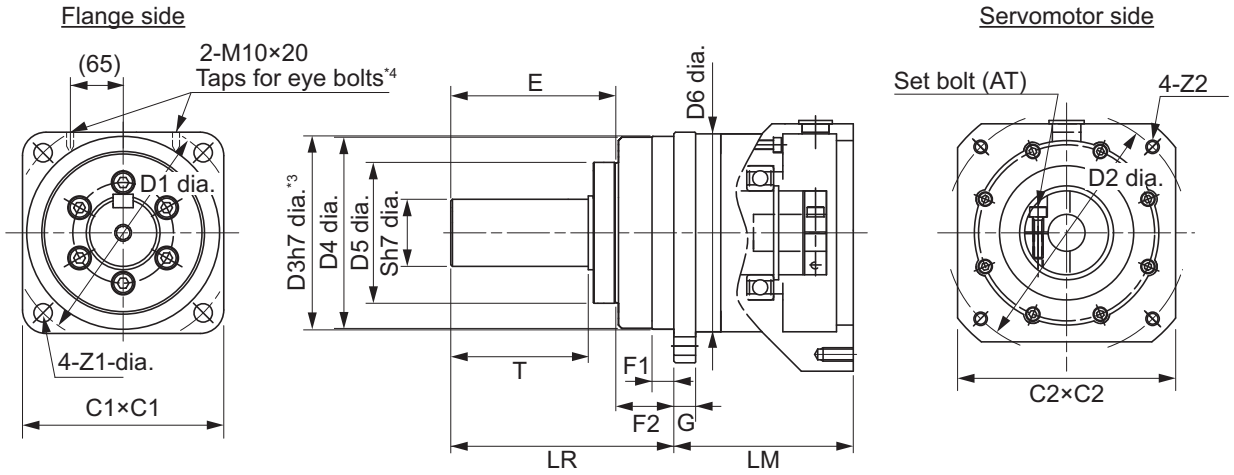
Note 2. A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at □ of the model number.
(Example: R88G-HPG32A053K0BJ)

Note 3. The diameter of the motor shaft insertion hole is the same as the shaft diameter of the corresponding Servomotor.

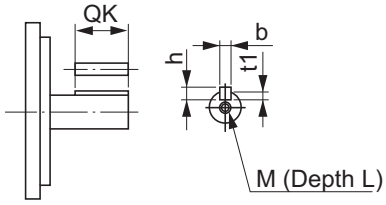
Note 4. You cannot use this type of Decelerator for the Servomotor with key.

Note 5. The dimensional drawings in this document are for showing main dimensions only, and they do not give the details of the product shape.

- Outline Drawing 1

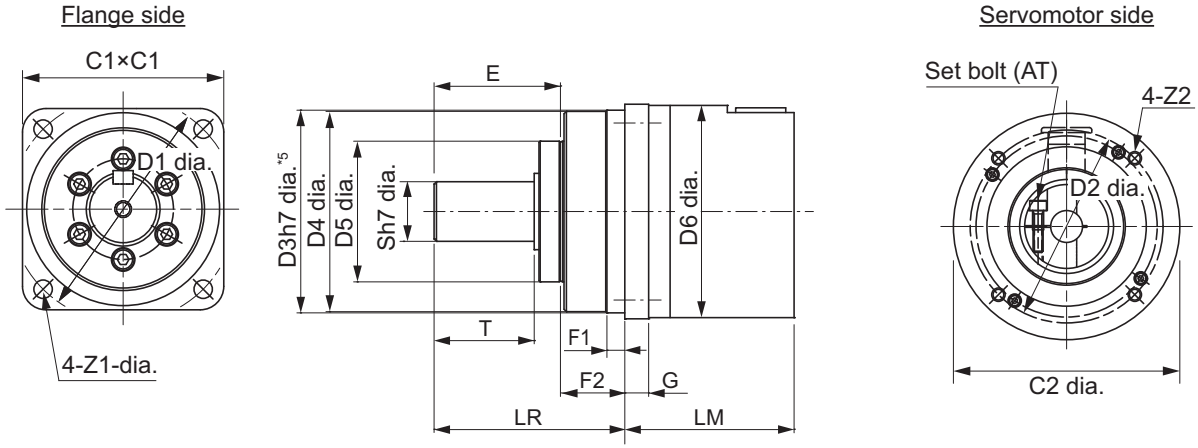


Key and tap dimensions

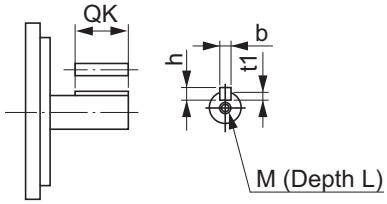


*3. The tolerance is “h8” for R88G-HPG50□ and R88G-HPG65□.
*4. The model R88G-HPG65□ has the taps for eye bolts.

- Outline Drawing 2



Key and tap dimensions



*5. The tolerance is “h8” for R88G-HPG50□.

● For 1,500-r/min Servomotors (4 kW to 5.5 kW)

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Out-line dra win g	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*1	E	F1	F2
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	1	149	156	170	180 x 180	190	200	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	1	149	156	170	180 x 180	190	200	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	1	231	222	230	180 x 180	260	200	220	214	168	220	165	12	57
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	1	231	222	230	180 x 180	260	200	220	214	168	220	165	12	57
5 kW 5.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A054K5TB□	1	149	156	170	180 x 180	190	200	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/12	R88G-HPG65A127K5SB□	1	254.5	222	230	180 x 180	260	200	220	214	168	220	165	12	57
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A204K5TB□	1	254.5	222	230	180 x 180	260	200	220	214	168	220	165	12	57

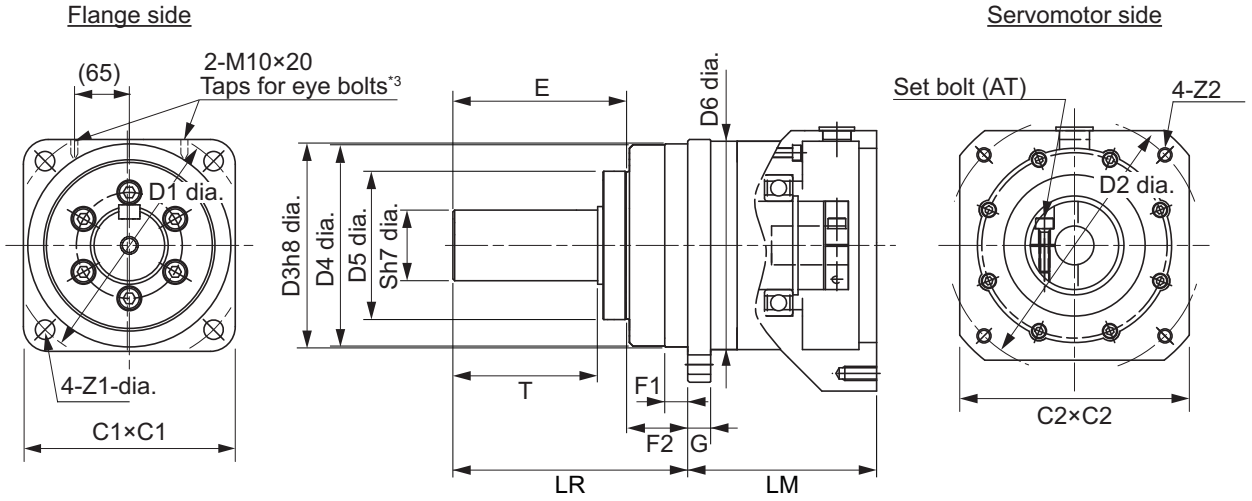
Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*2	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M12 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M12 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	25	80	130	18	M12 × 25	M8	110	22	14	9	M16	35
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	25	80	130	18	M12 × 25	M8	110	22	14	9	M16	35
5 kW 5.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A054K5TB□	16	50	82	14	M12 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/12	R88G-HPG65A127K5SB□	25	80	130	18	M12 × 25	M8	110	22	14	9	M16	35
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A204K5TB□	25	80	130	18	M12 × 25	M8	110	22	14	9	M16	35

*1. D6 is the maximum diameter of the decelerator body between the flange side and Servomotor side. (Refer to the Outline Drawing) The value is given only when the diameter is larger than the diameters of these two sides. Take heed of this when you mount the decelerator to the machine.

*2. Indicates set bolt.

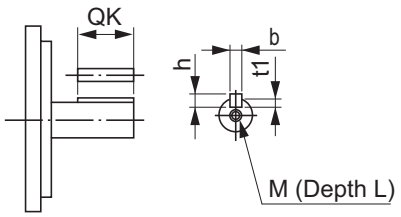
Note 1. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.
Note 2. A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at ☐ of the model number.
(Example: R88G-HPG50A055K0SBJ)
Note 3. The diameter of the motor shaft insertion hole is the same as the shaft diameter of the corresponding Servomotor.
Note 4. You cannot use this type of Decelerator for the Servomotor with key.
Note 5. The dimensional drawings in this document are for showing main dimensions only, and they do not give the details of the product shape.

- Outline Drawing 1



Key and tap dimensions

*3. The model R88G-HPG65☐ has the taps for eye bolts.



● For 1,000-r/min Servomotors (900 W to 3 kW)

Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio	Model	Outline drawing	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*1	E	F1	F2
900 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A05900TB☐	1	129	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A11900TB☐	1	129	133	120	130 x 130	135	145	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A21900TB☐	1	149	156	170	130 x 130	190	145	165	163	122	170	103	12	53
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A33900TB☐	1	149	156	170	130 x 130	190	145	165	163	122	170	103	12	53

Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio	Model	Outline drawing	Dimensions [mm]												
				LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6*1	E	F1	F2
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0TB□	1	129	133	120	180 x 180	135	200	115	114	84	---	98	12.5	35
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A112K0TB□	1	149	156	170	180 x 180	190	200	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0TB□	1	149	156	170	180 x 180	190	200	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	1	231	222	230	180 x 180	260	200	220	214	168	220	165	12	57
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	1	149	156	170	180 x 180	190	200	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	1	149	156	170	180 x 180	190	200	165	163	122	---	103	12	53
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	1	231	222	230	180 x 180	260	200	220	214	168	220	165	12	57
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	1	231	222	230	180 x 180	260	200	220	214	168	220	165	12	57

Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*2	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
900 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A05900TB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 25	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A11900TB□	13	40	82	11	M8 × 25	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A21900TB□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A33900TB□	16	50	82	14	M8 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Dimensions [mm]											
			G	S	T	Z1	Z2	AT*2	Key				Tap	
									QK	b	h	t1	M	L
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0TB□	13	40	82	11	M12 × 25	M6	70	12	8	5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A112K0TB□	16	50	82	14	M12 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0TB□	16	50	82	14	M12 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	25	80	130	18	M12 × 25	M8	110	22	14	9	M16	35
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M12 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	16	50	82	14	M12 × 25	M6	70	14	9	5.5	M10	20
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	25	80	130	18	M12 × 25	M8	110	22	14	9	M16	35
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	25	80	130	18	M12 × 25	M8	110	22	14	9	M16	35

*1. D6 is the maximum diameter of the decelerator body between the flange side and Servomotor side. (Refer to the Outline Drawing) The value is given only when the diameter is larger than the diameters of these two sides. Take heed of this when you mount the decelerator to the machine.

*2. Indicates set bolt.

Note 1. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.

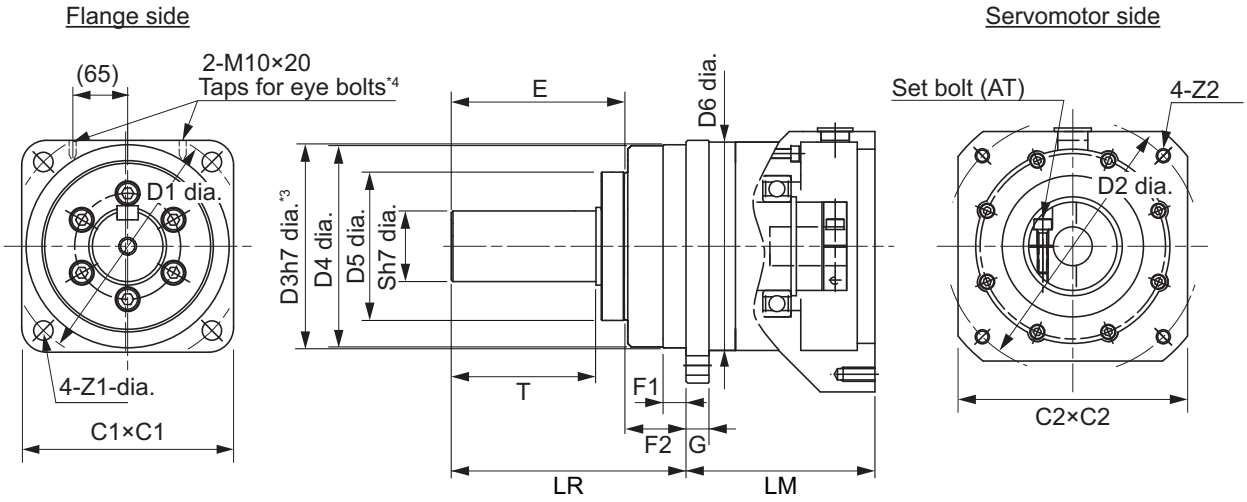
Note 2. A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at □ of the model number.
(Example: R88G-HPG32A05900TBJ)

Note 3. The diameter of the motor shaft insertion hole is the same as the shaft diameter of the corresponding Servomotor.

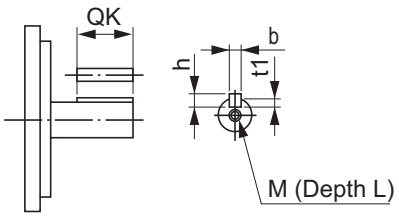
Note 4. You cannot use this type of Decelerator for the Servomotor with key.

Note 5. The dimensional drawings in this document are for showing main dimensions only, and they do not give the details of the product shape.

- Outline Drawing 1



Key and tap dimensions



*3. The tolerance is “h8” for R88G-HPG50□ and R88G-HPG65□.
*4. The model R88G-HPG65□ has the taps for eye bolts.

Backlash: 15 Arcminutes Max.

● For 3,000-r/min Servomotors

Model numbers			Dimensions [mm]										
			LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	F	G	S	T
50 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	67.5	32	40	52	46	60	50	3	6	12	20
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	67.5	32	40	52	46	60	50	3	6	12	20
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	78.0	32	40	52	46	60	50	3	6	12	20
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	78.0	32	40	52	46	60	50	3	6	12	20
100 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	67.5	32	40	52	46	60	50	3	6	12	20
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	67.5	32	40	52	46	60	50	3	6	12	20
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	78.0	32	40	52	46	60	50	3	6	12	20
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	78.0	32	40	52	46	60	50	3	6	12	20
200 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B200CJ	72.5	32	60	52	70	60	50	3	10	12	20
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C200CJ	89.5	50	60	78	70	90	70	3	8	19	30
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C200CJ	100.0	50	60	78	70	90	70	3	8	19	30
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C200CJ	100.0	50	60	78	70	90	70	3	8	19	30

Model numbers			Dimensions [mm]										
			LM	LR	C1	C2	D1	D2	D3	F	G	S	T
400 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C400CJ	89.5	50	60	78	70	90	70	3	8	19	30
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C400CJ	89.5	50	60	78	70	90	70	3	8	19	30
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C400CJ	100.0	50	60	78	70	90	70	3	8	19	30
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C400CJ	100.0	50	60	78	70	90	70	3	8	19	30
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C750CJ	93.5	50	80	78	90	90	70	3	10	19	30
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09D750CJ	97.5	61	80	98	90	115	90	5	10	24	40
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15D750CJ	110.0	61	80	98	90	115	90	5	10	24	40
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25D750CJ	110.0	61	80	98	90	115	90	5	10	24	40

Model			Dimensions [mm]									
			Z1	Z2	AT*1	L	Key				Tap	
							QK	b	h	t1	m	l
50 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
100 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
200 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B200CJ	M4	M5	M4	12	16	4	4	2.5	M5	10
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C200CJ	M4	M6	M5	20	22	6	6	3.5	M6	12
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C200CJ	M4	M6	M5	20	22	6	6	3.5	M6	12
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C200CJ	M4	M6	M5	20	22	6	6	3.5	M6	12
400 W	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C400CJ	M4	M6	M5	20	22	6	6	3.5	M6	12
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C400CJ	M4	M6	M5	20	22	6	6	3.5	M6	12
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C400CJ	M4	M6	M5	20	22	6	6	3.5	M6	12
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C400CJ	M4	M6	M5	20	22	6	6	3.5	M6	12
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C750CJ	M5	M6	M6	20	22	6	6	3.5	M6	12
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09D750CJ	M5	M8	M6	20	30	8	7	4	M8	16
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15D750CJ	M5	M8	M6	20	30	8	7	4	M8	16
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25D750CJ	M5	M8	M6	20	30	8	7	4	M8	16

*1. Indicates set bolt.

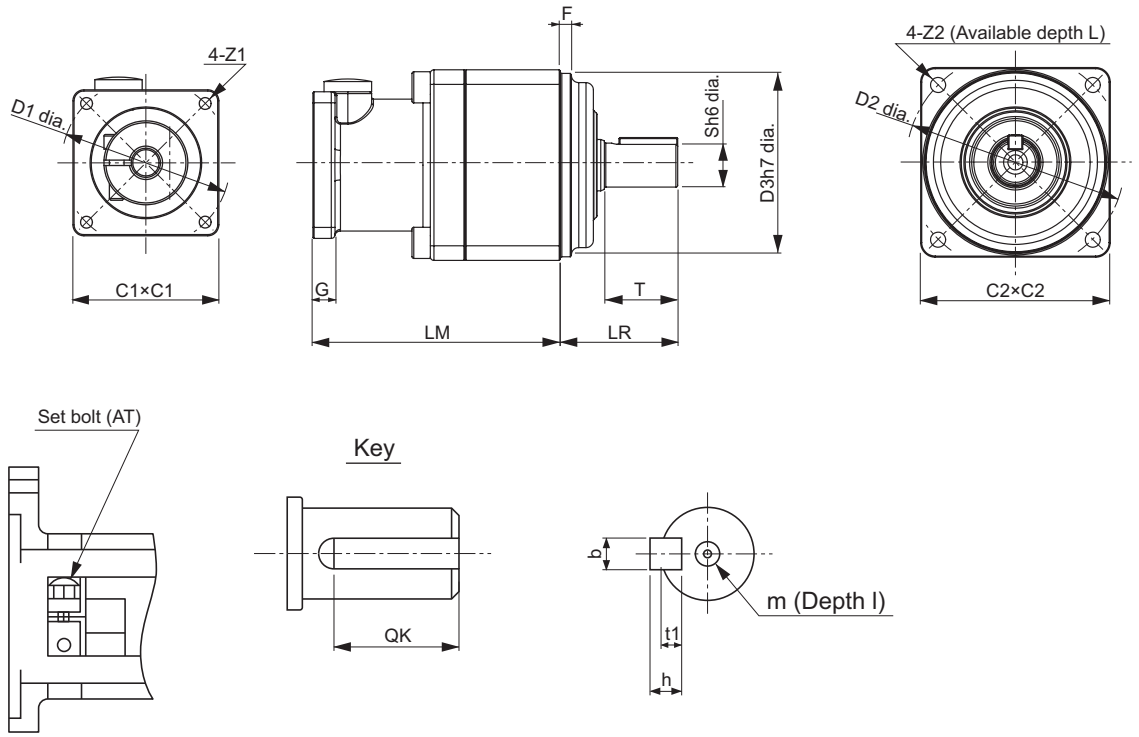
Note 1. The standard shaft type is a shaft with key and tap.

Note 2. The diameter of the motor shaft insertion hole is the same as the shaft diameter of the corresponding Servomotor.

Note 3. You cannot use this type of Decelerator for the Servomotor with key.

Note 4. The dimensional drawings in this document are for showing main dimensions only, and they do not give the details of the product shape.

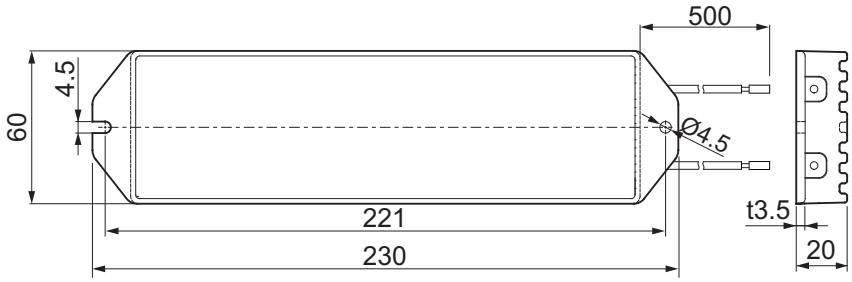
- Outline drawing



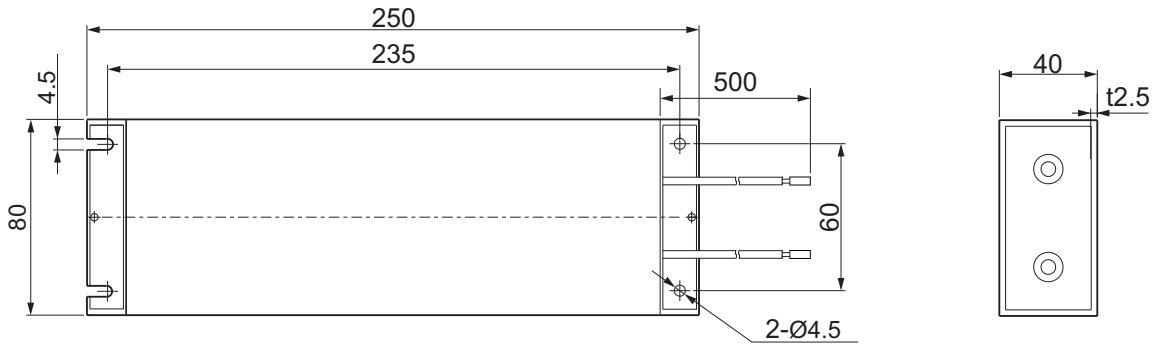
2-4-6 Dimensions of External Regeneration Resistors and External Regeneration Resistance Units

The following are the dimensions of External Regeneration Resistors and External Regeneration Resistance Units.

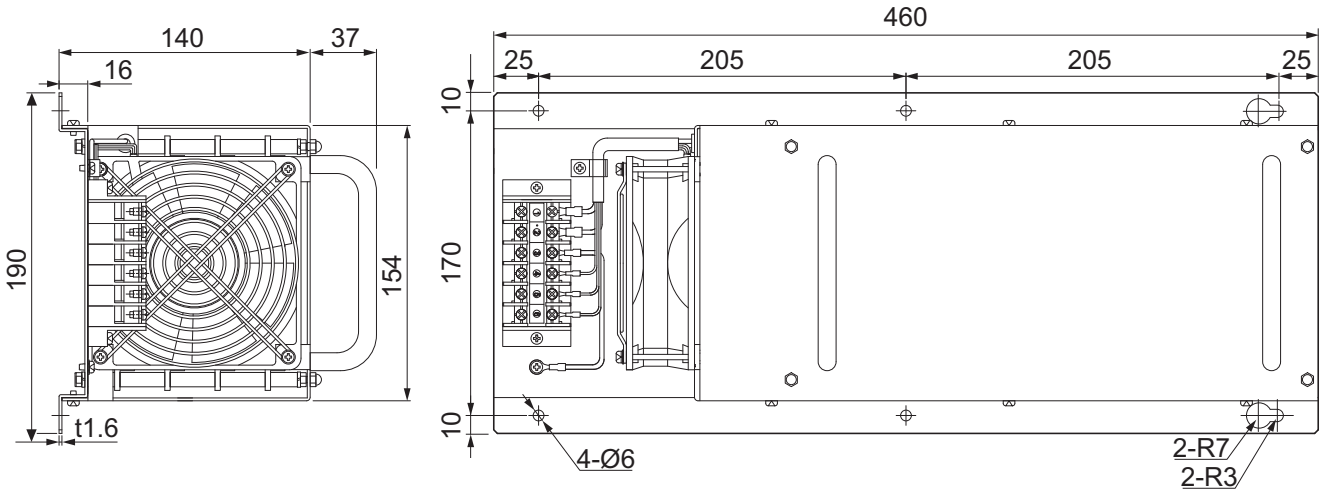
R88A-RR120□□



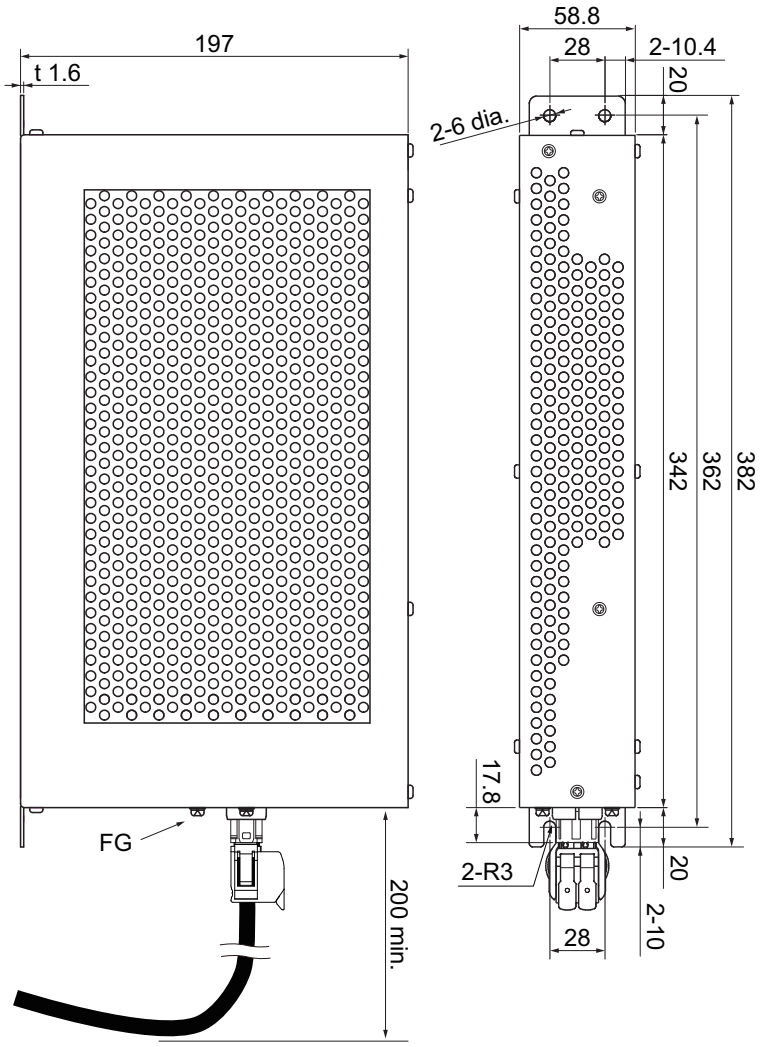
R88A-RR300□□



R88A-RR1K6□□



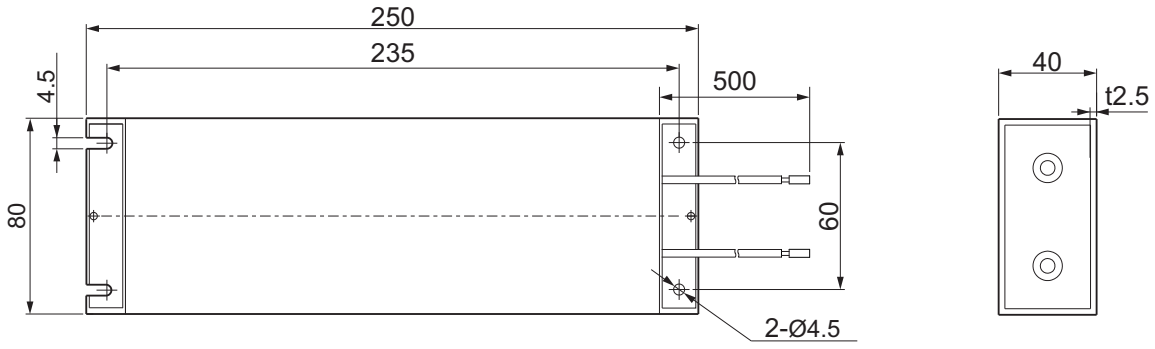
R88A-RR550□□



2-4-7 Dimensions of External Dynamic Brake Resistors

The following are the dimensions of External Dynamic Brake Resistors.

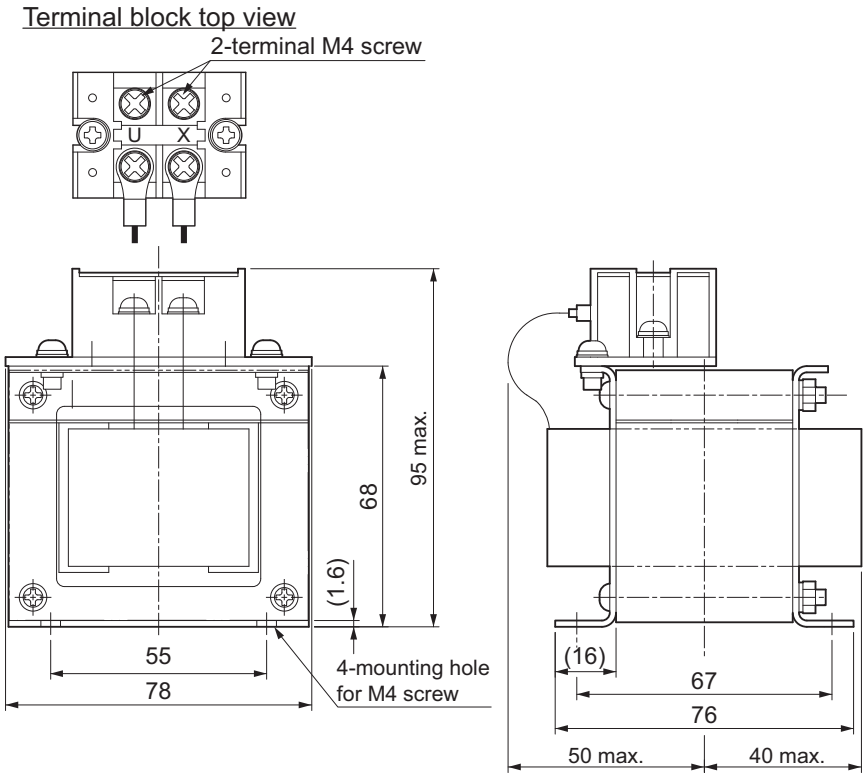
R88A-DBR300□□



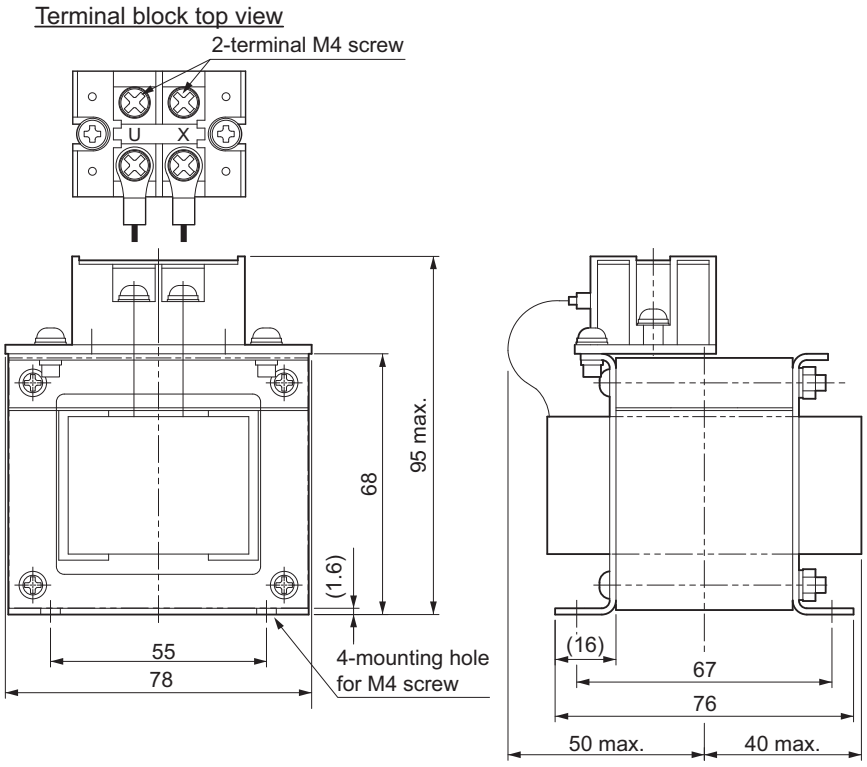
2-4-8 Reactor Dimensions

The following are the dimensions of Reactors.

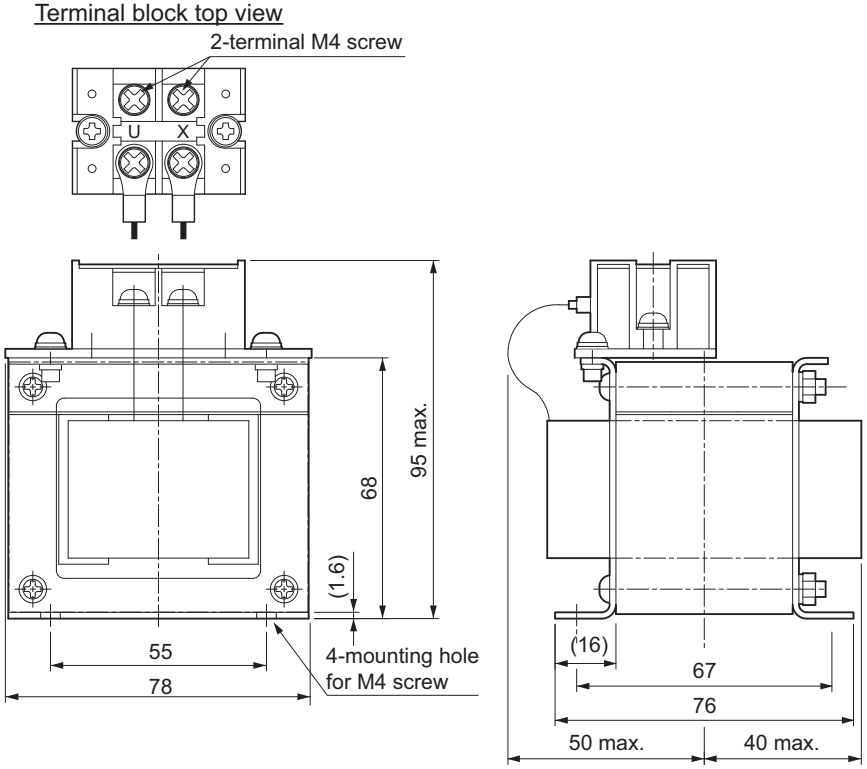
R88A-PD2002



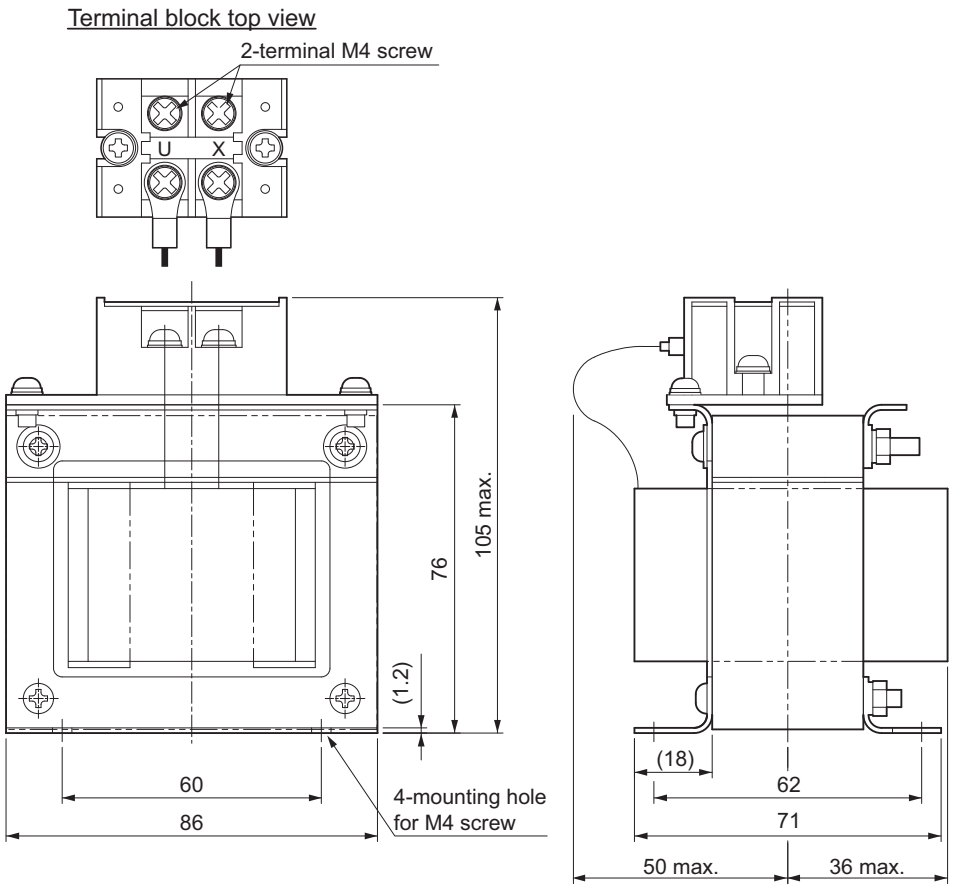
R88A-PD2004



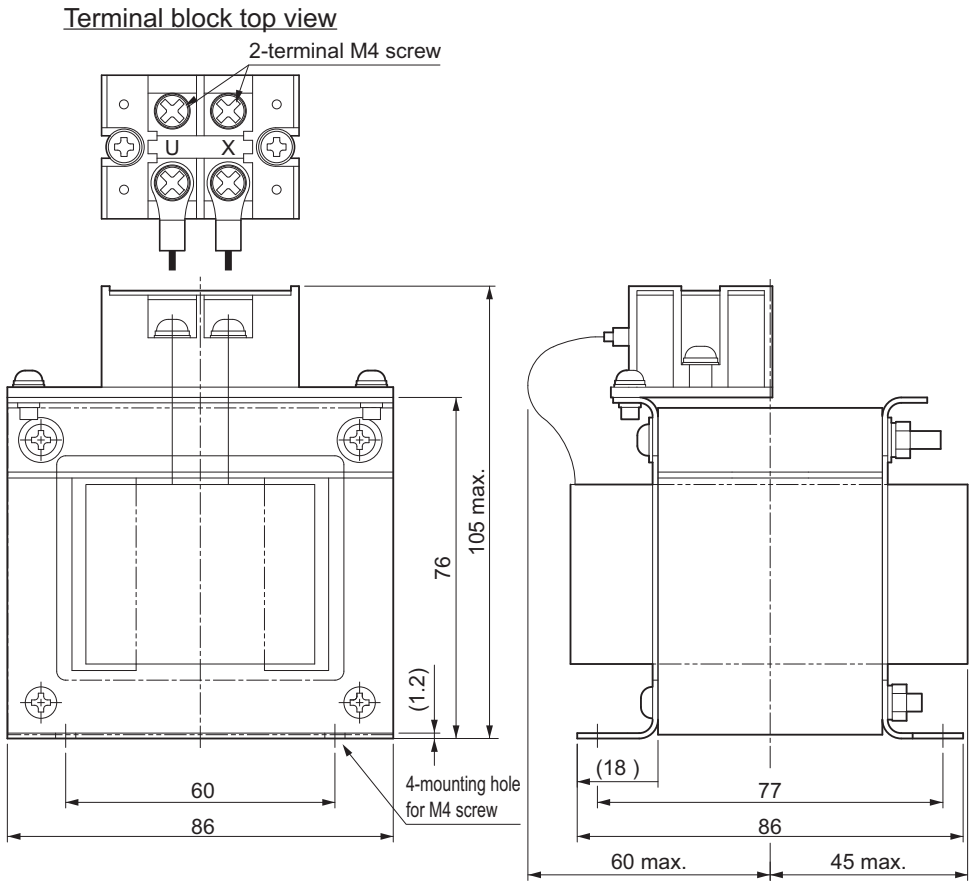
R88A-PD2007



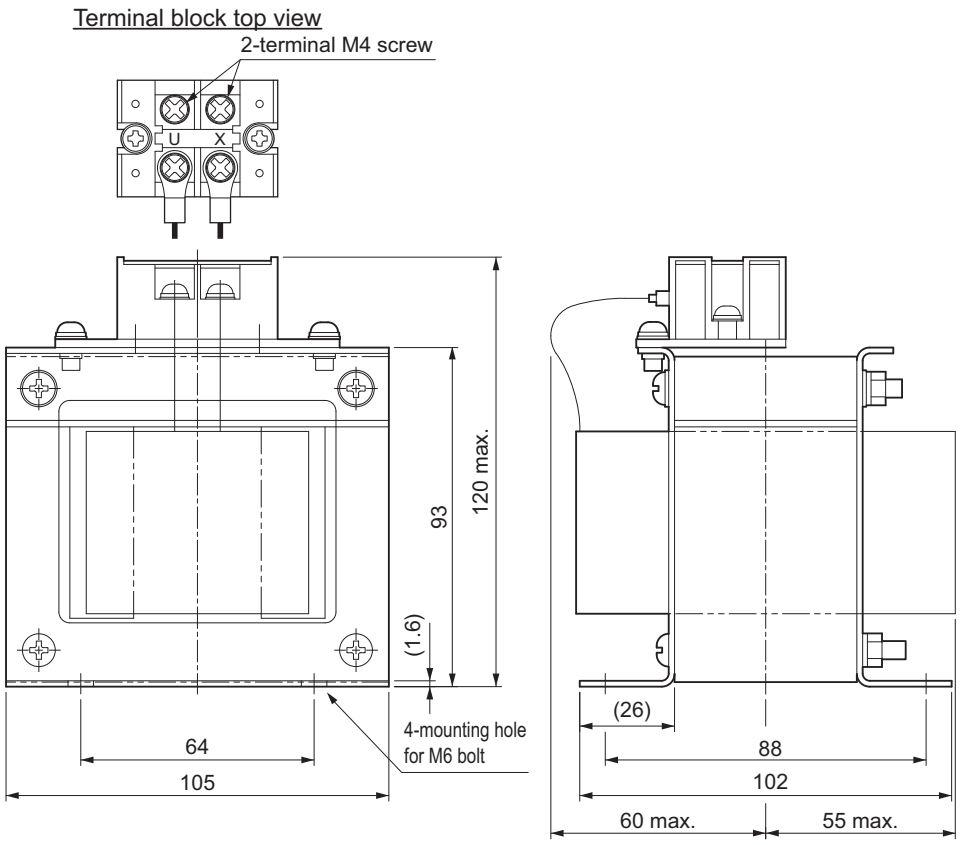
R88A-PD2015


Terminal block top view
2-terminal M4 screw
U
X
105 max.
76
(1.2)
60
86
4-mounting hole
for M4 screw
(18)
62
71
50 max.
36 max.

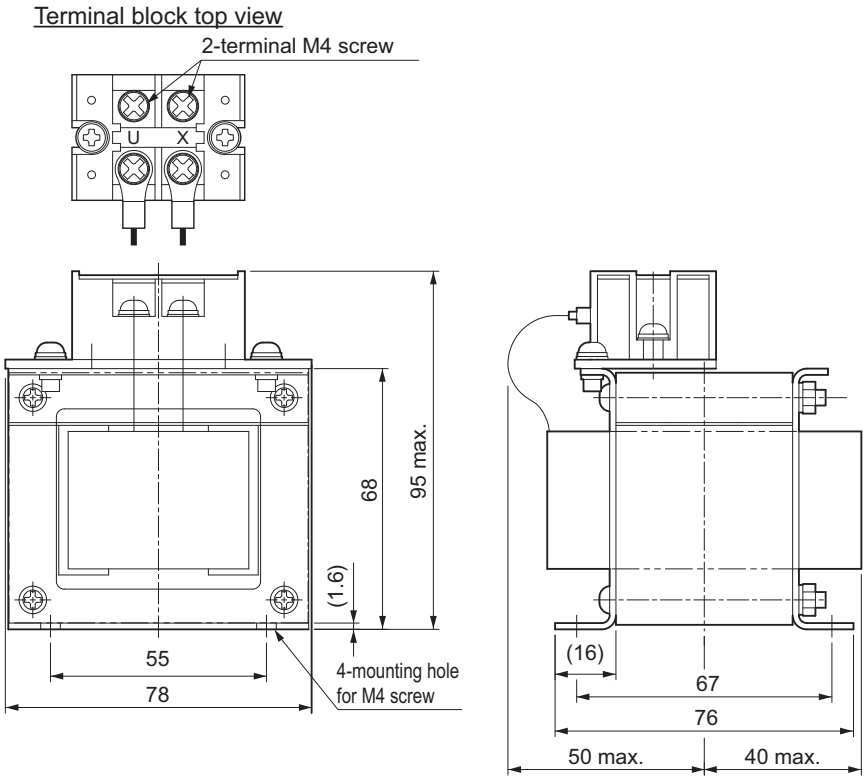
R88A-PD2022


Terminal block top view
2-terminal M4 screw
U
X
105 max.
76
(1.2)
60
86
4-mounting hole
for M4 screw
(18)
77
86
60 max.
45 max.

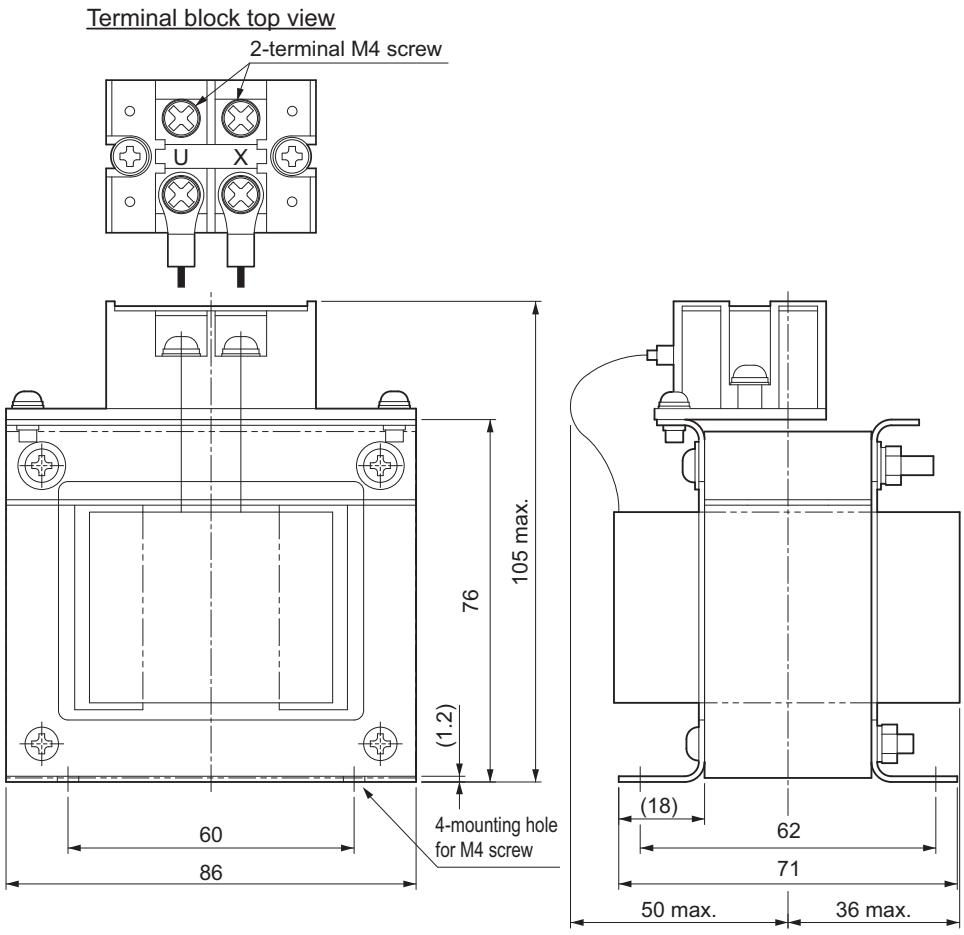
R88A-PD2037


Terminal block top view
2-terminal M4 screw
U
X
120 max.
93
(1.6)
4-mounting hole
for M6 bolt
64
105
(26)
88
102
60 max.
55 max.

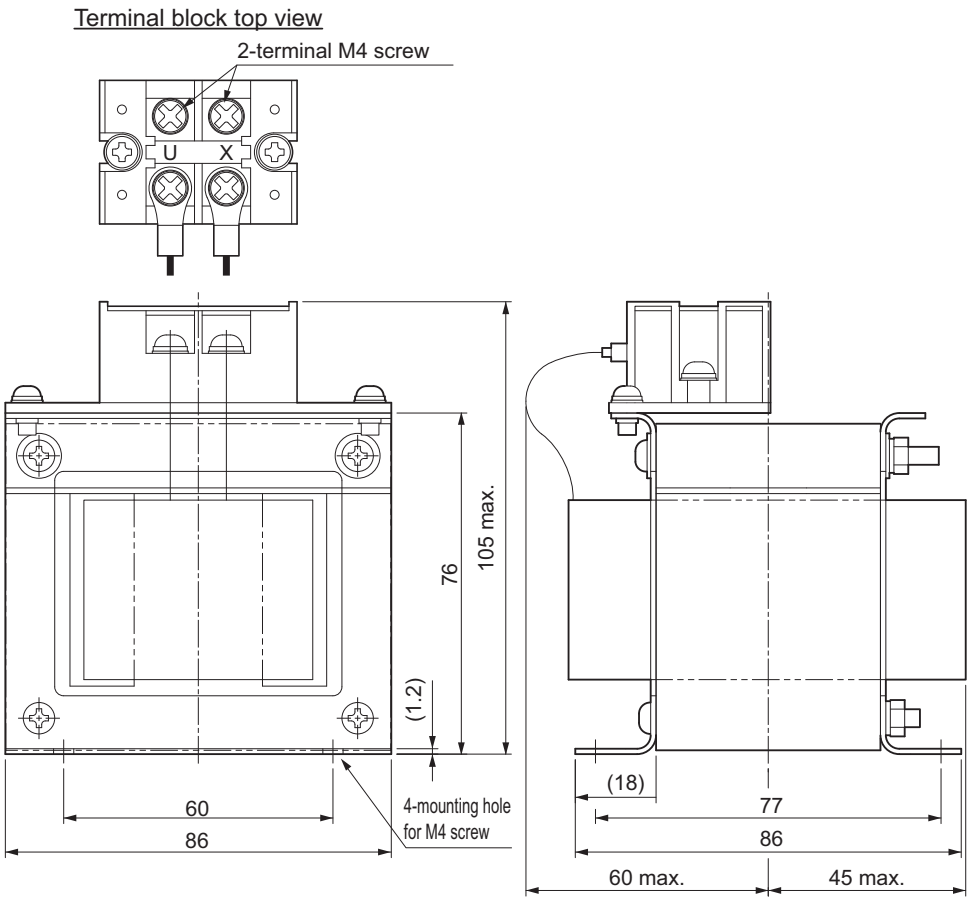
R88A-PD4007


Terminal block top view
2-terminal M4 screw
U
X
95 max.
68
(1.6)
55
78
4-mounting hole
for M4 screw
(16)
67
76
50 max.
40 max.

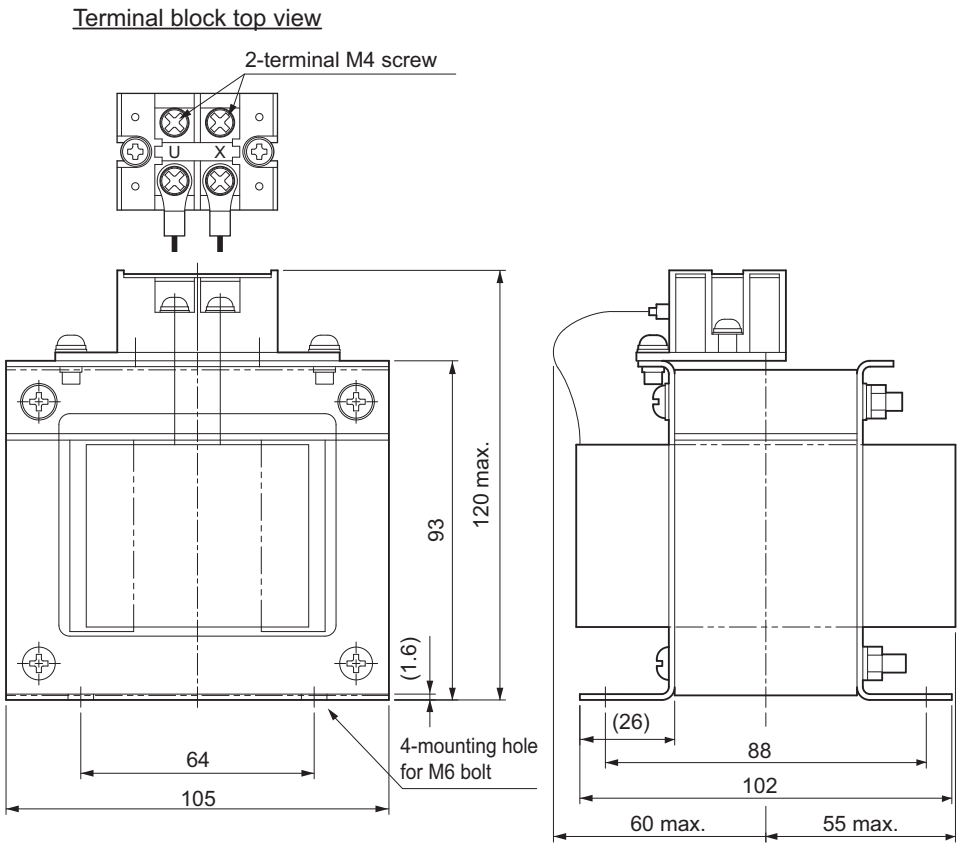
R88A-PD4015


Terminal block top view
2-terminal M4 screw
U
X
105 max.
76
(1.2)
60
86
4-mounting hole
for M4 screw
(18)
62
71
50 max.
36 max.

R88A-PD4022


Terminal block top view
2-terminal M4 screw
U
X
105 max.
76
(1.2)
60
86
4-mounting hole
for M4 screw
(18)
77
86
60 max.
45 max.

R88A-PD4037

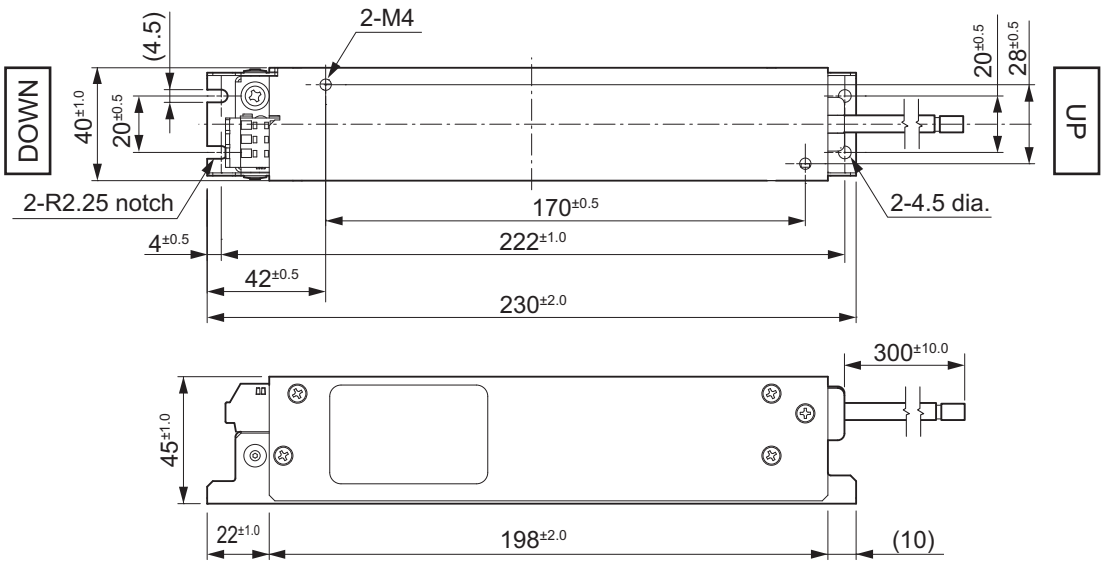


2-4-9 Noise Filter Dimensions

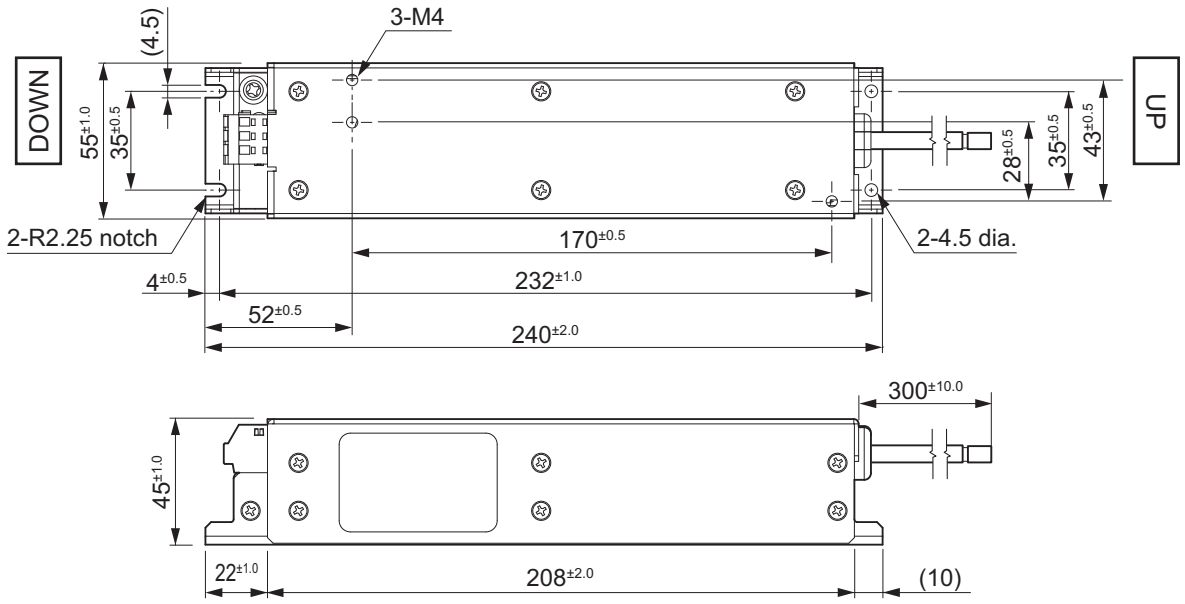
Footprint-type Noise Filters

The following are the dimensions of Footprint-type Noise Filters.

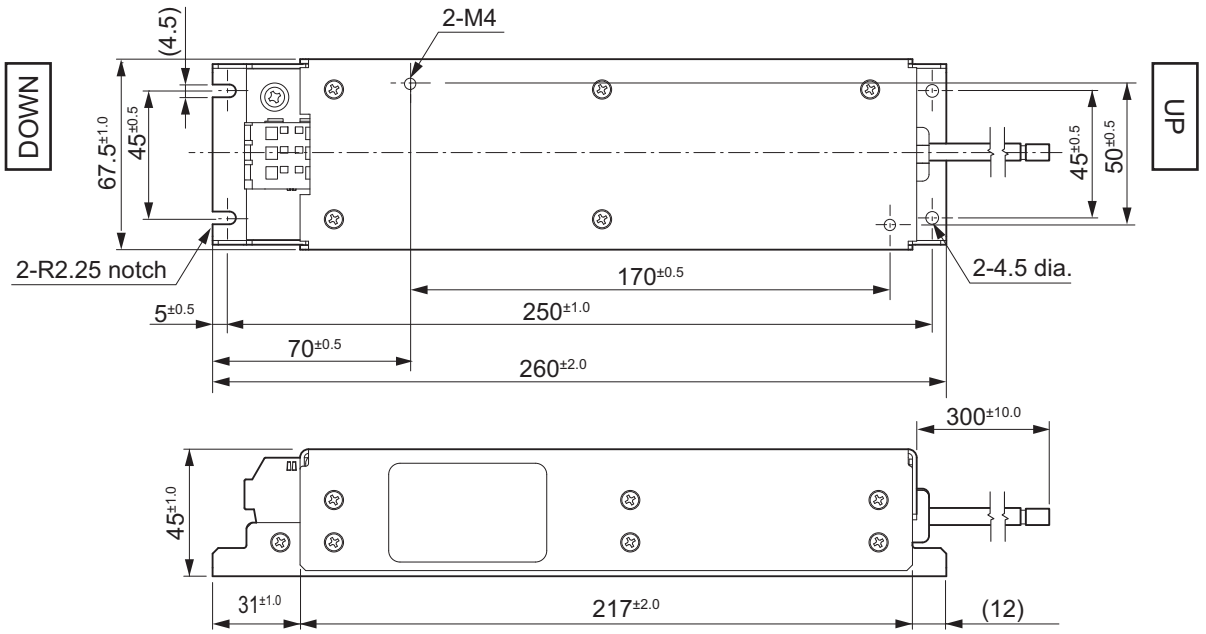
● R88A-FI1S103/ -FI1S202



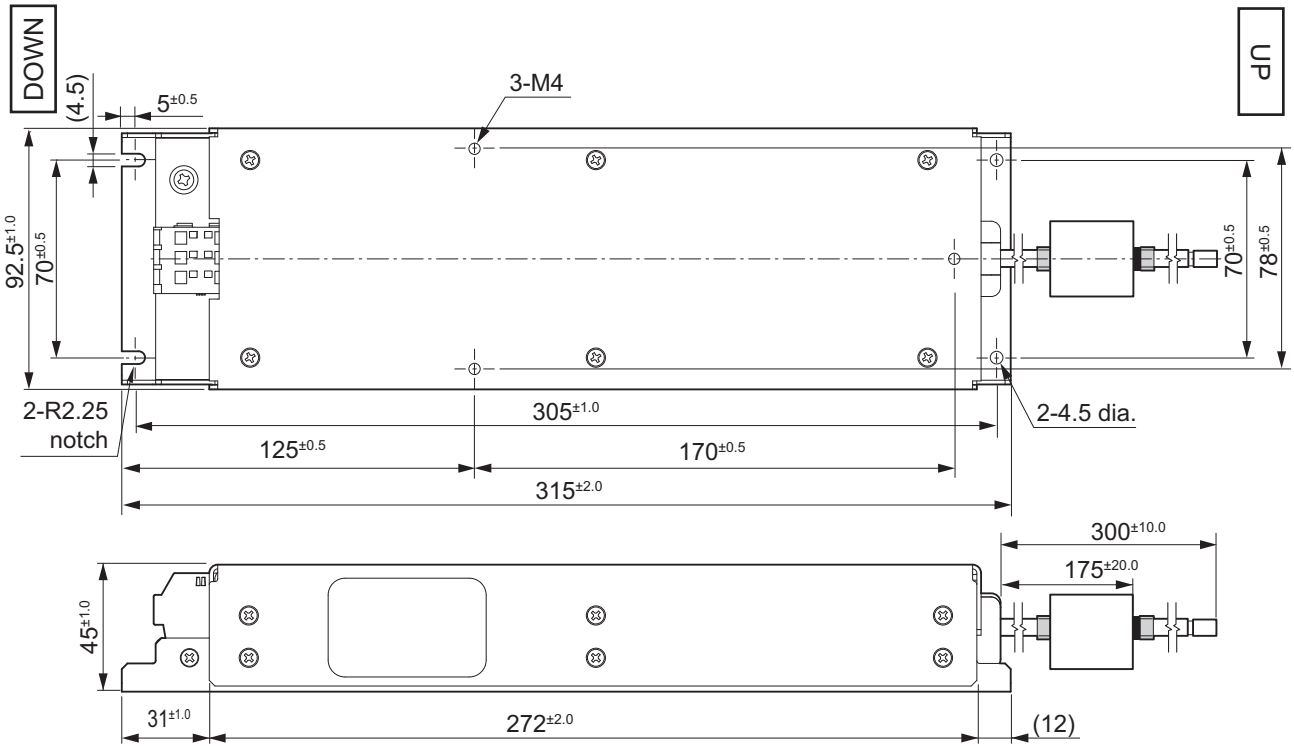
● R88A-FI1S105/ -FI1S203



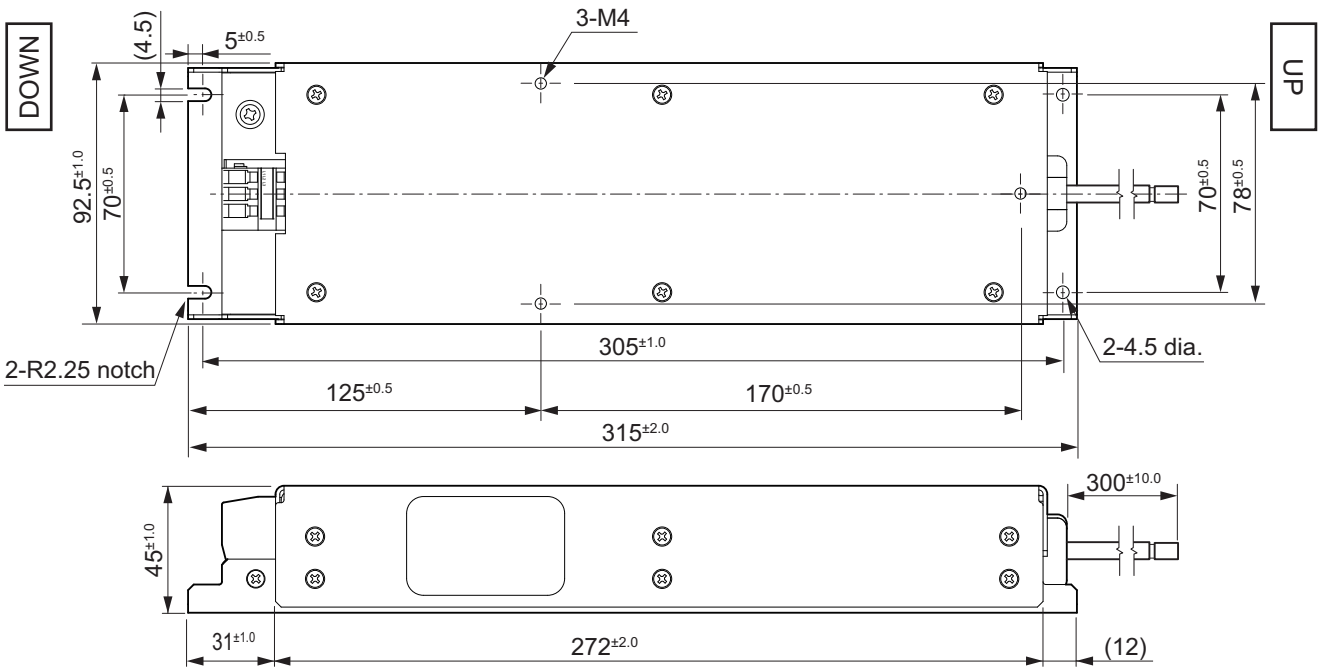
● R88A-FI1S109/-FI1S208



● R88A-FI1S116/-FI1S216



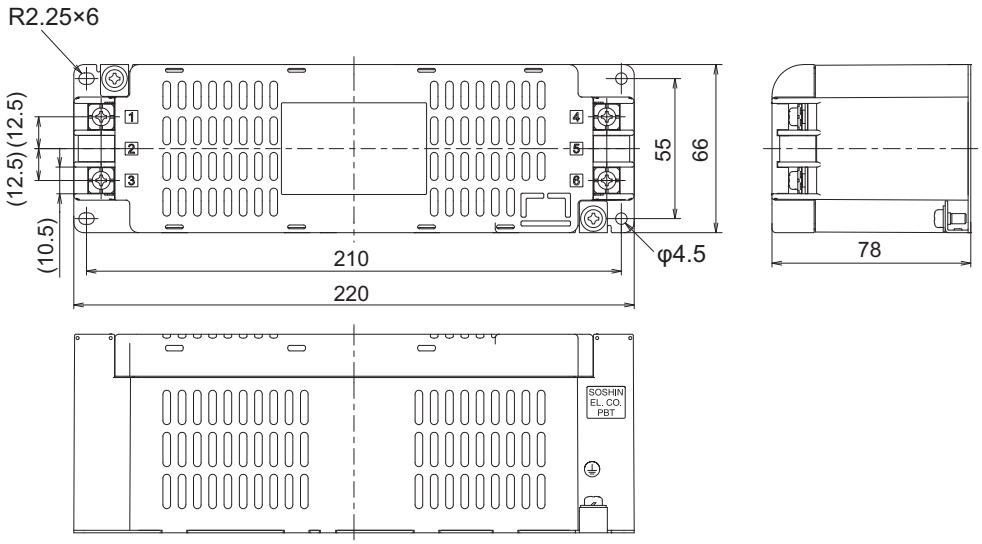
● **R88A-FI1S309**



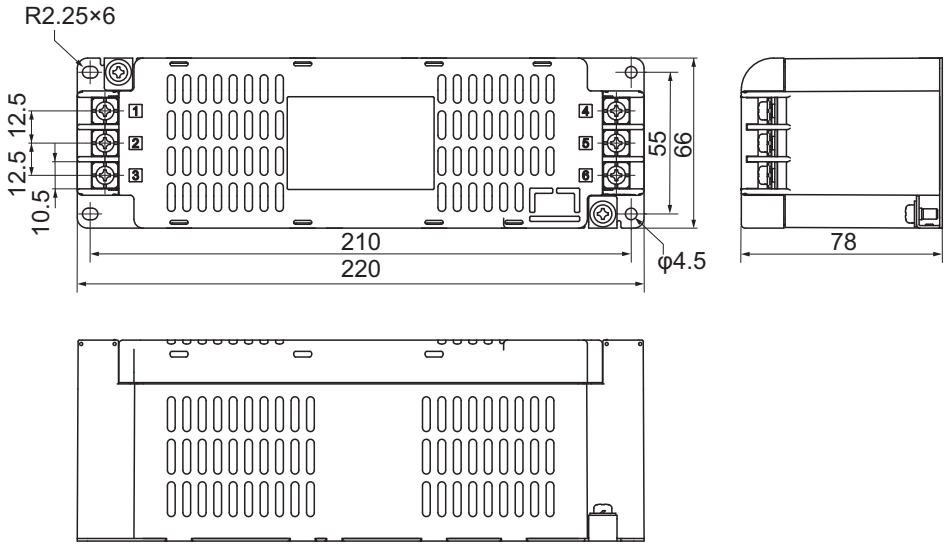
Book-type Noise Filter

The following are the dimensions of Book-type Noise Filters.

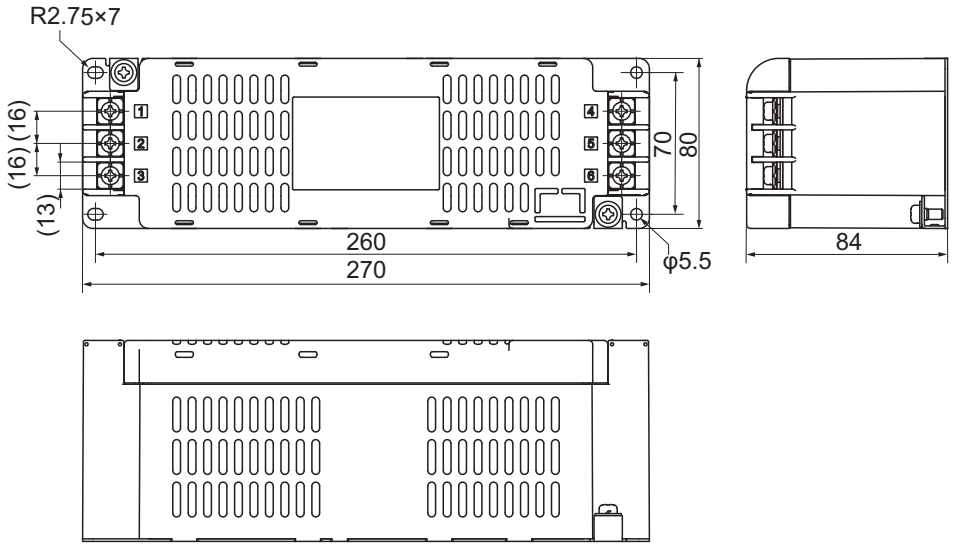
● **HF2020A-SZC-33DDD**



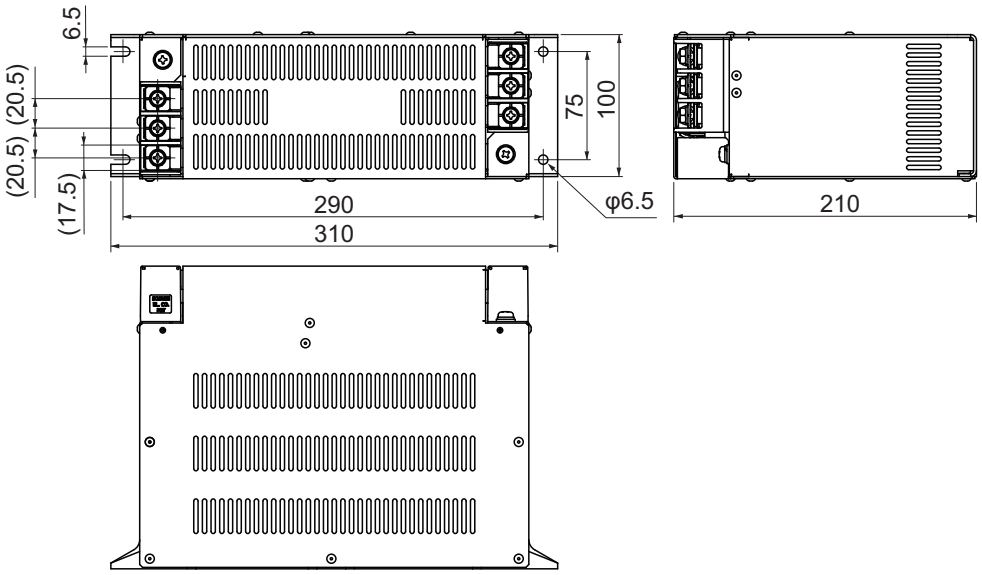
● HF3020C-SZC/HF3020C-SZC-33DDD/HF3020C-SZL



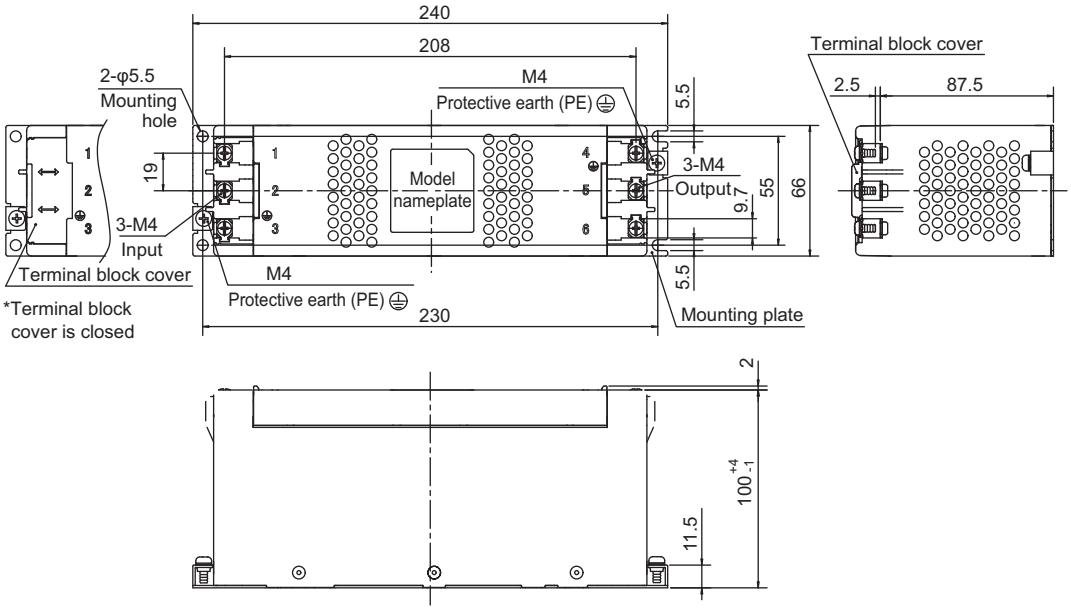
● HF3040C-SZA-33EDD/HF3040C-SZA-47DDD/HF3050C-SZB-33EDD



● HF3080C-SZC-33EDE/HF3080C-SZC-47EDE/HF3100C-SZC-33EDE



● FSB-30-254-HU



3

Specifications

This section provides the general specifications, characteristics, connector specifications, and I/O circuits of the Servo Drives as well as the general specifications, characteristics, encoder specifications of the Servomotors and other peripheral devices.

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3-1 Servo Drive Specifications

Select a Servo Drive that matches the Servomotor to be used. Refer to *2-3-3 Servo Drive and Servomotor Combination Tables* on page 2-16.

3-1-1 General Specifications

The specifications of the Servo Drives are shown below.

Item			Specifications
Operating ambient temperature and humidity			0 to 55°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)
Storage ambient temperature and humidity			-20 to 65°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)
Operating and storage atmosphere			No corrosive gases
Operating altitude			1,000 m max.
Vibration resistance			10 to 60 Hz and at an acceleration of 5.88 m/s^2 or less (Not to be run continuously at the resonance frequency)
Insulation resistance			Between power supply terminals/power terminals and PE terminals: 0.5 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)
Dielectric strength			Between power supply terminals/power terminals and PE terminals: 1,500 VAC for 1 min (at 50/60 Hz)
Protective structure			IP20 (Built into IP54 panel)
International standard*1	EU Directives	EMC Directive	EN 61800-3 second environment, C3 category
		Low Voltage Directive	EN 61800-5-1
		Machinery Directive	EN ISO 13849-1 (Cat.3), EN 61508, EN 62061, EN 61800-5-2
	UL standards		UL 61800-5-1
	CSA standards		CSA C22.2 No. 274
	Korean Radio Regulations (KC)		Compliant
	Australian EMC Labeling Requirements (RCM)		Compliant
	SEMI standards		Can conform to the standard for momentary power interruptions (for no-load operation).
	Ship standards (NK/LR)		Not compliant

*1. For the most recent applicable standards for each model, check the OMRON website (http://www.fa.omron.co.jp/ or http://www.ia.omron.com/) or contact your OMRON sales representative.

Note The above items reflect individual evaluation testing. The results may differ under compound conditions.

The detail of Machinery Directive is as follows:
The STO function via safety input signals: EN ISO 13849-1 (Cat.3 PLe), EN 61508, EN 62061, EN 61800-5-2 (SIL3)
The safety function via FSoE communications: EN ISO 13849-1 (Cat.3 PLd), EN 61508 (SIL2), EN 62061 (SIL2), EN 61800-5-2

Precautions for Correct Use

Disconnect all connections to the Servo Drive before attempting a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) on a Servo Drive. Not doing so may result in the Servo Drive failure. Do not perform a dielectric strength test on the Servo Drive. Internal elements may be damaged.

3-1-2 Characteristics

The characteristics of the Servo Drives are shown below.

100-VAC Input Models

Servo Drive model (R88D-)			1SN01L-ECT-51	1SN02L-ECT-51	1SN04L-ECT-51
Item			100 W	200 W	400 W
Input	Main circuit	Power supply voltage	Single-phase 100 to 120 VAC (85 to 132 V) *1		
		Frequency	50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)*1		
	Control circuit	Power supply voltage	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)		
		Current consumption*2	600 mA		
	Rated current [A (rms)] (Main circuit power supply voltage: 120 VAC)	Single-phase	2.9	4.9	8.4
		3-phase	---	---	---
Output	Rated current [A (rms)]		1.5	2.5	4.8
	Maximum current [A (rms)]		4.7	8.4	14.7
Heating value [W]		Main circuit*3	14.8	23.4	33.1
		Control circuit	11	11	13.2
Applicable Servomotor rated output [W]			100	200	400
3,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1M05030S 1M10030S	1M20030S	1M40030S
Hold time at momentary power interruption (Main circuit power supply voltage: 100 VAC)			10 ms (Load condition: rated output)*4		
SCCR [A (rms)]		EU Directives	5,000		
		UL/cUL Standards	50,000		
Weight [kg]			1.2	1.5	1.9

*1. The values outside parentheses indicate the rated value, and the values inside parentheses indicate the range of acceptable variation.

*2. Select a DC power supply in consideration of the current values that are specified in the current consumption.
The rated current value that is printed on the product nameplate is a condition to apply the 1S-series product for the UL/Low Voltage Directive. Therefore, you do not need to consider it when you select a DC power supply for each model.

*3. This is the maximum heating value in applicable Servomotors.
Refer to *Relationship between Servo Drive, Servomotors and the Main Circuit Heating Value* on page 3-11 for the heating value of each applicable Servomotor.

*4. It is a hold time at momentary power interruption of the main circuit. However, if the main circuit power supply voltage falls below the rated voltage, even if it is a momentary power interruption within the hold time at momentary power interruption, a Main Power Supply Undervoltage (Error No. 13.00) may occur. In addition, use a DC power supply to fulfill the following conditions so that the power supply of the control circuit is held during momentary power interruption.
Reinforced insulation or double insulation, and the output hold time of 10 ms or more

200-VAC Input Models

Servo Drive model (R88D-)			1SN01H-ECT-51	1SN02H-ECT-51	1SN04H-ECT-51	1SN08H-ECT-51
Item			100 W	200 W	400 W	750 W
Input	Main circuit	Power supply voltage	Single-phase and 3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V)*1			
		Frequency	50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)*1			
	Control circuit	Power supply voltage	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)			
		Current consumption*2	600 mA			
	Rated current [A (rms)] (Main circuit power supply voltage: 240 VAC)	Single-phase	1.8	2.7	4.6	7.3
		3-phase	1.0	1.5	2.7	4.0
Output	Rated current [A (rms)]		0.8	1.5	2.5	4.6
	Maximum current [A (rms)]		3.1	5.6	9.1	16.9
Heating value [W]		Main circuit*4	15.7/15.3*4	15.2/14.6*4	22.4/22.4*4	40/39.7*4
		Control circuit	11	11	11	13.2
Applicable Servomotor rated output [W]			100	200	400	750
3,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1M05030T 1M10030T	1M20030T	1M40030T	1M75030T
2,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	---	---	---	---
1,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	---	---	---	---
Hold time at momentary power interruption (Main circuit power supply voltage: 200 VAC)			10 ms (Load condition: rated output)*5			
SCCR [A (rms)]		EU Directives	5,000			
		UL/cUL Standards	50,000			
Weight [kg]			1.2	1.2	1.5	2.0

Servo Drive model (R88D-)			1SN10H-ECT-51	1SN15H-ECT-51	1SN20H-ECT-51	1SN30H-ECT-51
Item			1 kW	1.5 kW	2 kW	3 kW
Input	Main circuit	Power supply voltage	3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V)*1	Single-phase and 3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V)*1	3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V)*1	
		Frequency	50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)*1			
	Control circuit	Power supply voltage	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)			
		Current consumption*2	600 mA	900 mA		

Servo Drive model (R88D-)			1SN10H-ECT-51	1SN15H-ECT-51	1SN20H-ECT-51	1SN30H-ECT-51
Item			1 kW	1.5 kW	2 kW	3 kW
	Rated current [A (rms)] (Main circuit power supply voltage: 240 VAC)	Single-phase	---	15.7	---	---
		3-phase	5.8	9.0	13.0	15.9
Output	Rated current [A (rms)]		7.7	9.7	16.2	22.3
	Maximum current [A (rms)]		16.9	28.4	41.0	54.7
Heating value [W]		Main circuit*3	46.5	85.5/85.5*4	128.9	167.5
		Control circuit	13.2	20.4	20.4	20.4
Applicable Servomotor rated output [W]			1,000	1,500	2,000	3,000
3,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1L1K030T	1L1K530T	1L2K030T	1L3K030T
2,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1M1K020T	1M1K520T	1M2K020T	1M3K020T
1,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1M90010T	---	1M2K010T	1M3K010T
Hold time at momentary power interruption (Main circuit power supply voltage: 200 VAC)			10 ms (Load condition: rated output)*5			
SCCR [A (rms)]		EU Directives	5,000			
		UL/cUL Standards	50,000			
Weight [kg]			2.0	3.4	3.4	3.4

*1. The values outside parentheses indicate the rated value, and the values inside parentheses indicate the range of acceptable variation.

*2. Select a DC power supply in consideration of the current values that are specified in the current consumption.
The rated current value that is printed on the product nameplate is a condition to apply the 1S-series product for the UL/Low Voltage Directive. Therefore, you do not need to consider it when you select a DC power supply for each model.

*3. This is the maximum heating value in applicable Servomotors.
Refer to *Relationship between Servo Drive, Servomotors and the Main Circuit Heating Value* on page 3-11 for the heating value of each applicable Servomotor.

*4. The first value is for single-phase input power and the second value is for 3-phase input power.

*5. It is a hold time at momentary power interruption of the main circuit. However, if the main circuit power supply voltage falls below the rated voltage, even if it is a momentary power interruption within the hold time at momentary power interruption, a Main Power Supply Undervoltage (Error No. 13.00) may occur. In addition, use a DC power supply to fulfill the following conditions so that the power supply of the control circuit is held during momentary power interruption.
Reinforced insulation or double insulation, and the output hold time of 10 ms or more

Servo Drive model (R88D-)			1SN55H-ECT-51	1SN75H-ECT-51	1SN150H-ECT-51
Item			5.5 kW	7.5 kW	15 kW
Input	Main circuit	Power supply voltage	3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V)*1		
		Frequency	50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)*1		
	Control circuit	Power supply voltage	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)		

Servo Drive model (R88D-)			1SN55H-ECT-51	1SN75H-ECT-51	1SN150H-ECT-51
Item			5.5 kW	7.5 kW	15 kW
		Current consumption*2	900 mA		1,200 mA
	Rated current [A (rms)] (Main circuit power supply voltage: 240 VAC)	3-phase	27.0	38.0	77.0
Output	Rated current [A (rms)]		28.6	42.0	70.0
	Maximum current [A (rms)]		84.8	113.0	169.7
Heating value [W]		Main circuit*3	290	360	610
		Control circuit	19.9		29.7
Applicable Servomotor rated output [W]			5,500	7,500	15,000
3,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1L4K030T 1L4K730T	---	---
2,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	---	---	---
1,500-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1M4K015T 1M5K015T	1M7K515T	1M11K015T 1M15K015T
1,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	---	---	---
Hold time at momentary power interruption (Main circuit power supply voltage: 200 VAC)			10 ms (Load condition: rated output)*4		
SCCR [A (rms)]		EU Directives	5,000		
		UL/cUL Standards	50,000		
Weight [kg]			9.4	9.4	21

*1. The values outside parentheses indicate the rated value, and the values inside parentheses indicate the range of acceptable variation.

*2. Select a DC power supply in consideration of the current values that are specified in the current consumption.
The rated current value that is printed on the product nameplate is a condition to apply the 1S-series product for the UL/Low Voltage Directive. Therefore, you do not need to consider it when you select a DC power supply for each model.

*3. This is the maximum heating value in applicable Servomotors.
Refer to *Relationship between Servo Drive, Servomotors and the Main Circuit Heating Value* on page 3-11 for the heating value of each applicable Servomotor.

*4. It is a hold time at momentary power interruption of the main circuit. However, if the main circuit power supply voltage falls below the rated voltage, even if it is a momentary power interruption within the hold time at momentary power interruption, a Main Power Supply Undervoltage (Error No. 13.00) may occur. In addition, use a DC power supply to fulfill the following conditions so that the power supply of the control circuit is held during momentary power interruption.
Reinforced insulation or double insulation, and the output hold time of 10 ms or more

400-VAC Input Models

Use a neutral grounded 400 VAC 3-phase power supply for the 400 VAC input models.

Servo Drive model (R88D-)			1SN06F-ECT-51	1SN10F-ECT-51	1SN15F-ECT-51
Item			600 W	1 kW	1.5 kW
Input	Main circuit	Power supply voltage	3-phase 380 to 480 VAC (323 to 504 V)*1		
		Frequency	50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)*1		
	Control circuit	Power supply voltage	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)		
		Current consumption*2	900 mA		
	Rated current [A (rms)] (Main circuit power supply voltage: 480 VAC)	3-phase	2.4	3.1	4.3
Output	Rated current [A (rms)]		1.8	4.1	4.7
	Maximum current [A (rms)]		5.5	9.6	14.1
Heating value [W]		Main circuit*3	20.2	52.1	77.5
		Control circuit	20.4	20.4	20.4
Applicable Servomotor rated output [W]			600	1,000	1,500
3,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	---	1L75030C 1L1K030C	1L1K530C
2,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1M40020C 1M60020C	1M1K020C	1M1K520C
1,500-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	---	---	---
1,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)		Batteryless 23-bit ABS	---	1M90010C	---
Hold time at momentary power interruption (Main circuit power supply voltage: 400 VAC)			10 ms (Load condition: rated output)*4		
SCCR [A (rms)]		EU Directives	5,000		
		UL/cUL Standards	30,000		
Weight [kg]			3.4	3.4	3.4

Servo Drive model (R88D-)			1SN20F-ECT-51	1SN30F-ECT-51	1SN55F-ECT-51	1SN75F-ECT-51	1SN150F-ECT-51
Item			2 kW	3 kW	5.5 kW	7.5 kW	15 kW
Input	Main circuit	Power supply voltage	3-phase 380 to 480 VAC (323 to 504 V)*1				
		Frequency	50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)*1				
	Control circuit	Power supply voltage	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)				
		Current consumption*2	900 mA				1,200 mA
	Rated current [A (rms)] (Main circuit power supply voltage: 480 VAC)	3-phase	6.5	8.4	16.0	23.0	40.0

Servo Drive model (R88D-)		1SN20F-ECT-51	1SN30F-ECT-51	1SN55F-ECT-51	1SN75F-ECT-51	1SN150F-ECT-51
Item		2 kW	3 kW	5.5 kW	7.5 kW	15 kW
Output	Rated current [A (rms)]	7.8	11.3	14.5	22.6	33.9
	Maximum current [A (rms)]	19.8	28.3	42.4	56.5	84.8
Heating value [W]	Main circuit*3	106.8	143.3	280.0	280.0	440.0
	Control circuit	20.4	20.4	19.9		29.7
Applicable Servomotor rated output [W]		2,000	3,000	5,500	7,500	15,000
3,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)	Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1L2K030C	1L3K030C	1L4K030C 1L5K030C	---	---
2,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)	Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1M2K020C	1M3K020C	---	---	---
1,500-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)	Batteryless 23-bit ABS	---	---	1M4K015C 1M5K515C	1M7K515C	1M11K015C 1M15K015C
1,000-r/min Servomotor (R88M-)	Batteryless 23-bit ABS	1M2K010C	1M3K010C	---	---	---
Hold time at momentary power interruption (Main circuit power supply voltage: 400 VAC)		10 ms (Load condition: rated output)*4				
SCCR [A (rms)]	EU Directives	5,000				
	UL/cUL Standards	30,000				
Weight [kg]		3.4	3.4	9.4	9.4	21

*1. The values outside parentheses indicate the rated value, and the values inside parentheses indicate the range of acceptable variation.

*2. Select a DC power supply in consideration of the current values that are specified in the current consumption.
The rated current value that is printed on the product nameplate is a condition to apply the 1S-series product for the UL/Low Voltage Directive. Therefore, you do not need to consider it when you select a DC power supply for each model.

*3. This is the maximum heating value in applicable Servomotors.
Refer to *Relationship between Servo Drive, Servomotors and the Main Circuit Heating Value* on page 3-11 for the heating value of each applicable Servomotor.

*4. It is a hold time at momentary power interruption of the main circuit. However, if the main circuit power supply voltage falls below the rated voltage, even if it is a momentary power interruption within the hold time at momentary power interruption, a Main Power Supply Undervoltage (Error No. 13.00) may occur. In addition, use a DC power supply to fulfill the following conditions so that the power supply of the control circuit is held during momentary power interruption.
Reinforced insulation or double insulation, and the output hold time of 10 ms or more

Relationship between Servo Drive, Servomotors and the Main Circuit Heating Value

The combination of Servo Drive and Servomotors that changes the main circuit heating value is shown below.

Servo Drive model	Servomotor model	Main circuit heating value [W]
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51	R88M-1M05030S-☐	11.2
	R88M-1M10030S-☐	14.8
R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	R88M-1M05030T-☐	13.2/13.2*1
	R88M-1M10030T-☐	15.7/15.3*1
R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	R88M-1L1K030T-☐	46.5
	R88M-1M1K020T-☐	37.7
	R88M-1M90010T-☐	42.9
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	R88M-1L1K530T-☐	85.5/85.5*1
	R88M-1M1K520T-☐	84/84*1
R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	R88M-1L2K030T-☐	128.9
	R88M-1M2K020T-☐	91.3
	R88M-1M2K010T-☐	109.1
R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	R88M-1L3K030T-☐	167.5
	R88M-1M3K020T-☐	125.5
	R88M-1M3K010T-☐	156.7
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	R88M-1L4K030T-☐	250
	R88M-1M4K015T-☐	270
	R88M-1L4K730T-☐	290
	R88M-1M5K015T-☐	290
R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	R88M-1M7K515T-☐	360
R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	R88M-1M11K015T-☐	490
	R88M-1M15K015T-☐	610
R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	R88M-1M40020C-☐	14.4
	R88M-1M60020C-☐	20.2
R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51	R88M-1L75030C-☐	51.1
	R88M-1L1K030C-☐	52.1
	R88M-1M1K020C-☐	33.4
	R88M-1M90010C-☐	40.2
R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51	R88M-1L1K530C-☐	77.5
	R88M-1M1K520C-☐	47.9
R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	R88M-1L2K030C-☐	106.8
	R88M-1M2K020C-☐	65.7
	R88M-1M2K010C-☐	79.6
R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88M-1L3K030C-☐	143.3
	R88M-1M3K020C-☐	96.5
	R88M-1M3K010C-☐	115.5
R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51	R88M-1L4K030C-☐	250
	R88M-1M4K015C-☐	280
	R88M-1L5K030C-☐	250
	R88M-1M5K515C-☐	280
R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51	R88M-1M7K515C-☐	280

Servo Drive model	Servomotor model	Main circuit heating value [W]
R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	R88M-1M11K015C-□	390
	R88M-1M15K015C-□	440

*1. The first value is for single-phase input power and the second value is for 3-phase input power.

3-1-3 EtherCAT Communications Specifications

The specifications of EtherCAT communications are shown below.

Item	Specifications
Communications standard	IEC 61158 Type 12, IEC 61800-7 CiA 402 Drive Profile
Physical layer	100BASE-TX (IEEE802.3)
Connectors	RJ45 × 2 (shielded) ECAT IN: EtherCAT input ECAT OUT: EtherCAT output
Communications media	Recommended media: Twisted-pair cable, which is doubly shielded by the aluminum tape and braid, with Ethernet Category 5 (100BASE-TX) or higher
Communications distance	Distance between nodes: 100 m max.
Process data	Fixed PDO mapping Variable PDO mapping
Mailbox (CoE)	Emergency messages, SDO requests, SDO responses, and SDO information
Synchronization mode and communications cycle	DC Mode (Synchronous with Sync0 Event) • Communications cycle: 125 µs, 250 µs, 500 µs, 750 µs, 1 to 10 ms (in 0.25 ms increments) Free Run Mode
Indicators	ECAT-L/A IN (Link/Activity IN) × 1 ECAT-L/A OUT (Link/Activity OUT) × 1 ECAT-RUN × 1 ECAT-ERR × 1
CiA 402 Drive Profile	• Cyclic synchronous position mode • Cyclic synchronous velocity mode • Cyclic synchronous torque mode • Profile position mode • Profile velocity mode • Homing mode • Touch probe function • Torque limit function

3-1-4 Main Circuit and Motor Connections

When you wire the main circuit, use proper wire sizes, grounding systems, and noise resistance.

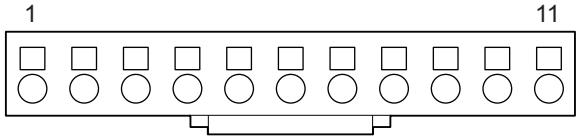
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51

● Main Circuit Connector (CNA) Specifications

Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Specifications
1	L1	Main circuit power supply input	R88D-1SN□L-ECT-51 • Single-phase *1 100 to 120 VAC (85 to 132 V) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz) R88D-1SN□H-ECT-51 • Single-phase*1 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz) R88D-1SN□H-ECT-51 • 3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 VAC) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)
2	L2		
3	L3		
4	B3	External Regeneration Resistor connection terminals	When the Internal Regeneration Resistor is used*2: • Open between B1 and B2. • Short-circuit B2 and B3. When the External Regeneration Resistor is used: • Connect the External Regeneration Resistor between B1 and B2. • Open between B2 and B3.
5	B2		
6	P/B1		
7	N1	DC reactor connection terminals	When the DC reactor is not used: • Short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used: • Connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
8	N2		
9	N3		
10	24V	Control circuit power supply input	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V) Measured current value: 600 mA
11	Ø		

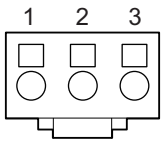
*1. For single-phase, connect between any two phases out of the following: L1, L2, and L3.

*2. Internal regeneration resistor is not built in the following product models.
Applicable models: R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51, R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51, R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51



● Motor Connector (CNC) Specifications

Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Specifications	
1	U	Motor connection terminals	Phase U	These are output terminals to the Servomotor.
2	V		Phase V	
3	W		Phase W	

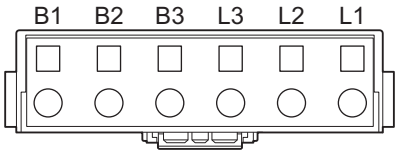


R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51

● Main Circuit Connector A (CNA) Specifications

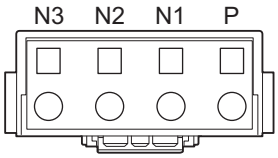
Symbol	Name	Specifications
B1 B2 B3	External Regeneration Resistor connection terminals	When the Internal Regeneration Resistor is used: • Open between B1 and B2. • Short-circuit B2 and B3. When the External Regeneration Resistor is used: • Connect the External Regeneration Resistor between B1 and B2. • Open between B2 and B3.
L3 L2 L1	Main circuit power supply input	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51 • Single-phase*1 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz) R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51 • 3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 VAC) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz) R88D-1SN□F-ECT-51 • 3-phase 380 to 480 VAC (323 to 504 VAC) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)

*1. For single-phase, connect between any two phases out of the following: L1, L2, and L3.



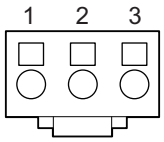
● Main Circuit Connector B (CNB) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications
N3 N2 N1 P	DC reactor connection terminals	When the DC reactor is not used: • Short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used: • Connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.



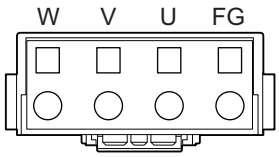
● Control Circuit Connector (CND) Specifications

Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Specifications
1	+24V	Control circuit power supply input	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V) Measured current value: 900 mA
2	0 V		
3	---	---	Do not connect.



● Motor Connector (CNC) Specifications

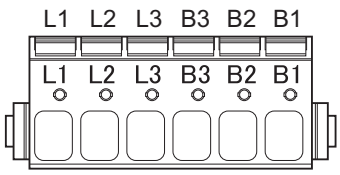
Symbol	Name	Specifications	
W	Motor connection terminals	Phase W	These are output terminals to the Servomotor.
V		Phase V	
U		Phase U	
FG		FG	



R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51

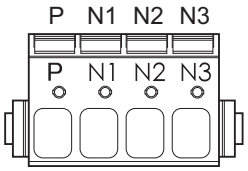
● Main Circuit Connector A (CNA) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications
L1 L2 L3	Main circuit power supply input	R88D-1SN□□H-ECT-51 • 3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 VAC) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz) R88D-1SN□□F-ECT-51 • 3-phase 380 to 480 VAC (323 to 504 VAC) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)
B3 B2 B1	External Regeneration Resistor connection terminals	When the Internal Regeneration Resistor is used: • Open between B1 and B2. • Short-circuit B2 and B3. When the External Regeneration Resistor is used: • Connect the External Regeneration Resistor between B1 and B2. • Open between B2 and B3.



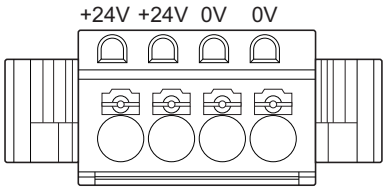
● Main Circuit Connector B (CNB) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications
P	DC reactor connection terminals	When the DC reactor is not used: • Short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used: • Connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
N1		
N2		
N3		



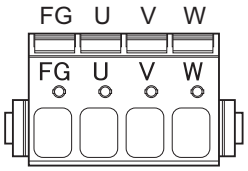
● Control Circuit Connector (CND) Specifications

Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Specifications
1	+24V	Control circuit power supply input	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V) Measured current value: 900 mA
2	+24V		
3	0 V		
4	0 V		



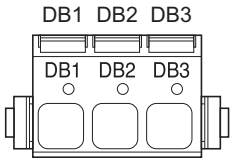
● Motor Connector (CNC) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications	
FG	Motor connection terminals	FG	These are output terminals to the Servomotor.
U		Phase U	
V		Phase V	
W		Phase W	



● Main Circuit Connector E (CNE) Specifications

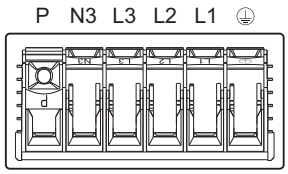
Symbol	Name	Specifications
DB1	External Dynamic Brake Resistor connection terminals	When the Internal Dynamic Brake Resistor is used: • Open between DB1 and DB2. • Short-circuit DB2 and DB3. When the External Dynamic Brake Resistor is used: • Connect the External Dynamic Brake Resistor between DB1 and DB2. • Open between DB2 and DB3.
DB2		
DB3		



R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51

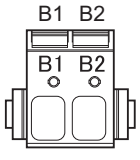
● Main Circuit Connector A (CNA) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications
P	----	The connector is covered for protection. Do not remove the cover. Do not connect.
N3		
L3	Main circuit power supply input	3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 VAC) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)
L2		
L1		
⏚		



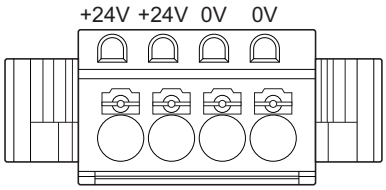
● Main Circuit Connector B (CNB) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications
B1	External Regeneration Resistor connection terminals	Connect the External Regeneration Resistor between B1 and B2. This Servo Drive does NOT install Internal Regeneration Resistor.
B2		



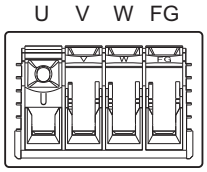
● Control Circuit Connector (CND) Specifications

Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Specifications
1	+24V	Control circuit power supply input	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V) Measured current value: 1,200 mA
2	+24V		
3	0 V		
4	0 V		



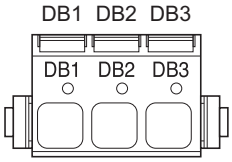
● Motor Terminal Block (CNC) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications	
U	Motor connection terminals	Phase U	These are output terminals to the Servomotor.
V		Phase V	
W		Phase W	
FG		FG	



● Main Circuit Connector E (CNE) Specifications

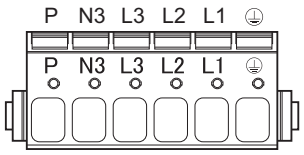
Symbol	Name	Specifications
DB1	External Dynamic Brake Resistor connection terminals	When the Internal Dynamic Brake Resistor is used: • Open between DB1 and DB2. • Short-circuit DB2 and DB3. When the External Dynamic Brake Resistor is used: • Connect the External Dynamic Brake Resistor between DB1 and DB2. • Open between DB2 and DB3.
DB2		
DB3		



R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51

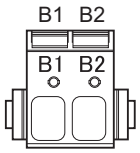
● Main Circuit Connector A (CNA) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications
P	----	Do not connect.
N3		
L3	Main circuit power supply input	3-phase 380 to 480 VAC (323 to 504 VAC) 50/60 Hz (47.5 to 63 Hz)
L2		
L1		
⏚		



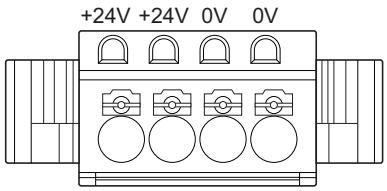
● Main Circuit Connector B (CNB) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications
B1	External Regeneration Resistor connection terminals	Connect the External Regeneration Resistor between B1 and B2. This Servo Drive does NOT install Internal Regeneration Resistor.
B2		



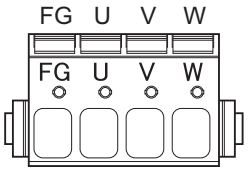
● Control Circuit Connector (CND) Specifications

Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Specifications
1	+24V	Control circuit power supply input	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V) Measured current value: 1,200 mA
2	+24V		
3	0 V		
4	0 V		



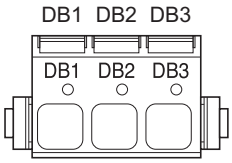
● Motor Connector (CNC) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications	
FG	Motor connection terminals	FG	These are output terminals to the Servomotor.
U		Phase U	
V		Phase V	
W		Phase W	



● Main Circuit Connector E (CNE) Specifications

Symbol	Name	Specifications
DB1 DB2 DB3	External Dynamic Brake Resistor connection terminals	When the Internal Dynamic Brake Resistor is used: • Open between DB1 and DB2. • Short-circuit DB2 and DB3. When the External Dynamic Brake Resistor is used: • Connect the External Dynamic Brake Resistor between DB1 and DB2. • Open between DB2 and DB3.



Terminal Block Wire Sizes

The following tables show the rated current that flows to the terminal block on the Servo Drive and the applicable wire sizes.
Use the wire with the rated voltage of 600 V or higher for the main circuit.
The wire size is determined for when the heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (HIV) is used at the ambient temperature of 50°C.

● Wire Sizes for 100-VAC Input Model: R88D-1SN□□L-ECT-51

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)		
			01L-ECT-51	02L-ECT-51	04L-ECT-51
Power supply capacity		kVA	0.4	0.6	1.0
Main circuit power supply input (L1, L2, and L3)*1	Rated current	A (rms)	2.9	4.9	8.4
	Wire size	---	AWG 20 to 14, 0.5 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 18 to 14, 0.75 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 14, 2.0 mm^2
Control circuit power supply input (24 V, Ø)	Wire size	---	AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2		

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)		
			01L-ECT-51	02L-ECT-51	04L-ECT-51
Motor connection terminals (U, V, and W)*2	Rated current	A (rms)	1.5	2.5	4.8
	Wire size	---	AWG 22 to 14, 0.32 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 20 to 14, 0.5 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 18 to 14, 0.75 to 2.0 mm^2
Protective earth ⏚	Wire size	---	AWG 12, 2.5 mm^2		
	Screw size	---	M4		
	Tightening torque	N·m	1.2		

*1. Connect between any two phases out of the following: L1, L2, and L3.
*2. Connect OMRON Power Cables to the motor connection terminals.

● Wire Sizes for 200-VAC Input Model: R88D-1SN□H-ECT-51

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)				
			01H-ECT-51	02H-ECT-51	04H-ECT-51	08H-ECT-51	10H-ECT-51
Power supply capacity		kVA	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.4	2.0
Main circuit power supply input (L1, L2, and L3)*1	Rated current	A (rms)	1.8/1.0*2	2.7/1.5*2	4.6/2.7*2	7.3/4.0*2	5.8
	Wire size	---	AWG 22 to 14, 0.32 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 20 to 14, 0.5 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 18 to 14, 0.75 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 16 to 14, 1.3 to 2.0 mm^2	
Control circuit power supply input (24 V, Ø)	Wire size	---	AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2				
Motor connection terminals (U, V, and W)*3*4	Rated current	A (rms)	0.8	1.5	2.5	4.6	7.7
	Wire size	---	AWG 22 to 14, 0.32 to 2.0 mm^2		AWG 20 to 14, 0.5 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 18 to 14, 0.75 to 2.0 mm^2	AWG 16 to 14, 1.3 to 2.0 mm^2
Protective earth ⏚	Wire size	---	AWG 12, 2.5 mm^2				
	Screw size	---	M4				
	Tightening torque	N·m	1.2				

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)		
			15H-ECT-51	20H-ECT-51	30H-ECT-51
Power supply capacity		kVA	2.5	3.6	4.7
Main circuit power supply input (L1, L2, and L3)*1	Rated current	A (rms)	15.7/9.0*2	13.0	15.9
	Wire size	---	AWG 12 to 8, 3.3 to 8.4 mm^2		
Control circuit power supply input (+24 V and 0 V)	Wire size	---	AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2		

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)		
			15H-ECT-51	20H-ECT-51	30H-ECT-51
Motor connection terminals (U, V, and W)*3*4	Rated current	A (rms)	9.7	16.2	22.3
	Wire size	---	AWG 14 to 8, 2.0 to 8.4 mm^2	AWG 10 to 8, 5.3 to 8.4 mm^2	
Protective earth ⏚	Wire size	---	AWG 12, 2.5 mm^2		
	Screw size	---	M4		
	Tightening torque	N·m	1.2		

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)		
			55H-ECT-51	75H-ECT-51	150H-ECT-51
Power supply capacity		kVA	11.2	15.8	32.0
Main circuit power supply input (L1, L2, and L3)	Rated current	A (rms)	27.0	38.0	77.0
	Wire size	---	AWG 10 to 4, 5.3 to 25 mm^2	AWG 8 to 4, 8.4 to 25 mm^2	AWG 4 to 1, 21.2 to 50 mm^2
Control circuit power supply input (+24 V and 0 V)	Wire size	---	AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2		
Motor connection terminals (U, V, and W)*3*4	Rated current	A (rms)	28.6	42.0	70.0
	Wire size	---	AWG 10 to 4, 5.3 to 25 mm^2	AWG 8 to 4, 8.4 to 25 mm^2	AWG 4 to 1/0, 21.2 to 50 mm^2
Protective earth ⏚	Wire size	---	AWG 10, 5.3 mm^2 min.		AWG 6, 13.3 mm^2 min.
	Screw size	---	M5		
	Tightening torque	N·m	2.3		

*1. For single-phase, connect between any two phases out of the following: L1, L2, and L3.
*2. The first value is for single-phase input power and the second value is for 3-phase input power.
*3. Connect OMRON Power Cables to the motor connection terminals.
For R88A-CA1□□ of the power cable manufactured by OMRON, the wire at rated temperature of 85°C is used. In some cases, the wire does not fulfill its size described in the motor terminal block. It does not affect the operation.
*4. Refer to *3-5 Specifications of External Regeneration Resistors and External Regeneration Resistance Units* on page 3-140 for the wire size when the external regeneration resistor and the external regeneration resistance unit (both manufactured by OMRON) are used.

● Wire Sizes for 400-VAC Input Model: R88D-1SN□□F-ECT-51

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)		
			06F-ECT-51	10F-ECT-51	15F-ECT-51
Power supply capacity		kVA	1.4	2.0	2.1
Main circuit power supply input (L1, L2, and L3)	Rated current	A (rms)	2.4	3.1	4.3
	Wire size	---	AWG 16 to 8, 1.3 to 8.4 mm^2		
Control circuit power supply input (+24 V and 0 V)	Wire size	---	AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2		

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)		
			06F-ECT-51	10F-ECT-51	15F-ECT-51
Motor connection terminals (U, V, and W)*1*2	Rated current	A (rms)	1.8	4.1	4.7
	Wire size	---	AWG 16 to 8, 1.3 to 8.4 mm^2		
Protective earth ⏚	Wire size	---	AWG 12, 2.5 mm^2		
	Screw size	---	M4		
	Tightening torque	N·m	1.2		

Item		Unit	Model (R88D-1SN)				
			20F-ECT-51	30F-ECT-51	55F-ECT-51	75F-ECT-51	150F-ECT-51
Power supply capacity		kVA	4.2	5.0	13.3	19.1	33.3
Main circuit power supply input (L1, L2, and L3)	Rated current	A (rms)	6.5	8.4	16.0	23.0	40.0
	Wire size	---	AWG 16 to 8, 1.3 to 8.4 mm^2	AWG 14 to 8, 2.0 to 8.4 mm^2	AWG 12 to 4, 3.3 to 25 mm^2	AWG 10 to 4, 5.3 to 25 mm^2	AWG 8 to 4, 8.4 to 25 mm^2
Control circuit power supply input (+24 V and 0 V)	Wire size	---	AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2				
Motor connection terminals (U, V, and W)*1*2	Rated current	A (rms)	7.8	11.3	14.5	22.6	33.9
	Wire size	---	AWG 14 to 8, 2.0 to 8.4 mm^2		AWG 14 to 4, 2.0 to 25 mm^2	AWG 10 to 4, 5.3 to 25 mm^2	AWG 8 to 4, 8.4 to 25 mm^2
Protective earth ⏚	Wire size	---	AWG 12, 2.5 mm^2			AWG 10, 5.3 mm^2	
	Screw size	---	M4		M5		
	Tightening torque	N·m	1.2		2.3		

*1. Connect OMRON Power Cables to the motor connection terminals.
For R88A-CA1□□ of the power cable manufactured by OMRON, the wire at rated temperature of 85°C is used. In some cases, the wire does not fulfill its size described in the motor terminal block. It does not affect the operation.

*2. Refer to *3-5 Specifications of External Regeneration Resistors and External Regeneration Resistance Units* on page 3-140 for the wire size when the external regeneration resistor and the external regeneration resistance unit (both manufactured by OMRON) are used.

Wire Sizes and Allowable Current (Reference)

The following table shows the allowable currents for each wire size.
Select wires carefully so that the specified allowable currents are not exceeded.

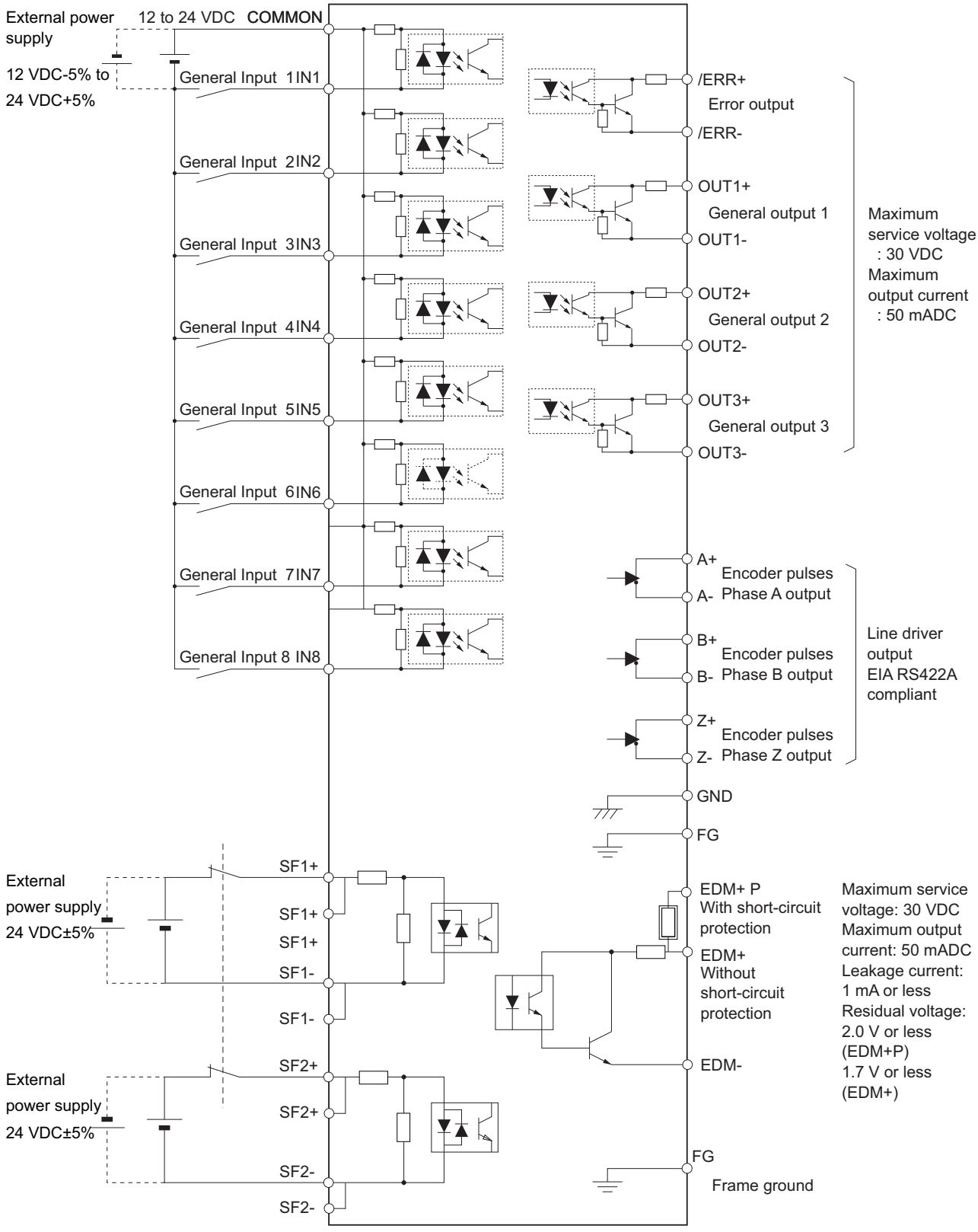
● 600-V Heat-resistant Vinyl Wire (HIV)

AWG size	Nominal cross-sectional area [mm^2]	Configuration [wires/mm^2]	Conductive resistance [Ω/km]	Allowable current [A] for ambient temperature		
				30°C	40°C	50°C
20	0.5	19/0.18	39.5	6.6	5.6	4.5
---	0.75	30/0.18	26.0	8.8	7.0	5.5
18	0.9	37/0.18	24.4	9.0	7.7	6.0
16	1.25	50/0.18	15.6	12.0	11.0	8.5
14	2.0	7/0.6	9.53	23	20	16
12	3.5	7/0.8	5.41	33	29	24
10	5.5	7/1.0	3.47	43	38	31
8	8.0	7/1.2	2.41	55	49	40
6	14.0	7/1.6	1.35	79	70	57
4	22.0	7/2.0	0.85	99	88	70

3-1-5 Control I/O Connector (CN1) Specifications

The following shows the specifications of the control I/O connector.

Control I/O Signal Connections and External Signal Processing



Control I/O Signal Table

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal name	Pin No.	Symbol	Signal name
1	EDM+ P	EDM+ Output with short-circuit protection	21	EDM-	EDM- Output
2	EDM+	EDM+ Output without short-circuit protection	22	SFA	Reserved
3	SF1+	SF1+ Input	23	SF1+	SF1+ Input
4	SF1-	SF1- Input	24	SF1-	SF1- Input
5	SF2+	SF2+ Input	25	SF2+	SF2+ Input
6	SF2-	SF2- Input	26	SF2-	SF2- Input
7	SFB	Reserved	27	NC	NC
8	/ERR+	Error Output	28	/ERR-	Error Output
9	OUT1+	General Output 1	29	OUT1-	General Output 1
10	OUT2+	General Output 2	30	OUT2-	General Output 2
11	OUT3+	General Output 3	31	OUT3-	General Output 3
12	IN1	General Input 1	32	IN2	General Input 2
13	IN3	General Input 3	33	IN4	General Input 4
14	IN5	General Input 5	34	IN6	General Input 6
15	IN7	General Input 7 (high-speed)	35	IN8	General Input 8 (high-speed)
16	GND	GND (for pulse output)	36	COMMON	12 to 24-VDC Power Supply Input
17	A+	Encoder Pulse Phase-A+ Output	37	A-	Encoder Pulse Phase-A- Output
18	B+	Encoder Pulse Phase-B+ Output	38	B-	Encoder Pulse Phase-B- Output
19	Z+	Encoder Pulse Phase-Z+ Output	39	Z-	Encoder Pulse Phase-Z- Output
20	FG	FG	40	FG	FG

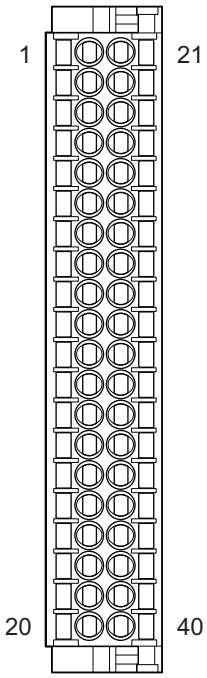
Note When you do not use the STO function via safety input signals, short-circuit pins 22 and 23, 24 and 26, 3 and 5, and 6 and 7.
When you use the STO function via safety input signals, remove the attached short-circuit wires and do not connect anything to pins 7 and 22.

Control I/O Connector (40 pins)

Model	Manufacturer	OMRON model
DFMC1,5/20-ST-3,5-LRBKBDMC-21	PHOENIX CONTACT	R88A-CN101C *1

*1. Four short-circuit wires are connected to the connector.

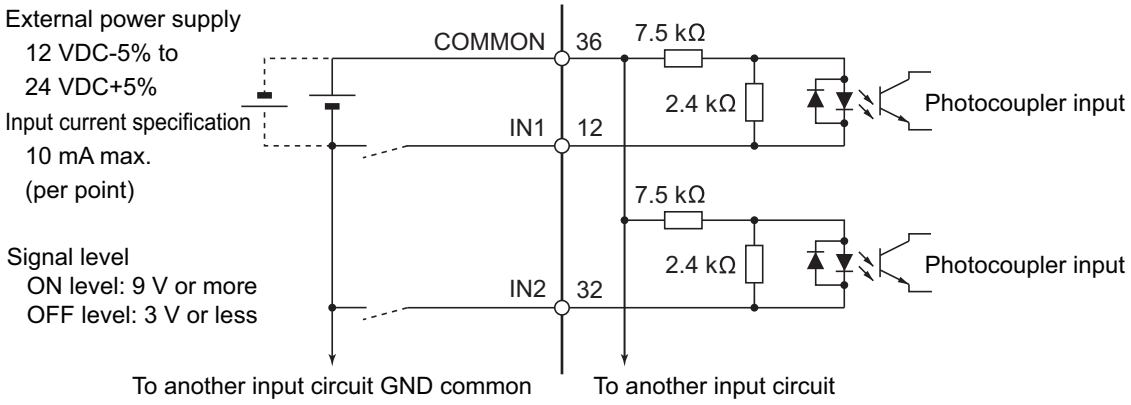
Applicable wire: AWG 24 to 16 (0.2 to 1.5 mm^2) (Strip length of the wire insulating cover: 10 mm)



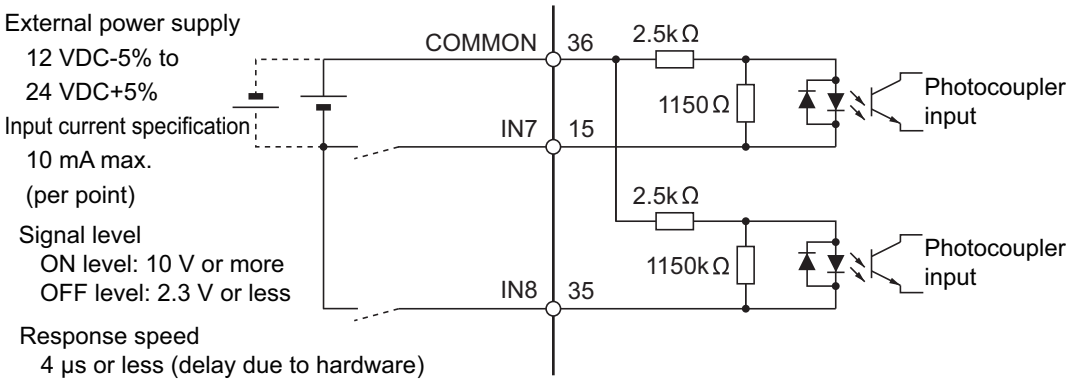
3-1-6 Control Input Circuits

The specifications of the control input circuits are shown below.

General Inputs (IN1 to IN6)



General Inputs (high-speed) (IN7 to IN8)



3-1-7 Control Input Details

The detailed information about the control input pins is shown below.

General Inputs (IN1 to IN8)

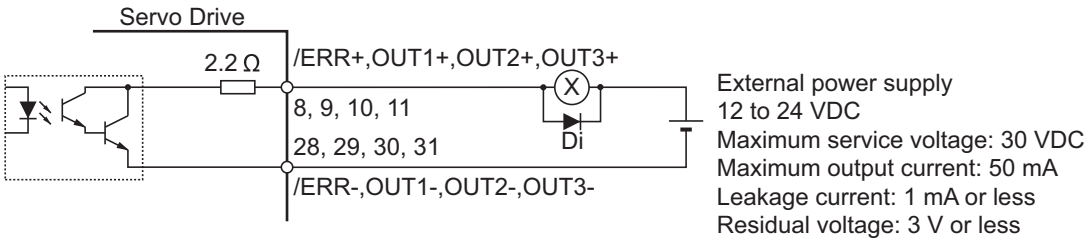
Pin No.	General input	The functions that are allocated by default
12	General input 1 (IN1)	Error Stop Input (ESTP)
32	General input 2 (IN2)	Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT)
13	General input 3 (IN3)	Negative Drive Prohibition Input
33	General input 4 (IN4)	Home Proximity Input (DEC)
14	General input 5 (IN5)	Monitor input 1 (MON1)
34	General input 6 (IN6)	Monitor input 2 (MON2)
15	General input 7 (high-speed) (IN7)	External Latch Input 1 (EXT1)
35	General input 8 (high-speed) (IN8)	External Latch Input 2 (EXT2)

Note Refer to *7-1 General-purpose Input Signals* on page 7-3 for the allocation procedures for general input.

3-1-8 Control Output Circuits

The specifications of the control output circuits are shown below.

Error Output (/ERR), General Output (OUT1 to 3)



Di: Surge voltage prevention diode*1

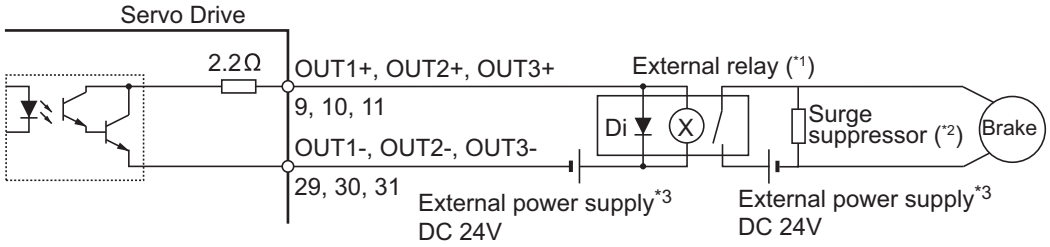
*1. When you use an output signal to drive a relay directly, always insert a diode as shown in the above figure.

Use a high-speed diode.

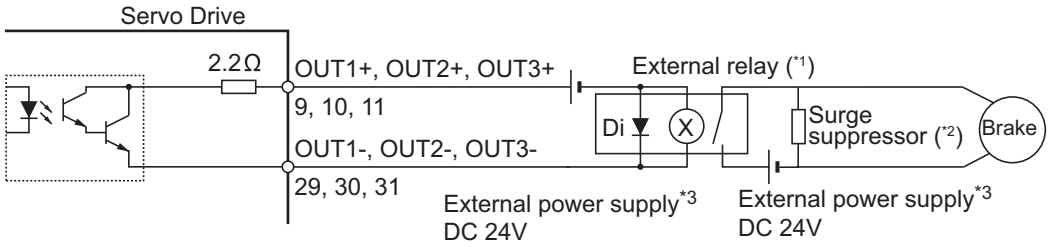
External Brake Interlock Output (EXTBKIR)

When the brake control is performed with the external brake interlock output (EXTBKIR) allocated to the general output, the connection must be as shown below.

● NPN output



● PNP output



*1. When you connect the holding brake of a 1S motor with a capacity of 7.5 kW or less, we recommend you to use the OMRON MY Relay (24 V type with built-in diode for absorbing coil surge) for the external relay. When you connect the holding brake of a 1S motor with a capacity of 11 kW or more, we recommend you to use the OMRON LY Relay (24 V type with built-in diode for absorbing coil surge) for the external relay. Set the time until the brake is reliably held to **Brake Interlock Output** – **Hardware Delay Time** (4610-04 hex).

*2. For the surge suppressor, we recommend you to use a varistor voltage of the 39 V type. Select one that meets the characteristics according to the actual specifications.

*3. Do not share the external power supply.

3-1-9 Control Output Details

The detailed information about the control output pins is shown below.

Error Output (/ERR)

Pin No.	Error output	Function
8	/ERR+	This output is turned OFF when the Servo Drive detects an error.
28	/ERR-	

General Output (OUT1 to OUT3)

Pin No.	General-purpose output	The functions that are allocated by default
9	General Output 1 (OUT1+)	Servo Ready Output (READY)
29	General Output 1 (OUT1-)	
10	General Output 2 (OUT2+)	Remote Output 1 (R-OUT1)
30	General Output 2 (OUT2-)	
11	General Output 3 (OUT3+)	Remote Output 2 (R-OUT2)
31	General Output 3 (OUT3-)	

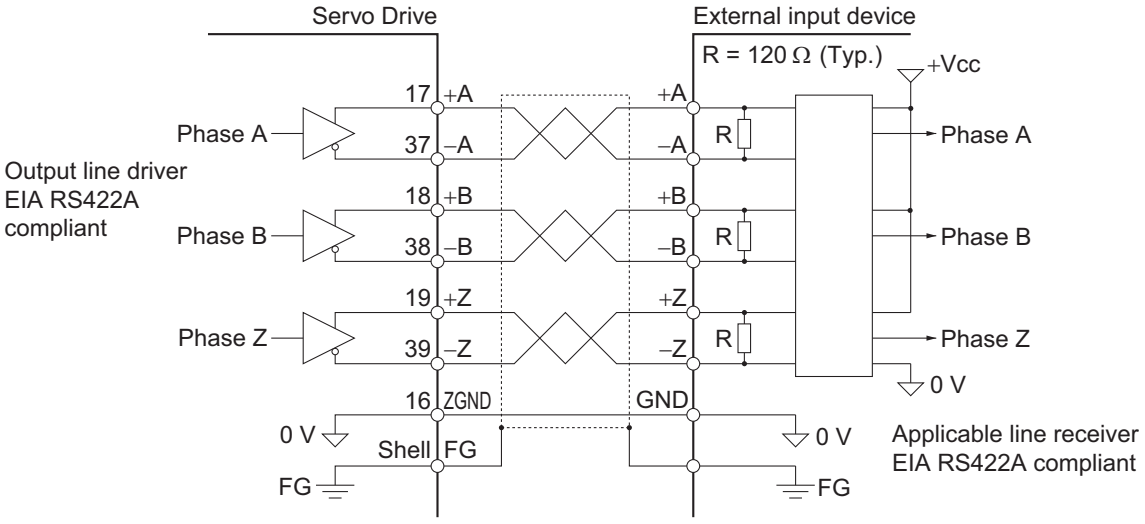
Note Refer to *7-2 General-purpose Output Signals* on page 7-8 for the allocation procedures.

3-1-10 Encoder Pulse Output Specifications

The specifications of encoder pulse output signals are shown below.

Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Function and interface
17	A+	Encoder Phase-A output	Encoder signal output Line driver output EIARS422A compliant (load resistance: 120 Ω (Typ.)) Maximum output frequency: 4 Mpps (quadruple multiplier)
37	A-		
18	B+	Encoder Phase-B output	
38	B-		
19	Z+	Encoder Phase-Z output	
39	Z-		
16	GND	Encoder GND	GND for Encoder

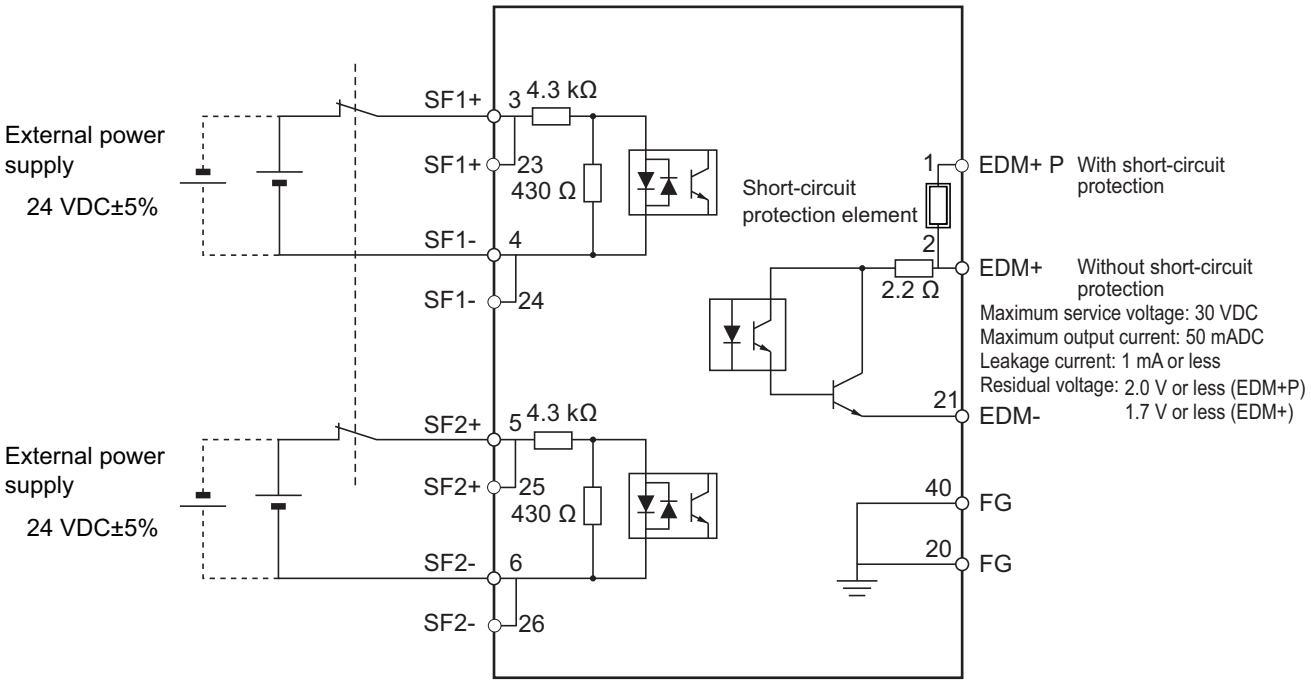
Encoder Pulse Output Circuit



3-1-11 Safety I/O Specifications

The specifications of the safety I/O are shown below.

Connection of Safety I/O Signals and Processing of External Signals

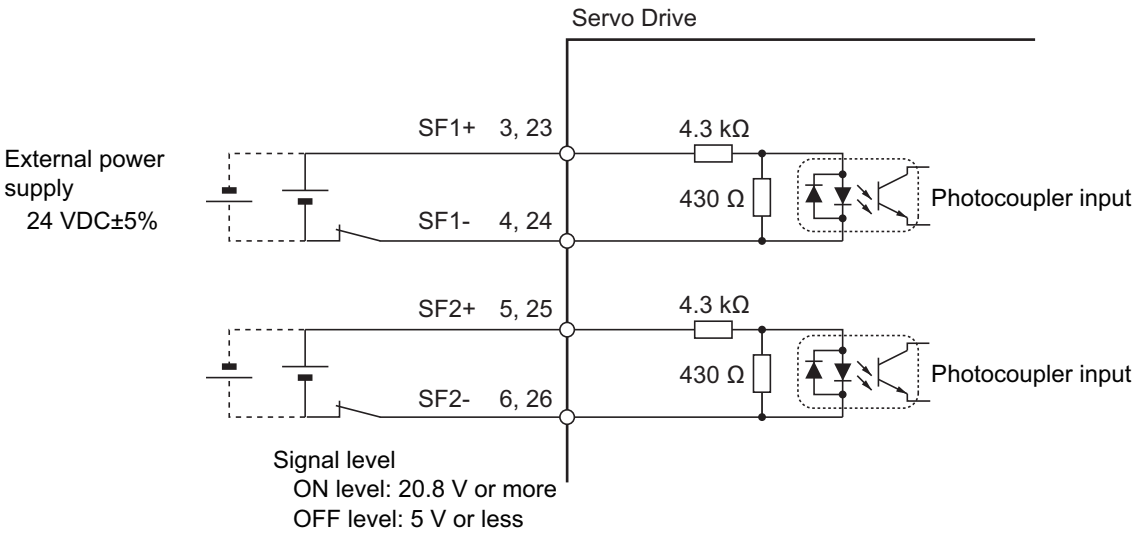


Safety I/O Signal Table

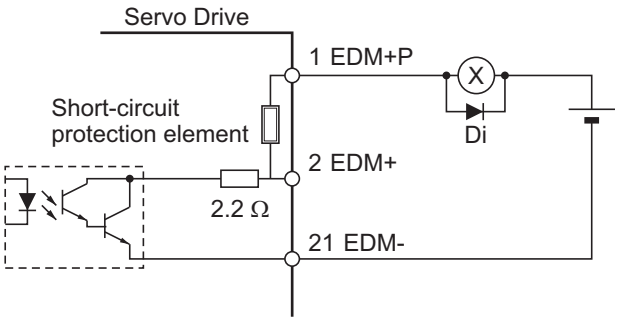
Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Function and interface
3 and 23	SF1+	Safety input 1	Inputs 1 and 2 for operating the STO function, which are two independent circuits. This input turns OFF the power transistor drive signals in the Servo Drive to cut off the current output to the motor.
4 and 24	SF1-		
5 and 25	SF2+	Safety input 2	
6 and 26	SF2-		
1	EDM+ P	EDM Output	A monitor signal is output to detect a safety function failure.
2	EDM+		
21	EDM-		

Note When you do not use the STO function via safety input signals, short-circuit pins 22 and 23, 24 and 26, 3 and 5, and 6 and 7.
When you use the STO function via safety input signals, remove the attached short-circuit wires and do not connect anything to pins 7 and 22.

Safety Input Circuits



EDM Output Circuit



External power supply
12 to 24 VDC
Maximum service voltage: 30 VDC
Maximum output current: 50 mA
Leakage current: 1 mA or less
Residual voltage: 2.0 V or less (EDM+P)
1.7 V or less (EDM+)

Di: Surge voltage prevention diode*1

*1. When you use an output signal to drive a relay directly, always insert a diode as shown in the above figure. Use a high-speed diode.

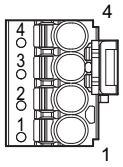
3-1-12 Brake Interlock Connector (CN12) Specifications

The specifications of the brake interlock connector are shown below.

Pin No.	Symbol	Name
4	BKIR+	Brake output (+)
3	BKIR-	Brake output (-)
2	+24V_BKIR	24-V power supply for brake (+)
1	0V_BKIR	24-V power supply for brake (-)

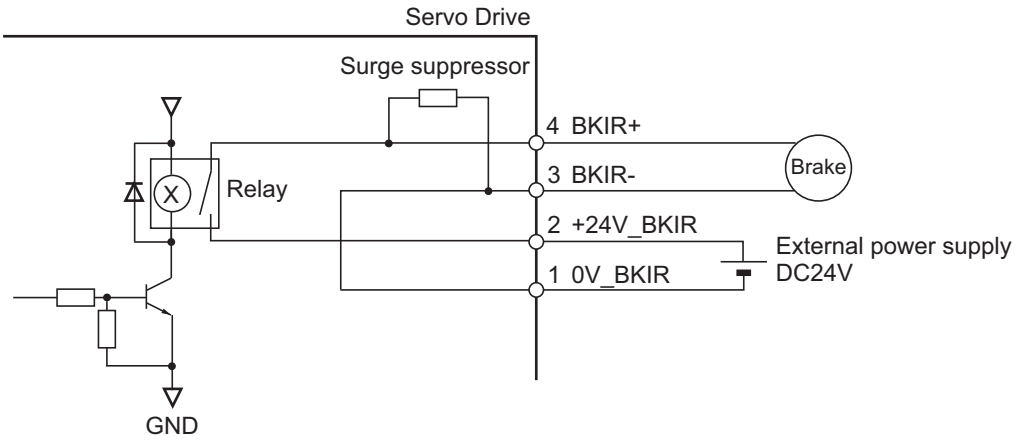
● Connectors (4 Pins)

Model	Manufacturer	Omron model
2091-1104/0002-1000	WAGO	R88A-CN101B



Applicable wire: AWG 24 to 16 (0.2 to 1.5 mm^2) (Strip length of the wire insulating cover: 10 mm)

Brake Interlock Output Circuits



*1. Relay and surge suppressor are built-in.

3-1-13 Encoder Connector (CN2) Specifications

The specifications of the encoder connectors are shown below.

Pin No.	Symbol	Name
1	E5V	Encoder power supply voltage
2	E0V	Encoder power supply GND
3	Not used.	NC
4	Not used.	NC
5	PS+	Encoder + phase S I/O
6	PS-	Encoder - phase S I/O
Shell	FG	Frame ground

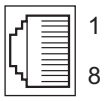
● Connectors for CN2 (6 Pins)

Name	Model	Manufacturer	OMRON model
Receptacle	3E206-0100KV	3M	R88A-CN101R
Shell kit	3E306-3200-008	3M	

3-1-14 EtherCAT Communications Connector (RJ45) Specifications

The EtherCAT twisted-pair cable is connected to a shielded connector.

- Electrical characteristics: Conform to IEEE 802.3.
- Connector structure: RJ45 8-pin modular connector (conforms to ISO 8877)

	Pin No.	Signal name	Signal	Direction
 1 8	1	Send data +	TD+	Output
	2	Send data -	TD-	Output
	3	Receive data +	RD+	Input
	4	Not used.	---	---
	5	Not used.	---	---
	6	Receive data -	RD-	Input
	7	Not used.	---	---
	8	Not used.	---	---
	Connector hood	Anti-noise ground	---	---

3-1-15 USB Connector (CN7) Specifications

Through the USB connection with computer, you can perform operations such as servo parameter setting and changing, monitoring of control status, and checking error status and error history.

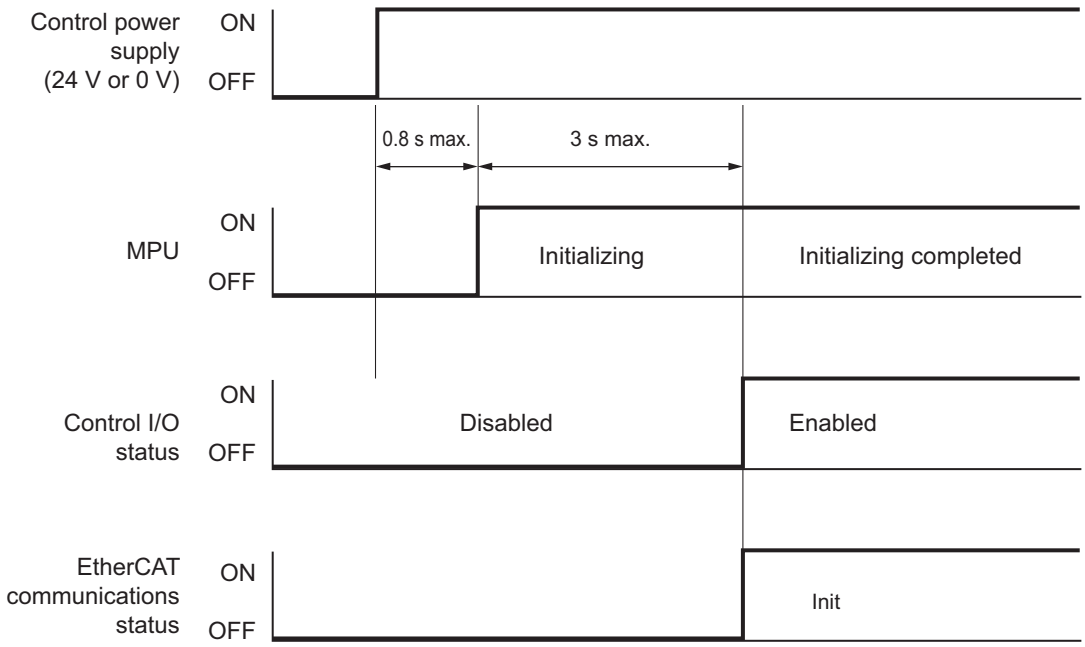
Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Function and interface
1	VBUS	USB signal terminal	Used for communications with the computer.
2	D-		
3	D+		
4	---	Not used.	Do not connect.
5	GND	Signal ground	Signal ground

Precautions for Correct Use

Use a commercially available USB cable that is double-shielded, gold-plated, and supports USB 2.0. The Micro B type USB cable can be used.

3-1-16 Power ON Sequence

This section gives the time from when the control power supply for the Servo Drive is turned ON until the control I/O and EtherCAT communications are enabled.
Communications with the master is started after the EtherCAT communications are enabled. Perform Servo ON and send commands only after the EtherCAT communications are established.



3-1-17 Overload Characteristics (Electronic Thermal Function)

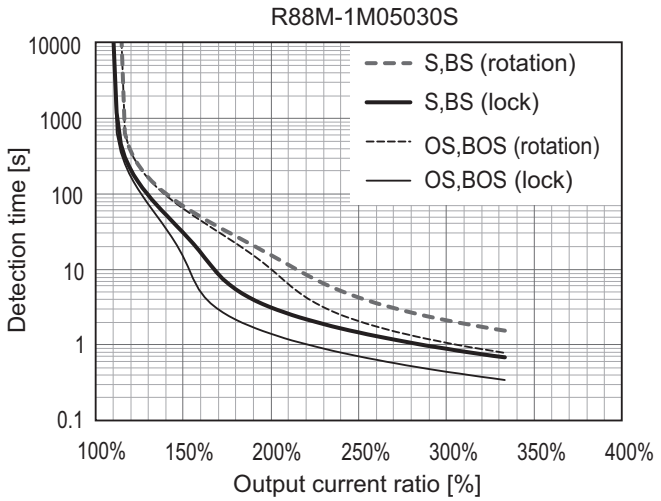
The overload protection function (electronic thermal) is built into the Servo Drive to protect the Servo Drive and Servomotor from overloading.
If an overload occurs, first eliminate the cause of the overload and then wait for the Servomotor temperature to drop before you turn ON the power again.
If the error reset is repeated at short intervals, the Servomotor windings may burn out.
The overload protection function (electronic thermal) does not guarantee continuous operation at an output of the rated current or more. Configure the operation settings so that the effective current of the Servomotor becomes the rated current or less.

Overload Characteristics Graphs

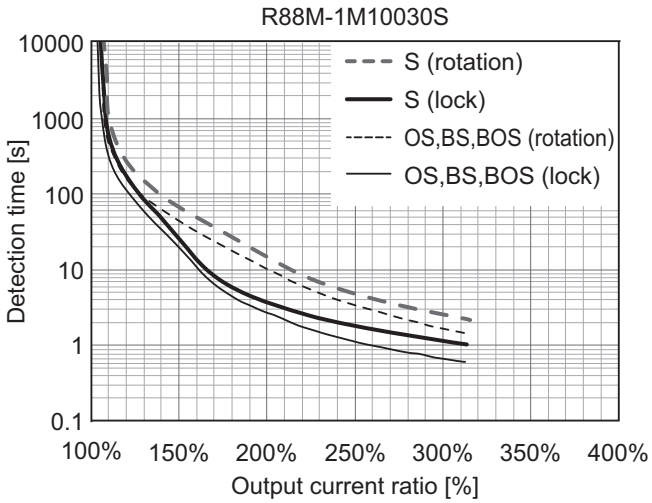
The following graphs show the electronic thermal operation time after continuous operation with 100% load (hot start).
The electronic thermal operation time after a continuous 0% load state (cold start) is longer than that for a hot start.
In cases where models with an oil seal or with a brake have different characteristics, each of their characteristics is described.
The characteristics are the same as those of models with no option unless otherwise specified.
In some models of 1S-series Servo Drives, the detection time of the overload protection function is shorter than existing models. Depending on the operation pattern, an overload warning or error is likely to occur. If the overload warning or error occur, change the operation pattern by increasing the acceleration/deceleration time or the like.

● 100-VAC Servomotors

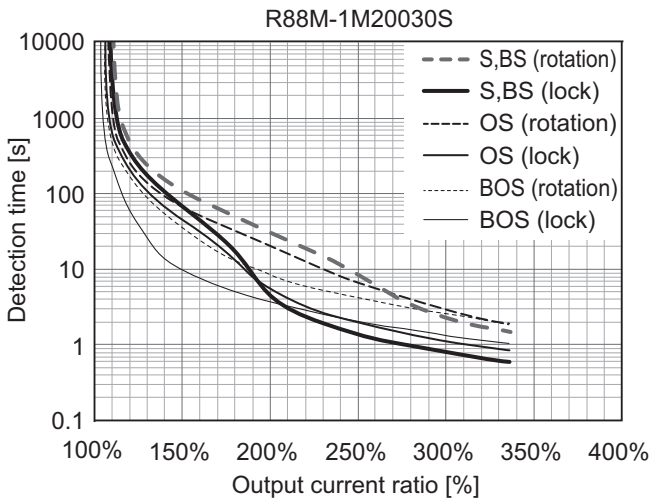
• 50 W



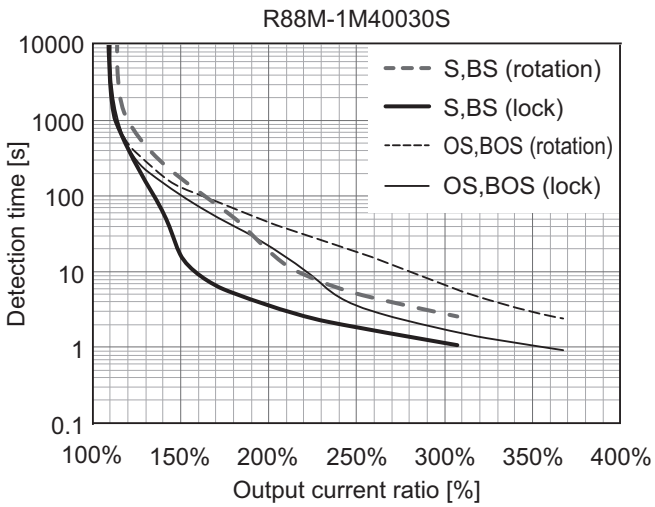
• 100 W



• 200 W

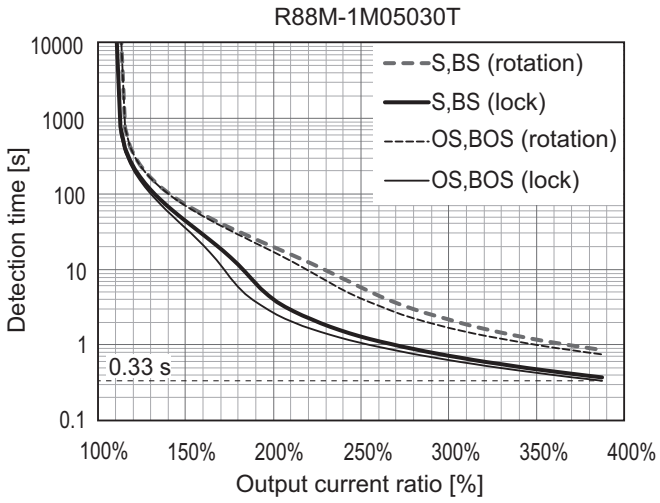


• 400 W

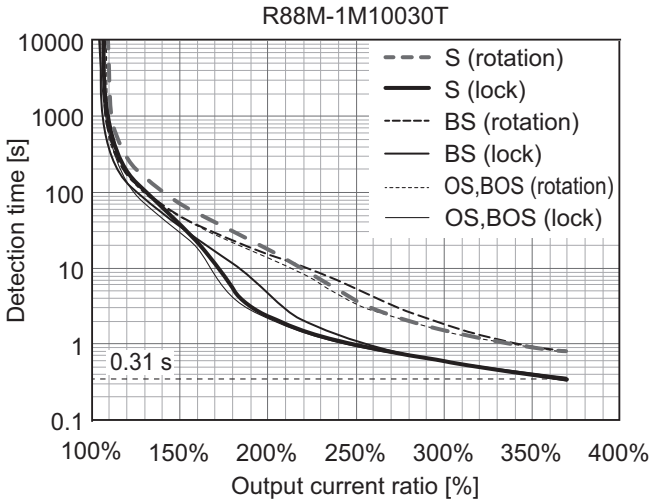


● 200-VAC Servomotors

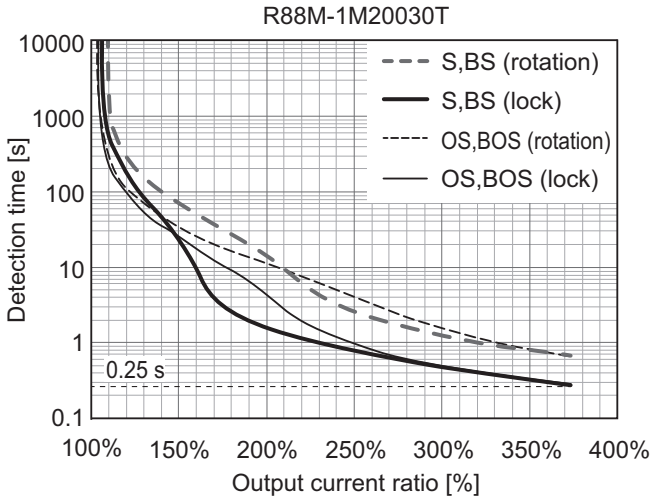
• 50 W



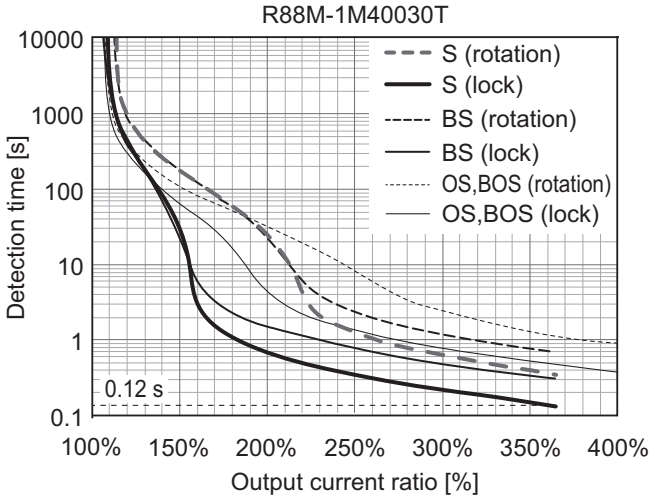
• 100 W



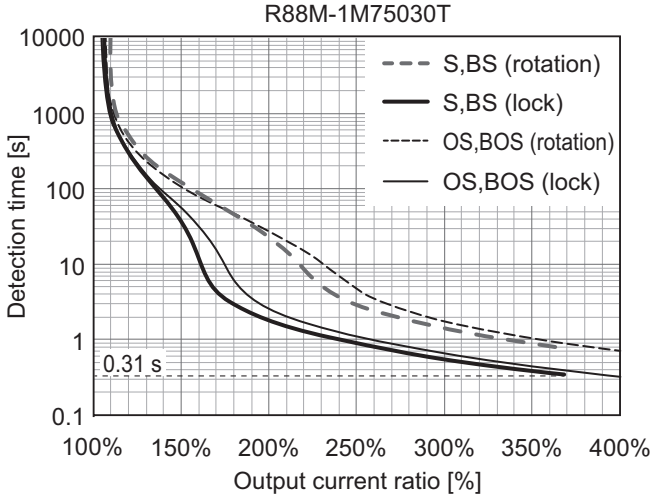
• 200 W



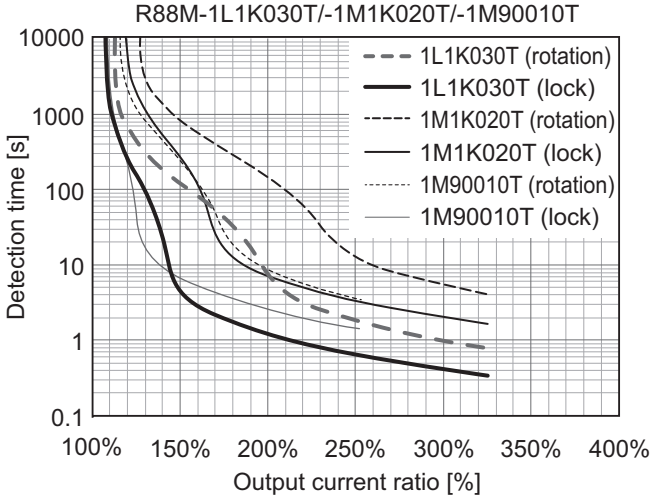
• 400 W



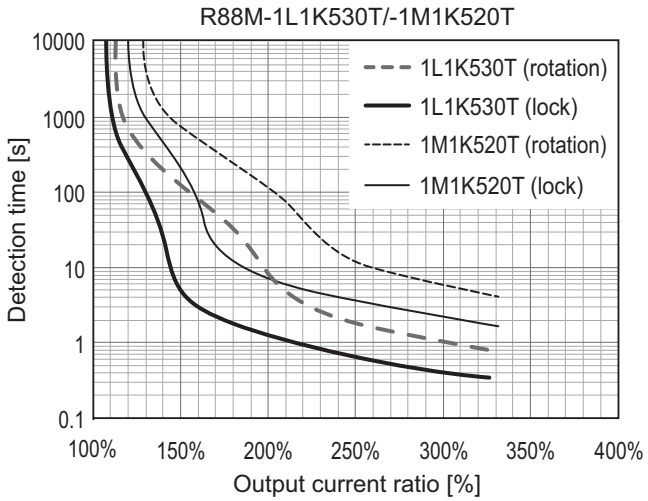
• 750 W



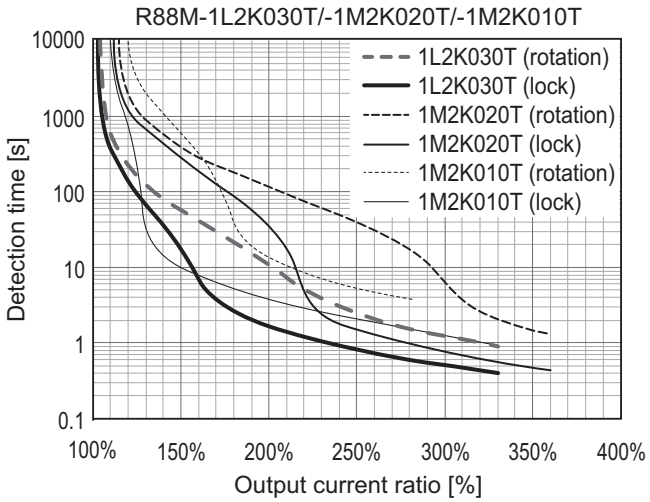
• 900 W, 1 kW



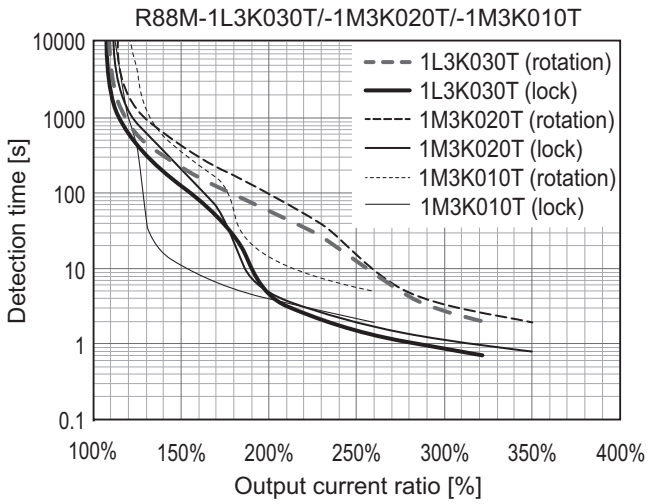
- 1.5 kW



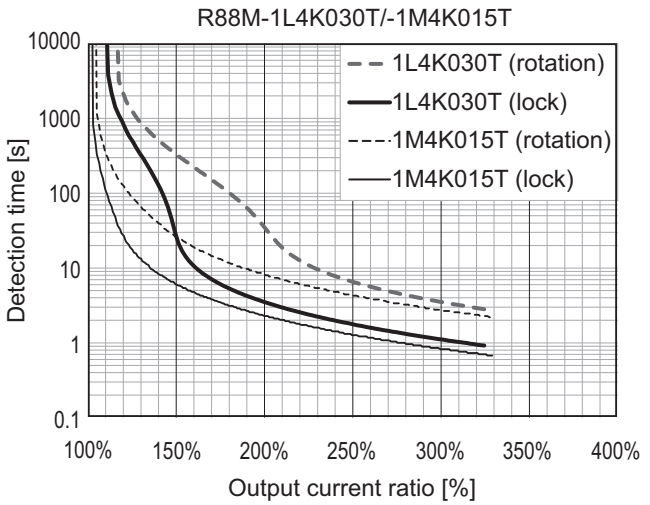
- 2 kW



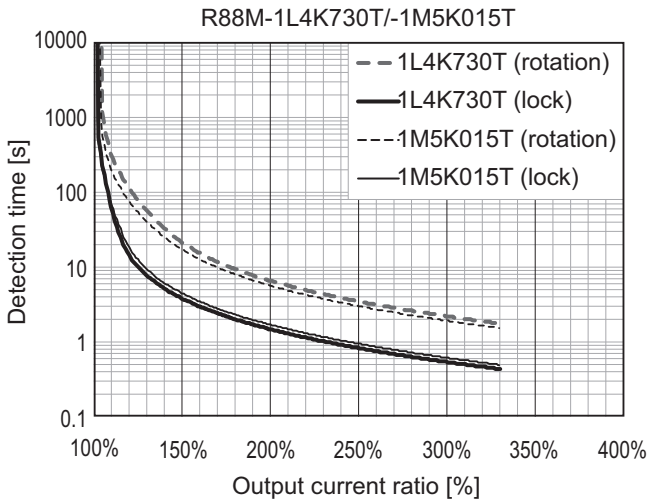
- 3 kW



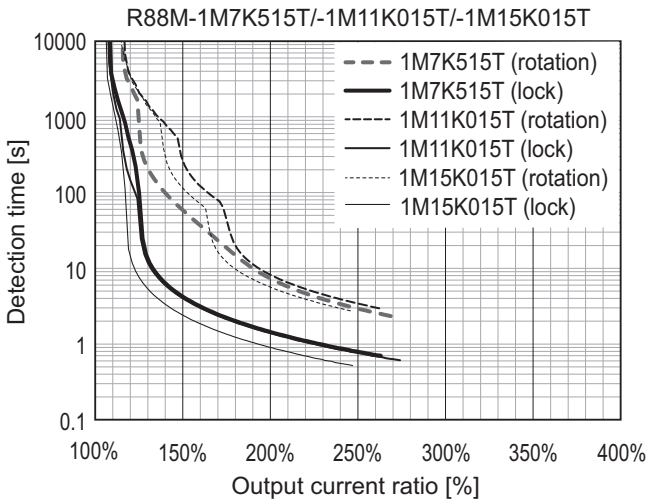
- 4 kW



- 4.7 kW, 5 kW

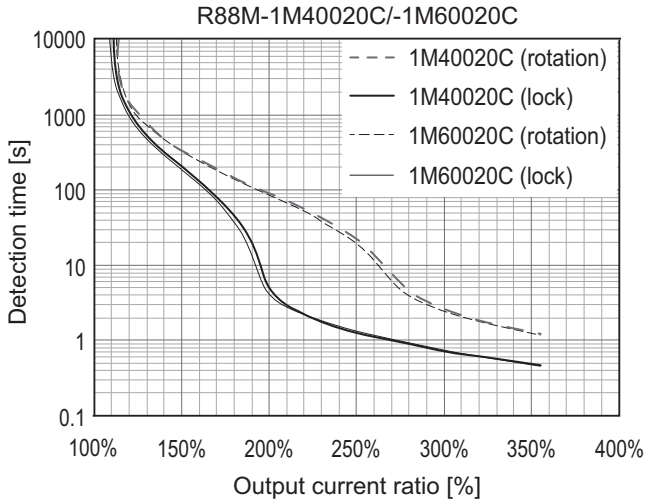


- 7.5 kW, 11 kW, 15 kW

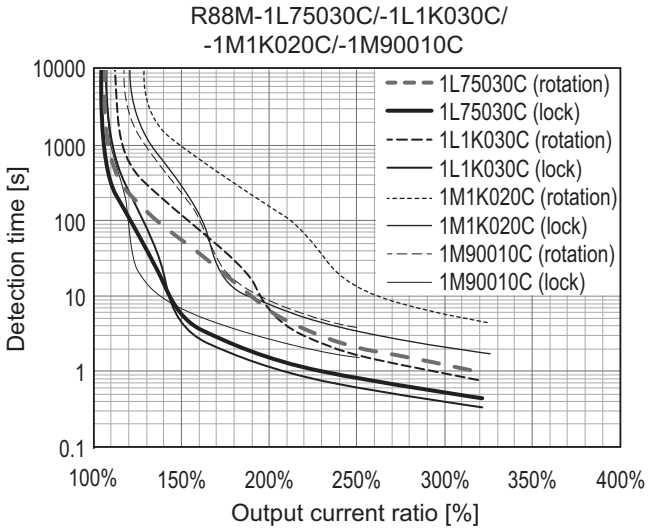


● 400-VAC Servomotors

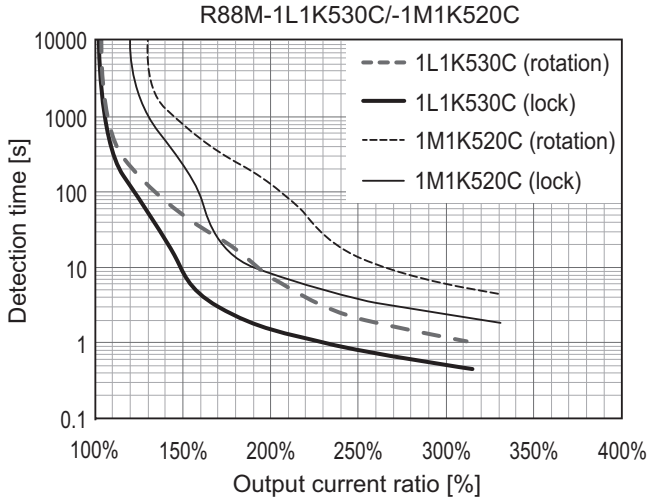
• 400 W, 600 W



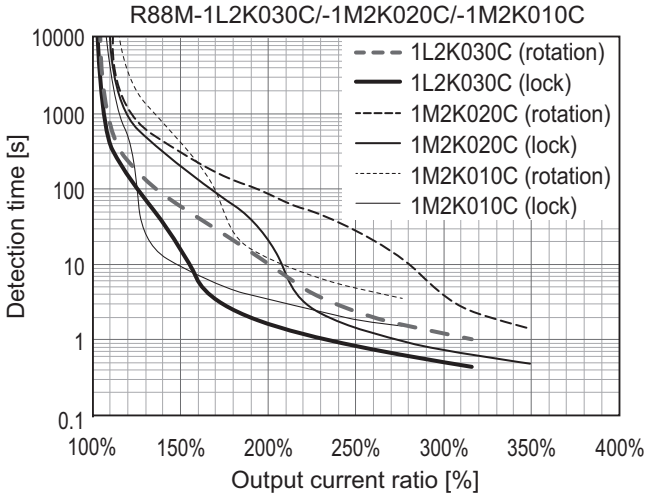
• 750 W, 900 W, 1 kW



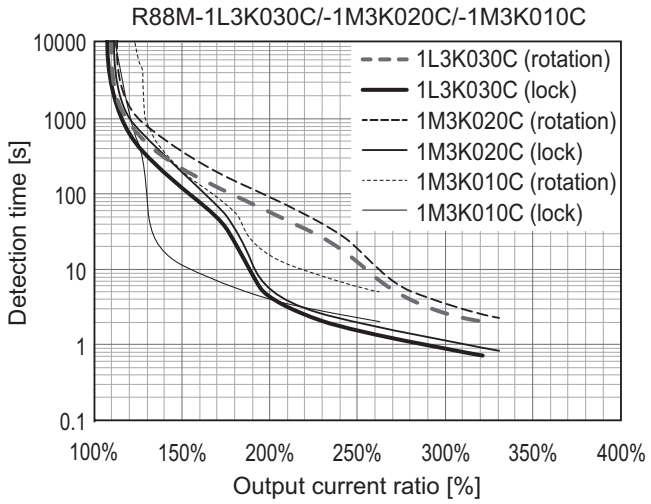
• 1.5 kW



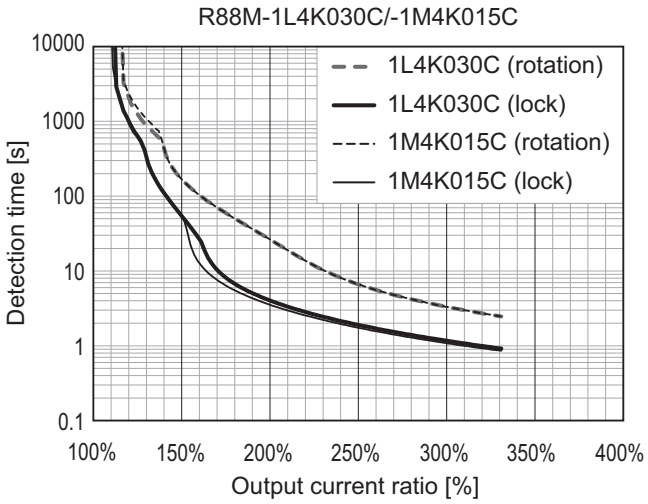
• 2 kW



• 3 kW

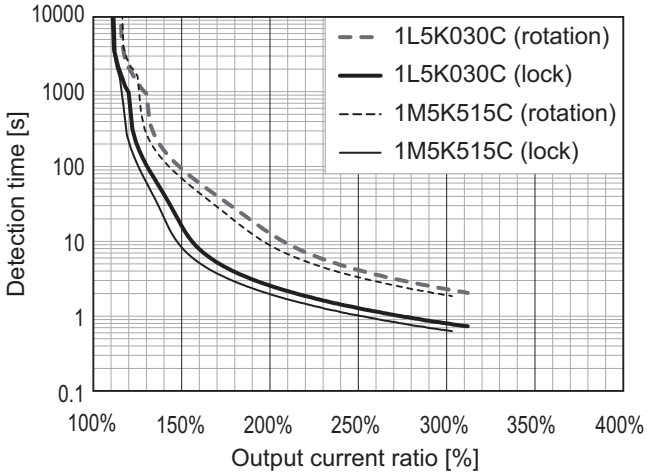


• 4 kW



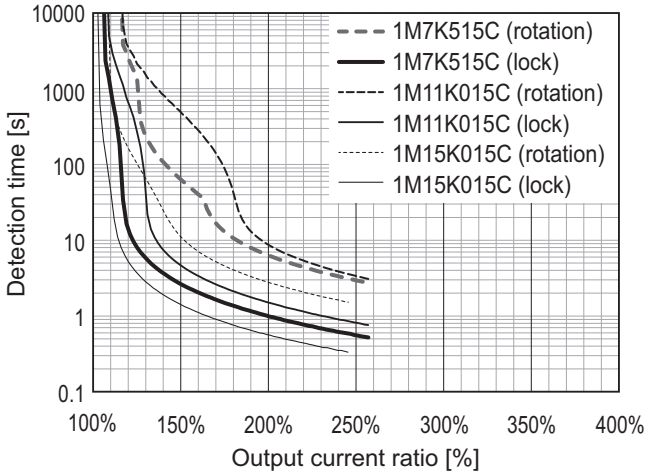
- 5 kW, 5.5 kW

R88M-1L5K030C/-1M5K515C



- 7.5 kW, 11 kW, 15 kW

R88M-1M7K515C/-1M11K015C/-1M15K015C



3-2 Servomotor Specifications

The following 1S-series AC Servomotors are available.

- 3,000-r/min Servomotors
- 2,000-r/min Servomotors
- 1,500-r/min Servomotors
- 1,000-r/min Servomotors

There are various options available, such as models with brakes, or different shaft types.
Select a Servomotor based on the mechanical system's load conditions and the installation environment.

3-2-1 General Specifications

Item			Specifications
Operating ambient temperature and humidity			0 to 40°C 20% to 90% (with no condensation)
Storage ambient temperature and humidity			-20 to 65°C 20% to 90% (with no condensation)
Operating and storage atmosphere			No corrosive gases
Vibration resistance*1			Acceleration of 49 m/s^2 *2 24.5 m/s^2 max. in X, Y, and Z directions when the motor is stopped
Impact resistance			Acceleration of 98 m/s^2 max. 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions
Insulation resistance			Between power terminals and FG terminals: 10 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC Megger)
Dielectric strength			Between power terminals and FG terminals: 1,500 VAC for 1 min (voltage 100 V, 200 V) Between power terminals and FG terminals: 1,800 VAC for 1 min (voltage 400 V) Between brake terminal and FG terminals: 1,000 VAC for 1 min
Insulation class			Class F
Protective structure			IP67 (except for the through-shaft part and connector pins) IP20 if you use a 30-meter or longer encoder cable.
International standard	EU Directives	Low Voltage Directive	EN 60034-1/-5
	UL standards		UL 1004-1/-6
	CSA standards		CSA C22.2 No.100 (with cUR mark)

*1. The amplitude may be increased by machine resonance. As a guideline, 80% of the specified value must not be exceeded.

*2. In the case of Servomotor at 7.5 kW or more, 24.5 m/s^2.

Note 1. Do not use the cable when it is laying in oil or water.
Note 2. Do not expose the cable outlet or connections to stress due to bending or its own weight.

3-2-2 Encoder Specifications

The encoder specifications are shown below.

Item	Specifications
Encoder system	Optical batteryless absolute encoder
Resolution per rotation	23 bits
Multi-rotation data hold	16 bits
Power supply voltage	5 VDC±10%
Current consumption	230 mA max.
Output signal	Serial communications
Output interface	RS485 compliant

It is possible to use an absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.
Refer to *9-13 Encoder-related Objects* on page 9-103 for setting.

3-2-3 Characteristics

3,000-r/min Servomotors

Item		Model (R88M-) / Unit	100 VAC			
			1M05030S	1M10030S	1M20030S	1M40030S
Rated output*1*2		W	50	100	200	400
Rated torque*1*2		N·m	0.159	0.318	0.637	1.27
Rated rotation speed*1*2		r/min	3,000			
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	6,000			
Momentary maximum torque*1*3		N·m	0.48	0.95	1.91	3.8
Rated current*1*2		A (rms)	1.20	1.50	2.50	4.8
Momentary maximum current*1		A (rms)	4.00	4.70	8.40	14.7
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	0.0418	0.0890	0.2232	0.4452
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	0.0496	0.0968	0.2832	0.5052
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	0.810	1.62	4.80	8.40
Torque constant*1		N·m/ A (rms)	0.14	0.24	0.28	0.30
Power rate*1*4		kW/s	6.7	11.9	18.5	36.6
Mechanical time constant*4		ms	1.7	1.1	0.76	0.61
Electrical time constant		ms	0.67	0.84	2.4	2.4
Allowable radial load*5		N	68	68	245	245
Allowable thrust load*5		N	58	58	88	88
Weight	Without brake	kg	0.35	0.52	1.0	1.4
	With brake	kg	0.59	0.77	1.3	1.9
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	250 × 250 × t6 (aluminum)			

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	100 VAC 1M05030S	1M10030S	1M20030S	1M40030S
Brake specifications*6	Excitation voltage*7	V	24 VDC±10%			
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.27	0.27	0.32	0.32
	Static friction torque	N·m	0.32 min.	0.32 min.	1.37 min.	1.37 min.
	Attraction time	ms	25 max.	25 max.	30 max.	30 max.
	Release time*8	ms	15 max.	15 max.	20 max.	20 max.
	Backlash	°	1.2 max.	1.2 max.	1.2 max.	1.2 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	9	9	60	60
	Allowable total work	J	9,000	9,000	60,000	60,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.			
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.			
	Insulation class	---	Class F			

For models with an oil seal, the following derating is used due to increase in friction torque.

Item	Model (R88M-) Unit	1M05030S-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2	1M10030S-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2	1M20030S-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2	1M40030S-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2
Derating rate	%	90	95	95	80
Rated output	W	45	95	190	320
Rated current	A (rms)	1.20	1.50	2.50	4.0

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	200 VAC 1M05030T	1M10030T	1M20030T	1M40030T	1M75030T
Rated output*1*2		W	50	100	200	400	750
Rated torque*1*2		N·m	0.159	0.318	0.637	1.27	2.39
Rated rotation speed*1*2		r/min	3,000				
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	6,000				
Momentary maximum torque*1*3		N·m	0.56*9	1.11*9	2.2*9	4.5*9	8.4*9
Rated current*1*2		A (rms)	0.67	0.84	1.5	2.5	4.6
Momentary maximum current*1		A (rms)	2.60	3.10	5.6	9.1	16.9
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	0.0418	0.0890	0.2232	0.4452	1.8242
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	0.0496	0.0968	0.2832	0.5052	2.0742
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	0.810	1.62	4.80	8.40	19.4
Torque constant*1		N·m/ A (rms)	0.25	0.42	0.48	0.56	0.59
Power rate*1*4		kW/s	6.7	11.9	18.5	36.6	31.4

Item		Model (R88M-) / Unit	200 VAC				
			1M05030T	1M10030T	1M20030T	1M40030T	1M75030T
Mechanical time constant*4		ms	1.7	1.2	0.78	0.56	0.66
Electrical time constant		ms	0.67	0.83	2.4	2.6	3.3
Allowable radial load*5		N	68	68	245	245	490
Allowable thrust load*5		N	58	58	88	88	196
Weight	Without brake	kg	0.35	0.52	1.0	1.4	2.9
	With brake	kg	0.59	0.77	1.3	1.9	3.9
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	250 × 250 × t6 (aluminum)				
Brake specifications*6	Excitation voltage*7	V	24 VDC ±10%				
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.27	0.27	0.32	0.32	0.37
	Static friction torque	N·m	0.32 min.	0.32 min.	1.37 min.	1.37 min.	2.55 min.
	Attraction time	ms	25 max.	25 max.	30 max.	30 max.	40 max.
	Release time*8	ms	15 max.	15 max.	20 max.	20 max.	35 max.
	Backlash	°	1.2 max.	1.2 max.	1.2 max.	1.2 max.	1.0 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	9	9	60	60	250
	Allowable total work	J	9,000	9,000	60,000	60,000	250,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.				
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.				
	Insulation class	---	Class F				

For models with an oil seal, the following derating is used due to increase in friction torque.

Item	Model (R88M-) / Unit	1M05030T-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2	1M10030T-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2	1M20030T-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2	1M40030T-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2	1M75030T-O/ -OS2/ -BO/ -BOS2
Derating rate	%	90	95	95	80	90
Rated output	W	45	95	190	320	675
Rated current	A (rms)	0.67	0.84	1.5	2.1	4.2

Item	Model (R88M-) / Unit	200 VAC			
		1L1K030T	1L1K530T	1L2K030T	1L3K030T
Rated output*1*2	W	1,000	1,500	2,000	3,000
Rated torque*1*2	N·m	3.18	4.77	6.37	9.55

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	200 VAC 1L1K030T	1L1K530T	1L2K030T	1L3K030T
Rated rotation speed*1*2		r/min	3,000			
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	5,000			
Momentary maximum torque*1*3		N·m	9.55	14.3	19.1	28.7
Rated current*1*2		A (rms)	5.2	8.8	12.5	17.1
Momentary maximum current*1		A (rms)	16.9	28.4	41.0	54.7
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	2.1042	2.1042	2.4042	6.8122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	2.5542	2.5542	2.8542	7.3122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	35.3	47.6	60.2	118
Torque constant*1		N·m/ A (rms)	0.67	0.58	0.56	0.62
Power rate*1*4		kW/s	48	108	169	134
Mechanical time constant*4		ms	0.58	0.58	0.50	0.47
Electrical time constant		ms	5.9	6.1	6.4	11
Allowable radial load*5		N	490			
Allowable thrust load*5		N	196			
Weight	Without brake	kg	5.7	5.7	6.4	11.5
	With brake	kg	7.4	7.4	8.1	12.5
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	400 × 400 × t20 (aluminum)		470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)	
Brake specifications*6	Excitation voltage*7	V	24 VDC±10%			
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.66
	Static friction torque	N·m	9.3 min.	9.3 min.	9.3 min.	12 min.
	Attraction time	ms	100 max.	100 max.	100 max.	100 max.
	Release time*8	ms	30 max.	30 max.	30 max.	30 max.
	Backlash	°	1.0 max.	1.0 max.	1.0 max.	0.8 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	500	500	500	1,000
	Allowable total work	J	900,000	900,000	900,000	3,000,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.			
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/ deceleration)	---	10 million times min.			
	Insulation class	---	Class F			

Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

Item	Model (R88M-) Unit	200 VAC 1L4K030T	1L4K730T
Rated output*1*2	W	4,000	4,700
Rated torque*1*2	N·m	12.7	15.0

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	200 VAC 1L4K030T	200 VAC 1L4K730T
Rated rotation speed[*1*2]		r/min	3,000	
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	5,000	
Momentary maximum torque[*1*3]		N·m	38.2	47.7
Rated current[*1*2]		A (rms)	22.8	25.7
Momentary maximum current[*1]		A (rms)	74.0	84.8
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	8.8122	10.6122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	11.3122	13.1122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	213	279
Torque constant[*1]		N·m/ A (rms)	0.63	0.65
Power rate[*1*4]		kW/s	183	209
Mechanical time constant[*4]		ms	0.37	0.37
Electrical time constant		ms	12	12
Allowable radial load[*5]		N	880	880
Allowable thrust load[*5]		N	343	343
Weight	Without brake	kg	13.5	16
	With brake	kg	16	18.5
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)	540 × 540 × t20 (aluminum)
Brake specifications[*6]	Excitation voltage[*7]	V	24 VDC±10%	
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.60	0.60
	Static friction torque	N·m	16 min.	16 min.
	Attraction time	ms	150 max.	150 max.
	Release time[*8]	ms	50 max.	50 max.
	Backlash	°	0.6 max.	0.6 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	350	350
	Allowable total work	J	1,000,000	1,000,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.	
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.	
	Insulation class	---	Class F	

Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

Item	Model (R88M-) Unit	400 VAC 1L75030C	400 VAC 1L1K030C	400 VAC 1L1K530C
Rated output[*1*2]	W	750	1,000	1,500
Rated torque[*1*2]	N·m	2.39	3.18	4.77
Rated rotation speed[*1*2]	r/min	3,000		
Maximum rotation speed	r/min	5,000		

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	400 VAC 1L75030C	1L1K030C	1L1K530C
Momentary maximum torque*1*3		N·m	7.16	9.55	14.3
Rated current*1*2		A (rms)	3.0	3.0	4.5
Momentary maximum current*1		A (rms)	9.6	9.6	14.1
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	1.3042	2.1042	2.1042
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	1.7542	2.5542	2.5542
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	38.6	35.3	47.6
Torque constant*1		N·m/ A (rms)	0.91	1.17	1.17
Power rate*1*4		kW/s	44	48	108
Mechanical time constant*4		ms	1.09	0.6	0.58
Electrical time constant		ms	4.3	5.9	5.9
Allowable radial load*5		N	490		
Allowable thrust load*5		N	196		
Weight	Without brake	kg	4.1	5.7	5.7
	With brake	kg	5.8	7.4	7.4
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	305 × 305 × t20 (aluminum)	400 × 400 × t20 (aluminum)	
Brake specifications*6	Excitation voltage*7	V	24 VDC±10%		
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.70	0.70	0.70
	Static friction torque	N·m	9.3 min.	9.3 min.	9.3 min.
	Attraction time	ms	100 max.	100 max.	100 max.
	Release time*8	ms	30 max.	30 max.	30 max.
	Backlash	°	1.0 max.	1.0 max.	1.0 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	500	500	500
	Allowable total work	J	900,000	900,000	900,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.		
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.		
	Insulation class	---	Class F		

Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

Item	Model (R88M-) Unit	400 VAC 1L2K030C	1L3K030C	1L4K030C	1L5K030C
Rated output*1*2	W	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000
Rated torque*1*2	N·m	6.37	9.55	12.7	15.9
Rated rotation speed*1*2	r/min	3,000			
Maximum rotation speed	r/min	5,000			
Momentary maximum torque*1*3	N·m	19.1	28.7	38.2	47.7

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	400 VAC 1L2K030C	1L3K030C	1L4K030C	1L5K030C
Rated current*1*2		A (rms)	6.3	8.7	12.8	13.6
Momentary maximum current*1		A (rms)	19.8	27.7	42.4	42.4
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	2.4042	6.8122	8.8122	10.6122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	2.8542	7.3122	11.3122	13.1122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	60.2	118	213	279
Torque constant*1		N·m/A (rms)	1.15	1.23	1.11	1.32
Power rate*1*4		kW/s	169	134	183	238
Mechanical time constant*4		ms	0.52	0.49	0.36	0.35
Electrical time constant		ms	6.3	11	12	13
Allowable radial load*5		N	490		880	
Allowable thrust load*5		N	196		343	
Weight	Without brake	kg	6.4	11.5	13.5	16
	With brake	kg	8.1	12.5	16	18.5
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)			540 × 540 × t20 (aluminum)
Brake specifications*6	Excitation voltage*7	V	24 VDC±10%			
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.70	0.66	0.60	0.60
	Static friction torque	N·m	9.3 min.	12 min.	16 min.	16 min.
	Attraction time	ms	100 max.	100 max.	150 max.	150 max.
	Release time*8	ms	30 max.	30 max.	50 max.	50 max.
	Backlash	°	1.0 max.	0.8 max.	0.6 max.	0.6 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	500	1,000	350	350
	Allowable total work	J	900,000	3,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.			
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.			
	Insulation class	---	Class F			

Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

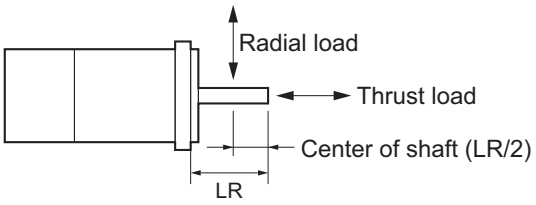
*1. This is a typical value for when the Servomotor is used at a normal temperature (20°C, 65%) in combination with a Servo Drive.

*2. The rated values are the values with which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.

*3. The momentary maximum torque is approximately 300% of the rated torque except for some models.

*4. This value is for models without options.

*5. The allowable radial and thrust loads are the values determined for a limit of 20,000 hours at normal operating temperatures.
The allowable radial loads are applied as shown in the following diagram.

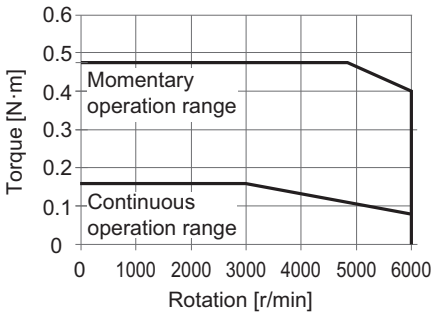


*6. When the brake is released for a vertical axis, refer to *7-6 Brake Interlock* on page 7-21 to set an appropriate value for Brake Interlock Output (4610 hex).
*7. This is a non-excitation brake. It is released when excitation voltage is applied.
*8. This value is a reference value.
*9. The momentary maximum torque is approximately 350% of the rated torque. The detection time of the overload protection function is short when the momentary maximum torque is output. Refer to *3-1-17 Overload Characteristics (Electronic Thermal Function)* on page 3-35.

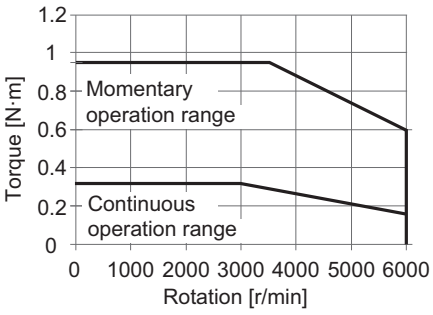
● Torque-Rotation Speed Characteristics for 3,000-r/min Servomotors (100 VAC)

The following graphs show the characteristics with a 3-m standard cable and a 100-VAC input.

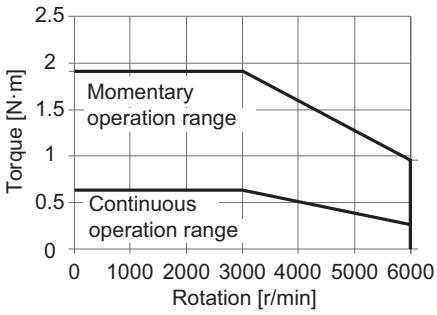
- R88M-1M05030S



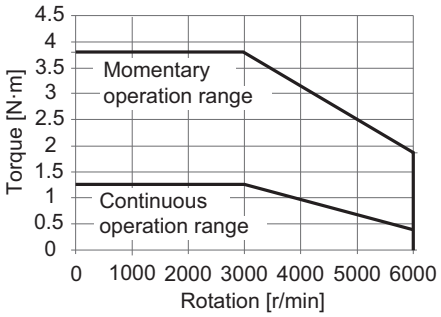
- R88M-1M10030S



- R88M-1M20030S



- R88M-1M40030S

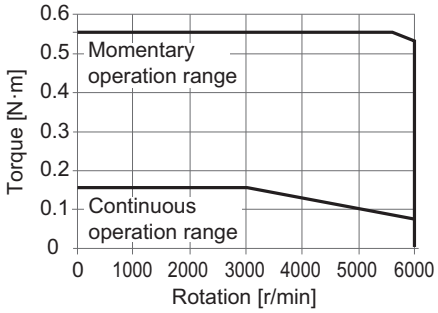


Note The continuous operation range is the range in which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.
Continuous operation at the maximum speed is also possible. However, doing so will reduce the output torque.

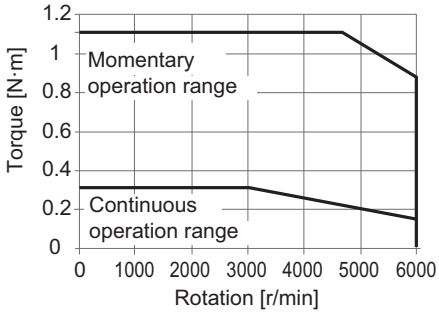
● Torque-Rotation Speed Characteristics for 3,000-r/min Servomotors (200 VAC)

The following graphs show the characteristics with a 3-m standard cable and a 3-phase 200-VAC or single-phase 220-VAC input.

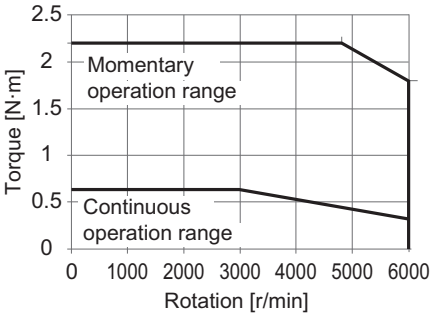
• R88M-1M05030T



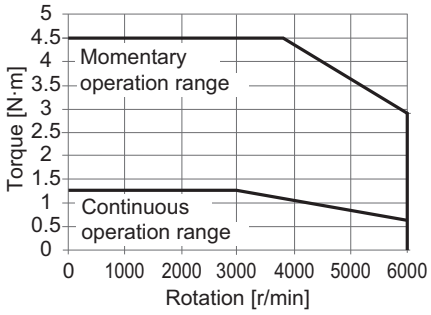
• R88M-1M10030T



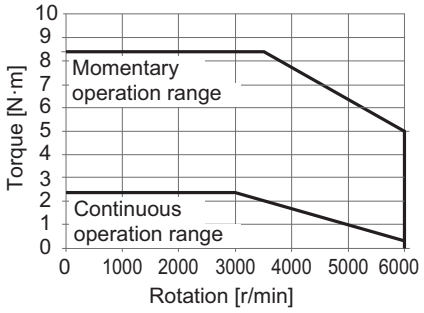
• R88M-1M20030T



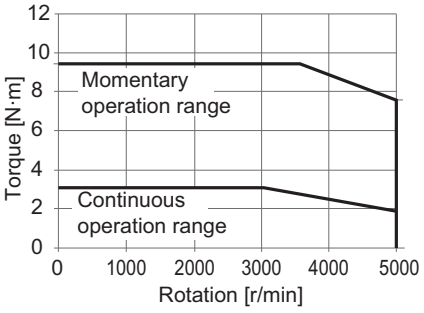
• R88M-1M40030T



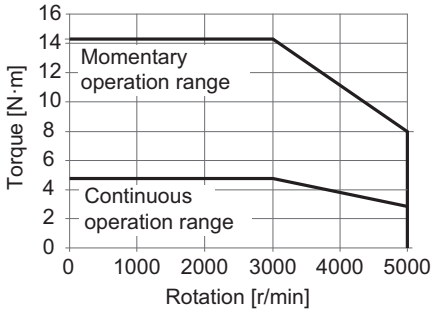
• R88M-1M75030T



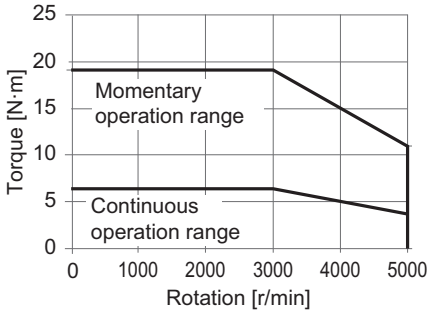
• R88M-1L1K030T



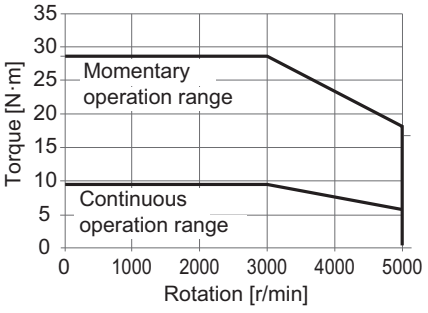
• R88M-1L1K530T



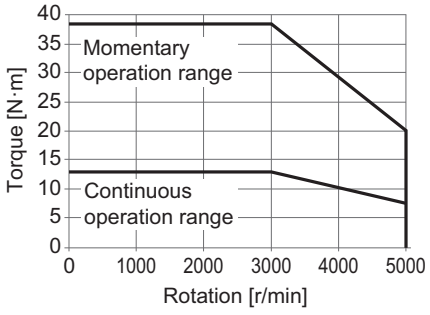
• R88M-1L2K030T



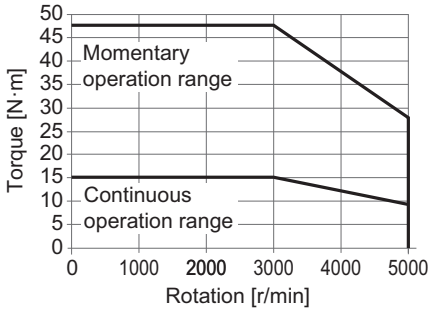
• R88M-1L3K030T



• R88M-1L4K030T



• R88M-1L4K730T

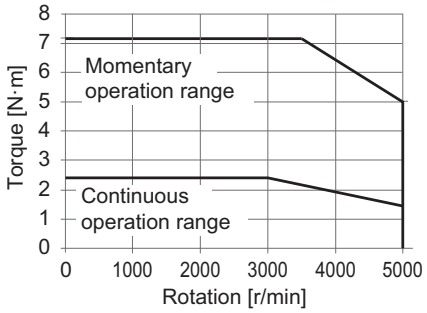


Note The continuous operation range is the range in which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.
Continuous operation at the maximum speed is also possible. However, doing so will reduce the output torque.

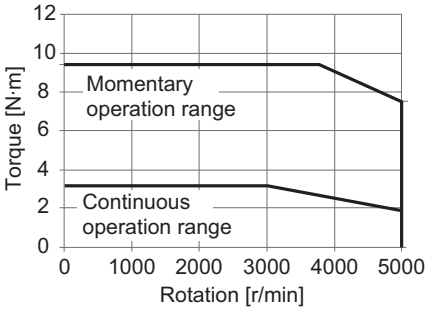
● Torque-Rotation Speed Characteristics for 3,000-r/min Servomotors (400 VAC)

The following graphs show the characteristics with a 3-m standard cable and a 3-phase 400-VAC input.

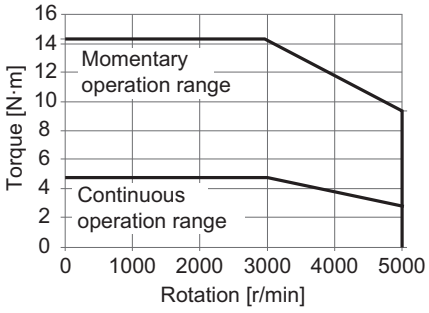
• R88M-1L75030C



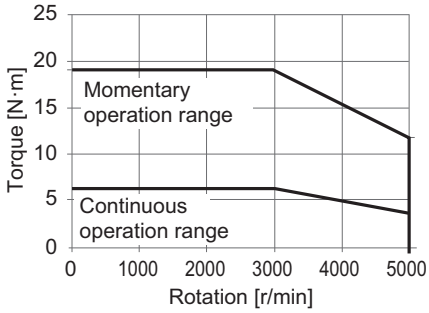
• R88M-1L1K030C



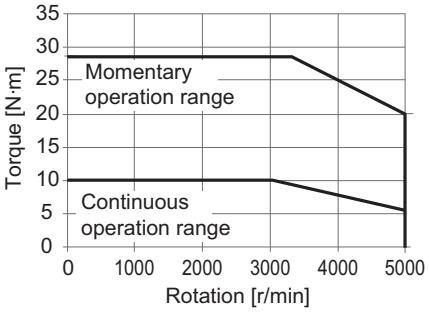
• R88M-1L1K530C



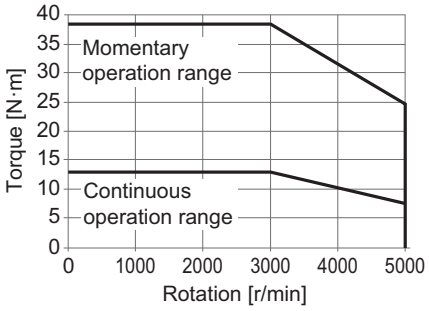
• R88M-1L2K030C



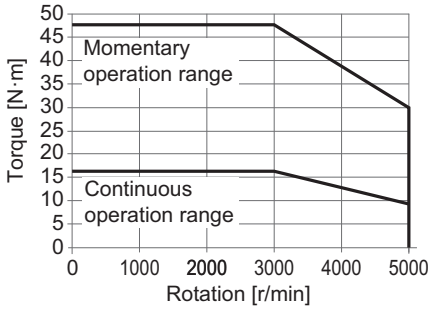
• R88M-1L3K030C



• R88M-1L4K030C



• R88M-1L5K030C



Note The continuous operation range is the range in which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.
Continuous operation at the maximum speed is also possible. However, doing so will reduce the output torque.

2,000-r/min Servomotors

Item		Model (R88M-) / Unit	200 VAC			
			1M1K020T	1M1K520T	1M2K020T	1M3K020T
Rated output[*1*2]		W	1,000	1,500	2,000	3,000
Rated torque[*1*2]		N·m	4.77	7.16	9.55	14.3
Rated rotation speed[*1*2]		r/min	2,000			
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	3,000			
Momentary maximum torque[*1]		N·m	14.3	21.5	28.7	43.0
Rated current[*1*2]		A (rms)	5.2	8.6	11.3	15.7
Momentary maximum current[*1]		A (rms)	16.9	28.4	40.6	54.7
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	6.0042	9.0042	12.2042	15.3122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	6.5042	9.5042	12.7042	17.4122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	59.0	79.9	100	142
Torque constant[*1]		N·m/A (rms)	0.93	0.83	0.85	0.93
Power rate[*1*3]		kW/s	38	57	75	134
Mechanical time constant[*3]		ms	0.94	0.78	0.81	0.80
Electrical time constant		ms	13	15	14	19
Allowable radial load[*4]		N	490			784
Allowable thrust load[*4]		N	196			343
Weight	Without brake	kg	6.6	8.5	10	12
	With brake	kg	8.6	10.5	12	15
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	400 × 400 × t20 (aluminum)	470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)		
Brake specifications[*5]	Excitation voltage[*6]	V	24 VDC±10%			
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.51	0.51	0.66	0.60
	Static friction torque	N·m	9.0 min.	9.0 min.	12 min.	16 min.
	Attraction time	ms	100 max.	100 max.	100 max.	150 max.
	Release time[*7]	ms	30 max.	30 max.	30 max.	50 max.
	Backlash	°	0.6 max.	0.6 max.	0.6 max.	0.6 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	1,000	1,000	1,000	350
	Allowable total work	J	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	1,000,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.			
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.			
	Insulation class	---	Class F			

Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

Item		Model (R88M-) / Unit	400 VAC		
			1M40020C	1M60020C	1M1K020C
Rated output[*1*2]		W	400	600	1,000
Rated torque[*1*2]		N·m	1.91	2.86	4.77
Rated rotation speed[*1*2]		r/min	2,000		
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	3,000		
Momentary maximum torque[*1]		N·m	5.73	8.59	14.3
Rated current[*1*2]		A (rms)	1.1	1.6	2.9
Momentary maximum current[*1]		A (rms)	3.9	5.5	9.4
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	2.5042	3.9042	6.0042
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	2.8472	4.2472	6.5042
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	19.0	23.5	59.0
Torque constant[*1]		N·m/A (rms)	1.75	1.84	1.69
Power rate[*1*3]		kW/s	14.6	21.0	38
Mechanical time constant[*3]		ms	1.57	1.21	0.94
Electrical time constant		ms	6.8	7.8	13
Allowable radial load[*4]		N	490		
Allowable thrust load[*4]		N	196		
Weight	Without brake	kg	3.9	4.7	6.6
	With brake	kg	4.8	5.8	8.6
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	305 × 305 × t12 (aluminum)		400 × 400 × t20 (aluminum)
Brake specifications[*5]	Excitation voltage[*6]	V	24 VDC±10%		
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.30	0.30	0.51
	Static friction torque	N·m	3.92 min.	3.92 min.	9.0 min.
	Attraction time	ms	40 max.	40 max.	100 max.
	Release time[*7]	ms	25 max.	25 max.	30 max.
	Backlash	°	1.0 max.	1.0 max.	0.6 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	330	330	1,000
	Allowable total work	J	330,000	330,000	3,000,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.		
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.		
	Insulation class	---	Class F		

Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	400 VAC 1M1K520C	1M2K020C	1M3K020C
Rated output*1*2		W	1,500	2,000	3,000
Rated torque*1*2		N·m	7.16	9.55	14.3
Rated rotation speed*1*2		r/min	2,000		
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	3,000		
Momentary maximum torque*1		N·m	21.5	28.7	43.0
Rated current*1*2		A (rms)	4.1	5.7	8.6
Momentary maximum current*1		A (rms)	13.5	19.8	28.3
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	9.0042	12.2042	15.3122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	9.5042	12.7042	17.4122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	79.9	100	142
Torque constant*1		N·m/A (rms)	1.75	1.75	1.74
Power rate*1*3		kW/s	57	75	134
Mechanical time constant*3		ms	0.85	0.80	0.76
Electrical time constant		ms	13	14	20
Allowable radial load*4		N	490		784
Allowable thrust load*4		N	196		343
Weight	Without brake	kg	8.5	10	12
	With brake	kg	10.5	12	15
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)		
Brake specifications*5	Excitation voltage*6	V	24 VDC±10%		
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.51	0.66	0.60
	Static friction torque	N·m	9.0 min.	12 min.	16 min.
	Attraction time	ms	100 max.	100 max.	150 max.
	Release time*7	ms	30 max.	30 max.	50 max.
	Backlash	°	0.6 max.	0.6 max.	0.6 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	1,000	1,000	350
	Allowable total work	J	3,000,000	3,000,000	1,000,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.		
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.		
	Insulation class	---	Class F		

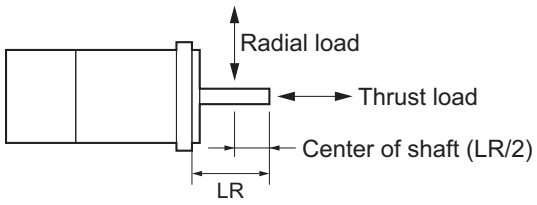
Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

*1. This is a typical value for when the Servomotor is used at a normal temperature (20°C, 65%) in combination with a Servo Drive.

*2. The rated values are the values with which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.

*3. This value is for models without options.

*4. The allowable radial and thrust loads are the values determined for a limit of 20,000 hours at normal operating temperatures.
The allowable radial loads are applied as shown in the following diagram.

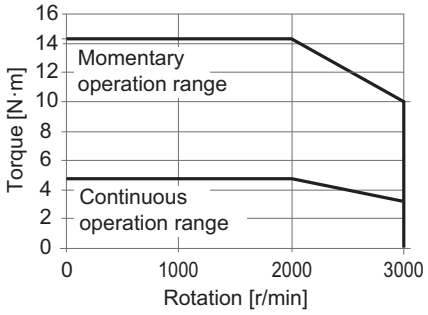


*5. When the brake is released for a vertical axis, refer to *7-6 Brake Interlock* on page 7-21 to set an appropriate value for Brake Interlock Output (4610 hex).
*6. This is a non-excitation brake. It is released when excitation voltage is applied.
*7. This value is a reference value.

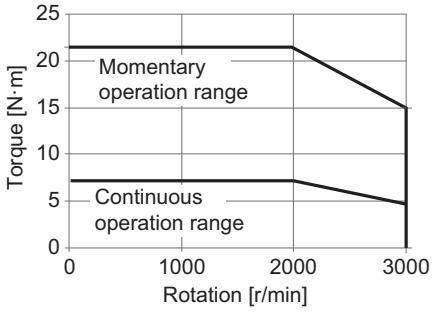
● Torque-Rotation Speed Characteristics for 2,000-r/min Servomotors (200 VAC)

The following graphs show the characteristics with a 3-m standard cable and a 3-phase 200-VAC or single-phase 220-VAC input.

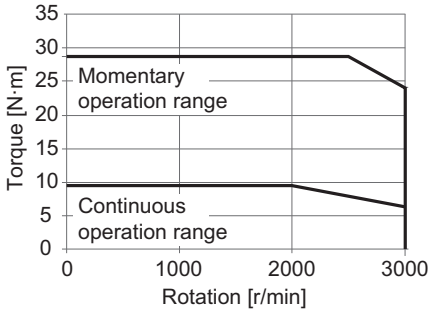
• R88M-1M1K020T



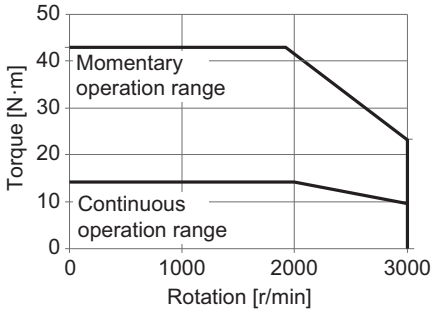
• R88M-1M1K520T



• R88M-1M2K020T



• R88M-1M3K020T

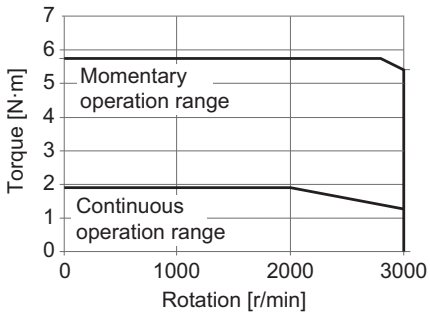


Note The continuous operation range is the range in which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.
Continuous operation at the maximum speed is also possible. However, doing so will reduce the output torque.

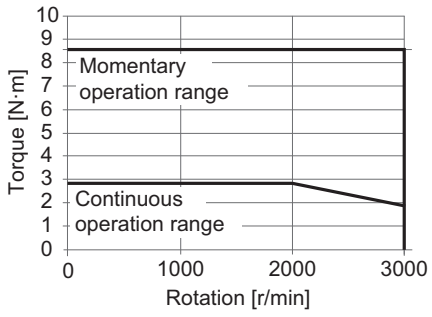
● Torque-Rotation Speed Characteristics for 2,000-r/min Servomotors (400 VAC)

The following graphs show the characteristics with a 3-m standard cable and a 400-VAC input.

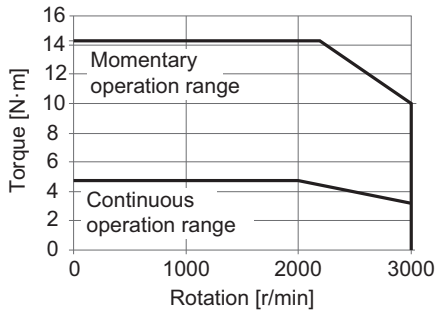
• R88M-1M40020C



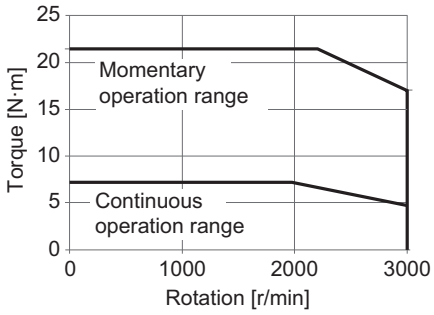
• R88M-1M60020C



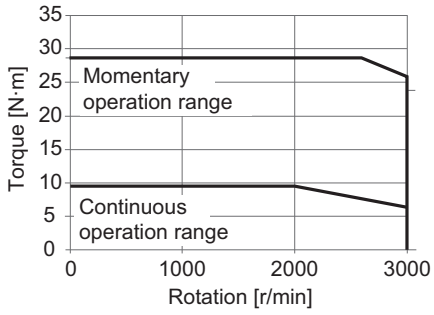
• R88M-1M1K020C



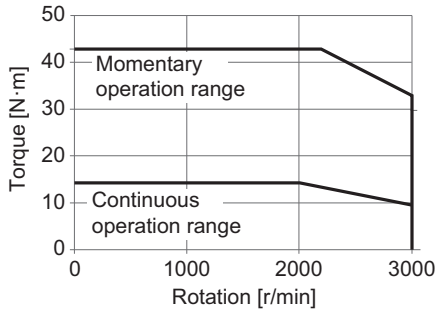
• R88M-1M1K520C



• R88M-1M2K020C



• R88M-1M3K020C



Note The continuous operation range is the range in which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.
Continuous operation at the maximum speed is also possible. However, doing so will reduce the output torque.

1,500-r/min Servomotors

Item		Model (R88M-) / Unit	200 VAC				
			1M4K015T	1M5K015T	1M7K515T	1M11K015T	1M15K015T
Rated output*1*2		W	4,000	5,000	7,500	11,000	15,000
Rated torque*1*2		N·m	25.5	31.8	47.8	70.0	95.5
Rated rotation speed*1*2		r/min	1,500				
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	3,000			2,000	
Momentary maximum torque*1		N·m	75.0	95.0	119	175	224
Rated current*1*2		A (rms)	25.7	25.8	41.2	57.0	60.7
Momentary maximum current*1		A (rms)	84.8	84.8	113.0	150.0	150.0
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	54.0122	77.0122	113.0122	229.0122	340.0122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	60.0122	83.0122	118.0122	253.0122	365.0122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	687	955	1,070	2,200	3,110
Torque constant*1		N·m/A (rms)	1.08	1.36	1.29	1.40	1.79
Power rate*1*3		kW/s	120	131	202	214	268
Mechanical time constant*3		ms	1.0	1.1	0.75	0.61	0.56
Electrical time constant		ms	19	19	24	32	32
Allowable radial load*4		N	1,200	1,470	1,470	2,500	2,500
Allowable thrust load*4		N	343	490	490	686	686
Weight	Without brake	kg	21	29	39	63	85
	With brake	kg	26	34	45	73	99
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)	540 × 540 × t20 (aluminum)		670 × 630 × t35 (aluminum)	

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	200 VAC 1M4K015T	1M5K015T	1M7K515T	1M11K015T	1M15K015T
Brake specifications*5	Excitation voltage*6	V	24 DC ±10%				
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.7	0.92
	Static friction torque	N·m	32 min.	42 min.	54.9 min.	90 min.	100 min.
	Attraction time	ms	150 max.	150 max.	300 max.	300 max.	600 max.
	Release time*7	ms	60 max.	60 max.	140 max.	140 max.	215 max.
	Backlash	°	0.8 max.	0.8 max.	0.2 max.	0.2 max.	0.2 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	1,400	1,400	830	1,400	1,400
	Allowable total work	J	4,600,000	4,600,000	2,500,000	4,600,000	6,100,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.		5,000 max.	3,000 max.	
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.				
	Insulation class	---	Class F				

Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	400 VAC 1M4K015C	1M5K515C	1M7K515C	1M11K015C	1M15K015C
Rated output*1*2		W	4,000	5,500	7,500	11,000	15,000
Rated torque*1*2		N·m	25.5	35.0	47.8	70.0	95.5
Rated rotation speed*1*2		r/min	1,500				
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	3,000			2,000	
Momentary maximum torque*1		N·m	75.0	95.0	119	175	224
Rated current*1*2		A (rms)	12.8	14.0	22.0	31.4	33.3
Momentary maximum current*1		A (rms)	42.4	42.4	56.5	80.7	81.2
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	54.0122	77.0122	113.0122	229.0122	340.0122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	60.0122	83.0122	118.0122	253.0122	365.0122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	687	955	1,070	2,200	3,110
Torque constant*1		N·m/A (rms)	2.07	2.68	2.49	2.60	3.27
Power rate*1*3		kW/s	120	159	202	214	268
Mechanical time constant*3		ms	1.2	1.0	0.78	0.63	0.62
Electrical time constant		ms	18	19	23	29	29

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	400 VAC 1M4K015C	1M5K515C	1M7K515C	1M11K015C	1M15K015C
Allowable radial load*4		N	1,200	1,470	1,470	2,500	2,500
Allowable thrust load*4		N	343	490	490	686	686
Weight	Without brake	kg	21	29	39	63	85
	With brake	kg	26	34	45	73	99
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)	540 × 540 × t20 (aluminum)		670 × 630 × t35 (aluminum)	
Brake specifications*5	Excitation voltage*6	V	24 DC ±10%				
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.7	0.92
	Static friction torque	N·m	32 min.	42 min.	54.9 min.	90 min.	100 min.
	Attraction time	ms	150 max.	150 max.	300 max.	300 max.	600 max.
	Release time*7	ms	60 max.	60 max.	140 max.	140 max.	215 max.
	Backlash	°	0.8 max.	0.8 max.	0.2 max.	0.2 max.	0.2 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	1,400	1,400	830	1,400	1,400
	Allowable total work	J	4,600,000	4,600,000	2,500,000	4,600,000	6,100,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.		5,000 max.	3,000 max.	
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.				
	Insulation class	---	Class F				

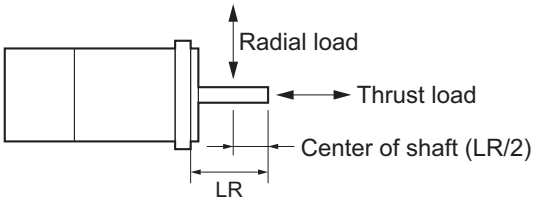
Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

*1. This is a typical value for when the Servomotor is used at a normal temperature (20°C, 65%) in combination with a Servo Drive.

*2. The rated values are the values with which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.

*3. This value is for models without options.

*4. The allowable radial and thrust loads are the values determined for a limit of 20,000 hours at normal operating temperatures.
The allowable radial loads are applied as shown in the following diagram.



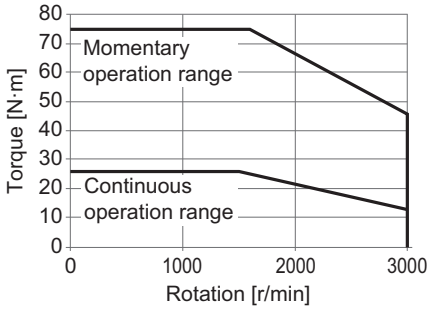
*5. When the brake is released for a vertical axis, refer to *7-6 Brake Interlock* on page 7-21 to set an appropriate value for Brake Interlock Output (4610 hex).

*6. This is a non-excitation brake. It is released when excitation voltage is applied.
*7. This value is a reference value.

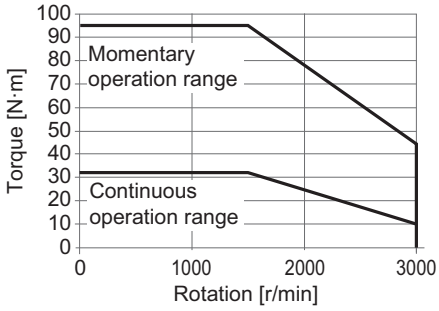
● Torque-Rotation Speed Characteristics for 1,500-r/min Servomotors (200 VAC)

The following graphs show the characteristics with a 3-m standard cable and a 3-phase 200-VAC input.

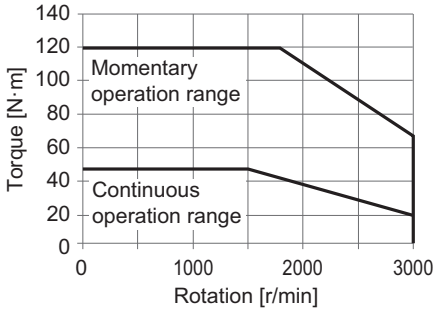
• R88M-1M4K015T



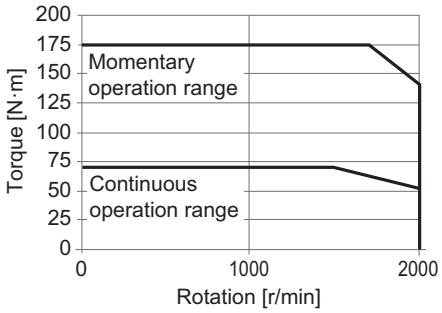
• R88M-1M5K015T



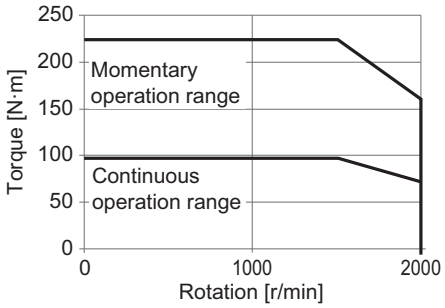
• R88M-1M7K515T



• R88M-1M11K015T



• R88M-1M15K015T

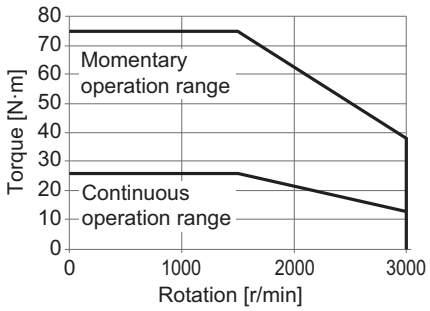


Note The continuous operation range is the range in which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.
Continuous operation at the maximum speed is also possible. However, doing so will reduce the output torque.

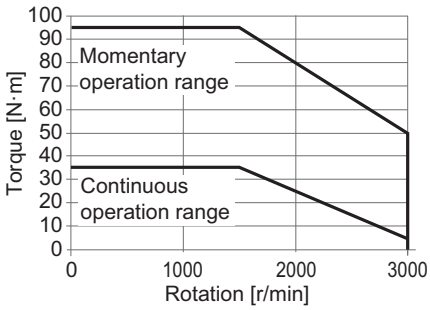
● Torque-Rotation Speed Characteristics for 1,500-r/min Servomotors (400 VAC)

The following graphs show the characteristics with a 3-m standard cable and a 400-VAC input.

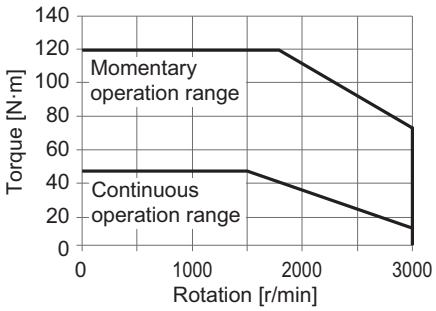
• R88M-1M4K015C



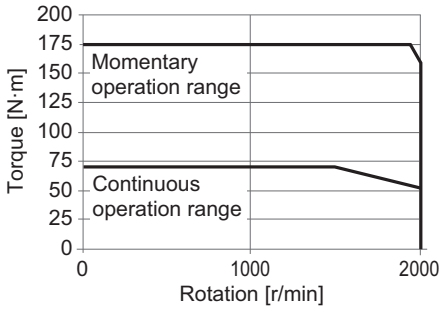
• R88M-1M5K515C



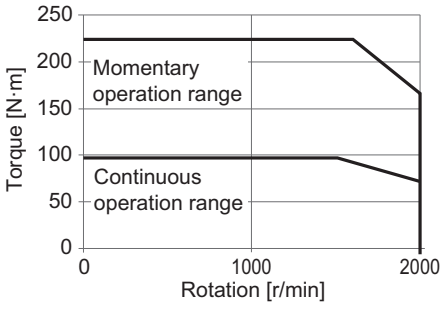
• R88M-1M7K515C



• R88M-1M11K015C



• R88M-1M15K015C



Note The continuous operation range is the range in which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.
Continuous operation at the maximum speed is also possible. However, doing so will reduce the output torque.

1,000-r/min Servomotors

Item		Model (R88M-) / Unit	200 VAC 1M90010T	200 VAC 1M2K010T	200 VAC 1M3K010T
Rated output[*1*2]		W	900	2,000	3,000
Rated torque[*1*2]		N·m	8.59	19.1	28.7
Rated rotation speed[*1*2]		r/min	1,000		
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	2,000		
Momentary maximum torque[*1]		N·m	19.3	47.7	71.7
Rated current[*1*2]		A (rms)	6.7	14.4	21.2
Momentary maximum current[*1]		A (rms)	16.9	40.6	54.7
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	9.0042	40.0122	68.0122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	9.5042	45.1122	73.1122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	79.9	314	492
Torque constant[*1]		N·m/A (rms)	1.28	1.45	1.51
Power rate[*1*3]		kW/s	82	91	121
Mechanical time constant[*3]		ms	0.77	1.0	0.83
Electrical time constant		ms	15	18	22
Allowable radial load[*4]		N	686	1,176	1,470
Allowable thrust load[*4]		N	196	490	
Weight	Without brake	kg	8.5	18	28
	With brake	kg	10.5	22	33
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)		540 × 540 × t20 (aluminum)
Brake specifications[*5]	Excitation voltage[*6]	V	24 DC ±10%		
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.51	1.2	1.0
	Static friction torque	N·m	9.0 min.	22 min.	42 min.
	Attraction time	ms	100 max.	120 max.	150 max.
	Release time[*7]	ms	30 max.	50 max.	60 max.
	Backlash	°	0.6 max.	0.8 max.	0.8 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	1,000	1,400	1,400
	Allowable total work	J	3,000,000	4,600,000	4,600,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.		
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.		
	Insulation class	---	Class F		

Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

Item		Model (R88M-) Unit	400 VAC 1M90010C	1M2K010C	1M3K010C
Rated output[*1*2]		W	900	2,000	3,000
Rated torque[*1*2]		N·m	8.59	19.1	28.7
Rated rotation speed[*1*2]		r/min	1,000		
Maximum rotation speed		r/min	2,000		
Momentary maximum torque[*1]		N·m	19.3	47.7	71.7
Rated current[*1*2]		A (rms)	3.6	7.1	10.6
Momentary maximum current[*1]		A (rms)	9.0	19.5	27.7
Rotor inertia	Without brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	9.0042	40.0122	68.0122
	With brake	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	9.5042	45.1122	73.1122
Applicable load inertia		× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	79.9	314	492
Torque constant[*1]		N·m/A (rms)	2.41	3.00	2.97
Power rate[*1*3]		kW/s	82	91	121
Mechanical time constant[*3]		ms	0.88	1.2	0.92
Electrical time constant		ms	13	16	19
Allowable radial load[*4]		N	686	1,176	1,470
Allowable thrust load[*4]		N	196	490	
Weight	Without brake	kg	8.5	18	28
	With brake	kg	10.5	22	33
Radiator plate dimensions (material)		mm	470 × 470 × t20 (aluminum)		540 × 540 × t20 (aluminum)
Brake specifications[*5]	Excitation voltage[*6]	V	24 DC ±10%		
	Current consumption (at 20°C)	A	0.51	1.2	1.0
	Static friction torque	N·m	9.0 min.	22 min.	42 min.
	Attraction time	ms	100 max.	120 max.	150 max.
	Release time[*7]	ms	30 max.	50 max.	60 max.
	Backlash	°	0.6 max.	0.8 max.	0.8 max.
	Allowable braking work	J	1,000	1,400	1,400
	Allowable total work	J	3,000,000	4,600,000	4,600,000
	Allowable angular acceleration	rad/s^2	10,000 max.		
	Brake lifetime (acceleration/deceleration)	---	10 million times min.		
	Insulation class	---	Class F		

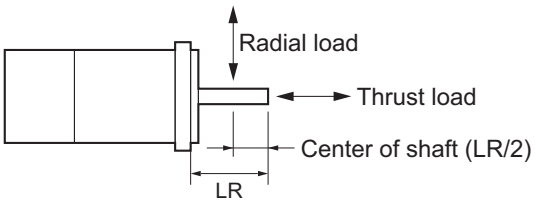
Note For the models listed in the table above, there is no derating with an oil seal.

*1. This is a typical value for when the Servomotor is used at a normal temperature (20°C, 65%) in combination with a Servo Drive.

*2. The rated values are the values with which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.

*3. This value is for models without options.

*4. The allowable radial and thrust loads are the values determined for a limit of 20,000 hours at normal operating temperatures.
The allowable radial loads are applied as shown in the following diagram.

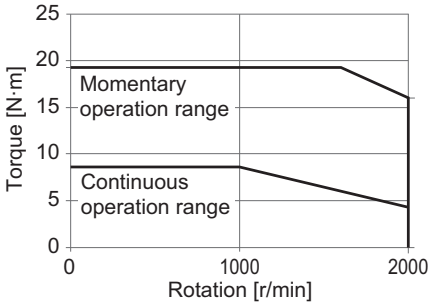


*5. When the brake is released for a vertical axis, refer to *7-6 Brake Interlock* on page 7-21 to set an appropriate value for Brake Interlock Output (4610 hex).
*6. This is a non-excitation brake. It is released when excitation voltage is applied.
*7. This value is a reference value.

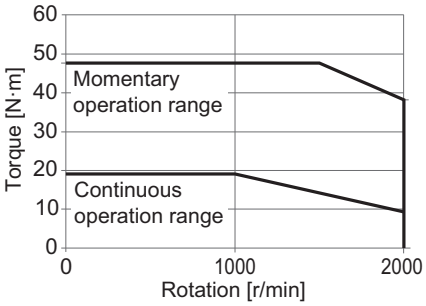
● Torque-Rotation Speed Characteristics for 1,000-r/min Servomotors (200/400 VAC)

The following graphs show the characteristics with a 3-m standard cable and a single-phase 220-VAC or 3-phase 400-VAC input.

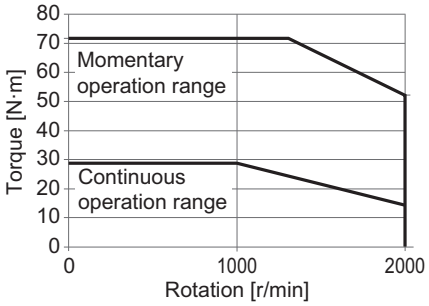
• R88M-1M90010T



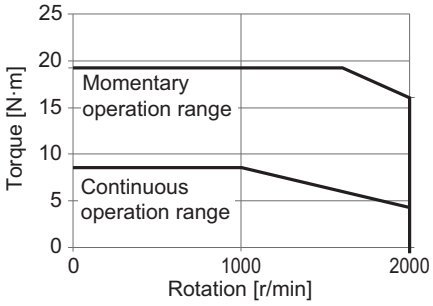
• R88M-1M2K010T



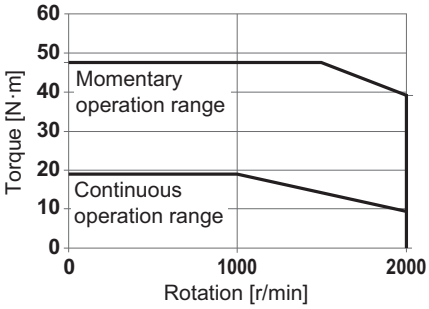
• R88M-1M3K010T



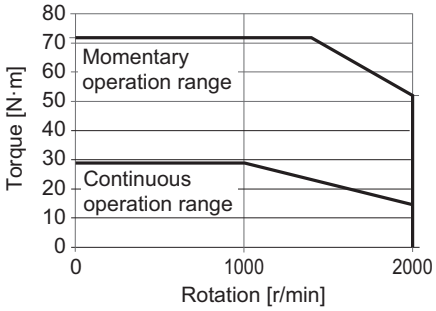
• R88M-1M90010C



• R88M-1M2K010C



• R88M-1M3K010C



Note The continuous operation range is the range in which continuous operation is possible at an ambient temperature of 40ºC when the Servomotor is horizontally installed on a specified radiator plate.
Continuous operation at the maximum speed is also possible. However, doing so will reduce the output torque.

3-3 Decelerator Specifications

The following tables list the Decelerator models for 1S-series Servomotors. Select an appropriate model based on the Servomotor rated output.

Backlash: 3 Arcminutes Max.

● For 3,000-r/min Servomotors

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Rated rota-tion speed	Rated torque	Effi-ciency	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum rota-tion speed	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum torque	Deceler-ator in-ertia	Allow-able radial load	Allow-able thrust load	Wei ght
			r/min	N·m	%	r/min	N·m	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	N	N	kg
50 W (100 V)	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B□	142	2.1	62.6	285	8.4	0.05	340	1358	1.0
	1/33	R88G-HPG14A33050B□	90	3.6	68.4	181	13.4	0.044	389	1555	1.0
	1/45	R88G-HPG14A45050B□	66	4.9	68.4	133	18.3	0.044	427	1707	1.0
50 W (200 V)	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B□	142	2.1	62.6	285	9.9	0.05	340	1358	1.0
	1/33	R88G-HPG14A33050B□	90	3.6	68.4	181	15.9	0.044	389	1555	1.0
	1/45	R88G-HPG14A45050B□	66	4.9	68.4	133	21.7	0.044	427	1707	1.0
100 W (100 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG11B05100B□	600	1.2	77.0	1200	4.2	0.005	135	538	0.3
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11100B□	272	2.5	72.1	545	9.0	0.06	280	1119	1.0
	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B□	142	5.2	77.8	285	17.5	0.05	340	1358	1.0
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33100B□	90	6.8	65.2	181	26.9	0.065	916	3226	2.4
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45100B□	66	9.8	68.2	133	37.1	0.063	1006	3541	2.4
100 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG11B05100B□	600	1.2	77.0	1200	4.9	0.005	135	538	0.3
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11100B□	272	2.5	72.1	545	10.6	0.06	280	1119	1.0
	1/21	R88G-HPG14A21100B□	142	5.2	77.8	285	20.7	0.05	340	1358	1.0
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33100B□	90	6.8	65.2	181	31.9	0.065	916	3226	2.4
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45100B□	66	9.8	68.2	133	44.0	0.063	1006	3541	2.4
200 W (100 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05200B□	600	2.4	75.4	1200	8.3	0.207	221	883	1.0
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11200B□	272	5.8	82.6	545	18.8	0.197	280	1119	1.1
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21200B□	142	10.2	76.2	285	35.9	0.49	800	2817	2.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33200B□	90	17.0	80.6	181	57.3	0.45	916	3226	2.9
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45200B□	66	23.5	82.1	133	78.5	0.45	1006	3541	2.9
200 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05200B□	600	2.4	75.4	1200	9.7	0.207	221	883	1.0
	1/11	R88G-HPG14A11200B□	272	5.8	82.6	545	21.8	0.197	280	1119	1.1
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21200B□	142	10.2	76.2	285	41.7	0.49	800	2817	2.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG20A33200B□	90	17.0	80.6	181	66.5	0.45	916	3226	2.9
	1/45	R88G-HPG20A45200B□	66	23.5	82.1	133	91.1	0.45	1006	3541	2.9
400 W (100 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05400B□	600	5.3	84.2	1200	17.1	0.207	221	883	1.1
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11400B□	272	11.4	81.6	545	38.1	0.57	659	2320	2.9
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21400B□	142	23.0	86.1	285	74.0	0.49	800	2817	2.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33400B□	90	33.8	80.7	181	114.0	0.62	1565	6240	7.5
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400B□	66	46.6	81.5	133	155.9	0.61	1718	6848	7.5

Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio	Model	Rated rotation speed	Rated torque	Efficiency	Momentary maximum rotation speed	Momentary maximum torque	Decelerator inertia	Allowable radial load	Allowable thrust load	Weight
			r/min	N·m	%	r/min	N·m	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	N	N	kg
400 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG14A05400B□	600	5.3	84.2	1200	20.4	0.207	221	883	1.1
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11400B□	272	11.4	81.6	545	45.5	0.57	659	2320	2.9
	1/21	R88G-HPG20A21400B□	142	23.0	86.1	285	88.1	0.49	800	2817	2.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33400B□	90	33.8	80.7	181	136.2	0.62	1565	6240	7.5
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400B□	66	46.6	81.5	133	186.1	0.61	1718	6848	7.5
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG20A05750B□	600	9.9	82.9	1200	38.7	0.68	520	1832	2.9
	1/11	R88G-HPG20A11750B□	272	20.0*1	87.2	545	86.7	0.6	659	2320	3.1
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A21750B□	142	42.1	84.0	285	163.3	3.0	1367	5448	7.8
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33750B□	90	69.3	87.9	181	259.7	2.7	1565	6240	7.8
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45750B□	66	94.9	88.3	133	299.0*2	2.7	1718	6848	7.8
750 W (400 V)	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	600	7.7	64.3	1000	30.6	3.8	889	3542	7.4
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	272	20.5	78.0	454	70.9	3.4	1126	4488	7.9
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	142	42.1	84.0	238	138.3	3.0	1367	5448	7.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB□	90	69.3	87.9	151	220.4	2.7	1565	6240	7.9
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	66	92.0	85.5	111	298.0	4.7	4538	15694	19.0
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	600	11.5	72.2	1000	42.0	3.8	889	3542	7.4
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	272	28.9	82.5	454	96.1	3.4	1126	4488	7.9
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	142	58.1	86.9	238	186.5	3.0	1367	5448	7.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	90	90.9	86.7	151	292.7	4.8	4135	14300	19.0
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	66	126.1	88.1	111	401.3	4.7	4538	15694	19.0
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	600	19.1	80.1	1000	64.8	3.8	889	3542	7.4
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	272	45.7	87.0	454	146.3	3.4	1126	4488	7.9
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B□	142	90.1	90.0	238	282.2	3.0	1367	5448	7.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	90	141.3	89.8	151	443.2	4.8	4135	14300	19.0
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B□	66	194.8	90.8	111	606.5	4.7	4538	15694	19.0
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B□	600	26.8	84.1	1000	87.9	3.8	889	3542	7.4
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B□	272	62.5	89.3	454	197.0	3.4	1126	4488	7.9
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0B□	142	119.0	89.0	238	375.7	5.8	3611	12486	19.0
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0B□	90	192.0	91.3	151	595.3	4.8	4135	14300	19.0
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B□	600	42.0	88.1	1000	134.0	3.8	889	3542	7.3
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A113K0B□	272	93.9	89.3	454	296.1	7.7	2974	10285	19.0
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B□	142	183.1	91.3	238	569.2	5.8	3611	12486	19.0
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B□	600	57.2	90.0	1000	179.6	3.8	889	3542	7.9
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	272	127.1	91.0	454	396.4	8.8	2974	10285	19.1
4.7 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0B□	600	65.6	87.4	1000	222.5	12.0	2347	8118	18.6
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	272	151.4	91.8	454	496.7	8.8	2974	10285	19.1
5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0B□	600	69.9	87.9	1000	222.5	12.0	2347	8118	18.6
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B□	272	160.9	92.0	454	496.7	8.8	2974	10285	19.1

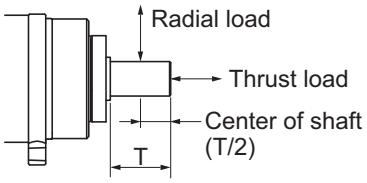
*1. The value is the allowable continuous output torque of the Decelerator. Take care so that this value is not exceeded.

*2. The value is the maximum allowable torque of the Decelerator. Take care so that this value is not exceeded.

Note 1. The Decelerator inertia is the Servomotor shaft conversion value.

Note 2. The protective structure rating of the Servomotor with the Decelerator is IP44.

Note 3. The Allowable radial load column shows the values obtained at the center of the shaft (T/2).



Note 4. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.
A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at ☐ of the model number.

Note 5. Take care so that the surface temperature of the Decelerator does not exceed 70°C.

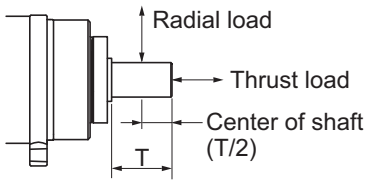
● For 2,000-r/min Servomotors

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Rated rota-tion speed	Rated torque	Effi-ciency	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum rota-tion speed	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum torque	Decelera-tor in-ertia	Allow-able radial load	Allow-able thrust load	Wei ght
			r/min	N·m	%	r/min	N·m	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	N	N	kg
400 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B☐	400	6.5	68.4	600	24.9	3.8	889	3542	7.4
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B☐	181	16.8	79.9	272	57.1	3.4	1126	4488	7.9
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B☐	95	34.0	84.9	142	111.1	3.0	1367	5448	7.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB☐	60	55.6	88.2	90	176.6	2.7	1565	6240	7.9
	1/45	R88G-HPG32A45400SB☐	44	76.0	88.5	66	241.1	2.7	1718	6848	7.9
600 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0B☐	400	11.1	77.6	600	38.6	3.8	889	3542	7.4
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0B☐	181	26.8	85.3	272	87.3	3.4	1126	4488	7.9
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K5B☐	95	53.2	88.6	142	168.7	3.0	1367	5448	7.9
	1/33	R88G-HPG32A33600SB☐	60	85.7	90.8	90	267.2	2.7	1565	6240	7.9
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K5B☐	44	115.1	89.4	66	362.6	4.7	4538	15694	19.0
1 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B☐	400	20.3	85.0	600	66.0	3.8	889	3542	7.3
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB☐	181	47.0	89.6	272	147.6	3.4	1126	4488	7.8
	1/21	R88G-HPG32A211K0SB☐	95	91.7	91.5	142	283.8	2.9	1367	5448	7.8
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB☐	60	143.9	91.4	90	445.8	4.7	4135	14300	19.0
	1/45	R88G-HPG50A451K0SB☐	44	197.6	92.1	66	609.3	4.7	4538	15694	19.0
1.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B☐	400	31.7	88.7	600	100.6	3.8	889	3542	7.3
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB☐	181	72.2	91.7	272	223.7	3.4	1126	4488	7.8
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B☐	95	137.6	91.5	142	426.7	5.8	3611	12486	19.0
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB☐	60	219.6	92.9	90	673.9	4.7	4135	14300	19.0
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A053K0B☐	400	43.2	90.5	600	135.1	3.8	889	3542	7.3
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A112K0SB☐	181	97.5	92.8	272	299.7	3.4	1126	4488	7.8
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0B☐	95	185.8	92.7	142	571.9	5.8	3611	12486	19.0
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A332K0SB☐	60	270.0*1	93.5	90	849.0*2	4.7	4135	14300	19.0
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A054K0B☐	400	66.0	92.3	600	203.8	3.8	889	3542	7.9
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0B☐	181	146.1	92.9	272	449.2	8.8	2974	10285	19.1
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A213K0SB☐	95	260.0*1	93.6	142	849.0*2	6.9	3611	12486	19.1
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A253K0SB☐	80	322.9	90.3	120	1011.7	14	7846	28654	52.0

*1. The value is the allowable continuous output torque of the Decelerator. Take care so that this value is not exceeded.

*2. The value is the maximum allowable torque of the Decelerator. Take care so that this value is not exceeded.

Note 1. The Decelerator inertia is the Servomotor shaft conversion value.
Note 2. The protective structure rating of the Servomotor with the Decelerator is IP44.
Note 3. The Allowable radial load column shows the values obtained at the center of the shaft (T/2).



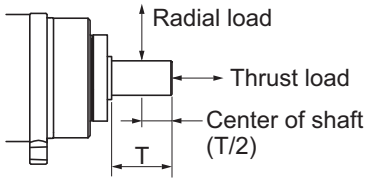
Note 4. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.
A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at ☐ of the model number.
Note 5. Take care so that the surface temperature of the Decelerator does not exceed 70°C.

● For 1,500-r/min Servomotors

Servomotor rated output	Reduction ratio	Model	Rated rotation speed	Rated torque	Efficiency	Momentary maximum rotation speed	Momentary maximum torque	Decelerator inertia	Allowable radial load	Allowable thrust load	Weight
			r/min	N·m	%	r/min	N·m	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	N	N	kg
4 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB☐	300	119.0	93.4	600	356.6	11	2347	8118	22.0
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB☐	136	217.9*1	94.3	272	788.2	8.4	2974	10285	23.5
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB☐	75	474.9	93.1	150	1425.3	14	7338	26799	55.4
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB☐	60	596.0	93.5	120	1784.0	14	7846	28654	55.4
5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A054K5TB☐	300	149.3	93.9	600	452.6	12	2347	8118	22.0
	1/12	R88G-HPG65A127K5SB☐	125	354.1	92.8	250	1082.2	66	6295	22991	52.0
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A204K5TB☐	75	595.9	93.7	150	1809.3	53	7338	26799	52.0
5.5 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A054K5TB☐	300	164.6	94.1	600	452.6	12	2347	8118	22.0
	1/12	R88G-HPG65A127K5SB☐	125	391.0	93.1	250	1082.2	66	6295	22991	52.0
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A204K5TB☐	75	657.3	93.9	150	1809.3	53	7338	26799	52.0

*1. The value is the allowable continuous output torque of the Decelerator. Take care so that this value is not exceeded.

Note 1. The Decelerator inertia is the Servomotor shaft conversion value.
Note 2. The protective structure rating of the Servomotor with the Decelerator is IP44.
Note 3. The Allowable radial load column shows the values obtained at the center of the shaft (T/2).



Note 4. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.
A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at ☐ of the model number.
Note 5. Take care so that the surface temperature of the Decelerator does not exceed 70°C.

● For 1,000-r/min Servomotors

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Rated rota-tion speed	Rated torque	Effi-ciency	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum rota-tion speed	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum torque	Deceler-ator in-ertia	Allow-able radial load	Allow-able thrust load	Wei ght
			r/min	N·m	%	r/min	N·m	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	N	N	kg
900 W	1/5	R88G-HPG32A05900TB□	200	39.8	92.6	400	91.2	3.8	889	3542	7.9
	1/11	R88G-HPG32A11900TB□	90	88.7	93.9	181	201.8	3.4	1126	4488	8.4
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A21900TB□	47	169.2	93.8	95	385.1	7.0	3611	12486	19.1
	1/33	R88G-HPG50A33900TB□	30	267.5	94.4	60	606.8	5.9	4135	14300	19.1
2 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG32A052K0TB□	200	90.2	94.5	400	227.5	5.2	889	3542	8.90
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A112K0TB□	90	198.9	94.7	181	500.9	8.4	2974	10285	20.1
	1/21	R88G-HPG50A212K0TB□	47	320.1*1	94.8	95	849.0*2	6.5	3611	12486	20.1
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	40	446.7	93.6	80	1133.1	14	7846	28654	55.4
3 kW	1/5	R88G-HPG50A055K0SB□	200	135.4	94.4	400	341.8	11	2347	8118	22.0
	1/11	R88G-HPG50A115K0SB□	90	246.2*1	94.9	181	754.4	8.4	2974	10285	23.5
	1/20	R88G-HPG65A205K0SB□	50	540.4	94.2	100	1366.0	14	7338	26799	55.4
	1/25	R88G-HPG65A255K0SB□	40	677.1	94.4	80	1709.1	14	7846	28654	55.4

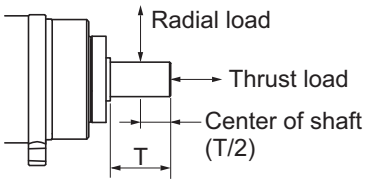
*1. The value is the allowable continuous output torque of the Decelerator. Take care so that this value is not exceeded.

*2. The value is the maximum allowable torque of the Decelerator. Take care so that this value is not exceeded.

Note 1. The Decelerator inertia is the Servomotor shaft conversion value.

Note 2. The protective structure rating of the Servomotor with the Decelerator is IP44.

Note 3. The Allowable radial load column shows the values obtained at the center of the shaft (T/2).



Note 4. The standard shaft type is a straight shaft.
A model with a key and tap is indicated with "J" at □ of the model number.

Note 5. Take care so that the surface temperature of the Decelerator does not exceed 70°C.

Backlash: 15 Arcminutes Max.

● For 3,000-r/min Servomotors

Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Rated rota-tion speed	Rated torque	Effi-ciency	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum rota-tion speed	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum torque	Decelera-tor in-ertia	Allow-able radial load	Allow-able thrust load	Wei ght
			r/min	N·m	%	r/min	N·m	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	N	N	kg
50 W (100 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	600	0.65	82	1200	1.97	0.060	392	196	0.55
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	333	1.17	82	667	3.54	0.050	441	220	0.55
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	200	1.84	77	400	5.54	0.053	588	294	0.70
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	120	3.06	77	240	9.24	0.051	686	343	0.70
50 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	600	0.65	82	1200	2.30	0.060	392	196	0.55
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	333	1.17	82	667	4.13	0.050	441	220	0.55
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	200	1.84	77	400	6.47	0.053	588	294	0.70
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	120	3.06	77	240	10.78	0.051	686	343	0.70
100 W (100 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	600	1.43	90	1200	4.28	0.060	392	196	0.55
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	333	2.58	90	667	7.70	0.050	441	220	0.55
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	200	4.10	86	400	12.26	0.053	588	294	0.70
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	120	6.84	86	240	20.43	0.051	686	343	0.70
100 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B100CJ	600	1.43	90	1200	5.00	0.060	392	196	0.55
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09B100CJ	333	2.58	90	667	8.23*1	0.050	441	220	0.55
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15B100CJ	200	4.10	86	400	14.10*1	0.053	588	294	0.70
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25B100CJ	120	6.84	86	240	21.90*1	0.051	686	343	0.70
200 W (100 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B200CJ	600	2.93	92	1200	8.79	0.147	392	196	0.72
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C200CJ	333	4.76	83	667	14.27	0.273	931	465	1.70
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C200CJ	200	8.22	86	400	24.64	0.302	1176	588	2.10
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C200CJ	120	13.70	86	240	41.07	0.293	1323	661	2.10
200 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05B200CJ	600	2.93	92	1200	9.94*1	0.147	392	196	0.72
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C200CJ	333	4.76	83	667	16.43	0.273	931	465	1.70
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C200CJ	200	8.22	86	400	28.38	0.302	1176	588	2.10
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C200CJ	120	13.70	86	240	47.30	0.293	1323	661	2.10
400 W (100 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C400CJ	600	5.59	88	1200	16.72	0.370	784	392	1.70
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C400CJ	333	10.06	88	667	30.10	0.273	931	465	1.70
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C400CJ	200	16.95	89	400	50.73	0.302	1176	588	2.10
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C400CJ	120	28.26	89	240	84.55	0.293	1323	661	2.10
400 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C400CJ	600	5.59	88	1200	19.80	0.370	784	392	1.70
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09C400CJ	333	10.06	88	667	34.00*1	0.273	931	465	1.70
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15C400CJ	200	16.95	89	400	56.70*1	0.302	1176	588	2.10
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25C400CJ	120	28.26	89	240	92.40*1	0.293	1323	661	2.10

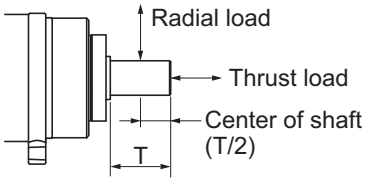
Servo-motor rated output	Re-duc-tion ratio	Model	Rated rota-tion speed	Rated torque	Effi-ciency	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum rota-tion speed	Mo-men-tary maxi-mum torque	Deceler-ator in-ertia	Allow-able radial load	Allow-able thrust load	Wei ght
			r/min	N·m	%	r/min	N·m	× 10^{-4} kg·m^2	N	N	kg
750 W (200 V)	1/5	R88G-VRXF05C750CJ	600	10.99	92	1200	38.64	0.817	784	392	2.10
	1/9	R88G-VRXF09D750CJ	333	19.57	91	667	63.70*1	0.755	1176	588	3.40
	1/15	R88G-VRXF15D750CJ	200	31.91	89	400	106.00*1	0.685	1372	686	3.80
	1/25	R88G-VRXF25D750CJ	120	53.18	89	240	177.00*1	0.658	1617	808	3.80

*1. The value is the maximum allowable torque of the Decelerator. Take care so that this value is not exceeded.

Note 1. The Decelerator inertia is the Servomotor shaft conversion value.

Note 2. The protective structure rating of the Servomotor combined with the Decelerator is IP44. (Excluding decelerator and servo motor connecting parts.)

Note 3. The Allowable radial load column shows the values obtained at the center of the shaft (T/2).



Note 4. The standard shaft type is a shaft with key and tap. (The key is temporarily assembled to the shaft.)

Note 5. Take care so that the surface temperature of the Decelerator does not exceed 90°C.

3-4 Cable and Connector Specifications

This section describes the specifications of the cables to connect between Servo Drives and Servomotors, and the connectors to be used.
Select an appropriate cable for the Servomotor.

Precautions for Correct Use

The regulations for cables differ according to the country in use. (The regulations can also be different in the same country according to the region or where the Servomotors are installed.) Therefore, be sure to check to the respective certificate institution for a cable that conforms to the regulations of each country.

3-4-1 Encoder Cable Specifications

These cables are used to connect the Servo Drive with an encoder installed in the Servomotor. Select an appropriate cable for the Servomotor.

Precautions for Correct Use

If the cable is used in a moving part, use a flexible cable.
The protective structure rating of the Servomotor with an encoder cable whose length [L] is 30 m or more is IP20.

Encoder Cables (Standard Cable)

● R88A-CR1A□□□C

Applicable Servomotors

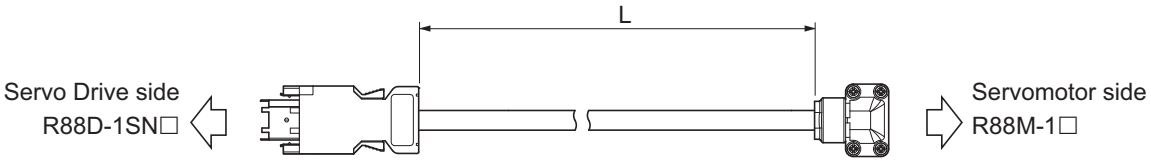
100 V and 200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 W, 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

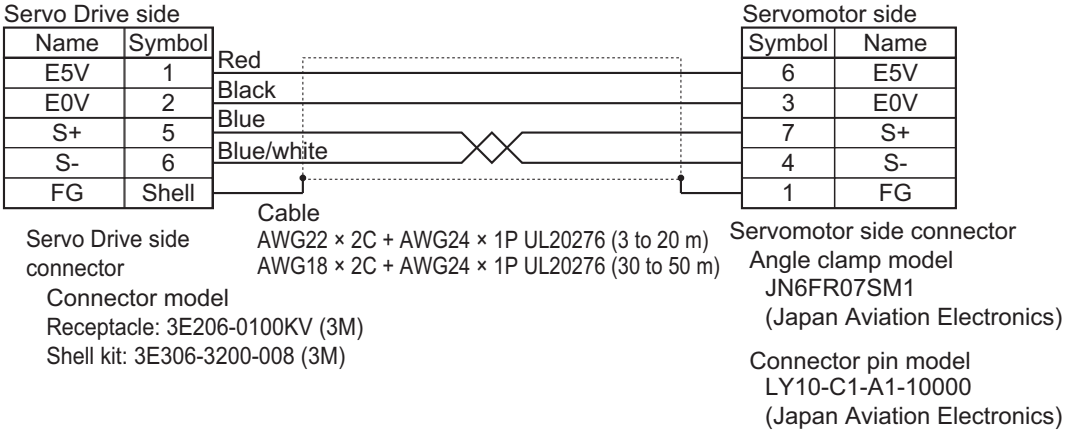
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CR1A003C	3 m	5.3 dia.	Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CR1A005C	5 m		Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CR1A010C	10 m		Approx. 0.7 kg
R88A-CR1A015C	15 m		Approx. 1.0 kg
R88A-CR1A020C	20 m		Approx. 1.4 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CR1B□□□N

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW to 3 kW, 2,000-r/min Servomotors, and 1,000-r/min Servomotors

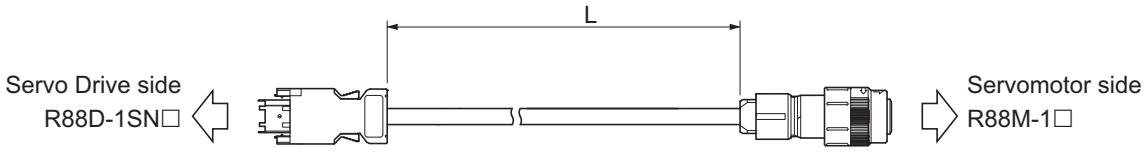
400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW or less, 2,000-r/min Servomotors, and 1,000-r/min Servomotors

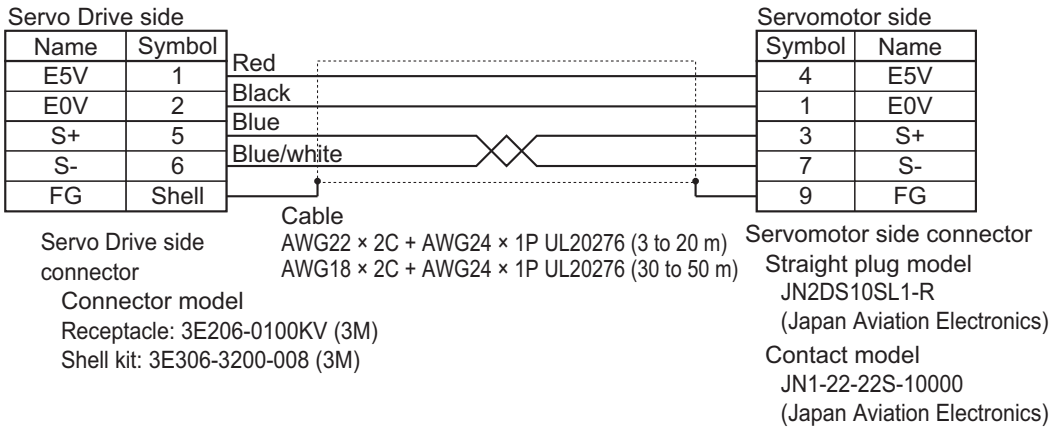
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CR1B003N	3 m	6.0 dia.	Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CR1B005N	5 m		Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CR1B010N	10 m		Approx. 0.8 kg
R88A-CR1B015N	15 m		Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CR1B020N	20 m		Approx. 1.5 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CR1B□□□V

Applicable Servomotors

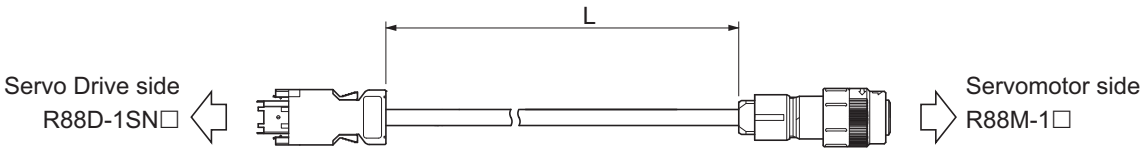
200 V and 400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW or more, and 1,500-r/min Servomotors

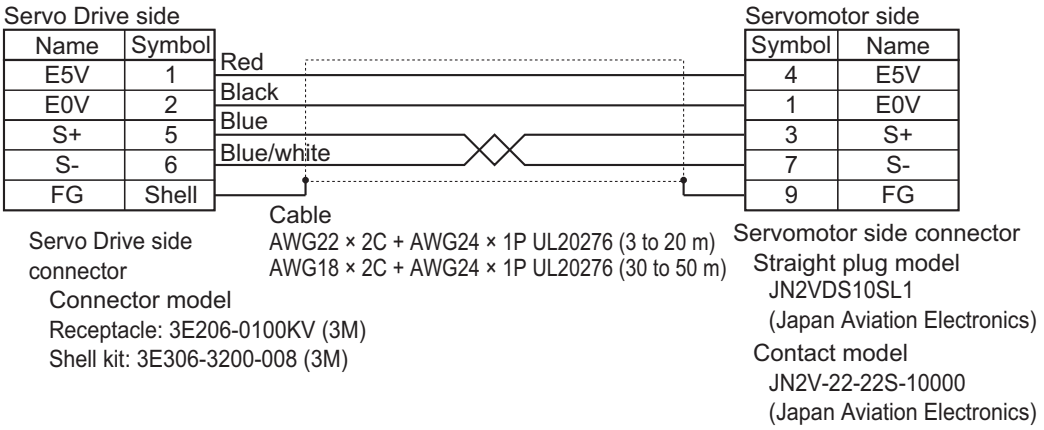
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CR1B003V	3 m	6.0 dia.	Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CR1B005V	5 m		Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CR1B010V	10 m		Approx. 0.8 kg
R88A-CR1B015V	15 m		Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CR1B020V	20 m		Approx. 1.5 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Encoder Cables (Flexible Cable)

● R88A-CR1A□□□CF

Applicable Servomotors

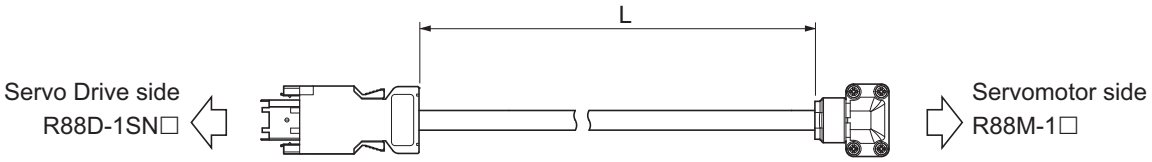
100 V and 200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 W, 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

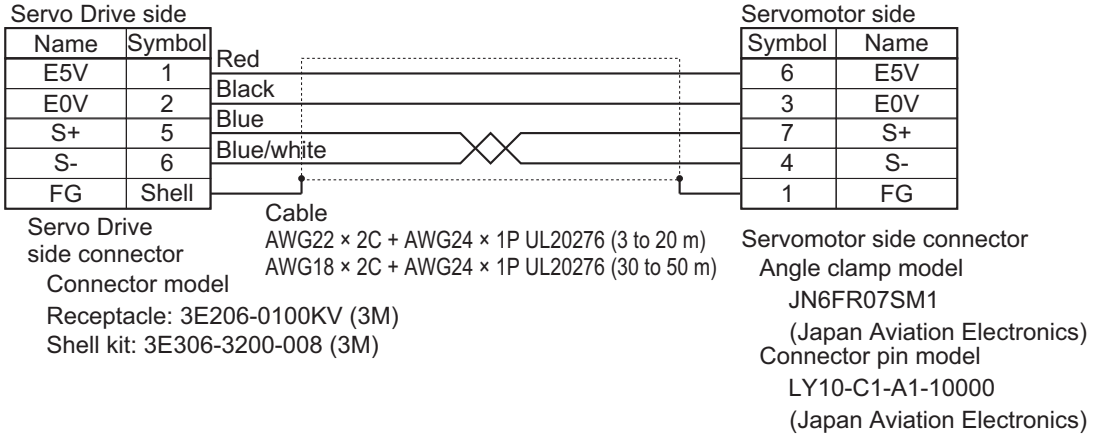
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CR1A003CF	3 m	5.3 dia.	33 mm	Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CR1A005CF	5 m			Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CR1A010CF	10 m			Approx. 0.7 kg
R88A-CR1A015CF	15 m			Approx. 1.0 kg
R88A-CR1A020CF	20 m			Approx. 1.4 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CR1B□□□NF

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW to 3 kW, 2,000-r/min Servomotors, and 1,000-r/min Servomotors

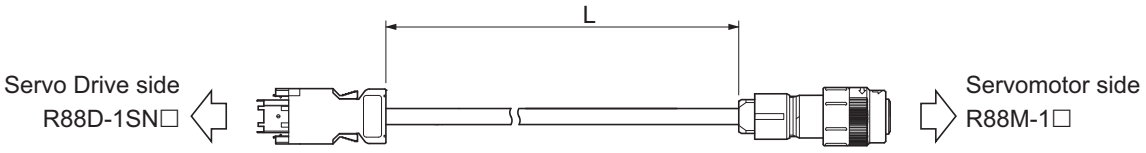
400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW or less, 2,000-r/min Servomotors, and 1,000-r/min Servomotors

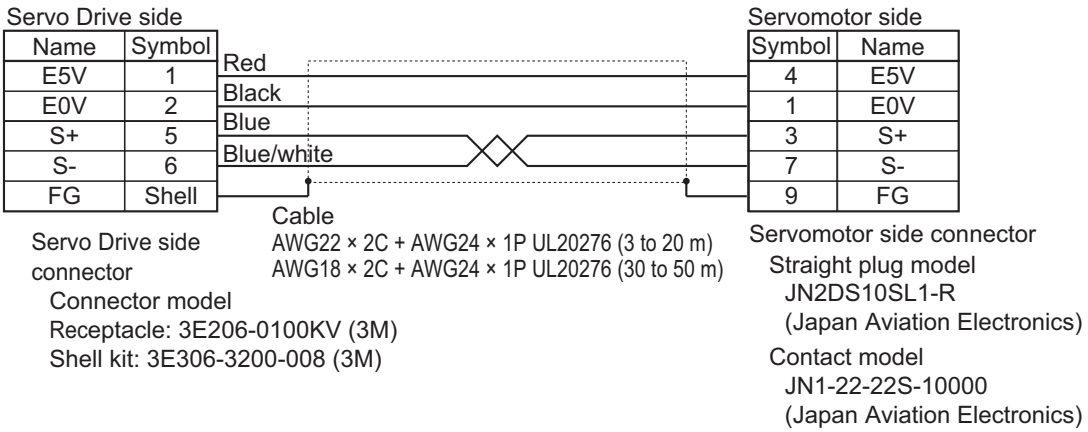
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CR1B003NF	3 m	6.0 dia.	33 mm	Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CR1B005NF	5 m			Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CR1B010NF	10 m			Approx. 0.8 kg
R88A-CR1B015NF	15 m			Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CR1B020NF	20 m			Approx. 1.5 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



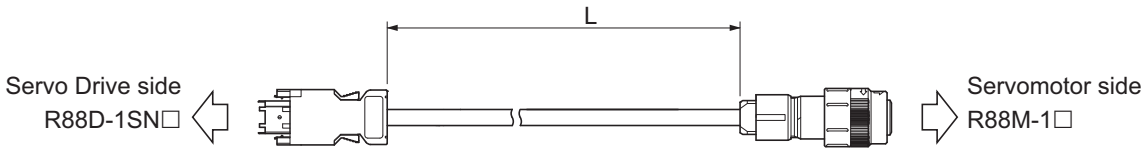
● R88A-CR1B□□□VF

Applicable Servomotors
200 V and 400 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW or more, and 1,500-r/min Servomotors

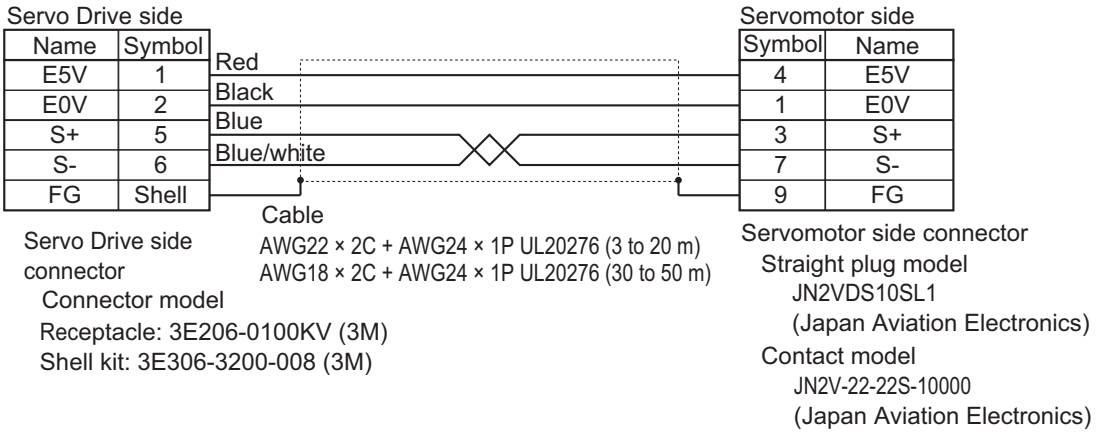
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CR1B003VF	3 m	6.0 dia.	33 mm	Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CR1B005VF	5 m			Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CR1B010VF	10 m			Approx. 0.8 kg
R88A-CR1B015VF	15 m			Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CR1B020VF	20 m			Approx. 1.5 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



3-4-2 Motor Power Cable Specifications

These cables are used to connect the Servo Drive and Servomotor. Select an appropriate cable for the Servomotor.

Precautions for Correct Use

If the cable is used in a moving part, use a flexible cable.
Do not lay the cables close to each other.
When you prepare a power cable yourself, use the same wires as used in OMRON Power Cables.

Cable Version Information

For the motor power cables, there are two types of cable versions available: version 1.0 and 1.1. To use the SLS function, use a motor power cable of the latest version. Using a motor power cable of the older version may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 (Error No. 71.01) or SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) during velocity monitoring with the SLS function. The following table shows the product lineup by model.

Model	Cable length	Cable version	
		Ver.1.0	Ver.1.1
R88A-CA1A□□□S R88A-CA1A□□□SF R88A-CA1A□□□SFR R88A-CA1A□□□B R88A-CA1A□□□BF	3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m	Available	Available
R88A-CA1B□□□S R88A-CA1B□□□SF R88A-CA1B□□□B R88A-CA1B□□□BF	3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m	Available	Available
R88A-CA1C□□□S R88A-CA1C□□□SF R88A-CA1C□□□B R88A-CA1C□□□BF	3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m	Available	Available
R88A-CA1E□□□S R88A-CA1E□□□SF R88A-CA1E□□□B R88A-CA1E□□□BF	3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m	Available	Available
R88A-CA1F□□□S R88A-CA1F□□□SF R88A-CA1F□□□B R88A-CA1F□□□BF	3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m	Available	---
R88A-CA1H0□□SF R88A-CA1H0□□BF	3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m	Available	---
R88A-CA1J0□□SF R88A-CA1J0□□BF	3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m	Available	---
R88A-CA1K0□□SF R88A-CA1K0□□BF	3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m	Available	---

● Differences between Version 1.0 and 1.1

Changes between version 1.0 and 1.1 are as follows:

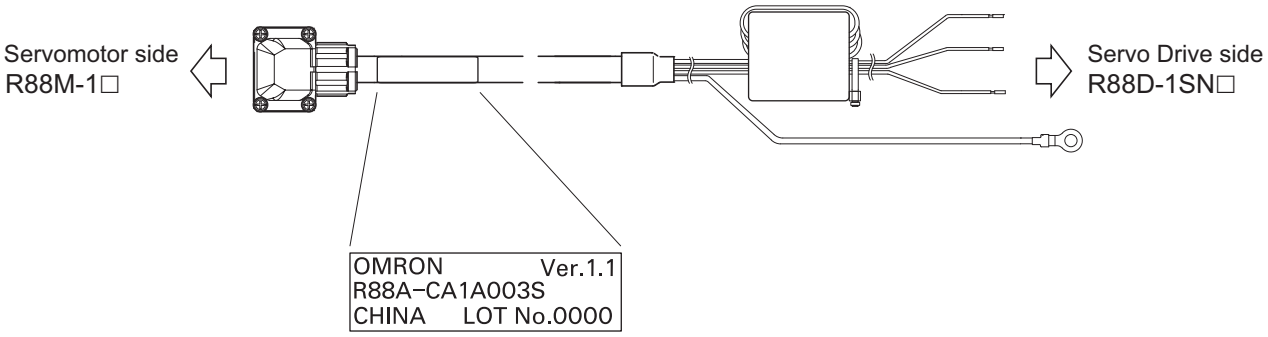
- Leakage current changes. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for details.
- When the wire length is long, noise filter installation conditions change. Refer to *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83 for details.
- Refer to *3-4-2 Motor Power Cable Specifications* on page 3-83 for details on changes in the cable specifications.

● Distinguishing Version 1.0 and 1.1

The model label of version 1.1 has "Ver.1.1" printed on it so that the version 1.0 and 1.1 can be distinguished.

- Version 1.0: The model label has no version information
- Version 1.1: The model label has "Ver.1.1" printed on it

The following figure shows an example of the label of R88A-CA1A003S of cable version 1.1.



Power Cables without Brake Wire (Standard Cable)

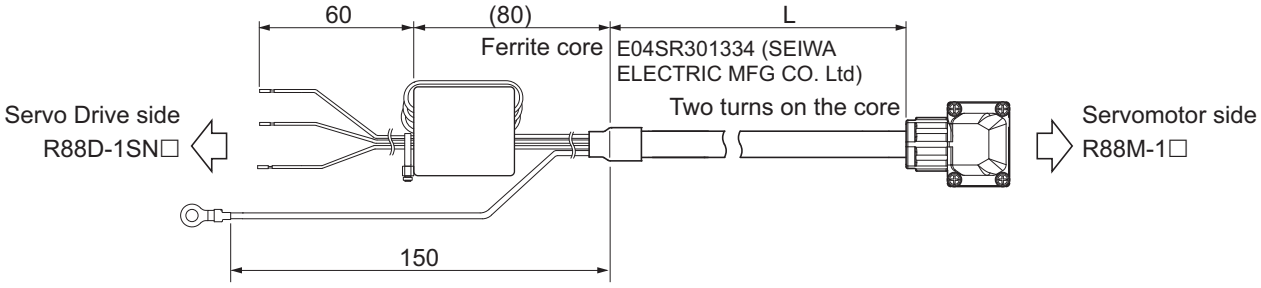
● R88A-CA1A□□□S (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

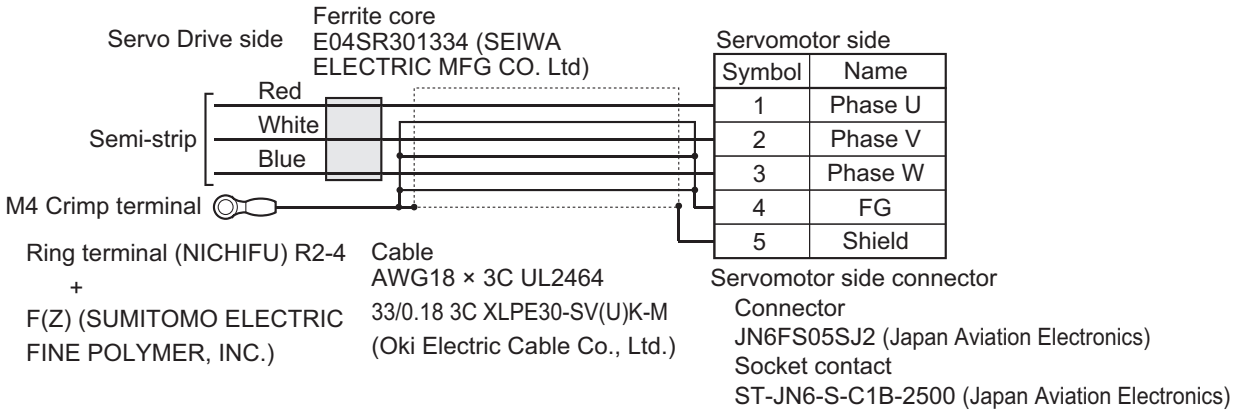
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1A003S	3 m	6.8 dia.	Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CA1A005S	5 m		Approx. 0.6 kg
R88A-CA1A010S	10 m		Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CA1A015S	15 m		Approx. 1.5 kg
R88A-CA1A020S	20 m		Approx. 2.0 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



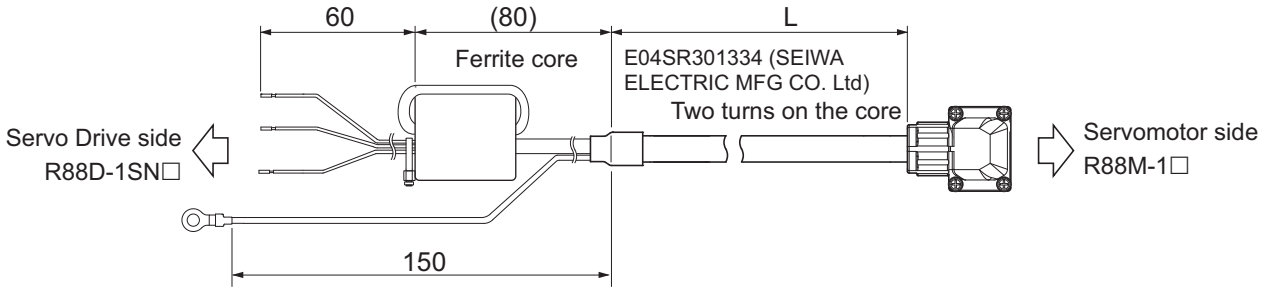
● R88A-CA1A□□□S (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

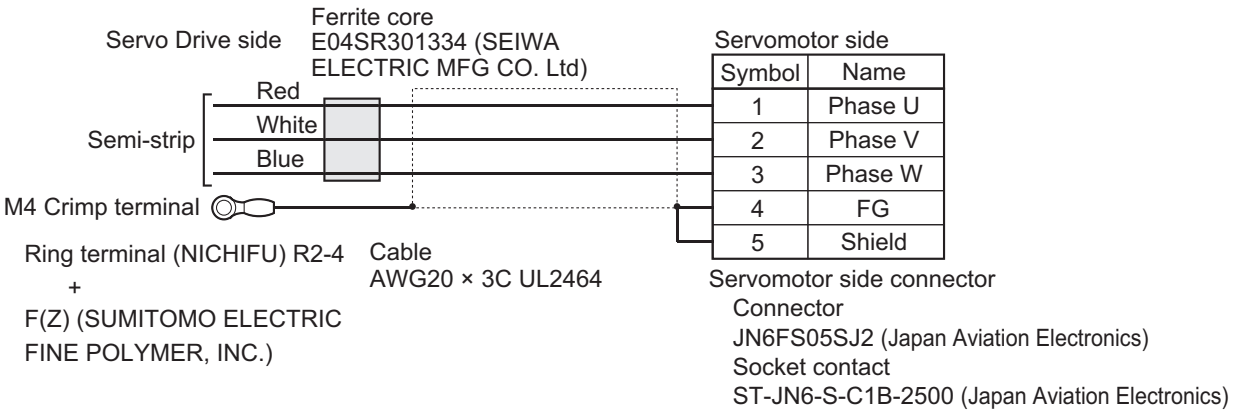
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1A003S	3 m	7.2 dia.	Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CA1A005S	5 m		Approx. 0.6 kg
R88A-CA1A010S	10 m		Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CA1A015S	15 m		Approx. 1.6 kg
R88A-CA1A020S	20 m		Approx. 2.1 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1B□□□S (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

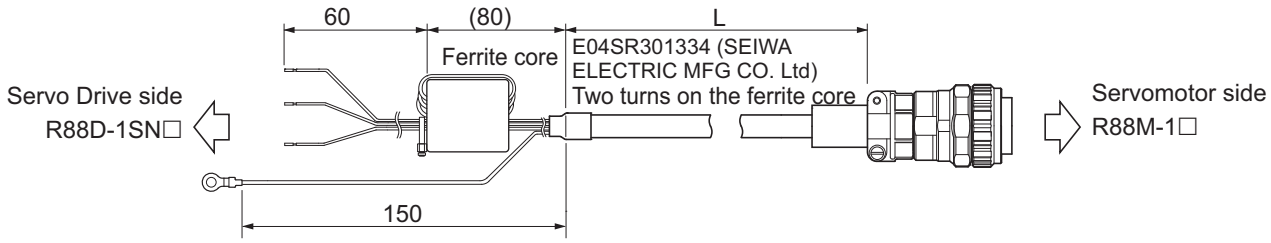
200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW, 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW, and 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

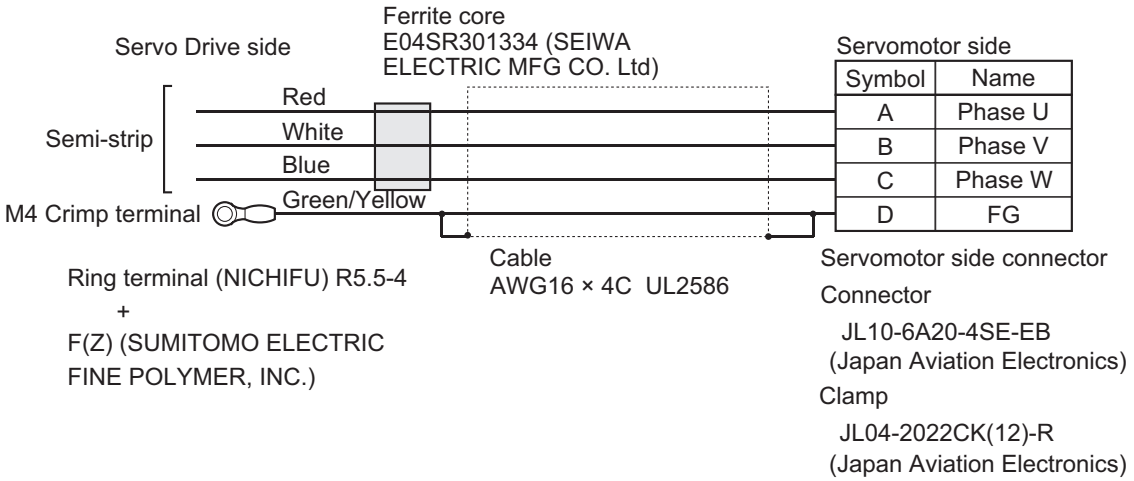
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1B003S	3 m	10.8 dia.	Approx. 1.0 kg
R88A-CA1B005S	5 m		Approx. 1.6 kg
R88A-CA1B010S	10 m		Approx. 2.9 kg
R88A-CA1B015S	15 m		Approx. 4.3 kg
R88A-CA1B020S	20 m		Approx. 5.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1B□□□S (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

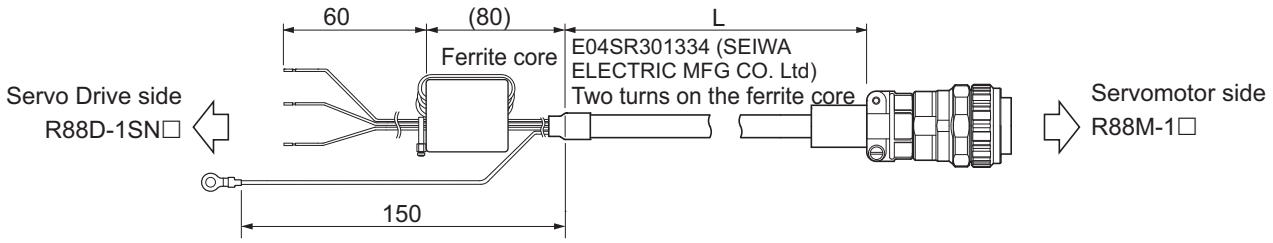
200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW, 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW, and 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

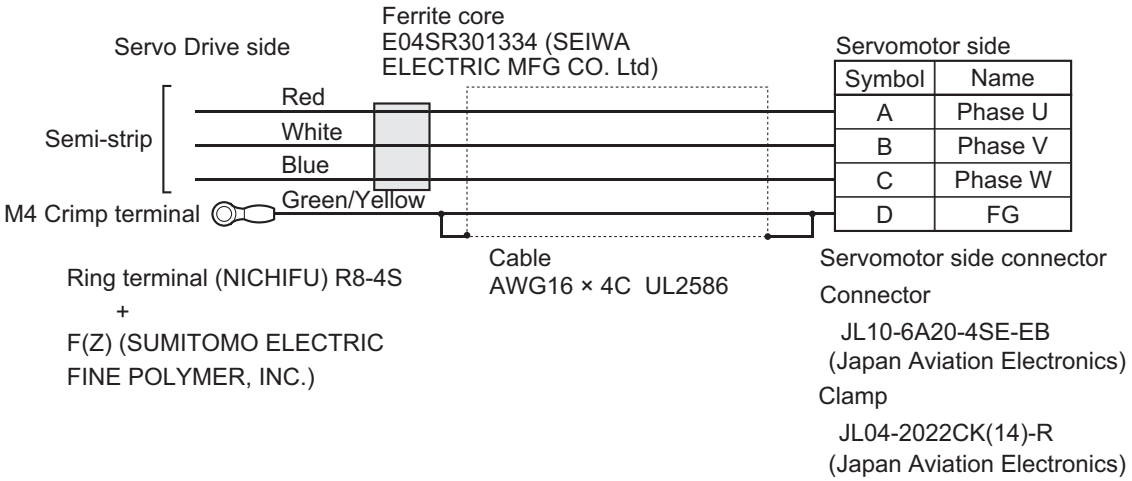
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1B003S	3 m	13.3 dia.	Approx. 1.4 kg
R88A-CA1B005S	5 m		Approx. 2.0 kg
R88A-CA1B010S	10 m		Approx. 3.7 kg
R88A-CA1B015S	15 m		Approx. 5.4 kg
R88A-CA1B020S	20 m		Approx. 7.2 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1C□□□S (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW and 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW

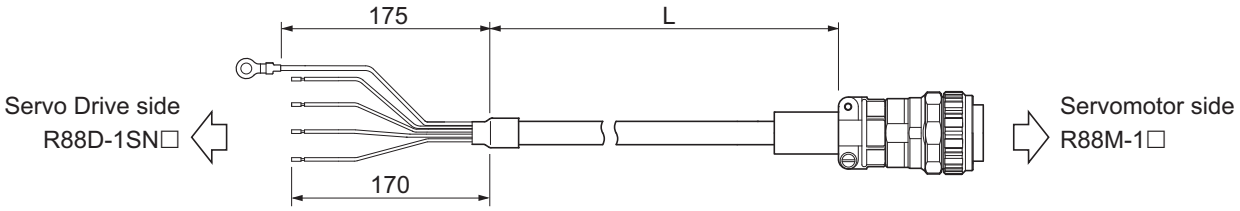
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

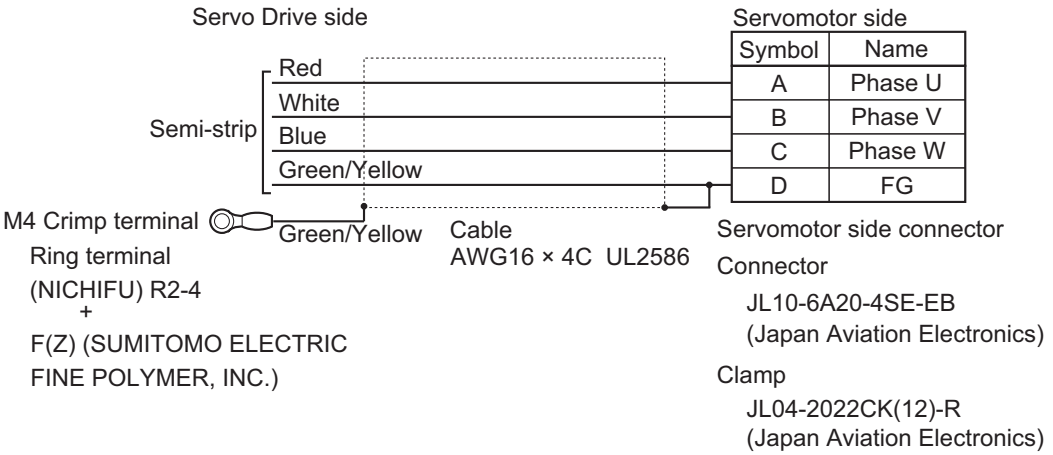
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1C003S	3 m	10.8 dia.	Approx. 1.0 kg
R88A-CA1C005S	5 m		Approx. 1.0 kg
R88A-CA1C010S	10 m		Approx. 2.9 kg
R88A-CA1C015S	15 m		Approx. 4.3 kg
R88A-CA1C020S	20 m		Approx. 5.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Ring terminal
(NICHIFU) R2-4
+
F(Z) (SUMITOMO ELECTRIC FINE POLYMER, INC.)

Servomotor side connector

Connector
JL10-6A20-4SE-EB
(Japan Aviation Electronics)

Clamp
JL04-2022CK(12)-R
(Japan Aviation Electronics)

● R88A-CA1C□□□S (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW and 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW

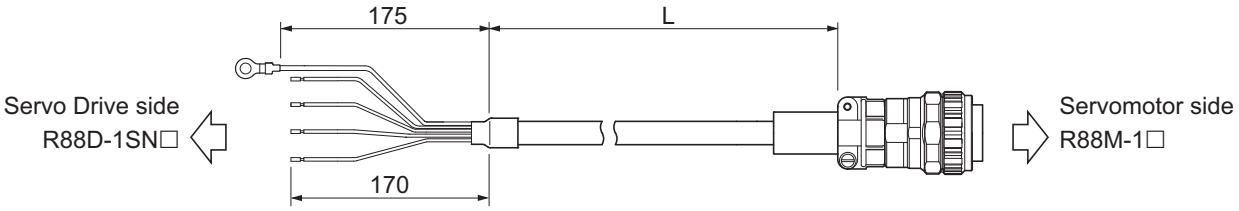
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

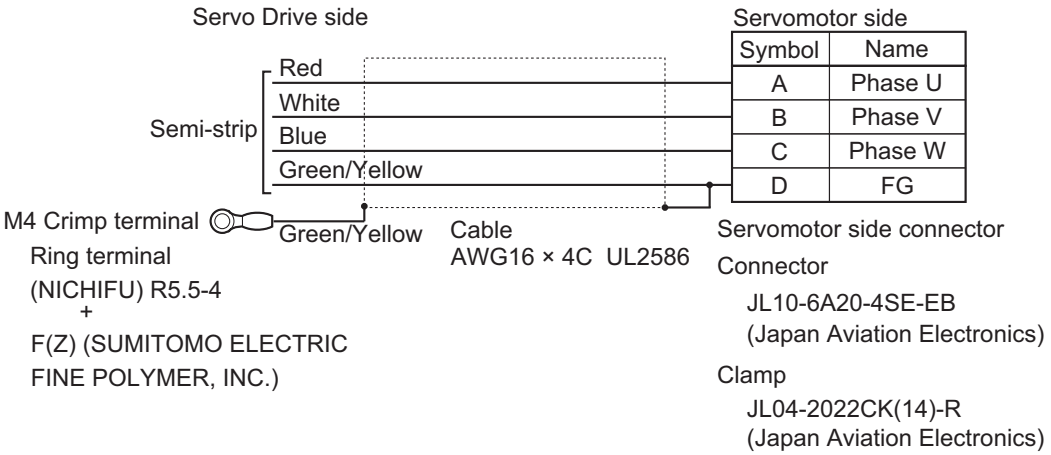
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1C003S	3 m	13.3 dia.	Approx. 1.3 kg
R88A-CA1C005S	5 m		Approx. 2.0 kg
R88A-CA1C010S	10 m		Approx. 3.6 kg
R88A-CA1C015S	15 m		Approx. 5.3 kg
R88A-CA1C020S	20 m		Approx. 7.1 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1E□□□S (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

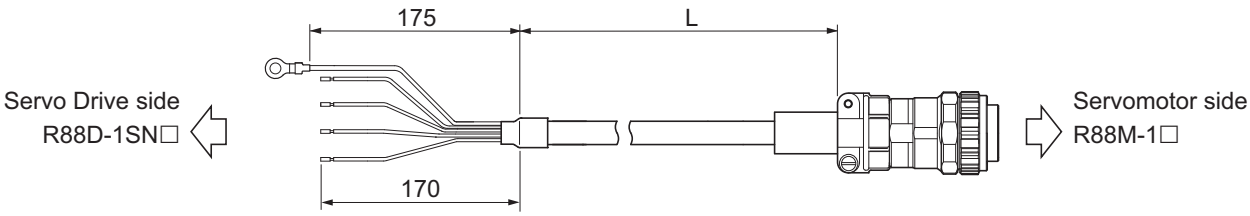
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

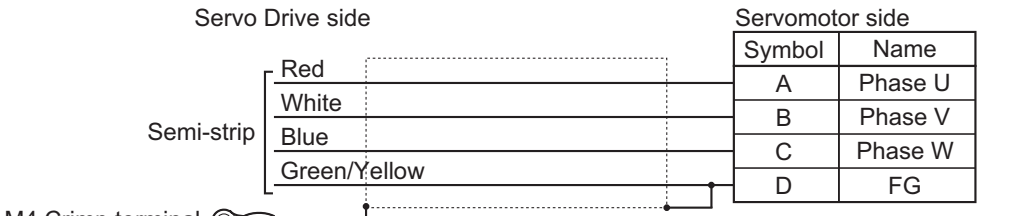
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1E003S	3 m	12.0 dia.	Approx. 1.2 kg
R88A-CA1E005S	5 m		Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1E010S	10 m		Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1E015S	15 m		Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1E020S	20 m		Approx. 6.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1E□□□S (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

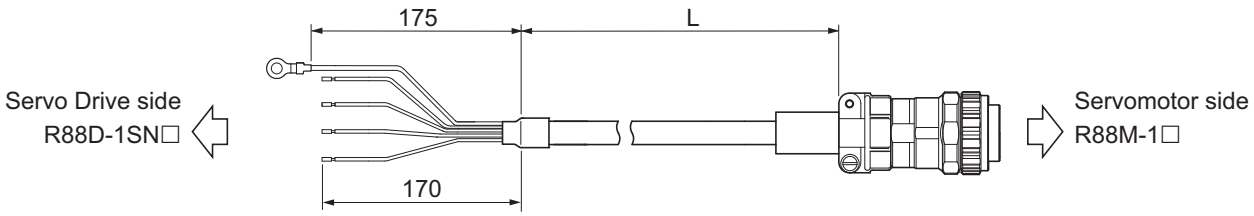
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

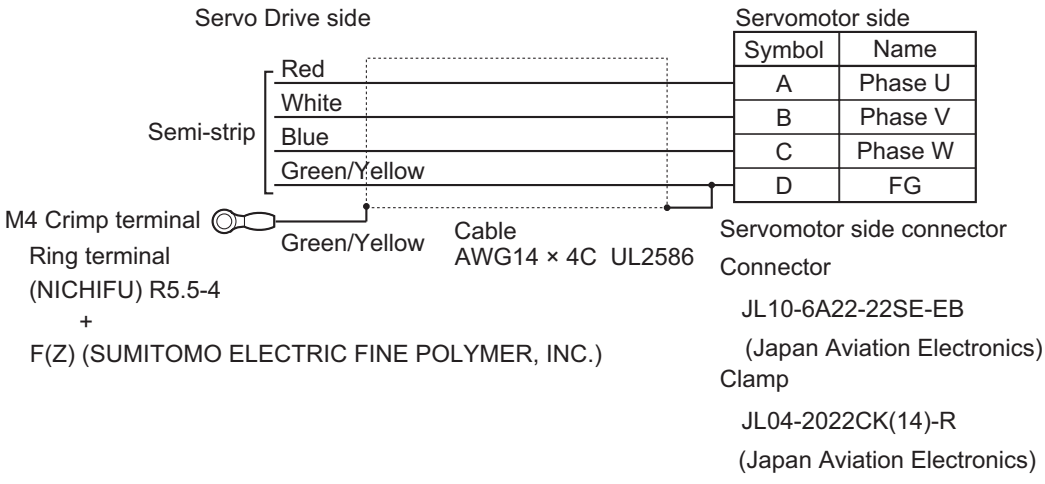
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1E003S	3 m	15.0 dia.	Approx. 1.7 kg
R88A-CA1E005S	5 m		Approx. 2.6 kg
R88A-CA1E010S	10 m		Approx. 4.8 kg
R88A-CA1E015S	15 m		Approx. 7.1 kg
R88A-CA1E020S	20 m		Approx. 9.4 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



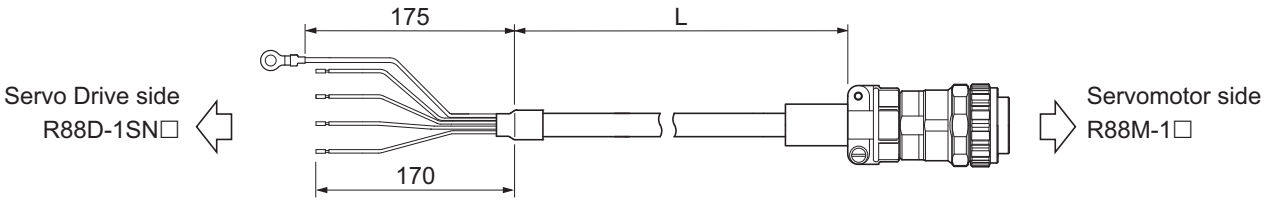
● R88A-CA1F□□□S (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors
200 V:
1,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

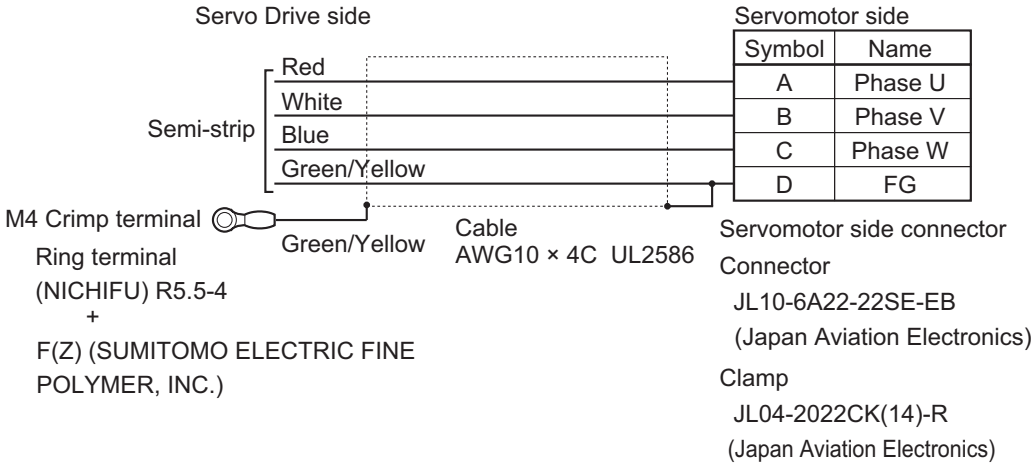
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1F003S	3 m	14.5 mm dia.	Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1F005S	5 m		Approx. 3.0 kg
R88A-CA1F010S	10 m		Approx. 5.8 kg
R88A-CA1F015S	15 m		Approx. 8.6 kg
R88A-CA1F020S	20 m		Approx. 11.4 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Power Cables without Brake Wire (Flexible Cable)

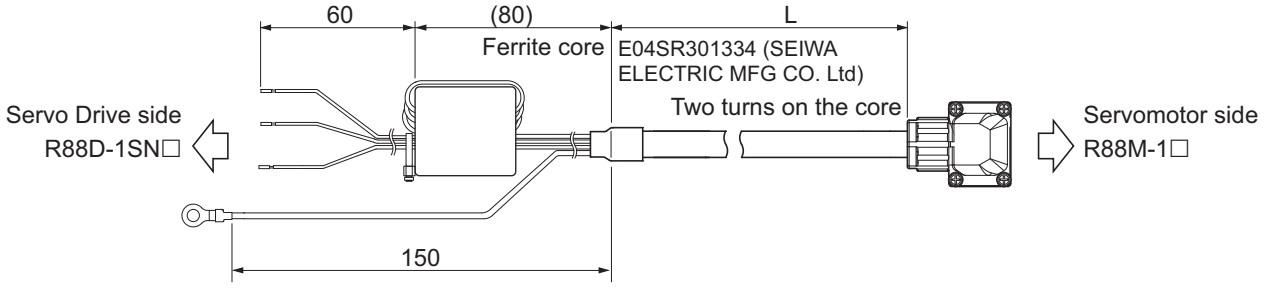
● R88A-CA1A□□□SF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

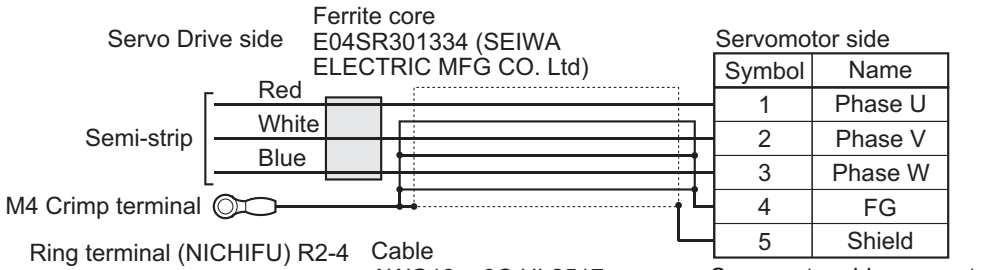
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1A003SF	3 m	6.8 dia.	40 mm	Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CA1A005SF	5 m			Approx. 0.6 kg
R88A-CA1A010SF	10 m			Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CA1A015SF	15 m			Approx. 1.5 kg
R88A-CA1A020SF	20 m			Approx. 2.0 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Servomotor side

Symbol	Name
1	Phase U
2	Phase V
3	Phase W
4	FG
5	Shield

Ring terminal (NICHIFU) R2-4
+
F(Z) (SUMITOMO ELECTRIC FINE POLYMER, INC.)

Cable
AWG18 × 3C UL2517
180/0.08 3C EF28-SV(U)K-M
(Oki Electric Cable Co., Ltd.)

Servomotor side connector
Connector
JN6FS05SJ2
(Japan Aviation Electronics)
Socket contact
ST-JN6-S-C1B-2500
(Japan Aviation Electronics)

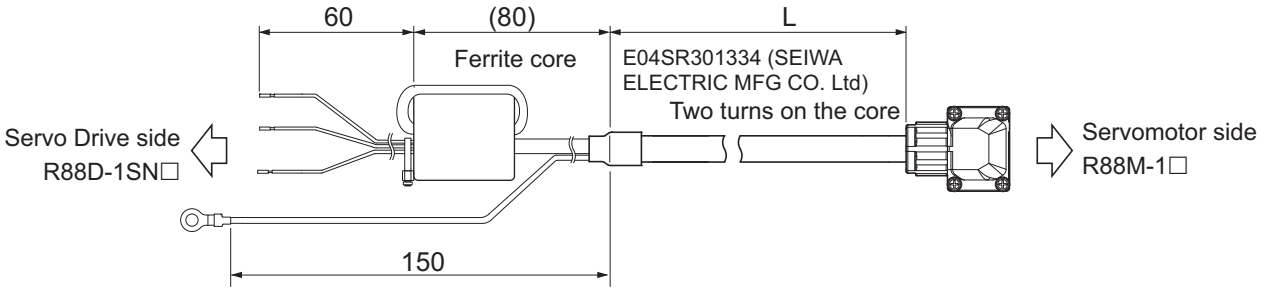
● R88A-CA1A□□□SF (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

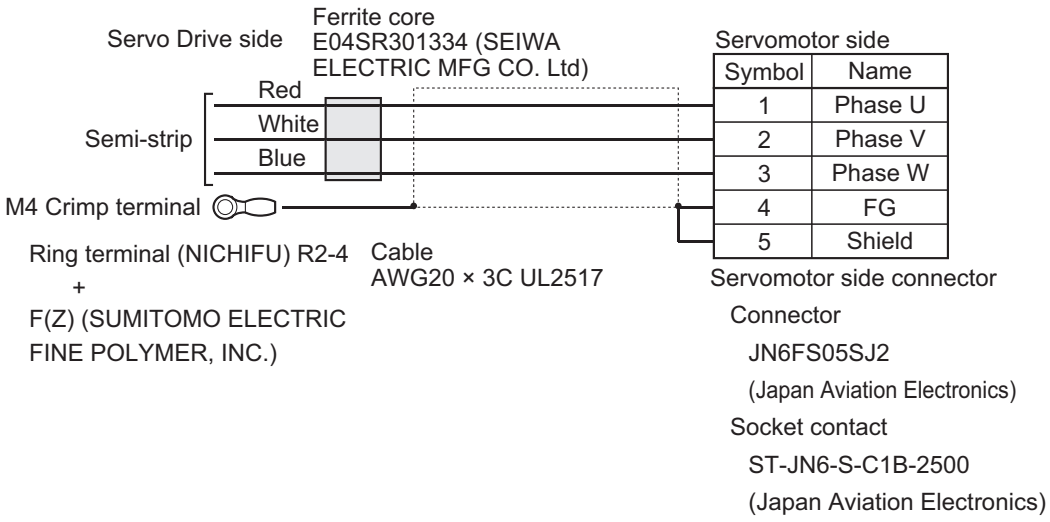
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1A003SF	3 m	7.2 dia.	40 mm	Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CA1A005SF	5 m			Approx. 0.6 kg
R88A-CA1A010SF	10 m			Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CA1A015SF	15 m			Approx. 1.6 kg
R88A-CA1A020SF	20 m			Approx. 2.1 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1B□□□SF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

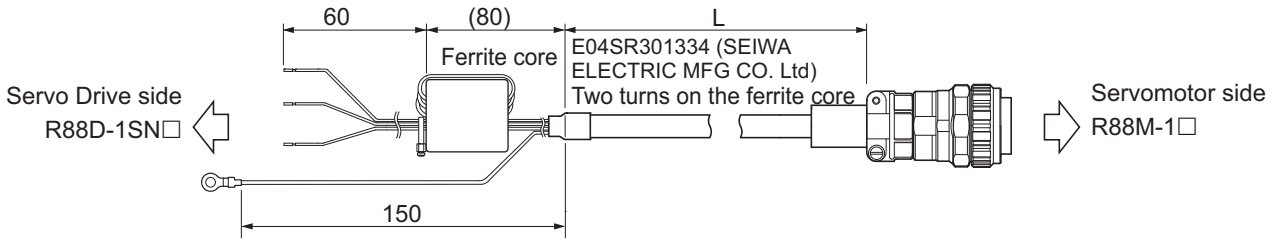
200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW, 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW, and 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

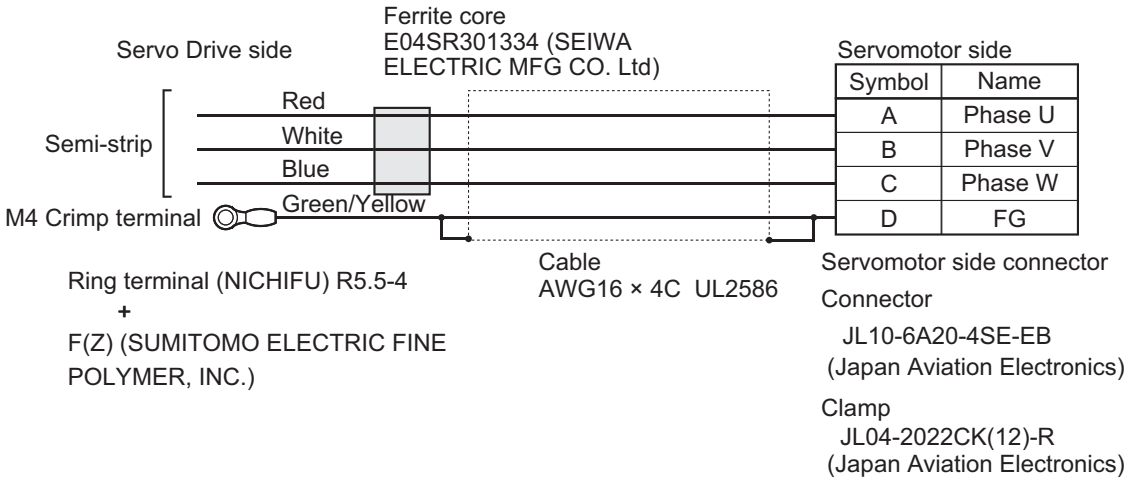
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1B003SF	3 m	10.8 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.0 kg
R88A-CA1B005SF	5 m			Approx. 1.6 kg
R88A-CA1B010SF	10 m			Approx. 2.9 kg
R88A-CA1B015SF	15 m			Approx. 4.3 kg
R88A-CA1B020SF	20 m			Approx. 5.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1B□□□SF (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

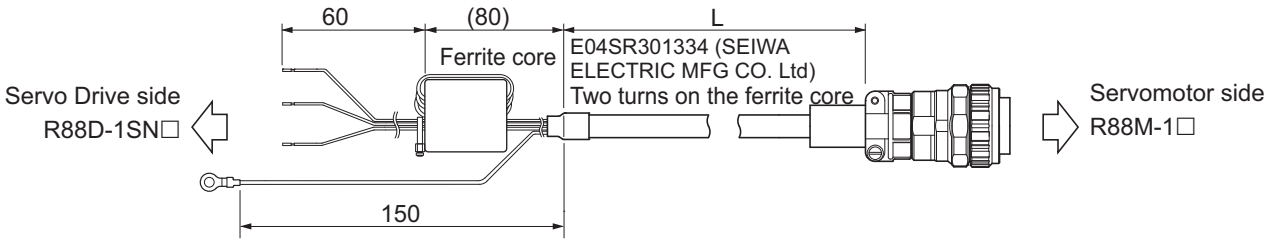
200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW, 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW, and 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

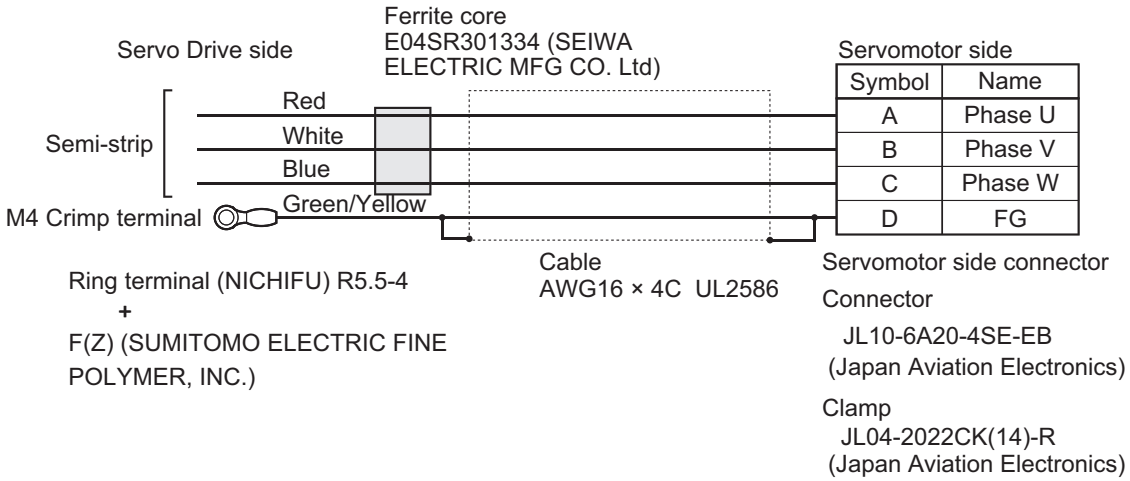
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1B003SF	3 m	15.3 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.4 kg
R88A-CA1B005SF	5 m			Approx. 2.1 kg
R88A-CA1B010SF	10 m			Approx. 3.9 kg
R88A-CA1B015SF	15 m			Approx. 5.7 kg
R88A-CA1B020SF	20 m			Approx. 7.5 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1C□□□SF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW

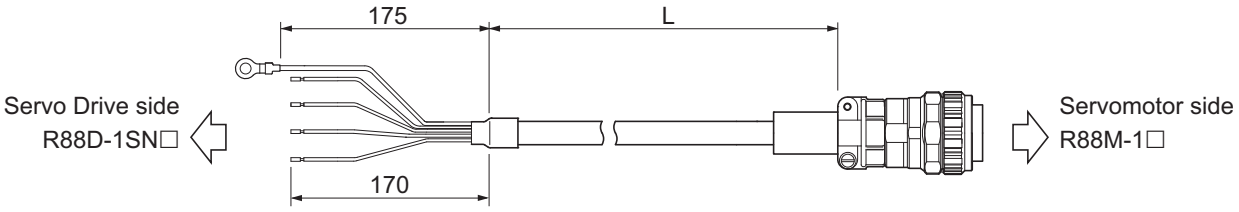
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

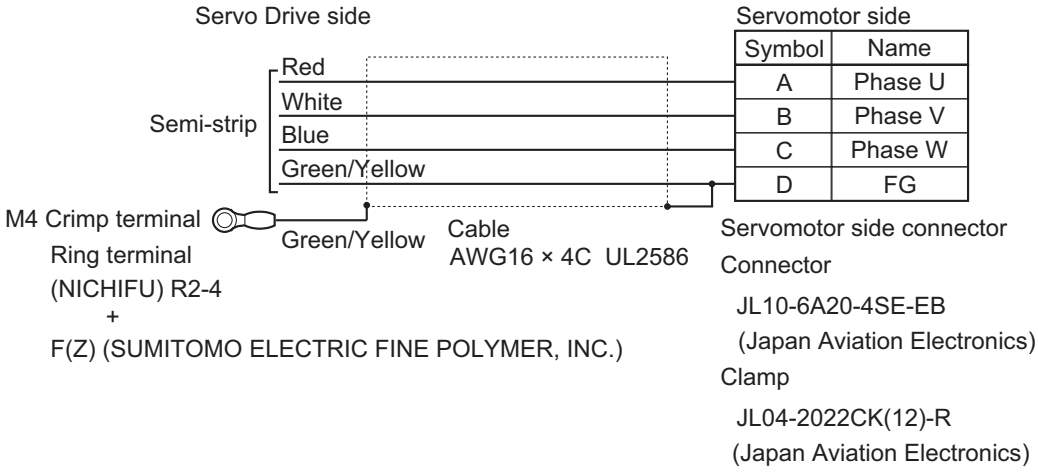
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1C003SF	3 m	10.8 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.0 kg
R88A-CA1C005SF	5 m			Approx. 1.6 kg
R88A-CA1C010SF	10 m			Approx. 2.9 kg
R88A-CA1C015SF	15 m			Approx. 4.3 kg
R88A-CA1C020SF	20 m			Approx. 5.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1C□□□SF (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW

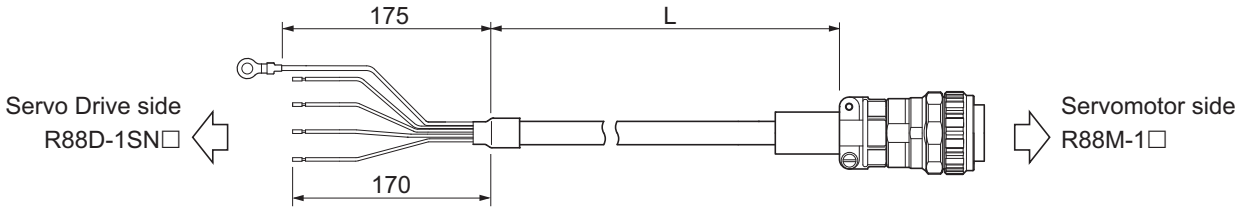
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, and 2 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

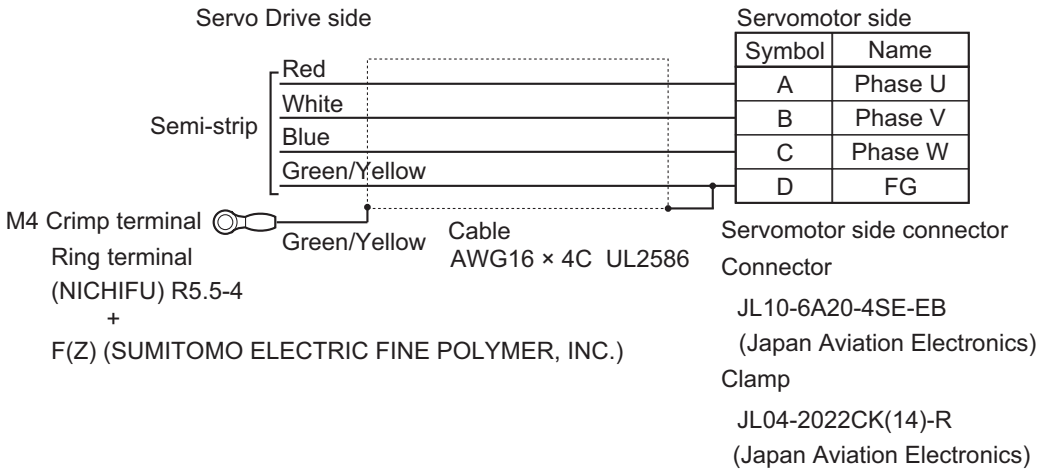
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1C003SF	3 m	15.3 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.3 kg
R88A-CA1C005SF	5 m			Approx. 2.1 kg
R88A-CA1C010SF	10 m			Approx. 3.8 kg
R88A-CA1C015SF	15 m			Approx. 5.6 kg
R88A-CA1C020SF	20 m			Approx. 7.5 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1E□□□SF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

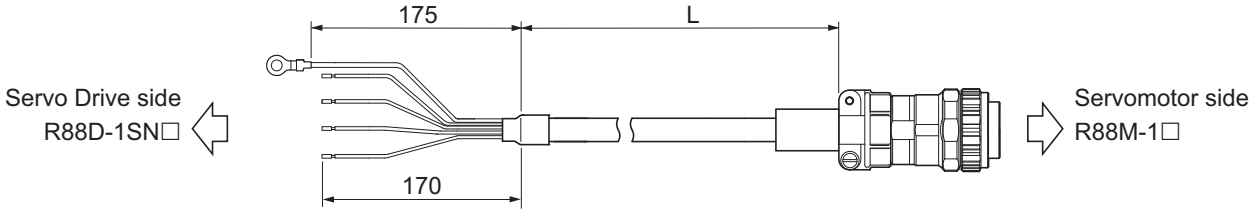
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

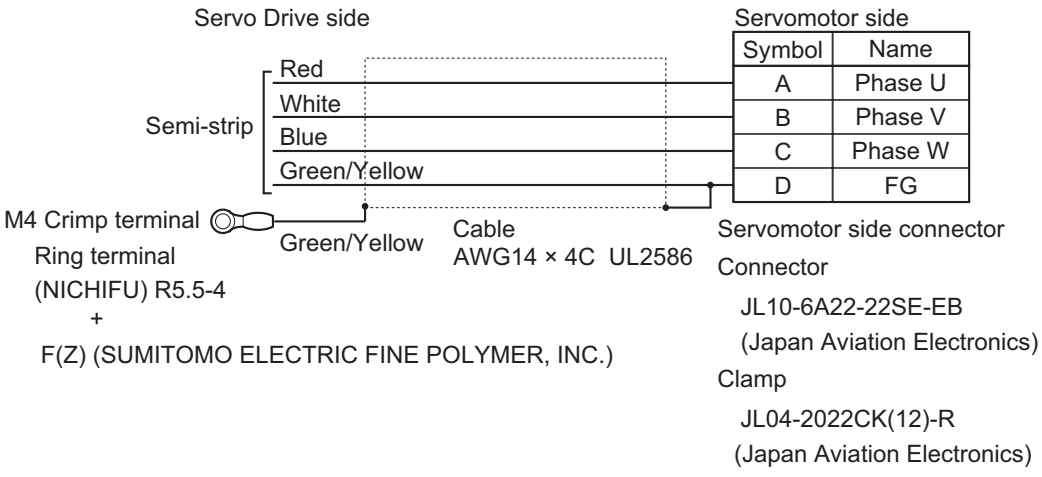
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1E003SF	3 m	12.0 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.2 kg
R88A-CA1E005SF	5 m			Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1E010SF	10 m			Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1E015SF	15 m			Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1E020SF	20 m			Approx. 6.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1E□□□SF (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

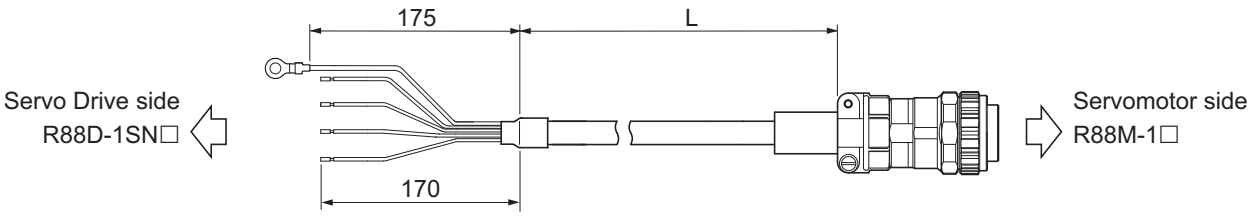
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

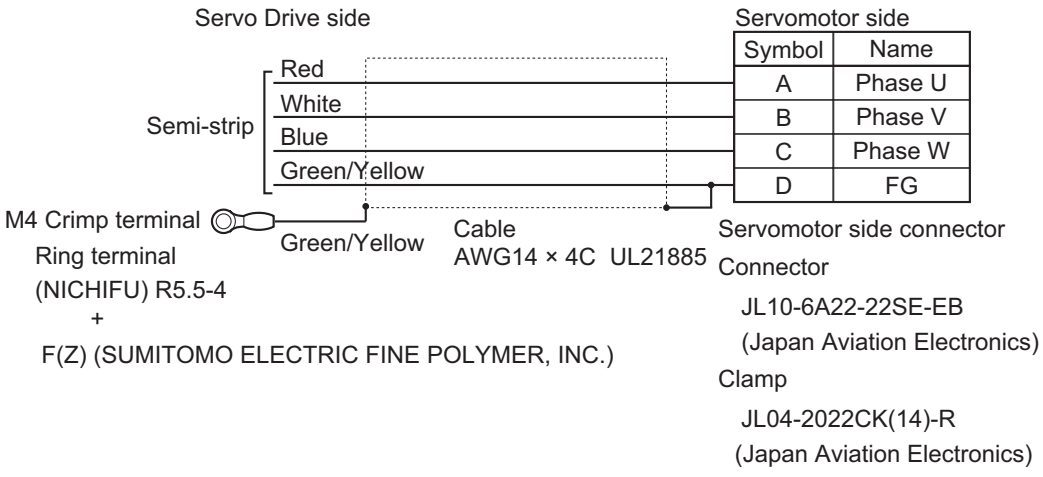
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1E003SF	3 m	15.5 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.4 kg
R88A-CA1E005SF	5 m			Approx. 2.2 kg
R88A-CA1E010SF	10 m			Approx. 4.0 kg
R88A-CA1E015SF	15 m			Approx. 5.9 kg
R88A-CA1E020SF	20 m			Approx. 7.8 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1F□□□SF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

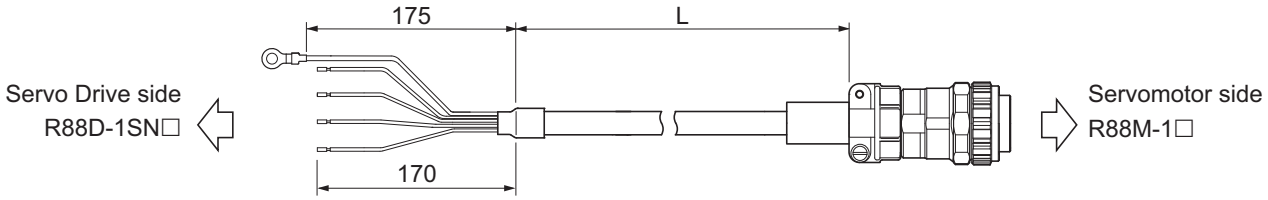
200 V:

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

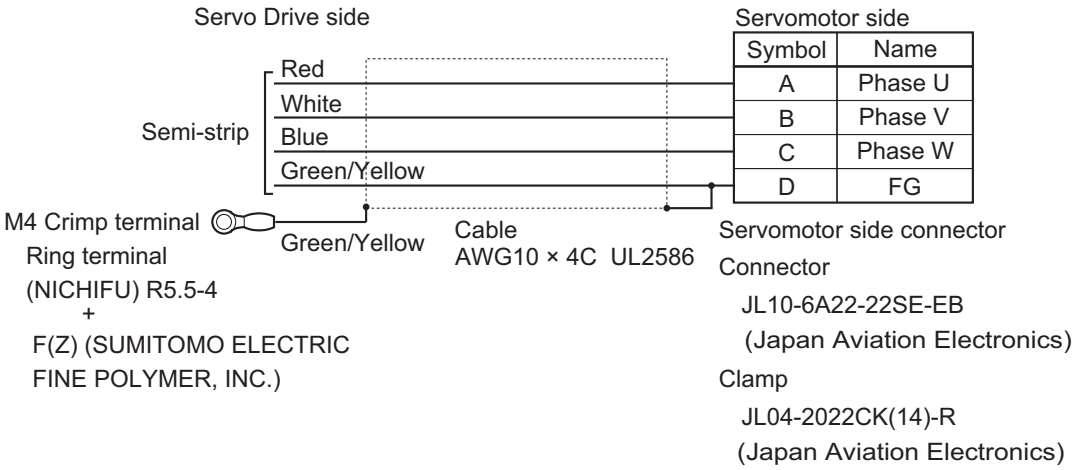
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1F003SF	3 m	14.5 mm dia.	100 mm	Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1F005SF	5 m			Approx. 3.0 kg
R88A-CA1F010SF	10 m			Approx. 5.8 kg
R88A-CA1F015SF	15 m			Approx. 8.6 kg
R88A-CA1F020SF	20 m			Approx. 11.4 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1H□□□SF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 4.7 kW

1,500-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 5 kW

400 V:

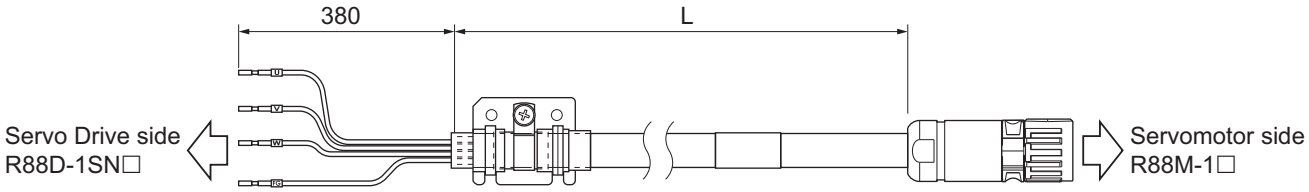
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 5 kW

1,500-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 5.5 kW, 7.5 kW

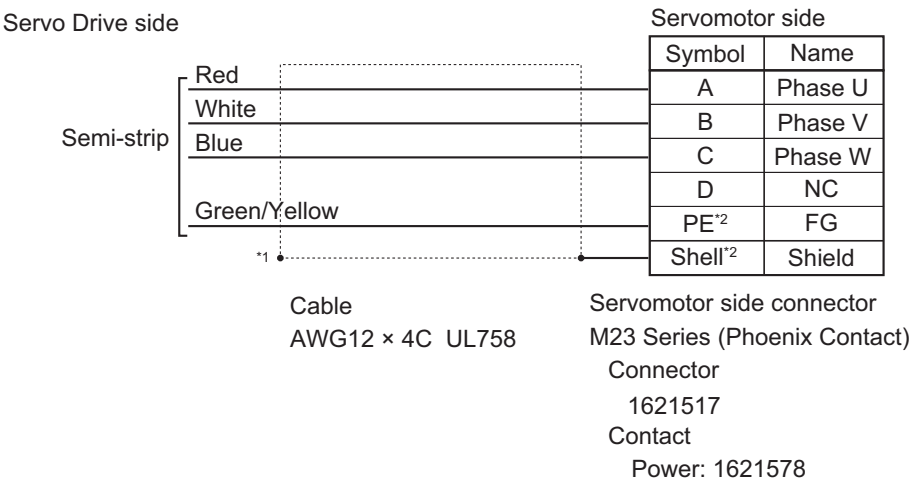
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1H003SF	3 m	15.0 dia.	150 mm	Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1H005SF	5 m			Approx. 2.8 kg
R88A-CA1H010SF	10 m			Approx. 4.9 kg
R88A-CA1H015SF	15 m			Approx. 7.2 kg
R88A-CA1H020SF	20 m			Approx. 9.4 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



*1. Connect the cable to the servo drive enclosure using the shield clamp.

*2. PE and shell are set in the connectors at Servomotor's side.

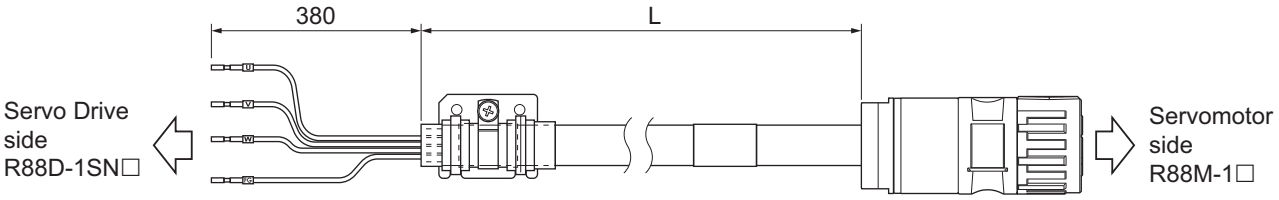
● R88A-CA1J□□□SF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors
400 V:
1,500-r/min Servomotors of 11 kW, 15 kW

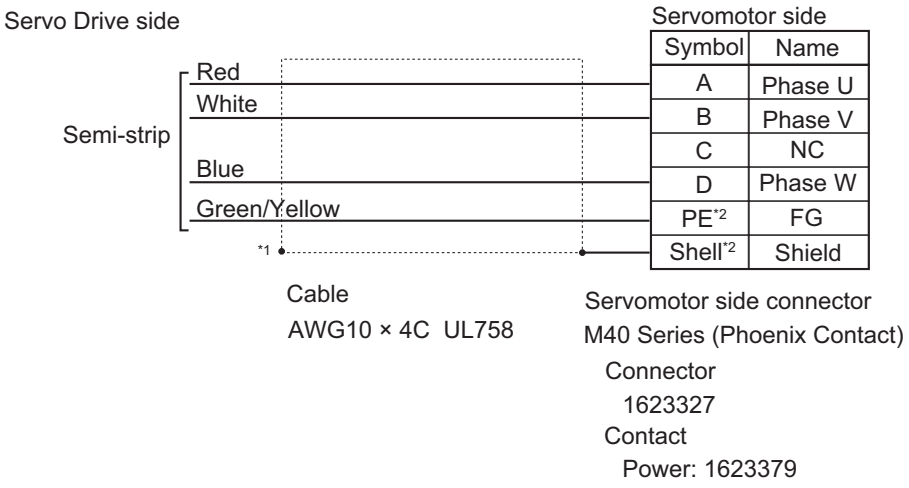
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1J003SF	3 m	17.3 dia.	173 mm	Approx. 2.4 kg
R88A-CA1J005SF	5 m			Approx. 3.3 kg
R88A-CA1J010SF	10 m			Approx. 6.0 kg
R88A-CA1J015SF	15 m			Approx. 8.7 kg
R88A-CA1J020SF	20 m			Approx. 11.5 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



*1. Connect the cable to the servo drive enclosure using the shield clamp.
*2. PE and shell are set in the connectors at Servomotor's side.

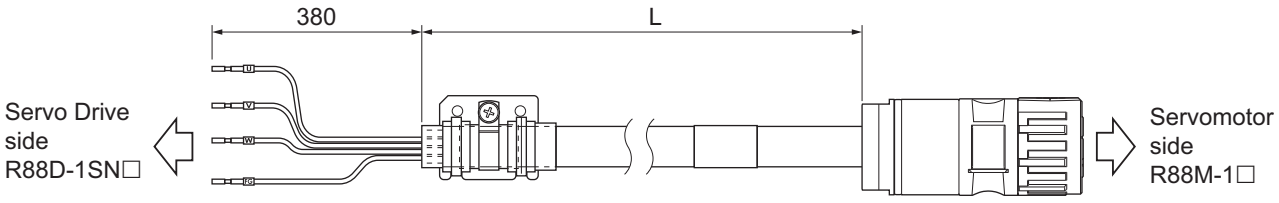
● R88A-CA1K□□□SF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors
200 V:
1,500-r/min Servomotors of 7.5 kW, 11 kW, 15 kW

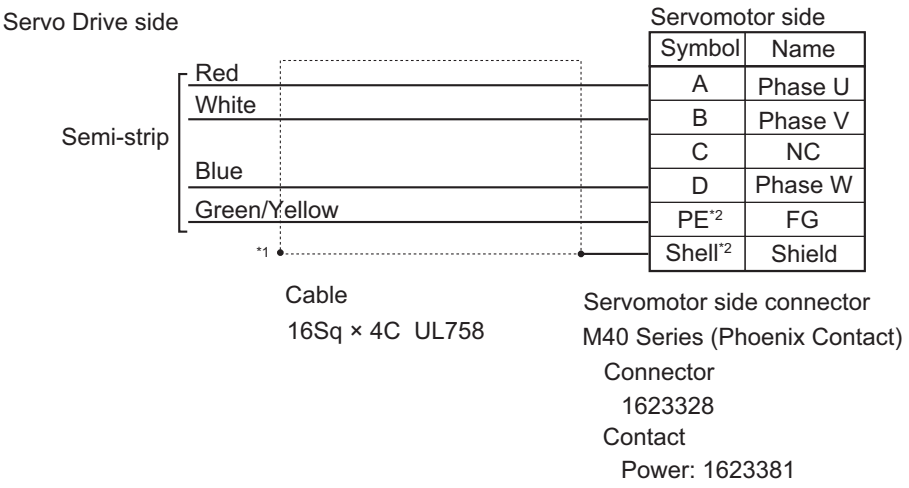
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1K003SF	3 m	23.2 dia.	232 mm	Approx. 4.8 kg
R88A-CA1K005SF	5 m			Approx. 6.7 kg
R88A-CA1K010SF	10 m			Approx. 12.5 kg
R88A-CA1K015SF	15 m			Approx. 18.7 kg
R88A-CA1K020SF	20 m			Approx. 24.9 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



*1. Connect the cable to the servo drive enclosure using the shield clamp.
*2. PE and shell are set in the connectors at Servomotor's side.

Power Cables without Brake Wire (Non-load side, Flexible Cable)

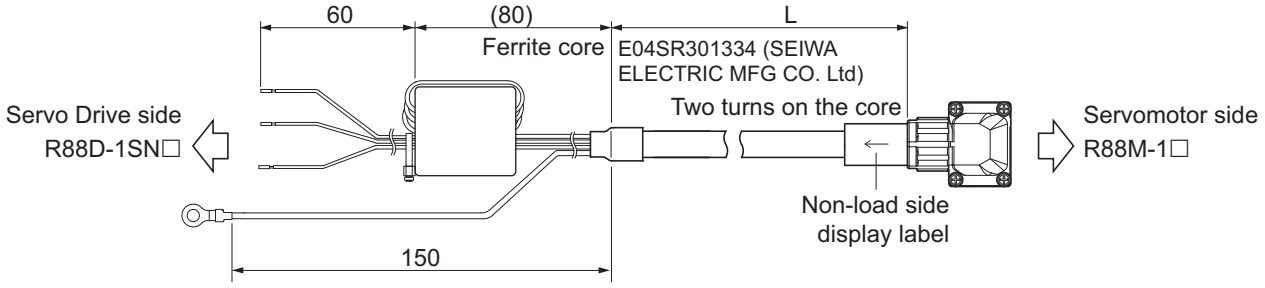
● R88A-CA1A□□□SFR (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

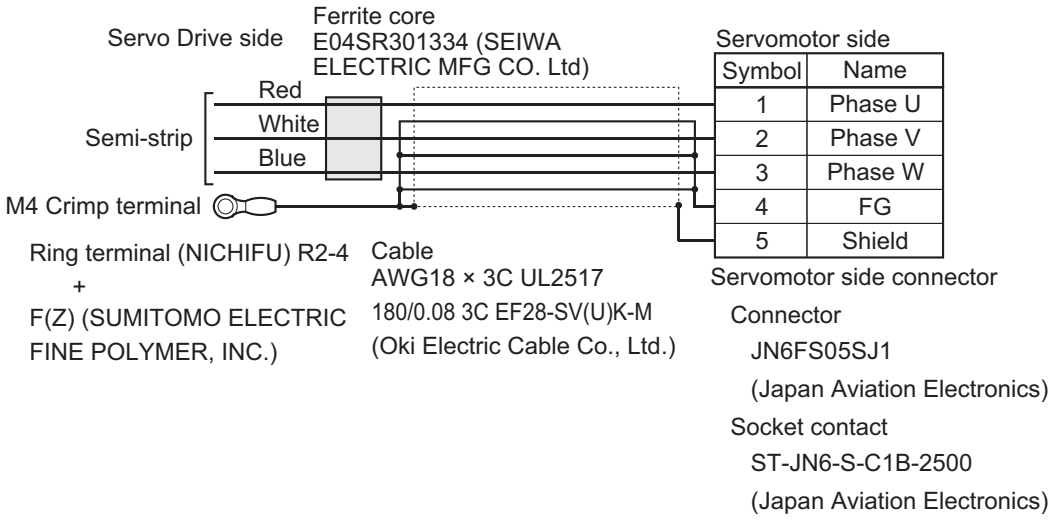
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1A003SFR	3 m	6.8 dia.	40 mm	Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CA1A005SFR	5 m			Approx. 0.6 kg
R88A-CA1A010SFR	10 m			Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CA1A015SFR	15 m			Approx. 1.5 kg
R88A-CA1A020SFR	20 m			Approx. 2.0 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



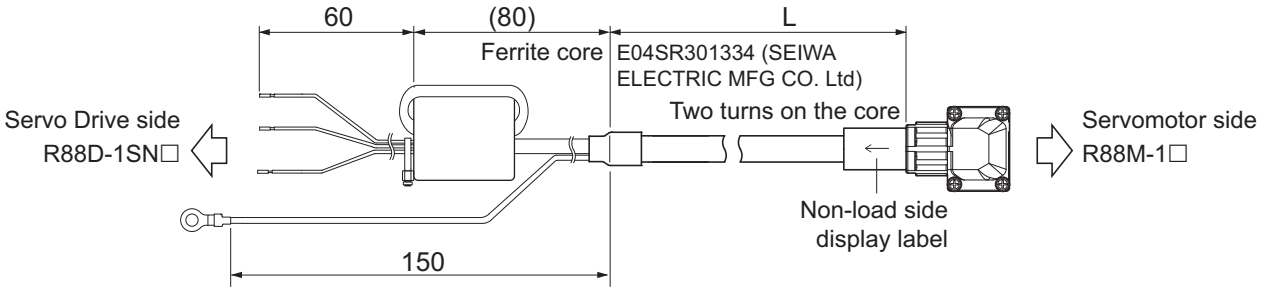
● R88A-CA1A□□□SFR (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

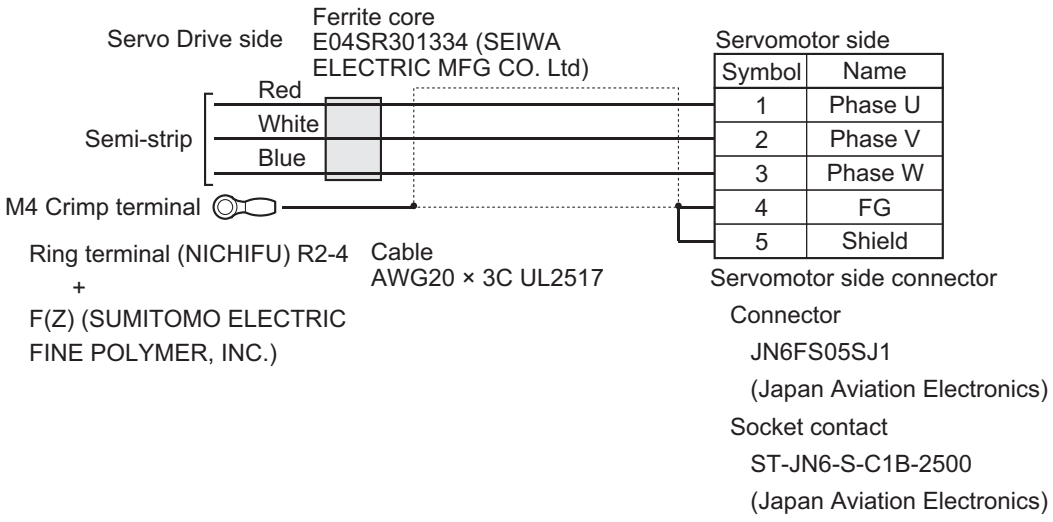
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1A003SFR	3 m	7.2 dia.	40 mm	Approx. 0.4 kg
R88A-CA1A005SFR	5 m			Approx. 0.6 kg
R88A-CA1A010SFR	10 m			Approx. 1.1 kg
R88A-CA1A015SFR	15 m			Approx. 1.6 kg
R88A-CA1A020SFR	20 m			Approx. 2.1 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Power Cables with Brake Wire (Standard Cable)

● R88A-CA1B□□□B (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW

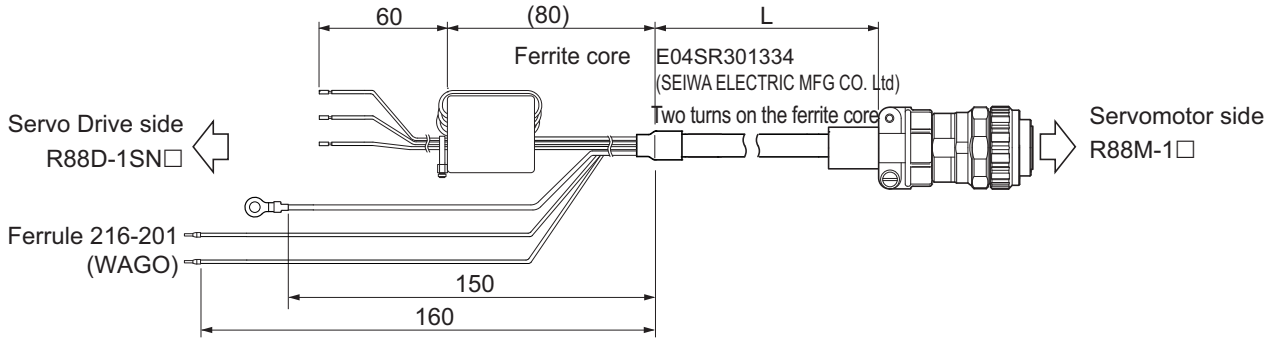
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

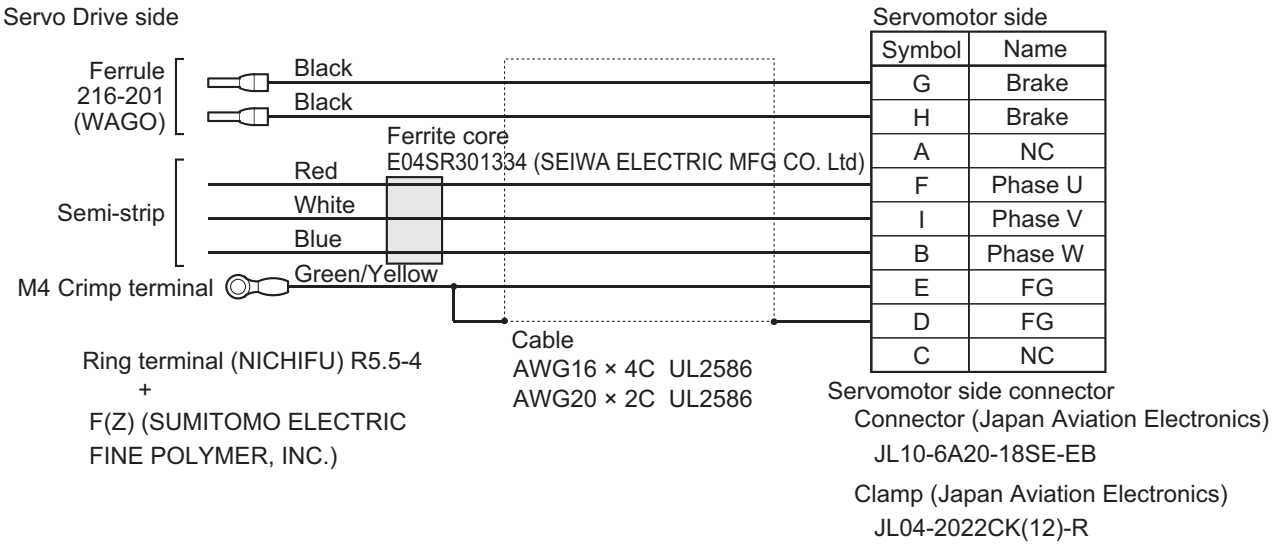
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1B003B	3 m	12.5 dia.	Approx. 1.2 kg
R88A-CA1B005B	5 m		Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1B010B	10 m		Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1B015B	15 m		Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1B020B	20 m		Approx. 6.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



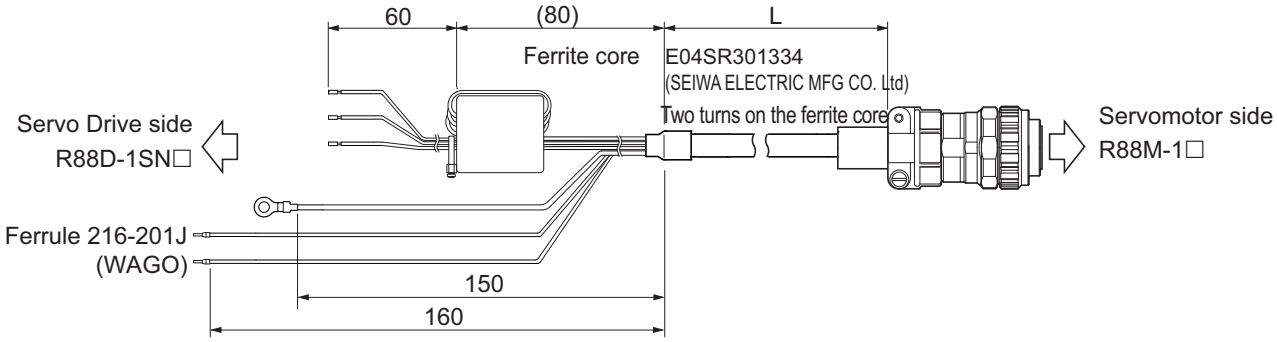
● R88A-CA1B□□□B (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors
200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW
1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

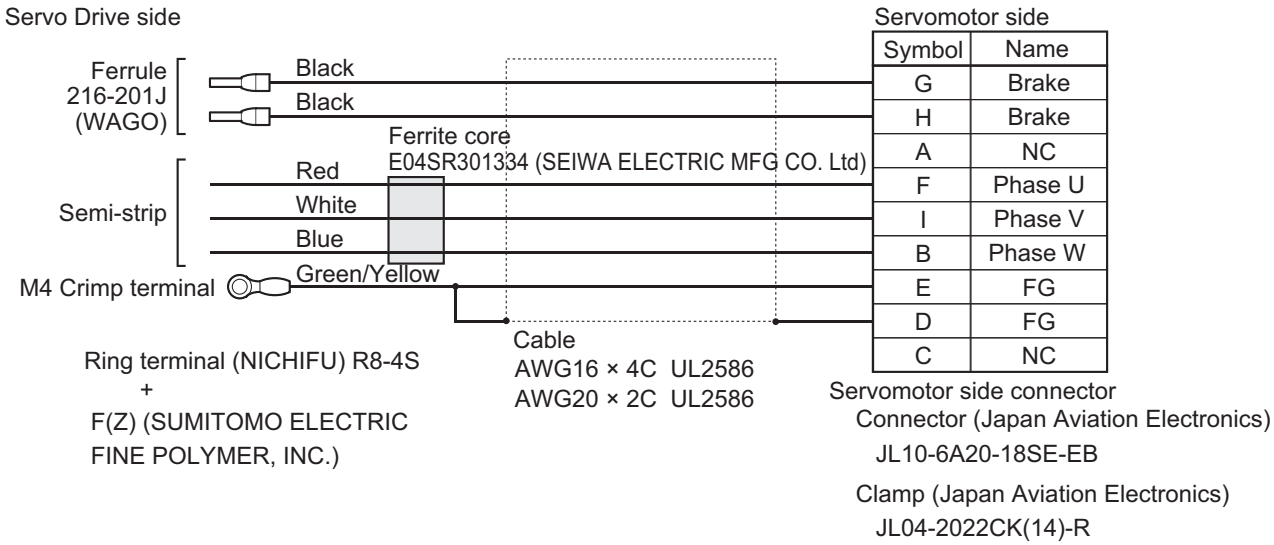
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1B003B	3 m	13.3 dia.	Approx. 1.4 kg
R88A-CA1B005B	5 m		Approx. 2.1 kg
R88A-CA1B010B	10 m		Approx. 3.8 kg
R88A-CA1B015B	15 m		Approx. 5.5 kg
R88A-CA1B020B	20 m		Approx. 7.3 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1C□□□B (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

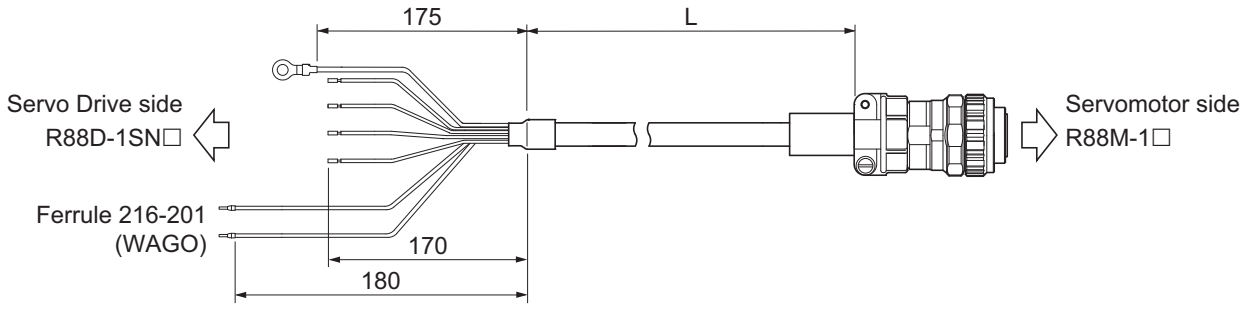
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

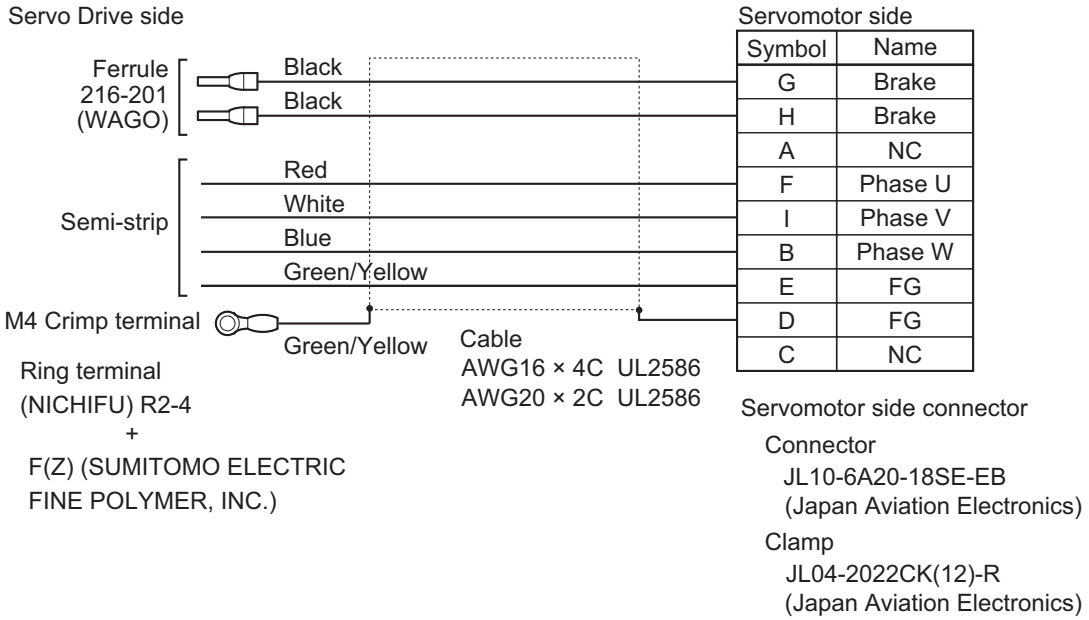
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1C003B	3 m	12.5 dia.	Approx. 1.2 kg
R88A-CA1C005B	5 m		Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1C010B	10 m		Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1C015B	15 m		Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1C020B	20 m		Approx. 6.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1C□□□B (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

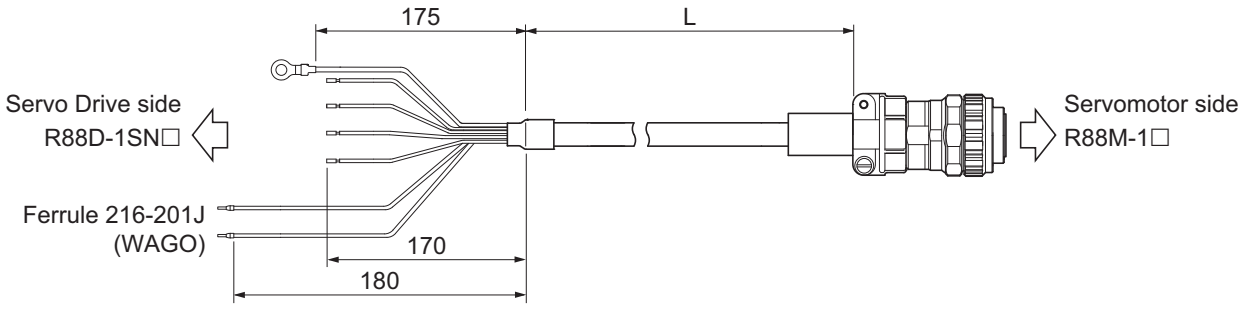
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

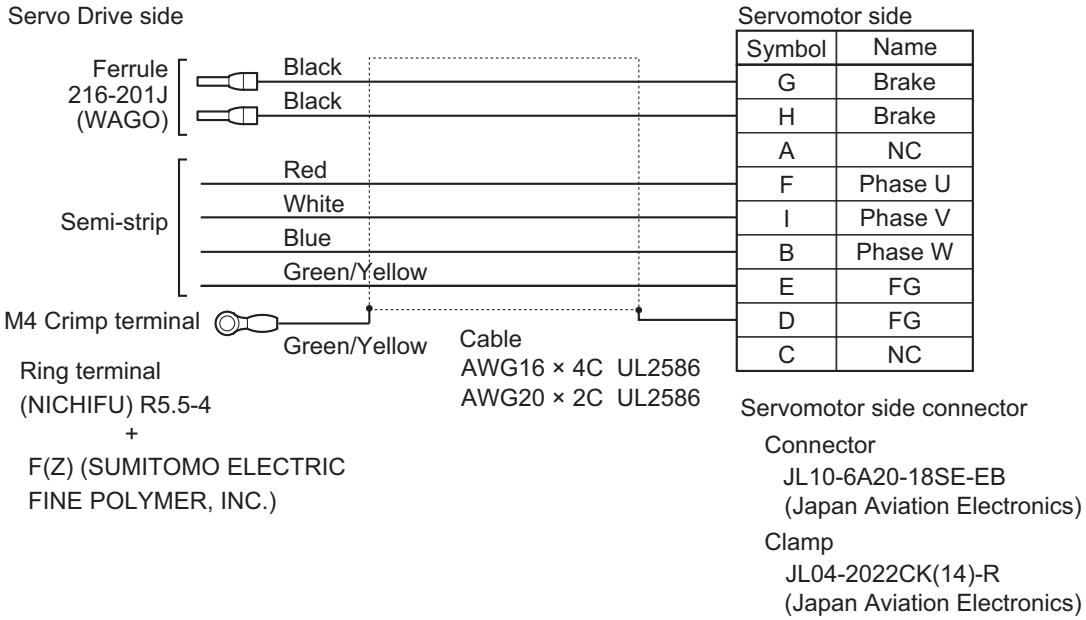
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1C003B	3 m	13.3 dia.	Approx. 1.3 kg
R88A-CA1C005B	5 m		Approx. 2.0 kg
R88A-CA1C010B	10 m		Approx. 3.7 kg
R88A-CA1C015B	15 m		Approx. 5.5 kg
R88A-CA1C020B	20 m		Approx. 7.2 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1E□□□B (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW, and 3 kW

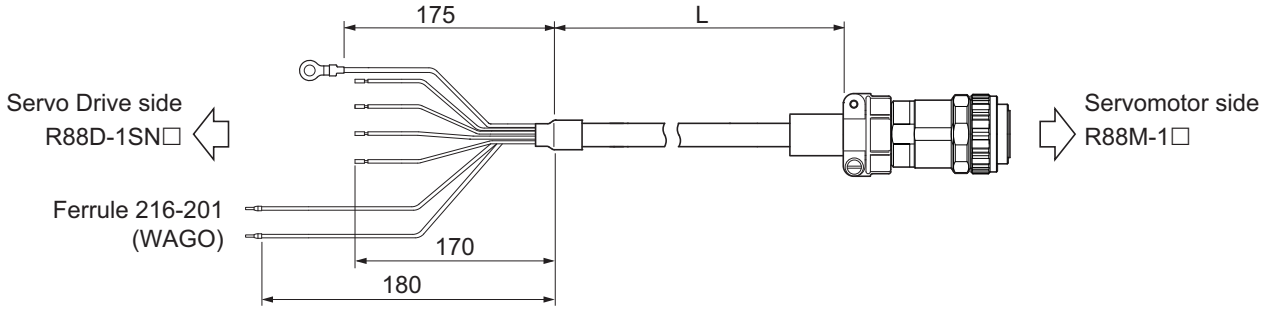
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW, and 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W, 2 kW, and 3 kW

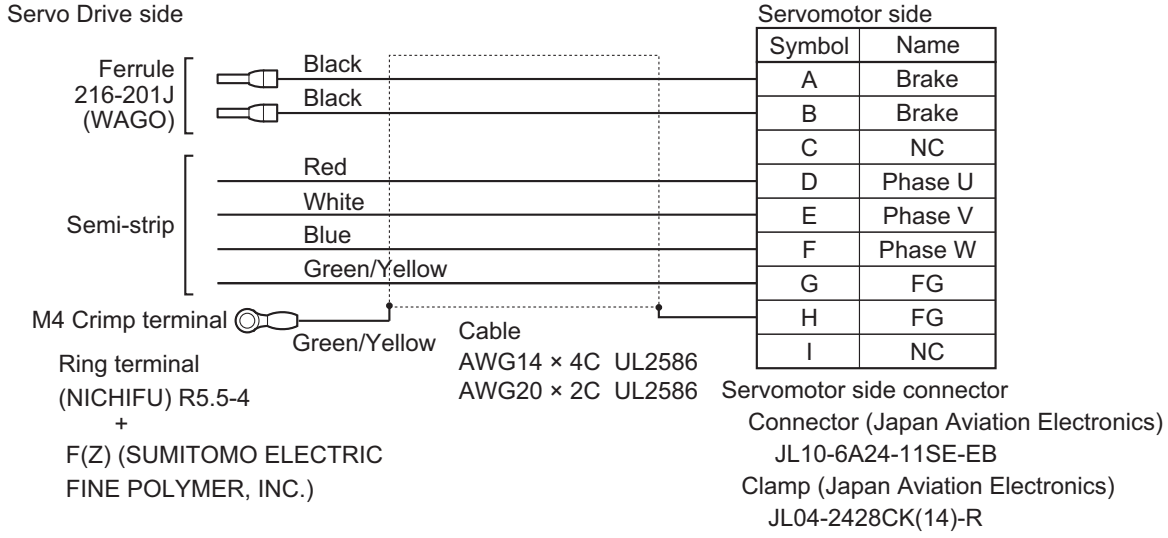
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1E003B	3 m	14.0 dia.	Approx. 1.4 kg
R88A-CA1E005B	5 m		Approx. 2.2 kg
R88A-CA1E010B	10 m		Approx. 4.1 kg
R88A-CA1E015B	15 m		Approx. 6.0 kg
R88A-CA1E020B	20 m		Approx. 7.8 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1E□□□B (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW, and 3 kW

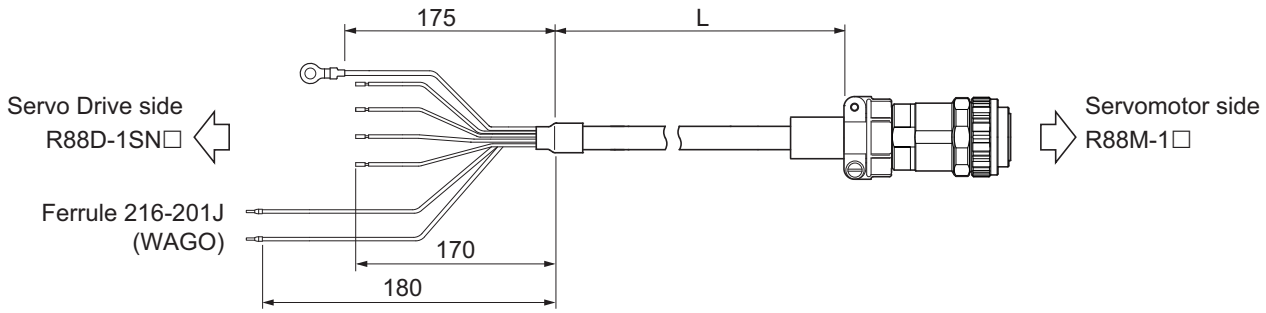
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW, and 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W, 2 kW, and 3 kW

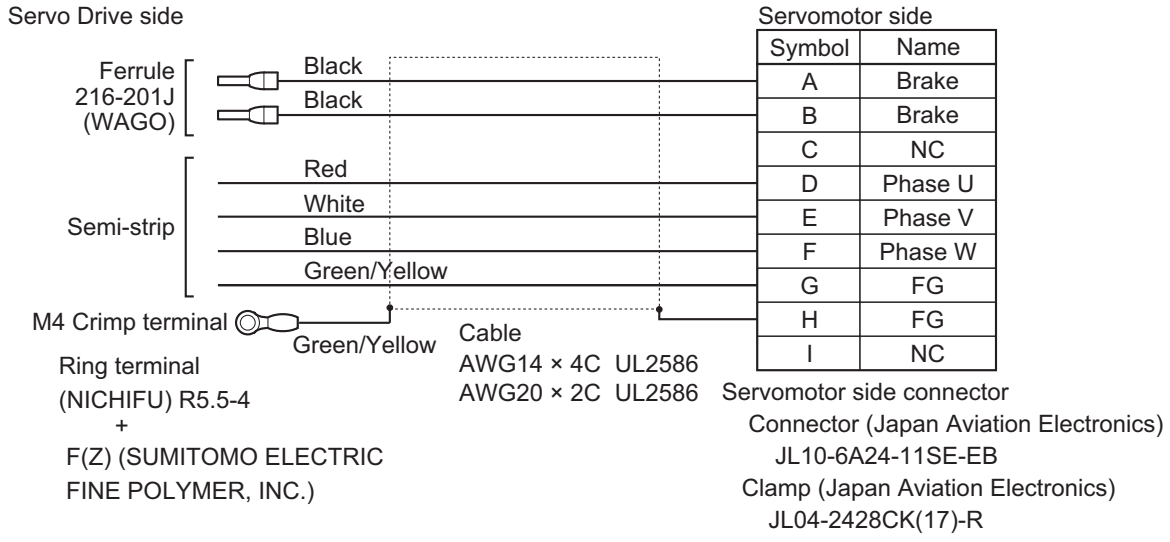
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1E003B	3 m	15.0 dia.	Approx. 1.8 kg
R88A-CA1E005B	5 m		Approx. 2.8 kg
R88A-CA1E010B	10 m		Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1E015B	15 m		Approx. 7.5 kg
R88A-CA1E020B	20 m		Approx. 9.9 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1F□□□B (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

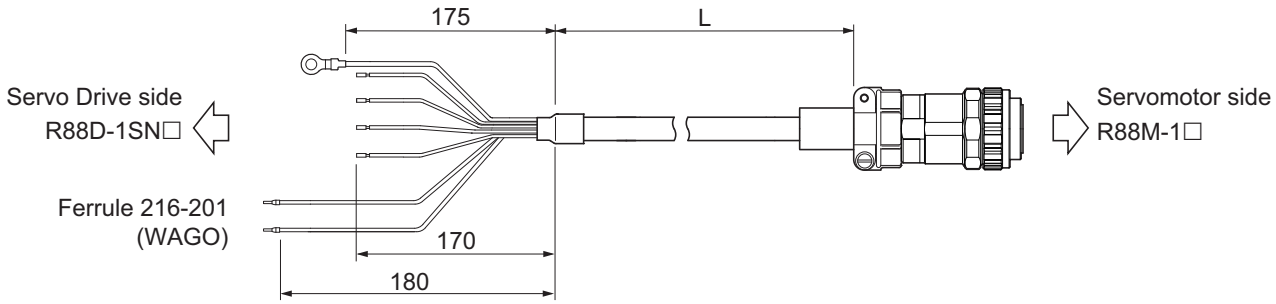
200 V:

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

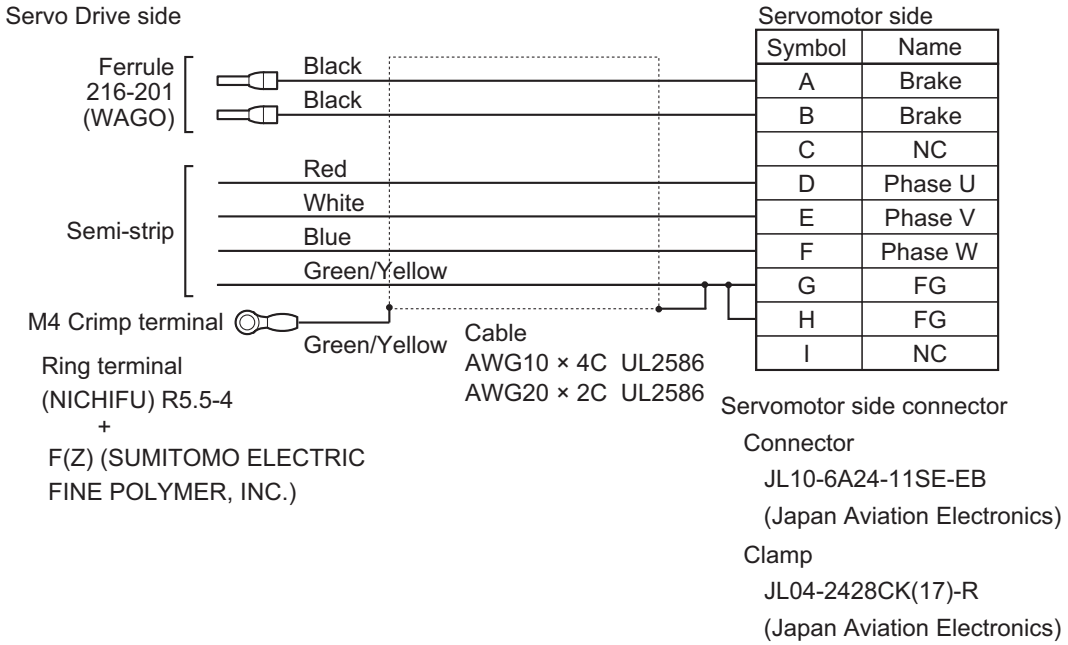
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1F003B	3 m	17.0 dia.	Approx. 2.2 kg
R88A-CA1F005B	5 m		Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1F010B	10 m		Approx. 6.7 kg
R88A-CA1F015B	15 m		Approx. 9.9 kg
R88A-CA1F020B	20 m		Approx. 13.0 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Power Cables with Brake Wire (Flexible Cable)

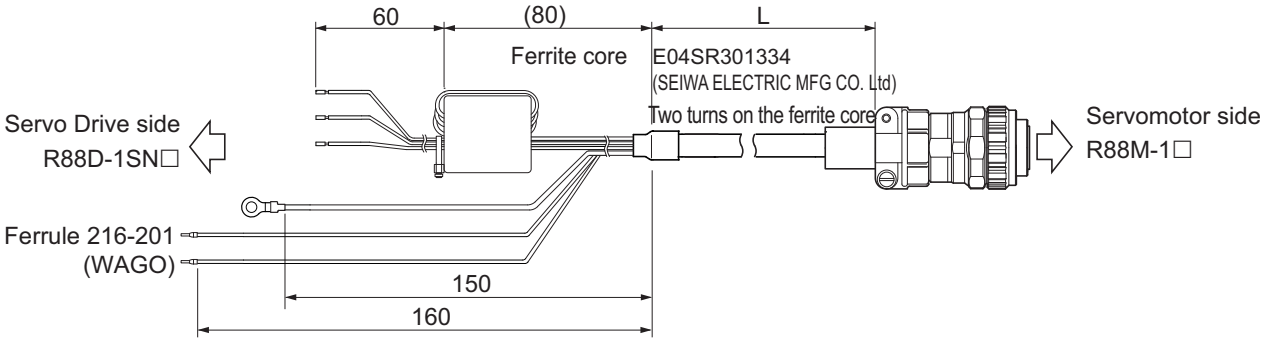
● R88A-CA1B□□□BF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors
200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW
1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

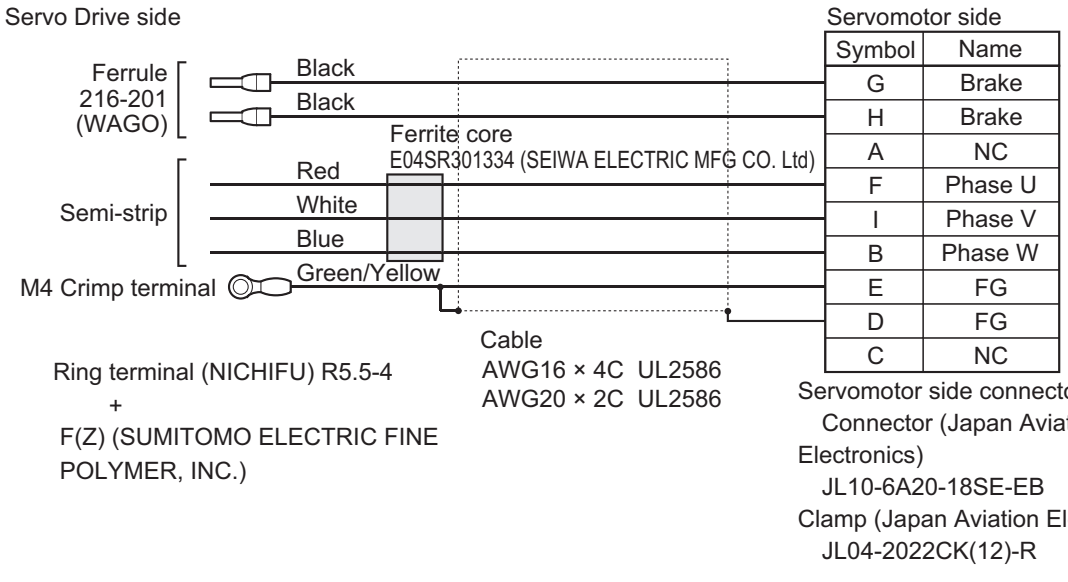
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1B003BF	3 m	12.5 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.2 kg
R88A-CA1B005BF	5 m			Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1B010BF	10 m			Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1B015BF	15 m			Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1B020BF	20 m			Approx. 6.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1B□□□BF (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW

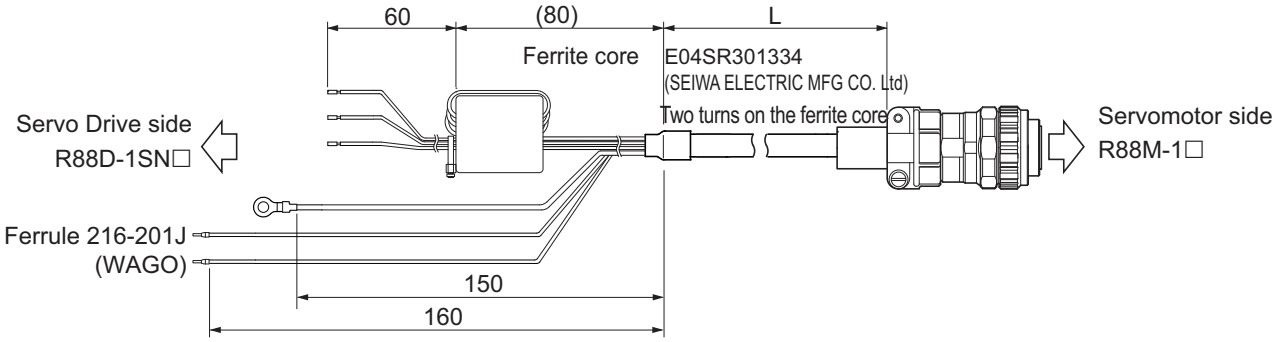
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W

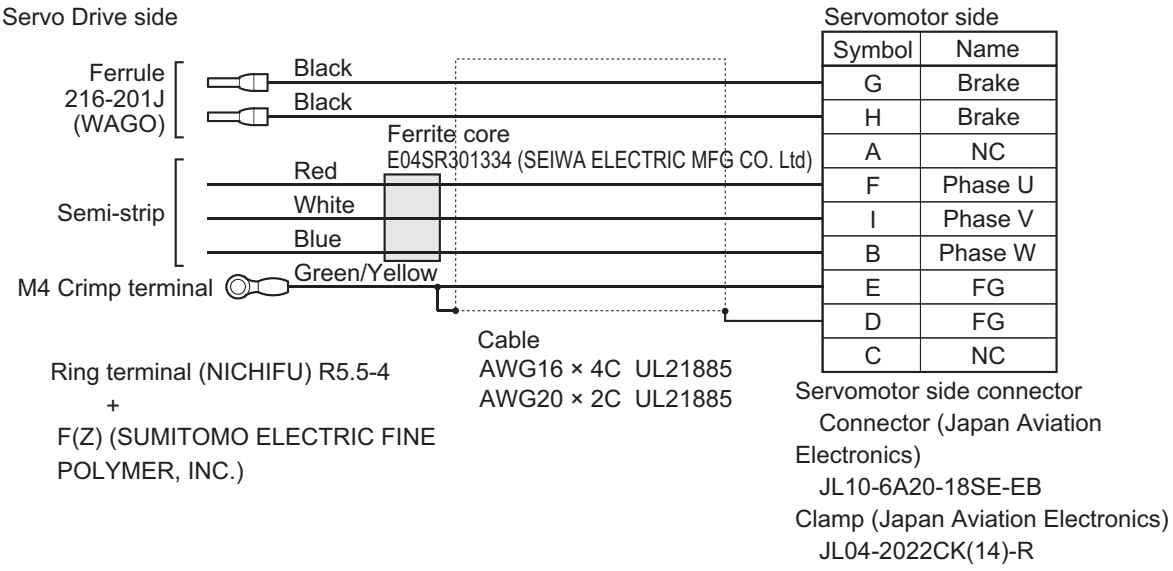
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1B003BF	3 m	14.7 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.3 kg
R88A-CA1B005BF	5 m			Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1B010BF	10 m			Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1B015BF	15 m			Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1B020BF	20 m			Approx. 6.8 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1C□□□BF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

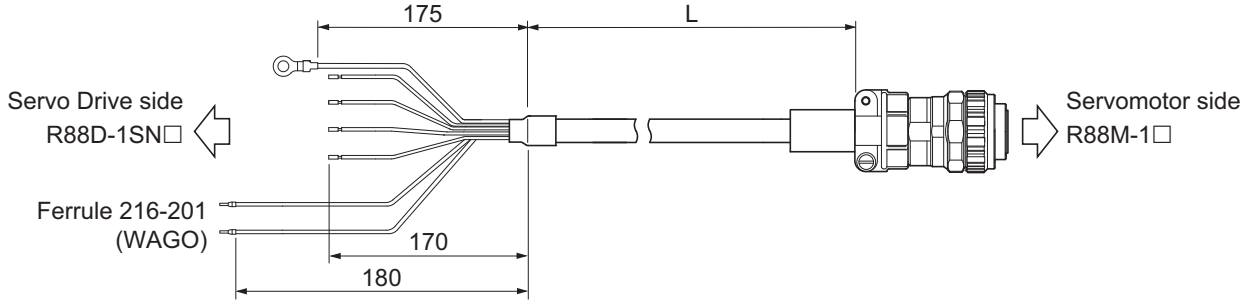
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

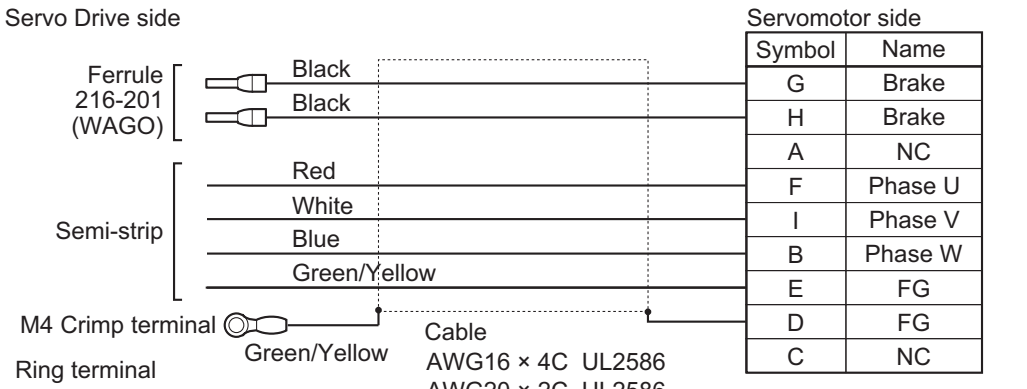
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1C003BF	3 m	12.5 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.2 kg
R88A-CA1C005BF	5 m			Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1C010BF	10 m			Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1C015BF	15 m			Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1C020BF	20 m			Approx. 6.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Symbol	Name
G	Brake
H	Brake
A	NC
F	Phase U
I	Phase V
B	Phase W
E	FG
D	FG
C	NC

Servomotor side connector

Connector
JL10-6A20-18SE-EB
(Japan Aviation Electronics)

Clamp
JL04-2022CK(12)-R
(Japan Aviation Electronics)

● R88A-CA1C□□□BF (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

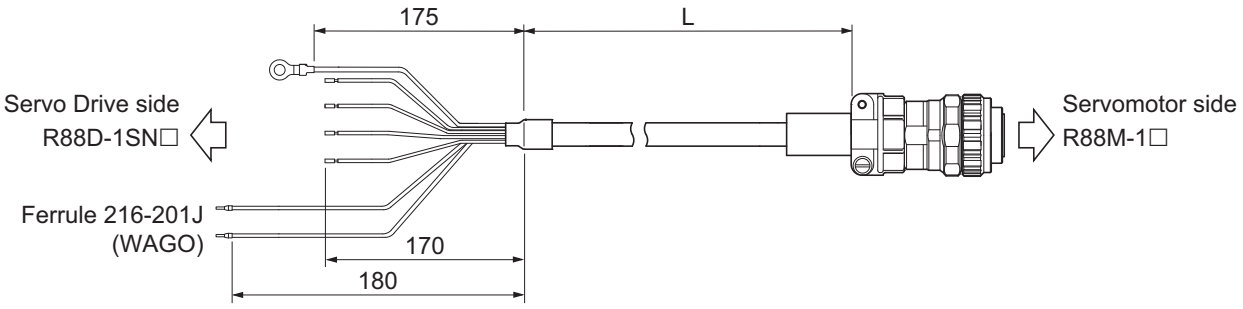
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1.5 kW

Cable types

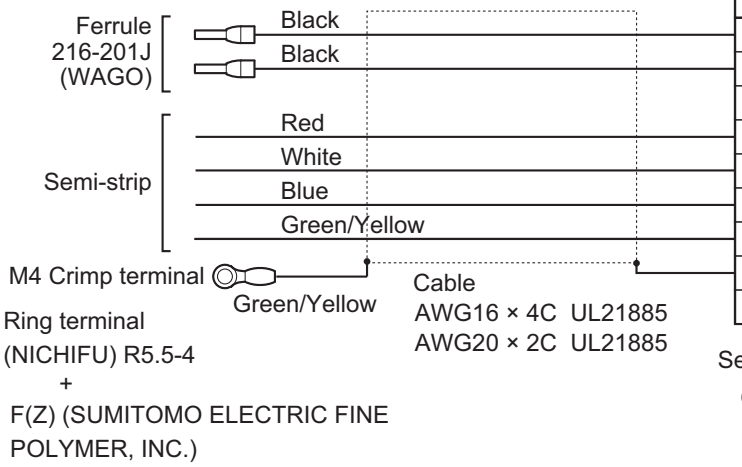
Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1C003BF	3 m	14.7 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.2 kg
R88A-CA1C005BF	5 m			Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1C010BF	10 m			Approx. 3.4 kg
R88A-CA1C015BF	15 m			Approx. 5.1 kg
R88A-CA1C020BF	20 m			Approx. 6.7 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring

Servo Drive side



Servomotor side

Symbol	Name
G	Brake
H	Brake
A	NC
F	Phase U
I	Phase V
B	Phase W
E	FG
D	FG
C	NC

Servomotor side connector

Connector
JL10-6A20-18SE-EB
(Japan Aviation Electronics)

Clamp
JL04-2022CK(14)-R
(Japan Aviation Electronics)

● R88A-CA1E□□□BF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW, and 3 kW

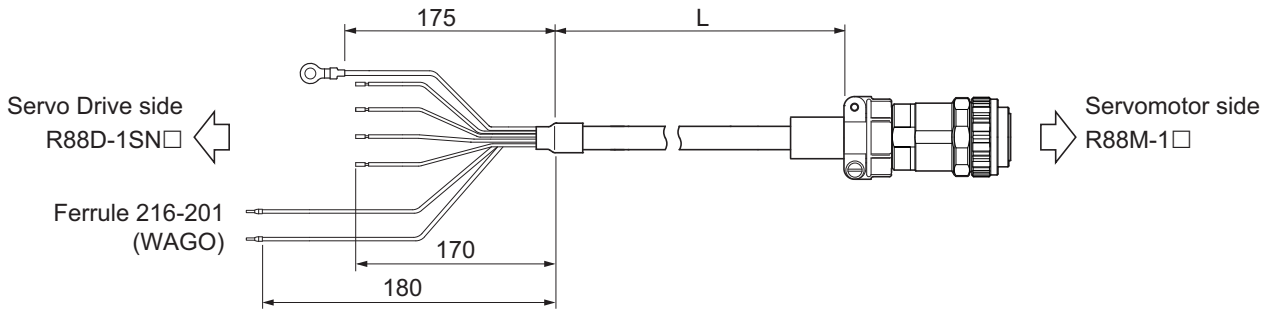
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW, and 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W, 2 kW, and 3 kW

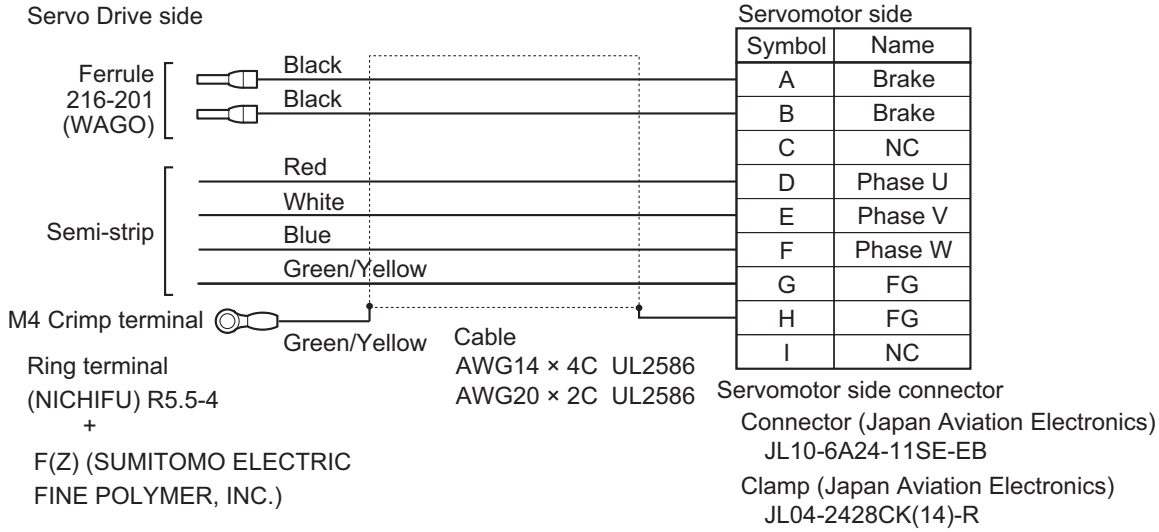
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1E003BF	3 m	14.2 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.4 kg
R88A-CA1E005BF	5 m			Approx. 2.2 kg
R88A-CA1E010BF	10 m			Approx. 4.1 kg
R88A-CA1E015BF	15 m			Approx. 6.0 kg
R88A-CA1E020BF	20 m			Approx. 7.8 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1E□□□BF (Ver. 1.1)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

2,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW, 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 2 kW

400 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW, and 3 kW

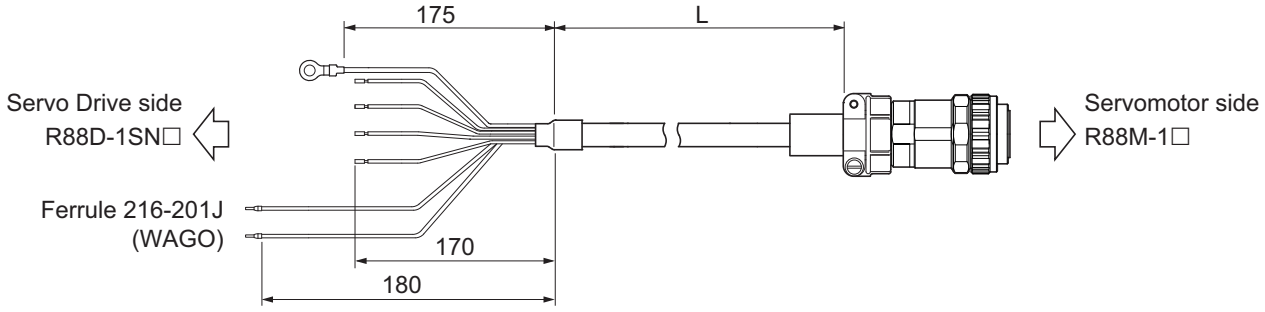
2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W, 600 W, 1 kW, 1.5 kW, 2 kW, and 3 kW

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W, 2 kW, and 3 kW

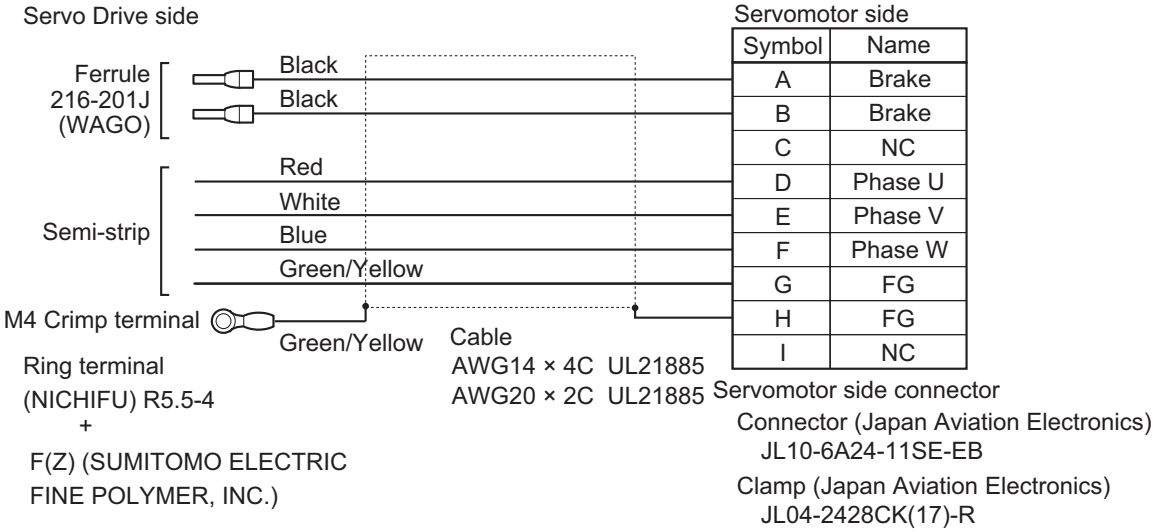
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1E003BF	3 m	15.5 dia.	90 mm	Approx. 1.5 kg
R88A-CA1E005BF	5 m			Approx. 2.2 kg
R88A-CA1E010BF	10 m			Approx. 4.0 kg
R88A-CA1E015BF	15 m			Approx. 5.9 kg
R88A-CA1E020BF	20 m			Approx. 7.8 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



● R88A-CA1F□□□BF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

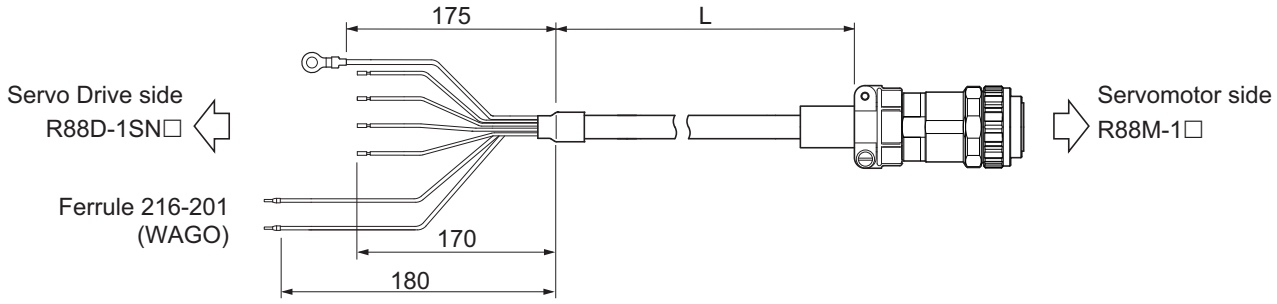
200 V:

1,000-r/min Servomotors of 3 kW

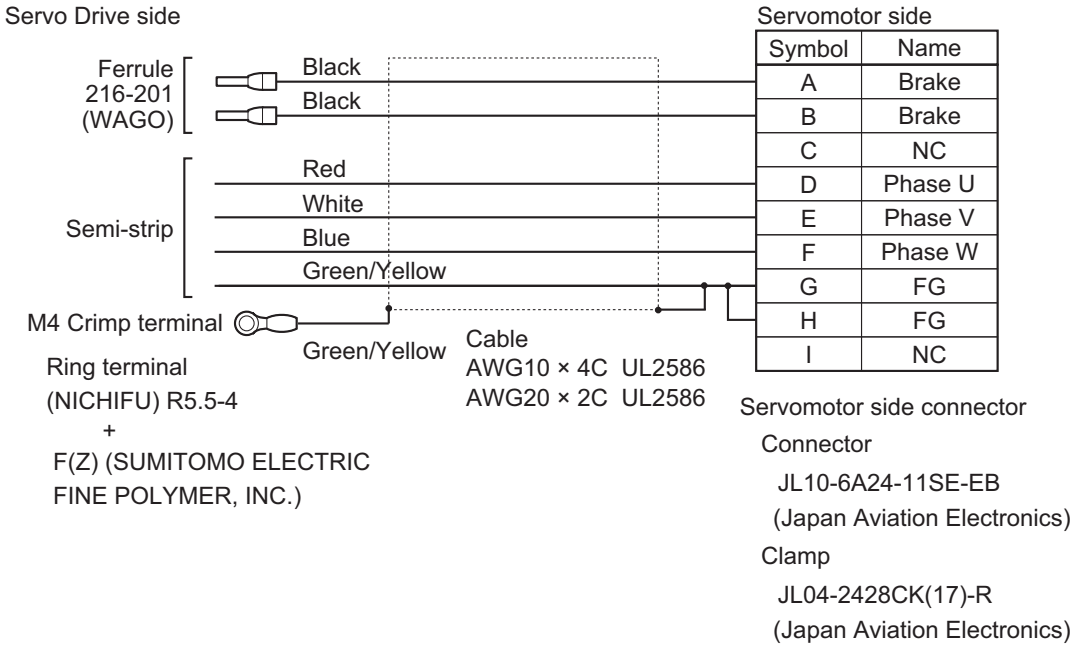
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1F003BF	3 m	17.0 dia.	100 mm	Approx. 2.2 kg
R88A-CA1F005BF	5 m			Approx. 3.5 kg
R88A-CA1F010BF	10 m			Approx. 6.7 kg
R88A-CA1F015BF	15 m			Approx. 9.9 kg
R88A-CA1F020BF	20 m			Approx. 13.0 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Servomotor side connector

Connector

JL10-6A24-11SE-EB

(Japan Aviation Electronics)

Clamp

JL04-2428CK(17)-R

(Japan Aviation Electronics)

● R88A-CA1H□□□BF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

200 V:

3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 4.7 kW

1,500-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 5 kW

400 V:

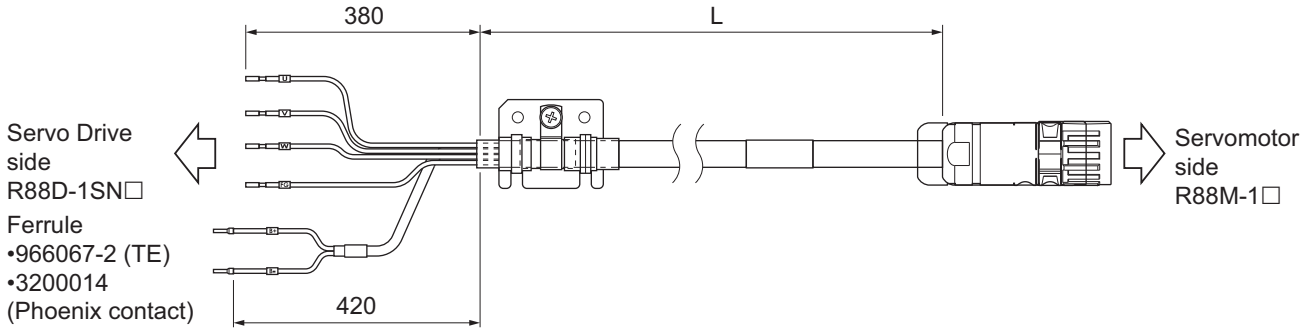
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 5 kW

1,500-r/min Servomotors of 4 kW, 5.5 kW, 7.5 kW

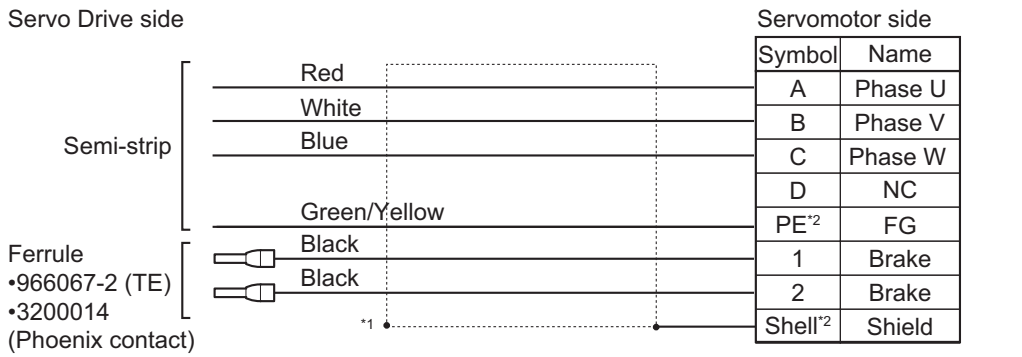
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1H003BF	3 m	15.0 dia.	150 mm	Approx. 1.9 kg
R88A-CA1H005BF	5 m			Approx. 2.8 kg
R88A-CA1H010BF	10 m			Approx. 4.9 kg
R88A-CA1H015BF	15 m			Approx. 7.2 kg
R88A-CA1H020BF	20 m			Approx. 9.4 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Cable
AWG12×4C UL758
AWG21×2C UL758

Servomotor side connector
M23 Series (Phoenix Contact)
Connector
1621517
Contact
Power: 1621578
Brake: 1618251

*1. Connect the cable to the servo drive enclosure using the shield clamp.

*2. PE and shell are set in the connectors at Servomotor's side.

● R88A-CA1J□□□BF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

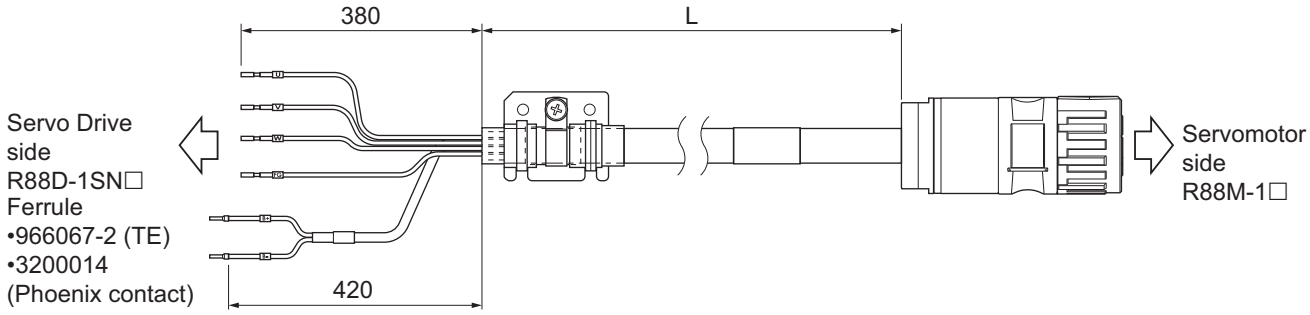
400 V:

1,500-r/min Servomotors of 11 kW, 15 kW

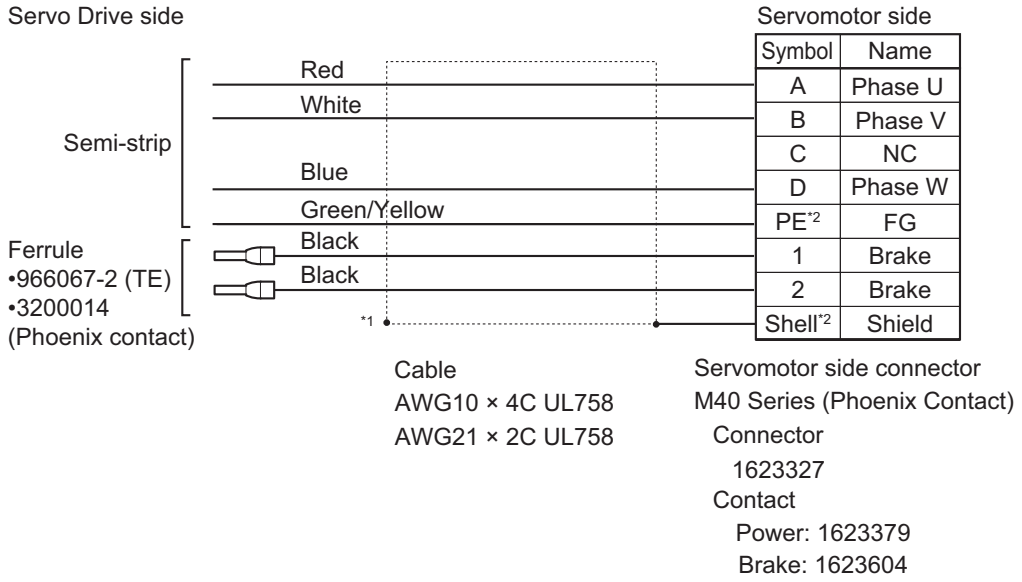
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1J003BF	3 m	17.3 dia.	173 mm	Approx. 2.4 kg
R88A-CA1J005BF	5 m			Approx. 3.3 kg
R88A-CA1J010BF	10 m			Approx. 6.0 kg
R88A-CA1J015BF	15 m			Approx. 8.7 kg
R88A-CA1J020BF	20 m			Approx. 11.5 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



*1. Connect the cable to the servo drive enclosure using the shield clamp.

*2. PE and shell are set in the connectors at Servomotor's side.

● R88A-CA1K□□□BF (Ver. 1.0)

Applicable Servomotors

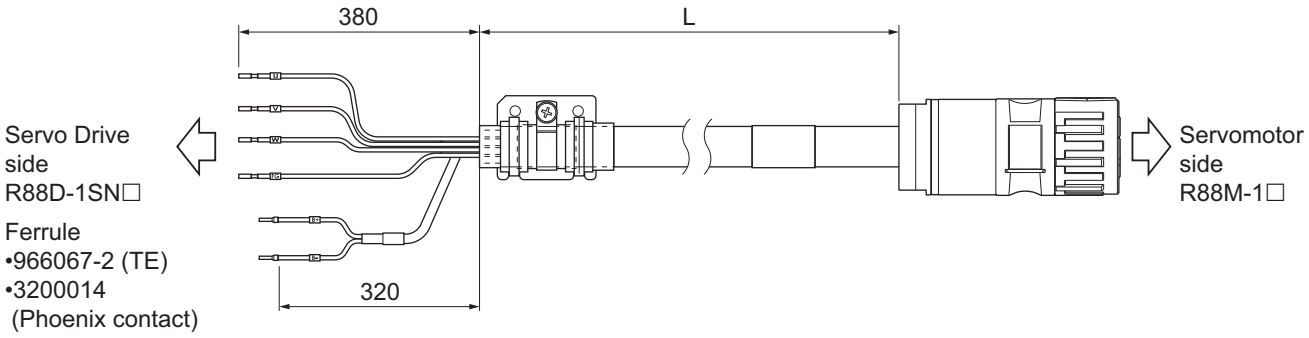
200 V:

1,500-r/min Servomotors of 7.5 kW, 11 kW, 15 kW

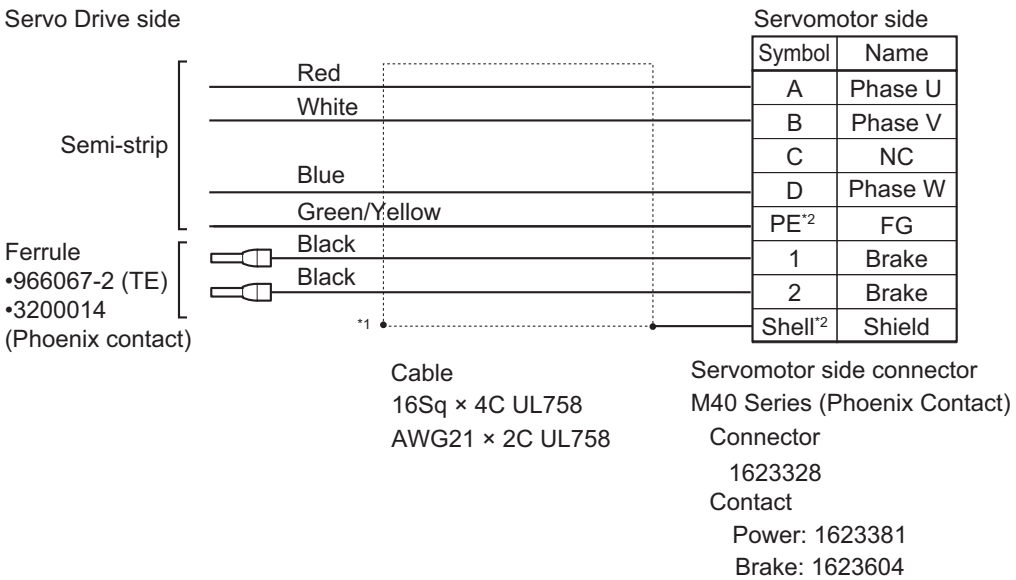
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1K003BF	3 m	23.2 dia.	232 mm	Approx. 4.8 kg
R88A-CA1K005BF	5 m			Approx. 6.7 kg
R88A-CA1K010BF	10 m			Approx. 12.5 kg
R88A-CA1K015BF	15 m			Approx. 18.7 kg
R88A-CA1K020BF	20 m			Approx. 24.9 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



*1. Connect the cable to the servo drive enclosure using the shield clamp.
*2. PE and shell are set in the connectors at Servomotor's side.

Brake Cables (Standard Cable)

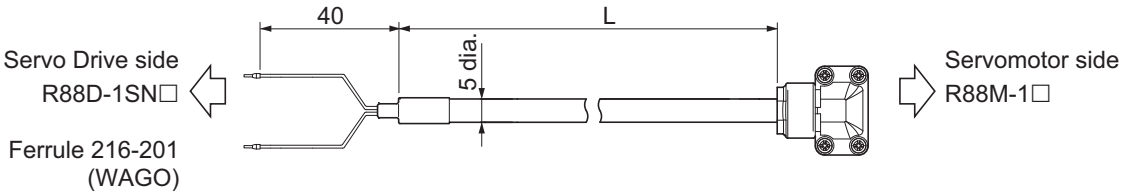
● R88A-CA1A□□□B

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

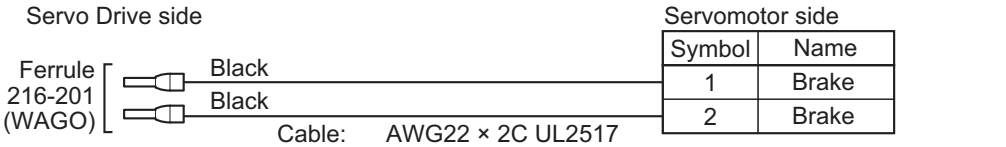
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Weight
R88A-CA1A003B	3 m	5.0 dia.	Approx. 0.2 kg
R88A-CA1A005B	5 m		Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CA1A010B	10 m		Approx. 0.5 kg
R88A-CA1A015B	15 m		Approx. 0.7 kg
R88A-CA1A020B	20 m		Approx. 0.9 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Servomotor side connector
Connector
JN6FR02SM1
(Japan Aviation Electronics)
Socket contact
LY10-C1-A1-10000
(Japan Aviation Electronics)

Brake Cables (Flexible Cable)

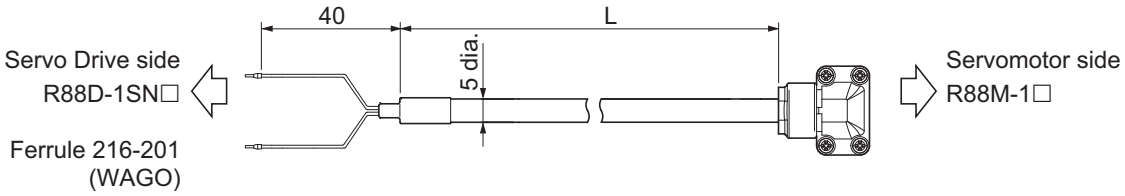
● R88A-CA1A□□□BF

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 100 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

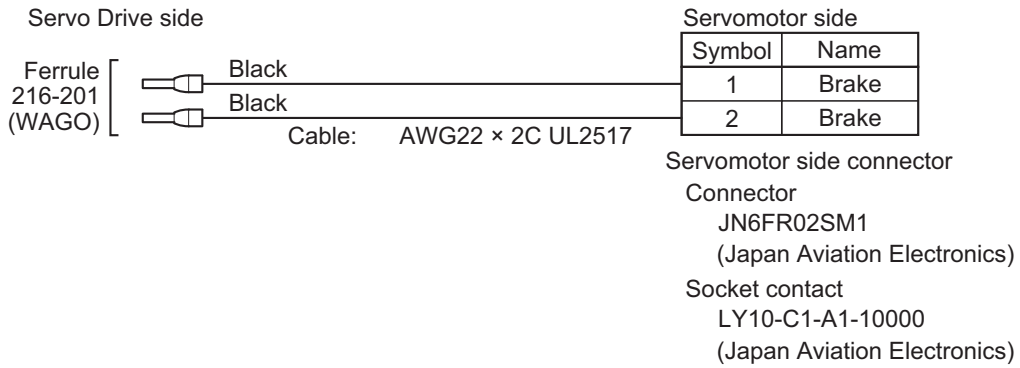
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1A003BF	3 m	5.0 dia.	30 mm	Approx. 0.2 kg
R88A-CA1A005BF	5 m			Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CA1A010BF	10 m			Approx. 0.5 kg
R88A-CA1A015BF	15 m			Approx. 0.7 kg
R88A-CA1A020BF	20 m			Approx. 0.9 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



Brake Cables (Non-load side, Flexible Cable)

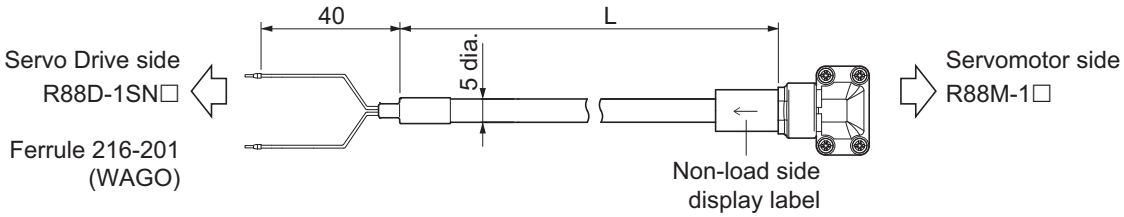
● R88A-CA1A□□□BFR

Applicable Servomotors
100 V and 200 V:
3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 W, 200 W, 400 W, and 750 W

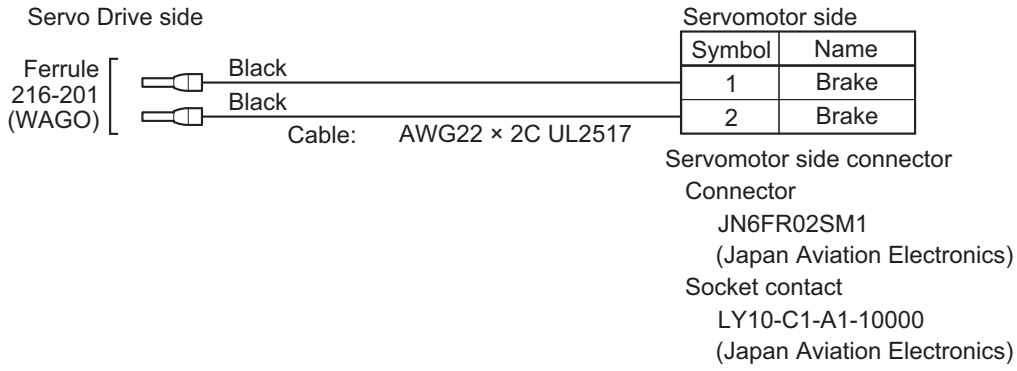
Cable types

Model	Length [L]	Outer diameter of sheath	Minimum bending radius	Weight
R88A-CA1A003BFR	3 m	5.0 dia.	30 mm	Approx. 0.2 kg
R88A-CA1A005BFR	5 m			Approx. 0.3 kg
R88A-CA1A010BFR	10 m			Approx. 0.5 kg
R88A-CA1A015BFR	15 m			Approx. 0.7 kg
R88A-CA1A020BFR	20 m			Approx. 0.9 kg

Connection configuration and external dimensions [mm]



Wiring



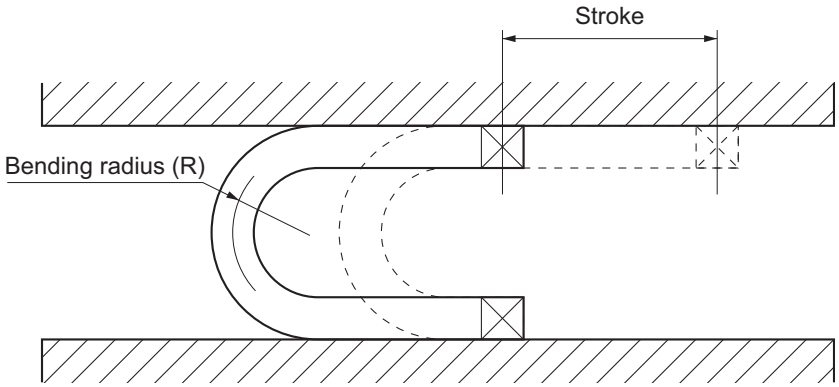
3-4-3 Resistance to Bending of Flexible Cable

If the cable is used in a moving part, use a flexible cable.
The flexing life of a Flexible Cable is estimated under the following conditions.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Because the lifetime data on resistance to bending is intended for reference only, use the cable with a sufficient margin.
- The minimum bending radius refers to the value at which the core conductor provides electrical continuity without causing cracks and scratches that can have functional impact on the sheath, which does not cover the disconnection of shielded wire.
- Equipment damage or grounding fault due to dielectric breakdown may occur if cables are used at a radius smaller than the minimum bending radius.

Moving Bend Test



● Encoder Cable

Model	Bend test conditions		Estimated life
	Minimum bending radius [R]	Stroke	
R88A-CR1A□□□CF*1 R88A-CR1B□□□NF*1 R88A-CR1B□□□VF*1	33 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times
R88A-CR1A△△△CF*2 R88A-CR1B△△△NF*2 R88A-CR1B△△△VF*2	42 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times

*1. □□□ represents a number between 003 and 020.

*2. △△△ represents a number between 030 and 050.
When 030 to 050 cables are used, the bending position on the cables must be at least 100 mm away from the Servomotor's connector.

● Power Cables without Brake Wire

Model	Bend test conditions		Estimated life
	Minimum bending radius [R]	Stroke	
R88A-CA1A□□□SF*1	40 mm	500 mm	10 million times
R88A-CA1A□□□SFR*1	40 mm	500 mm	10 million times
R88A-CA1B□□□SF*1 R88A-CA1C□□□SF*1	90 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times

Model	Bend test conditions		Estimated life
	Minimum bending radius [R]	Stroke	
R88A-CA1E□□□SF*1	90 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times
R88A-CA1F□□□SF*1	100 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times
R88A-CA1H△△△SF*2	150 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	10 million times
R88A-CA1J△△△SF*2	173 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	10 million times
R88A-CA1K△△△SF*2	232 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	10 million times

*1. □□□ represents a number between 003 and 050.
*2. △△△ represents a number between 003 and 020.

● Power Cables with Brake Wire

Model	Bend test conditions		Estimated life
	Minimum bending radius [R]	Stroke	
R88A-CA1B□□□BF*1 R88A-CA1C□□□BF*1	90 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times
R88A-CA1E□□□BF*1	90 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times
R88A-CA1F□□□BF*1	100 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times
R88A-CA1H△△△BF*2	150 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	10 million times
R88A-CA1J△△△BF*2	173 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	10 million times
R88A-CA1K△△△BF*2	232 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	10 million times

*1. □□□ represents a number between 003 and 050.
*2. △△△ represents a number between 003 and 020.

● Brake Cable

Model	Bend test conditions		Estimated life
	Minimum bending radius [R]	Stroke	
R88A-CA1A□□□BF*1	30 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times
R88A-CA1A□□□BFR*1	30 mm	500 to 1,000 mm	20 million times

*1. □□□ represents a number between 003 and 050.

3-4-4 Connector Specifications

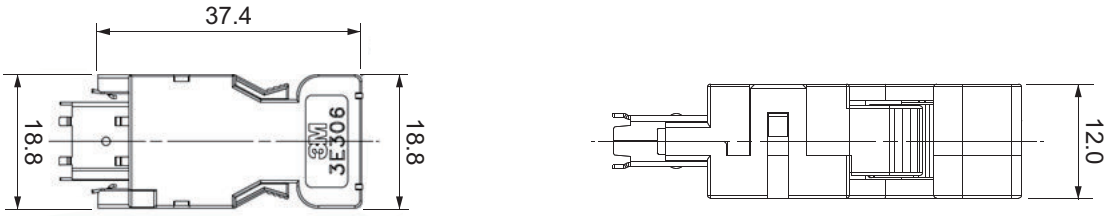
Encoder Cable Connectors

These connectors are used for encoder cables.
Use them when you prepare an encoder cable by yourself.

● Servo Drive Connector

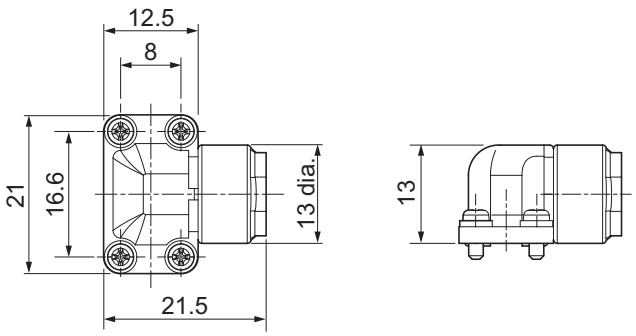
Item	Specifications
Applicable Servomotor	1S-series Servomotors of all capacities
Connector	This is a soldering-type connector.

Item		Specifications
	Receptacle	3E206-0100KV (3M)
	Shell kit	3E306-3200-008 (3M)
	Receptacle and shell kit	R88A-CN101R (OMRON)
Applicable cable	Applicable wire	AWG 18 max.
	Insulating cover outer diameter	2.1 mm dia. max.
	Outer diameter of sheath	5.4 to 7.5 mm dia.

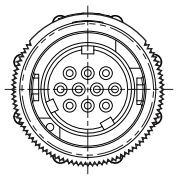


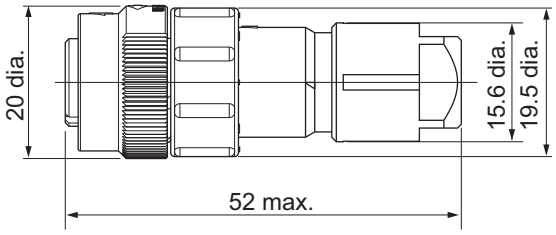
● Servomotor Connector

Item		Specifications
Applicable Servomotor	100 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 to 400 W
	200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 to 750 W
Connector		This is a crimping-type connector. For required tools, contact the manufacturers directly.
	Angle plug	JN6FR07SM1 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Connector pin	LY10-C1-A1-10000 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Angle plug and connector pin	R88A-CNK02R (OMRON)
Applicable cable	Applicable wire	AWG 22 max.
	Insulating cover outer diameter	1.3 mm dia. max.
	Outer diameter of sheath	5.0±0.5 mm dia.

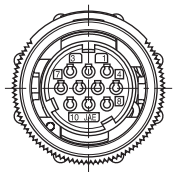


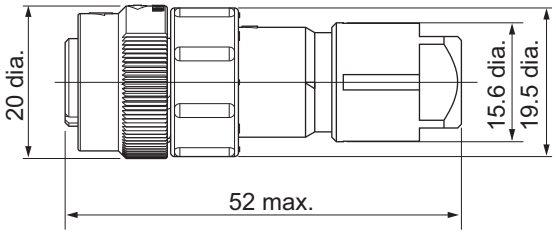
Item		Specifications
Applicable Servomotor	200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 to 3 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 1 to 3 kW 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W to 3 kW
	400 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 750 W to 3 kW 2,000-r/min Servomotors of 400 W to 3 kW 1,000-r/min Servomotors of 900 W to 3 kW
Connector		This is a crimping-type connector. For required tools, contact the manufacturers directly.
	Straight plug	JN2DS10SL1-R (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Contact	JN1-22-22S-10000 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Straight plug and contact	R88A-CN104R (OMRON)
Applicable cable	Applicable wire	AWG 21 max.
	Outer diameter of sheath	5.7 to 7.3 mm dia.





Item		Specifications
Applicable Servomotor	200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 to 5 kW 1,500-r/min Servomotors of 4 to 15 kW
	400 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 4 to 5 kW 1,500-r/min Servomotors of 4 to 15 kW
Connector		This is a crimping-type connector. For required tools, contact the manufacturers directly.
	Straight plug	JN2VDS10SL1 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Contact	JN2V-22-22S-10000 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Straight plug and contact	R88A-CN105R (OMRON)
Applicable cable	Applicable wire	AWG 21 max.
	Outer diameter of sheath	5.7 to 7.3 mm dia.

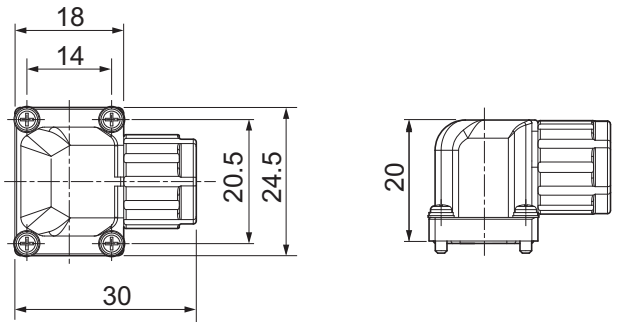




Power Cable Connector

This connector is used for power cables with cable on load side such as R88A-CA1A□□□S and R88A-CA1A□□□SF.
Use it when you prepare a power cables with cable on load side by yourself.
This connector cannot be used for power cables with cable on non-load side such as R88A-CA1A□□□SFR.

Item		Specifications
Applicable Servomotor	100 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 100 to 400 W
	200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 100 to 750 W
Connector		This is a crimping-type connector. For required tools, contact the manufacturers directly.
	Angle plug	JN6FS05SJ2 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Socket contact	ST-JN6-S-C1B-2500 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Angle plug and socket contact	R88A-CN111A (OMRON)
Applicable cable	Applicable wire	AWG 18
	Insulating cover outer diameter	1.7 to 1.9 mm dia.
	Outer diameter of sheath	6.4 to 7.2 mm dia.

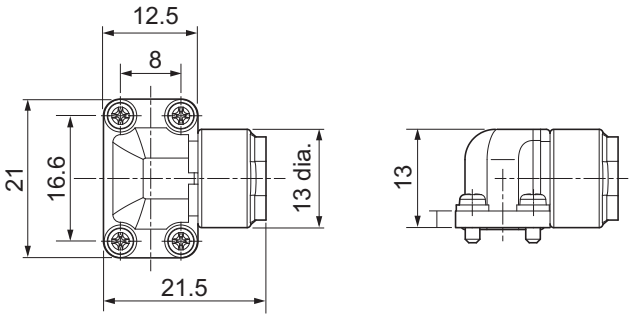


Brake Cable Connector

This connector is used for brake cables.
Use it when you prepare a brake cable by yourself.

Item		Specifications
Applicable Servomotor	100 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 to 400 W
	200 V	3,000-r/min Servomotors of 50 to 750 W
Connector		This is a crimping-type connector. For required tools, contact the manufacturers directly.
	Angle plug	JN6FR02SM1 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Socket contact	LY10-C1-A1-10000 (Japan Aviation Electronics)
	Angle plug and socket contact	R88A-CN111B (OMRON)

Item		Specifications
Applicable cable	Applicable wire	AWG 22 to 26
	Insulating cover outer diameter	0.8 to 1.3 mm dia.
	Outer diameter of sheath	4.5 to 5.5 mm dia.



3-4-5 Cable Wire Specifications

Encoder Cable Wires

These wires are used for encoder cables.
Use them when you prepare an encoder cable by yourself.

Encoder cable model	Wire model		Wire specifications	Shield
R88A-CR1A□□□C	20 m	F-SK-B20276-3176*1	AWG22 × 2C + AWG24 × 1P UL20276	Yes
R88A-CR1B□□□N R88A-CR1B□□□V	20 m	F-SK-B20276-3180*1	AWG22 × 2C + AWG24 × 1P UL20276	Yes
R88A-CR1A□□□CF	20 m	F-F-C15-012*1*2	AWG22 × 2C + AWG24 × 1P UL20276	Yes
R88A-CR1B□□□NF R88A-CR1B□□□VF	20 m	F-F-C15-322*1*2	AWG22 × 2C + AWG24 × 1P UL20276	Yes

*1. The length of one encoder cable should be 3 to 20 m.
*2. Refer to *3-4-3 Resistance to Bending of Flexible Cable* on page 3-129 for the resistance to bending.

Power Cable Wires

These wires are used for power cables.
Use them when you prepare a power cable by yourself.

● Power Cables without Brake Wire (Standard Cable)

Power cable model	Wire model*1	Wire specifications	Shield
R88A-CA1A□□□S (Ver.1.1)	F-OQS-C4213K-0029*1	AWG20 × 3C UL2464	Yes

Power cable model	Wire model*1	Wire specifications	Shield
R88A-CA1B□□□S (Ver.1.1)	F-SP02593*1	AWG16 × 4C UL2586	Yes
R88A-CA1C□□□S (Ver.1.1)			
R88A-CA1E□□□S (Ver.1.1)	F-SP02592*1	AWG14 × 4C UL2586	Yes
R88A-CA1F□□□S (Ver.1.0)	F-SK-B2586-747*1	AWG10 × 4C UL2586	Yes

*1. The length of one power cable should be 3 to 20 m.

● Power Cables without Brake Wire (Flexible Cable/Non-load side, Flexible Cable)

Power cable model	Wire model*1	Wire specifications	Shield
R88A-CA1A□□□SF (Ver.1.1)	F-OQS-C4401K-0035*1	AWG20 × 3C UL2517	Yes
R88A-CA1A□□□SFR (Ver.1.1)			
R88A-CA1B□□□SF (Ver.1.1)	F-F-C20-487*1	AWG16 × 4C UL2586	Yes
R88A-CA1C□□□SF (Ver.1.1)			
R88A-CA1E□□□SF (Ver.1.1)	F-F-C20-490*1	AWG14 × 4C UL21885	Yes
R88A-CA1F□□□SF (Ver.1.0)	F-F-C15-007*1	AWG10 × 4C UL2586	Yes

*1. The length of one power cable should be 3 to 20 m.
Refer to *3-4-3 Resistance to Bending of Flexible Cable* on page 3-129 for the resistance to bending.

● Power Cables with Brake Wire (Standard Cable)

Power cable model	Wire model*1	Wire specifications	Shield
R88A-CA1B□□□B (Ver.1.1)	F-SP02590*1	AWG16 × 4C UL2586 AWG20 × 2C UL2586	Yes
R88A-CA1C□□□B (Ver.1.1)			
R88A-CA1E□□□B (Ver.1.1)	F-SP02588*1	AWG14 × 4C UL2586 AWG20 × 2C UL2586	Yes
R88A-CA1F□□□B (Ver.1.0)	F-SK-B2586-748*1	AWG10 × 4C UL2586 AWG20 × 2C UL2586	Yes

*1. The length of one power cable should be 3 to 20 m.

● Power Cables with Brake Wire (Flexible Cable)

Power cable model	Wire model*1	Wire specifications	Shield
R88A-CA1B□□□BF (Ver.1.1)	F-F-C20-488*1	AWG16 × 4C UL21885 AWG20 × 2C UL21885	Yes
R88A-CA1C□□□BF (Ver.1.1)			
R88A-CA1E□□□BF (Ver.1.1)	F-F-C20-490*1	AWG14 × 4C UL21885 AWG20 × 2C UL21885	Yes
R88A-CA1F□□□BF (Ver.1.0)	F-F-C15-009*1	AWG10 × 4C UL2586 AWG20 × 2C UL2586	Yes

*1. The length of one power cable should be 3 to 20 m.
Refer to *3-4-3 Resistance to Bending of Flexible Cable* on page 3-129 for the resistance to bending.

Brake Cable Wires

These wires are used for brake cables.
Use them when you prepare a brake cable by yourself.

Brake cable model	Wire model	Wire specifications	Shield
R88A-CA1A□□□B	F-SK-B2517-753*1	AWG22 × 2C UL2517	No
R88A-CA1A□□□BF	F-F-C15-010*2	AWG22 × 2C UL2517	No
R88A-CA1A□□□BFR			

*1. The length of one brake cable should be 3 to 20 m.

*2. The length of one brake cable should be 3 to 20 m.
Refer to *3-4-3 Resistance to Bending of Flexible Cable* on page 3-129 for the resistance to bending.

3-4-6 EtherCAT Communications Cable Specifications

For the EtherCAT communications cable, use a twisted-pair cable, which is doubly shielded by the aluminum tape and braid, with Ethernet Category 5 (100BASE-TX) or higher.
Recommended cables are shown below.

Recommended Cable

Size × Number of cable cores (pairs)	Recommended manufacturer	Model
AWG 24 × 4P	Tonichi kyosan Cable, Ltd.	NETSTAR-C5E SAB 0.5 × 4P
	Kuramo Electric Co.	KETH-SB
AWG 22 × 2P	Kuramo Electric Co.	KETH-PSB-OMR*1

*1. We recommend you to use this cable in combination with the OMRON connector (Model: XS6G-T421-1).

Precautions for Correct Use

The maximum cable length between nodes is 100 m. However, some cables are specified for less than 100 m. Generally speaking, if the conductor is twisted wire rather than solid wire, transmission performance will be lower, and reliable communications may not be possible at 100 m. Confirm details with the cable manufacturer.

Additional Information

If an Ethernet cable of Ethernet Category 5 (100BASE-TX) or higher is used, communications will be possible even if the cable is not shielded. However, we recommend a cable, which is doubly shielded by the aluminum tape and braid, to ensure sufficient noise immunity.

Recommended Connector (Modular Plug)

Use a shielded connector of Ethernet Category 5 (100BASE-TX) or higher.
Recommended connectors are shown below.

Size × Number of cable cores (pairs)	Recommended manufacturer	Model
AWG 24 × 4P	Panduit Corporation	MPS588
AWG 22 × 2P	OMRON Corporation	XS6G-T421-1*1

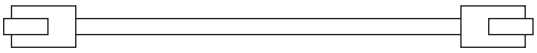
*1. We recommend you to use this connector in combination with the Kuramo Electric Co. KETH-PSB-OMR cable.

Precautions for Correct Use

When you select a connector, confirm that it is applicable to the cable that will be used. Confirm the following items: Conductor size, conductor type (solid wire or twisted wire), number of twisted pairs (2 or 4), outer diameter, etc.

Attaching the Connectors to the Cable

Use straight wiring for the communications cable, as shown below.



Pin No.	Wire color
1	White, green
2	Green
3	White, orange
4	Blue
5	White, blue
6	Orange
7	White, brown
8	Brown
Connector hood	Shielded wire

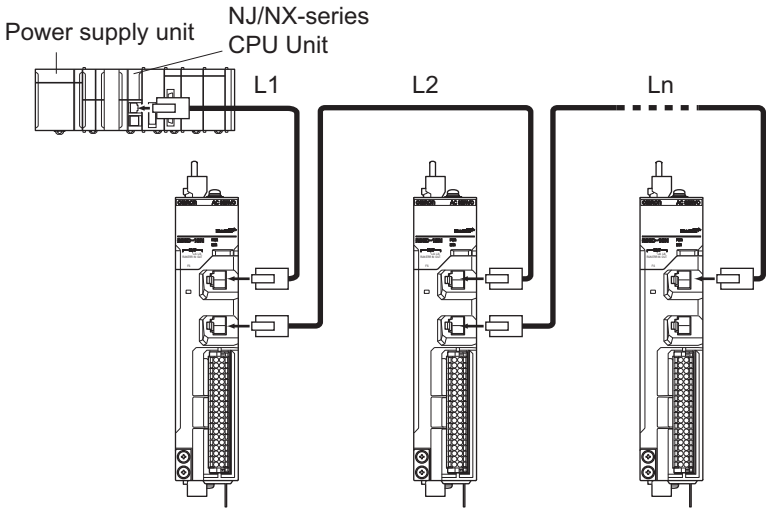
Wire color	Pin No.
White, green	1
Green	2
White, orange	3
Blue	4
White, blue	5
Orange	6
White, brown	7
Brown	8
Shielded wire	Connector hood

Note 1. Connect the cable shield to the connector hood at both ends of the cable.
Note 2. There are two connection methods for Ethernet: T568A and T568B. The T568A connection method is shown above, but you can also use the T568B connection method.

Wiring

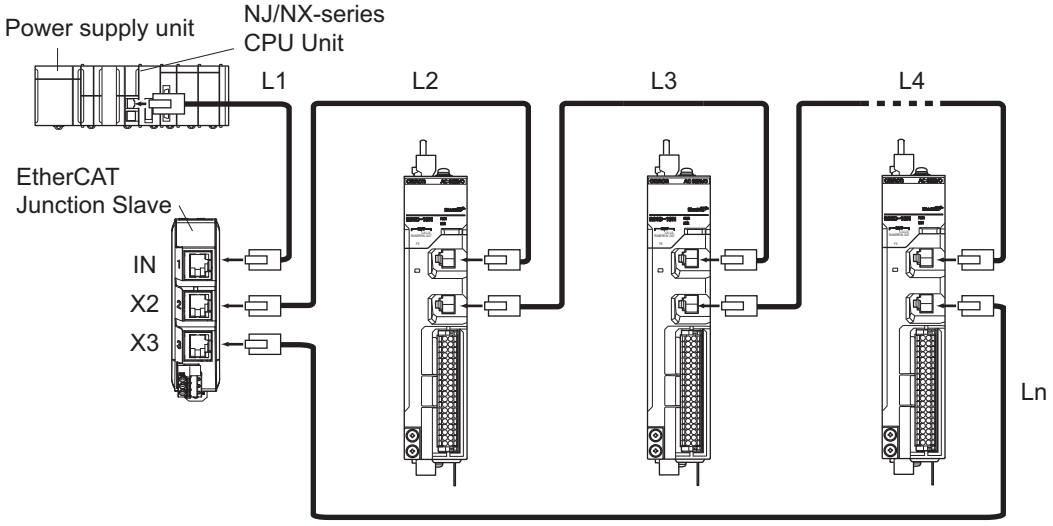
● Wiring Example of Configuring Daisy Chain Topology

This example shows how to connect an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit to Servo Drives by the use of EtherCAT Communications Cables. Connect the NJ/NX-series CPU unit to the ECAT IN connector on the first Servo Drive. Connect the ECAT OUT connector on the first Servo Drive to the ECAT IN connector on the next Servo Drive. Do not connect the ECAT OUT connector on the last Servo Drive.



● Wiring Example of Configuring Ring Topology

This example shows how to connect an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit to Servo Drives via an OMRON GX-JC03 EtherCAT Junction Slave by the use of EtherCAT Communications Cables. Connect the NJ/NX-series CPU unit to the IN connector on the EtherCAT Junction Slave. Connect the X2 connector (start port of the ring) on the EtherCAT Junction Slave to the ECAT IN connector on the first Servo Drive. Connect the ECAT OUT connector on the first Servo Drive to the ECAT IN connector on the next Servo Drive. Connect the ECAT OUT connector on the last Servo Drive to the X3 connector (end port of the ring) on the EtherCAT Junction Slave.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Always turn OFF the power supply to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and Servo Drives before you connect or disconnect the EtherCAT Communications Cables.
- The cable between the two nodes (L1, L2 ... Ln) must be 100 m or less.

3-5 Specifications of External Regeneration Resistors and External Regeneration Resistance Units

This section describes the specifications of the External Regeneration Resistor and External Regeneration Resistance Unit.
Refer to *2-4-6 Dimensions of External Regeneration Resistors and External Regeneration Resistance Units* on page 2-139 for external dimensions.

3-5-1 General Specifications

Item	Model	
	R88A-RR120□□/-RR300□□	R88A-RR1K6□□/-RR550□□
Dielectric strength	Between terminals and case: 2,000 VAC for 1 min (at 50/60 Hz)	
Insulation resistance	Between terminals and case: 20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)	
Operating ambient temperature and humidity	0 to 55°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)	0 to 55°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)
Storage ambient temperature and humidity	-25 to 85°C, 95% max. (with no condensation)	-20 to 65°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)
Operating and storage atmosphere	No corrosive gases	

3-5-2 Characteristics

External Regeneration Resistor

Applicable Servo Drive (R88D-1SN□□□-ECT-51)	External Regeneration Resistor						Wire size
	Model	Resistance value	Power to be absorbed for 120°C temperature rise	Heat radiation specification	Heat radiation condition	Weight	
01L, 02L	R88A-RR12015	15 Ω	24 W	Natural cooling	Aluminum 350 mm × 350 mm, thickness: 3.0 mm	0.48 kg	AWG 16 (Rated temperature: 200°C), length: 500 mm
01H, 02H	R88A-RR12025	25 Ω					
150H	R88A-RR30002R5	2.5 Ω	60 W			1.6 kg	
75H	R88A-RR30004	4 Ω					
55H	R88A-RR30005R4	5.4 Ω					
20H, 30H, 150F	R88A-RR30010	10 Ω					
01L, 02L	R88A-RR30015	15 Ω					
55F, 75F	R88A-RR30016	16 Ω					
15H	R88A-RR30017	17 Ω					
04L, 08H, 10H, 20F*1, 30F*1	R88A-RR30020	20 Ω					
01H, 02H, 04H	R88A-RR30025	25 Ω					
06F*1, 10F*1, 15F*1	R88A-RR30033	33 Ω					

*1. Use two series-connected External Regeneration Resistors for this model.

External Regeneration Resistance Unit

Applicable Servo Drive (R88D-1SN□□□-ECT-51)	External Regeneration Resistance Unit					Wire size*2
	Model	Resistance value	Power to be absorbed for 120°C temperature rise	Heat radiation specification	Weight	
150H	R88A-RR1K602R5	2.5 Ω	640 W	Forced cooling by the fan	8.0 kg	AWG 14 to 10, 2.0 to 5.5 mm^2
75H	R88A-RR1K604	4 Ω				
55H	R88A-RR1K605R4	5.4 Ω				
20H, 30H, 150F	R88A-RR1K610	10 Ω				AWG 16 to 10, 1.3 to 5.5 mm^2
55F, 75F	R88A-RR1K616	16 Ω				
15H	R88A-RR1K617	17 Ω				
08H	R88A-RR1K620	20 Ω				AWG 18 to 14, 0.75 to 2.0 mm^2
10H						
20F*1, 30F*1						AWG 16 to 10, 1.3 to 5.5 mm^2
20F, 30F	R88A-RR1K640	40 Ω				
06F, 10F, 15F	R88A-RR1K666	66 Ω				

Applicable Servo Drive (R88D-1SN□□□-ECT-51)	External Regeneration Resistance Unit					Wire size*2
	Model	Resistance value	Power to be absorbed for 120°C temperature rise	Heat radiation specification	Weight	
150H	R88A-RR55002R5	2.5 Ω	110 W	Natural cooling	3.5 kg	AWG 16 to 4, 1.3 to 22 mm^2
75H	R88A-RR55004	4 Ω				AWG 18 to 4, 0.75 to 22 mm^2
55H	R88A-RR55005R4	5.4 Ω				
150F	R88A-RR55010	10 Ω				
55F, 75F	R88A-RR55016	16 Ω				

*1. Use two series-connected External Regeneration Resistors for this model.

*2. Use wires with the rated voltage of 600 V or higher.
An example of using heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wires (HIV) at the ambient temperature of 50°C.

3-5-3 External Regeneration Resistance Unit Specifications

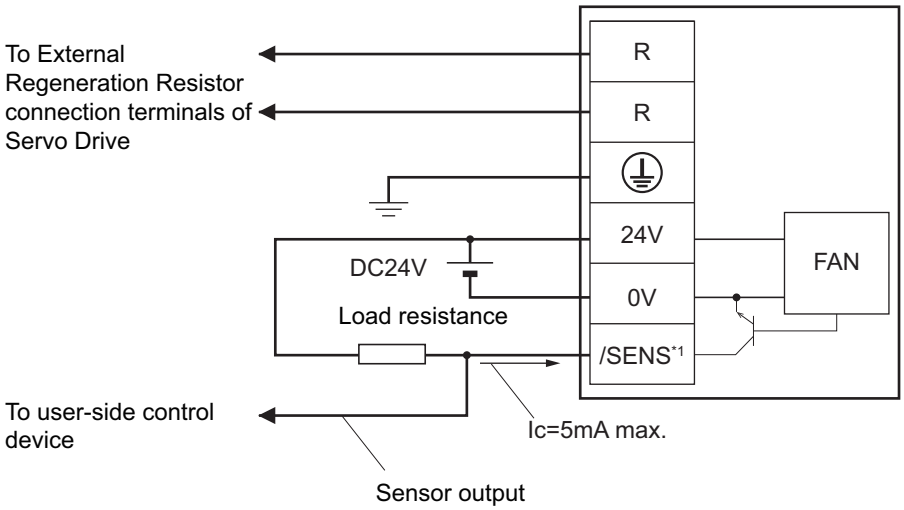
This section describes terminal block specifications of external regeneration resistance unit with Fan.

Terminal Block Specifications

Pin No.	Symbol	Name	Specifications
1	R	Regeneration Resistor connection terminals	External regeneration resistor (640 W)
2	R		
3	⏚	Protective earth (PE)	Ground terminal
4	24V	Fan power supply input	Input voltage: 24 VDC (20.4 to 27.6 V) Input current: 0.27 A
5	0V		
6	/SENS	Fan rotation error signal	Open collector output Input voltage: 27.6 VDC max., Output current: 5 mA max. In the normal state: ON, in the error state (Fan stop): OFF (OPEN)

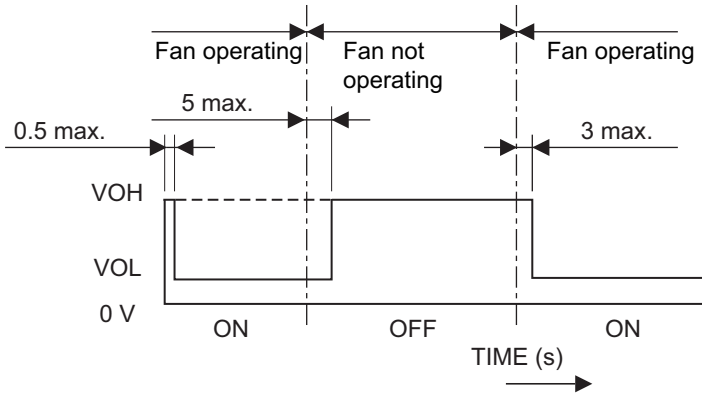
Terminal block screw: M4, Tightening torque: approx. 1.5 to 1.8 N·m

Terminal Block Wiring Example



*1. Build a system to prevent the Servomotor from operating if a fan error is detected by the /SENS signal.

/SENS Signal Output Waveform



⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



3-6 External Dynamic Brake Resistor

This section describes the specifications of the External Dynamic Brake Resistor.
For the external dimensions, refer to *2-4-7 Dimensions of External Dynamic Brake Resistors* on page 2-140.

3-6-1 General Specifications

Item	Model
	R88A-DBR300□□
Dielectric strength	Between terminals and case: 2,000 VAC for 1 min (at 50/60 Hz)
Insulation resistance	Between terminals and case: 20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)
Operating ambient temperature and humidity	0 to 55°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)
Storage ambient temperature and humidity	-25 to 85°C, 95% max. (with no condensation)
Operating and storage atmosphere	No corrosive gases
Frequency of use	3 minutes or more per activation
Deceleration patterns	10,000 times at rated rotation speed and applicable load inertia

3-6-2 Characteristics

Applicable Servo Drive (R88D-1SN□□□-ECT-51)	External Dynamic Brake Resistor					Wire size
	Model	Resistance value	Heat radiation specification	Heat radiation condition	Weight	
55H, 75H	R88A-DBR30001R5	1.5 Ω	Natural cooling	Aluminum 350 mm × 350 mm, thickness: t3.0 mm	1.6 kg	AWG 16 (Rated temperature: 200°C) Length: 500 mm
150H	R88A-DBR30001R2	1.2 Ω				
55F, 75F	R88A-DBR30004	4 Ω				
150F	R88A-DBR30005	5 Ω				

3-7 Reactor Specifications

Connect a Reactor to the Servo Drive for reduction of harmonic current. Select an appropriate Reactor according to the Servo Drive model.
Refer to *2-4-8 Reactor Dimensions* on page 2-141 for dimensions.

3-7-1 General Specifications

Item	Model	
	R88A-PD20□□	R88A-PD40□□
Insulation class	Class H	
Dielectric strength	Between terminals and case: 4,000 VAC for 1 min (at 50/60 Hz)	
Insulation resistance	Between terminals and case: 100 MΩ min. (at 1,000 VDC)	
Operating ambient temperature and humidity	0 to 55°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)	
Storage ambient temperature and humidity	-20 to 65°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)	
Operating and storage atmosphere	No corrosive gases	

3-7-2 Characteristics

Applicable Servo Drive		DC Reactor				Wire size*1
Voltage	Model	Model	Rated current	Inductance (0% to 20%)	Weight	
100 VAC	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51	R88A-PD2002	1.6 A	21.4 mH	1.8 kg	AWG 18 to 14, 0.75 to 2.0 mm^2
	R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51	R88A-PD2004	3.2 A	10.7 mH	1.9 kg	
	R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51	R88A-PD2007	6.1 A	6.75 mH	2.0 kg	AWG 14, 1.5 to 2.0 mm^2
200 VAC	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2002	1.6 A	21.4 mH	1.8 kg	AWG 18 to 14, 0.75 to 2.0 mm^2
	R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51					
	R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2004	3.2 A	10.7 mH	1.9 kg	AWG 16 to 14, 1.3 to 2.0 mm^2
	R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2007	6.1 A	6.75 mH	2.0 kg	
	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2015	9.3 A	3.51 mH	2.0 kg	
	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51					AWG 12 to 10, 3.3 to 5.5 mm^2
	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2022	13.8 A	2.51 mH	2.9 kg	
	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2037	22.3 A	1.6 mH	4.4 kg	AWG 10, 4.0 to 5.5 mm^2

Applicable Servo Drive		DC Reactor				Wire size*1
Voltage	Model	Model	Rated current	Inductance (0% to 20%)	Weight	
400 VAC	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4007	3.0 A	27 mH	2.0 kg	AWG 16 to 10, 1.3 to 5.5 mm^2
	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4015	4.7 A	14 mH	2.0 kg	
	R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51					
	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4022	6.9 A	10.1 mH	2.9 kg	AWG 14 to 10, 2.0 to 5.5 mm^2
	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4037	11.6 A	6.4 mH	4.5 kg	

*1. Use wires with the rated voltage of 600 V or higher.
An example of using heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wires (HIV) at the ambient temperature of 50°C.

3-7-3 Terminal Block Specifications

Symbol	Name	Remarks
U	DC reactor connection terminals	Terminal block screw: M4 Tightening torque: 1.4 to 1.8 N·m
X		

3-8 Noise Filter Specifications

The 1S-series Servo Drive with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions can be connected to the Footprint-type Noise Filter manufactured by OMRON or the Book-type Noise Filter manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd. or Cosel Co., Ltd. Select a noise filter in accordance with your system.
Refer to *4-1-5 Noise Filter Installation Conditions* on page 4-14 for details.
For the external dimensions, refer to *2-4-9 Noise Filter Dimensions* on page 2-149.

Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error.

For 1S-series Servo Drives, the Footprint-type Noise Filters and the Book-type Noise Filters (manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.) conform to the EMC Directives. Conformity to the EMC Directives is certified on the conditions that one noise filter is installed for one Servo Drive and a motor power cable connected to one Servo Drive is 20 m or less. For the noise filters, cable lengths, and peripheral equipment that conform to the EMC Directives, refer to *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.

For a 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive, besides the one conforming to the EMC Directives, you can use the Book-type Noise Filter manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd. or Cosel Co., Ltd. when a motor power cable connected to one Servo Drive is longer than 20 m.
Also, for the Book-type Noise Filter manufactured by Cosel Co., Ltd., more than one 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive at 1.5 kW or less can be connected to one noise filter. Refer to *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83 for details.

3-8-1 General Specifications

Footprint-type Noise Filters (Manufactured by OMRON)

Item	Model		
	R88A-FI1S1□□	R88A-FI1S2□□	R88A-FI1S3□□
Rated Voltage	Single-phase 100 to 240 VAC	3-phase 200 to 240 VAC	3-phase 380 to 480 VAC
Dielectric strength	Between power terminals and PE terminals: 2,000 VDC for 1 min		Between power terminals and PE terminals: 2,830 VDC for 1 min
Insulation resistance	Between power terminals and PE terminals: 500 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)		
Operating ambient temperature and humidity	0 to 55°C (Installed on a metal plate.), 90% max.(with no condensation)		
Storage ambient temperature and humidity	-20 to 65°C, 90% max. (with no condensation)		
Operating and storage atmosphere	No corrosive gases		
UL standards	UL 1283		

Item	Model		
	R88A-FI1S1□□	R88A-FI1S2□□	R88A-FI1S3□□
EU Directives (Low Voltage Directive)	EN 60939-2		

Book-type Noise Filters (Manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.)

HF2020A-SZC-33DDD/HF3020C-SZC/HF3020C-SZC-33DDD/HF3020C-SZL
HF3040C-SZA-33EDD/HF3040C-SZA-47DDD/HF3050C-SZB-33EDD
HF3080C-SZC-33EDE/HF3080C-SZC-47EDE/HF3100C-SZC-33EDE

Item	Model	
	HF2020A-SZC-33DDD	HF3□□0C-SZ□-□□□□□ HF3020C-SZ□
Rated Voltage	250 VAC max.	530 VAC max.
Dielectric strength	Between power terminals and PE terminals: 2,250 VDC for 1 min	Between power terminals and PE terminals: 2,830 VDC for 1 min
Insulation resistance	Between power terminals and PE terminals: 500 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)	
Operating ambient temperature and humidity	-20 to 50ºC (Installed on a metal plate.), 90% max.(with no condensation)	
Storage ambient temperature and humidity	-20 to 60°C, 60% max. (with no condensation)	
Operating and storage atmosphere	No corrosive gases	
UL standards	UL 1283	
EU Directives (Low Voltage Directive)	EN 60939-2	

Consult Soshin Electric Co., Ltd. for details on the specifications.

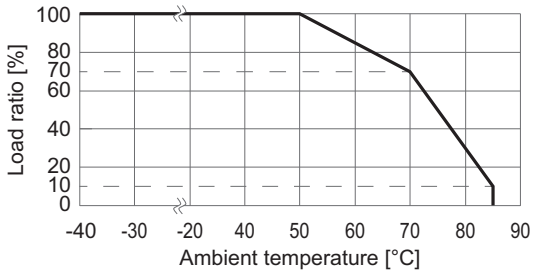
Book-type Noise Filter (Manufactured by Cosel Co., Ltd.)

FSB-30-254-HU

Item	Model
	FSB-30-254-HU
Rated Voltage	3-phase 250 V (up to 275 V available) 50/60 Hz
Dielectric strength	Between power terminals and PE terminals: 2,800 VDC for 1 min
Insulation resistance	Between power terminals and PE terminals: 100 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)
Operating ambient temperature and humidity	-40 to 85ºC (refer to Derating Characteristics.), 20% to 95% max. (with no condensation)
Storage ambient temperature and humidity	-40 to 85°C, 20% to 95% (with no condensation)
Operating and storage atmosphere	No corrosive gases
UL standards	UL 1283
EU Directives (Low Voltage Directive)	DIN EN 60939

Consult Cosel Co., Ltd. for details on the specifications.

● Derating Characteristics



Note Do not block up an air hole for heat radiation in the cabinet.

3-8-2 Characteristics

Footprint-type Noise Filters (Manufactured by OMRON)

Applicable Servo Drive		Noise filter				Wire on power supply side*2	
Voltage	Model (R88D-)	Model	Rated current	Leakage current	Weight	Wire size*3	Strip length
Single-phase 100 VAC	1SN01L-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S103	3 Arms	6.6 mA (at 200 VAC 60Hz)	0.95 kg	AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2	8 to 9 mm
	1SN02L-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S105	5 Arms		1.5 kg	AWG 18 to 16, 0.75 to 1.5 mm^2	
	1SN04L-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S109	9 Arms		1.8 kg	AWG 14 to 12, 2.0 to 4.0 mm^2	9 to 10 mm
Single-phase 200 VAC	1SN01H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S103	3 Arms		0.95 kg	AWG 22 to 16, 0.3 to 1.5 mm^2	8 to 9 mm
	1SN02H-ECT-51					AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2	
	1SN04H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S105	5 Arms		1.5 kg	AWG 18 to 16, 0.75 to 1.5 mm^2	
	1SN08H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S109	9 Arms		1.8 kg	AWG 16 to 12, 1.25 to 4.0 mm^2	9 to 10 mm
	1SN15H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S116	16 Arms		2.9 kg	AWG 12, 3.3 to 4.0 mm^2	

Applicable Servo Drive		Noise filter				Wire on power supply side*2	
Voltage	Model (R88D-)	Model	Rated current	Leakage current	Weight	Wire size*3	Strip length
3-phase 200 VAC	1SN01H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S202*1	2 Arms	35 mA (at 200 VAC 60Hz, with △ connection and single-phase ground)	0.95 kg	AWG 22 to 16, 0.3 to 1.5 mm^2	8 to 9 mm
	1SN02H-ECT-51					AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2	
	1SN01H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S203*1	3 Arms	14 mA (at 200 VAC 60Hz, with △ connection and single-phase ground)	1.7 kg	AWG 22 to 16, 0.3 to 1.5 mm^2	
	1SN02H-ECT-51					AWG 20 to 16, 0.5 to 1.5 mm^2	
	1SN04H-ECT-51					AWG 18 to 16, 0.75 to 1.5 mm^2	
	1SN08H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S208	8 Arms		2.0 kg	AWG 16 to 12, 1.25 to 4.0 mm^2	9 to 10 mm
	1SN10H-ECT-51						
	1SN15H-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S216	16 Arms		3.2 kg	AWG 12, 3.3 to 4.0 mm^2	
	1SN20H-ECT-51						
	1SN30H-ECT-51						
3-phase 400 VAC	1SN06F-ECT-51	R88A-FI1S309	9 Arms	27 mA (at 400 VAC 60Hz, with Y-connection and a phase loss)	2.9 kg	AWG 16 to 14, 1.25 to 2.5 mm^2	8 to 9 mm
	1SN10F-ECT-51						
	1SN15F-ECT-51						
	1SN20F-ECT-51						
	1SN30F-ECT-51					AWG 14, 2.0 to 2.5 mm^2	

*1. Select a noise filter in accordance with the amount of the leakage current. If there is no problem with the amount of the leakage current, you can select the R88A-FI1S202.

*2. Use wires with the rated voltage of 600 V or higher.

*3. An example of using heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wires (HIV) at the ambient temperature of 50°C.

Book-type Noise Filters (Manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.)

Applicable Servo Drive		Noise filter			
Voltage	Model (R88D-)	Model	Rated current	Leakage current	Weight
Single-phase 100 VAC 200 VAC	1SN□□□-ECT-51	HF2020A-SZC-33DDD	20 Arms	8.5 mA max. (at 250 VAC 60 Hz)	1.3 kg
3-phase 200 VAC	1SN0□H-ECT-51	HF3020C-SZC-33DDD	20 Arms	3.5 mA max. (at 400 VAC 50 Hz by UL1283*1), 4.0 mA max. (at 200 VAC 60 Hz, △ connection and single-phase ground)	1.3 kg
	1SN1□H-ECT-51				
	1SN20H-ECT-51				
	1SN30H-ECT-51				
	1SN15H-ECT-51	HF3020C-SZL*2	20 Arms	7 mA max. (at 400 VAC 50 Hz by UL1283*1), 7.7 mA max. (at 200 VAC 60 Hz, △ connection and single-phase ground)	1.3 kg
	1SN20H-ECT-51				
	1SN30H-ECT-51				
3-phase 200 VAC	1SN55H-ECT-51	HF3040C-SZA-33EDD*2	40 Arms	3.5 mA max. (at 400 VAC 50 Hz by UL1283*1), 4.0 mA max. (at 200 VAC 60 Hz, △ connection and single-phase ground)	2.5 kg
	1SN75H-ECT-51	HF3050C-SZB-33EDD*2	50 Arms		2.5 kg
		HF3080C-SZC-33EDE*2	80 Arms		6.1 kg
	1SN150H-ECT-51	HF3100C-SZC-33EDE*2	100 Arms		6.2 kg
3-phase 400 VAC	1SN06F-ECT-51	HF3020C-SZC	20 Arms	7 mA max. (at 400 VAC 50 Hz by UL1283*1)	1.3 kg
	1SN1□F-ECT-51				
	1SN20F-ECT-51				
	1SN30F-ECT-51				
	1SN55F-ECT-51	HF3040C-SZA-47DDD*2	40 Arms	14 mA max. (at 400 VAC 50 Hz by UL1283*1)	2.5 kg
	1SN75F-ECT-51				
	1SN150F-ECT-51	HF3080C-SZC-47EDE*2	80 Arms	14 mA max. (at 400 VAC 50 Hz by UL1283*1)	6.1 kg

*1. When you use a neutral grounded 3-phase power supply, the leakage current does not flow normally.
*2. Use a noise filter in a range of the ambient temperature from 0 to 50°C.

Consult Soshin Electric Co., Ltd. for details on the specifications.

Book-type Noise Filter (Manufactured by Cosel Co., Ltd.)

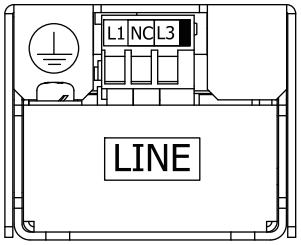
Applicable Servo Drive		Noise filter			
Voltage	Model (R88D-)	Model	Rated current	Leakage current	Weight
3-phase 200 VAC	1SN0□H-ECT-51	FSB-30-254-HU	30 Arms	12 mA max. (at 250 VAC 60 Hz, △ connection and single-phase ground)	1.8 kg
	1SN1□H-ECT-51				

3-8-3 Terminal Block Specifications

Footprint-type Noise Filters (Manufactured by OMRON)

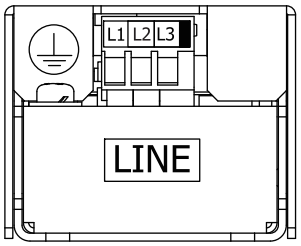
● R88A-FI1S1□□

Symbol	Name	Remarks
L1	Main circuit power supply input	---
NC		
L2		
⏚	Protective earth (PE)	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.2 N·m Wire size: 3.5 mm^2 (AWG 12) min.

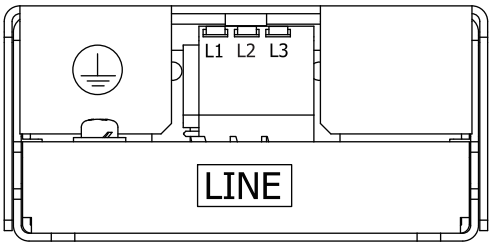


● R88A-FI1S2□□/-FI1S3□□

Symbol	Name	Remarks
L1	Main circuit power supply input	---
L2		
L3		
⏚	Protective earth (PE)	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.2 N·m Wire size: 3.5 mm^2 (AWG 12) min.



R88A-FI1S2□□



R88A-FI1S3□□

Book-type Noise Filters (Manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.)

● HF2020A-SZC-33DDD

Symbol	Name	Remarks
1	Input terminal	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.2 N·m
3		
4	Output terminal	
6		
⏚	Ground terminal	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.2 N·m Wire size: 3.5 mm^2 (AWG 12) min.

● HF3020C-SZC/HF3020C-SZC-33DDD/HF3020C-SZL

Symbol	Name	Remarks
1	Input terminal	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.2 N·m
2		
3		
4	Output terminal	
5		
6		
⏚	Ground terminal	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.2 N·m Wire size: 3.5 mm^2 (AWG 12) min.

● HF3040C-SZA-33EDD/HF3040C-SZA-47DDD/HF3050C-SZB-33EDD

Symbol	Name	Remarks
1	Input terminal	Screw: M5, Tightening torque: 2 N·m
2		
3		
4	Output terminal	
5		
6		
⏚	Ground terminal	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.2 N·m Wire size: 3.5 mm^2 (AWG 12) min.

● HF3080C-SZC-33EDE/HF3080C-SZC-47EDE/HF3100C-SZC-33EDE

Symbol	Name	Remarks
1	Input terminal	Screw: M6, Tightening torque: 3 N·m
2		
3		
4	Output terminal	
5		
6		
⏚	Ground terminal	Screw: M6, Tightening torque: 3 N·m Wire size: 3.5 mm^2 (AWG 12) min.

Book-type Noise Filter (Manufactured by Cosel Co., Ltd.)

● FSB-30-254-HU

Symbol	Name	Remarks
1	Input terminal	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.6 N·m
2		
3		
4	Output terminal	
5		
6		
⏚	Protective earth (PE)	Screw: M4, Tightening torque: 1.6 N·m Wire size: 3.5 mm^2 (AWG 12) min.

4

Configuration and Wiring

This section explains the conditions for installing Servo Drives, Servomotors, and Decelerators, the wiring methods including wiring conforming to EMC Directives, the regenerative energy calculation methods, as well as the performance of External Regeneration Resistors.

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- 4-1-1 Servo Drive Installation Conditions 4-2
- 4-1-2 Servomotor Installation Conditions 4-6
- 4-1-3 Decelerator Installation Conditions 4-10
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- 4-7-1 Noise Filters for Motor Power Cables That Are Longer Than 20 Meters 4-83
- 4-7-2 Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive 4-84

4-1 Installation Conditions

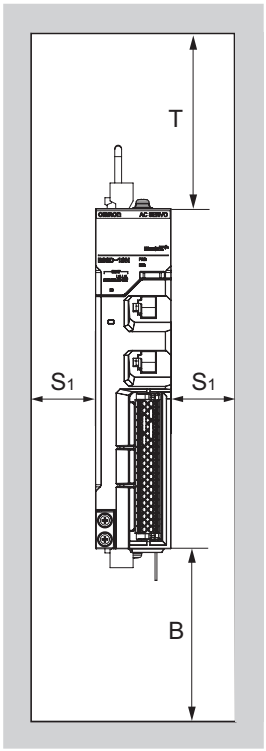
This section explains the conditions for installing Servo Drives, Servomotors, Decelerators, and noise filters.

4-1-1 Servo Drive Installation Conditions

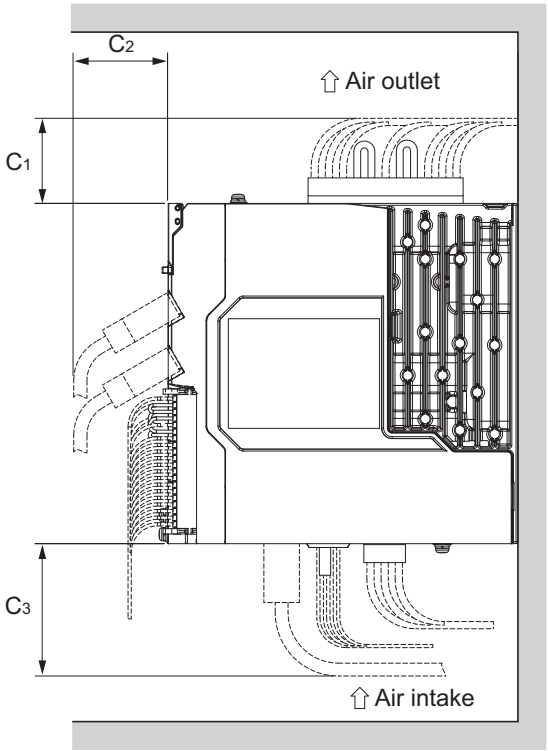
Install the Servo Drives according to the dimension conditions shown in the following illustration, and ensure proper dispersion of heat from inside the Servo Drive and convection inside the panel. If the Servo Drives are installed side by side, install a fan for air circulation to prevent uneven temperatures inside the panel.

Space Conditions around Servo Drives with Its Capacity 3 kW or Less

- **Single-unit Installation**

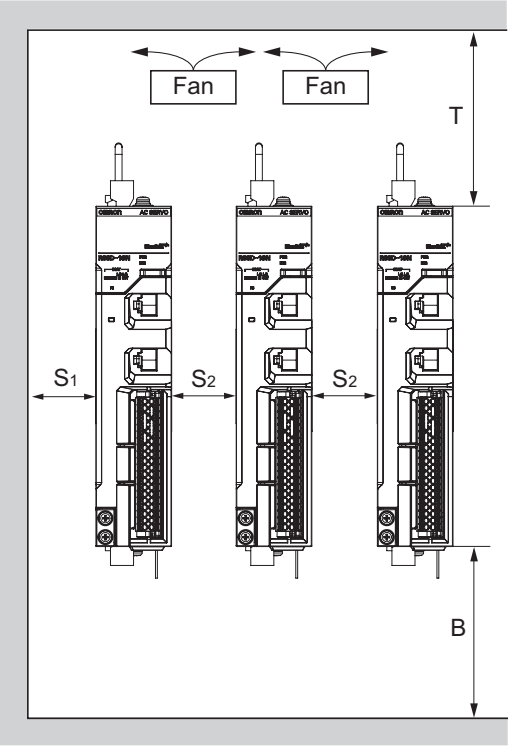


Front view

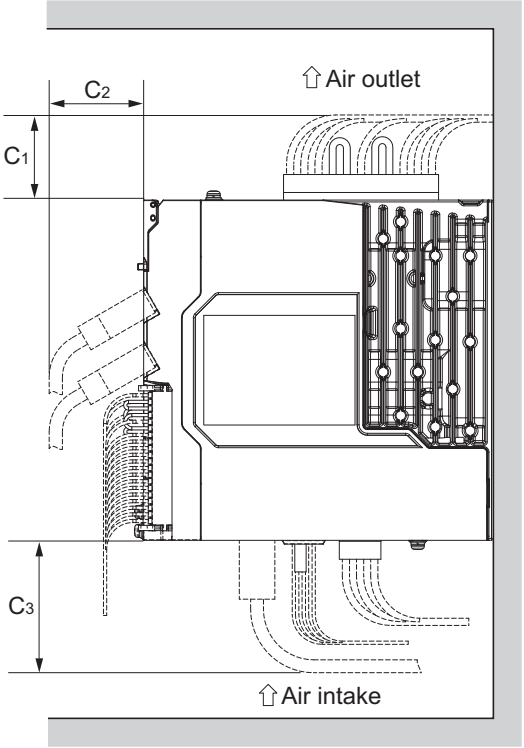


Side view

● Side-by-side Installation



Front view



Side view

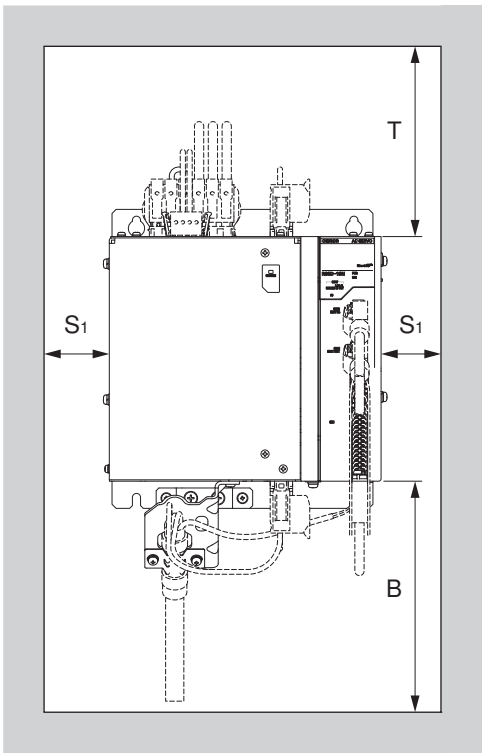
Dimension	Distance	
T	100 mm min.	
B	100 mm min.	
S_1	40 mm min.	
S_2	10 mm min.*1	
C_1	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51	45 mm min.
	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51	60 mm min.
C_2	50 mm min.	
C_3	70 mm min.	

*1. Limit the operating ambient temperature of Servo Drive from 0 to 45°C when the distance is less than 10 mm.

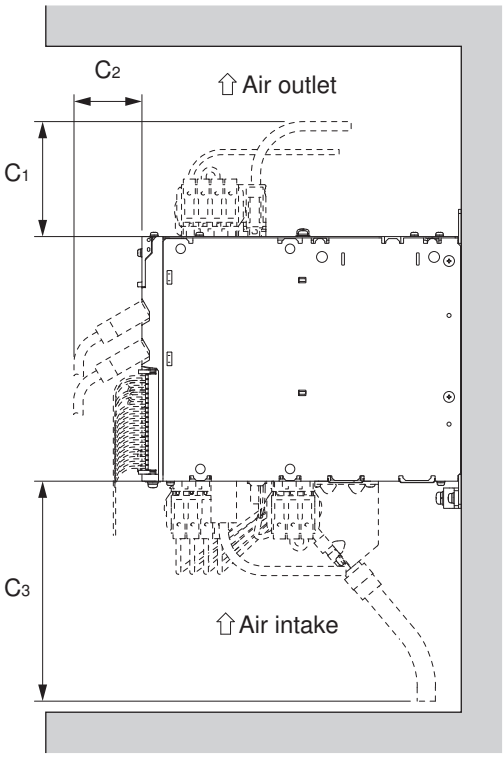
- Install the Servo Drive on the vertical metal surface.
- To provide electrical conduction, remove any paint from the surface on which you install the Servo Drives. Also, it is recommended that you apply conductive plating if you make the mounting bracket by yourself.
- The recommended tightening torque for installing the Servo Drive is 1.5 N·m. Make sure that the threaded portion has the sufficient strength to withstand the recommended torque.

Space Conditions around Servo Drives with Its Capacity 5.5 kW or More

● Single-unit Installation

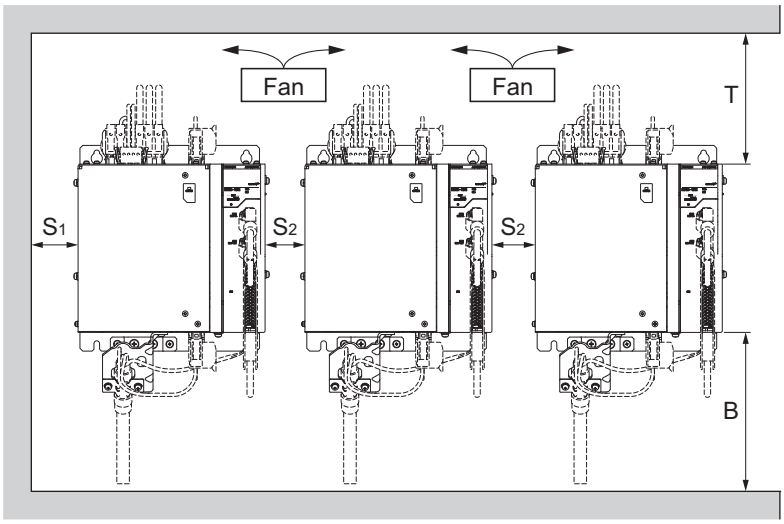


Front view

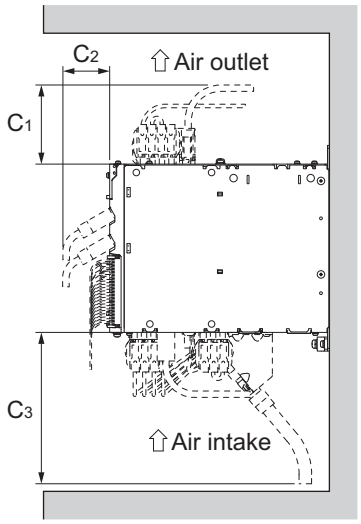


Side view

● Side-by-side Installation



Front view



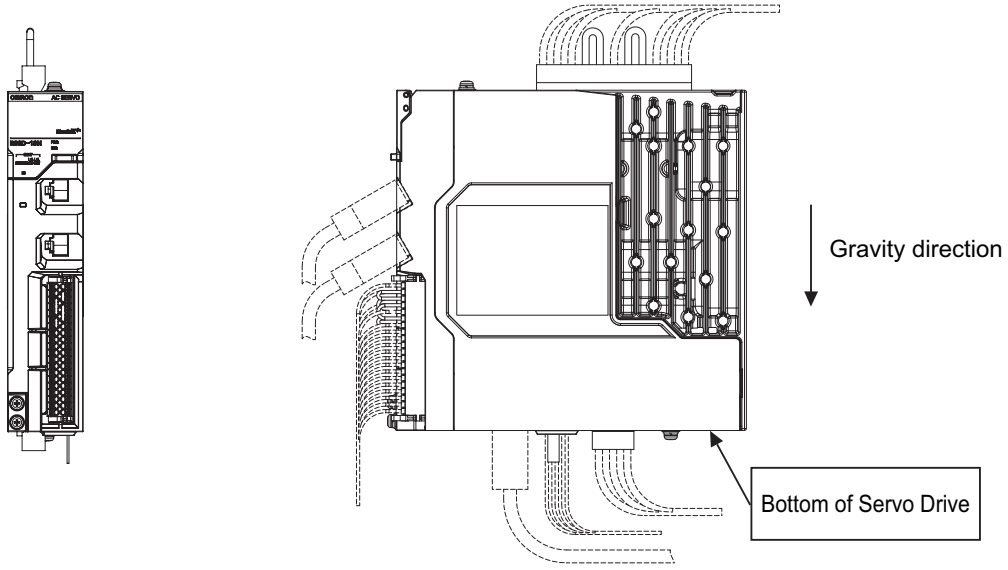
Side view

Dimension	Distance	
T	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51	200 mm min.
	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	280 mm min.
B	500 mm min.	
S_1	40 mm min.	
S_2	40 mm min.	
C_1	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51	130 mm min.
	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51	170 mm min.
C_2	50 mm min.	
C_3	450 mm min.	

- Install the Servo Drive on the vertical metal surface.
- To provide electrical conduction, remove any paint from the surface on which you install the Servo Drives. Also, it is recommended that you apply conductive plating if you make the mounting bracket by yourself.
- The recommended tightening torques for installing the Servo Drive are the followings. Make sure that the threaded portion has the sufficient strength to withstand the recommended torque.
  R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51: Tightening torque 3 N·m
  R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51: Tightening torque 5.2 N·m
- Set S_2 distance over a value shown above table to install a Servo Drives.

Mounting Direction

Turn the bottom of Servo Drive in the gravity direction.



Front view Side view

Operating Environment Conditions

The environment in which the Servo Drive is operated must meet the following conditions. The Servo Drive may malfunction if it is operated under any other conditions.

Item	Specifications
Operating ambient temperature	0 to 55°C
Operating ambient humidity	90% max. (with no condensation)
Operating atmosphere	No corrosive gases
Operating altitude	1,000 m max.

Ambient Temperature Control

- Operation in an environment in which there is minimal temperature rise is recommended to maintain a high level of reliability.
- When the Servo Drives are installed in a closed space, such as a box, the ambient temperature may rise due to the heat that is generated from each unit. Use a fan or air conditioner to maintain ambient temperature of the Servo Drive under the operating environment conditions.
- The Servo Drive surface may rise in temperature of 30°C above the ambient temperature. Use heat-resistant materials for wiring, and provide a distance from any devices or wiring that are sensitive to heat.
- The use of the Servo Drive in a hot environment shortens its lifetime. When you use the Servo Drive in continuous operation, use a fan or air conditioner to maintain the ambient temperature at or below 40°C.

Keeping Foreign Objects Out of Units

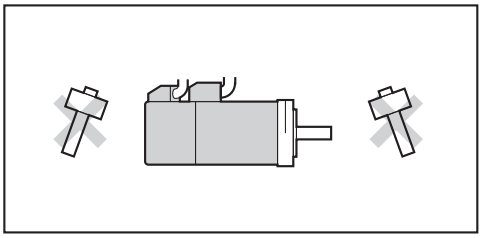
- Take measures during installation and operation to keep foreign objects such as metal particles, oil, machining oil, dust, or water out of the Servo Drive.
- Place a cover over the Servo Drive or take other preventative measures to keep foreign objects, such as drill filings, out of the Servo Drive during installation. Be sure to remove the cover after installation is complete. If the cover is left on during operation, heat dissipation from the Servo Drive is blocked, which may result in malfunction.

4-1-2 Servomotor Installation Conditions

Operating Environment Conditions

- The environment in which the Servomotor is operated must meet the following conditions. Operating the Servomotor outside of the following ranges may result in malfunction of the Servomotor.
  Operating temperature: 0 to 40°C (The temperature at a point 50 mm from the Servomotor)
  Operating humidity: 20% to 90% (with no condensation)
  Operating ambient atmosphere: No corrosive gases.

Impact and Load



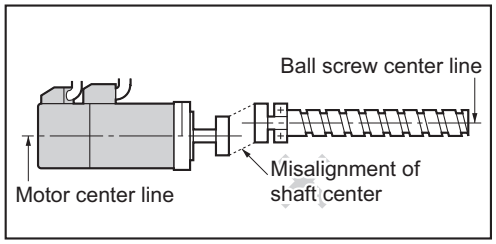
- Vibration resistance of a Servomotor is shown as below:

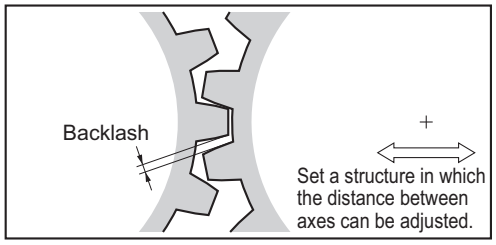
  5.5 kW or less: 49 m/s^2

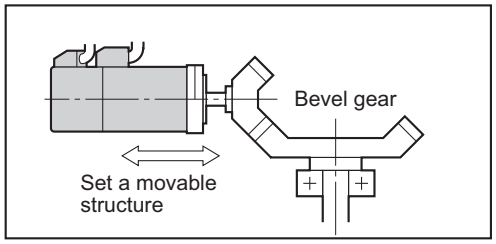
  7.5 kW or more: 24.5 m/s^2
- If the Servomotor is mounted on a thin plate, the rigidity may decrease and severe vibration may occur.
- The Servomotor is resistant to impacts of up to 98 m/s^2. Do not apply heavy impacts or loads during transport, installation, or removal of the Servomotor.
- When transporting the Servomotor hold the motor body itself. And do not hold the encoder, cable, or connector areas. Failure to follow this guideline may result in damaging the Servomotor.
- Always use a pulley remover to remove pulleys, couplings, or other parts from the shaft.
- Connect cables and connectors carefully so that they are not strained. After assembly, secure cables so that there is no impact or load placed on the cable outlet.

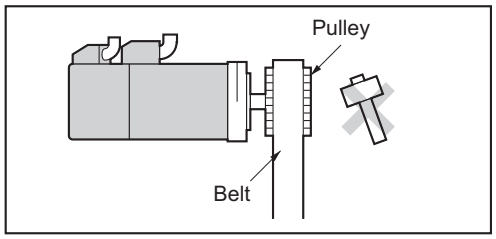
Connecting to Mechanical Systems

- For the allowable axial loads for Servomotors, refer to *3-2-3 Characteristics* on page 3-42. If an axial load greater than that specified is applied to a Servomotor, it may reduce the limit of the motor bearings and may break the motor shaft.
- When you connect the Servomotor to a load, use couplings that can sufficiently absorb mechanical eccentricity and declination.
- When you connect or disconnect loads (or couplings) to or from the Servomotor, be careful not to apply an impact on the motor shaft. Do not allow the thrust load and radial load to exceed the values that are specified in the manual or catalog while you connect a load to the Servomotor.
- If an abnormal noise is generated from couplings, adjust the shaft center again to eliminate the noise.
- When you align the shaft center of the couplings, turn both the Servomotor side shaft and equipment side shaft.
- For spur gears, an extremely large radial load may be applied depending on the gear precision. Use spur gears with a high degree of precision (for example, JIS class 2: normal line pitch error of 6 μm max. for a pitch circle diameter of 50 mm).
- If the gear precision is not adequate, allow backlash to ensure that no radial load is placed on the motor shaft.
- When you use bevel gears, a load is applied in the thrust direction depending on the assembly precision, the gear precision, and temperature changes. Provide appropriate backlash or take other measures to ensure that a thrust load larger than the specified level is not applied.

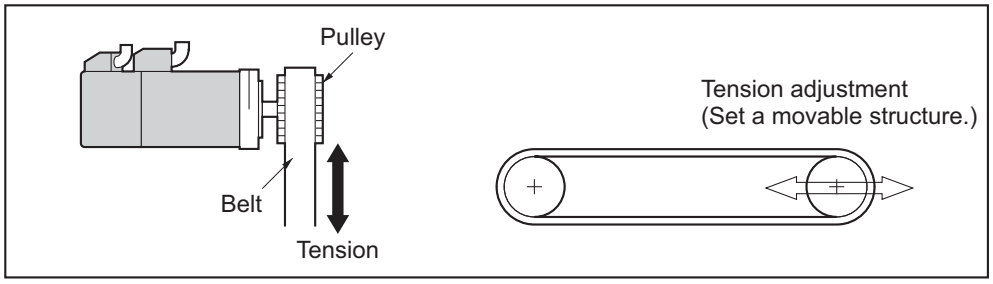








- Do not put rubber packing on the flange surface. If the flange is mounted with rubber packing, the Servomotor flange may crack under the tightening force.
- When you connect the Servomotor to a V-belt or timing belt, consult the manufacturer for belt selection and tension.
- A radial load twice as large as the belt tension will be placed on the motor shaft. Do not allow a load that exceeds the allowable radial load to be placed on the motor shaft. If an excessive radial load is applied, the motor shaft and bearings may be damaged.
  Set up a movable pulley in the middle of the motor shaft and the load shaft so that the belt tension can be adjusted. Install the Servo Drive so that its bottom faces the gravity direction.



- The cable outlet direction of the Servomotor for power cable connector type M23 or M40 can be selected. The change of the cable outlet direction shall be up to five times. For a procedure of the change of the cable outlet direction, refer to *4-2-4 Procedure for Change of Cable Outlet Direction for Connector Type M23 or M40* on page 4-48.

Water and Drip Resistance

The protective structure rating of the Servomotor is IP67, except for the through-shaft part and connector pins.
It is IP20 if you use a 30-meter or longer encoder cable.

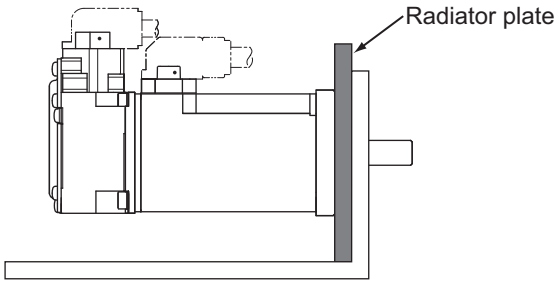
Oil-water Measures

Use the Servomotor with an oil seal if you use it in an environment where oil drops can adhere to the through-shaft part. The operating conditions of the Servomotor with an oil seal are as follows:

- Keep the oil level below the lip of the oil seal.
- Prepare a good lubricated condition under which only oil droplets splash on the oil seal.
- If you use the Servomotor with the shaft in upward direction, make sure that no oil accumulates on the lip of the oil seal.

Radiator Plate Installation Conditions

When you mount a Servomotor onto a small device, be sure to provide enough radiation space on the mounting area because the heat is radiated from the mounting surface. Otherwise the Servomotor temperature may rise too high. One of the preventive measures is to install a radiator plate between the motor attachment area and the motor flange. (See the following figure)
Failure to follow this guideline may result in damaging the Servomotor due to a temperature rise.
Refer to *3-2 Servomotor Specifications* on page 3-41 for the radiator plate specifications.



- The temperature rise depends on the mounting part materials and the installation environment. Check the actual temperature rise by using a real Servomotor.
- Depending on the environment, such as when the Servomotor is installed near a heating element, the Servomotor temperature may rise significantly. In this case, take any of the following measures.
  a) Lower the load ratio.
  b) Review the heat radiation conditions of the Servomotor.
  c) Install a cooling fan and apply forced air cooling to the Servomotor.

Other Precautions

Take measures to protect the motor shaft from corrosion. The motor shaft is coated with anti-corrosion oil when it is shipped, but you should remove anti-corrosion oil when you connect the components that apply load to the shaft.
Wire cables not to contact with Servomotors, which have high temperature.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not apply a commercial power supply directly to the motor.
Fire may result.



⚠ CAUTION

Do not repair the Servo Drive by disassembling it.
Electric shock or injury may result.



4-1-3 Decelerator Installation Conditions

Installing the R88G-HPG□□□ (3 Arcminutes Type)

Follow the instructions bellow for installing this Decelerator and the Servomotor.

1 Turn the input joint and align the head of the bolt that secures the shaft with the rubber cap.

2 Apply the sealant on the side which the Servomotor is installed. (Recommended sealant: Loctite 515)

3 Gently insert the Servomotor into the Decelerator.
Put up the decelerator vertically and slide the Servomotor into the input shaft joint while using the motor shaft as guide not to fall over, as shown in the figures on the next page. When the Decelerator cannot be put up vertically, tighten each bolt evenly little by little to ensure that the Servomotor is not inserted at a tilt.

4 Fix the Servomotor and the flange of the Decelerator with bolts.
Bolt tightening torque (for aluminum)

Allen head bolt size	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12
Tightening torque [N·m]	3.2	6.3	10.7	26.1	51.5	89.9

5 Tighten the bolts of the input joint.
Bolt tightening torque (for duralumin)

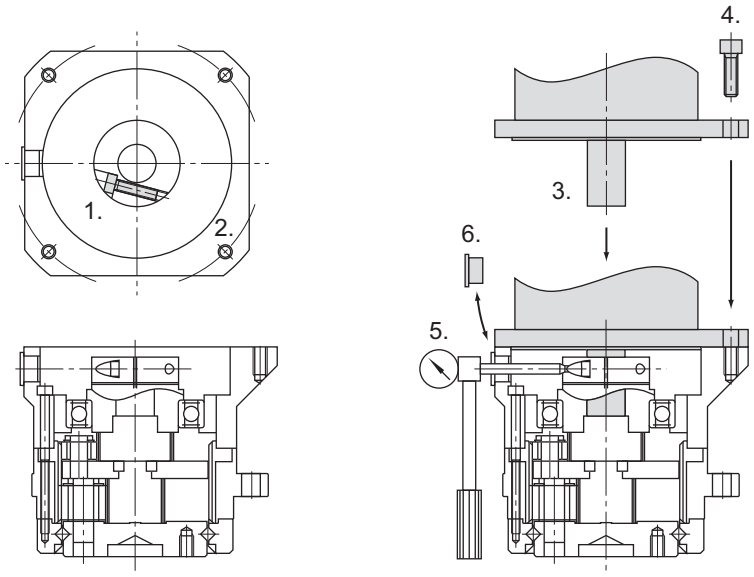
Allen head bolt size	M3	M4	M6	M8
Tightening torque [N·m]	2.0	4.5	15.3	37.2

Tighten the bolts to the torque indicated on the above table. A problem such as slipping may occur if the specified torque level is not satisfied.

Two screws are used as setscrews for the connecting section to install the R88G-HPG11B□.

Allen head bolt size	M3
Tightening torque [N·m]	0.69

6 Mount the supplied rubber cap to complete the installation.
Mount two gasketed screws when you install the R88G-HPG11B□.



● Installing Decelerator into the Machine

When you install the R88G-HPG□□□ into the machine, confirm that the mounting surface is flat and there are no burrs on the tap sections, and fix the mounting flange with bolts.

Bolt tightening torque on the mounting flange (for aluminum)

R88G-HPG	11B	14A	20A	32A	50A	65A
Number of bolts	4	4	4	4	4	4
Size of bolts	M3	M5	M8	M10	M12	M16
Mounting PCD [mm]	46	70	105	135	190	260
Tightening torque [N·m]	1.4	6.3	26.1	51.5	103	255

Installing the R88G-VRXF□□□ (15 Arcminutes Type)

Follow the instructions bellow for installing this Decelerator and the Servomotor.

1 Turn the input joint and align the head of the bolt that secures the shaft with the rubber cap. Check that the set bolt is loose.

2 Gently insert the Servomotor into the Decelerator.
Put up the decelerator vertically and slide the Servomotor into the input shaft joint while using the motor shaft as guide not to fall over, as shown in the figures on the next page. When the Decelerator cannot be put up vertically, tighten each bolt evenly little by little to ensure that the Servomotor is not inserted at a tilt.

3 Fix the Servomotor and the flange of the Decelerator with bolts.
Bolt tightening torque (for aluminum)

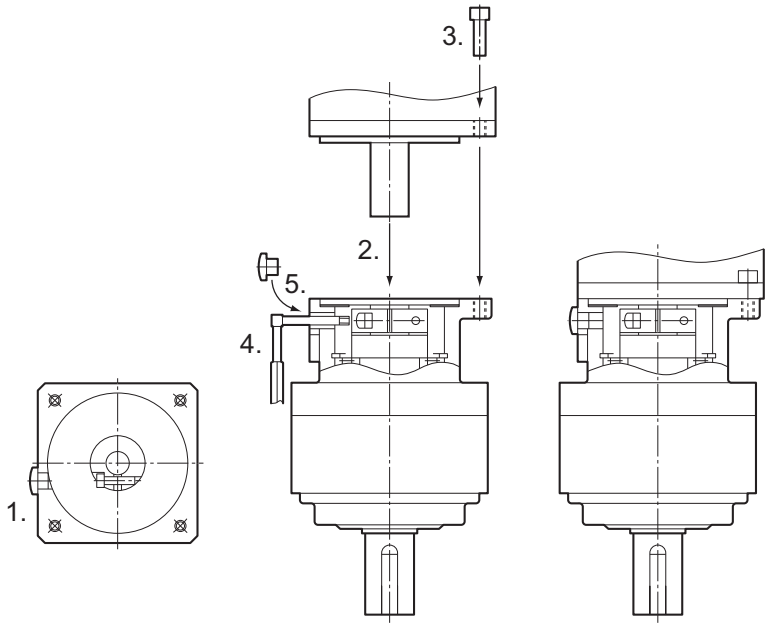
Allen head bolt size	M4	M5
Tightening torque [N·m]	2.5	5.1

4 Tighten the bolts of the input joint.
Bolt tightening torque (for duralumin)

Allen head bolt size	M4	M5	M6
Tightening torque [N·m]	4.3	8.7	15

Tighten the bolts to the torque indicated on the above table. A problem such as slipping may occur if the specified torque level is not satisfied.

5 Mount the supplied rubber cap to complete the installation.



● Installing Decelerator into the Machine

When you install the R88G-VRXF□□□ into the machine, confirm that the mounting surface is flat and there are no burrs on the tap sections, and fix the mounting flange with bolts.

Bolt tightening torque on the mounting flange (for aluminum)

R88G-VRXF	B	C	D
Number of bolts	4	4	4
Size of bolts	M5	M6	M8
Mounting PCD [mm]	60	90	115
Tightening torque [N·m]	5.8	9.8	19.6

Using a Non-OMRON Decelerator (Reference)

If you use a non-OMRON decelerator together with a 1S-series Servomotor due to system configuration requirement, select the Decelerator so that the loads on the motor shaft i.e., both the radial and thrust loads are within the allowable ranges. For the allowable axial loads for Servomotors, refer to *3-2-3 Characteristics* on page 3-42.
Also, select the Decelerator so that the allowable input rotation speed and allowable input torque of the decelerator are not exceeded.

4-1-4 External Regeneration Resistor and External Regeneration Resistance Unit Installation Conditions

General Installation Conditions

Obey the following conditions when installing.

- Clearance with peripheral equipment: 50 mm min.
- Wire length: 3 m max.

External Regeneration Resistance Unit with Fan Installation Conditions

Obey the following conditions along with the general installation conditions when installing.

- Installation Direction: Install the terminal block side of the unit in the gravity direction (downward).

External Regeneration Resistance Unit without Fan Installation Conditions

Obey the following conditions along with the general installation conditions when installing.

- Installation Direction: Install the connector side of the unit in the gravity direction (downward).
- Tightening torque: 3.0 N·m

Specifications for attached connectors are shown below. Follow the specified length of stripped wire. For a wiring procedure, refer to CNE of R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51 of *4-2-2 Procedure for Wiring Terminal Block and Procedure for Mounting Shield Clamp to Servo Drive* on page 4-38.

- Connector model: R88A-CN101E (832-1102/037-000 manufactured by WAGO)
- Length of stripped wire: 19±1 mm

4-1-5 Noise Filter Installation Conditions

This section describes how to select, wire, and install a noise filter.

Selecting a Noise Filter

If a noise filter needs conforming to the EMC Directives, use the one whose conformity to the EMC Directives has been confirmed by 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions. For the noise filters that conform to the EMC Directives, refer to *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.

Select it according to the size of your control panel, Servo Drive model, and amount of the leakage current from the noise filter. For wiring conforming to the EMC Directives described in this manual, it is necessary that a motor power cable connected to one Servo Drive be 20 m or less and one Servo Drive be connected to one noise filter.

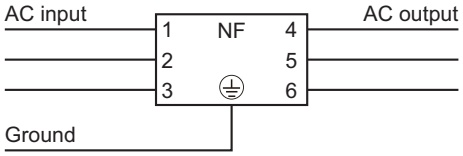
For a 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive, besides the one conforming to the EMC Directives, you can use the Book-type Noise Filter manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd. or Cosel Co., Ltd. when a motor power cable connected to one Servo Drive is longer than 20 m. Also, for the Book-type Noise Filter manufactured by Cosel Co., Ltd., more than one 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive at 1.5 kW or less can be connected to one noise filter. In these cases, refer to *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83.

Wiring a Noise Filter

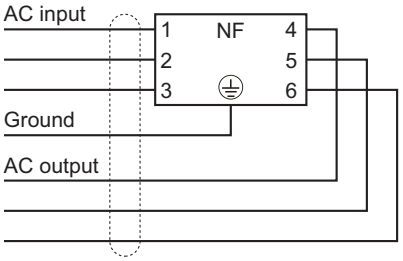
- Refer to *Terminal Block Wire Sizes* on page 3-20 for applicable wire sizes.
- When you use a noise filter, be sure to install a surge absorber on the power supply input (LINE) side.

- If the molded case circuit breaker is located in an upper area and the power supply is wired through the duct at the bottom, keep a sufficient distance between the input wires and internal wires, or use the metal tubing for wiring. If input and output cables are placed in the same duct, the noise immunity will be impaired.
- Place the noise filter as close as possible to the opening of the control panel. Use the diagram below to the left for wiring.

OK Separate I/O

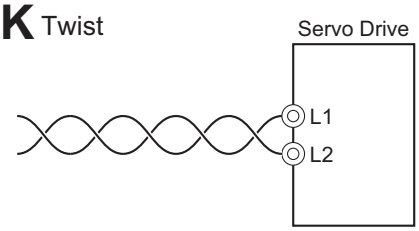


NG Noise filter less effective

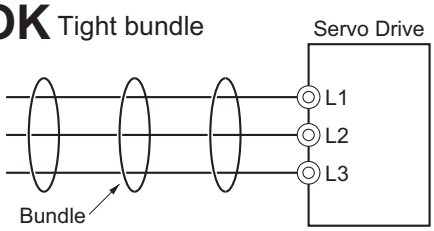


- The power cables must be twisted or tightly bundled.

OK Twist



OK Tight bundle



- Wire the power and signal lines separately.
- Refer to *Wiring a Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive* on page 4-88 when you connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter.

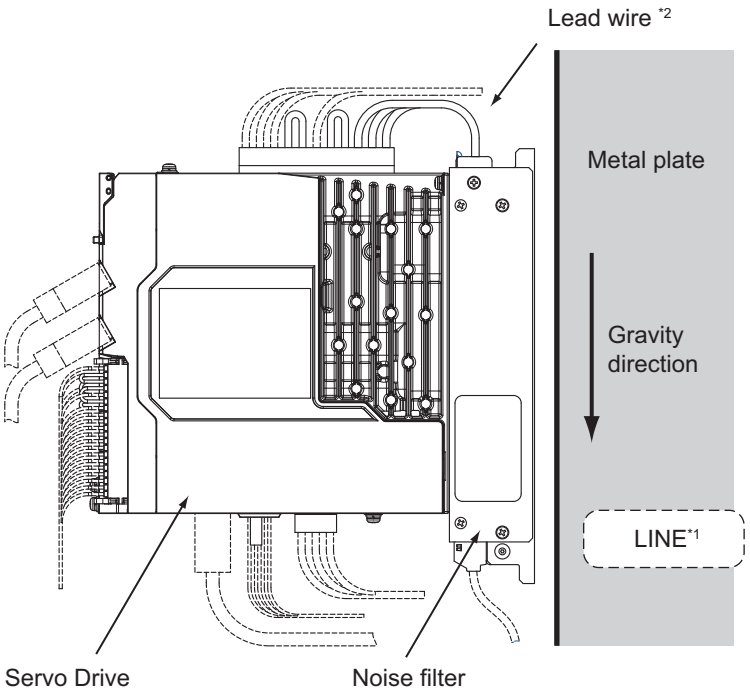
Installing a Noise Filter

● Footprint-type Noise Filters

Use the attached exclusive screws when you mount the Servo Drive to the noise filter. The tightening torque for the exclusive screws is 1.2 N·m±10%.

Install the noise filter on the vertical metal surface.

Turn the LINE side of noise filter in the gravity direction (downward) as shown in the following figure.



Side view

*1. Power supply side
*2. The specifications of the lead wires are shown below.

Noise filter model	Wire size	Length	Strip length
R88A-FI1S103/-FI1S105/-FI1S202/-FI1S203	AWG 16	Approx. 300 mm	8.5±0.5 mm
R88A-FI1S109/-FI1S208	AWG 14	Approx. 300 mm	8.5±0.5 mm
R88A-FI1S116/-FI1S216	AWG 10	Approx. 300 mm	13.7±0.5 mm
R88A-FI1S309	AWG 12	Approx. 300 mm	13.7±0.5 mm

● Book-type Noise Filters (Manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.)

The following table shows the installation conditions of noise filters.

Noise filter model	Screw size	Tightening torque	Remarks
HF2020A-SZC-33DDD/HF3020C-SZC/ HF3020C-SZC-33DDD/HF3020C-SZL	M4	1.2 N·m	• Do not block up a hole for heat radiation in the cabinet. • Do not install it to the ceiling surface of the control panel. • Clearance with peripheral equipment: 50 mm min.
HF3040C-SZA-33EDD/HF3040C-SZA-47DDD/HF3050C-SZB-33EDD	M5	2 N·m	
HF3080C-SZC-33EDE/HF3080C-SZC-47EDE/HF3100C-SZC-33EDE	M6	3 N·m	

● Book-type Noise Filter (Manufactured by Cosel Co., Ltd.)

The following table shows the installation conditions of noise filters.

Noise filter model	Screw size	Tightening torque	Remarks
FSB-30-254-HU	M5	2.4 N·m	• Do not block up a hole for heat radiation in the cabinet. • Do not install it to the ceiling surface of the control panel. • Clearance with peripheral equipment: 50 mm min.

4-1-6 External Dynamic Brake Resistor Installation Condition

Obey the following conditions when installing.

- Clearance with peripheral equipment: 50 mm min.
- Wire length: 3 m max.

Use attached connectors when extending wirings. Specifications for the connectors are shown below.

- Connector model: WFR-2 (WAGO)
- Wire size: AWG16, 1.3 mm^2
- Length of stripped wire: 11±1 mm

An example of using heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wires (HIV) at the ambient temperature of 50°C. Use wires with the rated voltage of 600 V or higher.

Length of stripped wire of external dynamic brake resistor while shipping is specified 19±1 mm. Set to the specified length before wiring the resistor to the connectors.

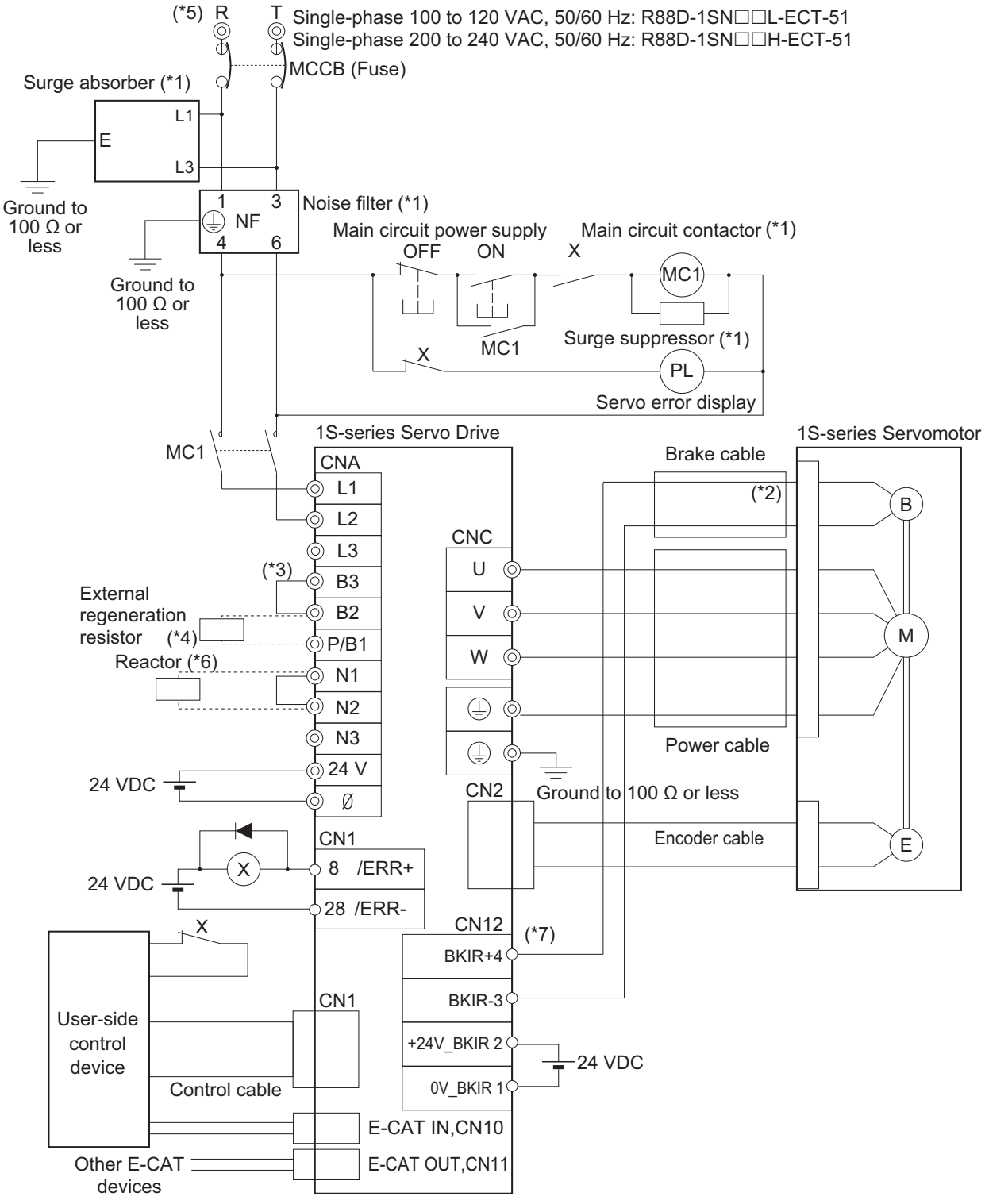
Follow the specified length of stripped wire of Servo Drive side at 19±1 mm.

4-2 Wiring

This section gives the examples of connection with peripheral equipment and wiring such as connection of the main circuit and Servomotor.

4-2-1 Peripheral Equipment Connection Examples

R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51 (Single-phase Input)



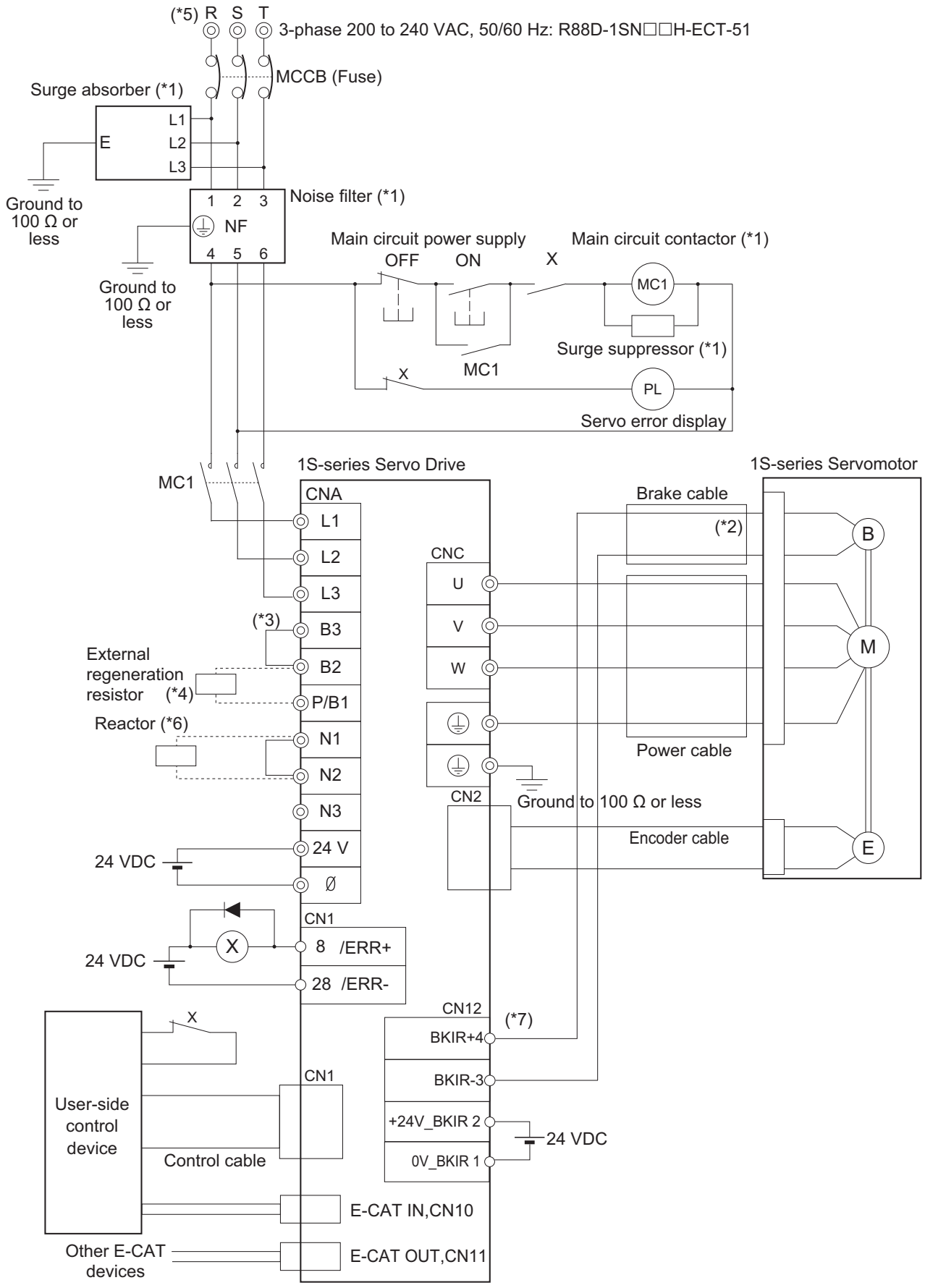
*1. Use one noise filter for each Servo Drive. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error. This connection example is for when the book-type noise filter is used. When you use the footprint-type noise filter, according to *Footprint-type Noise Filter Connection Example* on page 4-23, connect the footprint-type noise filter directly between the Servo Drive and main circuit contactor MC1. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter whether the noise filter is the book-type or footprint-type. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.
*2. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*3. Short-circuit B2 and B3 for models with a built-in regeneration resistor (1SN04L-ECT-51 and 1SN08H-ECT-51). When the amount of regeneration is large, remove the short-circuit wire between B2 and B3 and connect a regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. There is no internal regeneration resistor for 1SN01L-ECT-51 to 1SN02L-ECT-51 and 1SN01H-ECT-51 to 1SN04H-ECT-51. When the amount of regeneration is large, connect the necessary regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*5. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*6. When the DC reactor is not used, short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used, remove the short-circuit wire between N1 and N2, and connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
*7. External connection components are not required because a brake relay and a surge absorbing element are built into the Servo Drive.

⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51 (3-phase Input)



*1. You can connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter when you use the Servo Drives of 01H to 15H (200 to 240 VAC) with 3-phase input. Refer to *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error.
This connection example is for when the book-type noise filter is used. When you use the footprint-type noise filter, according to *Footprint-type Noise Filter Connection Example* on page 4-23, connect the footprint-type noise filter directly between the Servo Drive and main circuit contactor MC1. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter whether the noise filter is the book-type or footprint-type. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.
*2. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*3. Short-circuit B2 and B3 for models with a built-in regeneration resistor (1SN08H-ECT-51). When the amount of regeneration is large, remove the short-circuit wire between B2 and B3 and connect a regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. There is no internal regeneration resistor for 1SN01H-ECT-51 to 1SN04H-ECT-51. When the amount of regeneration is large, connect the necessary regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*5. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*6. When the DC reactor is not used, short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used, remove the short-circuit wire between N1 and N2, and connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
*7. External connection components are not required because a brake relay and a surge absorbing element are built into the Servo Drive.

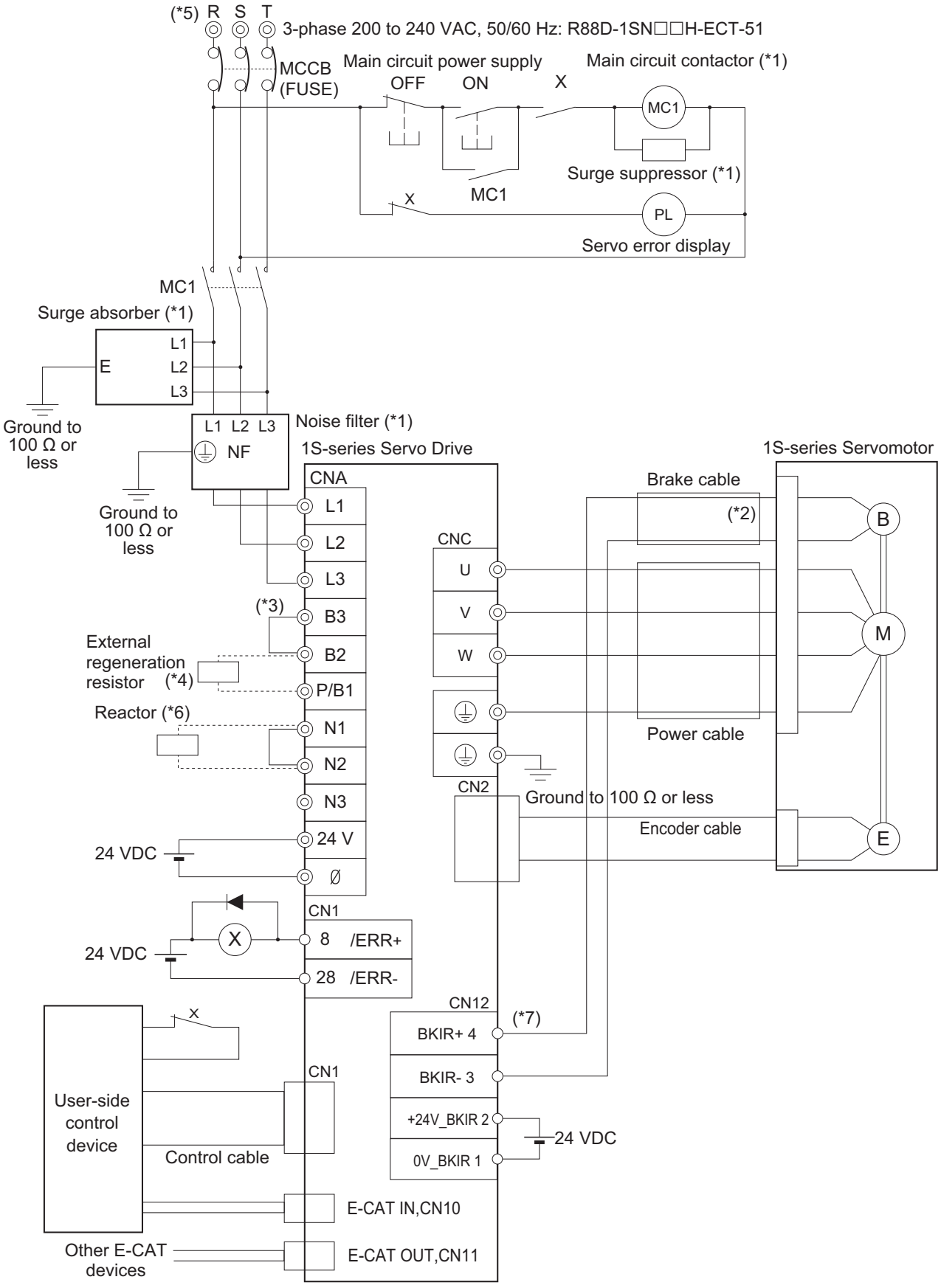
⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



Footprint-type Noise Filter Connection Example

The following is a wiring example of R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51 (3-phase Input) with a footprint-type noise filter installed.



*1. Use one noise filter for each Servo Drive. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error.

This connection example is for when a footprint-type noise filter is used. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter whether the noise filter is the book-type or footprint-type. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.

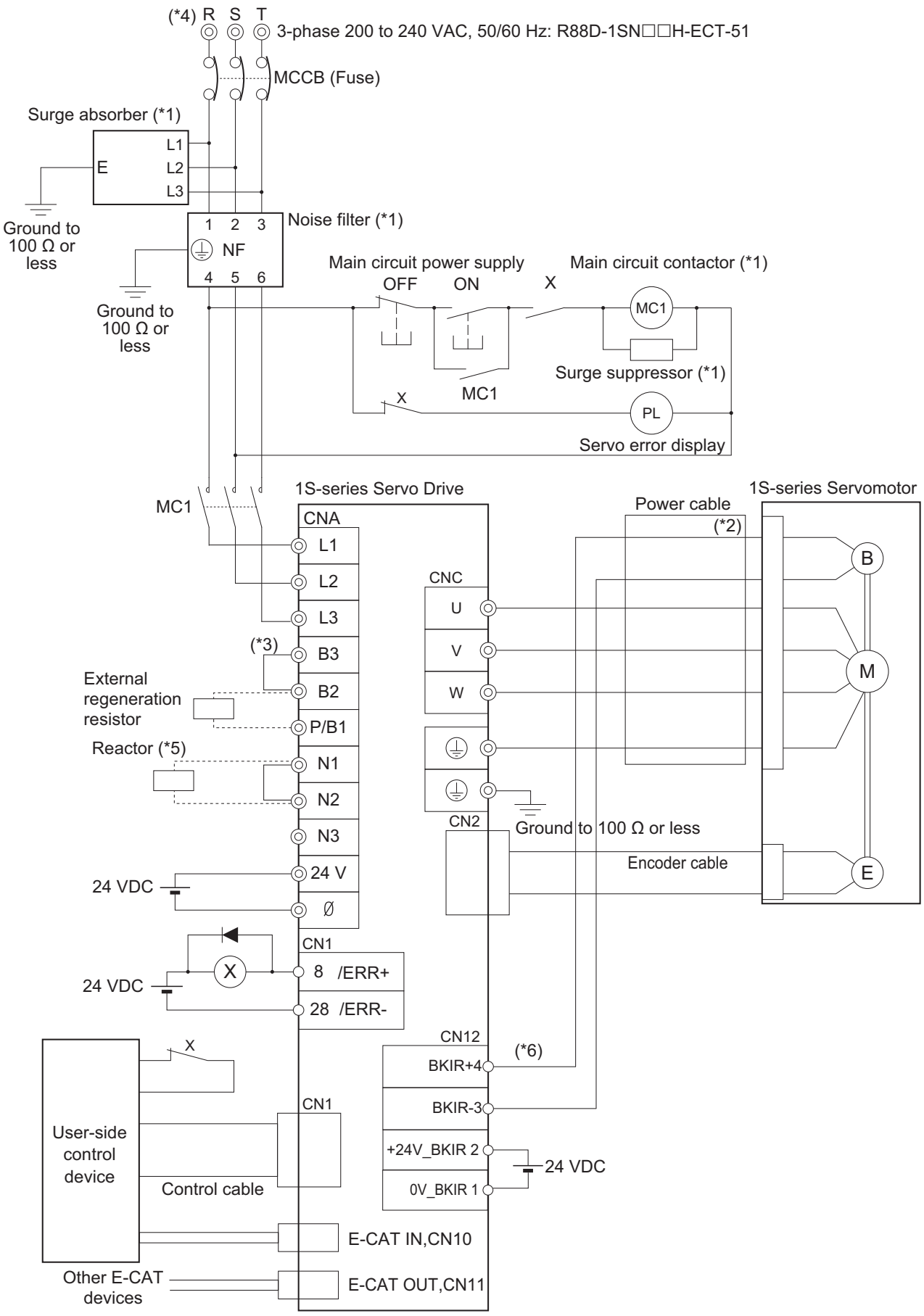
*2. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*3. Short-circuit B2 and B3 for models with a built-in regeneration resistor (1SN04L-ECT-51 and 1SN08H-ECT-51). When the amount of regeneration is large, remove the short-circuit wire between B2 and B3 and connect a regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. There is no internal regeneration resistor for 1SN01L-ECT-51 to 1SN02L-ECT-51 and 1SN01H-ECT-51 to 1SN04H-ECT-51. When the amount of regeneration is large, connect the necessary regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*5. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*6. When the DC reactor is not used, short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used, remove the short-circuit wire between N1 and N2, and connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
*7. External connection components are not required because a brake relay and a surge absorbing element are built into the Servo Drive.

⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51 (3-phase Input)



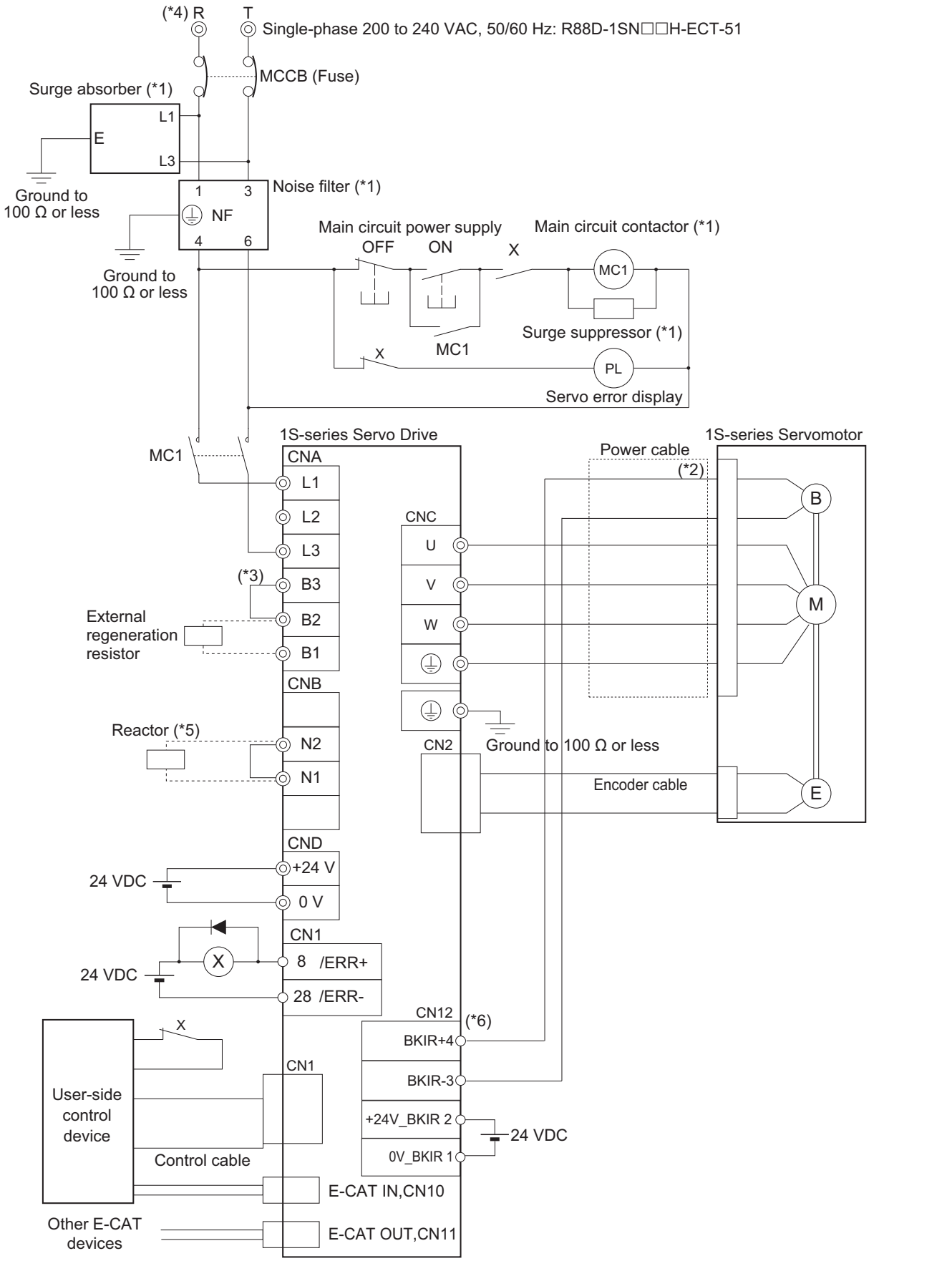
*1. You can connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter when you use the Servo Drives of 01H to 15H (200 to 240 VAC) with 3-phase input. Refer to *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error.
This connection example is for when the book-type noise filter is used. When you use the footprint-type noise filter, according to *Footprint-type Noise Filter Connection Example* on page 4-23, connect the footprint-type noise filter directly between the Servo Drive and main circuit contactor MC1. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter whether the noise filter is the book-type or footprint-type. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.
*2. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*3. Short-circuit B2 and B3 for models with a built-in regeneration resistor (1SN10H-ECT-51). When the amount of regeneration is large, remove the short-circuit wire between B2 and B3 and connect a regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*5. When the DC reactor is not used, short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used, remove the short-circuit wire between N1 and N2, and connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
*6. External connection components are not required because a brake relay and a surge absorbing element are built into the Servo Drive.

⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51 (Single-phase Input)



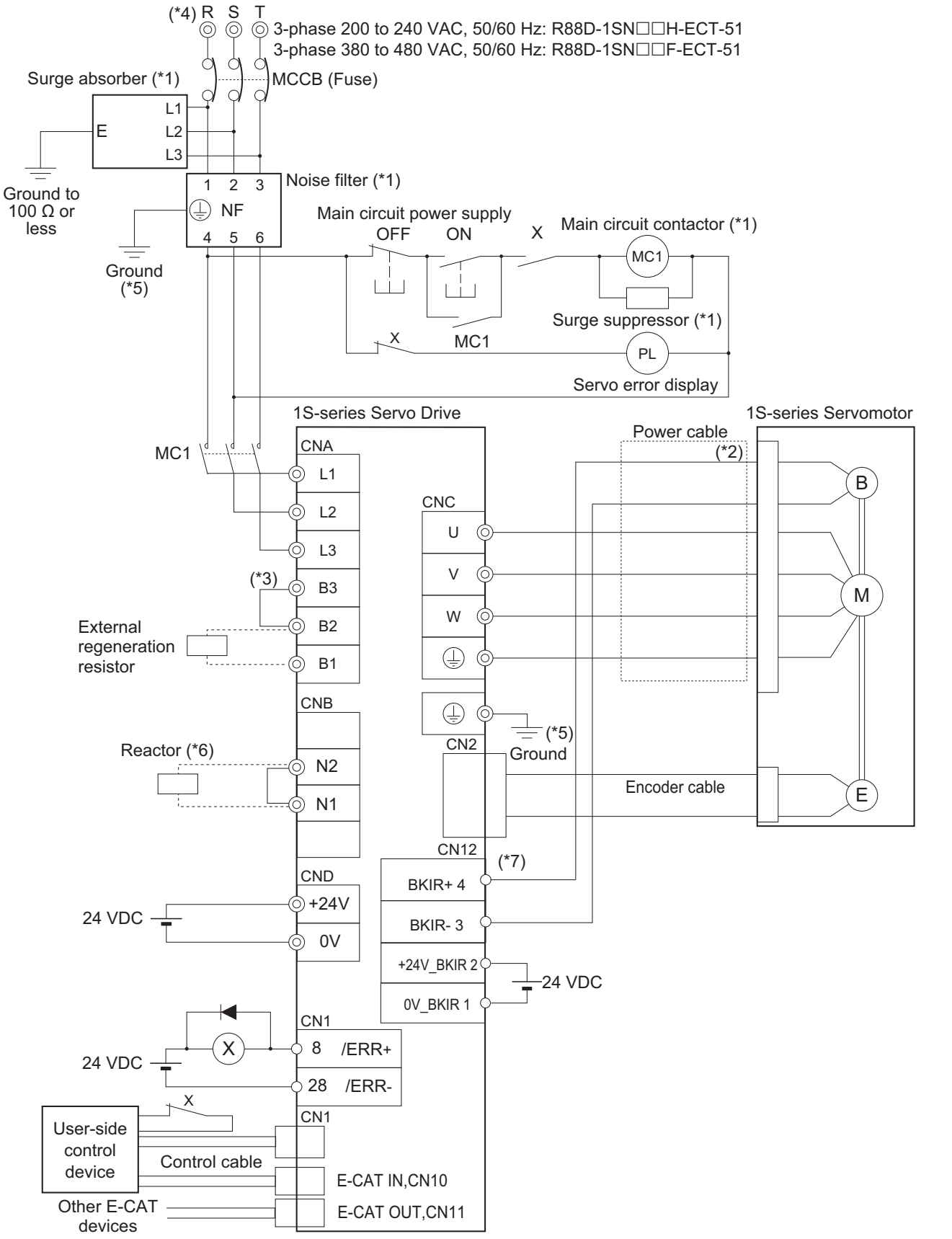
*1. Use one noise filter for each Servo Drive. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error. This connection example is for when the book-type noise filter is used. When you use the footprint-type noise filter, according to *Footprint-type Noise Filter Connection Example* on page 4-23, connect the footprint-type noise filter directly between the Servo Drive and main circuit contactor MC1. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter whether the noise filter is the book-type or footprint-type. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.
*2. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*3. Short-circuit B2 and B3 for models with a built-in regeneration resistor (1SN15H-ECT-51). When the amount of regeneration is large, remove the short-circuit wire between B2 and B3 and connect a regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*5. When the DC reactor is not used, short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used, remove the short-circuit wire between N1 and N2, and connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
*6. External connection components are not required because a brake relay and a surge absorbing element are built into the Servo Drive.

⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51 (200 to 240 VAC), R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51 (380 to 480 VAC Neutral Grounding)



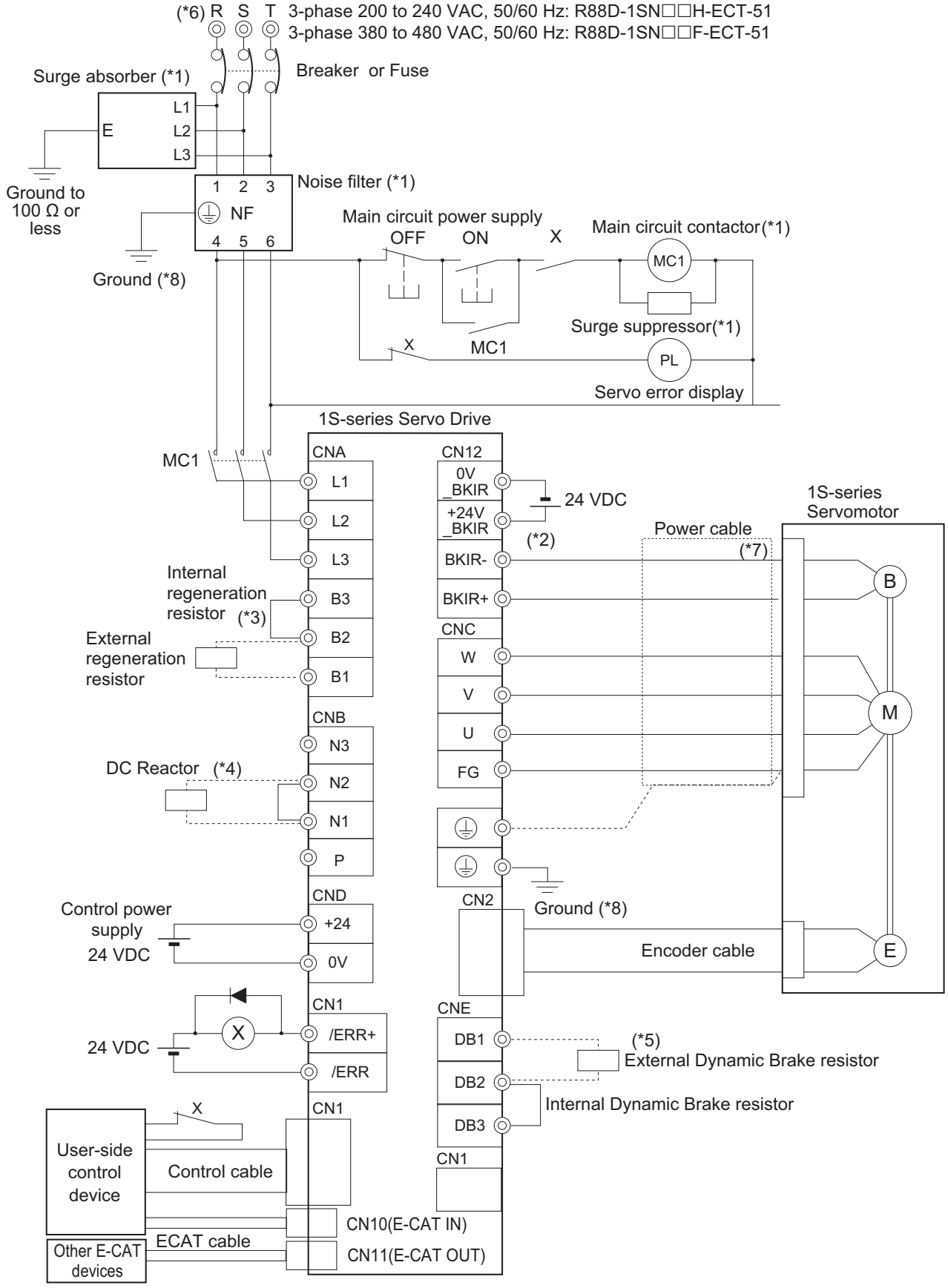
*1. Use one noise filter for each Servo Drive. However, you can connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter when you use the Servo Drives of 01H to 15H (200 to 240 VAC) with 3-phase input. Refer to *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error.
This connection example is for when the book-type noise filter is used. When you use the footprint-type noise filter, according to *Footprint-type Noise Filter Connection Example* on page 4-23, connect the footprint-type noise filter directly between the Servo Drive and main circuit contactor MC1. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter whether the noise filter is the book-type or footprint-type. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.
*2. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*3. Short-circuit B2 and B3 for models with a built-in regeneration resistor (1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51). When the amount of regeneration is large, remove the short-circuit wire between B2 and B3 and connect a regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*5. Ground the 200-VAC input model Servo Drive to 100 Ω or less, and the 400-VAC input model to 10 Ω or less.
*6. When the DC reactor is not used, short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used, remove the short-circuit wire between N1 and N2, and connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
*7. External connection components are not required because a brake relay and a surge absorbing element are built into the Servo Drive.

⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51 (200 to 240 VAC), R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51 (380 to 480 VAC Neutral Grounding)



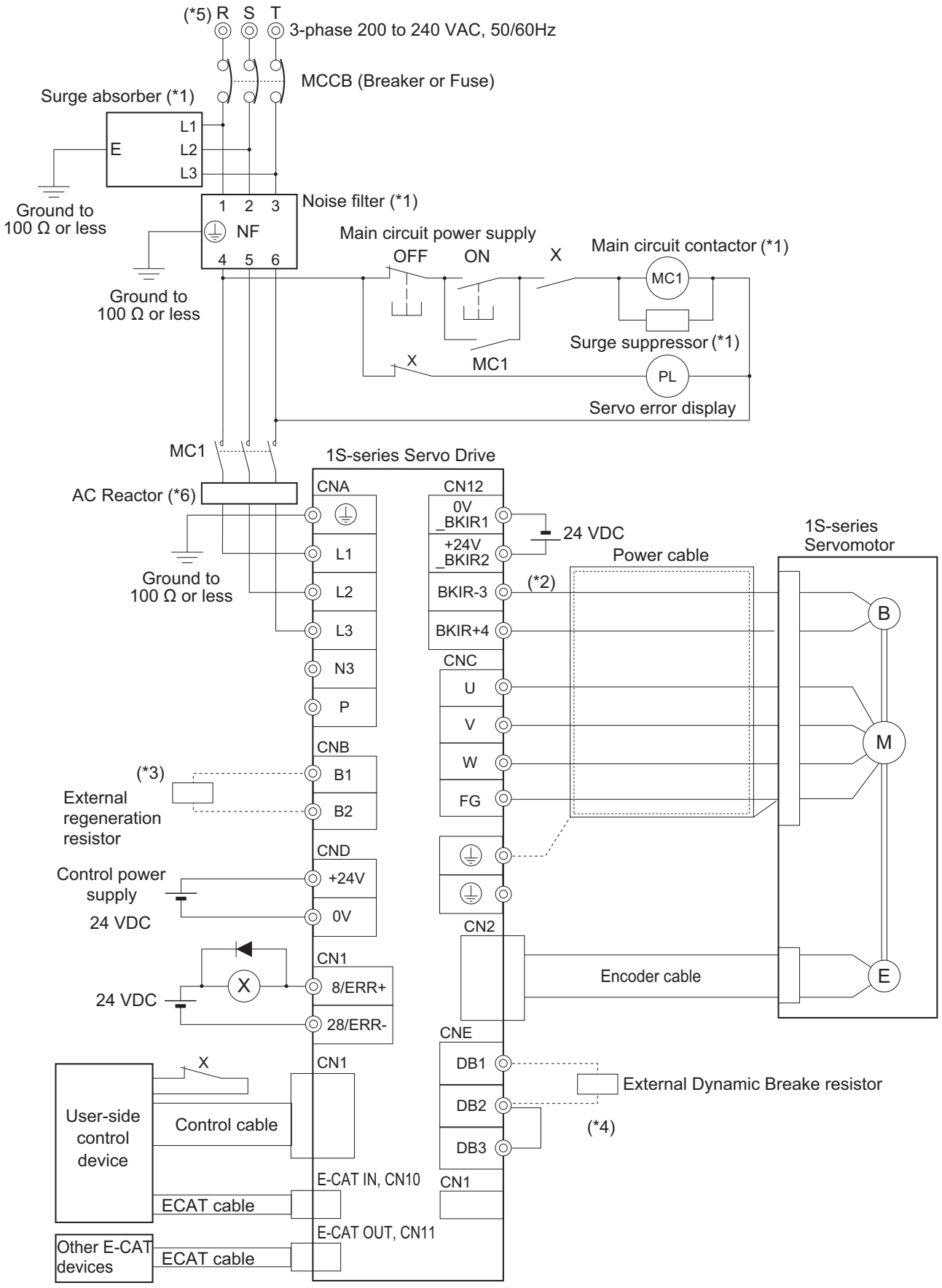
*1. Use one noise filter for each Servo Drive. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.
*2. External connection components are not required because a brake relay and a surge absorbing element are built into the Servo Drive.
*3. Short-circuit B2 and B3 for models with a built-in regeneration resistor. When the amount of regeneration is large, remove the short-circuit wire between B2 and B3 and connect a regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. When the DC reactor is not used, short-circuit N1 and N2. When the DC reactor is used, remove the short-circuit wire between N1 and N2, and connect the DC reactor between N1 and N2.
*5. Short-circuit DB2 and DB3 for models with a built-in dynamic brake resistor. When the amount of braking energy is large, remove the short-circuit wire between DB2 and DB3 and connect a dynamic brake resistor between DB1 and DB2.
*6. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*7. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*8. Ground the 200-VAC input model Servo Drive to 100 Ω or less, and the 400-VAC input model to 10 Ω or less.

⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51



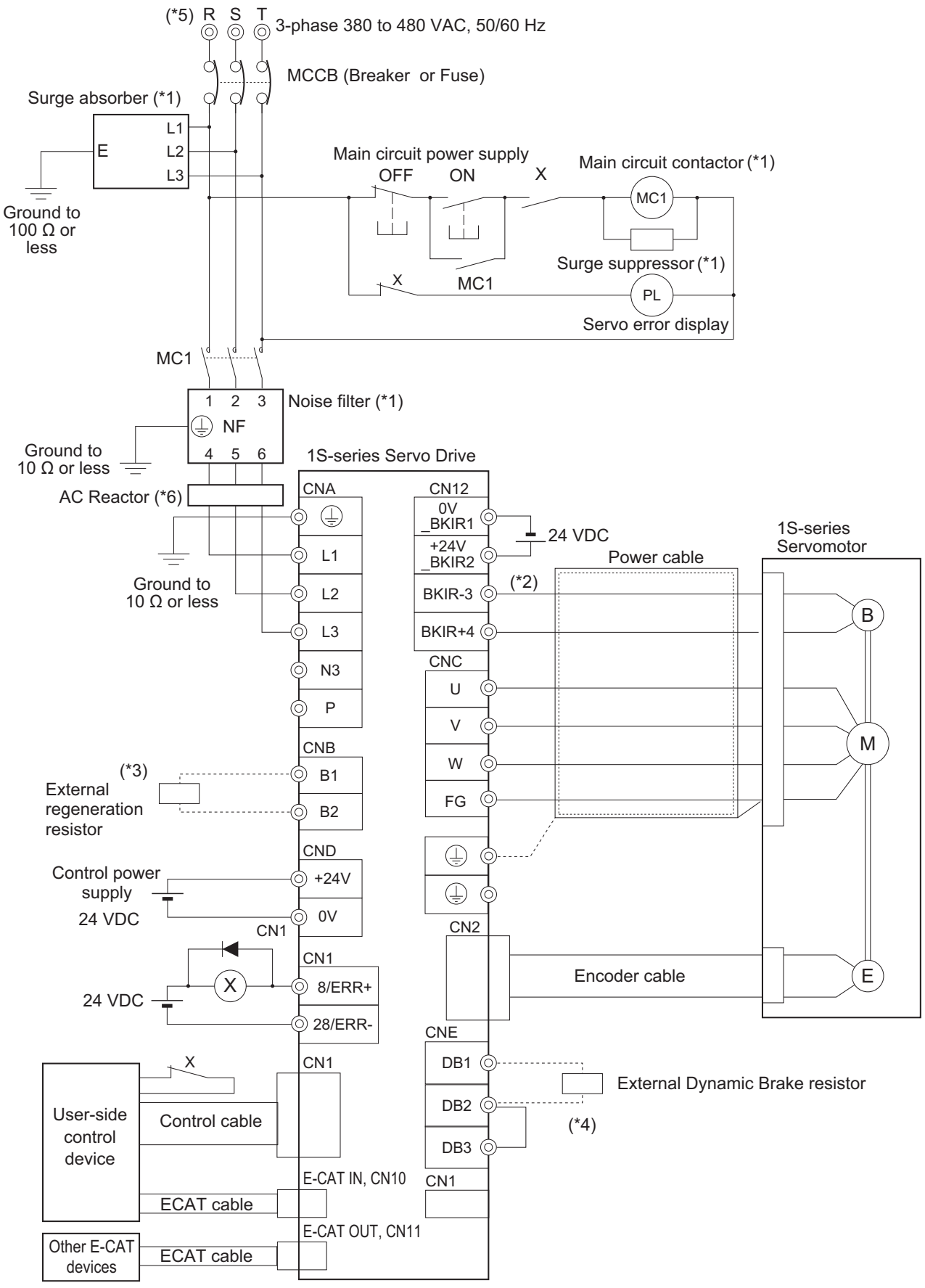
*1. Use one noise filter for each Servo Drive. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.
*2. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*3. There is no built-in regeneration resistor. Connect a required regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. Short-circuit DB2 and DB3 for models with a built-in dynamic brake resistor. When the amount of braking energy is large, remove the short-circuit wire between DB2 and DB3 and connect a dynamic brake resistor between DB1 and DB2.
*5. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*6. Recommended products are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51. You cannot use the DC reactor.

⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51



*1. Use one noise filter for each Servo Drive. Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. Also, a Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error. When you use a noise filter, install a surge absorber on the LINE side of the noise filter. Recommended noise filters and surge absorbers are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.
*2. There is no polarity on the brakes.
*3. There is no built-in regeneration resistor. Connect a required regeneration resistor between B1 and B2.
*4. Short-circuit DB2 and DB3 for models with a built-in dynamic brake resistor. When the amount of braking energy is large, remove the short-circuit wire between DB2 and DB3 and connect a dynamic brake resistor between DB1 and DB2.
*5. To ensure safety, install a leakage breaker for the main circuit power supply input in the control panel. Refer to *4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component* on page 4-64 for selecting a leakage breaker.
*6. Recommended products are listed in *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51. You cannot use the DC reactor.

⚠ WARNING

Design the configuration to cut off the main circuit power supply when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open).
Not doing so may cause a fire.



4-2-2 Procedure for Wiring Terminal Block and Procedure for Mounting Shield Clamp to Servo Drive

This section describes each procedure for wiring a terminal block and for mounting power cables or shield clamp to a Servo Drive.

Precautions for Correct Use

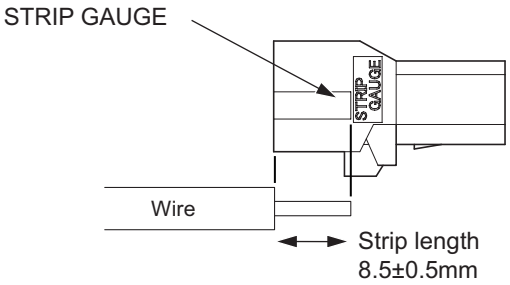
- Wear the protective equipment when you perform the task. Do not apply any force to the opener (Servo Drive's accessory) after its protrusion reaches the bottom dead center. As a guide, do not apply the force of 100 N or more.
- Wear a protective equipment to protect eyes from the cables or hands from cables and shield clamp when you perform the task.

R88D-1SN□L-ECT-51/-1SN1SN0□H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51/-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51

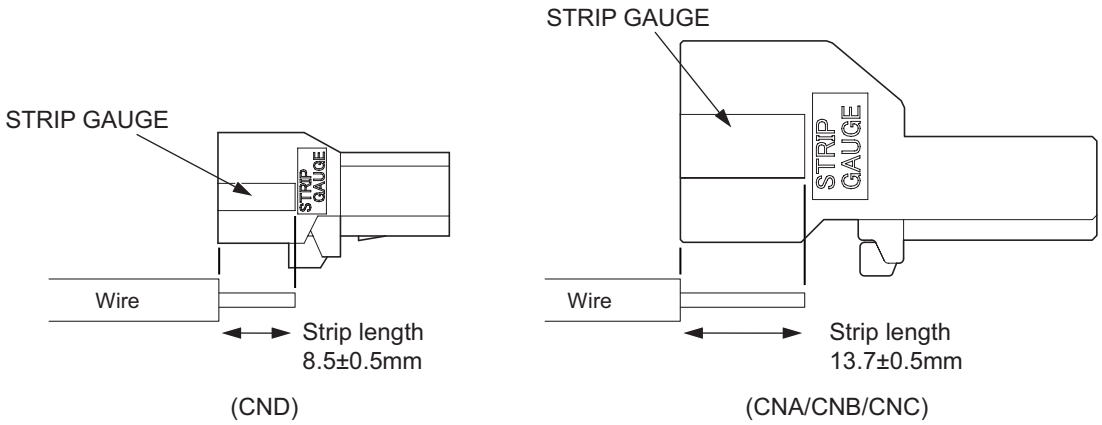
1 Remove the terminal block from the Servo Drive before wiring.
The Servo Drive may be damaged if the wiring is done with the terminal block in place.

2 Strip off the covering from the wire.
Refer to *Terminal Block Wire Sizes* on page 3-20 for applicable wire sizes. If the stripped wire is bended, loose or too large in diameter due to twist, retwist it gently and check its strip length by the use of a gauge before you use it. Smoothen the cut surface of wires and the stripped surface of covering. Or, you can use a ferrule.

- R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN10H-ECT-51

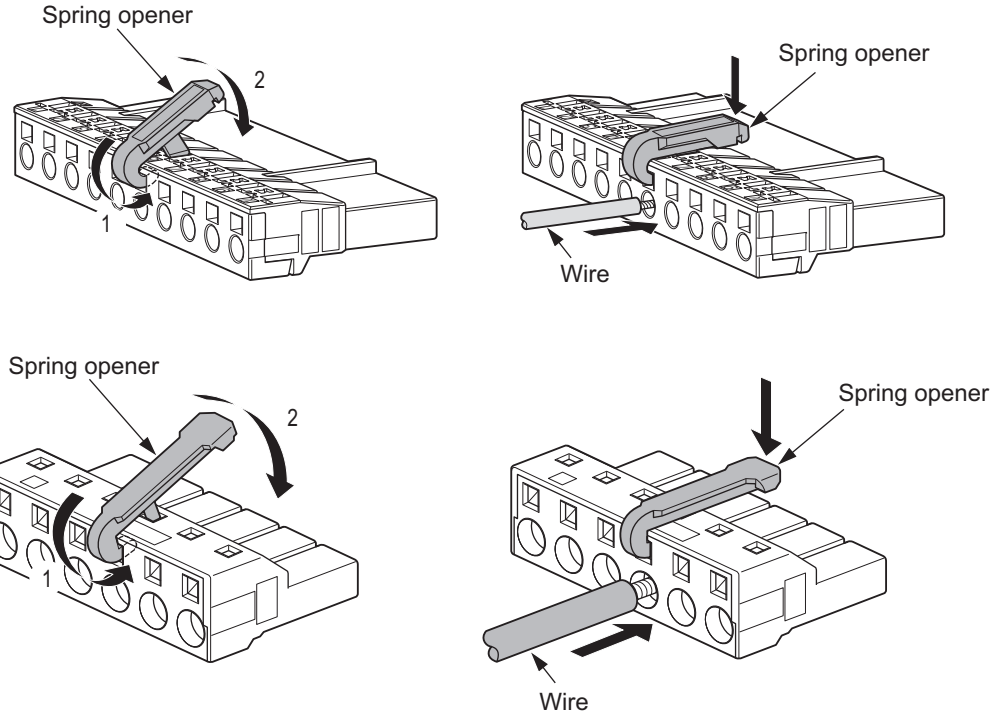


- R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51



3 Connect the wires.

Insert the hook of the spring opener into a square hole located on the same side as the wire holes, and use your thumb to press down the lever of the spring opener until it clicks into place.
Insert the wire fully into the back of a wire hole while the lever of the spring opener is held down.
Release the lever, and then pull the wire gently to check that it does not come out.



4 Mount the terminal block to the Servo Drive.

After all of the terminals are wired, return the terminal block to its original position on the Servo Drive.

Note The wire may not be inserted easily depending on the shape of the ferrule connected to it. If this occurs, perform one of the following methods to insert the wire.

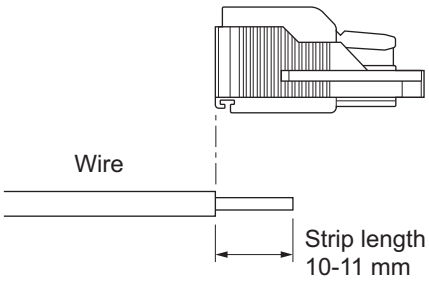
- Change the direction of inserting the ferrule by 90°.
- Correct the shape of the ferrule with tools such as pliers.

R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51

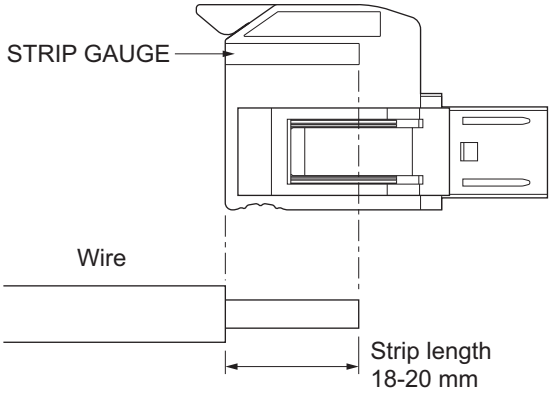
1 Remove the terminal block from the Servo Drive before wiring.
The Servo Drive may be damaged if the wiring is done with the terminal block in place.
The main circuit connector A (CNA) and the motor connector (CNC) for R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51 are wired directly. These connectors are not needed to be removed.

2 Strip off the covering from the wire.
Refer to *Terminal Block Wire Sizes* on page 3-20 for applicable wire sizes. If the stripped wire is bended, loose or too large in diameter due to twist, retwist it gently and check its strip length by the use of a gauge before you use it. Smoothen the cut surface of wires and the stripped surface of covering. Or, you can use a ferrule.

- R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51

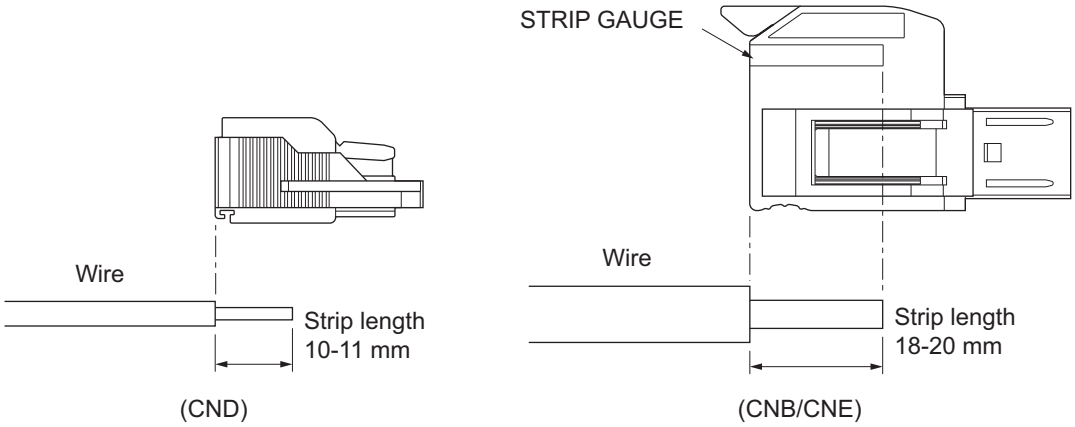


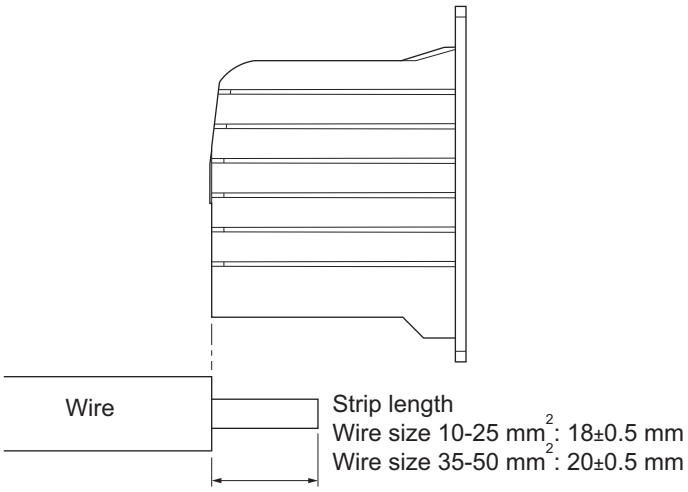
(CND)



(CNA/CNB/CNC/CNE)

- R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51



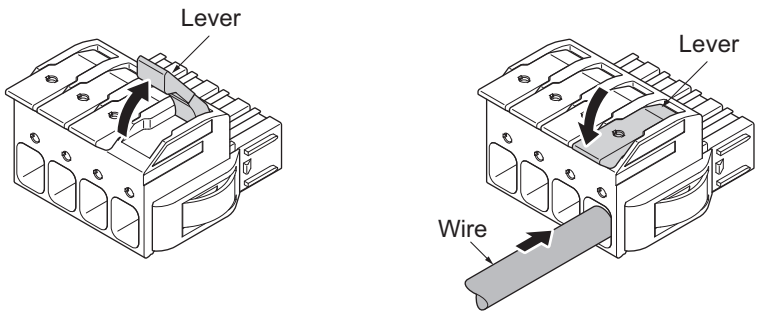


Terminal block (CNA/CNC)

3 Connect the wires.

- R88D-1SN55□-ECT-51/-1SN75□-ECT-51/-1SN150□-ECT-51

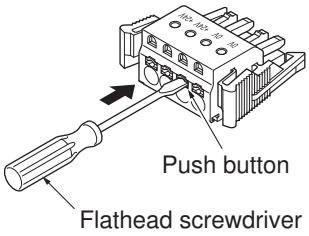
  Use fingers to push up the lever until it clicks into place.
  Insert the wire fully into the back of a wire hole while the lever is pushed up.
  Use fingers to push down the lever until it clicks into place.
  Pull the wire gently to make sure that it does not come out.

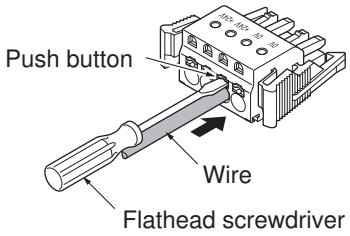


R88D-1SN55□-ECT-51/ -1SN75□-ECT-51/ -1SN150F-ECT-51 (CNA/CNB/CNC/CNE)
R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51 (CNB/CNE)

Insert the wire fully into back of a wire hole while a push button is pressed with a flathead screwdriver.
Pull the wire gently to make sure that it does not come out.

A solid wire or a twisted wire crimped the ferrule terminals can be inserted even if you do not press the push button.

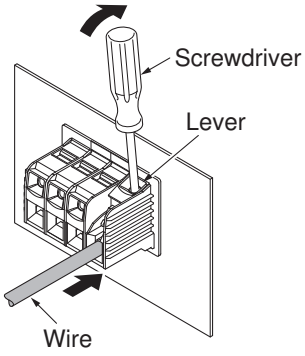


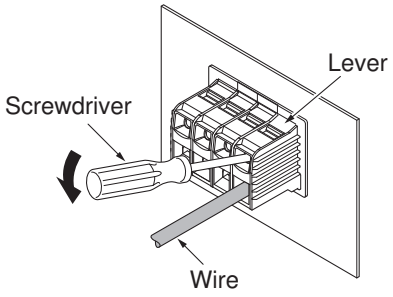


(CND)

- R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51
  Insert a screwdriver into a hole of a lever and push up the lever.
  Insert the wire fully into the back of a wire hole.
  Insert the screwdriver into the hole of the lever and push down the lever.
  Pull the wire gently to make sure that it is completely caught by a bracket and does not come out.

  Use a fully tough screwdriver.
  Recommended Screwdriver Model: SZK PZ2 VDE (PHOENIX CONTACT)

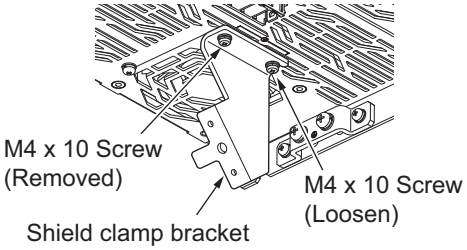




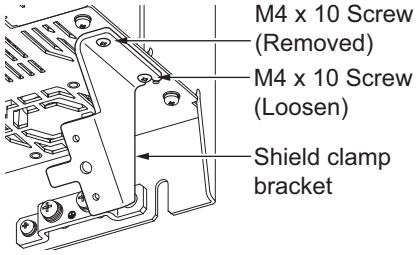
(CNA/CNC)

4 Mount the shield clamp bracket.

- See below figures. Remove a screw and loosen another. Hook U-shape of the shield clamp bracket onto the loosened screw and tighten another screw.
  After that, tighten the screw of U-shape.
- Tightening torque: 1.5 N·m



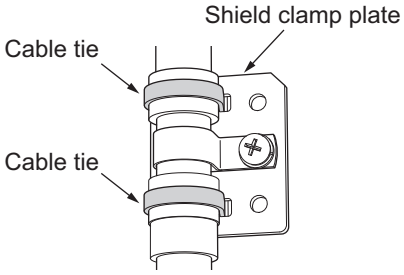
R88D-1SN55□-ECT-51
/-1SN75□-ECT-51

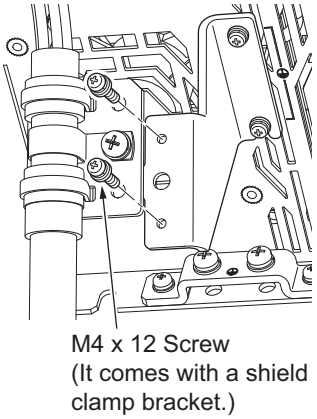


R88D-1SN150□-ECT-51

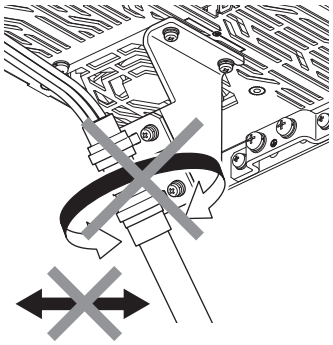
5 Mount the shield clamp plate to the shield clamp bracket.

- Tightening torque: 1.5 N·m
- Do not cut a cable tie.





- Do not put loads on the cable and the shield clamp such as twisting, pushing and pulling, etc.



6 Mount the terminal block to the Servo Drive.
After all of the terminals are wired, return the terminal block to its original position on the Servo Drive.

Note The wire may not be inserted easily depending on the shape of the ferrule connected to it. If this occurs, perform one of the following methods to insert the wire.

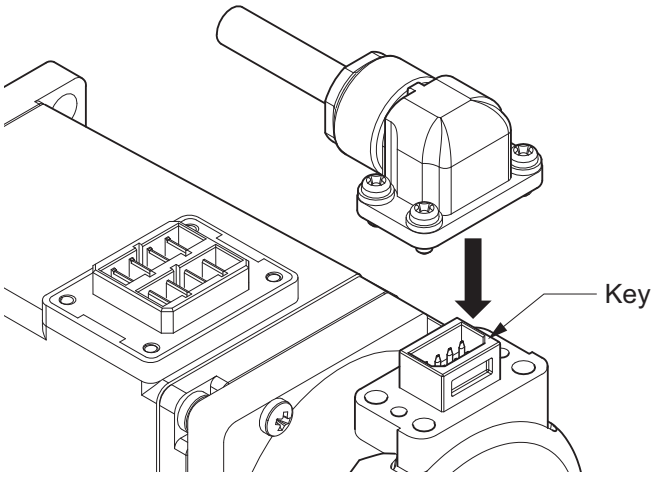
- Change the direction of inserting the ferrule by 90°.
- Correct the shape of the ferrule with tools such as pliers.

4-2-3 Connector Attachment Procedure

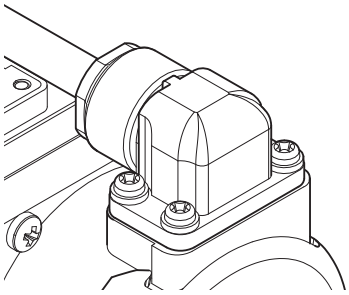
This section describes the procedure for attaching a connector to a Servomotor. Use the following procedure to fit the connectors.

Servomotors with Flange Size of 80×80 or less

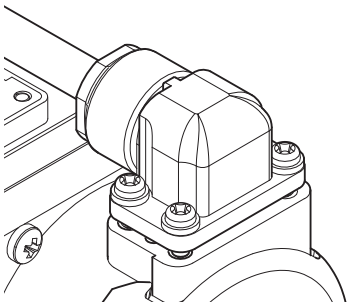
1 Align the connector's orientation with the key position, and fit the connector into place.



2 Tighten the screws to fix the connector after it is fitted.

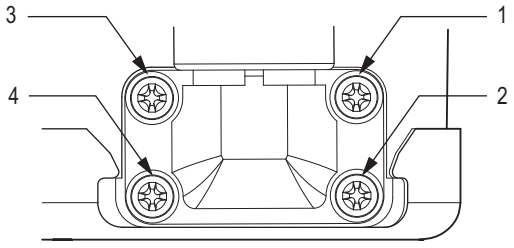


Note Make sure that the connector is securely fitted into place without a gap or tilt.
Do not tighten the screws if the connector is not securely fitted into place. Doing so may result in a damage.
Tighten the four screws evenly.
The screw tightening torque is 0.2 N·m.



Example of a gap

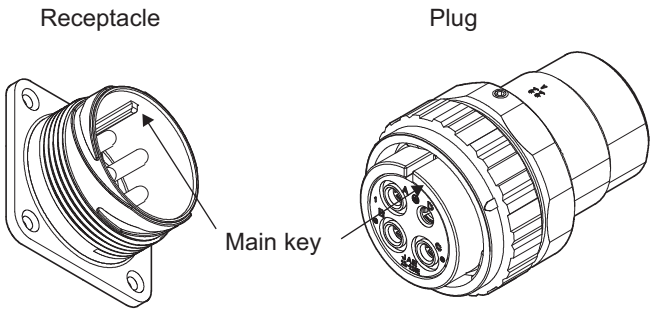
Example: tighten the screws in the order of 1, 4, 3, and then 2.



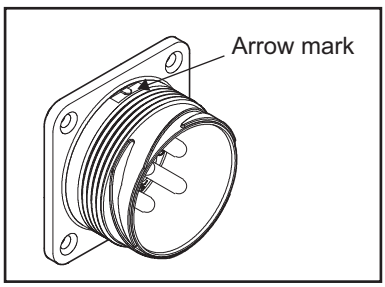
Example of screw tightening order

Servomotors with Flange Size of 100×100 or more (Type JL10 Connector)

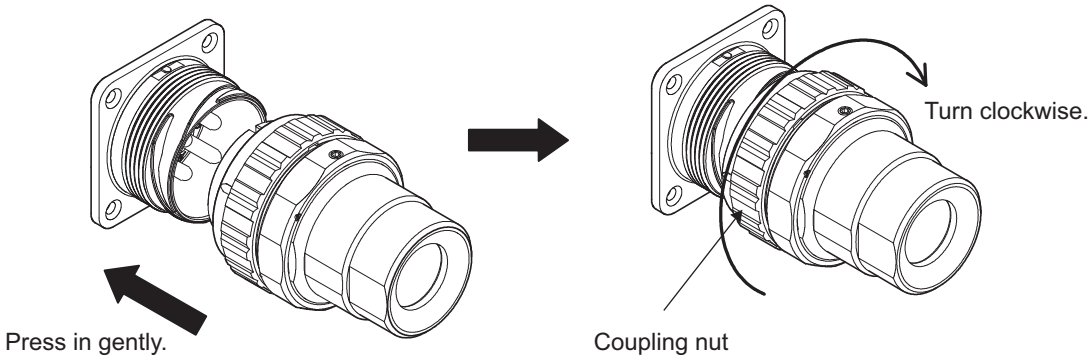
1 Align of the main keys of the plug and receptacle.



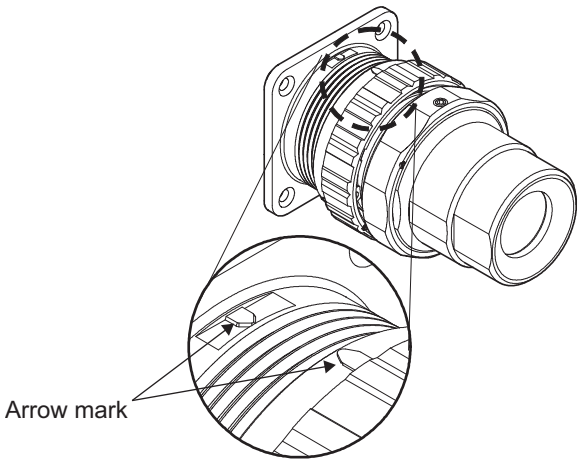
* The arrow mark on the receptacle shell indicates the position of the main key.



2 Press in the plug gently and turn the coupling nut clockwise.
Fitting is completed when the turned coupling nut clicks into place.



When fitting is completed, the arrow marks of the plug and receptacle are aligned.

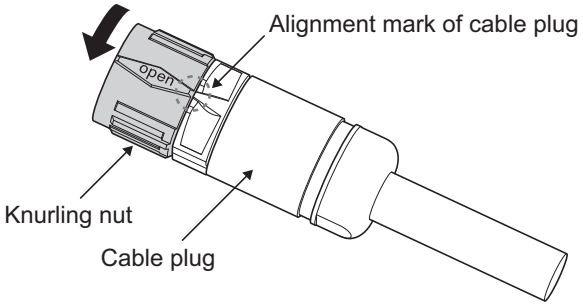


Note Before starting the fitting procedure, make sure that there is no dirt, foreign materials, etc. adhered to the fitting surfaces.
Do not perform the procedure in an environment where water or oil can adhere to these surfaces.

Servomotors with Flange Size of 130×130 or more (Type M23 and M40 Connector)

● Procedure for Mounting Connectors

1 Turn the knurling nut of a cable plug to counterclockwise direction.
When a printed "open" on the nut is aligned with a mark of the cable plug, the nut stops. If not aligned, the knurling nut cannot be inserted to the motor receptacle firmly.

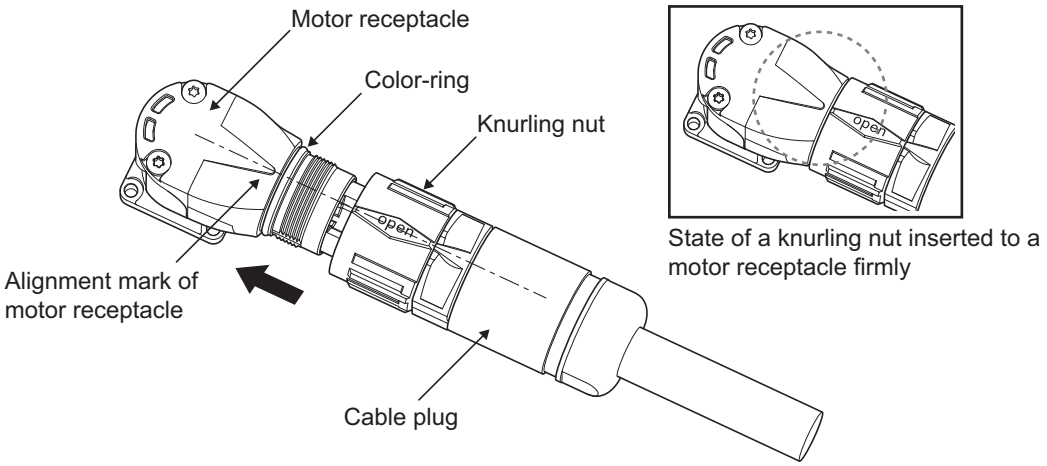


Type M23 Connector

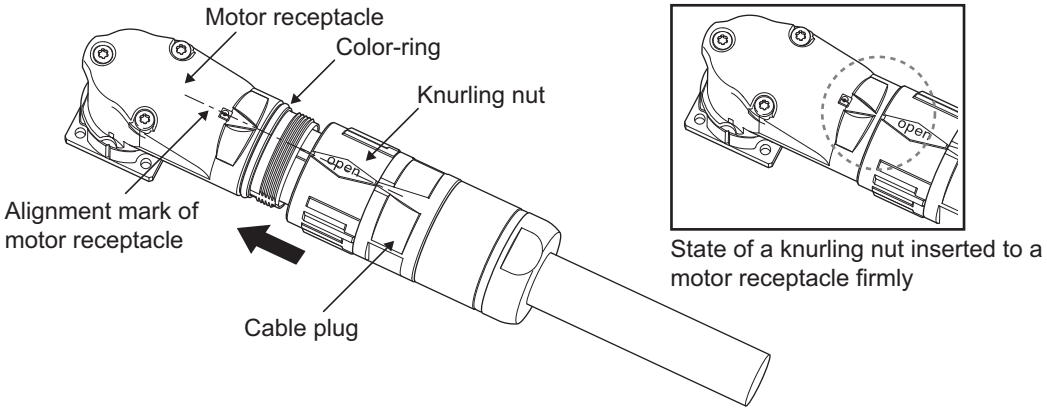
2 Align a mark of the motor receptacle with the printed "open" on the knurling nut.

3 Insert the knurling nut into the receptacle as far as it goes.
At this time, push the nut linearly in a state that a printed "open" on the nut lines up with a mark of the cable plug.

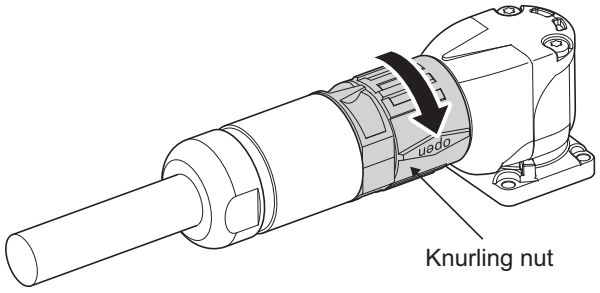
- Type M23 Connector



- Type M40 Connector

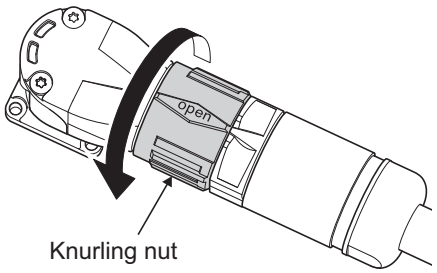


4 Turn the knurling nut to clockwise direction until it stops.
The connector is locked by turning the knurling nut until it stops.

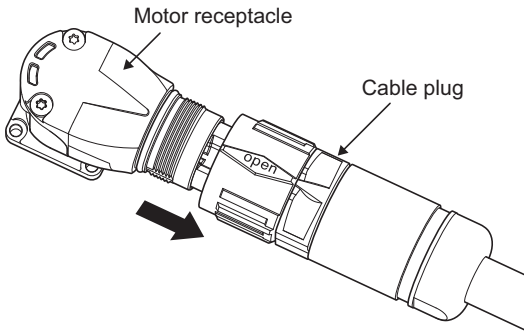


● Procedure for Detaching Connectors

1 Turn the knurling nut of the cable plug to counterclockwise direction.
When the printed "open" lines up with a mark of the cable plug, the mating is unlocked.



2 Pull the cable plug out the motor receptacle linearly.
At this time, do not move the cable plug up and down or right and left.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Before starting the fitting procedure, make sure that there is no dirt, foreign materials, etc. adhered to the fitting surfaces.
- Do not perform the procedure in an environment where water or oil can adhere to these surfaces.
- Insert a cable into a Servomotors securely and fix a knurling nut.
- Unwind a winding cable from packing before mounting the cable to a connector. Not doing so results in twisted force to apply to the connector and the cable. That may cause damage of the connector and the cable.

4-2-4 Procedure for Change of Cable Outlet Direction for Connector Type M23 or M40

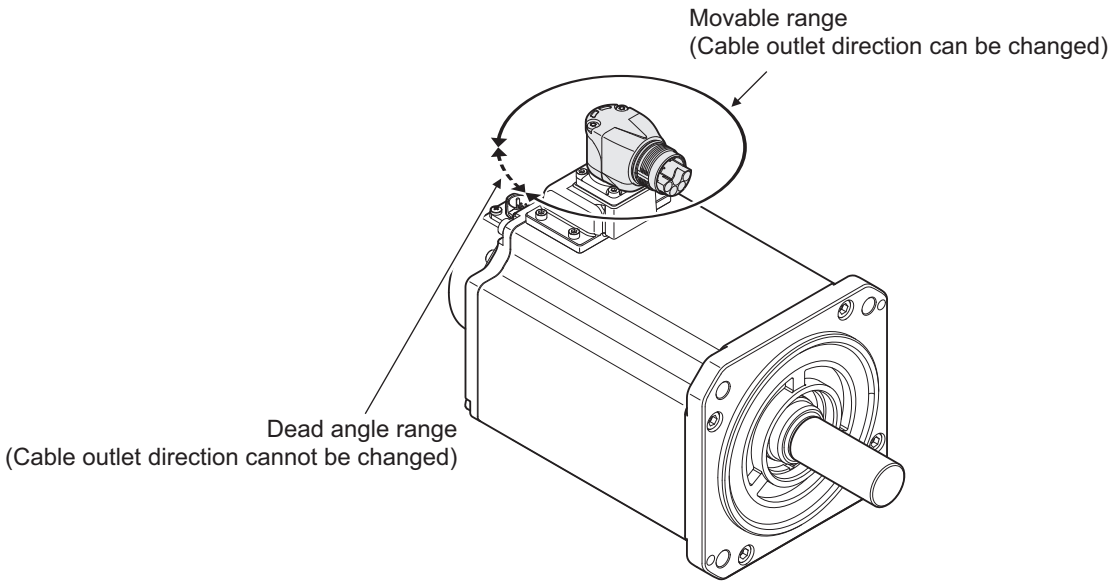
This section describes a procedure for change of cable outlet direction for connector Type M23 or M40.

The change of the cable outlet directions shall be up to five times. Pre-determine the cable outlet directions such as mounting a Servomotor to devices, etc. before the change.

1 Determine the cable outlet directions.

Refer to *2-4-3 Cable Outlet Direction* on page 2-113 to fix the cable outlet direction.

The connector has a dead angle. When you change the cable outlet direction, avoid excessive force applied to the connector. Otherwise, failures of the connector may result.



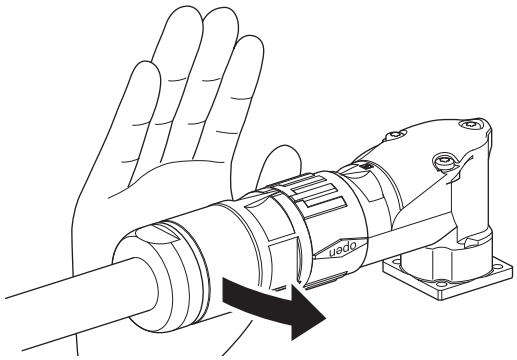
2 Mount a cable and lock it firmly.

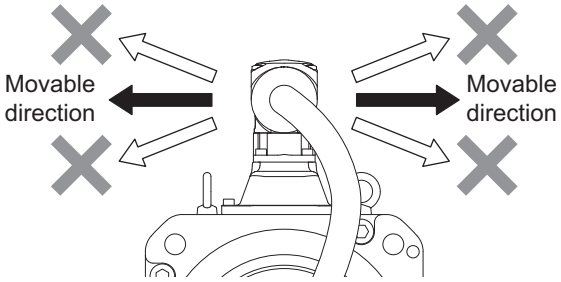
Mount a cable to a connector, referring to *4-2-3 Connector Attachment Procedure* on page 4-43.

Lock a cable securely to be fixed to a connector. If the lock is loosened, a connector is removed. That may cause injury and failure of a connector.

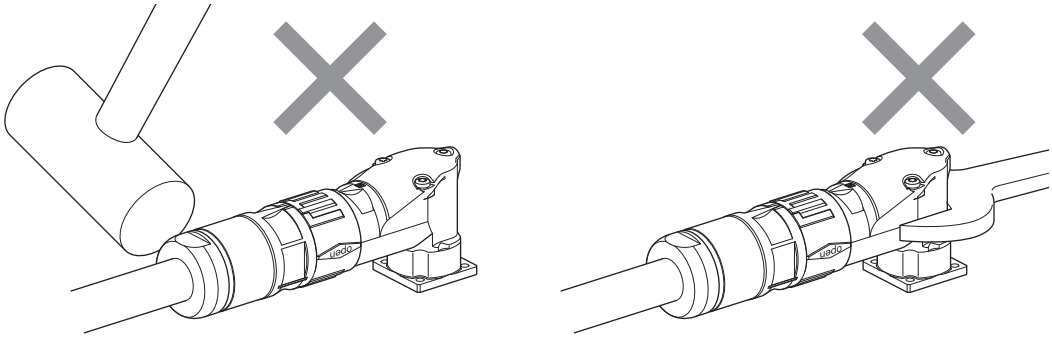
3 Place your hand on the end of a connector at a cable side and apply force slowly toward movable direction to change the cable outlet direction.

Apply force horizontally to movable directions. When you apply force to the end of a connector, the force over 100 N is required. Force applied to not-specified direction may result in failure of a connector.





Use your hand, instead of tool, etc. when changing the cable outlet direction. Otherwise, a large amount of force is applied easily even toward not-specified direction and may cause failure of the connector.



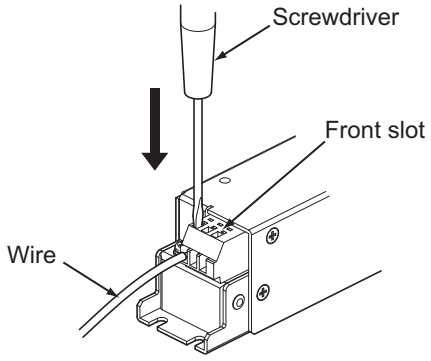
Do not pull out a cable during the change of cable outlet direction. Doing so may cause failures of a connector and a cable.
Also, the change shall be up to five times. The change over five times may result in failure of the connector.

Precautions for Correct Use

Wire cables not to contact with Servomotors, which have high temperature.

4-2-5 Terminal Block Wiring Procedure for Footprint-type Noise Filter

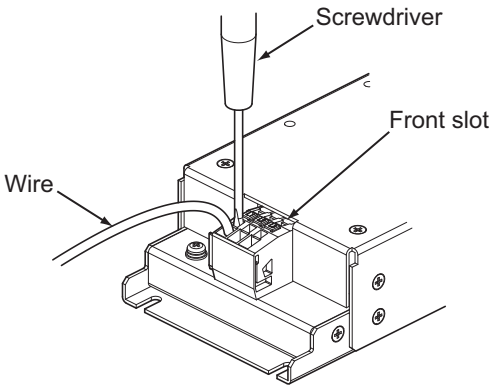
R88A-FI1S1□□/-FI1S2□□

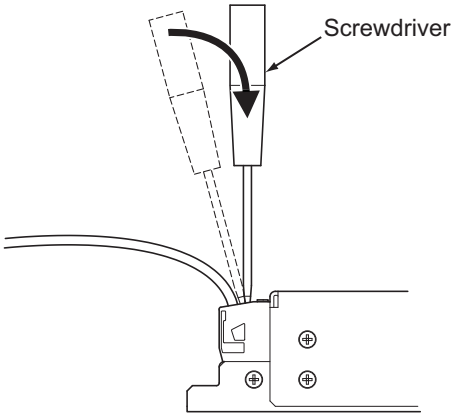


- Insert a screwdriver (tip width 3.5 × 0.5 mm) into a front slot.

- Insert the wire fully into the back of a wire hole.
- Pull out the screwdriver while you push the wire against the back.
- Pull the wire gently to check that it does not come out.

R88A-FI1S3□□





Side view

- Insert a screwdriver (tip width 3.5 × 0.5 mm) at an angle into a front slot.
- Insert the screwdriver deep while you hold it vertically as shown in the side view.
- Insert the wire fully into the back of a wire hole.
- Pull out the screwdriver while you push the wire against the back.
- Pull the wire gently to check that it does not come out.

4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives

1S-series Servo Drives conform to the EMC Directives (EN 61800-3) under the wiring conditions described in this section.
The following conditions are determined so that 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions can conform to EMC Directives. When the products are installed in the equipment, the customer must perform the check to confirm that the overall machine conforms to EMC Directives.

The following are the conditions required for conformance to the EMC Directives.

- Install the Servo Drive on the ground plate.
- Install a noise filter and lightening surge absorbing element (surge absorber) on the power line.
- Use a motor power cable of 20 m or less.
- Use braided-shield cables for the I/O signals and encoder. Tinned soft steel wires must be used for the shields.
- Ground the shield of each cable.

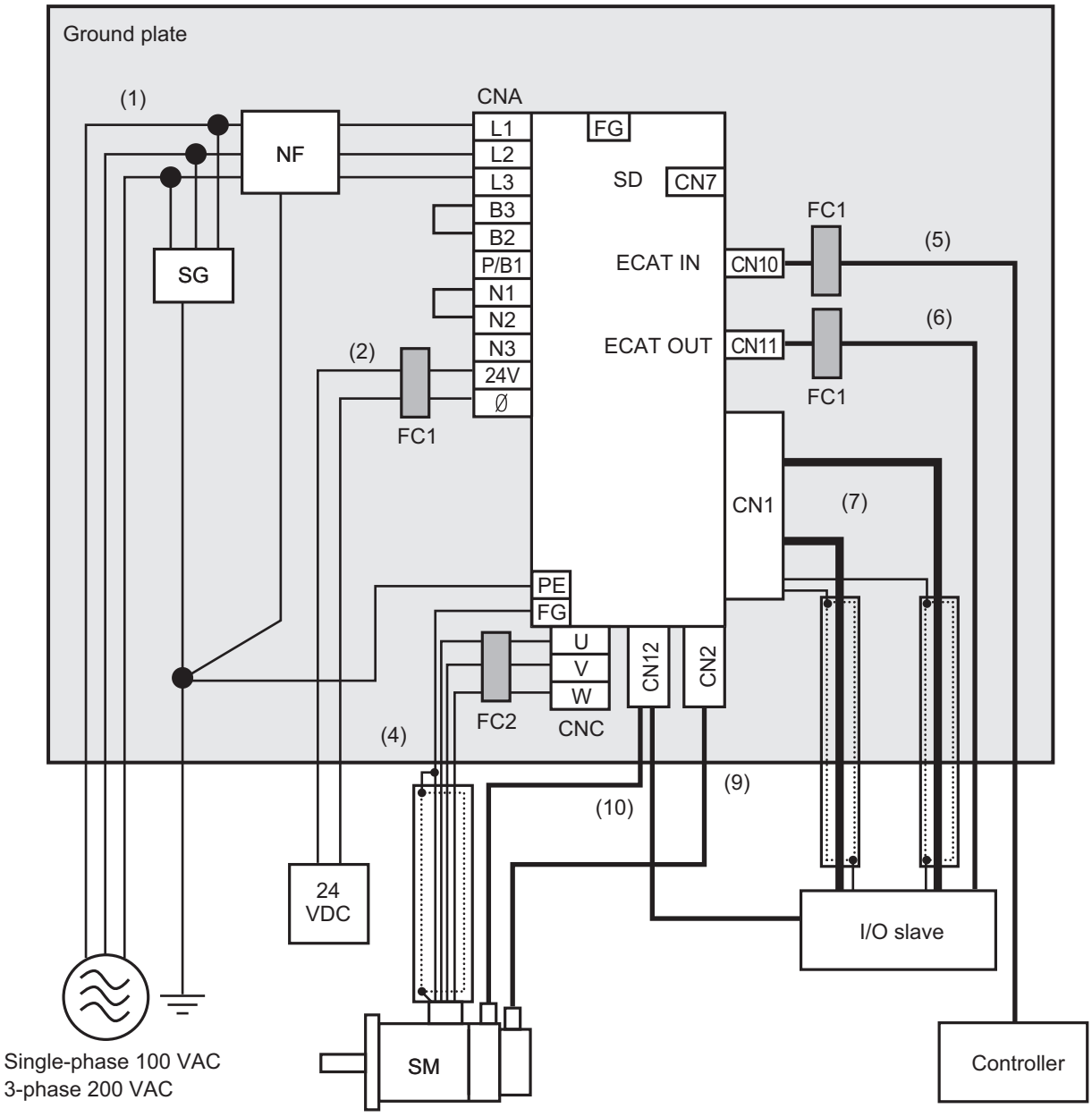
For how to wire and install a noise filter, refer to *4-1-5 Noise Filter Installation Conditions* on page 4-14.

Additional Information

- When a motor power cable connected to one 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive, described in *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83, is longer than 20 m or when you connect more than one 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive at 1.5 kW or less to one noise filter, the noise filter installation conditions of these cases are different from the conditions for conformity to the EMC Directives of 1S-series Servo Drives.
- Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect.

4-3-1 Peripheral Equipment Connection Examples

R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51/-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51



Note For single-phase inputs, connect between any two phases out of the following: L1, L2, and L3.

- Provide single-point grounding of the ground plate for unit frame grounding as shown in the above diagram.
- Use a protective earth wire with a minimum thickness of 2.5 mm^2 and arrange the wiring so that the protective earth wire is as short as possible.
- Install a surge absorber and noise filter near the main circuit connector of Servo Drive. Separate I/O wires from each other for the wiring.

● Device Details

Symbol	Name	Manufacturer	Model	Remarks
SG	Surge absorber	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C12G801WS	1-phase 100 VAC/200 VAC
			LT-C32G801WS	3-phase 200 VAC
NF	Noise filter	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	HF2020A-SZC-33DDD*1	1-phase 100 VAC/200 VAC (20A)
			HF3020C-SZC-33DDD	3-phase 200 VAC (20 A)
		OMRON	R88A-FI1S103	1-phase R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51
				1-phase R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51
				1-phase R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51
			R88A-FI1S105	1-phase R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51
				1-phase R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51
			R88A-FI1S109	1-phase R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51
				1-phase R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51
			R88A-FI1S202	3-phase R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51
				3-phase R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51
			R88A-FI1S203	3-phase R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51
			R88A-FI1S208	3-phase R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51
SD	Servo Drive	OMRON	---	*2
SM	Servomotor	OMRON	---	*2
FC1	Ferrite core	NEC TOKIN	ESD-SR-250	---
FC2	Ferrite Core	SEIWA ELECTRIC MFG	E04SR301334	---
---	I/O slave	---	---	---
---	Controller	---	---	---

*1. Consult Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.

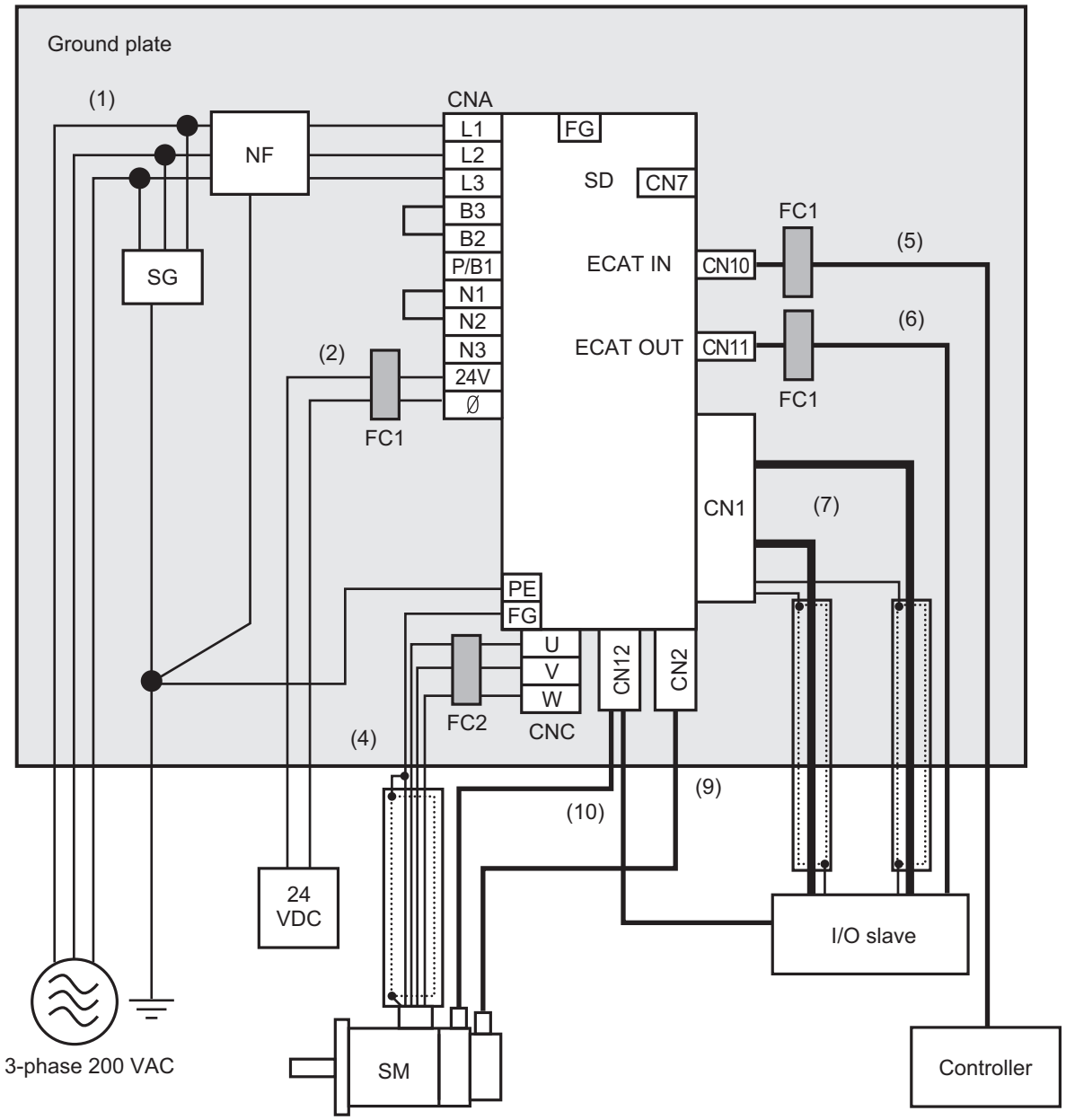
*2. Refer to *2-3-3 Servo Drive and Servomotor Combination Tables* on page 2-16 for Servo Drive and Servomotor combinations.

● Cable Details

No.	Interface	Max. cable length, shield	Cable classification		Ferrite core
			EN/IEC 61800-3	EN/IEC 61000-6-7	
1	Power supply cable (main circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Power supply port	AC input power supply port	None
2	Power supply cable (control circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Port for process measurement and control	Signal and control line	2 turns

No.	Interface	Max. cable length, shield	Cable classification		Ferrite core
			EN/IEC 61800-3	EN/IEC 61000-6-7	
4	Motor cable (Servomotor)	20 m Shielded	Power supply interface	Signal and control line	2 turns
5	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT IN)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
6	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT OUT)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
7	Safety/control I/O cables	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
		20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
9	Encoder cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
10	Brake Interlock cable	20 m Non-shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None

R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51



- Provide single-point grounding of the ground plate for unit frame grounding as shown in the above diagram.
- Use a protective earth wire with a minimum thickness of 2.5 mm^2 and arrange the wiring so that the protective earth wire is as short as possible.
- Install a surge absorber and noise filter near the main circuit connector of Servo Drive. Separate I/O wires from each other for the wiring.

● Device Details

Sym-bol	Name	Manufacturer	Model	Remarks
SG	Surge absorber	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C32G801WS	3-phase 200 VAC

Symbol	Name	Manufacturer	Model	Remarks
NF	Noise filter	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	HF3020C-SZC-33DDD*1	3-phase 200 VAC (20 A)
		OMRON	R88A-FI1S208	3-phase R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51
SD	Servo Drive	OMRON	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	*2
SM	Servomotor	OMRON	---	*2
FC1	Ferrite core	NEC TOKIN	ESD-SR-250	---
FC2	Ferrite Core	SEIWA ELECTRIC MFG	E04SR301334	---
---	I/O slave	---	---	---
---	Controller	---	---	---

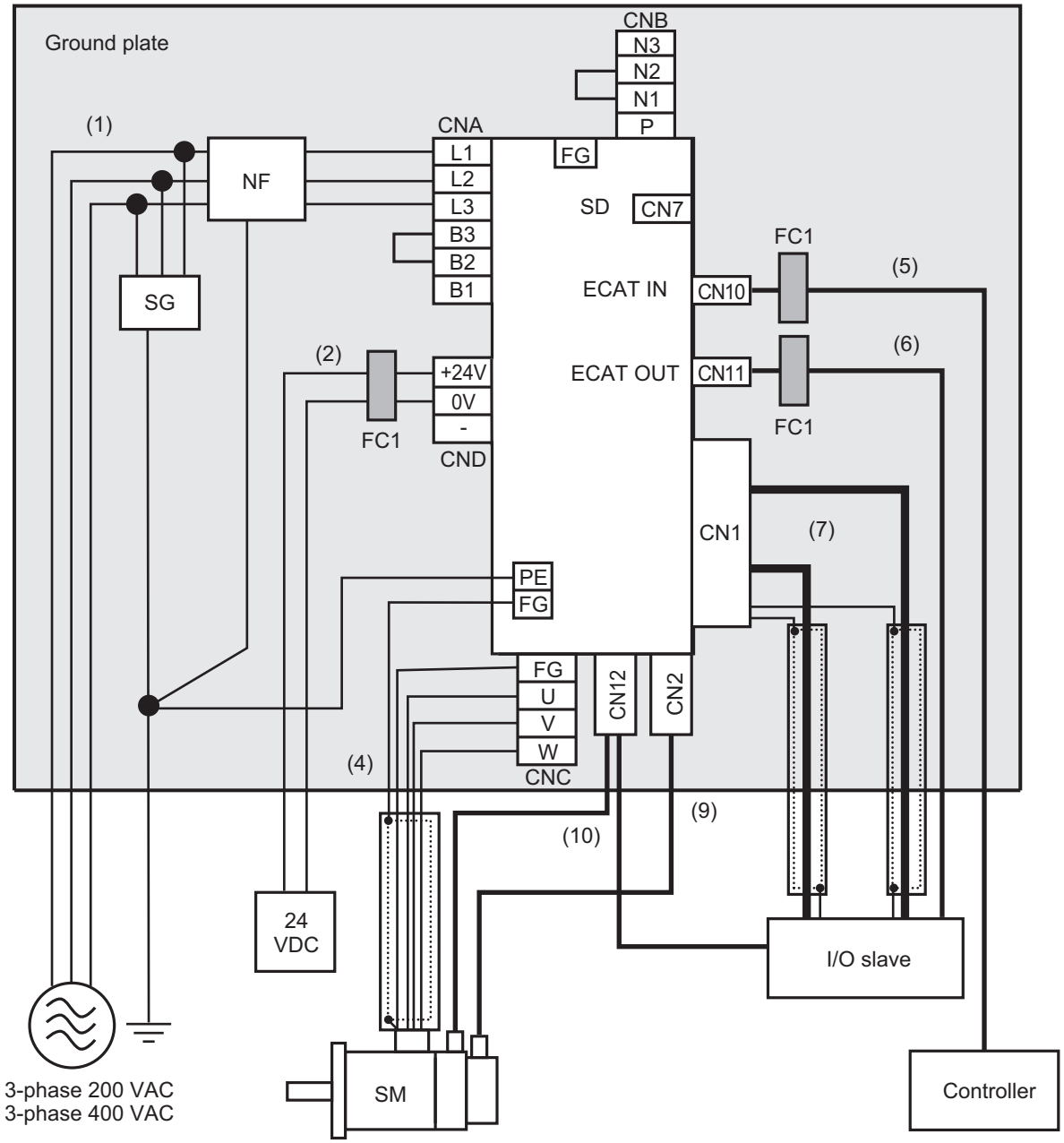
*1. Consult Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.

*2. Refer to *2-3-3 Servo Drive and Servomotor Combination Tables* on page 2-16 for Servo Drive and Servomotor combinations.

● Cable Details

No.	Interface	Max. cable length, shield	Cable classification		Ferrite core
			EN/IEC 61800-3	EN/IEC 61000-6-7	
1	Power supply cable (main circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Power supply port	AC input power supply port	None
2	Power supply cable (control circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Port for process measurement and control	Signal and control line	2 turns
4	Motor cable (Servomotor)	20 m Shielded	Power supply interface	Signal and control line	2 turns
5	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT IN)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
6	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT OUT)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
7	Safety/control I/O cables	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
		20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
9	Encoder cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
10	Brake Interlock cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None

R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51



Note For single-phase inputs, connect between any two phases out of the following: L1, L2, and L3.

- Provide single-point grounding of the ground plate for unit frame grounding as shown in the above diagram.
- Use a protective earth wire with a minimum thickness of 2.5 mm^2 and arrange the wiring so that the protective earth wire is as short as possible.
- Install a surge absorber and noise filter near the main circuit connector A of Servo Drive. Separate I/O wires from each other for the wiring.

● Device Details

Symbol	Name	Manufacturer	Model	Remarks
SG	Surge absorber	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C12G801WS	1-phase 100 VAC/200 VAC
			LT-C32G801WS	3-phase 200 VAC
			LT-C35G102WS	3-phase 400 VAC
NF	Noise filter	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	HF2020A-SZC-33DDD*1	1-phase 200 VAC (20 A)
			HF3020C-SZC-33DDD*1	3-phase 200 VAC (20 A)
			HF3020C-SZC*1	3-phase 400 VAC (20 A)
		OMRON	R88A-FI1S116	1-phase R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51
			R88A-FI1S216	3-phase R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51
				3-phase R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51
				3-phase R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51
			R88A-FI1S309	3-phase R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51
				3-phase R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51
				3-phase R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51
				3-phase R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51
				3-phase R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51
SD	Servo Drive	OMRON	---	*2
SM	Servomotor	OMRON	---	*2
FC1	Ferrite core	NEC TOKIN	ESD-SR-250	---
---	I/O slave	---	---	---
---	Controller	---	---	---

*1. Consult Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.

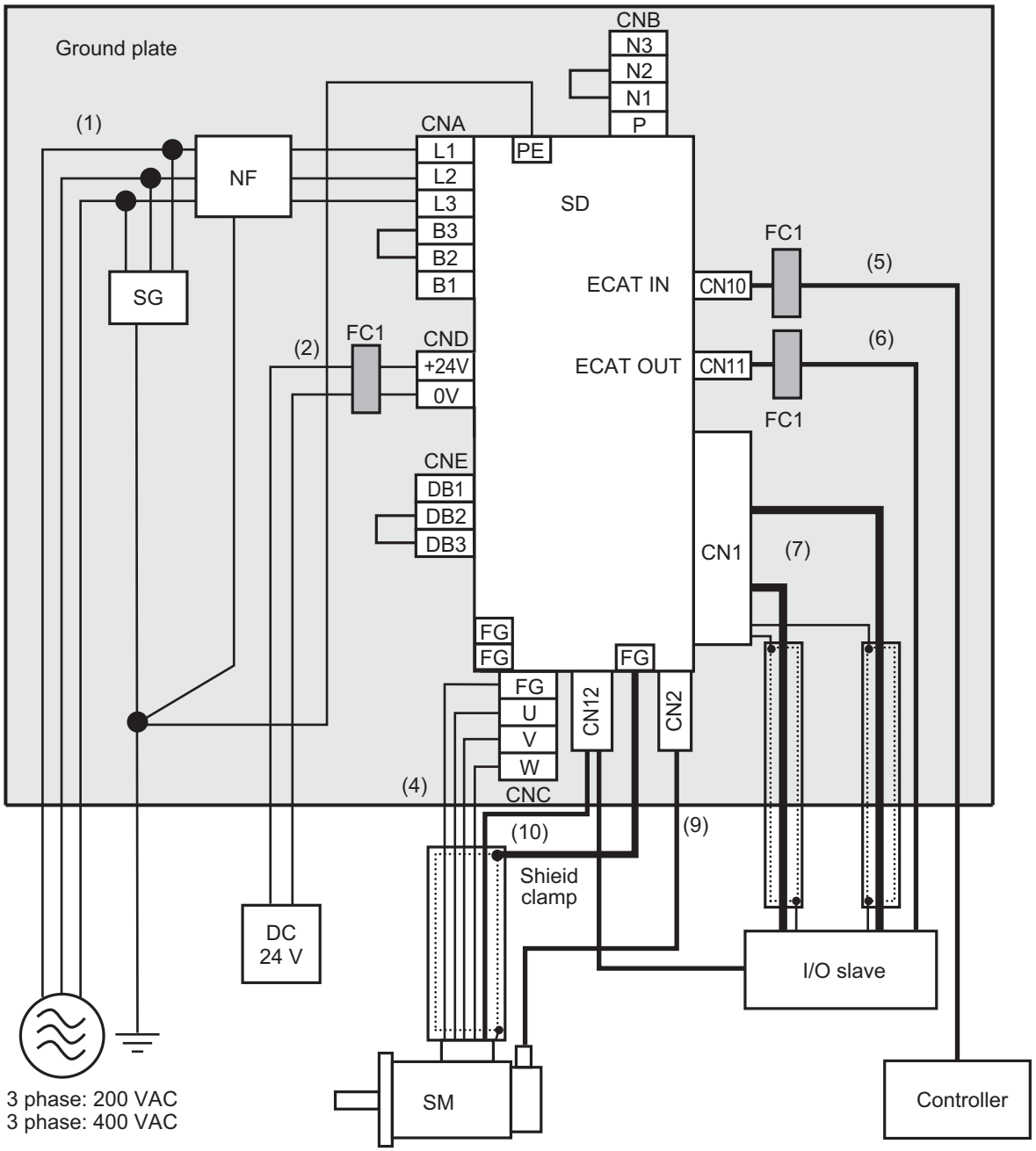
*2. Refer to *2-3-3 Servo Drive and Servomotor Combination Tables* on page 2-16 for Servo Drive and Servomotor combinations.

● Cable Details

No.	Interface	Max. cable length, shield	Cable classification		Ferrite core
			EN/IEC 61800-3	EN/IEC 61000-6-7	
1	Power supply cable (main circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Power supply port	AC input power supply port	None
2	Power supply cable (control circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Port for process measurement and control	Signal and control line	2 turns
4	Motor cable (Servomotor)	20 m Shielded	Power supply interface	Signal and control line	None

No.	Interface	Max. cable length, shield	Cable classification		Ferrite core
			EN/IEC 61800-3	EN/IEC 61000-6-7	
5	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT IN)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
6	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT OUT)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
7	Safety/control I/O cables	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
		20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
9	Encoder cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
10	Brake Interlock cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None

R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51



Note 1. Provide single-point grounding of the ground plate for unit frame grounding as shown in the above diagram.
For grounding of the Servo Drive, use any of a PE terminal or FG terminals.

Note 2. Use a ground wire with a minimum thickness of 4.0 mm^2 and arrange the wiring so that the protective earth wire is as short as possible.

Note 3. Install a surge absorber and noise filter near the main circuit connector A of Servo Drive. Separate I/O wires from each other for the wiring.

Note 4. A shield clamp bracket comes with a power cable.

● Device Details

Symbol	Name	Manufacturer	Model	Remarks
SG	Surge absorber	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C32G801WS	3-phase 200 VAC
			LT-C35G102WS	3-phase 400 VAC
NF	Noise filter	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	HF3040C-SZA-33EDD*1	3-phase R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51
			HF3050C-SZB-33EDD*1 HF3080C-SZC-33EDE*1	3-phase R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51
			HF3040C-SZA-47DDD*1	3-phase R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51 3-phase R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51
SD	Servo Drive	OMRON	---	*2
SM	Servomotor	OMRON	---	*2
FC	Ferrite core	NEC TOKIN	ESD-SR-250	---
---	I/O slave	---	---	---
---	Controller	---	---	---

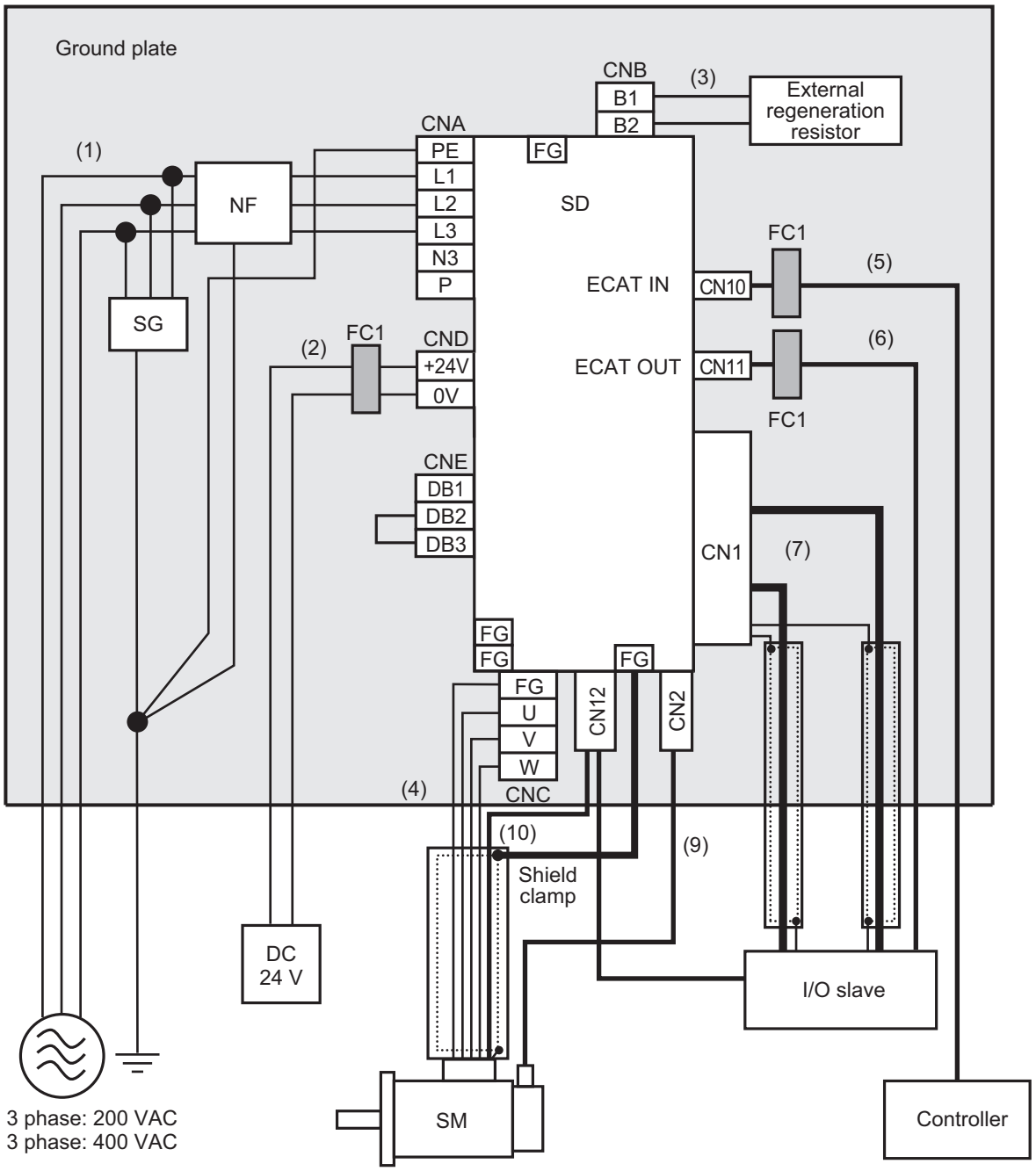
*1. Consult Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.

*2. Refer to *2-3-3 Servo Drive and Servomotor Combination Tables* on page 2-16 for Servo Drive and Servomotor combinations.

● Cable Details

No.	Interface	Max. cable length, shield	Cable classification		Ferrite core
			EN/IEC 61800-3	EN/IEC 61000-6-7	
1	Power supply cable (main circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Power supply port	AC input power supply port	None
2	Power supply cable (control circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Port for process measurement and control	Signal and control line	2 turns
4	Motor cable (Servomotor)	20 m Shielded	Power supply interface	Signal and control line	None
5	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT IN)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
6	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT OUT)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
7	Safety/control I/O cables	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
		20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
9	Encoder cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
10	Brake Interlock cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None

R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51



Note 1. Provide single-point grounding of the ground plate for unit frame grounding as shown in the above diagram.
For grounding of the Servo Drive, use any of a PE terminal or FG terminals.

Note 2. Use a ground wire with a minimum thickness of 4.0 mm^2 and arrange the wiring so that the protective earth wire is as short as possible.

Note 3. Install a surge absorber and noise filter near the main circuit connector A of Servo Drive. Separate I/O wires from each other for the wiring.

Note 4. A shield clamp bracket comes with a power cable.

● Device Details

Symbol	Name	Manufacturer	Model	Remarks
SG	Surge absorber	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C32G801WS	3-phase 200 VAC
			LT-C35G102WS	3-phase 400 VAC
NF	Noise filter	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	HF3100C-SZC-33EDE*1	3-phase 200 VAC
			HF3080C-SZC-47EDE*1	3-phase 400 VAC
SD	Servo Drive	OMRON	---	*2
SM	Servomotor	OMRON	---	*2
FC1	Ferrite core	NEC TOKIN	ESD-SR-250	---
---	I/O slave	---	---	---
---	Controller	---	---	---
---	External regeneration resistor*3	OMRON	R88A-RR55002R5	3-phase 200 VAC
			R88A-RR55010	3-phase 400 VAC

*1. Consult Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.

*2. Refer to *2-3-3 Servo Drive and Servomotor Combination Tables* on page 2-16 for Servo Drive and Servomotor combinations.

*3. Conformity to the EMC Directives is confirmed with External Regeneration Resistor Unit.

● Cable Details

No.	Interface	Max. cable length, shield	Cable classification		Ferrite core
			EN/IEC 61800-3	EN/IEC 61000-6-7	
1	Power supply cable (main circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Power supply port	AC input power supply port	None
2	Power supply cable (control circuit)	3 m Non-shielded	Port for process measurement and control	Signal and control line	2 turns
3	External regeneration resistor cable	0.5 m Shielded	Power supply interface	Signal and control line	None
4	Motor cable (Servomotor)	20 m Shielded	Power supply interface	Signal and control line	None
5	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT IN)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
6	EtherCAT communications cable (ECAT OUT)	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	1 turn
7	Safety/control I/O cables	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
		20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
9	Encoder cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None
10	Brake Interlock cable	20 m Shielded	Signal interface	Signal and control line	None

4-3-2 Selecting Connection Component

This section describes the criteria for selecting connection components that are required to improve noise immunity.
Thoroughly understand the characteristics such as capacity, performance, and the range of application of the connection components before you select them.
Consult the manufacturer for details of the parts.

Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB)

Select a molded case circuit breaker based on the maximum input current and inrush current.

● Maximum Input Current

- The momentary maximum output of the Servo Drive is approximately three times as much as the rated output, and the maximum output duration is three seconds.
  Therefore, select a molded case circuit breaker which can operate 10 seconds or more at 300% of the rated current.
- Select a molded case circuit breaker with a rated current larger than the sum of the effective load current (when multiple Servo Drives are used). Refer to *3-1-4 Main Circuit and Motor Connections* on page 3-12 for the rated current of the power supply input for each motor.
- When you select a molded case circuit breaker, add the current consumption by other devices such as the Controller.

● Inrush Current

- The following table shows the inrush current of the Servo Drives.
- The amount of inrush current that a low-speed type molded case circuit breaker can flow for 0.02 seconds is approximately 10 times higher than the rated current.
- To turn ON the power supply for multiple Servo Drives simultaneously, select a molded case circuit breaker whose allowable current in 20 ms is larger than the sum of the inrush currents shown in the following table.
- The inrush current of the control power supply is limited by the output capacity of the DC power supply in use.

Servo Drive Model	Inrush current (Ao-p)
	Main circuit power supply
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51	8 A
R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51	8 A
R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51	8 A*1
R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51	16 A
R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51	16 A*1
R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	16 A*1
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	29 A
R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	29 A
R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	29 A
R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	68 A

Servo Drive Model	Inrush current (Ao-p)
	Main circuit power supply
R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	68 A
R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	68 A
R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	32 A
R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51	32 A
R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51	32 A
R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	32 A
R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	32 A
R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51	68 A
R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51	68 A
R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	68 A

*1. If an external regeneration resistor is attached, the inrush currents of the main circuit power supplies in the above table will be increased.
(Increase in current = √2 × main circuit power supply voltage/external regeneration resistance)

The value of the inrush current varies depending on the input voltage to the Servo Drive.
The values shown above are for the following input voltages.

Model	Main circuit power supply voltage
R88D-1SN□L-ECT-51	120 VAC
R88D-1SN□H-ECT-51	240 VAC
R88D-1SN□F-ECT-51	480 VAC

Leakage Breaker

● Selection of Leakage Breaker

- Select a leakage breaker which is made for high frequency and surge resistance.
- When you determine the threshold value for leakage current detection, add the total leakage current from all devices that are connected to the same breaker.
- Refer to the catalogs from the manufacturers for details on how to select a leakage breaker and ensure a sufficient margin.
- The amount of leakage current changes depending on the version of the motor power cable. Check the version of the motor power cable that you use and consider the corresponding leakage current value when you select.

● Selection of Leakage Breaker for Servo Drive at 3 kW or Less

The following table shows the leakage current during a combined use of Servo Drive, Servomotor, and motor power cable. The amount of leakage current changes depending on the version of the motor power cable.

Servo Drive Model (R88D-)	Servomotor Model (R88M-)	Input power	Leakage current (3 m cable)		Increase per 10 m of cable length	
			Cable version		Cable version	
			Ver.1.0	Ver.1.1	Ver.1.0	Ver.1.1
1SN01L-ECT-51	1M05030S	Single-phase 100 V	0.6 mA	0.6 mA	0.3 mA	0.1 mA
	1M10030S					
1SN02L-ECT-51	1M20030S	Single-phase 100 V				
1SN04L-ECT-51	1M40030S	Single-phase 100 V				
1SN01H-ECT-51	1M05030T	Single-phase 200 V	1.5 mA	1.3 mA	1.3 mA	0.4 mA
		3-phase 200 V				
	1M10030T	Single-phase 200 V				
		3-phase 200 V				
1SN02H-ECT-51	1M20030T	Single-phase 200 V				
		3-phase 200 V				
1SN04H-ECT-51	1M40030T	Single-phase 200 V				
		3-phase 200 V				
1SN08H-ECT-51	1M75030T	Single-phase 200 V				
		3-phase 200 V				
1SN10H-ECT-51	1L1K030T	3-phase 200 V				
	1M1K020T	3-phase 200 V				
	1M90010T	3-phase 200 V				
1SN15H-ECT-51	1L1K530T	Single-phase 200 V	2.2 mA	1.4 mA	1.9 mA	0.5 mA
		3-phase 200 V				
	1M1K520T	Single-phase 200 V				
		3-phase 200 V				

Servo Drive Model (R88D-)	Servomotor Model (R88M-)	Input power	Leakage current (3 m cable)		Increase per 10 m of cable length	
			Cable version		Cable version	
			Ver.1.0	Ver.1.1	Ver.1.0	Ver.1.1
1SN20H-ECT-51	1L2K030T	3-phase 200 V	2.2 mA	1.4 mA	1.9 mA	0.5 mA
	1M2K020T	3-phase 200 V				
	1M2K010T	3-phase 200 V				
1SN30H-ECT-51	1L3K030T	3-phase 200 V				
	1M3K020T	3-phase 200 V				
	1M3K010T*1	3-phase 200 V		---		---
1SN06F-ECT-51	1M40020C	3-phase 400 V	1.9 mA	1.8 mA	1.7 mA	1.1 mA
	1M60020C	3-phase 400 V				
1SN10F-ECT-51	1L75030C	3-phase 400 V				
	1L1K030C	3-phase 400 V				
	1M1K020C	3-phase 400 V				
	1M90010C	3-phase 400 V				
1SN15F-ECT-51	1L1K530C	3-phase 400 V				
	1M1K520C	3-phase 400 V				
1SN20F-ECT-51	1L2K030C	3-phase 400 V	2.4 mA	1.8 mA	3.0 mA	1.1 mA
	1M2K020C	3-phase 400 V				
	1M2K010C	3-phase 400 V				
1SN30F-ECT-51	1L3K030C	3-phase 400 V				
	1M3K020C	3-phase 400 V				
	1M3K010C	3-phase 400 V				

*1. For the motor power cables for R88M-1M3K010T, only cable version 1.0 is available.

Note The value of leakage current significantly varies in installation conditions of motor power cable or the measurement conditions. Use the above list for your reference.

● Selection of Leakage Breaker for Servo Drives at 5.5 kW or more and Servomotors at 4 kW or more

The following table shows the leakage current during a combined use of Servo Drive, Servomotor, and motor power cable.

The cable version of these cables is 1.0. Select a leakage breaker that has enough margin.

Servo Drive Model (R88D-)	Servomotor Model (R88M-)	Motor Power Cable Model (R88A-)	Leakage current (mA)				
			3 m	5 m	10 m	15 m	20 m
1SN55H-ECT-51	1L4K030T	CA1H□□□F	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.3
	1L4K730T						
	1M4K015T		3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9
	1M5K015T						
1SN75H-ECT-51	1M7K515T	CA1K□□□F	4.4	4.5	4.9	5.2	5.6
1SN150H-ECT-51	1M15K015T		4.4	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.4
1SN55F-ECT-51	1L4K030C	CA1H□□□F	3.6	3.8	4.4	5.0	5.6
	1L5K030C						
	1M4K015C		3.6	3.8	4.3	4.8	5.3
	1M5K515C						
1SN75F-ECT-51	1M7K515C		4.4	4.6	5.2	5.7	6.3
1SN150F-ECT-51	1M15K015C	CA1J□□□F	4.9	5.1	5.5	6.0	6.5

Note The value of leakage current significantly varies in installation conditions of motor power cable and extension cable or the measurement conditions. Use the above list for your reference.

Surge Absorber

- Use a surge absorber to absorb the lightning surge voltage and the abnormal voltage from the power input line.
- The following table gives the recommended surge absorber specifications.

Servo Drive voltage	Surge current tolerance	Recommended manufacturer	Recommended model
Single-phase 100 VAC	410 V±20%, 2500 A	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C12G801WS
Single-phase 200 VAC	410 V±20%, 2500 A	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C12G801WS
3-phase 200 VAC	410 V±20%, 2500 A	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C32G801WS
3-phase 400 VAC	800 V±20%, 2500 A	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	LT-C35G102WS

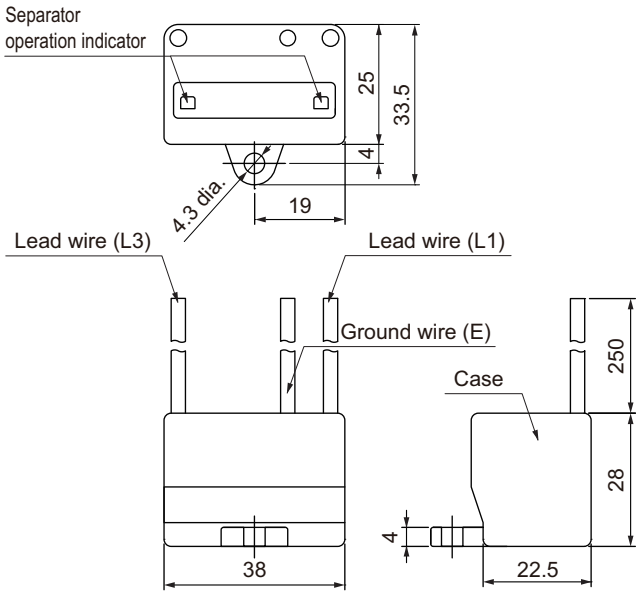
Note 1. Refer to the catalogs from the manufacturer for how to use.

Note 2. The surge current tolerance is the value for the standard impulse current of 8/20 μs. For a greater pulse width, reduce the current or change the surge absorber to the one with a higher capacity.

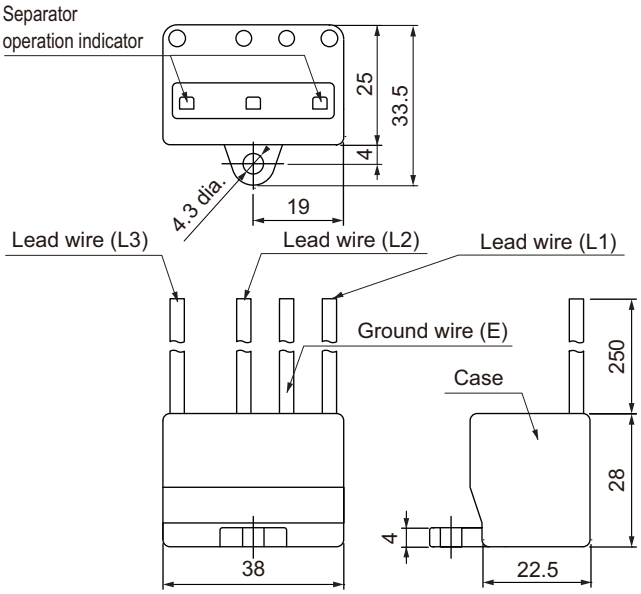
Note 3. Select a CSA-certified product when using a surge absorber in Canada.

● External Dimensions

For single-phase

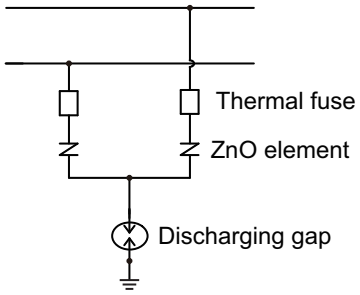


For 3-phase

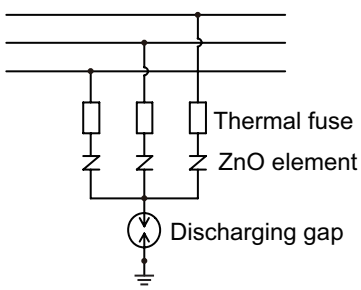


● Equivalent Circuit

For single-phase



For 3-phase



Surge Suppressors

- Install surge suppressors for a load with an induction coil such as a relay, solenoid, and clutch.
- The following table gives the types of surge suppressors and the recommended products.

Type	Feature	Recommended product
Diode	Diodes are used for relatively small loads such as relays when the reset time is not an issue. The surge voltage at power cut-off is the lowest, but the reset time takes longer. Used for 24/48-VDC systems.	Use a high-speed diode, especially the fast-recovery diode with short reverse recovery time.
Varistor	Thyristors and varistors are used for loads when an induction coil is large, as in a solenoid, and when reset time is an issue. The surge voltage at power cutoff is approximately 1.5 times the varistor voltage.	Select the varistor voltage according to the following list. • 24-VDC type: varistor voltage 39 V • 100-VDC type: varistor voltage 200 V • 100-VAC type: varistor voltage 270 V • 200-VAC type: varistor voltage 470 V

Type	Feature	Recommended product
Capacitor and resistor	The combination of capacitor and resistor is used to absorb vibration in the surge at power cutoff. You can shorten the reset time by selecting the appropriate capacitance and resistance.	Okaya Electric Industries Co., Ltd. XEB12002 0.2 µF - 120 Ω XEB12003 0.3 µF - 120 Ω

- The manufacturer of varistor is shown below. Refer to the catalogs from the manufacturer for details.
  Varistor: SEMITEC Corporation, Panasonic Corporation

Contactor

Select a contactor based on the inrush current that flows through circuits and the maximum momentary phase current.
For details on the inrush current of the Servo Drives, refer to *Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB)* on page 4-64.

Improving Noise Immunity of Control I/O Signals

The I/O signals may malfunction if control I/O is affected by noise.

- Use the control I/O power supply (especially 24 VDC) which is completely separated from the external power supply used for operation. Especially, be careful not to connect the ground wires of these two power supplies.
- Install a noise filter on the primary side of the control I/O power supply.
- When you use a motor with a brake, do not share the 24 VDC power supply between the brake and the control I/O (24 VDC). Also, do not connect the ground wires. Doing so may cause I/O signals to malfunction.
- If there is a long wiring for the control I/O power supply, you can improve its noise immunity by adding an approximately 1-µF laminated ceramic capacitor between the control I/O power supply and the ground at the Servo Drive's input section or the Controller's output section.

Reactor for Harmonic Current Reduction

● Countermeasure against Harmonic Current

- Use a reactor to suppress the harmonic current. A reactor can suppress a sharp change in current.
- Select the reactor according to the model of your Servo Drive.

Applicable Servo Drive		DC Reactor		
Voltage	Model	Model	Rated current	Inductance (0% to 20%)
100 VAC	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51	R88A-PD2002	1.6 A	21.4 mH
	R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51	R88A-PD2004	3.2 A	10.7 mH
	R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51	R88A-PD2007	6.1 A	6.75 mH

Applicable Servo Drive		DC Reactor		
Voltage	Model	Model	Rated current	Inductance (0% to 20%)
200 VAC	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2002	1.6 A	21.4 mH
	R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51			
	R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2004	3.2 A	10.7 mH
	R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2007	6.1 A	6.75 mH
	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2015	9.3 A	3.51 mH
	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51			
	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2022	13.8 A	2.51 mH
	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	R88A-PD2037	22.3 A	1.6 mH
400 VAC	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4007	3.0 A	27 mH
	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4015	4.7 A	14 mH
	R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51			
	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4022	6.9 A	10.1 mH
	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	R88A-PD4037	11.6 A	6.4 mH

Applicable Servo Drive		DC Reactor*1					
Voltage	Model	Model	Rated current	Inductance (0% to 20%)	Wire size*2	Weight	Manufacturer
200 VAC	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	UZDA-B-OMR1S5575H (Drawing No. 43NA08-A)	43.7 A	0.84 mH	AWG 6 to 4, 14.0 to 22.0 mm^2	5.3 kg	Sao Electric Co., Ltd.
	R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51						
400 VAC	R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51	UZDA-B-OMR1S5575F (Drawing No. 43NA53-B)	21.9 A	3.35 mH	AWG 12 to 8, 3.5 to 8.0 mm^2	5.4 kg	
	R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51						

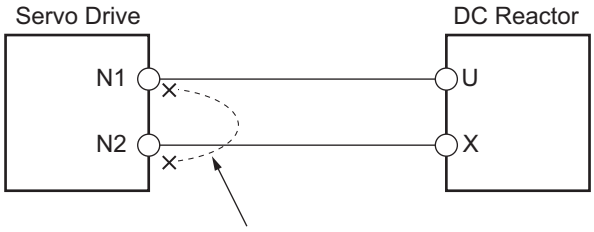
Applicable Servo Drive		AC Reactor*1					
Voltage	Model	Model	Rated current	Inductance (0% to 20%)	Wire size*2	Weight	Manufacturer
200 VAC	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	UZBA-B-OMR1S150H (Drawing No. 43NA10-A)	70.0 A	0.35 mH	AWG 6 to 4, 14.0 to 22.0 mm^2	12.2 kg	Sao Electric Co., Ltd.
400 VAC	R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	UZBA-B-OMR1S150F (Drawing No. 43NA12-A)	36.0 A	1.30 mH	AWG 10 to 8, 5.5 to 8.0 mm^2	11.9 kg	

*1. Please contact SUN-WA TECHNOS Co., Ltd. Please inform of the Model and the Drawing No.

*2. Use wires with the rated voltage of 600 V or higher. An example of using heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wires (HIV) at the ambient temperature of 50°C.

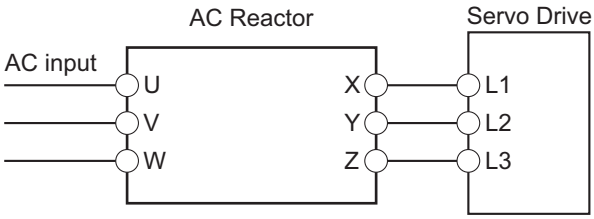
● DC Reactor Connection

As shown in the following figure, remove the short-circuit wire between N1 and N2, and connect the DC Reactor between N1 and N2.



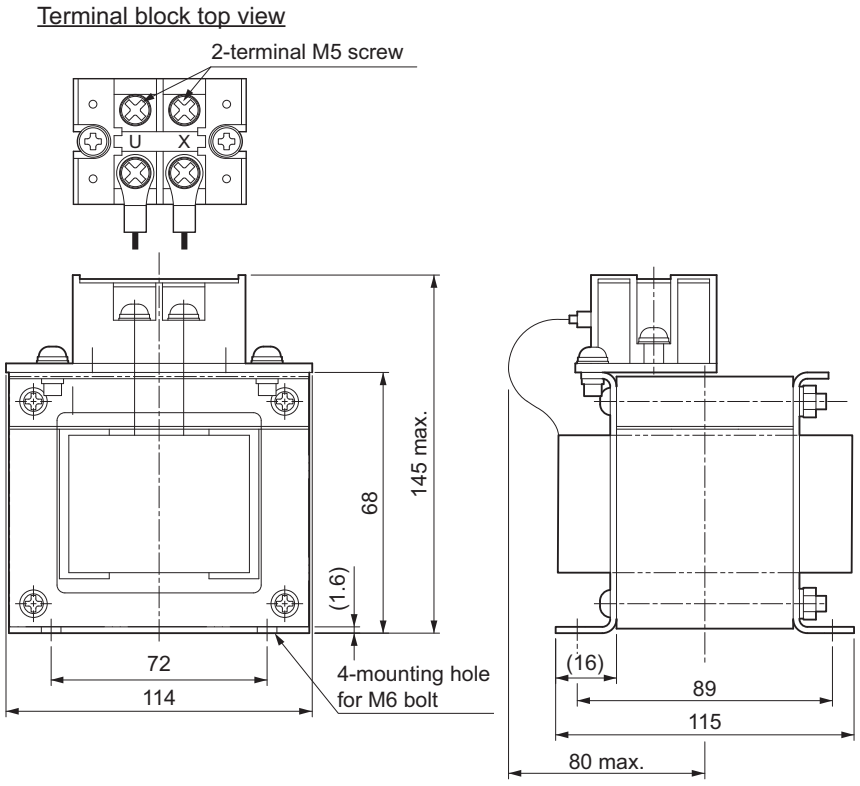
● AC Reactor Connection

As shown in the following figure, connect the AC Reactor between the AC power supply for the main circuit and Servo Drive.

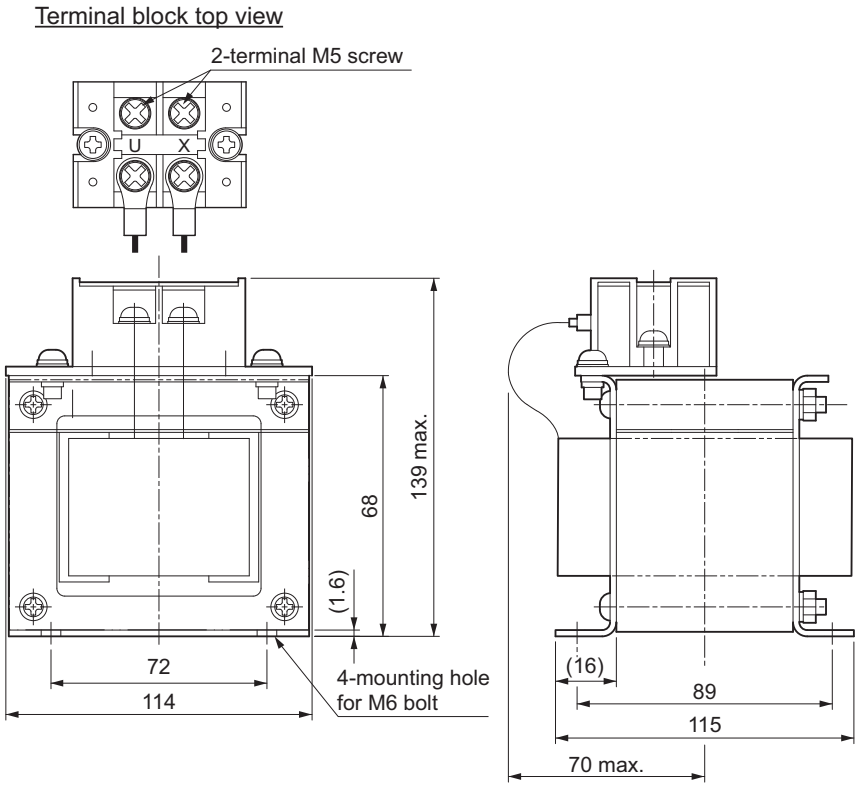


● Recommended Reactor External Dimensions

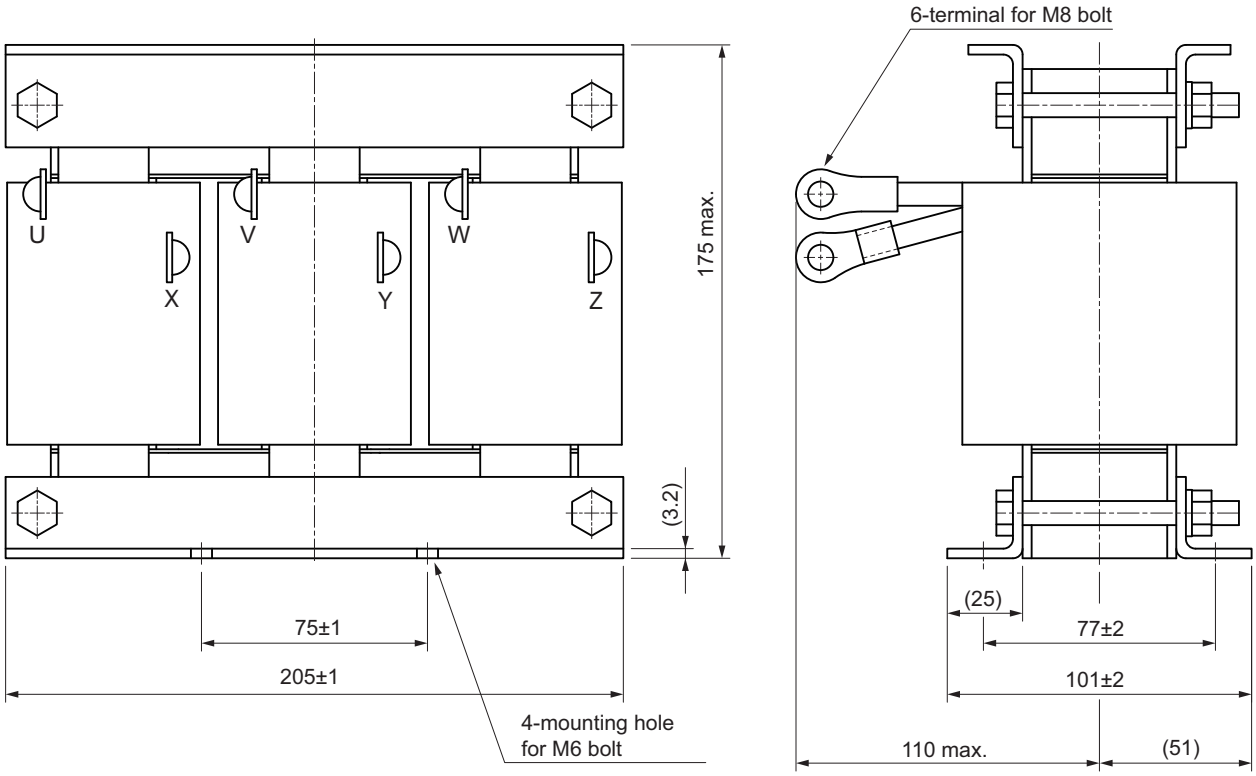
UZDA-B-OMR1S5575H



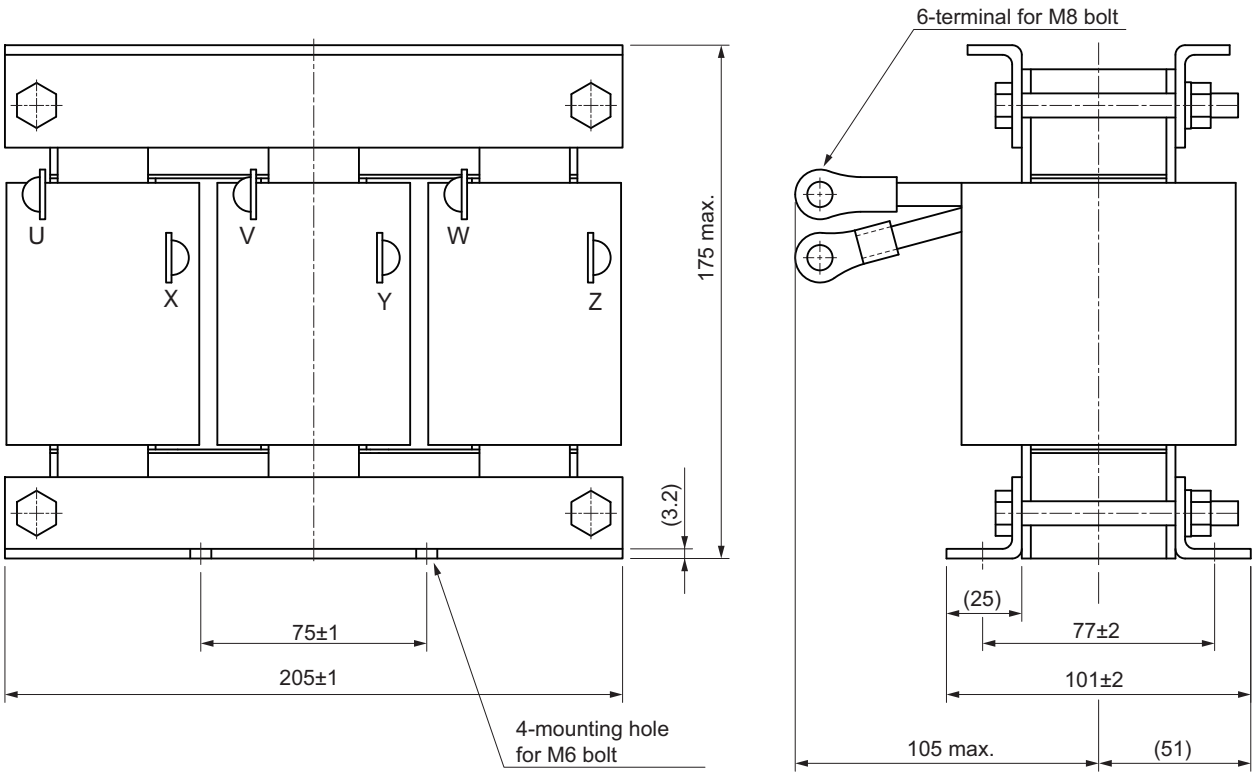
UZDA-B-OMR1S5575F



UZDA-B-OMR1S150H



UZDA-B-OMR1S150F



Ferrite Core

Use a ferrite core to reduce switching noise caused by PWM output of Servo Drive and radiated noise caused by internal oscillator circuit. The recommended product is shown as below.

Product model	Manufacturer	Purpose
E04SR301334	SEIWA ELECTRIC MFG	Install between a Servo Drive and an external regeneration resistor. Install it to 30 mm or less from a Servo Drive. Number of windings are 1 turn.

4-4 Regenerative Energy Absorption

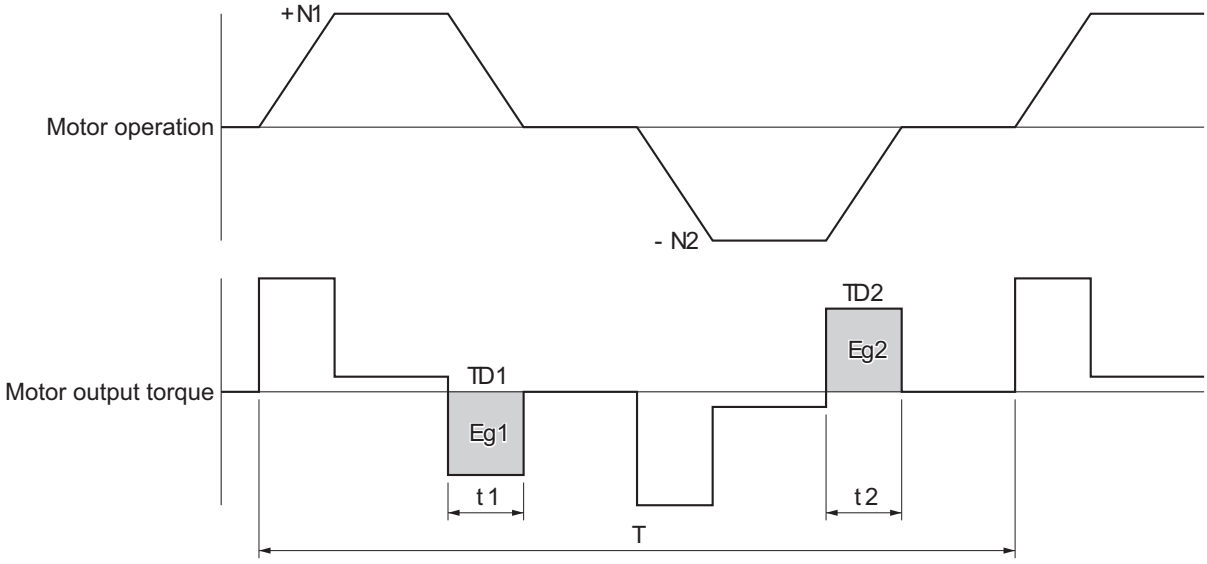
The Servo Drives have a built-in capacitor, which absorbs the regenerative energy produced during motor deceleration, etc.
When the built-in capacitor cannot absorb all regenerative energy, the Internal Regeneration Resistor absorbs the rest of the energy. If the amount of regenerative energy from the Servomotor is too large, regeneration operation stops and an Overvoltage Error occurs in order to prevent the Internal Regeneration Resistor from burning.
If this occurs, reduce the regenerative energy by changing operating patterns, or increase the regeneration process capacity by connecting an External Regeneration Resistor.

Additional Information

- Some Servo Drive models do not have the Internal Regeneration Resistor.
- Regenerative energy absorption capacity depends on the Servo Drive model.
  Refer to *Amount of Internal Regeneration Absorption in Servo Drives* on page 4-77 for checking the Servo Drive model with Internal Regeneration Resistor and its regenerative energy absorption capacity.

4-4-1 Calculating the Regenerative Energy

Regenerative energy calculation for a horizontal axis is explained.



- In the output torque graph, acceleration in the positive direction is shown as positive (+), and acceleration in the negative direction is shown as negative (-).
- The regenerative energy values in each region can be calculated from the following equations.

$$E_{g1} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2\pi}{60} \cdot N_1 \cdot T_{D1} \cdot t_1 \,[J]$$

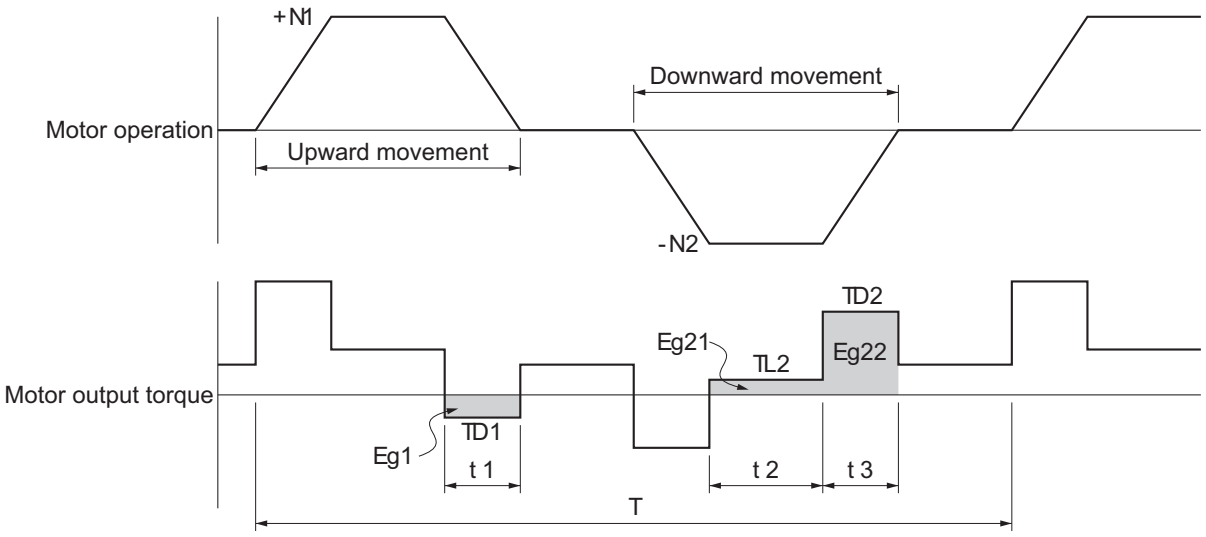
$$E_{g2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2\pi}{60} \cdot N_2 \cdot T_{D2} \cdot t_2 \,[J]$$

N1, N2 : Rotation speed at start of deceleration [r/min]
TD1, TD2 : Deceleration torque [N·m]

t1, t2 : Deceleration time [s]

Note Due to the loss from motor winding resistance and inverter, the actual regenerative energy will be approximately 90% of the values calculated from the above equations.

Regenerative energy calculation for a vertical axis is explained.



- In the output torque graph, acceleration in the rising direction is shown as positive (+), and acceleration in the falling direction is shown as negative (-).
- The regenerative energy values in each region can be calculated from the following equations.

$$E_{g1} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2\pi}{60} \cdot N_1 \cdot T_{D1} \cdot t_1 \quad [J]$$

$$E_{g21} = \frac{2\pi}{60} \cdot N_2 \cdot T_{L2} \cdot t_2 \quad [J]$$

$$E_{g22} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2\pi}{60} \cdot N_2 \cdot T_{D2} \cdot t_3 \quad [J]$$

$$E_{g2} = E_{g21} + E_{g22} \quad [J]$$

N1, N2 : Rotation speed at start of deceleration [r/min]
TD1, TD2 : Deceleration torque [N·m]
TL2 : Torque during downward movement [N·m]
t1, t3 : Deceleration time [s]
t2 : Constant-speed driving time during downward movement [s]

Note Due to the loss from winding resistance, the actual regenerative energy will be approximately 90% of the values calculated from these equations.

● Regenerative Energy Absorption by Built-in Capacitor

If both of the previously mentioned values Eg1 and Eg2 [J] are smaller than or equal to the amount of regenerative energy Ec [J] that the Servo Drive's built-in capacitor can absorb, the built-in capacitor can process all regenerative energy.

If either of Eg1 and Eg2 [J] is larger than the amount of regenerative energy Ec [J] that the Servo Drive's built-in capacitor can absorb, use the following equation to calculate the average amount of regenerative power Pr [W].

$Eg = (Eg1 - Ec) + (Eg2 - Ec)$ [J]

$Pr = Eg / T$ [W]

Pr : Average regenerative power that must be absorbed in one cycle of operation [W]
Eg : Regenerative energy that must be absorbed in one cycle of operation [J]
Ec : Regenerative energy that the drive's built-in capacitor can absorb [J]
T : Operation cycle [s]

Note If the result of (E_{g1} - E_c) is "zero" or less, then assign "0" to the result. The same applies to the case where (E_{g2} - E_c) is "zero" or less.

The above equation calculates the average regenerative power Pr [W] that cannot be absorbed by the built-in capacitor.
If this average regenerative power Pr [W] is smaller than or equal to the average regenerative power which the Servo Drive's Internal Regeneration Resistor can absorb, the Servo Drive can process all regenerative energy.

If the Internal Regeneration Resistor cannot process the average regenerative power Pr [W], take the following measures.
- Connect an External Regeneration Resistor. Regenerative process capacity improves.
- Reduce the operating rotation speed. The amount of regenerative energy is proportional to the square of the rotation speed.
- Lengthen the deceleration time. Regenerative energy per unit time decreases.
- Lengthen the operation cycle, i.e., the cycle time. Average regenerative power decreases.

4-4-2 Servo Drive Regeneration Absorption Capacity

Amount of Internal Regeneration Absorption in Servo Drives

The following table shows the amount of regenerative energy and regenerative power that each Servo Drive can absorb. If the regenerative energy exceeds these values, take measures as mentioned previously.

Servo Drive specifications				Regenerative energy specifications		
Single-phase/ 3-phase	Main circuit power supply voltage	Rated output	Model	Regenerative energy to be absorbed by built-in capacitor [J]	Average regenerative energy to be absorbed by Internal Regeneration Resistor [W]	Allowable minimum regeneration resistance [Ω]
Single-phase	100 VAC	100 W	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51	24	---	15
		200 W	R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51	36	---	15
		400 W	R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51	50	18	20

Servo Drive specifications				Regenerative energy specifications		
Single-phase/ 3-phase	Main circuit power supply voltage	Rated output	Model	Regenerative energy to be absorbed by built-in capacitor [J]	Average regenerative energy to be absorbed by Internal Regeneration Resistor [W]	Allowable minimum regeneration resistance [Ω]
Single and 3-phase	200 VAC	100 W	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	19	---	25
		200 W	R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51	19	---	25
		400 W	R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51	26	---	25
		750 W	R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51	46	18	20
3-phase		1 kW	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	46	18	20
Single and 3-phase		1.5 kW	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	60	32	17
3-phase		2 kW	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	60	32	10
		3 kW	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	72	32	10
		5.5 kW	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	168	60	5.4
		7.5 kW	R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	168	60	4.0
		15 kW	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	348	---	2.5
	400 VAC	600 W	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	24	24	65
		1 kW	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51	24	24	65
		1.5 kW	R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51	49	24	65
		2 kW	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	73	32	40
		3 kW	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	73	32	40
		5.5 kW	R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51	171	60	16
		7.5 kW	R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51	171	60	16
		15 kW	R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	354	---	10

The regenerative energy to be absorbed by built-in capacitor varies depending on the input voltage to the main circuit power supply for the Servo Drive. The values shown above are calculated based on the following input voltages. If the input voltage is higher than this voltage, a Regeneration Overload Error (Error No. 18.00) is likely to occur because the amount of regenerative energy to be absorbed is less.

Model	Main circuit power supply input voltage
R88D-1SN□L-ECT-51	100 VAC
R88D-1SN□H-ECT-51	200 VAC
R88D-1SN□F-ECT-51	400 VAC

4-4-3 Regenerative Energy Absorption by an External Regeneration Resistance Device

If the regenerative power exceeds the average regenerative power that the Internal Regeneration Resistor of the Servo Drive can absorb, connect an External Regeneration Resistance Device.
Connect the External Regeneration Resistance Device between B1 and B2 terminals on the Servo Drive.

Double-check the terminal names when you connect the resistor because the Servo Drive may be damaged if the resistor is connected to the wrong terminals.
The surface of the External Regeneration Resistance Device will heat up to approximately 200ºC. Do not place it near equipment and wiring that is easily affected by heat.

External Regeneration Resistor

Refer to *3-5 Specifications of External Regeneration Resistors and External Regeneration Resistance Units* on page 3-140 for details on the specifications.

● Characteristics

External Regeneration Resistor
R88A-RR120□, R88A-RR300□

Model	Resistance value	Power to be absorbed for 120°C temperature rise	Heat radiation specification	Heat radiation condition
R88A-RR12015	15 Ω	24 W	Natural cooling	Aluminum 350 mm × 350 mm, thickness: 3.0 mm
R88A-RR12025	25 Ω			
R88A-RR30002R5	2.5 Ω	60 W		
R88A-RR30004	4 Ω			
R88A-RR30005R4	5.4 Ω			
R88A-RR30010	10 Ω			
R88A-RR30015	15 Ω			
R88A-RR30016	16 Ω			
R88A-RR30017	17 Ω			
R88A-RR30020	20 Ω			
R88A-RR30025	25 Ω			
R88A-RR30033	33 Ω			

External Regeneration Resistance Unit
R88A-RR1K6□, R88A-RR550□

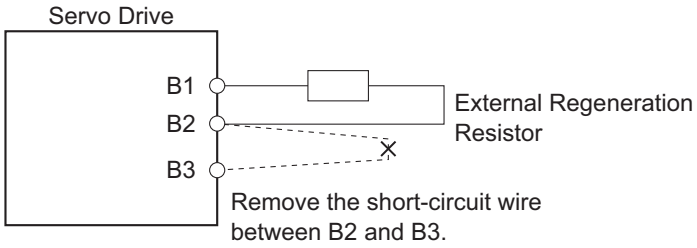
Model	Resistance value	Power to be absorbed for 120°C temperature rise	Heat radiation specification
R88A-RR1K602R5	2.5 Ω	640 W	Forced cooling by the fan
R88A-RR1K604	4 Ω		
R88A-RR1K605R4	5.4 Ω		
R88A-RR1K610	10 Ω		
R88A-RR1K616	16 Ω		
R88A-RR1K617	17 Ω		
R88A-RR1K620	20 Ω		
R88A-RR1K640	40 Ω		
R88A-RR1K666	66 Ω		

Model	Resistance value	Power to be absorbed for 120°C temperature rise	Heat radiation specification
R88A-RR55002R5	2.5 Ω	110 W	Natural cooling
R88A-RR55004	4 Ω		
R88A-RR55005R4	5.4 Ω		
R88A-RR55010	10 Ω		
R88A-RR55016	16 Ω		

4-4-4 Connecting an External Regeneration Resistor

Normally, short-circuit B2 and B3.

When an External Regeneration Resistor is required, remove the short-circuit wire between B2 and B3, and connect an External Regeneration Resistor between B1 and B2 as shown below.



Precautions for Correct Use

In **Regeneration** (4310 hex), set a value which is appropriate for the external regeneration resistor that is connected. If you set a wrong value, the resistor may produce heat abnormally, and fire or burning may result.

4-5 Adjustment for Large Load Inertia

The applicable Servomotor load inertia is a value to prevent the Servo Drive circuits from damage during normal operation.
For the use of the Servomotor within the range of applicable load inertia, the precautions for adjustment and dynamic brake are described below.

Do not use the dynamic brake frequently for deceleration operation because the dynamic brake is intended for the stop at the time of an error.
Observe the following instructions to prevent wire breakage, smoking and ignition from occurring in the dynamic brake.

- Do not use Servo ON/OFF to start and stop the Servomotor when it is not necessary.
- Do not use an external drive source to drive the Servomotor. Do not turn ON the power supply during motor rotation.
- When the Servomotor is stopped by the dynamic brake, allow it to be in a stop state for three minutes or more before the Servo is turned ON again.

As a guide, the dynamic brake can be used 1,000 times under the following conditions: Stopping is performed when the Servomotor rotates at the rated speed, the maximum applicable load inertia is not exceeded, and the dynamic brake is used once every three minutes.

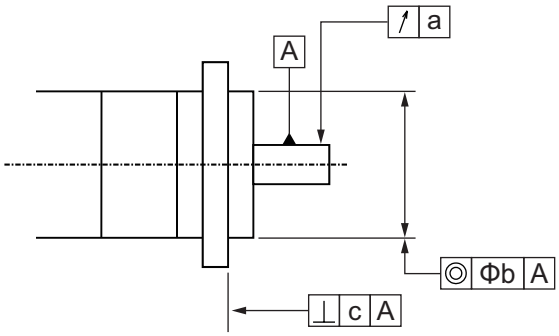
The load applied to the dynamic brake circuit increases in proportion to the load inertia and rotation speed. An excessive load may cause a failure.
Use the following expression as a guide for determining the operating rotation speed and operating inertia.

$$\text{Operating inertia} \leq (\text{Maximum applicable inertia} + \text{Servomotor inertia}) \times \frac{\text{Rated rotation speed}^2}{\text{Operating rotation speed}^2} - \text{Servomotor inertia}$$

Refer to *7-13 Dynamic Brake* on page 7-44 for how to set the dynamic brake.

4-6 Machine Accuracy for Servomotor

The following table shows the machine accuracy (Total Indicator Reading) for the output shaft and mounting parts of the Servomotor.



● R88M-1L□□□

Item	Accuracy (mm)
Runout of output shaft end (a)	0.02
Eccentricity of flange outer diameter to output shaft (b)	0.06
Squareness of flange surface to output shaft (c)	0.08

● R88M-1M□□□

Item	Servomotor		Accuracy (mm)
Runout of output shaft end (a)	Flange Size	180×180 or less	0.02
		220×220	0.03
Eccentricity of flange outer diameter to output shaft (b)	Rated Output	3 kW or less	0.06
		4 kW or more	0.08
Squareness of flange surface to output shaft (c)	Flange Size	80×80 or less	0.07
		100×100 to 180×180	0.08
		220×220	0.10

4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long

This section describes how to use recommended book-type noise filters when, in a 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive, a motor power cable connected to one Servo Drive is longer than 20 m or when you connect more than one 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive at 1.5 kW or less to one noise filter.
Note that 1S-series products do not conform to EMC Directives when they are installed in accordance with the installation conditions described in this section.

Precautions for Safe Use

Do not use any noise filters other than the recommended products.
Selecting an unsuitable noise filter may result in a poor noise reduction effect. A Servo Drive may produce some noise that travels through the power supply cable and causes unintended operation of other Servo Drives such as regeneration operation and Overvoltage Error.

4-7-1 Noise Filters for Motor Power Cables That Are Longer Than 20 Meters

When a motor power cable connected to one Servo Drive is longer than 20 m, you can use the noise filter manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd. or Cosel Co., Ltd.
For how to wire and install a noise filter, refer to *4-1-5 Noise Filter Installation Conditions* on page 4-14.

● 3-Phase 200-VAC Input Models

Applicable Servo Drive		Book-type Noise Filter			
Voltage	Model	Model	Rated current	Leakage current	Manufacturer
3-phase 200 VAC	R88D-1SN0□H-ECT-51 R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51 R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	FSB-30-254-HU*1	30 Arms	12 mA max. (at 250 VAC, 60Hz, △ connection and single-phase ground)	Cosel Co., Ltd.
	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51 R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51 R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	HF3020C-SZL*2	20 Arms	7.7 mA max. (at 200 VAC, 60Hz, △ connection and single-phase ground)	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.
	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	HF3040C-SZA-33EDD*2	40 Arms	4.0 mA max. (at 200 VAC, 60Hz, △ connection and single-phase ground)	
	R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	HF3050C-SZB-33EDD*2	50 Arms		
		HF3080C-SZC-33EDE*2	80 Arms		
	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	HF3100C-SZC-33EDE*2	100 Arms		

*1. Consult Cosel Co., Ltd.

*2. Consult Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.

4-7-2 Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive

For the noise filter manufactured by Cosel Co., Ltd., more than one 3-phase 200-V input model of Servo Drive at 1.5 kW or less can be connected to one noise filter.
The total wire length of motor power cables that you can connect to one noise filter changes depending on the version of the motor power cables. Check the version of the motor power cables that you use and consider the corresponding total wire length when you select.

Installing a Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive

Depending on the combination of Servo Drives connected to one noise filter, the total wire length of connectable motor power cables varies.
Referring to Installation Conditions of Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive in the following table, perform the following procedure to decide on the Servo Drives connected to one noise filter.

1 Check that the total rated input current from the Servo Drives connected to one noise filter is equal to or less than the rated current of the noise filter.
Rated current of noise filter ≥ Total rated input current from Servo Drives

2 Check that the total wire length of motor power cables of the Servo Drives connected to one noise filter is equal to or less than the maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter.
Maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter ≥ Total wire length of motor power cables

● Installation Conditions of Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive

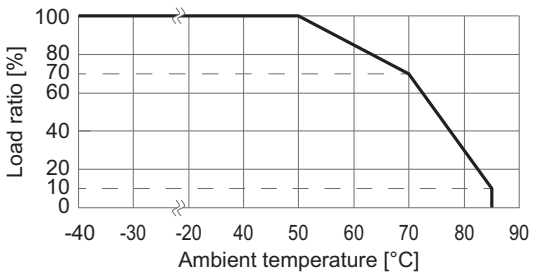
Applicable Servo Drive group[*1]			Book-type Noise Filter				Maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter[*2]	
Group	Voltage	Details on group and applicable model	Model	Rated current	Leakage current	Manufacturer	Cable version	
							Ver.1.0	Ver.1.1
1	3-phase 200 VAC	Servo Drives at 750 W or less R88D-1SN01H-ECT(-51) R88D-1S(A)N02H-ECT(-51) R88D-1S(A)N04H-ECT(-51) R88D-1S(A)N08H-ECT(-51)	FSB-30-25 4-HU[*3]	30 Arms[*4]	12 mA max. (at 250 VAC, 60Hz, △ connection and single-phase ground)	Cosel Co., Ltd.	60 m	130 m
2		Servo Drives at 1 kW or less Models of group 1 and R88D-1S(A)N10H-ECT(-51)					50 m	120 m
3		Servo Drives at 1.5 W or less Models of group 2 and R88D-1S(A)N15H-ECT(-51)					50 m	90 m

*1. You can connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter even when you use a configuration that consists of 1S-series products and 1S-series products Advance Type (R88D-1SAN□) if you satisfy the conditions.

*2. Conditions for cable version 1.0 are applied to configurations that consist of version 1.0 and version 1.1 cables. The version of integrated cables of the 1S-series products Advance Type is 1.1.

*3. Consult Cosel Co., Ltd.

*4. If the ambient temperature of the noise filter exceeds 50°C, reduce the rated current of the noise filter according to the following derating characteristics.
When the ambient temperature of the noise filter is 70°C, the rated current of the noise filter becomes 30 Arms × 0.7 = 21 Arms.



Do not block up an air hole for heat radiation in the cabinet.

● Rated Input Current from Servo Drives

Servo Drive model	Rated input current [A (rms)] (Main circuit power supply voltage: 3-phase 240 VAC)
R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	1.0
R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51	1.5
R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51	2.7
R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51	4.0
R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	5.8
R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	9.0

● Example of Installing a Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive

The following gives an example of selecting noise filters when you use the following seven Servo Drives and power cables. This example is for cable version 1.0.

Servo Drive				Motor power cable length
No.	Model	Rated input current	Applicable Servo Drive group	
1	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	1.0 Arms	1 (750 W max.)	20 m
2	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	1.0 Arms	1 (750 W max.)	10 m
3	R88D-1S(A)N02H-ECT-51	1.5 Arms	1 (750 W max.)	20 m
4	R88D-1S(A)N02H-ECT-51	1.5 Arms	1 (750 W max.)	5 m
5	R88D-1S(A)N08H-ECT-51	4.0 Arms	1 (750 W max.)	20 m
6	R88D-1S(A)N10H-ECT-51	5.8 Arms	2 (1 kW max.)	20 m
7	R88D-1S(A)N15H-ECT-51	9.0 Arms	3 (1.5 kW max.)	30 m
Total		23.8 Arms	---	125 m

1 Check that the total rated input current from the Servo Drives connected to one noise filter is equal to or less than the rated current of the noise filter.
The total rated input current from No.1 to No.7 Servo Drives is calculated as 23.8 Arms. Since the rated current of the noise filter is 30 Arms or less, you can connect all the seven Servo Drives to one noise filter.

Rated current of noise filter: 30 Arms ≥ Total rated input current from seven Servo Drives: 23.8 Arms

2 Check that the total wire length of motor power cables of the Servo Drives connected to one noise filter is equal to or less than the maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter.
The total wire length of motor power cables connected to No.1 to No.7 Servo Drives is calculated as 125 m. Installation of these Servo Drives to one noise filter applies to the applicable Servo Drive group 3 (1.5 kW max.). Since it exceeds the maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter in the applicable Servo Drive group 3 (1.5 kW max.): 50 m, you cannot connect all the seven Servo Drives to one noise filter.

Maximum total wire length of motor power cables in applicable Servo Drive group 3 (1.5 kW max.): 50 m ≤ Total wire length of motor power cables connected to seven Servo Drives: 125 m

Therefore, it is necessary to connect the seven Servo Drives separately to multiple noise filters, so that each of the lengths may not exceed the maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter. Perform the following procedure, starting with a group smaller in rated input current, to calculate the total wire length of motor power cables connected to Servo Drives and decide on the Servo Drives connected to one noise filter.

1) **Selecting Servo Drives Connected to the First Noise Filter**
   No.1 to No.4 Servo Drives apply to the applicable Servo Drive group 1 (750 W max.). The total wire length of motor power cables connected to these Servo Drives is calculated as 55 m.
   Since it is not more than the maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter in the applicable Servo Drive group 1 (750 W max.): 60 m, you can connect No.1 to No.4 Servo Drives to one noise filter.

   Maximum total wire length of motor power cables in applicable Servo Drive group 1 (750 W max.): 60 m ≥ Total wire length of motor power cables connected to No.1 to No.4 Servo Drives: 55 m

2) **Selecting Servo Drives Connected to the Second Noise Filter**
   No.5 to No.6 Servo Drives apply to the applicable Servo Drive group 2 (1 kW max.). The total wire length of motor power cables connected to these Servo Drives is calculated as 40 m.
   Since it is not more than the maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter in the applicable Servo Drive group 2 (1 kW max.): 50 m, you can connect No.5 to No.6 Servo Drives to one noise filter.

   Maximum total wire length of motor power cables in applicable Servo Drive group 2 (1 kW max.): 50 m ≥ Total wire length of motor power cables connected to No.5 to No.6 Servo Drives: 40 m

3) **Selecting a Servo Drive Connected to the Third Noise Filter**
   Select a noise filter for the remaining No.7 Servo Drive. Since the No.7 Servo Drive is 1.5 kW and a motor power cable connected is 30 m, you can use HF3020C-SZL manufactured by Soshin Electric Co., Ltd. or FSB-30-254-HU manufactured by Cosel Co., Ltd.

In this case, you need three noise filters. The following tables show the selection results.

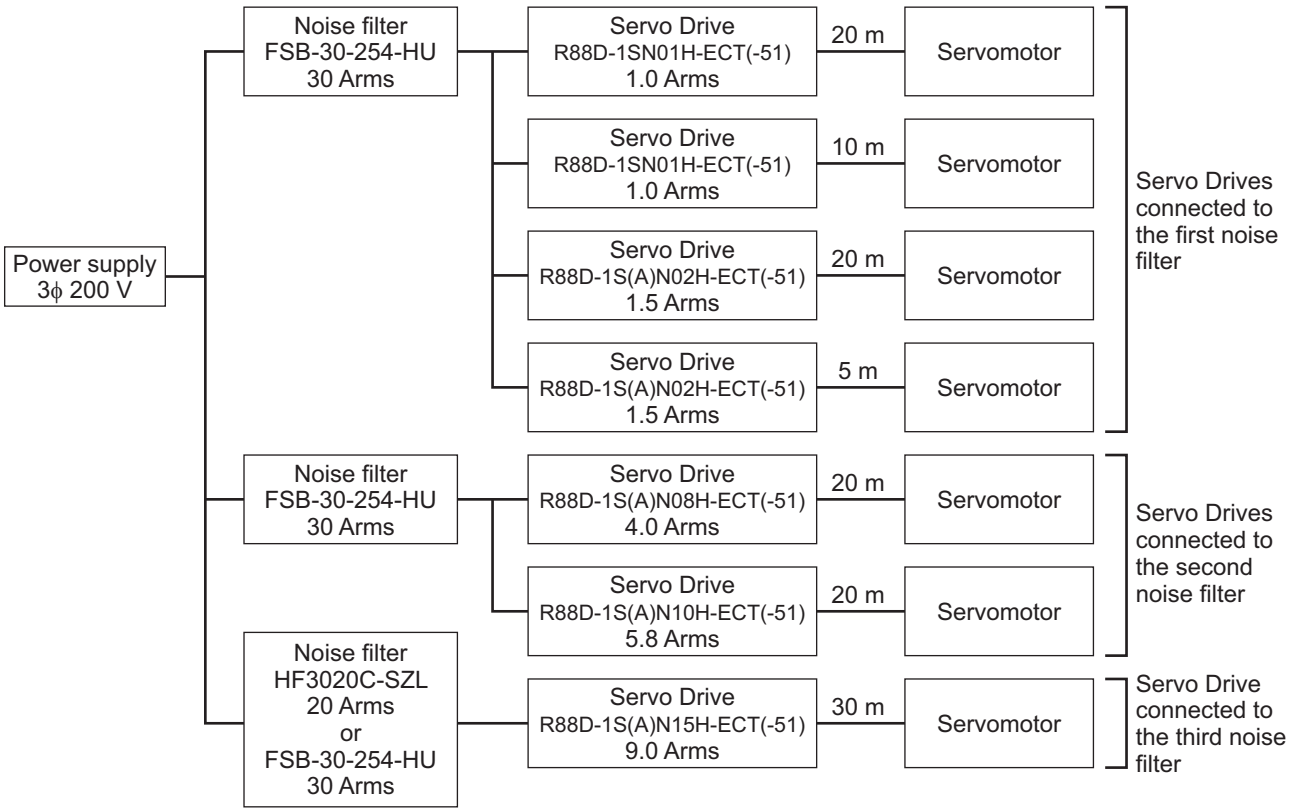
- Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive

Servo Drive	Applicable Servo Drive group	Total wire length of motor power cables	Maximum total wire length of motor power cables for each noise filter*1
No.1 to 4	Group 1	55 m	60 m
Nos.5 and 6	Group 2	40 m	50 m

*1. This is the upper limit when cable version 1.0 is used.

- Noise Filters for Motor Power Cables That Are Longer Than 20 Meters

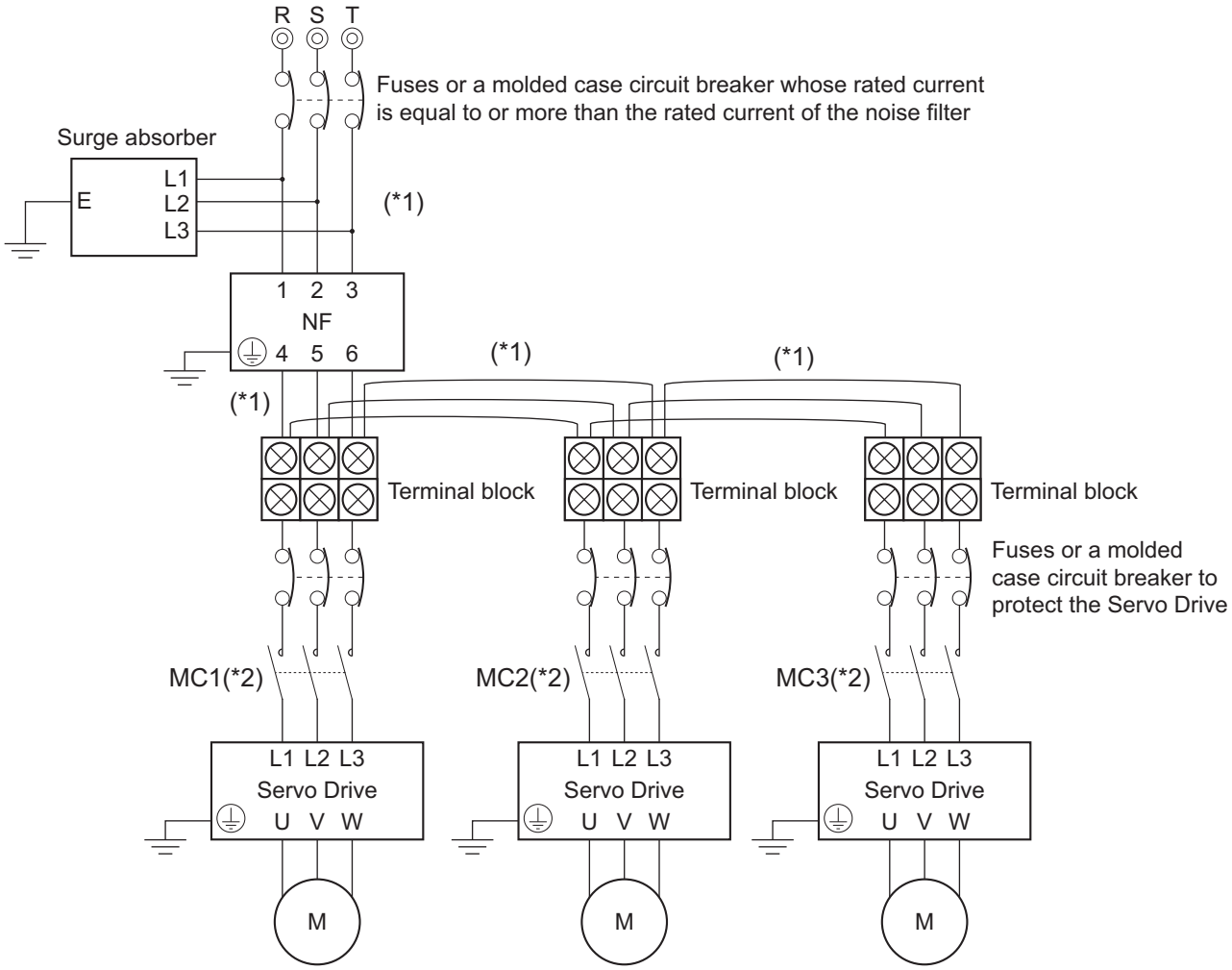
Servo Drive	Noise filter	Wire length of motor power cables
No.7	HF3020C-SZL	30 m
	FSB-30-254-HU	



Wiring a Noise Filter to Connect to More Than One Servo Drive

This section describes the wiring procedure when you install more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter. For how to wire and install a noise filter, refer to *4-1-5 Noise Filter Installation Conditions* on page 4-14.

- To relay a noise filter and Servo Drives, use the terminal blocks with a rated voltage of 250 V or more and a rated current of 30 A or more. To tighten two wires together, use such a terminal block as you can do so.
- Ensure that the size of wires used between the power supply and the noise filter and the size of wires used between the noise filter and the relay terminal blocks are thick enough to pass at least the total rated input current from the multiple Servo Drives connected to one noise filter. Wiring between the noise filter and the Servo Drives should be as short as possible.
- Install fuses or molded case circuit breakers between the noise filter and each Servo Drive to protect the Servo Drives.
- To ensure safety, install fuses or a molded case circuit breaker whose rated current is equal to or more than the rated current of the noise filter on the input side of the noise filter.
- Be sure to install a surge absorber on the power supply input (LINE) side of each noise filter.



*1. Ensure that the size of wires used for the input side of the noise filter and the size of wires used between the noise filter and the relay terminal blocks are thick enough to pass at least the rated current of the noise filter.

*2. Wire a contactor so that the main circuit power supply will be cut off when the ERR signal (normally close contact) of the control output function is output (open). Refer to *4-2-1 Peripheral Equipment Connection Examples* on page 4-19 for details on wiring.

Precautions for Safe Use

- Check that the total rated input current from the Servo Drives is equal to or less than the rated current of the noise filter. Burning or failure may result.
- When you connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter, be sure to use relay terminal blocks for connecting the noise filter and the Servo Drives, without tightening the terminals together on the noise filter terminal block. Burning or failure may result.
- Select such relay terminal blocks as you can tighten terminals together. It is up to two terminals that should be tightened together. Burning or failure may result.

⚠ WARNING

When you connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter, ensure that the size of wires used for the input side of the noise filter and the size of wires used between the noise filter and the relay terminal blocks are thick enough to pass at least the rated current of the noise filter.
Not doing so may cause a fire or electric shock.

5

EtherCAT Communications

This section explains EtherCAT communications under the assumption that the Servo Drive is connected to a Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or Position Control Unit (Model: CJ1W-NC□8□).

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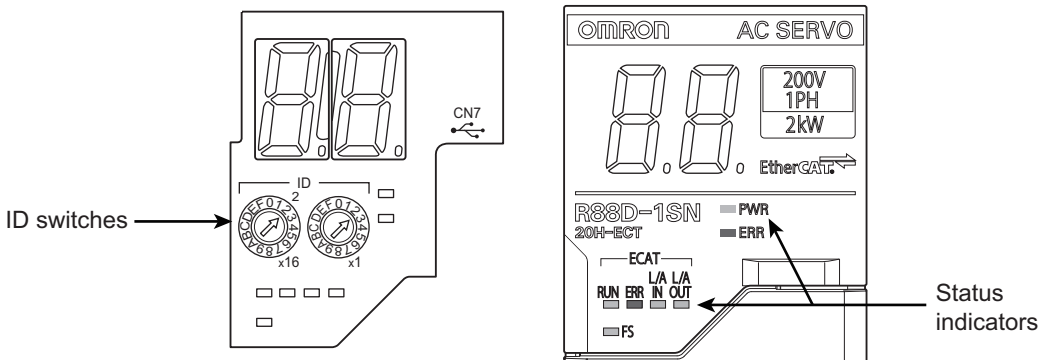
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5-1 Display Area and Settings

This section explains the indicators and switches located on the front of the Serve Drive.



5-1-1 Node Address Setting

Use the ID switches located in the display area to set the EtherCAT node address.

ID switch setting	Description
	Connection to NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or Position Control Unit (Model: CJ1W-NC ☐8☐)
00	The controller sets the node address.
01 to FF	The ID switches set the node address.

Precautions for Correct Use

The ID switch setting is read only once when the Unit power supply is turned ON. Although the setting is changed after the Unit power supply is ON, it is not reflected in the control. It is enabled the next time the Unit power supply is turned ON.

Additional Information

EtherCAT Slave Information File
Information on EtherCAT slave settings is stored in the ESI (EtherCAT Slave Information) file. The master uses the information in this file to configure the network and set communications parameters. This information is in an XML file.

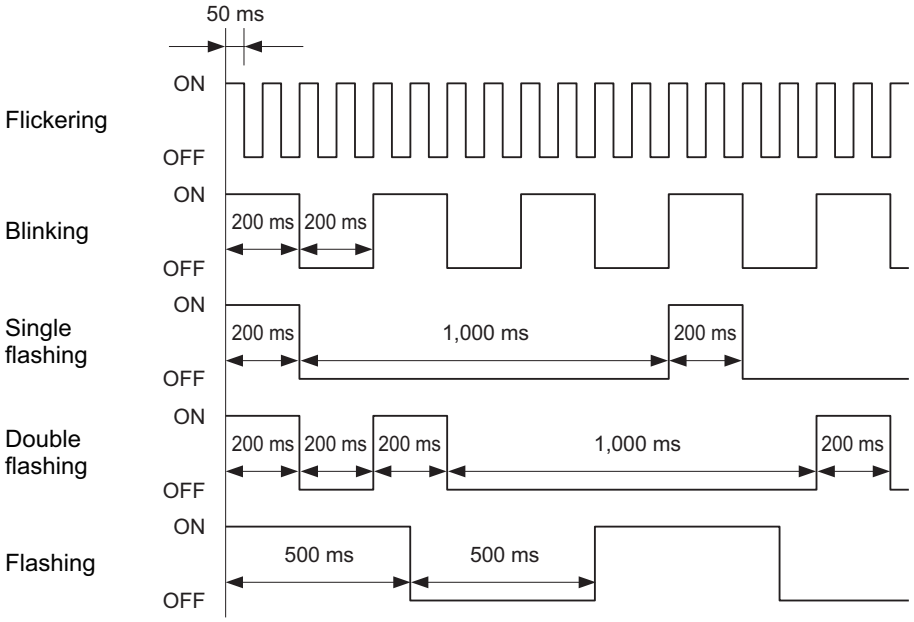
5-1-2 Status Indicators

The following table shows the status indicators and their meaning.

Name	Function	Color	Status	Description
PWR	Displays the status of control power supply.	Green	OFF	Control power supply OFF
			ON	Control power supply ON
ERR	Displays Unit error status.	Red	OFF	No error
			ON	Error detected
			Flashing	A warning occurred

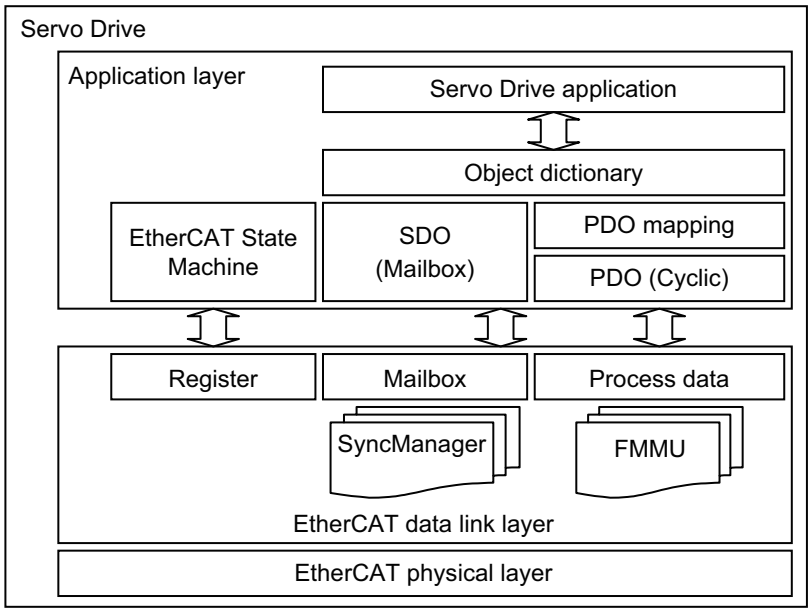
Name	Function	Color	Status	Description
ECAT-RUN	Displays the status of ESM.	Green	OFF	Init state or power OFF state
			Blinking	Pre-Operational state
			Single flash	Safe-Operational state
			ON	Operational state
ECAT-ERR	Displays EtherCAT communications error status.	Red	OFF	No error
			Blinking	Communications setting error
			Single flash	Synchronization error or communications data error
			Double flash	Application WDT timeout (Sync Manager WDT Error)
			ON	A fatal error such as WDT timeout
L/A IN	Displays link status in EtherCAT physical layer.	Green	OFF	Link not established in physical layer
			ON	Link established in physical layer
			Flickering	In operation after link was established
L/A OUT	Displays link status in EtherCAT physical layer.	Green	OFF	Link not established in physical layer
			ON	Link established in physical layer
			Flickering	In operation after link was established
FS	Displays FSoE communications status.	Green	ON	FSoE slave connection established
			Flashing	FSoE slave connection establishment in progress
		Red	Flashing	Safety Parameter Error, Safety Communications Timeout, or other errors
		---	OFF	STO via FSoE is disabled, the power is not supplied, or a fatal error including Self-diagnosis Error

See the following diagram for the status of the indicators.



5-2 Structure of the CAN Application Protocol over EtherCAT

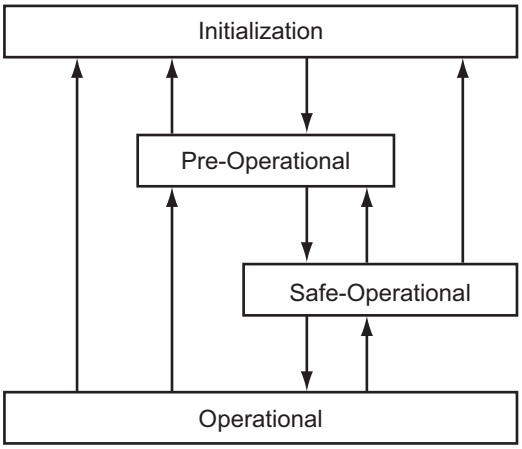
This section explains the structure of the CAN application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE) for a 1S-series Servo Drive.



Normally, EtherCAT can transmit different protocols. 1S-series Servo Drives use the IEC 61800-7 (CiA 402) drive profile.
The object dictionary in the application layer contains parameters and application data as well as information on the PDO mapping between the process data servo interface and Servo Drive application.
The process data object (PDO) consists of the object dictionary that can be used for PDO mapping.
The contents of the process data are defined by the PDO mapping.
Process data communications cyclically reads and writes the PDO. Mailbox communications (SDO) uses asynchronous message communications where all objects in the object dictionary can be read and written.

5-3 EtherCAT State Machine

The EtherCAT State Machine (ESM) of the EtherCAT slave is controlled by the EtherCAT master.

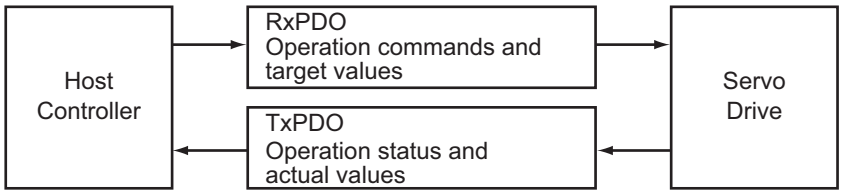


State	SDO communications	PDO reception	PDO transmission	Description
Init	Not possible	Not possible	Not possible	Communication initialization is in progress. Communications are not possible.
Pre-Operational	Possible	Not possible	Not possible	Only SDO communications are possible in this state. This state is entered after initialization is completed. In this state, the network settings are initialized.
Safe-Operational	Possible	Not possible	Possible	In this state, PDO transmissions are possible in addition to SDO communications. PDO transmissions can be used to send information such as status from the Servo Drive.
Operational	Possible	Possible	Possible	This is a normal operating state. PDO communications can be used to control the Servomotor.

Note The Bootstrap mode is not supported.

5-4 Process Data Objects (PDOs)

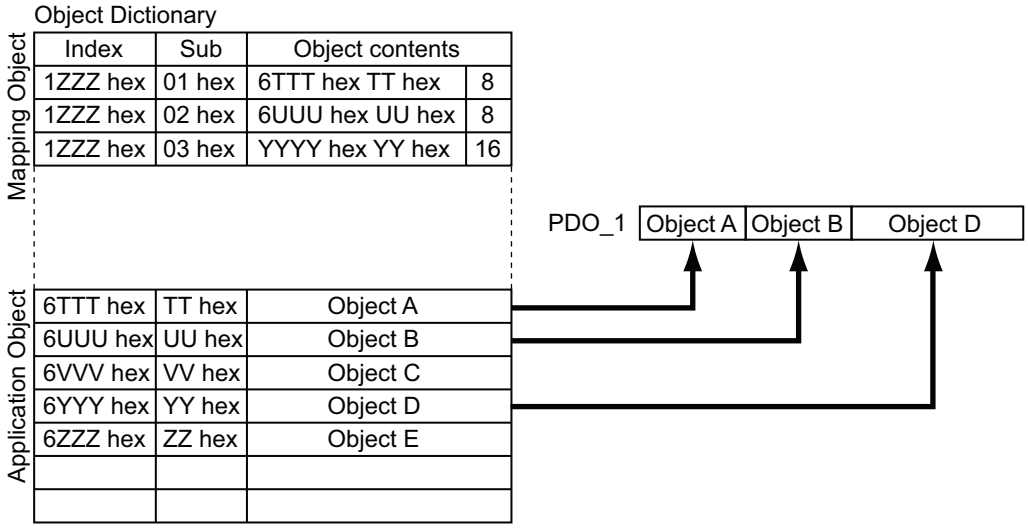
The process data objects (PDOs) are used for real-time data transfer during cyclic communications. PDOs can be RxPDOs, which receive data from the controller, or TxPDOs, which send status from the Servo Drive to the host controller.



The EtherCAT application layer can hold multiple objects to enable transferring Servo Drive process data. The contents of the process data are described in the PDO mapping objects and the Sync Manager PDO Assignment objects.

5-4-1 PDO Mapping Settings

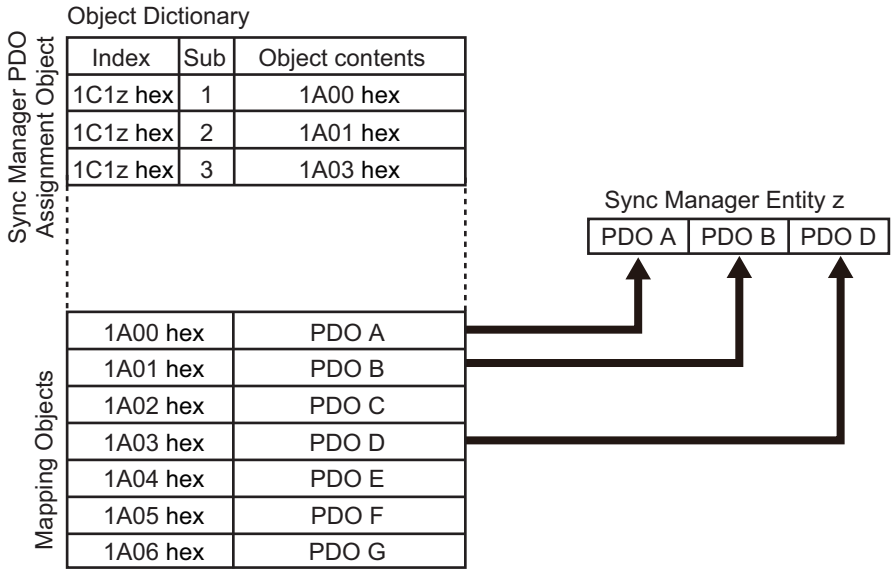
The PDO mapping objects provide mapping for the application objects (real-time process data) between the object dictionary and PDOs.
The number of mapped objects is shown in subindex *00 hex* in the mapping table. In this mapping table, *1600 to 17FF hex* are for RxPDOs and *1A00 to 1BFF hex* are for TxPDOs.
1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions use *1600 hex*, *1610 hex*, and *1701 to 1705 hex* for an RxPDO, and *1A00 hex*, *1A10 hex*, and *1B01 to 1B04 hex*, and *1BFF hex* for a TxPDO.
The following table is an example of PDO mapping.



5-4-2 Sync Manager PDO Assignment Settings

A Sync Manager channel consists of several PDOs. The Sync Manager PDO Assignment objects describe relationships between these PDOs and the Sync Manager.

The number of PDOs is shown in subindex *00 hex* in the Sync Manager PDO Assignment table. 1S-series Servo Drives use *1C12 hex* for an RxPDO, and *1C13 hex* for a TxPDO.
The following table is an example of Sync Manager PDO mapping.



5-4-3 Fixed PDO Mapping

This section describes the contents of fixed PDO mapping for 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions. You cannot change these contents.
Use **Sync Manager 2 PDO Assignment** (1C12 hex) and **Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment** (1C13 hex) to specify the PDO mapping you use.
Some typical examples of RxPDO and TxPDO combinations are provided below.

PDO Mapping 1 (Position Control and Touch Probe Function)

This is the mapping for an application that uses only the Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp).
The touch probe function is available.

RxPDO: 258th receive PDO Mapping (1701 hex)	Controlword (6040 hex), Target position (607A hex), Touch probe function (60B8 hex), and Physical outputs (60FE-01 hex)
TxPDO: 258th transmit PDO Mapping (1B01 hex)	Error code (603F hex), Statusword (6041 hex), Position actual value (6064 hex), Torque actual value (6077 hex), Following error actual value (60F4 hex), Touch probe status (60B9 hex), Touch probe 1 positive edge (60BA hex), Touch probe 2 positive edge (60BC hex), and Digital inputs (60FD hex)

PDO Mapping 2 (Position Control, Velocity Control, Torque Control, and Touch Probe Function)

This is the mapping for an application that uses one of the following modes with switching them: Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp), Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv), and Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst).
The touch probe function is available.

RxPDO: 259th receive PDO Mapping (1702 hex)	Controlword (6040 hex), Target position (607A hex), Target velocity (60FF hex), Target torque (6071 hex), Modes of operation (6060 hex), Touch probe function (60B8 hex), and Max profile velocity (607F hex)
TxPDO: 259th transmit PDO Mapping (1B02 hex)	Error code (603F hex), Statusword (6041 hex), Position actual value (6064 hex), Torque actual value (6077 hex), Modes of operation display (6061 hex), Touch probe status (60B9 hex), Touch probe 1 positive edge (60BA hex), Touch probe 2 positive edge (60BC hex), and Digital inputs (60FD hex)

PDO Mapping 3 (Position Control, Velocity Control, Touch Probe Function, and Torque Limit)

This is the mapping for an application that uses one of the following modes with switching them: Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) and Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv).
The touch probe function and torque limit are available.

RxPDO: 260th receive PDO Mapping (1703 hex)	Controlword (6040 hex), Target position (607A hex), Target velocity (60FF hex), Modes of operation (6060 hex), Touch probe function (60B8 hex), Positive torque limit value (60E0 hex), and Negative torque limit value (60E1 hex)
TxPDO: 260th transmit PDO Mapping (1B03 hex)	Error code (603F hex), Statusword (6041 hex), Position actual value (6064 hex), Torque actual value (6077 hex), Following error actual value (60F4 hex), Modes of operation display (6061 hex), Touch probe status (60B9 hex), Touch probe 1 positive edge (60BA hex), Touch probe 2 positive edge (60BC hex), and Digital inputs (60FD hex)

PDO Mapping 4 (Position Control, Velocity Control, Torque Control, Touch Probe Function, and Torque Limit)

This is the mapping for an application that uses one of the following modes with switching them: Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp), Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv), and Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst).
The touch probe function and torque limit are available.

RxPDO: 261th receive PDO Mapping (1704 hex)	Controlword (6040 hex), Target position (607A hex), Target velocity (60FF hex), Target torque (6071 hex), Modes of operation (6060 hex), Touch probe function (60B8 hex), Max profile velocity (607F hex), Positive torque limit value (60E0 hex), and Negative torque limit value (60E1 hex)
TxPDO: 259th transmit PDO Mapping (1B02 hex)	Error code (603F hex), Statusword (6041 hex), Position actual value (6064 hex), Torque actual value (6077 hex), Modes of operation display (6061 hex), Touch probe status (60B9 hex), Touch probe 1 positive edge (60BA hex), Touch probe 2 positive edge (60BC hex), and Digital inputs (60FD hex)

PDO Mapping 5 (Position Control, Velocity Control, Touch Probe Function, Torque Limit, and Torque Feed-forward)

This is the mapping for an application that uses one of the following modes with switching them: Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) and Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv).
The touch probe function and torque limit are available.
You can specify the amount of torque feed-forward in the **Torque offset** (60B2 hex).

RxPDO: 262th receive PDO Mapping (1705 hex)	Controlword (6040 hex), Target position (607A hex), Target velocity (60FF hex), Modes of operation (6060 hex), Touch probe function (60B8 hex), Positive torque limit value (60E0 hex), Negative torque limit value (60E1 hex), and Torque offset (60B2 hex)
TxPDO: 261th transmit PDO Mapping (1B04 hex)	Error code (603F hex), Statusword (6041 hex), Position actual value (6064 hex), Torque actual value (6077 hex), Modes of operation display (6061 hex), Touch probe status (60B9 hex), Touch probe 1 positive edge (60BA hex), Touch probe 2 positive edge (60BC hex), Digital inputs (60FD hex), and Velocity actual value (606C hex)

5-4-4 Variable PDO Mapping

1S-series Servo Drives allow you to change some mapped objects.
The PDO mapping objects for which you can change the setting are the **1st receive PDO Mapping** (1600 hex) and the **1st transmit PDO Mapping** (1A00 hex).
These objects can be changed only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational.
Since the mapping you changed is not saved in non-volatile memory, set the EtherCAT master so that the settings can be configured each time you turn ON the power supply in order to use the mapping other than the default setting.

Default Setting

RxPDO: 1st receive PDO Mapping (1600 hex)	Controlword (6040 hex), Target position (607A hex), and Touch probe function (60B8 hex)
TxPDO: 1st transmit PDO Mapping (1A00 hex)	Error code (603F hex), Statusword (6041 hex), Position actual value (6064 hex), Touch probe status (60B9 hex), Touch probe 1 positive edge (60BA hex), Touch probe 2 positive edge (60BC hex), Digital inputs (60FD hex)

Maximum Number of Objects and Maximum Total Size Allowed in a PDO Mapping

PDO mapping object	Max. number of objects		Max. total size of objects
	Communications cycle: 125 µs	Communications cycle: 250 µs or more	
RxPDO: **1st receive PDO Mapping** (1600 hex)	6	10	32 bytes
TxPDO: **1st transmit PDO Mapping** (1A00 hex)	6	10	42 bytes

Precautions for Correct Use

For information on the objects you can map, refer to *A-2-5 PDO Mapping Objects* on page A-19.

5-4-5 Safety PDO Mapping

When you use safety functions in Servo Drive, use the following safety PDO mapping. Objects fixed for safety functions are assigned. In addition, objects according to safety function for use can be assigned.

PDO mapping object		Assigned object	Settable or not: Size
RxPDO: **17th Receive PDO Mapping** (1610 hex)	01 hex	FSoE Master CMD (E700-01 hex)	Fixed: 1 byte
	02 hex	STO command (6640-00 hex)	Fixed: 1 bit
	03 hex	SS1 command 1 (6650-01 hex)	Fixed: 1 bit
	04 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	05 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	06 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	07 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	08 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	09 hex	error acknowledge (6632-00 hex)	Fixed: 1 bit
	0A hex	Any object	Selectable: 1 bit
	to	Any object	Selectable: 1 bit
	11 hex	Any object	Selectable: 1 bit
	12 hex	FSoE Master CRC_0 (E700-03 hex)	Fixed: 2 bytes
	13 hex	FSoE Master Conn_ID (E700-02 hex)	Fixed: 2 bytes

PDO mapping object		Assigned object	Settable or not: Size
TxPDO: **17th transmit PDO Mapping** (1A10 hex)	01 hex	FSoE Slave CMD (E600-01 hex)	Fixed: 1 byte
	02 hex	STO command (Status) (6640-00 hex)	Fixed: 1 bit
	03 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	04 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	05 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	06 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	07 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	08 hex	Reserved	Fixed: 1 bit
	09 hex	error acknowledge (Status) (6632-00 hex)	Fixed: 1 bit
	0A hex	Any object	Selectable: 1 bit
	to	Any object	Selectable: 1 bit
	10 hex	Any object	Selectable: 1 bit
	11 hex	Safety Connection Status (E601-01 hex)	Fixed: 1 bit
	12 hex	FSoE Slave CRC_0 (E600-03 hex)	Fixed: 2 bytes
	13 hex	FSoE Slave Conn_ID (E600-02 hex)	Fixed: 2 bytes

Following objects of safety functions can be assigned to the safety PDO mapping optionally.

Safety function	Objects that can be mapped
SS1	SS1 command 2 (6650-02 hex) to SS1 command 8 (6650-08 hex)
SLS	SLS command 1 (6690-01 hex) to SLS command 8 (6690-08 hex)

Default Setting

RxPDO: 17th receive PDO Mapping (1610 hex)	FSoE Master CMD (E700-01 hex), STO command (6640-00 hex), SS1 command 1 (6650-01 hex), error acknowledge (6632-00 hex), FSoE Master CRC_0 (E700-03 hex), and FSoE Master Conn_ID (E700-02 hex)
TxPDO: 17th transmit PDO Mapping (1A10 hex)	FSoE Slave CMD (E600-01 hex), STO command (6640-00 hex) , error acknowledge (6632-00 hex) , Safety Connection Status (E601-01 hex), FSoE Slave CRC_0 (E600-03 hex), and FSoE Slave Conn_ID (E600-02 hex)

5-4-6 Sync Manager PDO Mapping Assignment Settings

1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions use **Sync Manager 2 to 3 PDO Assignment**.
You can assign PDO mapping objects to each Sync Manager as shown in the following table.

Sync Manager	Assigned object	Supported PDO	Assigned PDO mapping object	Max. No. of assigned objects
Sync Manager 2	1C12 hex	RxPDO	1600 hex, 1610 hex, and 1701 to 1705 hex	3*1
Sync Manager 3	1C13 hex	TxPDO	1A00 hex, 1A10 hex, 1B01 to 1B04 hex, 1B20 hex, and 1BFF hex	4*2

*1. The maximum object size assigned to **Sync Manager 2 PDO Assignment** is 32 bytes.
*2. The maximum object size assigned to **Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment** is 42 bytes.

Objects are mapped in the order of subindex setting *01 hex*, *02 hex*, *03 hex*, and *04 hex*.

These objects can be changed only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational. Since the mapping you changed is not saved in non-volatile memory, set the EtherCAT master so that the settings can be configured each time you turn ON the power supply in order to use the mapping other than the default setting.

Default Setting

Sync Manager 2 (1C12 hex)	1701 hex, 1610 hex
Sync Manager 3 (1C13 hex)	1B01 hex, 1B20 hex, 1A10 hex

Precautions for Correct Use

- If mapped objects exceed the maximum total size, the RxPDO Setting Error (Error No.90.05) or TxPDO Setting Error (Error No.90.06) occurs.
- If the same object is mapped in an RxPDO more than once, the value of the last object is used.
- If the same object is mapped in a TxPDO more than once, the values of the all objects are updated.

5-5 Service Data Objects (SDOs)

1S-series Servo Drives support SDO communications. SDO communications are used for setting objects and monitoring the status of Servo Drives. The host controller performs object setting and status monitoring by reading and writing data to entries in the object dictionary.

The following table lists the abort codes for when an SDO communications error occurs.

Code (hex)	Meaning
05030000	Toggle bit not changed
05040000	SDO protocol timeout
05040001	Client/Server command specifier not valid or unknown
05040005	Out of memory
06010000	Unsupported access to an object
06010001	Attempt to read to a write only object
06010002	Attempt to write to a read only object
06010003	Subindex cannot be written, SI0 must be 0 for write access
06020000	The object does not exist in the object directory
06040041	The object can not be mapped into the PDO
06040042	The number and length of the objects to be mapped would exceed the PDO length
06040043	General parameter incompatibility reason
06040047	General internal incompatibility in the device
06060000	Access failed due to a hardware error
06070010	Data type does not match, length of service parameter does not match
06070012	Data type does not match, length of service parameter too high
06070013	Data type does not match, length of service parameter too low
06090011	Subindex does not exist
06090030	Value range of parameter exceeded (only for write access)
06090031	Value of parameter written too high
06090032	Value of parameter written too low
06090036	Maximum value is less than minimum value
08000000	General error
08000020	Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application
08000021	Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application because of local control*1
08000022	Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application because of the present device state
08000023	Object dictionary dynamic generation fails or no object dictionary is present

*1. In this state, the slave operates locally and cannot be controlled from the EtherCAT master.

5-6 Synchronization Mode and Communications Cycle

1S-series Servo Drives support the following synchronization modes.

- Distributed Clock (DC) Mode
- Free-Run Mode

Note SM Event Mode is not supported.

5-6-1 Distributed Clock (DC) Mode

A mechanism called distributed clock (DC) is used to synchronize EtherCAT communications.
The DC Mode is used for 1S-series Servo Drives to perform highly accurate control in a multi-axis system.
In DC Mode, the master and slaves are synchronized by sharing the same clock.
Interruptions (Sync0) are generated in the slaves at precise intervals based on this clock.
Servo Drive control is executed at this precise timing.

Communications Cycle (DC Cycle)

The communications cycle is determined by setting the output cycle of Sync0 signal on the master side.

Setting range: 125 µs/250 µs/500 µs/750 µs/1 to 10 ms (in 0.25 ms increments)

5-6-2 Free-Run Mode

You can use the Free-Run Mode when synchronization such as the DC Mode is not required.
In Free-Run Mode, slaves perform I/O processing, i.e. refresh I/O data asynchronously with the communications cycle of the master.

Communications Cycle

The communications cycle is determined by the cycle time of the master.

Setting range: 125 µs to 100 ms

5-7 Emergency Messages

When an error or warning occurs in 1S-series Servo Drives, an emergency message is sent to the master through SDO communications. An emergency message is not sent for a communications error.
You can select whether or not to send emergency messages in **Diagnosis History** (10F3 hex).
When the power supply is turned ON, **Diagnosis History** – **Flags** (10F3-05 hex) is set to *0* (not notify).
To send emergency messages, set the least significant bit of **Diagnosis History** – **Flags** (10F3-05 hex) to *1* every time the power is turned ON.

An emergency message consists of 8-byte data.

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Contents	Emergency Error Code*1		Error Register (object 1001 hex)	Manufacturer-specific Error Field*2				

*1. Error codes (FF00 to FFFF hex) in the manufacturer-specific area are used. Byte 0 is fixed to *FF hex*, and byte 1 shows the main code of an error number or warning number.

*2. Byte 3 is not used. An error code is shown in bytes 4 to 7. For details on error event codes, refer to *A-4 Sysmac Error Status Codes* on page A-110.

Note For details on errors and warnings of the Servo Drive, refer to *Section 12 Troubleshooting* on page 12-1.

5-8 Sysmac Device Features

Sysmac Device refers to the control device product designed according to standardized communications and user interface specifications for OMRON control devices. And the features that are available with such a device are called Sysmac Device Features.
This section describes the features that the Servo Drive provides when it is combined with a Machine Automation Controller such as NJ/NX series and automation software.

Sysmac Error Status

Because, in Sysmac Devices, errors that may occur in slaves are systematized, you can check the causes and remedies for errors with a common procedure.
The status of an error can be monitored in the **Sysmac Error Status** (2002-01 hex). To display the error detected by the Servo Drive in Sysmac Studio, the **Sysmac Error Status** (2002-01 hex) must be mapped to the PDO. Sysmac Studio, by default, uses the **512th transmit PDO Mapping** (1BFF hex) assignment to map the **Sysmac Error Status** (2002-01 hex) automatically to the PDO.



Additional Information

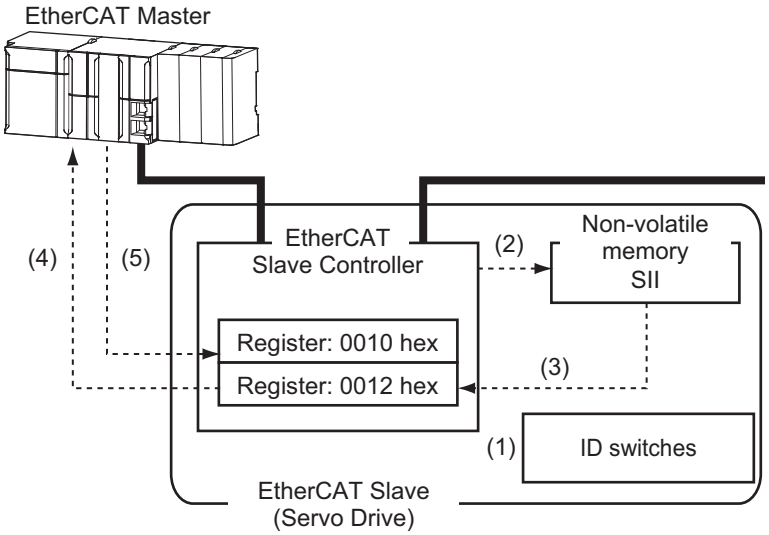
- For the **Sysmac Error Status** (2002-01 hex), refer to *A-2-7 Manufacturer Specific Objects* on page A-39.
- For errors displayed in Sysmac Studio, refer to *A-4 Sysmac Error Status Codes* on page A-110.

Saving the Node Address Setting

When the ID switches are set to *00*, the value of the node address you set in Sysmac Studio is used. (Software setting)
When Software setting is enabled, in Sysmac Studio, execute **Slave Node Address Writing** on the **EtherCAT** tab page to save the slave node address setting in the non-volatile memory of the Servo Drive.

● Software Setting

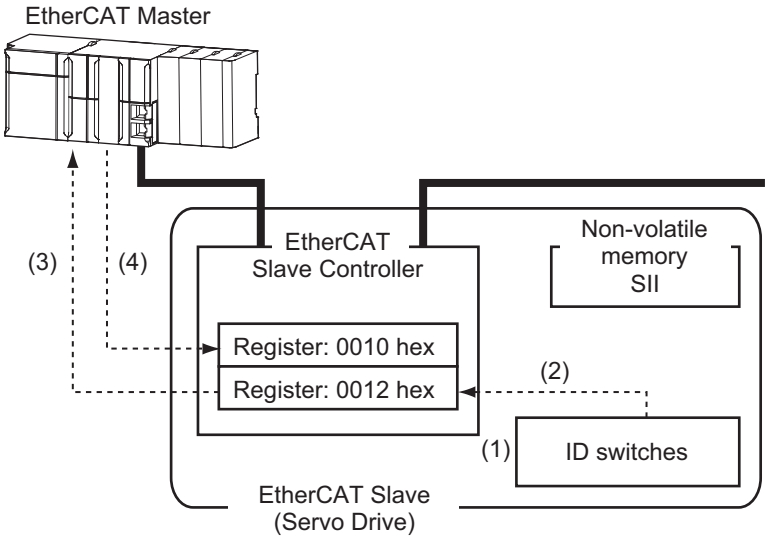
The set value saved as Slave Information Interface (SII) information in the non-volatile memory of the slave is used as the node address.



1. Set the ID switches to *00* during power OFF.
2. Write a node address value to Slave SII from the master.
3. When the slave power is turned ON, the node address value is applied to Register: 0012 hex by the software.
4. The EtherCAT master reads the value that is set in Register: 0012 hex.
5. The EtherCAT master writes the value of 0012 hex to 0010 hex as the node address.

● Switch Setting

The value of the ID switches of the slave is used as the node address.



1. Set the ID switches during power OFF.
2. When the slave power is turned ON, the value of the ID switches is applied to the register: 0012 hex.
3. The EtherCAT master reads the value that is set in Register: 0012 hex.
4. The EtherCAT master writes the value of 0012 hex to 0010 hex as the node address.

Serial Number Display

The serial number saved in the non-volatile memory of the Servo Drive is displayed in the **Serial Number** (1018-04 hex). Controllers that support Sysmac Device Features can use this serial number to check the network configuration.
To enable this check, in Sysmac Studio, set **Serial Number Check Method** to **Setting = Actual Device** on the **EtherCAT** tab page.
If the specified condition is not met, a Network Configuration Verification Error will occur.



Additional Information

This network configuration check can detect the replacement of slave devices, which prevents you from forgetting to set parameters on those slaves.

Compliance with ESI Specification (ETG.2000 S (R) V1.0.7)

The ESI Specification is a set of specifications that define the entries required in an EtherCAT Slave Information (ESI) file.
Controllers that support Sysmac Device Features can use the Option function defined in the ESI Specification to identify the backup parameters stored on slaves.
The backup parameters on an identified slave can be backed up and restored from Sysmac Studio.

SII Data Check

The Slave Information Interface (SII) contains EtherCAT slave configuration information that is written to the non-volatile memory of an EtherCAT slave.
Sysmac Device EtherCAT slaves check the SII information from the slave side.
If one of these slaves finds that SII information with which it cannot operate was written, it generates an SII Verification Error (Error No. 88.03) or ESC Initialization Error (Error No. 88.01). If this error is not cleared after the power cycle, contact your OMRON sales representative.



Precautions for Correct Use

Do not use non-OMRON configuration tools to edit the SII information.

5-9 Cable Redundancy Function

Configuring a ring topology on the EtherCAT system enables communications to continue even if an EtherCAT physical layer link is disconnected in the ring topology.
Possible causes for the ring disconnection status in which an EtherCAT physical layer link is disconnected are as follows:

- An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, loose, broken, or short-circuited.
- Failure of the EtherCAT physical layer of a Servo Drive

5-9-1 Object Requiring Setting

When the cable redundancy function is used on the Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX Series, make the following settings.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Recommended setting	Description
2200	00	Communications Error Setting	2 or more	Set the value to 2 or more because one communications error occurs when the ring is disconnected or during the restoration. The default value is 1.

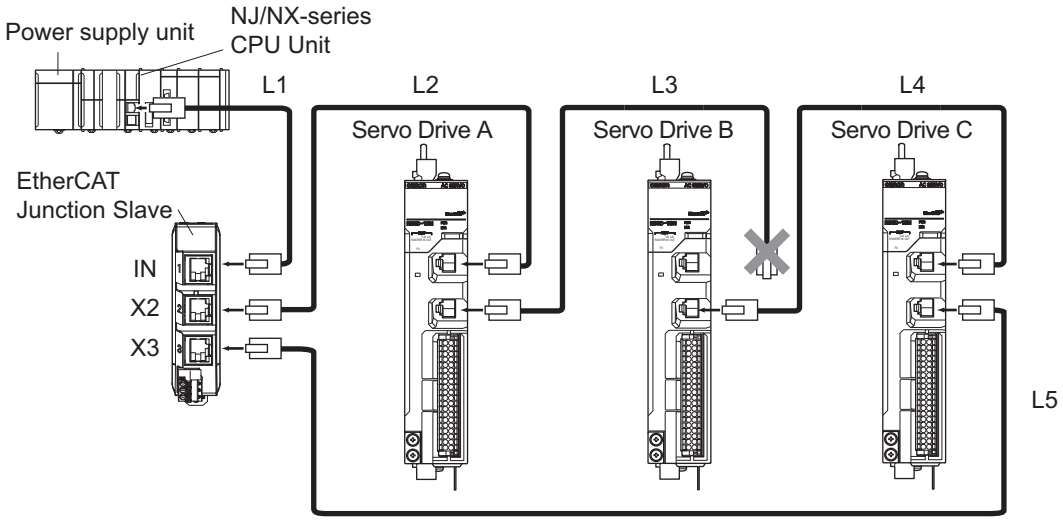
When you build a safety system using FSoE communications, you also need to set the following item. As for the detail, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.

Item	Recommended setting	Description
Watchdog Time of Safety Process Data Communications Settings	Auto set value + EtherCAT communications cycle × 2 or more*1	Make the value at least two communications cycles larger than the auto set value because one communications error occurs when the ring is disconnected or during the restoration.

*1. If EtherCAT communications cycle × 2 is less than 3 ms, add 3 ms or more to the auto set value.

5-9-2 Description of Operation

This function enables communications to continue even if a cable is disconnected or broken in a ring topology and the ring disconnection status results. A communications error may occur immediately after the ring disconnection status occurs or during restoration from the ring disconnection status, and cause all Servo Drives to detect EtherCAT Communications Warnings temporarily. When an EtherCAT Communications Warning occurs, the communications error period command correction function corrects the target position. Refer to *7-14 Command Compensation Function for Communications Error* on page 7-48 for details.
Even when the cable is disconnected from the ECAT IN connector on the Servo Drive B and the ring disconnection status results as in the figure below, all Servo Drives can continue communications. If an EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, protect the disconnected connector.



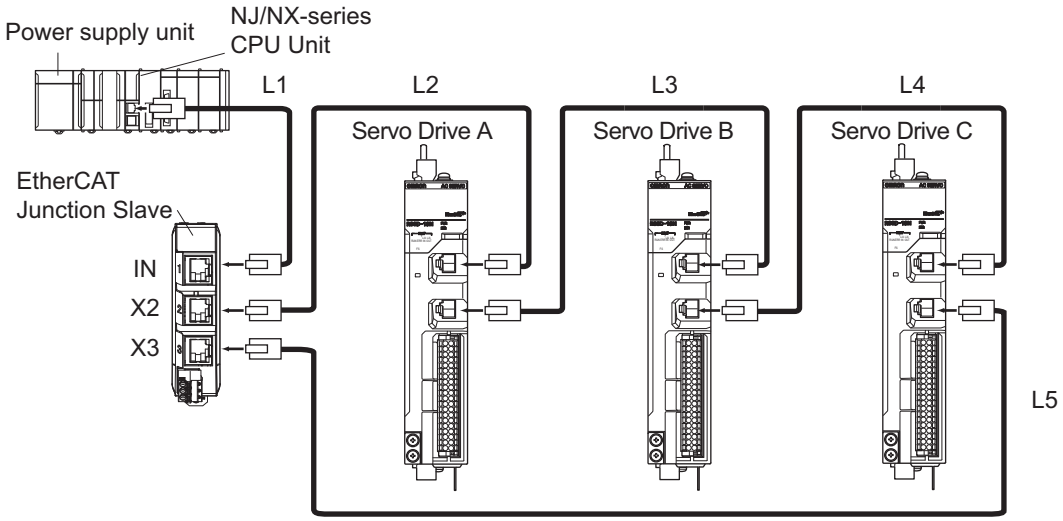
The ring disconnection status may have resulted not because an EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, but because a communications cable is broken or short-circuited, or because a Servo Drive broke down. If the ring disconnection status occurs, immediately perform inspection and take appropriate measures. Refer to *13-5 Method for Ring Disconnection Maintenance and Inspection* on page 13-9 for details on the inspection method.
After the ring disconnection status occurs because a communications cable is broken or short-circuited, or because a Servo Drive broke down, continuing to use the devices as they are may stop the entire communications system.

Precautions for Correct Use

If the ring disconnection status occurs, immediately perform inspection and take appropriate measures. Equipment damage may result.

5-9-3 Procedure of Checking Operation

This section takes the following configuration example and describes how to check that the cable redundancy function operates correctly.



1 Check that the devices start up in the normal status.
- Connect the EtherCAT communications cables correctly, and turn ON the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves.
- Check that there is no problem with the EtherCAT master and the slaves.
- Check that the L/A IN indicators and the L/A OUT indicators of all slaves blink.
- Turn OFF the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves.

2 With a cable disconnected from a connector, check that the communications continue in the ring disconnection status.
- Disconnect the cable from the ECAT IN connector on *Servo Drive B*, and protect the disconnected cable connector.
- Turn ON the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves.
- Check that there is no problem with the EtherCAT master and the slaves.

3 Check the location where the ring is disconnected.
- Check that the L/A OUT indicator of *Servo Drive A* and the L/A IN indicator of *Servo Drive B* are OFF.
- Check that the other the L/A IN indicators and the L/A OUT indicators blink.
- Stop operation and turn OFF the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves.
- Connect the disconnected cable to the ECAT IN connector on *Servo Drive B*.

4 With a cable disconnected from another connector, check that the communications continue in the ring disconnection status.
- Disconnect the cable from the ECAT OUT connector on *Servo Drive B*, and protect the disconnected cable connector.
- Turn ON the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves.
- Check that there is no problem with the EtherCAT master and the slaves.

5 Check the location where the ring is disconnected.
- Check that the L/A OUT indicator of *Servo Drive B* and the L/A IN indicator of *Servo Drive C* are OFF.
- Check that the other the L/A IN indicators and the L/A OUT indicators blink.
- Stop operation and turn OFF the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves.
- Connect the disconnected cable to the ECAT OUT connector on *Servo Drive B*.

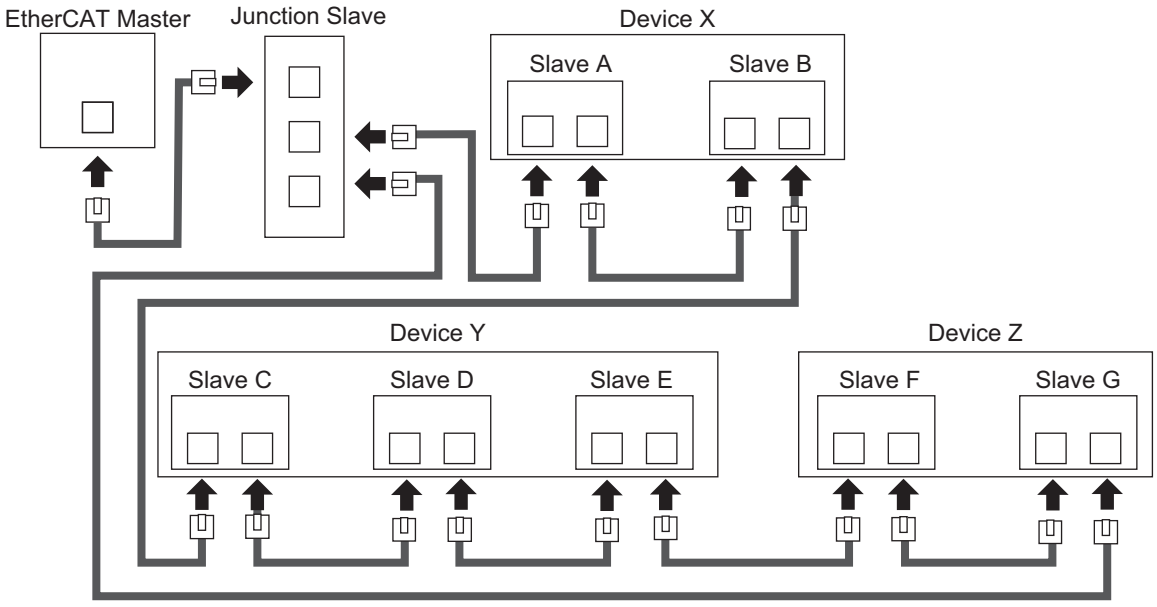
Now you are done with checking operation.

5-9-4 Slave Communications Statuses When Cable Redundancy Function Is Used

This section takes the following example in which the cable redundancy function is used and a ring topology is configured, and describes communications statuses during normal operation and in the ring disconnection status. The configuration example contains three devices in the ring topology.

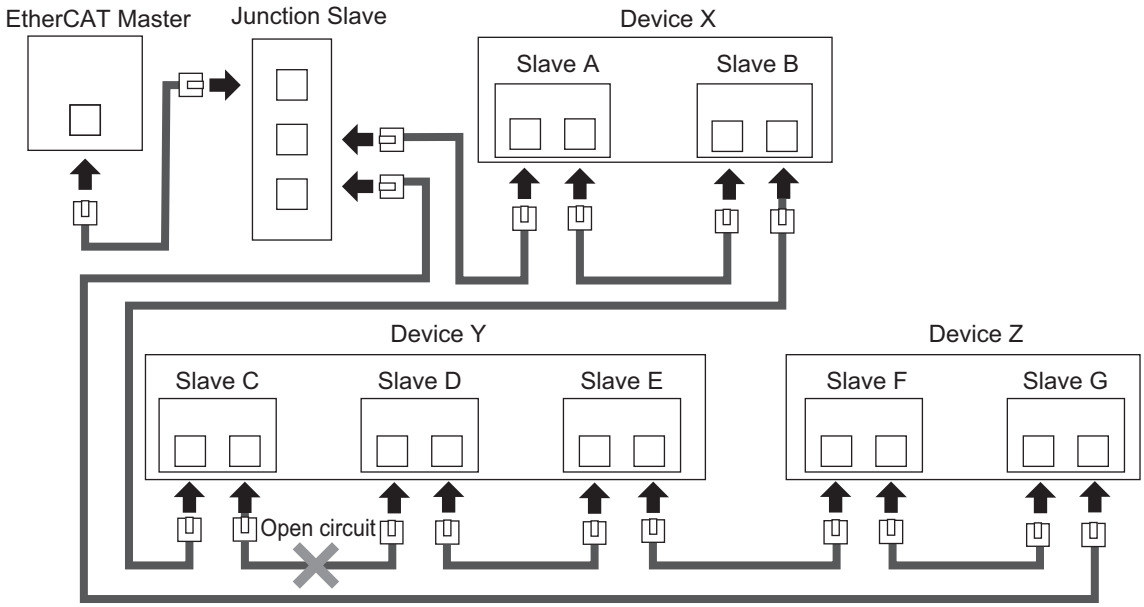
● Normal Status

All slaves are in communication.



● Ring Disconnection Status

Although the ring is disconnected between Slave C and D, all slaves continue communications.



Stop Device X to Z and then turn OFF the power supply to the EtherCAT master. Fix the ring disconnection status by replacing the cable, and then turn ON the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the devices, which returns the system to the normal communications status.

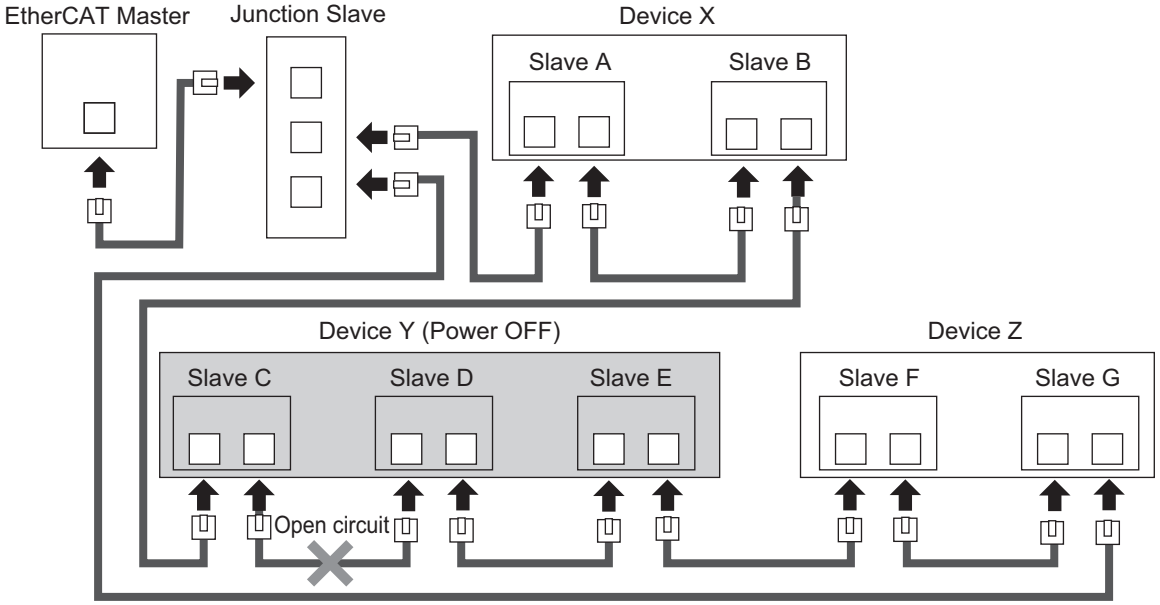
5-9-5 Relation between the Network Configuration Information and the Actual Configuration

The following table shows the relation between the network configuration information downloaded in an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit supporting the cable redundancy function and the actual configuration.

No.	Network Configuration Information	Actual Configuration	EtherCAT Communications Status	Communications Status with a Cable Disconnected or Broken
1	Daisy chain and branching topology only	Daisy chain and branching topology only (same as the network configuration information)	Normal status	The communications status changes to the minor fault status in which part of the slaves can continue communications. *1
2		Contains the ring topology	Minor fault	All slaves can continue communications. Removing a cable added to the network configuration information and resetting the error returns the communications status to the status of No. 1.
3	Contains the ring topology	Daisy chain and branching topology only	Ring disconnection status	The communications status changes to the minor fault status in which part of the slaves can continue communications. *1
4		Contains the ring topology (same as the network configuration information)	Normal status	The communications status changes to the ring disconnection status in which all slaves can continue communications. If a cable is disconnected or broken in this status, the status changes to the minor fault status in which part of the slaves can continue communications. *1

*1. If a minor fault occurs, slaves not separated from the EtherCAT master operate according to **Fail-soft Operation Setting** of the CPU Unit. Slaves separated from the EtherCAT master cannot continue communications. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual (Cat. No. W505)* for details on Fail-soft Operation Setting.

The following example shows a case of No. 4. In this example, the communications status changes from the normal status to the ring disconnection status, and then the power supply to Device Y is turned OFF, which turns OFF the power supply to Slave C to E and causes a minor fault. Slave A, B, F, and G continue communications even after the minor fault occurs.



6

Basic Control Functions

This section explains the outline and settings of basic control functions.

6-1 Outline of Control Functions 6-2
6-1-1 Basic Control and Control Methods 6-2
6-1-2 Control method 6-2

6-2 Control Blocks 6-5
6-2-1 Block Diagram for Position Control 6-5
6-2-2 Block Diagram for Velocity Control 6-7
6-2-3 Block Diagram for Torque Control 6-9

6-3 Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode 6-10

6-4 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode 6-12

6-5 Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode 6-14

6-6 Profile Position Mode 6-16

6-7 Profile Velocity Mode 6-21

6-8 Homing Mode 6-24

6-9 Connecting with OMRON Controllers 6-25

6-1 Outline of Control Functions

This section explains the implemented control functions.

6-1-1 Basic Control and Control Methods

1S-series Servo Drives can use the following controls to control Servomotors.

- Position control
- Velocity control
- Torque control

The following control methods are available for position control and velocity control.

- Two-degree-of-freedom (TDF) control
- One-degree-of-freedom (ODF) control

Each control corresponds to the following modes of operation defined by the CiA402 drive profile.

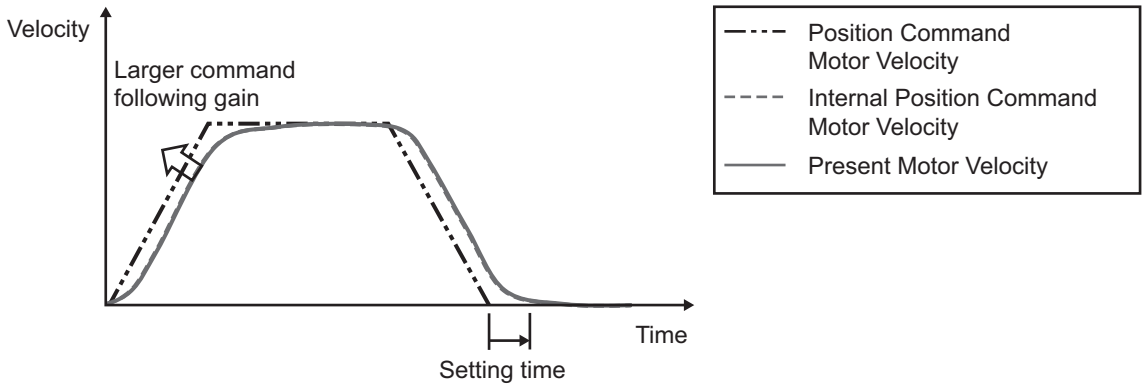
Basic control	Control method	Modes of operation
Position control	TDF ODF	Cyclic synchronous position mode Profile position mode Homing mode
Velocity control	TDF ODF	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode Profile velocity mode
Torque control	---	Cyclic synchronous torque mode

6-1-2 Control method

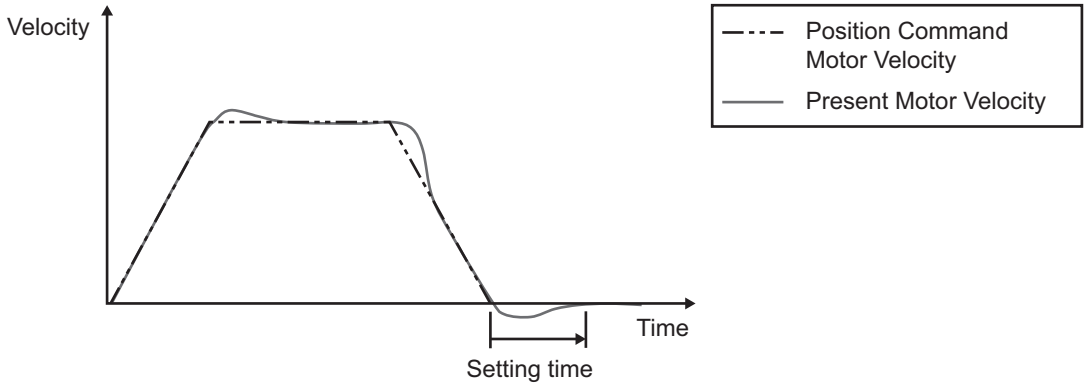
For the 1S-series Servo Drives, TDF control and ODF control are available.

TDF control is a control method proper for positioning control. The smooth internal commands are generated so that the control target can be followed, and TDF controls the internal commands. In TDF control, the following ability for the internal commands is improved and the overshooting is reduced making it easier to reduce the positioning stabilization time. Use TDF control to reduce the impact on devices. If the delay of the internal commands itself for a command value seems to be a problem, adjust the command following gain.

ODF control is a control method proper to use when a high-precision path following performance such as synchronization control is necessary. The delay for a command can be minimized by setting the ODF Velocity Feed-forward - Gain to a larger value such as 100%. However, if a command that changes the acceleration rapidly is given, the command cannot be followed, and the overshooting occurs. In this case, correct the command value itself so that the command value change gets smoother.

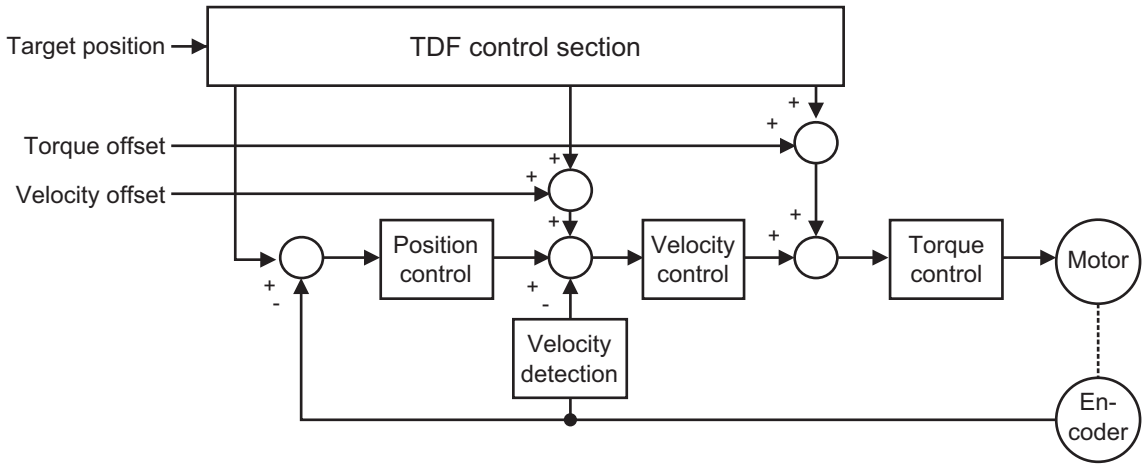


Time response waveform in TDF control

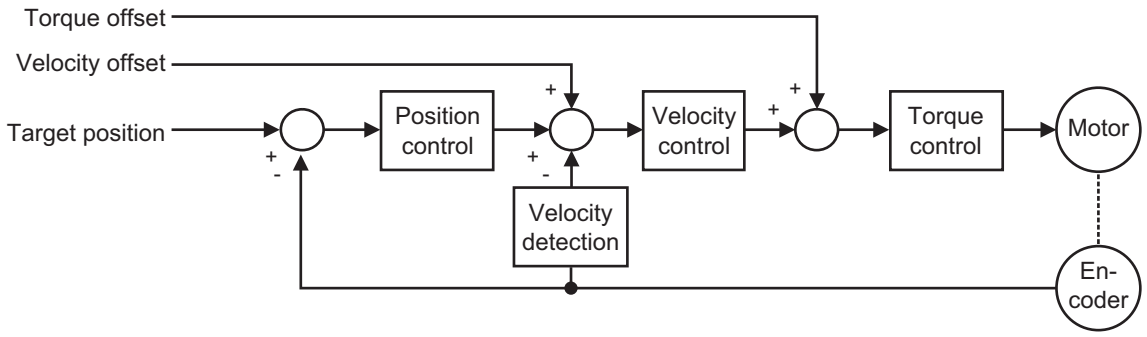


Time response waveform in ODF control
(ODF Velocity Feed-forward–Gain=100%)

TDF Control Structure Diagram



ODF Control Structure Diagram



Related Objects

Use **Control Method Selection** (3000-03 hex) to switch between TDF control and ODF control.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3000	---	Basic Functions	Set the basic functions.	page 9-6
	03	Control Method Selection	Switches the control method between one-degree-of-freedom control and two-degree-of-freedom control. 0: ODF control 1: TDF control	page 9-7

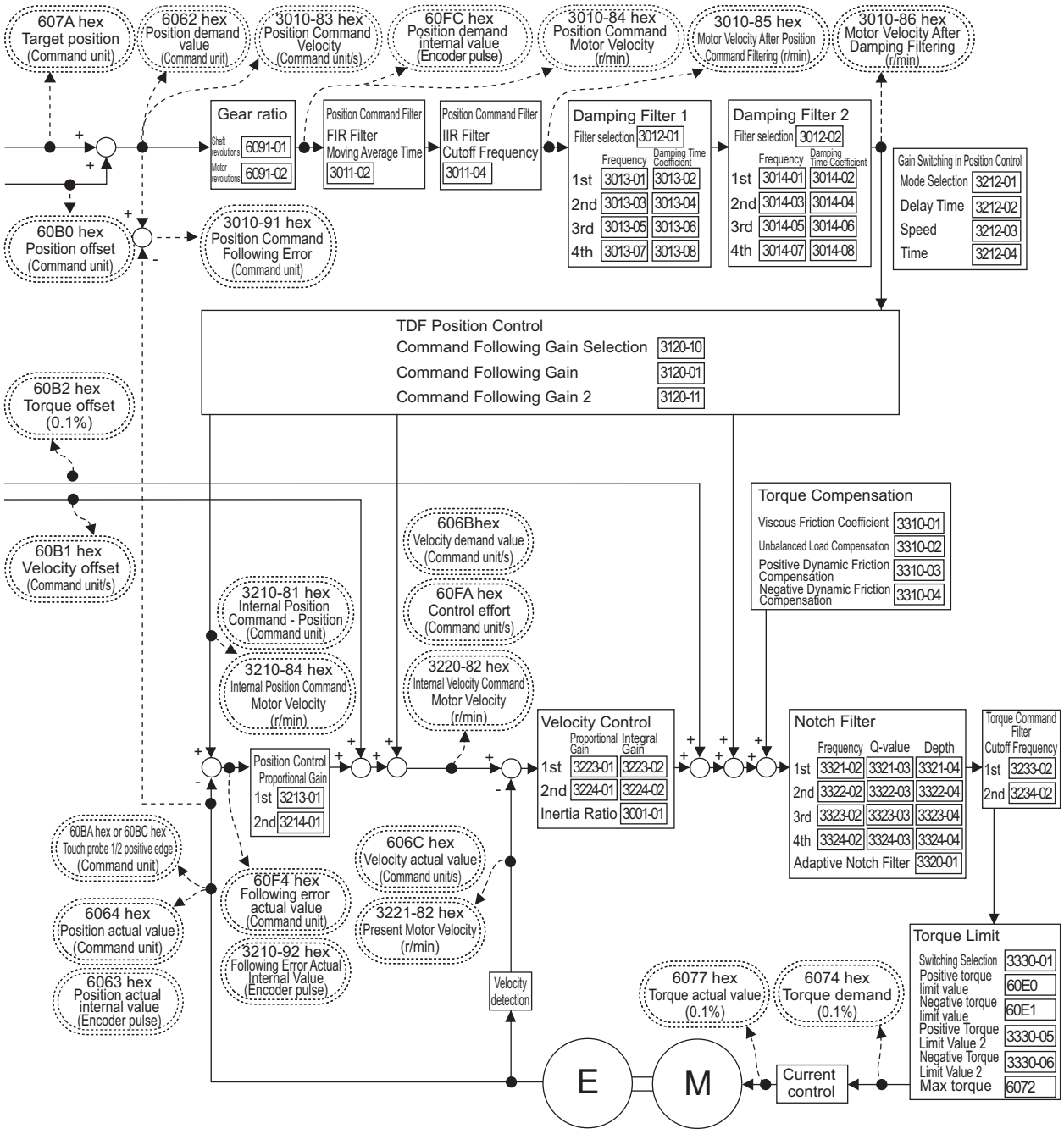
6-2 Control Blocks

The block diagrams for position control, velocity control and torque control are given.

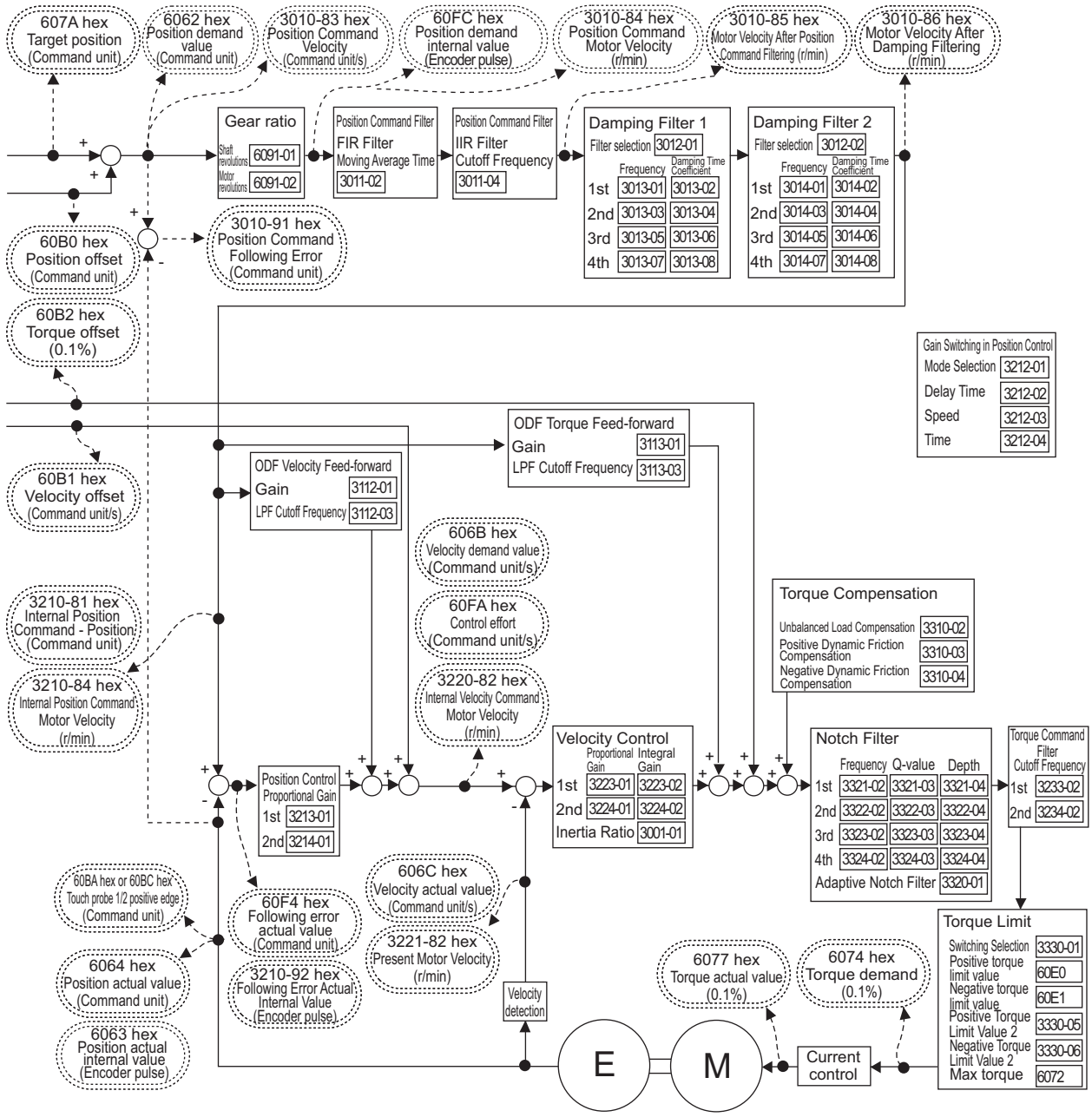
6-2-1 Block Diagram for Position Control

The block diagrams for TDF position control and ODF position control are given.

TDF Position Control



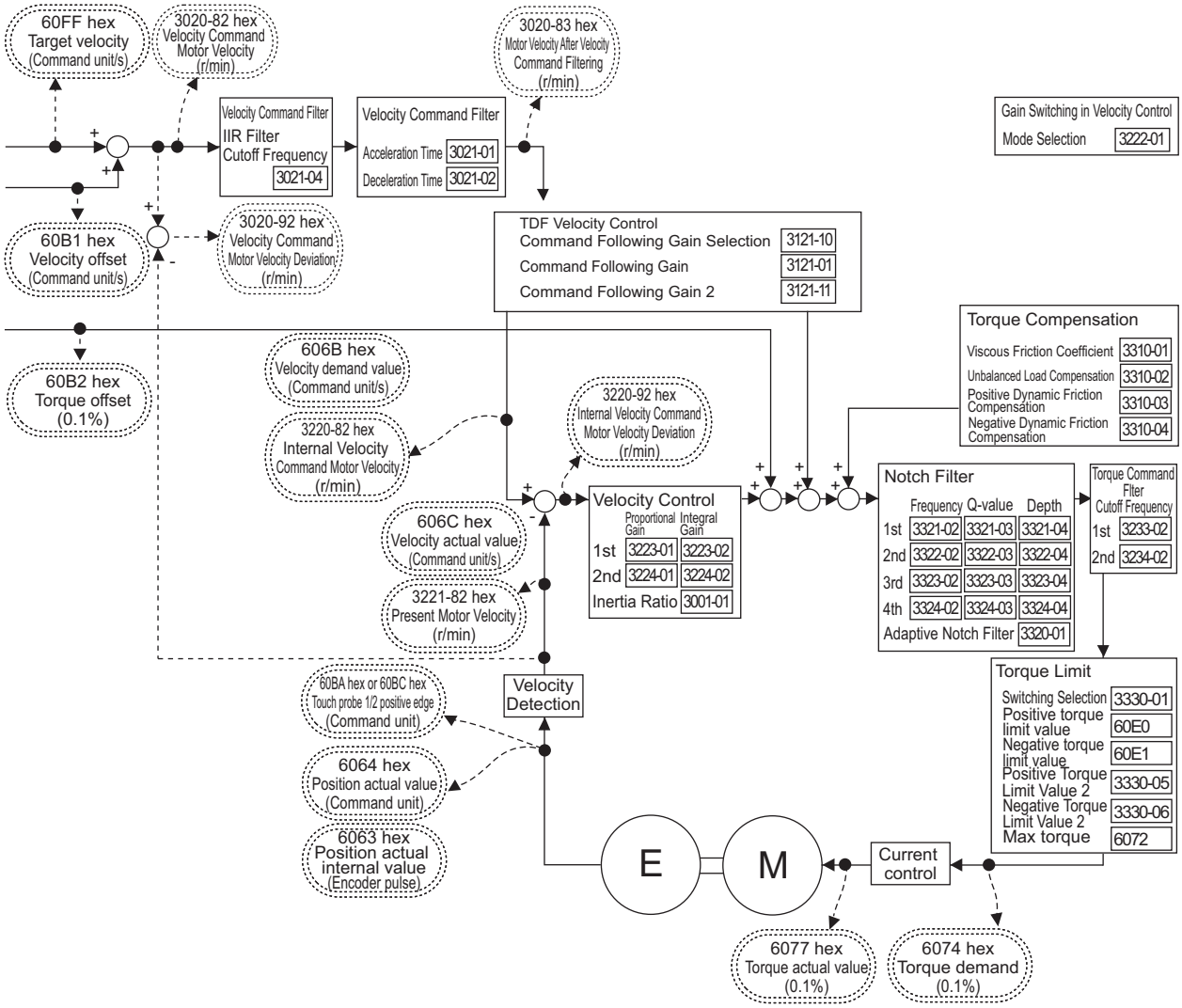
ODF Position Control



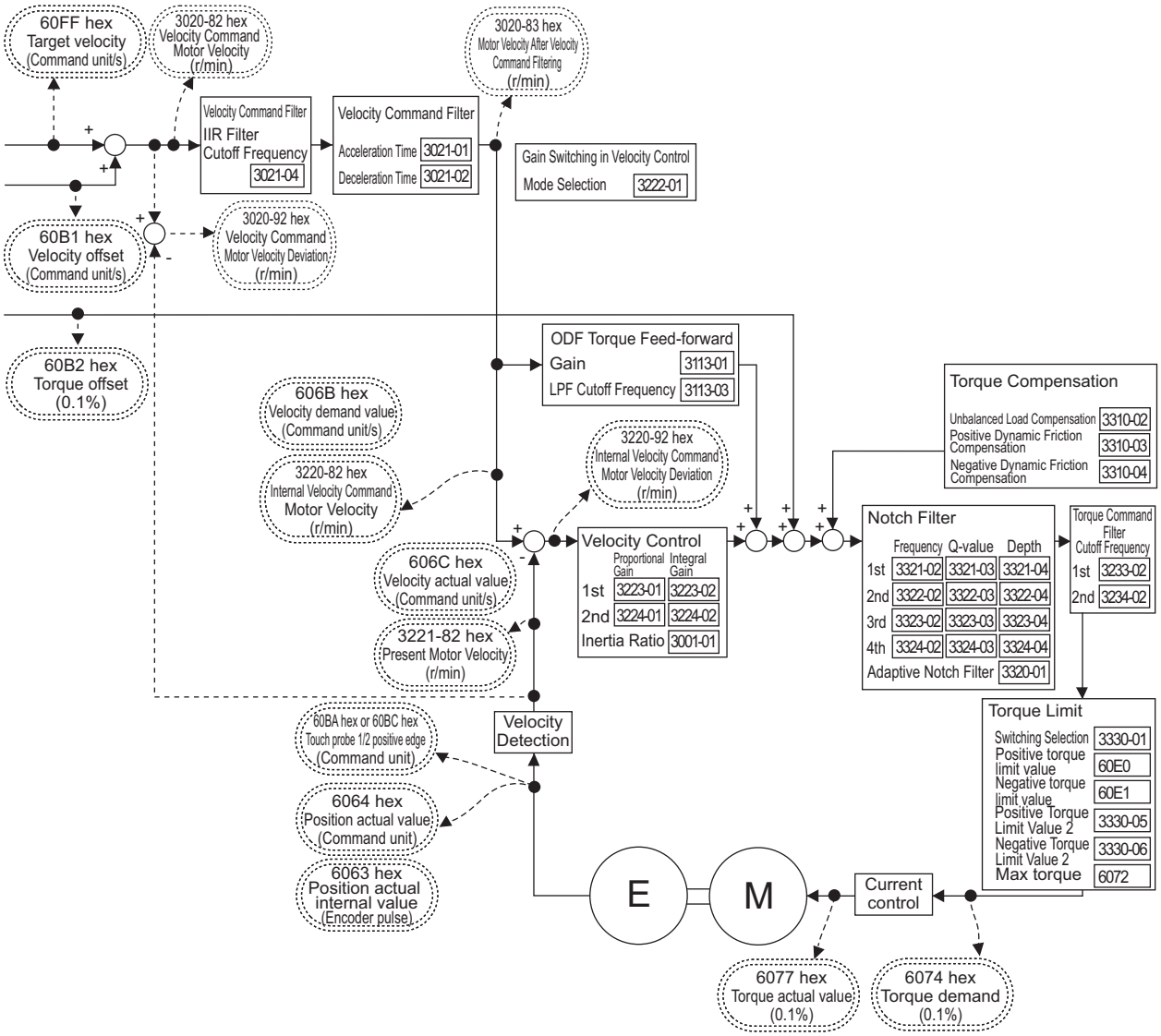
6-2-2 Block Diagram for Velocity Control

The block diagrams for TDF velocity control and ODF velocity control are given.

TDF Velocity Control

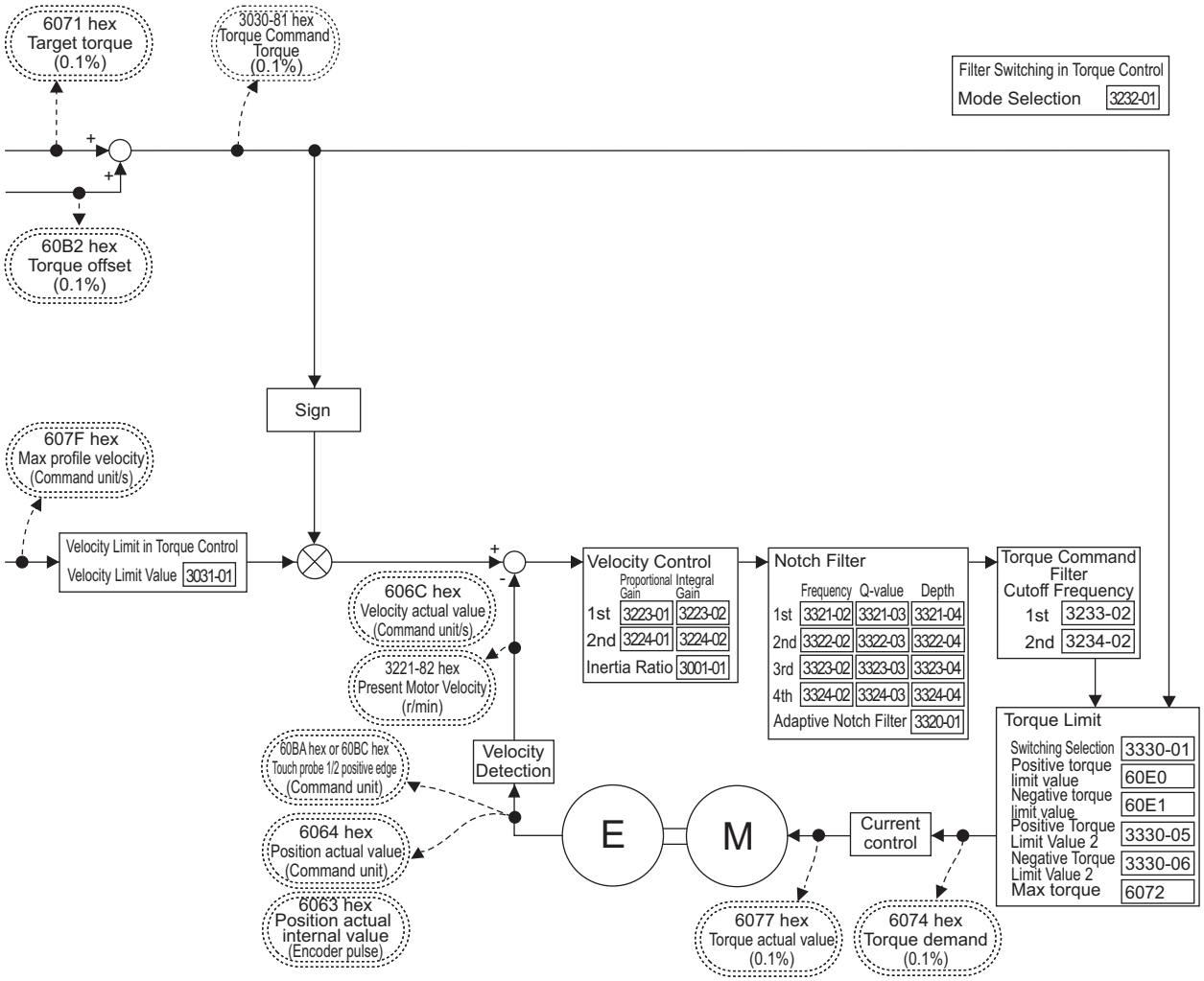


ODF Velocity Control



6-2-3 Block Diagram for Torque Control

The block diagram for torque control is given.

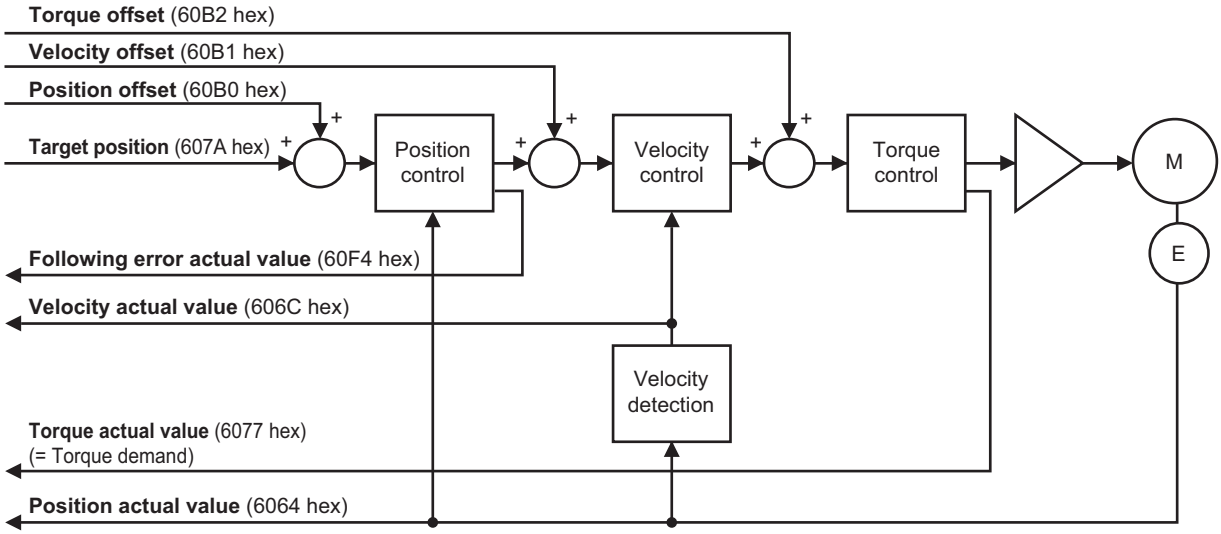


6-3 Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

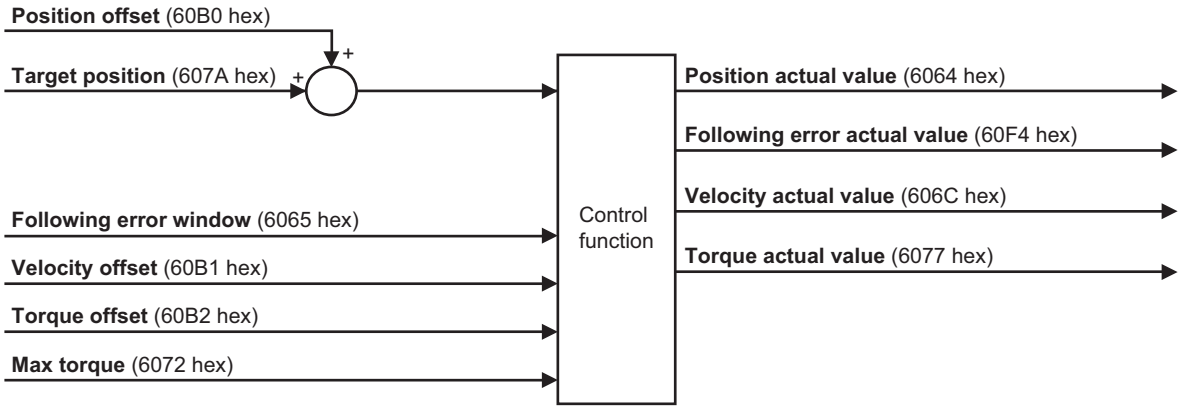
In this mode of operation, the controller has a path generation function (an operation profile calculation function) and it gives the target position to the Servo Drive in cyclic synchronization.
Velocity offset (60B1 hex) and **Torque offset** (60B2 hex) can be used as the velocity feed-forward and torque feed-forward amounts respectively.

Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode Configuration

The following diagram shows the configuration of the Cyclic synchronous position mode.



The following diagram shows the configuration of the control function of the Cyclic synchronous position mode.



Related Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6040	00	Controlword	RW	U16	---	0 to FFFF hex	0000 hex
6041	00	Statusword	RO	U16	---	---	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6060	00	Modes of operation	RW	INT8	---	0 to 10	0
6064	00	Position actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit	---	---
6065*1	00	Following error window	RW	U32	Command unit	0 to 2,147,483,647 or 4,294,967,295	84,000,000
606C	00	Velocity actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit/s	---	---
6072	00	Max torque	RW	U16	0.1%	0 to 5,000	5,000
6077	00	Torque actual value	RO	INT16	0.1%	---	---
607A	00	Target position	RW	INT32	Command unit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	0
60B0	00	Position offset	RW	INT32	Command unit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	0
60B1	00	Velocity offset	RW	INT32	Command unit/s	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	0
60B2	00	Torque offset	RW	INT16	0.1%	-5,000 to 5,000	0
60F4	00	Following error actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit	---	---

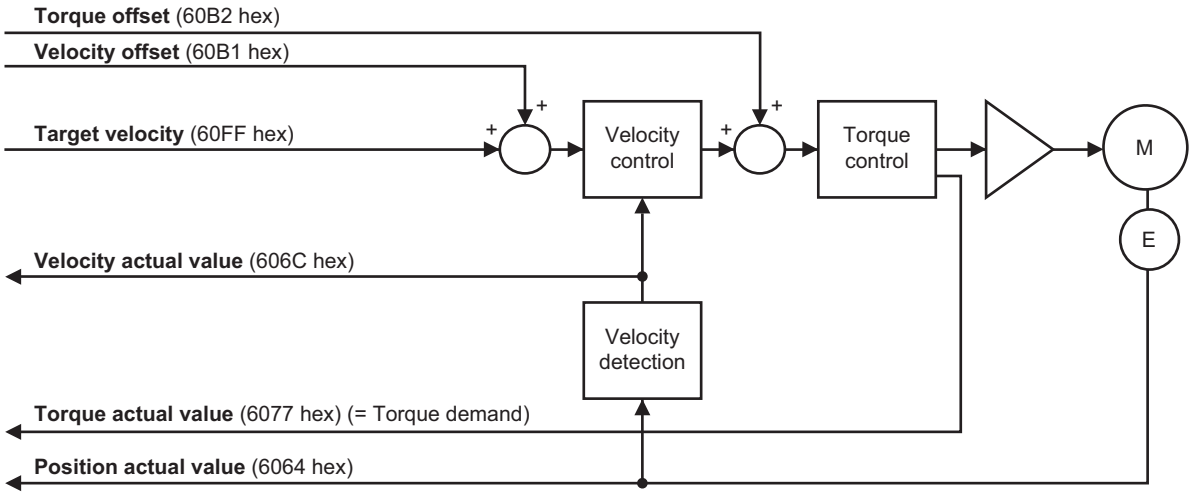
*1. **Following error window** can be set to *between 0 and 2,147,483,647*, or *4,294,967,295*. If the object is set to *4,294,967,295*, the detection of Excessive Position Deviation Error will be disabled. If it is set to *0*, an Excessive Position Deviation Error will always occur. If the set value is *between 2,147,483,647 and 4,294,967,294*, it is treated as *2,147,483,647*.

6-4 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode

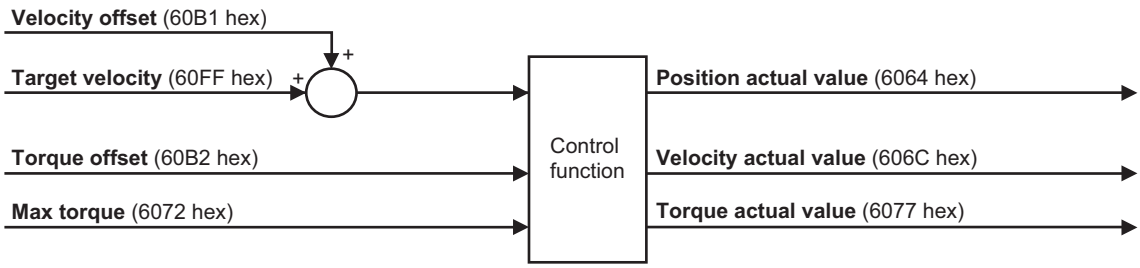
In this mode of operation, the controller has a path generation function (an operation profile calculation function) and it gives the target velocity to the Servo Drive in cyclic synchronization.
The **Torque offset** (60B2 hex) can be used as the torque feed-forward amount.

Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode Configuration

The following diagram shows the configuration of the Cyclic synchronous velocity mode.



The following diagram shows the configuration of the control function of the Cyclic synchronous velocity mode.



Related Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6040	00	Controlword	RW	U16	---	0 to FFFF hex	0000 hex
6041	00	Statusword	RO	U16	---	---	---
6060	00	Modes of operation	RW	INT8	---	0 to 10	0
6064	00	Position actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit	---	---
606C	00	Velocity actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit/s	---	---
6072	00	Max torque	RW	U16	0.1%	0 to 5,000	5,000

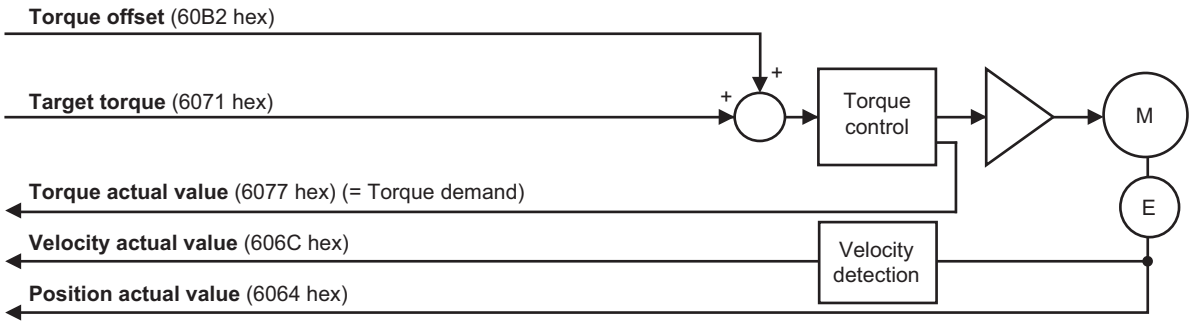
Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6077	00	Torque actual value	RO	INT16	0.1%	---	---
60B1	00	Velocity offset	RW	INT32	Command unit/s	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	0
60B2	00	Torque offset	RW	INT16	0.1%	-5,000 to 5,000	0
60FF	00	Target velocity	RW	INT32	Command unit/s	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	0

6-5 Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

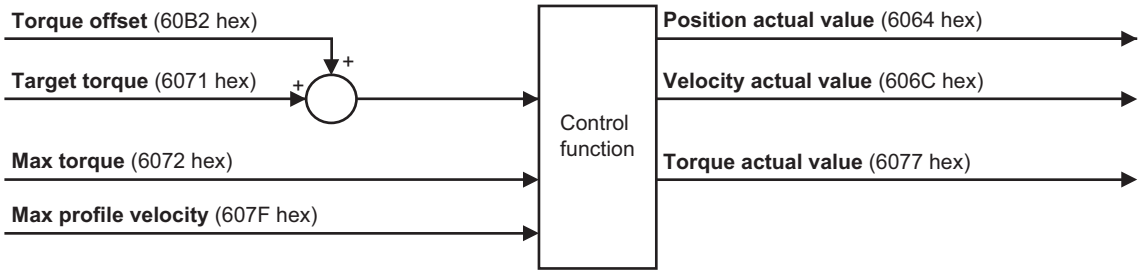
In this mode of operation, the controller has a path generation function (an operation profile calculation function) and it gives the target torque to the Servo Drive in cyclic synchronization.

Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode Configuration

The following diagram shows the configuration of the Cyclic synchronous torque mode.



The following diagram shows the configuration of the control function of the Cyclic synchronous torque mode.



Related Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6040	00	Controlword	RW	U16	---	0 to FFFF hex	0000 hex
6041	00	Statusword	RO	U16	---	---	---
6060	00	Modes of operation	RW	INT8	---	0 to 10	0
6064	00	Position actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit	---	---
606C	00	Velocity actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit/s	---	---
6071	00	Target torque	RW	INT16	0.1%	-5,000 to 5,000	0
6072	00	Max torque	RW	U16	0.1%	0 to 5,000	5,000
6077	00	Torque actual value	RO	INT16	0.1%	---	---
607F	00	Max profile velocity	RW	U32	Command unit/s	0 to 2,147,483,647	0
60B2	00	Torque offset	RW	INT16	0.1%	-5,000 to 5,000	0

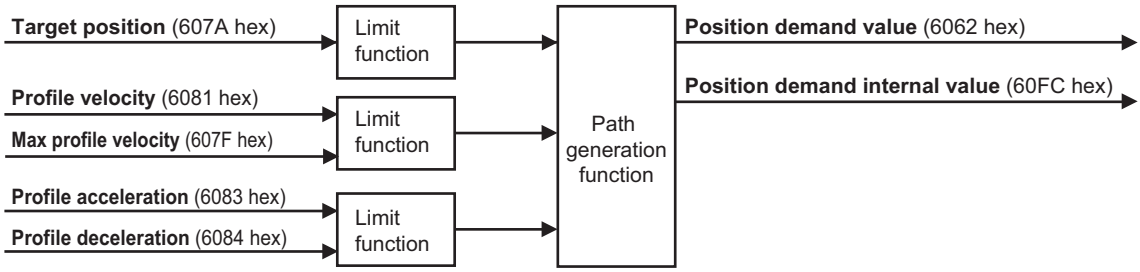
Related Functions

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3031	---	Velocity Limit in Torque Control	---	page 9-24
	01	Velocity Limit Value	Sets the velocity limit value in the torque control. The torque control is performed so that the value set in the Velocity Limit Value is not exceeded.	page 9-24

6-6 Profile Position Mode

In this mode of operation, the controller uses the path generation function (an operation profile calculation function) inside the Servo Drive to perform PTP positioning operation. It executes path generation based on the target position, profile velocity, profile acceleration, profile deceleration, and other information.
The Profile position mode can be used when the communications period is 250 μs or more. If the communications period is less than 250 μs, a Command Error (Error No. 91.01) occurs.

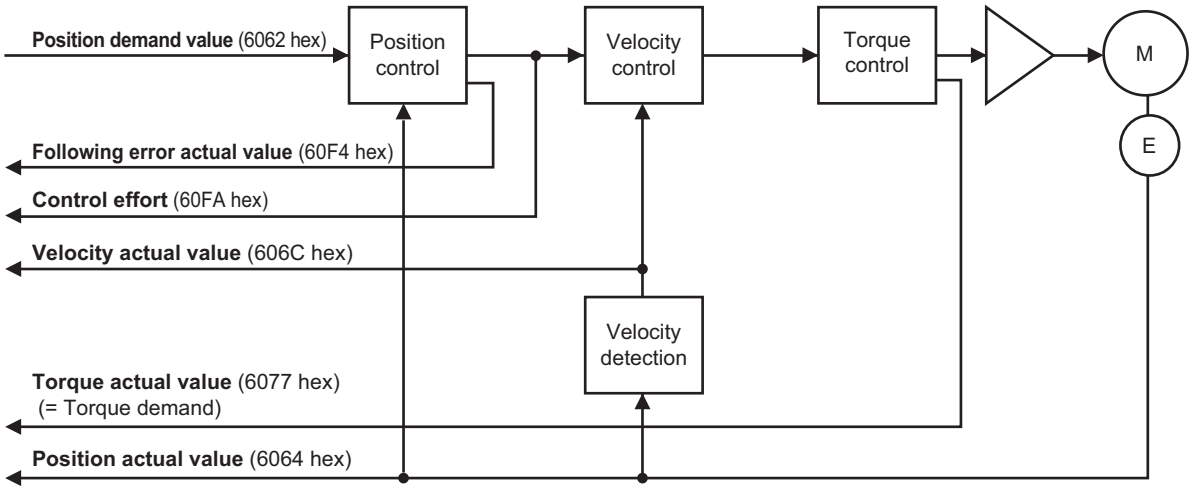
The following diagram shows the configuration of the path generation function.



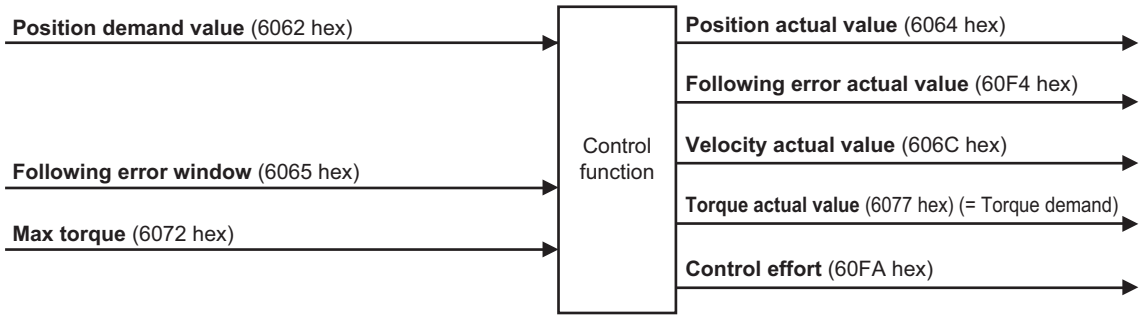
To use these objects, map them in the variable PDO mapping as appropriate.

Profile Position Mode Configuration

The following diagram shows the configuration of Profile position mode.



The following diagram shows the control function configuration of Profile position mode.



Related Objects

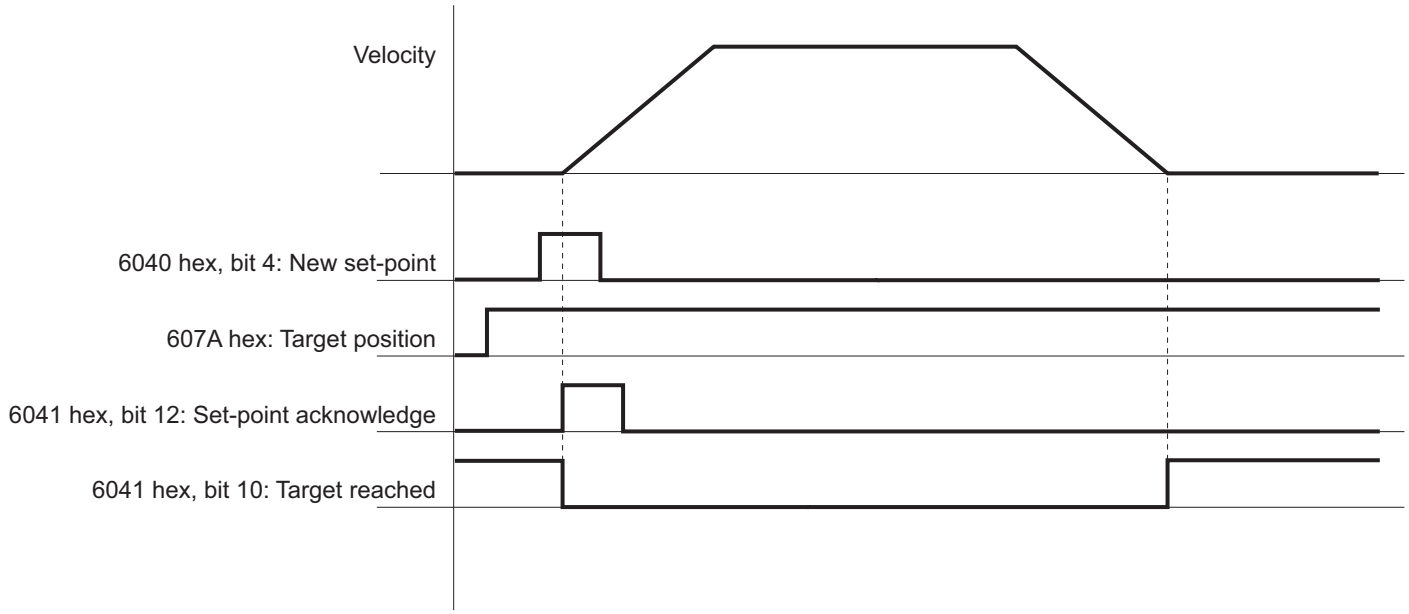
Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6040	00	Controlword	RW	U16	---	0 to FFFF hex	0000 hex
6041	00	Statusword	RO	U16	---	---	---
6060	00	Modes of operation	RW	INT8	---	0 to 10	0
6062	00	Position demand value	RO	INT32	Command unit	---	---
6064	00	Position actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit	---	---
6065*1	00	Following error window	RW	U32	Command unit	0 to 2,147,483,647 or 4,294,967,295	100,000
606C	00	Velocity actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit/s	---	---
6072	00	Max torque	RW	U16	0.1%	0 to 5,000	5,000
6077	00	Torque actual value	RO	INT16	0.1%	---	---
607A*2	00	Target position	RW	INT32	Command unit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	0
607F	00	Max profile velocity	W	U32	Command unit/s	0 to 2,147,483,647	2,147,483,647
6081	00	Profile velocity	RW	U32	Command unit/s	0 to 2,147,483,647	0000 hex
6083	00	Profile acceleration	RW	U32	Command unit/s^2	1 to 2,147,483,647	1,000,000
6084	00	Profile deceleration	RW	U32	Command unit/s^2	1 to 2,147,483,647	1,000,000
60F4	00	Following error actual value	RO	INT32	Command unit	---	---
60FA	00	Control effort	RO	INT32	Command unit/s	---	---
60FC	00	Position demand internal value	RO	INT32	Encoder unit	---	---

*1. **Following error window** can be set to *between 0 and 2,147,483,647*, or *4,294,967,295.* If the object is set to *4,294,967,295*, the detection of Excessive Position Deviation Error will be disabled. If it is set to *0*, an Excessive Position Deviation Error will always occur. If the set value is *between 2,147,483,647 and 4,294,967,294*, it is treated as *2,147,483,647*.

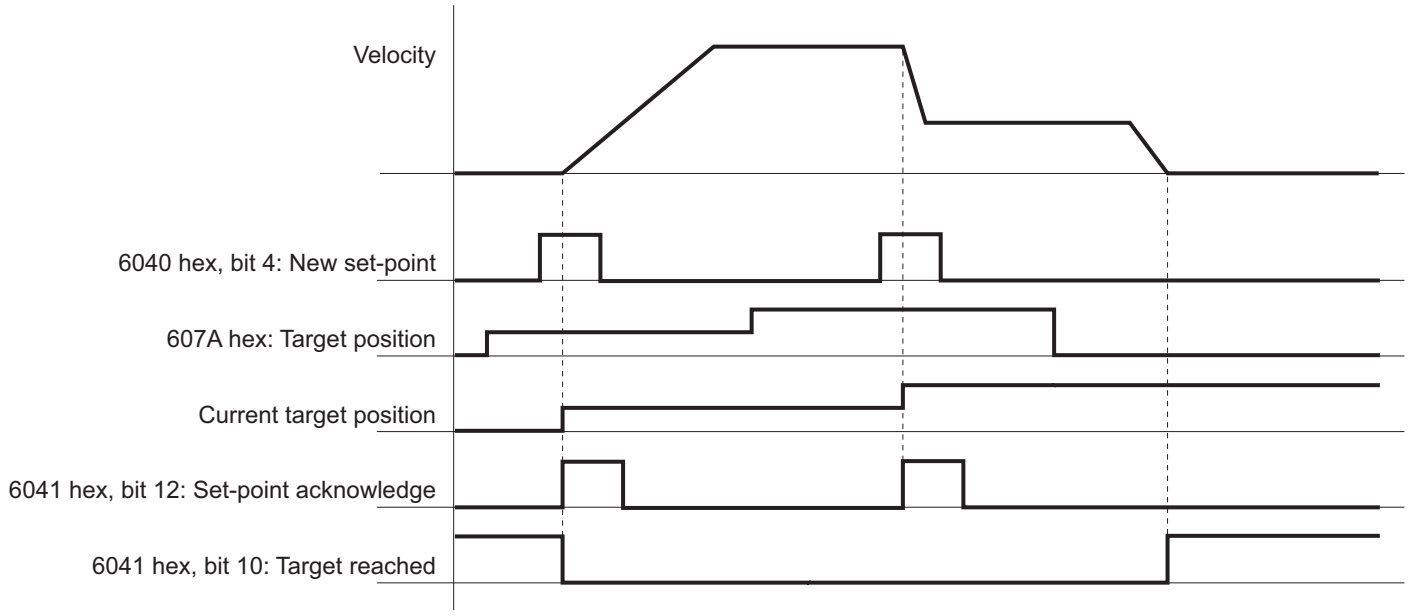
*2. To enable the Servo Drive to accept commands without fail, the object value must always be retained for two communications cycles or more.

Description of Function

Set the **Controlword** (6040 hex) bit 5 (Change set immediately) to *1*.
When you set the **Target position** (607A hex) and the **Profile velocity** (6081 hex) and then change the **Controlword** (6040 hex) bit 4 (New set point) from *0* to *1*, the Servo Drive starts positioning to the set target position.

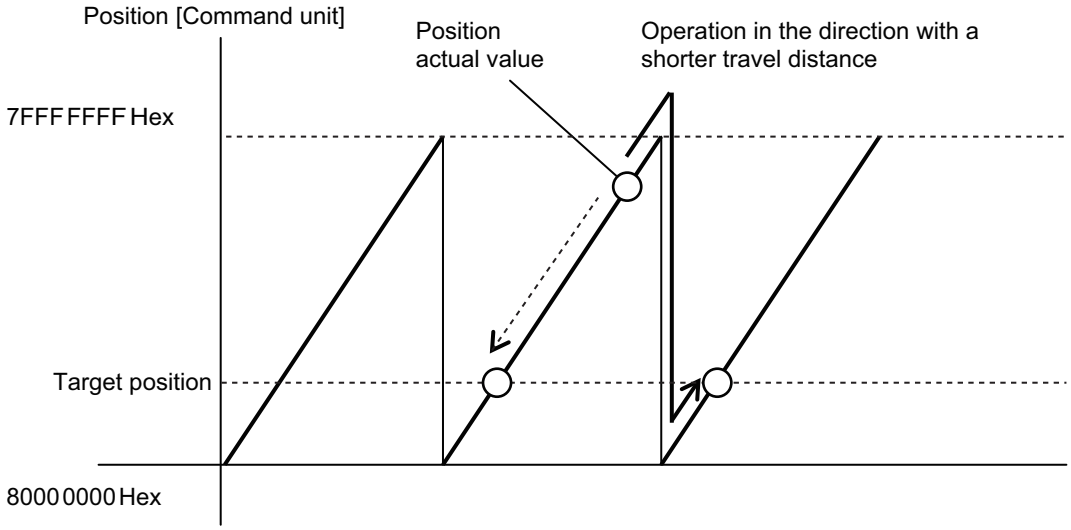


You can change the target value while PTP positioning is in progress.
During PTP positioning, when you change the **Target position** (607A hex) and **Profile velocity** (6081 hex) value and then change the **Controlword** (6040 hex) bit 4 (New set point) from *0* to *1*, the Servo Drive performs positioning with the changed value.



Precautions for Correct Use

Depending on the positional relationship between the position actual value and target position, operation is performed in the direction with a shorter travel distance.



Controlword (6040 hex) in Profile Position Mode

The bits in Controlword used in the Profile position mode are explained below.
For the bits that are common to all modes, refer to *A-1 CiA 402 Drive Profile* on page A-2.

Bit	Name	Description
4	New set-point	Starts positioning at the rising edge, from *0* to *1*, of the signal. In this timing, the values of **Target position** (607A hex) and **Profile velocity** (6081 hex) are obtained.
5	Change set immediately	Always set to *1* (Change set immediately). If set to *0*, positioning does not occur due to a Command Warning.
6	Absolute/relative (abs/rel)	Always set to *0* (abs). If set to *1* (rel), positioning does not occur due to a Command Warning.
8	Halt	When set to *0*, positioning starts or continues. When set to *1*, positioning stops according to the **Halt option code** (605D hex) setting.
9	Change on Set-point	Unused for 1S-series Servo Drives.

Statusword (6041 hex) in Profile Position Mode

The bits in Statusword used in the Profile position mode are explained below.

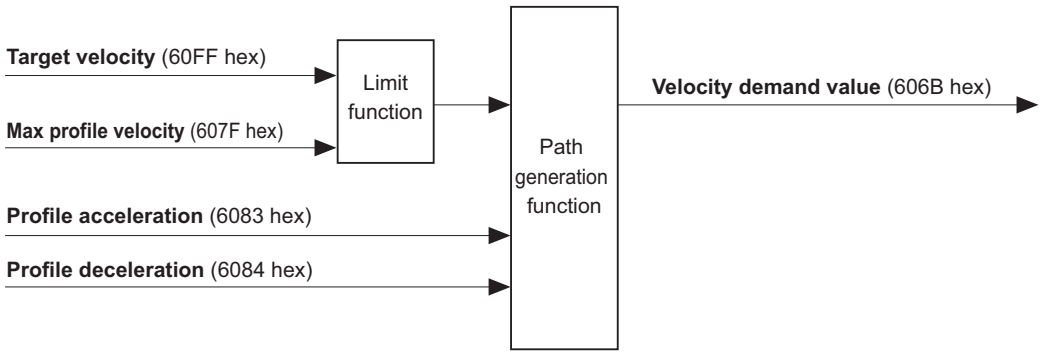
Bit	Name	Value	Description
10	Target reached	0	Halt bit is 0: Positioning is not completed. Halt bit is 1: The axis is decelerating.
		1	Halt bit is 0: Positioning is completed. Halt bit is 1: The axis speed is zero.

Bit	Name	Value	Description
12	Set-point acknowledge	0	Waiting for a new Target position.
		1	Ready to accept updates (overwriting) of the Target position.
13	Following error	0	No Following error occurred.
		1	A Following error occurred.

6-7 Profile Velocity Mode

In this mode of operation, the controller uses the path generation function (an operation profile calculation function) inside the 1S-series Servo Drive to control the velocity. It executes path generation based on the target velocity, profile acceleration, profile deceleration, and other information.
The Profile velocity mode can be used when the communications period is 250 μs or more. If the communications period is less than 250 μs, a Command Error (Error No. 91.01) occurs.

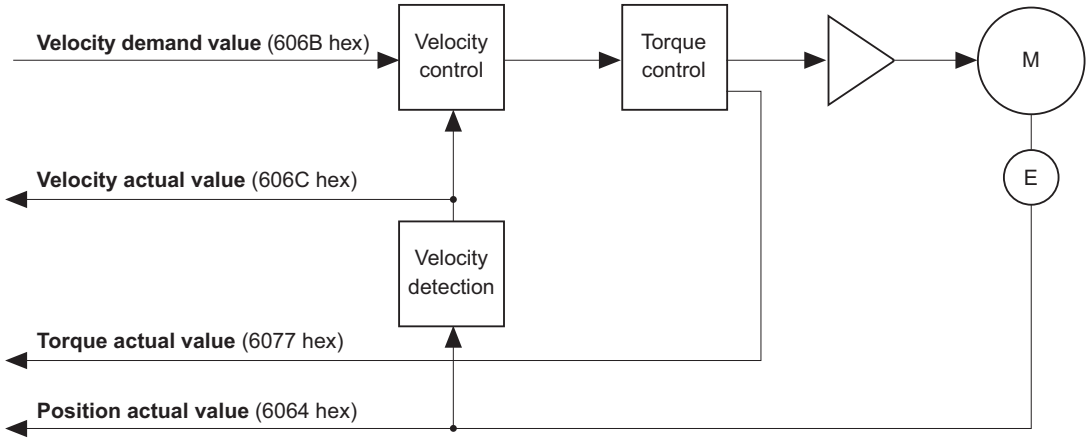
The following diagram shows the configuration of the path generation function.



To use these objects, map them in the variable PDO mapping as appropriate.

Profile Velocity Mode Configuration

The following diagram shows the configuration of the Profile velocity mode.



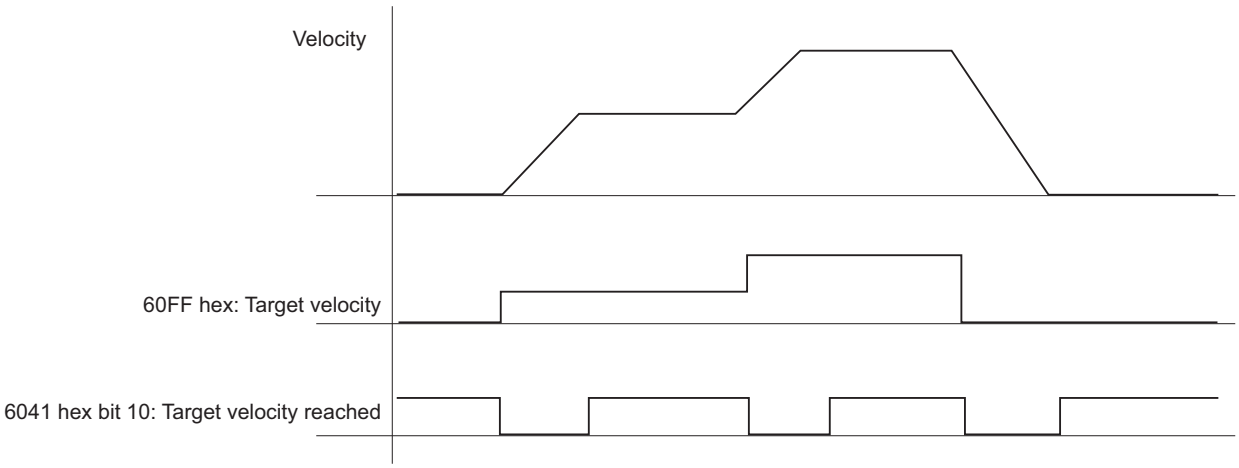
Related Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6040	00	Controlword	W	U16	---	0000 to FFFF hex	0000 hex
6041	00	Statusword	R	U16	---	---	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6064	00	Position actual value	R	INT32	Command unit	---	---
606B	00	Velocity demand value	R	INT32	Command unit/s	---	---
606C	00	Velocity actual value	R	INT32	Command unit/s	---	---
6077	00	Torque actual value	R	INT16	0.1%	---	---
607F	00	Max profile velocity	W	U32	Command unit/s	0 to 2,147,483,647	0
6083	00	Profile acceleration	W	U32	Command unit/s^2	1 to 2,147,483,647	1,000,000
6084	00	Profile deceleration	W	U32	Command unit/s^2	1 to 2,147,483,647	1,000,000
60FF	00	Target velocity	W	INT32	Command unit/s	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	0

Description of Function

When you set the **Target velocity** (60FF hex), the Servo Drive starts acceleration/deceleration operation to the set target velocity.
You can change the target velocity while acceleration/deceleration is in progress.



Controlword (6040 hex) in Profile Velocity Mode

The bits in Controlword used in the Profile velocity mode are explained below.
For the bits that are common to all modes, refer to *A-1 CiA 402 Drive Profile* on page A-2.

Bit	Name	Value	Description
4	Not used.	---	---
5	Not used.	---	---
6	Not used.	---	---

Bit	Name	Value	Description
8	Halt	0	Velocity control starts or continues.
		1	Stop axis according to the **Halt option code** (605D hex).
9	Not used.	---	---

Statusword (6041 hex) in Profile Velocity Mode

The bits in Statusword used in the Profile velocity mode are explained below.

Bit	Name	Value	Description
10	Target reached	0	Target velocity not reached
		1	Target velocity reached
12	Speed	0	Zero speed not detected
		1	Zero speed detected
13	Not used.	0	---

6-8 Homing Mode

In this mode of operation, the Servo Drive has a path generation function (an operation profile calculation function) and it executes the homing operation in the Homing method specified from the controller. When a controller is connected, the following two homing procedures are available depending on the controller specifications.

Procedure 1

Create a homing operation pattern in the controller, and provide the command to the Servo Drive in Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp).
When you use the controller to perform the homing operation in "procedure 1", refer to the manual for the controller.

Procedure 2

Use the Homing mode of the Servo Drive. The controller specifies a homing method supported by the Servo Drive and commands the start of the homing operation.
The Homing mode can be used when the communications period is 250 μs or more. If the communications period is less than 250 μs, a Command Error (Error No. 91.01) occurs.
When you use the controller to perform the homing operation in "procedure 2", refer to the manual for the controller and *A-1-5 Homing Mode Specifications* on page A-6.



Additional Information

"Procedure 1" is used for the OMRON Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. In this procedure, the Position Control Unit creates a homing operation pattern and provides the command to the Servo Drive in the Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) to perform the homing operation.

6-9 Connecting with OMRON Controllers

This section describes the settings required to connect the Servo Drive with an OMRON controller.

Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit

The following tables show the setting values required to use the control functions of the controller.
If you change these settings, read and understand the relevant specifications in advance and set appropriate values.

● Common Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Recommended setting	Description
3001	---	Machine	---	The gear ratio used by the Servo Drive is 1:1, and command units are set by the controller. *1
	05	Motor Revolutions	1	
	06	Shaft Revolutions	1	
3330	---	Torque Limit	---	If both PCL and NCL are OFF, the torque limit is controlled with the values of *60E0 hex* and *60E1 hex* that are mapped to a PDO.
	01	Switching Selection	2	
	05	Positive Torque Limit Value 2	5,000	Default setting = 500.0%
	06	Negative Torque Limit Value 2	5,000	Default setting = 500.0%
3A00	---	Homing	---	The value of offset used by the Servo Drive is *0*.
	06	Home Offset	0	
3B10	---	Drive Prohibition	---	Drive prohibition input is disabled for the Servo Drive, and this function is handled by the controller.
	01	Enable	0	
3B11	---	Software Position Limit	---	Disabled in both positive and negative directions.
	01	Enable Selection	0	
3B30	---	Touch Probe 1	---	Touch probe1 source is set to External Latch Input 1, and Touch probe 2 source is set to External Latch Input 2.
	01	Touch Probe 1 Source	1	
3B31	---	Touch Probe 2	---	Touch probe1 source is set to External Latch Input 1, and Touch probe 2 source is set to External Latch Input 2.
	01	Touch Probe 2 Source	2	
4020	---	Warning Customization	---	The warning is automatically cleared when the cause of the warning is eliminated.
	04	Warning Hold Selection	0	
4510	---	Encoder	---	Used as the absolute encoder and the Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow is ignored.
	01	Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder	2	
4630	---	Positive Drive Prohibition Input	---	The Positive Drive Prohibition Input is allocated to General Input 2 (IN2) with negative logic (NC contact).
	01	Port Selection	2	
	02	Logic Selection	1	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Recommended setting	Description
4631	---	Negative Drive Prohibition Input	---	The Negative Drive Prohibition Input is allocated to General Input 3 (IN3) with negative logic (NC contact).
	01	Port Selection	3	
	02	Logic Selection	1	
4632	---	External Latch Input 1	---	The External Latch Input 1 is allocated to General Input 7 (IN7) with positive logic (NO contact).
	01	Port Selection	7	
	02	Logic Selection	0	
4633	---	External Latch Input 2	---	The External Latch Input 2 is allocated to General Input 8 (IN8) with positive logic (NO contact).
	01	Port Selection	8	
	02	Logic Selection	0	
4634	---	Home Proximity Input	---	The Home Proximity Input is allocated to General Input 4 (IN4) with positive logic (NO contact).
	01	Port Selection	4	
	02	Logic Selection	0	

*1. If the unit version of the NJ/NX-series CPU Units is 1.10 or earlier, some Servomotors cannot be driven at the maximum rotation speed. In such a case, set the electronic gear ratio of the Servo Drive to 2:1 or higher.

● Settings for Configuring Ring Topology in EtherCAT Network

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Recommended setting	Description
2200	00	Communications Error Setting	2 or more	Set the value to 2 or more because one communications error occurs when the ring is disconnected or during the restoration. The default value is 1.

When you build a safety system using FSoE communications, you also need to set the following item. As for the detail, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.

Item	Recommended setting	Description
Watchdog Time of Safety Process Data Communications Settings	Auto set value + EtherCAT communications cycle × 2 or more*1	Make the value at least two communications cycles larger than the auto set value because one communications error occurs when the ring is disconnected or during the restoration.

*1. If EtherCAT communications cycle × 2 is less than 3 ms, add 3 ms or more to the auto set value.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Do not rotate the Servomotor at more than 2,147,483,647 [command unit] if the power supply of NJ/NX-series CPU Unit is OFF when you use the absolute encoder. When the power supply is turned ON, the CPU Unit cannot restore the present position.
- Do not rotate the Servomotor at more than 2,147,483,647 [command unit] if EtherCAT communications are not established with the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit when you use the absolute encoder. When communications are established, the CPU Unit cannot restore the present position.
- With the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, when you build a safety system using FSoE communications, it is not possible to set the task (execution priority: 5) to coexist with other tasks. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual (Cat. No. W505)* for task settings.

7

Applied Functions

This section provides the outline and settings of the applied functions such as electronic gear and gain switching.

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7-1 General-purpose Input Signals

The 1S-series Servo Drives provide 8 ports for general-purpose input signals to which you can allocate function inputs in the Control I/O Connector (CN1). You can also set the logic for input signals that can be allocated. Note that you cannot allocate more than one function to the same general-purpose input signal.
Refer to *3-1-5 Control I/O Connector (CN1) Specifications* on page 3-25 for I/O signal connection and external signal processing.
General Input 7 (IN7) and 8 (IN8) are high-speed inputs. Use these inputs for functions that require high precision, such as the latch input.

Precautions for Correct Use

The signal status must be held for at least 125 μs for high-speed inputs and at least 2 ms for other inputs.

Function Inputs That Can Be Allocated

Function input name	Symbol
Positive Drive Prohibition Input	POT
Negative Drive Prohibition Input	NOT
Error Stop Input	ESTP
External Latch Input 1	EXT1
External Latch Input 2	EXT2
Home Proximity Input	DEC
Positive Torque Limit Input	PCL
Negative Torque Limit Input	NCL
Monitor Input 1	MON1
Monitor Input 2	MON2
Monitor Input 3	MON3
Monitor Input 4	MON4
Monitor Input 5	MON5
Monitor Input 6	MON6
Monitor Input 7	MON7
Monitor Input 8	MON8

7-1-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4630	---	Positive Drive Prohibition Input	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-116
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated. 0: No allocation 1: General Input 1 (IN1) 2: General Input 2 (IN2) 3: General Input 3 (IN3) 4: General Input 4 (IN4) 5: General Input 5 (IN5) 6: General Input 6 (IN6) 7: General Input 7 (IN7) 8: General Input 8 (IN8)	
	02	Logic Selection	Sets the positive logic (NO contact) or negative logic (NC contact). 0: Positive logic (NO contact) 1: Negative logic (NC contact)	
4631	---	Negative Drive Prohibition Input	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-116
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
4632	---	External Latch Input 1	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-116
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
4633	---	External Latch Input 2	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-117
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
4634	---	Home Proximity Input	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-117
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
4635	---	Positive Torque Limit Input	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-117
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
4636	---	Negative Torque Limit Input	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-118
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
4637	---	Error Stop Input	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-118
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
4638	---	Monitor Input 1	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-118
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
4639	---	Monitor Input 2	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-119
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
463A	---	Monitor Input 3	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-119
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
463B	---	Monitor Input 4	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-119
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
463C	---	Monitor Input 5	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-120
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
463D	---	Monitor Input 6	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-120
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
463E	---	Monitor Input 7	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-120
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	
463F	---	Monitor Input 8	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-121
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4630-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4630-02 hex.	

7-1-2 Default Setting

The allocations of the default input signals are as follows.

Index (hex)	Name	Default setting			
		Subindex 01 hex Port Selection		Subindex 02 hex Logic Selection	
		Set value	Status	Set value	Status
4630	Positive Drive Prohibition Input	2	General Input 2 (IN2)	1	Negative logic (NC contact)
4631	Negative Drive Prohibition Input	3	General Input 3 (IN3)	1	Negative logic (NC contact)
4632	External Latch Input 1	7	General Input 7 (IN7)	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4633	External Latch Input 2	8	General Input 8 (IN8)	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4634	Home Proximity Input	4	General Input 4 (IN4)	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4635	Positive Torque Limit Input	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4636	Negative Torque Limit Input	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4637	Error Stop Input	1	General Input 1 (IN1)	1	Negative logic (NC contact)
4638	Monitor Input 1	5	General Input 5 (IN5)	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4639	Monitor Input 2	6	General Input 6 (IN6)	0	Positive logic (NO contact)

Index (hex)	Name	Default setting			
		Subindex 01 hex Port Selection		Subindex 02 hex Logic Selection	
		Set value	Status	Set value	Status
463A	Monitor Input 3	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
463B	Monitor Input 4	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
463C	Monitor Input 5	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
463D	Monitor Input 6	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
463E	Monitor Input 7	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
463F	Monitor Input 8	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)

7-1-3 Function Input Details

This section explains the function inputs that can be allocated to the general-purpose inputs.

● Error Stop Input (ESTP)

- This signal is used to forcibly generate an error to stop motor rotation from an external device.
- If the Error Stop Input (ESTP) signal turns ON during motor rotation, the Servomotor stops according to the setting in the **Stop Selection** – **Fault Reaction Option Code** (3B20-04 hex).
- If the Error Stop Input (ESTP) signal turns ON when the Servomotor is energized, the Error Stop Input (Error No. 87.00) will occur.

● Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) and Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT)

- These two input signals prohibit the positive and negative drive (over-travel).
- When these terminals are short-circuited (default setting), the Servo Drive can drive the Servomotor in each rotation direction.
- In the drive prohibition state, the Servo Drive does not enter an error state.
- To use this function, set **Drive Prohibition** – **Enable** (3B10-01 hex) to *1*.
- When **Drive Prohibition** – **Enable** (3B10-01 hex) is set to *1*, you can select the operation at a drive prohibition input in **Drive Prohibition** – **Stop Selection** (3B10-02 hex).

● Home Proximity Input (DEC)

- This is the deceleration signal for homing.
- If the Home Proximity Input turns ON while the Servomotor is running at the **Speed During Search for Switch** (3A00-03 hex), it will decelerate to **Homing** – **Speed During Search for Zero** (3A00-04 hex).

● External Latch Input (EXT1 and EXT2)

- These are the external input signals to latch the present position.
- The encoder position data is obtained at the rising edge when the External Latch Input is turned ON.

● Monitor Inputs (MON1 to MON8)

- These can be used as general-purpose monitor inputs.
- The general-purpose monitor inputs do not affect operation, and they can be monitored from the host controller.

● Positive Torque Limit Input (PCL) and Negative Torque Limit Input (NCL)

- The Positive Torque Limit Input (PCL) is used to switch the torque limit between the **Positive torque limit value** (60E0 hex or 3330-03 hex) and **Positive Torque Limit Value 2** (3330-05 hex).
- The Negative Torque Limit Input (NCL) is used to switch the torque limit between the **Negative torque limit value** (60E1 hex or 3330-04 hex) and **Negative Torque Limit Value 2** (3330-06 hex).
- Use the **Torque Limit** – **Switching Selection** (3330-01 hex) to select a method to switch the torque limit.

7-2 General-purpose Output Signals

The 1S-series Servo Drives provide 3 ports for general-purpose output signals to which you can allocate function outputs in the Control I/O Connector (CN1). You can also set the logic for output signals that can be allocated. Note that you cannot allocate more than one function to the same general-purpose output signal.
Refer to *3-1-5 Control I/O Connector (CN1) Specifications* on page 3-25 for I/O signal connection and external signal processing.

Function Outputs That Can Be Allocated

Function output name	Symbol
Error Output	ERR
Servo Ready Output	READY
Positioning Completion Output 1	INP1
Positioning Completion Output 2	INP2
Velocity Attainment Detection Output	TGON
Torque Limit Output	TLMT
Zero Speed Detection Output	ZSP
Velocity Conformity Output	VCMP
Warning Output 1	WARN1
Warning Output 2	WARN2
Velocity Limiting Output	VLMT
Error Clear Attribute Output	ERR-ATB
Remote Output 1	R-OUT1
Remote Output 2	R-OUT2
Remote Output 3	R-OUT3
Zone Notification Output 1	ZONE1
Zone Notification Output 2	ZONE2
Position Command Status Output	PCMD
Distribution Completed Output	DEN
External Brake Interlock Output	EXTBKIR

7-2-1 Object Requiring Setting

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4650	---	Error Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-123
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated. bit 0: General Output 1 (OUT1) bit 1: General Output 2 (OUT2) bit 2: General Output 3 (OUT3) 0: Not allocated 1: Allocated	
	02	Logic Selection	1: Negative logic (NC contact)	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4651	---	Servo Ready Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-123
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated. bit 0: General Output 1 (OUT1) bit 1: General Output 2 (OUT2) bit 2: General Output 3 (OUT3) 0: Not allocated 1: Allocated	
	02	Logic Selection	Sets the positive logic (NO contact) or negative logic (NC contact). 0: Positive logic (NO contact) 1: Negative logic (NC contact)	
4652	---	Positioning Completion Output 1	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-123
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4653	---	Positioning Completion Output 2	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-124
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4654	---	Velocity Attainment Detection Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-124
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4655	---	Torque Limit Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-125
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4656	---	Zero Speed Detection Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-125
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4657	---	Velocity Conformity Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-125
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4658	---	Warning Output 1	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-126
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4659	---	Warning Output 2	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-126
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
465A	---	Velocity Limiting Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-126
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
465B	---	Error Clear Attribute Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-127
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
465C	---	Remote Output 1	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-127
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
465D	---	Remote Output 2	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-127
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
465E	---	Remote Output 3	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-128
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
465F	---	Zone Notification Output 1	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-128
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4660	---	Zone Notification Output 2	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-128
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4661	---	Position Command Status Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-129
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4662	---	Distribution Completed Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-129
	01	Port Selection	The function is the same as 4651-01 hex.	
	02	Logic Selection	The function is the same as 4651-02 hex.	
4663	---	External Brake Interlock Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-129
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated. If this function is not allocated, it is output to the brake output (BKIR). bit 0: General Output 1 (OUT1) bit 1: General Output 2 (OUT2) bit 2: General Output 3 (OUT3) 0: Not allocated 1: Allocated	
	02	Logic Selection	0: Positive logic (NO contact)	

7-2-2 Default Setting

The allocations of the default output signals are as follows.

Index (hex)	Name	Default setting			
		Subindex 01 hex Port Selection		Subindex 02 hex Logic Selection	
		Set value	Status	Set value	Status
4650	Error Output	0	No allocation	1	Negative logic (NC contact)
4651	Servo Ready Output	1	General Output 1 (OUT1)	0	Positive logic (NO contact)

Index (hex)	Name	Default setting			
		Subindex 01 hex Port Selection		Subindex 02 hex Logic Selection	
		Set value	Status	Set value	Status
4652	Positioning Completion Output 1	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4653	Positioning Completion Output 2	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4654	Velocity Attainment Detection Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4655	Torque Limit Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4656	Zero Speed Detection Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4657	Velocity Conformity Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4658	Warning Output 1	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4659	Warning Output 2	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
465A	Velocity Limiting Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
465B	Error Clear Attribute Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
465C	Remote Output 1	2	General Output 2 (OUT2)	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
465D	Remote Output 2	4	General Output 3 (OUT3)	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
465E	Remote Output 3	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
465F	Zone Notification Output 1	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4660	Zone Notification Output 2	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4661	Position Command Status Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4662	Distribution Completed Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)
4663	External Brake Interlock Output	0	No allocation	0	Positive logic (NO contact)

7-2-3 Function Output Details

This section explains the function outputs that can be allocated to the general-purpose outputs.

● Error Output (ERR)

- This output is turned OFF when the Servo Drive detects an error.
- This output is OFF when the power supply is turned ON, but the output turns ON when the Servo Drive's initial processing is completed.

● Servo Ready Output (READY)

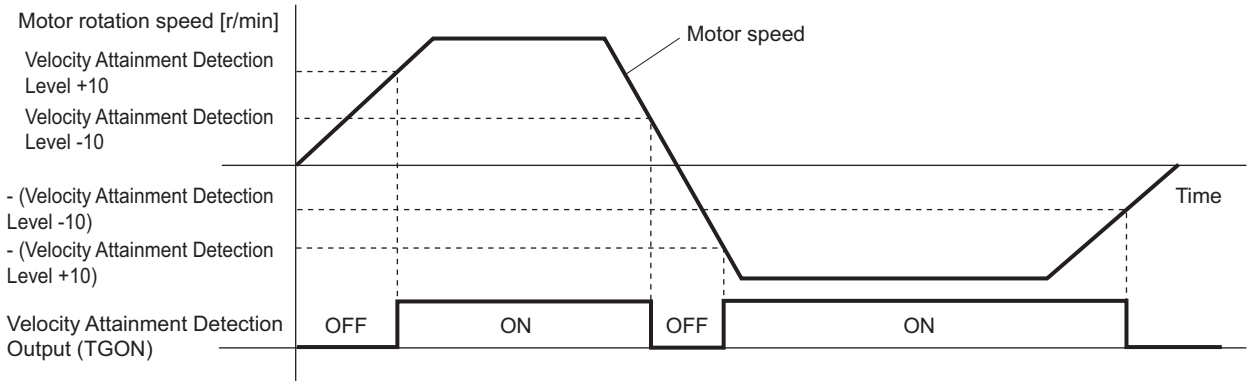
- This output signal indicates the Servo Drive is ready to supply power to the Servomotor.
- It turns ON when no error is detected after the main circuit power supply turns ON.

● Position Completion Output (INP1 and INP2)

- INP1 will turn ON when the following error is less than or equal to **Positioning Completion Notification** – **Position Window** (3B51-01 hex).
- INP2 output will turn ON as specified in the **Positioning Completion Notification 2** – **Notification Condition** (3B52-02 hex).
- This output remains OFF in controls other than position control.

● Velocity Attainment Detection Output (TGON)

- This output turns ON when the motor rotation speed exceeds the value that is set in the **Speed Detection Function** – **Velocity Attainment Detection Level** (3B60-01 hex).
- The output is effective both in positive and negative directions regardless the actual direction in which the motor rotates.
- The detection level has a hysteresis of 10 r/min.



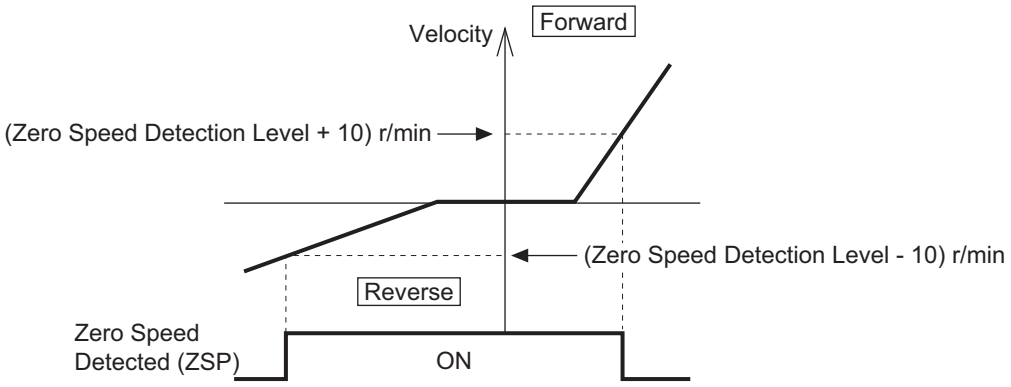
● Torque Limit Output (TLMT)

This output turns ON when the output torque reaches the value set in the followings.

- **Max torque** (6072 hex or 3330-02 hex)
- **Positive torque limit value** (60E0 hex or 3330-03 hex)
- **Negative torque limit value** (60E1 hex or 3330-04 hex)
- **Positive Torque Limit Value 2** (3330-05 hex)
- **Negative Torque Limit Value 2** (3330-06 hex)

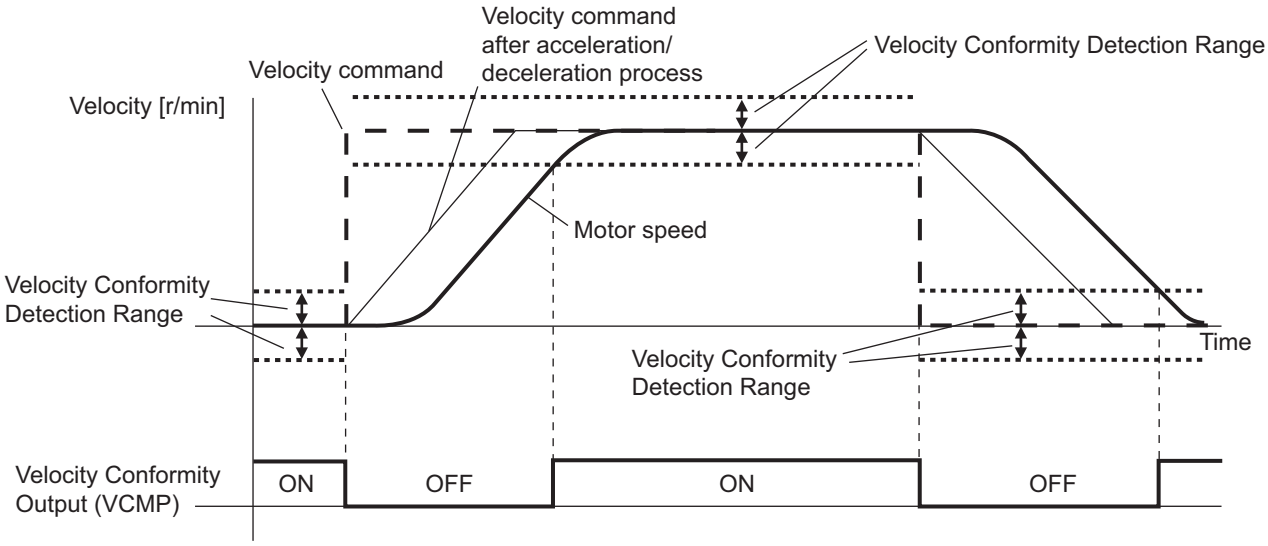
● Zero Speed Detection Output (ZSP)

- This output turns ON when the motor rotation speed goes below the value that is set in the **Speed Detection Function** – **Zero Speed Detection Level** (3B60-02 hex).
- The output is effective both in positive and negative directions regardless the actual direction in which the motor rotates.
- The detection level has a hysteresis of 10 r/min.



● Velocity Conformity Output (VCMP)

- This output turns ON when the motor speed conforms to the command velocity.
- The velocity conformity is determined when the difference between the velocity command inside the Servo Drive before acceleration or deceleration process and the motor rotation speed is within the range set in the **Speed Detection Function** – **Velocity Conformity Detection Range** (3B60-03 hex).
- The detection level has a hysteresis of 10 r/min.
- This output remains OFF in controls other than velocity control.



● Warning Output (WARN1 and WARN2)

- The Warning Output 1 (WARN1) turns ON when the warning that is set in **Warning Output 1 Setting** (4021 hex) is detected.
- The Warning Output 2 (WARN2) turns ON when the warning that is set in **Warning Output 2 Setting** (4022 hex) is detected.

● Position Command Status Output (PCMD)

- This output turns ON when a position command is issued in the position control.
- It is recognized that there is a position command when the command position changes from the last one.

● Velocity Limiting Output (VLMT)

- This output turns ON when the motor speed reaches the following limit values.
  a) Maximum motor speed
  b) **Velocity Limit in Torque Control** – **Velocity Limit Value** (3031-01 hex)
  c) **Max profile velocity** (607F hex)
- This output remains OFF in controls other than torque control.

● Error Clear Attribute Output (ERR-ATB)

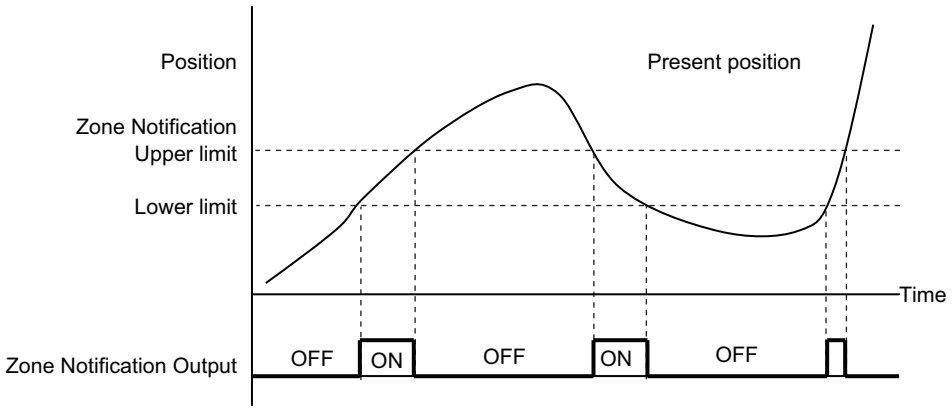
- This output turns ON when an error that can be reset occurs.

● Remote Output (R-OUT1 to R-OUT3)

- Remote Output 1 (R-OUT1) turns ON and OFF according to the value of bit 16 in the **Digital outputs** (60FE hex).
- Remote Output 2 (R-OUT2) turns ON and OFF according to the value of bit 17 in the **Digital outputs** (60FE hex).
- Remote Output 3 (R-OUT3) turns ON and OFF according to the value of bit 18 in the **Digital outputs** (60FE hex).

● Zone Notification Output (ZONE1 and ZONE2)

- Zone Notification Output 1 turns ON when the present position is within the range between **Lower Limit** (3B40-01 hex) and **Upper Limit** (3B40-02 hex) of **Zone Notification 1**.
- Zone Notification Output 2 turns ON when the present position is within the range between **Lower Limit** (3B41-01 hex) and **Upper Limit** (3B41-02 hex) of **Zone Notification 2**.
- The Zone Notification Output is performed when home is defined. This output is always OFF when home is undefined.



● Distribution Completed Output (DEN)

- This output turns ON when the command position inside the Servo Drive reaches the target position.

● External Brake Interlock Output (EXTBKIR)

- The external brake interlock relay turns ON while the brake is released.

7-3 Drive Prohibition Functions

If the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or the Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) is active, the motor will stop rotating.
You can thus prevent the motor from rotation outside of the movement range of the device by using limit inputs from the device connected to the Servo Drive.

7-3-1 Object Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3B10	---	Drive Prohibition	Sets the drive prohibition function.	page 9-61
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the drive prohibition function. 0: Drive prohibition disabled 1: Drive prohibition enabled	page 9-61
	02	Stop Selection	Selects the operation when Positive Drive Prohibition or Negative Drive Prohibition is enabled.	page 9-61
3B21	---	Deceleration Stop	Sets the operation during deceleration stop.	page 9-66
	01	Torque	Sets the torque limit value during deceleration stop. Setting range: *0.1% to 500.0%*	page 9-66
4630	---	Positive Drive Prohibition Input	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-116
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated.	
	02	Logic Selection	Select Positive logic (NO contact) or Negative logic (NC contact).	
4631	---	Negative Drive Prohibition Input	Sets the input signal allocation and logic.	page 9-116
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated.	
	02	Logic Selection	Select Positive logic (NO contact) or Negative logic (NC contact).	

7-3-2 Description of Operation

If **Drive Prohibition** – **Enable** (3B10-01 hex) is set to *1* (Drive Prohibition Enabled), when the Servo Drive detects that the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) is active, it stops the Servomotor according to the method specified in **Stop Selection** (3B10-02 hex).

Stop Selection set value	During deceleration*1		After stopping	
	Deceleration method	Following error	State after stopping	Following error
2	The deceleration stop torque is used.*2	Clear	Lock at the stop position	Cleared at the stop and held after stopping

Stop Selection set value	During deceleration*1		After stopping	
	Deceleration method	Following error	State after stopping	Following error
4*3	Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code	---	Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code	---

*1. During deceleration means the period in which the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower. Once the motor speed reaches 30 r/min or lower and the operation changes to after stopping, the following operation conforms to the description for the state after stopping, regardless of the motor speed.

*2. When the deceleration stop torque is used to stop the Servomotor, the operation direction may be reversed if the inertia is small and the operation speed is slow.

*3. If you set **Stop Selection** to *4*, a Drive Prohibition Detected (Error No. 38.01) occurs due to detection of the drive prohibition input.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Because the deceleration stop causes the Servomotor to decelerate quickly, in the position control mode, the following error may become large momentarily. This results in an Excessive Position Deviation Error (Error No. 24.00). If this error occurs, set the **Position Detection Function** – **Following Error Window** (3B50-05 hex) to an appropriate value.
- A load on the vertical axis and so forth may fall due to its own weight when the Drive Prohibition Input is ON. To prevent the load from falling, set **Drive Prohibition** – **Stop Selection** (3B10-02 hex) to 2 so that the Servomotor decelerates with the deceleration stop torque and stops with the servo lock, or use the host controller to limit the operation instead of this function.
- A Command Warning (Error No. B1.00) will occur if a command is given in the drive prohibition direction while the Servomotor is stopped (i.e., decreases the speed to approximately 30 r/min or lower) and the Drive Prohibition Input is active.
- By default, drive prohibition disabled (drive prohibition does not operate) is set. Set **Drive Prohibition** – **Enable** (3B10-01 hex) to *1* (drive prohibition enabled) for a system that requires the drive prohibition input.

Additional Information

While the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) is active, the Servomotor cannot be driven in the positive direction, but it can be driven in the negative direction. Conversely, while Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) is active, the Servomotor cannot be driven in the negative direction, but it can be driven in the positive direction.

7-4 Software Position Limit Functions

This function notifies you that the present position exceeded the specified movement range and stops the Servomotor rotation.

7-4-1 Operating Conditions

The Software Position Limit Function is performed when home is defined.

7-4-2 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3B11	---	Software Position Limit	Sets the software position limit function.	page 9-61
	01	Enable Selection	Selects whether to enable or disable the software position limit function. 0: Positive: Disabled, Negative: Disabled 1: Positive: Disabled, Negative: Enabled 2: Positive: Enabled, Negative: Disabled 3: Positive: Enabled, Negative: Enabled	page 9-62
	02	Stop Selection	Selects the operation when the software position limit is enabled.	page 9-62
	03	Min Position Limit	Sets the negative limit value.	page 9-63
	04	Max Position Limit	Sets the positive limit value.	page 9-63
3B21	---	Deceleration Stop	Sets the operation during deceleration stop.	page 9-66
	01	Torque	Sets the torque limit value during deceleration stop. Setting range: *0.0% to 500.0%*	page 9-66
3000	---	Basic Functions	Sets the basic functions of Servo Drives.	page 9-6
	81	Function Status	Gives the status of the Servo Drive. bit 5: Positive Software Limit (PSOT) bit 6: Negative Software Limit (NSOT) 0: Within limit value 1: Outside limit value	page 9-8

7-4-3 Description of Operation

When the software position limit function is enabled in **Software Position Limit** – **Enable Selection** (3B11-01 hex), if the present position exceeds the specified movement range, the Servo Drive stops the Servomotor according to the method specified in **Stop Selection** (3B11-02 hex).

The value set in **Enable Selection** (3B11-01 hex) determines the movement range as follows.

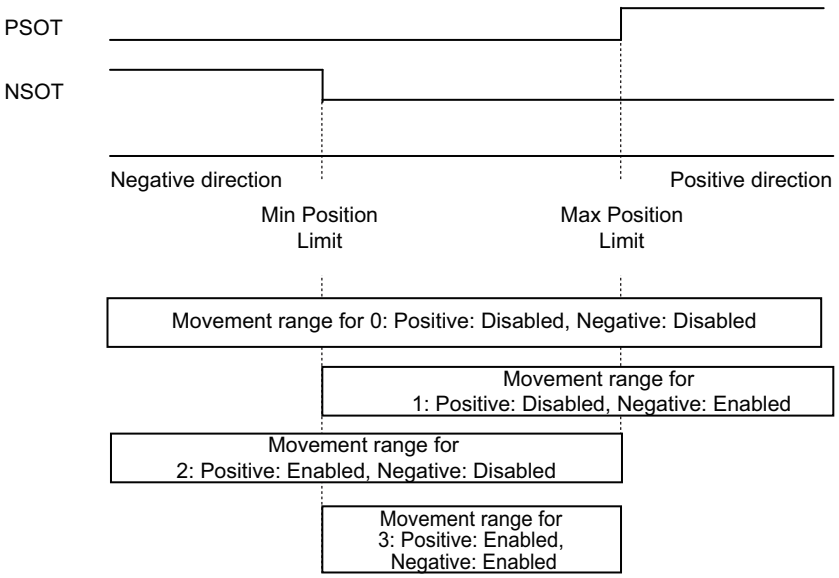
Stop Selection set value	During deceleration*1		After stopping	
	Deceleration method	Following error	State after stopping	Following error
2	The deceleration stop torque is used.*2	Clear	Lock at the stop position	Cleared at the stop and held after stopping

Stop Selection set value	During deceleration*1		After stopping	
	Deceleration method	Following error	State after stopping	Following error
4*3	Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code	---	Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code	---

*1. During deceleration means the period in which the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower. Once the motor speed reaches 30 r/min or lower and the operation changes to after stopping, the following operation conforms to the description for the state after stopping, regardless of the motor speed.

*2. When the deceleration stop torque is used to stop the Servomotor, the operation direction may be reversed if the inertia is small and the operation speed is slow.

*3. If you set **Stop Selection** to *4*, a Software Limit Exceeded (Error No. 34.1) occurs when the movement range is exceeded.



Note that the Servomotor does not stop if **Max Position Limit** (3B11-04 hex) is equal to or smaller than **Min Position Limit** (3B11-03 hex).

If the Servomotor stops outside the allowable operating range, commands only for the direction of the movement range are accepted.

Positive Software Limit (PSOT) and *Negative Software Limit (NSOT)* of **Function Status** (3000-81 hex) give the status regardless of the setting in **Enable Selection** (3B11-01 hex).

Precautions for Correct Use

- Because the deceleration stop causes the Servomotor to decelerate quickly, in the position control mode, the following error may become large momentarily. This may result in an Excessive Position Deviation Error (Error No. 24.00). If this error occurs, set the **Position Detection Function** – **Following Error Window** (3B50-05 hex) to an appropriate value.
- A load on the vertical axis and so forth may fall due to its own weight when the software limit value is exceeded. To prevent the load from falling, set **Stop Selection** (3B11-02 hex) to *2* so that the Servomotor decelerates with the deceleration stop torque and stops with the servo lock, or use the host controller to limit the operation instead of this function.
- A Command Warning (Error No. B1.00) will occur if a command is given in the direction outside the setting range while the Servomotor is stopped (i.e., decreases the speed to approximately 30 r/min or lower).

7-5 Backlash Compensation

This function compensates the specified backlash compensation amount, travel distance, and present position.
Use this function when there is a meshing error in machine systems.
The Backlash Compensation function can be used when the communications period is 250 μs or more. When the communications period is 125 μs, set Backlash Compensation Selection to *0* (disabled).

7-5-1 Operating Conditions

The backlash compensation function operates in the position control.

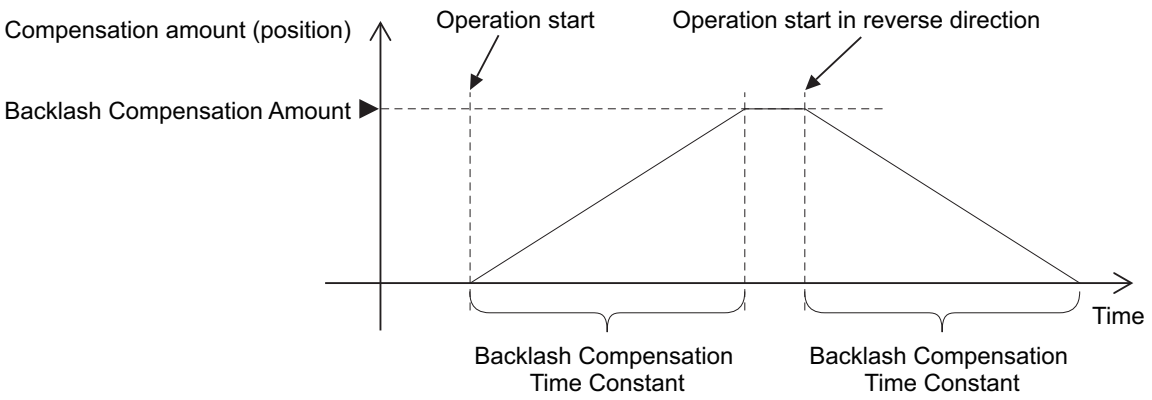
7-5-2 Object Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3001	---	Machine	---	page 9-11
	02	Backlash Compensation Selection	Selects whether to enable or disable backlash compensation in the position control, and the operation direction for the compensation. 0: Disabled 1: Compensate at the first positive operation after Servo ON 2: Compensate at the first negative operation after Servo ON	page 9-12
	03	Backlash Compensation Amount	Sets the backlash compensation amount in the position control.	page 9-12
	04	Backlash Compensation Time Constant	Sets the backlash compensation time constant in the position control.	page 9-13

7-5-3 Description of Operation

When the first operation after Servo ON is performed in the direction specified in **Backlash Compensation Selection** (3001-02 hex), position data is compensated by Backlash Compensation Amount. After that, compensation is executed each time the operation direction is reversed.
The compensation is performed for the target position and the present position. The software position limit function and the latch function are performed based on the position data after compensation.

Backlash Compensation is performed as follows:



To determine the actual position of the Servomotor, the Servomotor position data acquired via EtherCAT communications is offset by the Backlash Compensation Amount.
If the Servo is turned OFF when backlash compensation is performed, the position data is reset to the value that does not contain Backlash Compensation Amount. The backlash compensation is performed as described above when the Servo is turned ON again.

Additional Information

Conditions for Clearing Backlash Compensation

- When the following error is reset:
  This includes when the Servo is OFF, and when following error is cleared due to the drive prohibition input.
- When the position data is initialized, except for the homing operation in Homing mode (hm):
  This includes **Absolute Encoder Setup** (4510-F1 hex).

7-6 Brake Interlock

This function lets you set the output timing for the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) signal that activates the holding brake when the Servo is turned OFF or an error occurs.
It is also possible to use the controller to force the brake control via EtherCAT communications.
You can select an output port from the brake output (BKIR) and a General Output (OUT 1 to 3). For the details on the connection method for when a General Output (OUT 1 to 3) is selected, refer to the wiring diagram in *External Brake Interlock Output (EXTBKIR)* on page 3-29.
Set an appropriate value to parameters described in *7-6-1 Objects Requiring Settings* on page 7-21.

7-6-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4610	---	Brake Interlock Output	Sets the brake interlock operation.	page 9-111
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the brake interlock output. 0: Disabled*1 1: Enabled	page 9-111
	02	Timeout at Servo OFF*2	Sets the time from when the OFF state of the operation command is detected (the power supply to the motor is OFF) until the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned OFF (brake is held), when the Servo OFF is performed during motor operation.	page 9-112
	03	Threshold Speed at Servo OFF	Sets the motor speed at which the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) can be turned OFF (brake is held) after the Servo OFF command is detected, when the Servo OFF is performed during motor operation.	page 9-112
	04	Hardware Delay Time	Sets the delay time of the mechanical brake operation, etc. Outputs the timing signal of the external brake by the use of this delay time, when the Servo OFF is performed during motor stop.	page 9-112
4663	---	External Brake Interlock Output	Sets the output signal allocation and logic.	page 9-129
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated. If this function is not allocated, it is output to the brake output (BKIR). bit 0: General Output 1 (OUT1) bit 1: General Output 2 (OUT2) bit 2: General Output 3 (OUT3) 0: Not allocated 1: Allocated	page 9-129
	02	Logic Selection	0: Positive logic (NO contact)	page 9-129

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
60FE	---	Digital outputs	---	page A-60
	01	Physical outputs	Changes the function output status. bit 0: NC Contact Brake Interlock Output (BKIR_b) 0: Brake released 1: Brake held bit 28: NO Contact Brake Interlock Output (BKIR_a) 0: Brake held 1: Brake released	page A-60
4602	---	Function Output	Sets the function output.	page 9-108
	01	Bit Mask	Selects whether to enable or disable the function output. bit 0: NC Contact Brake Interlock Output (BKIR_b) 0: Output disabled*3 1: Output enabled bit 28: NO Contact Brake Interlock Output (BKIR_a) 0: Output disabled*3 1: Output enabled	page 9-108

*1. If this object is set to *0* (disabled), the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) turns ON (brake released).

*2. By default, if the Servo OFF (including STO) is performed during motor rotation, the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned OFF (brake is held) after the motor rotates for a maximum of 500 ms.
Adjust this from the default setting as necessary according to the equipment.

*3. Even when Bit Mask is *0* (output disabled), the Servo Drive can perform the brake control.

Precautions for Correct Use

- The brake built into a Servomotor with a brake is a non-excitation brake designed only to hold the motor in the stop state when the operation is stopped. Accordingly, set an appropriate time so that the brake is applied after the Servomotor stops.
- If the brake is applied while the Servomotor is rotating, the brake disc will wear abnormally or sustain damage. This results in a bearing or encoder failure in the Servomotor.
- The workpiece may fall when the brake is released for a vertical axis. Carefully consider the timing of releasing the brake.
- For STO or an error applicable to "Operation B" of a method to stop, in some cases, a Servomotor power supply becomes OFF before a brake is held. As a result, a workpiece may fall. Take a caution of the timing when the brake is held. For a method to stop, refer to **Shutdown option code** (605B hex), **Disable operation option code** (605C hex) and **Fault reaction option code** (605E hex).
- To suppress deterioration of the holding brake, **Timeout at Servo OFF** (4610-02 hex) is set by default to 500 ms so that the brake is applied only after the motor rotation speed decreases.
  Therefore, if the Servo OFF (including STO) is performed during motor rotation, the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned OFF (brake is held) after the motor rotates for a maximum of 500 ms.
  Adjust this from the default setting as necessary according to the equipment.

7-6-2 Description of Operation

To control the brake forcibly via EtherCAT communications, set **Digital outputs** – **Physical outputs** (60FE-01 hex) and **Function Output** – **Bit Mask** (4602-01 hex). However, to prevent a workpiece

from falling for a vertical axis, the brake is constantly applied except when the status of ESM is Operational.

● Relationship between Brake Interlock Function and Status of ESM

Status of ESM	Physical outputs (60FE-01 hex)		Bit Mask (4602-01 hex)		Brake state	Digital inputs bit 26
	bit 0	bit 28	bit 0	bit 28		
Operational	0	---	0	0	Held	0
			1		Released	1
	1		0		Held	0
			1		Held	0
	---	0	0	0	Held	0
				1	Held	0
		1		0	Held	0
				1	Released	1
	0	0	1	1	Held	0
	0	1			Released	1
	1	0			Held	0
	1	1			Held	0
Other than Operational	0	---	0	---	Held	0
			1		Held	0
	1		0		Held	0
			1		Held	0

Set **External Brake Interlock Output** – **Port Selection** (4663-01 hex) to change the output port of the brake interlock signal.
The following table lists output ports corresponding to values of Port Selection.

Value of Port Selection	Output port
0	Brake output (BKIR)
1	General Output 1 (OUT1)
2	General Output 2 (OUT2)
4	General Output 3 (OUT3)

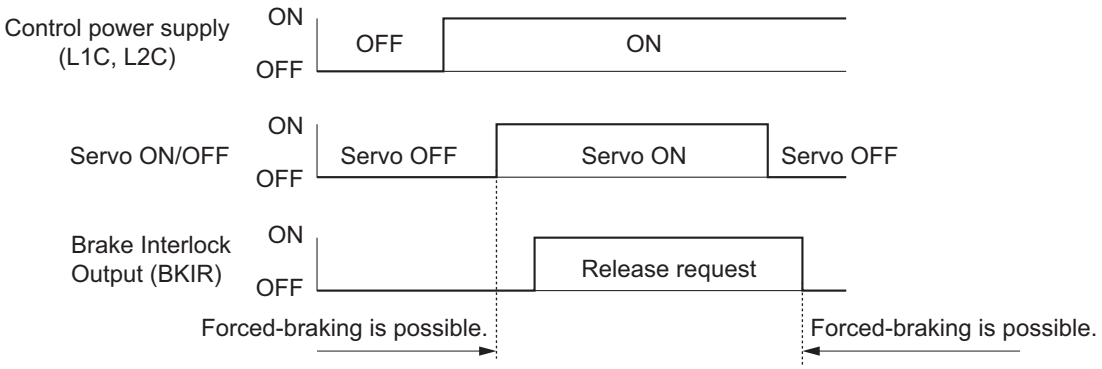
You can monitor the output status of the brake interlock signal by **I/O Monitor** – **Physical I/O** (4600-81 hex), **Digital inputs** (60FD-00 hex) bit 26, and **External Brake Interlock Output** – **Signal Status** (4663-81 hex).
The output status is given to data that are indicated with a mark "○" in the following table.

Output port	Physical I/O				Digital inputs bit 26	Signal Status (4663-81 hex)
	bit 17	bit 18	bit 19	bit 30		
General Output 1 (OUT1)	○	---	---	---	○	○
General Output 2 (OUT2)	---	○	---	---	○	○
General Output 3 (OUT3)	---	---	○	---	○	○
Brake output (BKIR)	---	---	---	○	○	---

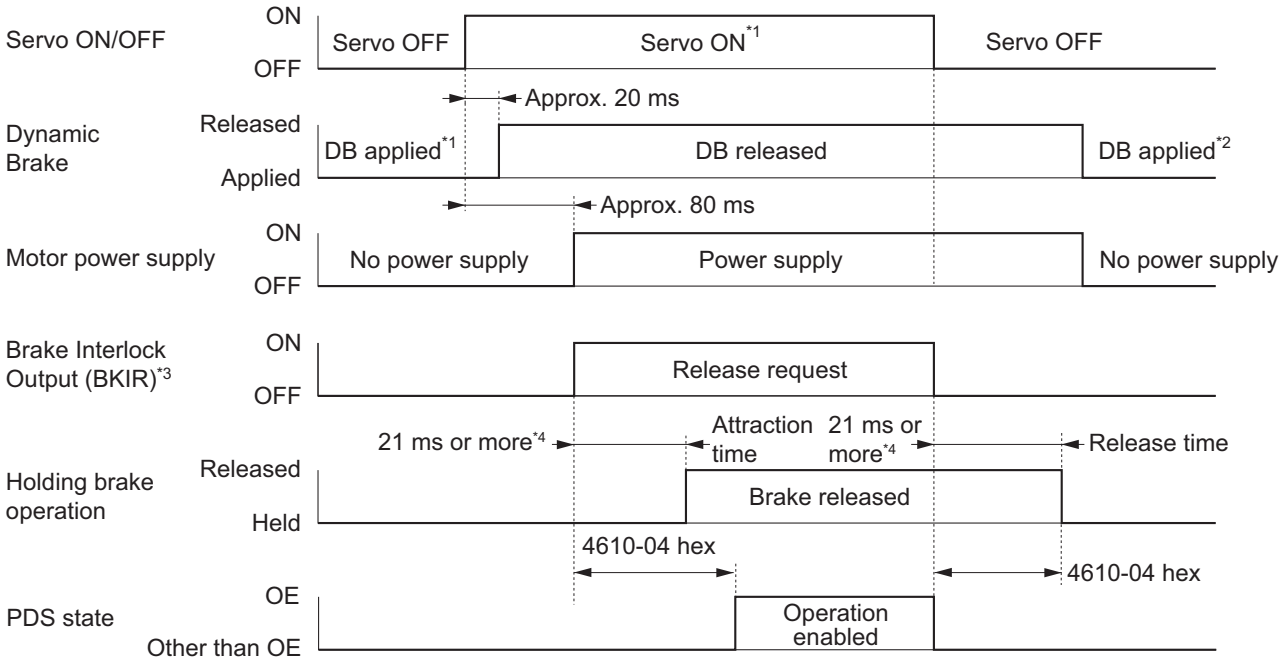
7-6-3 Operation Timing

This section shows the timing of the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR).

Basic Timing



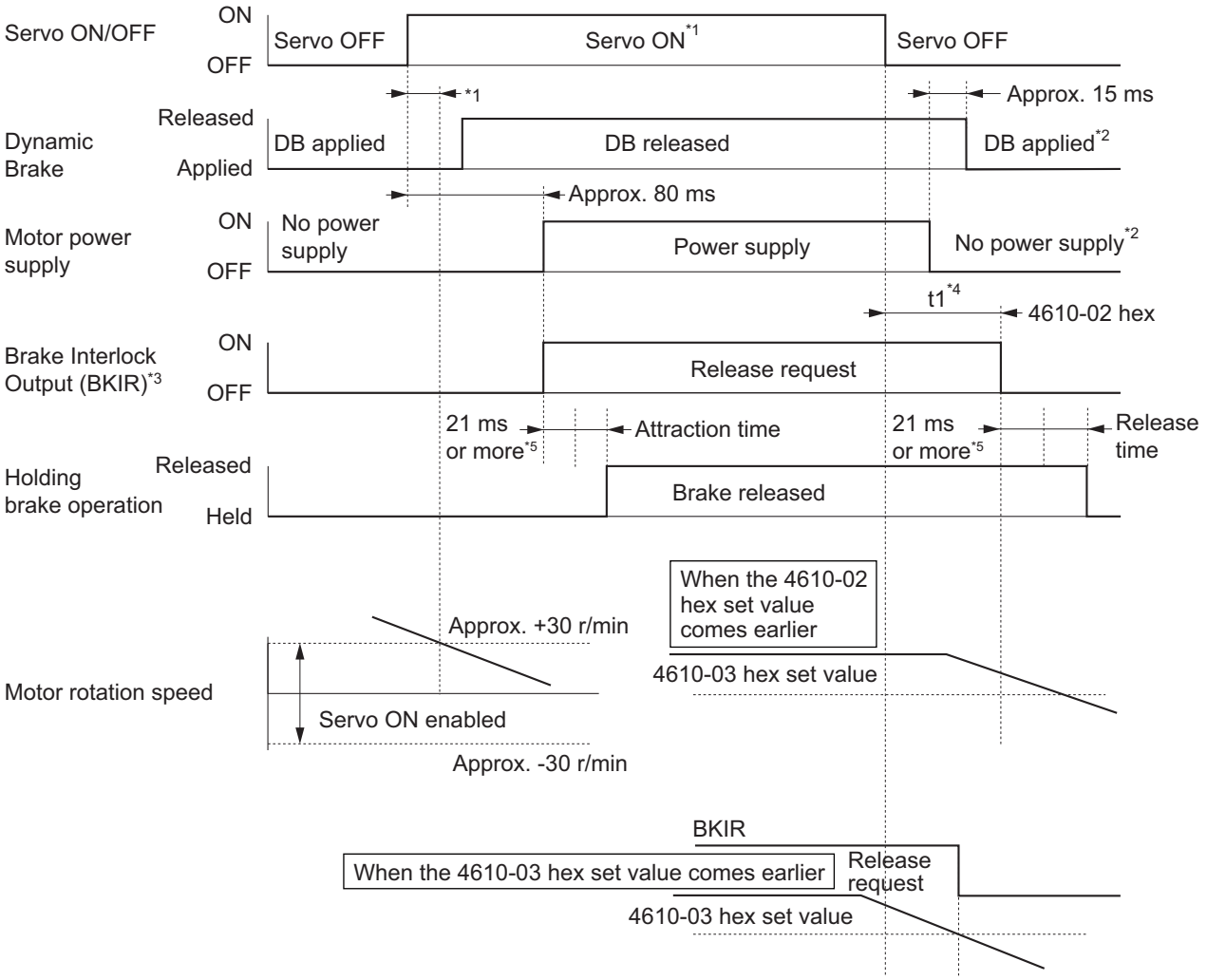
Servo ON/OFF Operation Timing When Motor Is Stopped



*1. The Servo does not turn ON until the motor rotation speed drops to approximately 30 r/min or lower.
*2. The operation of the dynamic brake when the Servo is OFF depends on the set value in **Stop Selection – Disable Operation Option Code** (3B20-02 hex).
*3. The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) signal is output when a release request command is received from either servo control or EtherCAT communications. The above example shows when there is no brake release request from EtherCAT communications.
*4. This is a response time when the brake interlock output relay inside the Servo Drive is used.
When the External Brake Interlock Output is used, it will exceed the total value of 2 ms response time of the Servo Drive and the response time of the external relay.

Servo ON/OFF Operation Timing When Motor Is Operating

Based on these operation timings, regenerative energy is produced if the motor rotation stops abnormally. Accordingly, repeated operation cannot be performed. Provide a wait time of at least 10 minutes for the motor to cool down.



*1. The Servo does not turn ON until the motor rotation speed drops to approximately 30 r/min or lower.
If the Servo ON command is input during motor rotation, the Command Warning (Error No. B1.00) will occur.
The Servo ON command is ignored.

*2. The operation of the dynamic brake when the Servo is OFF depends on the set value in **Stop Selection – Disable Operation Option Code** (3B20-02 hex).

*3. The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) signal is output when a release request command is received from either servo control or EtherCAT communications. The above example shows when there is no brake release request from EtherCAT communications.

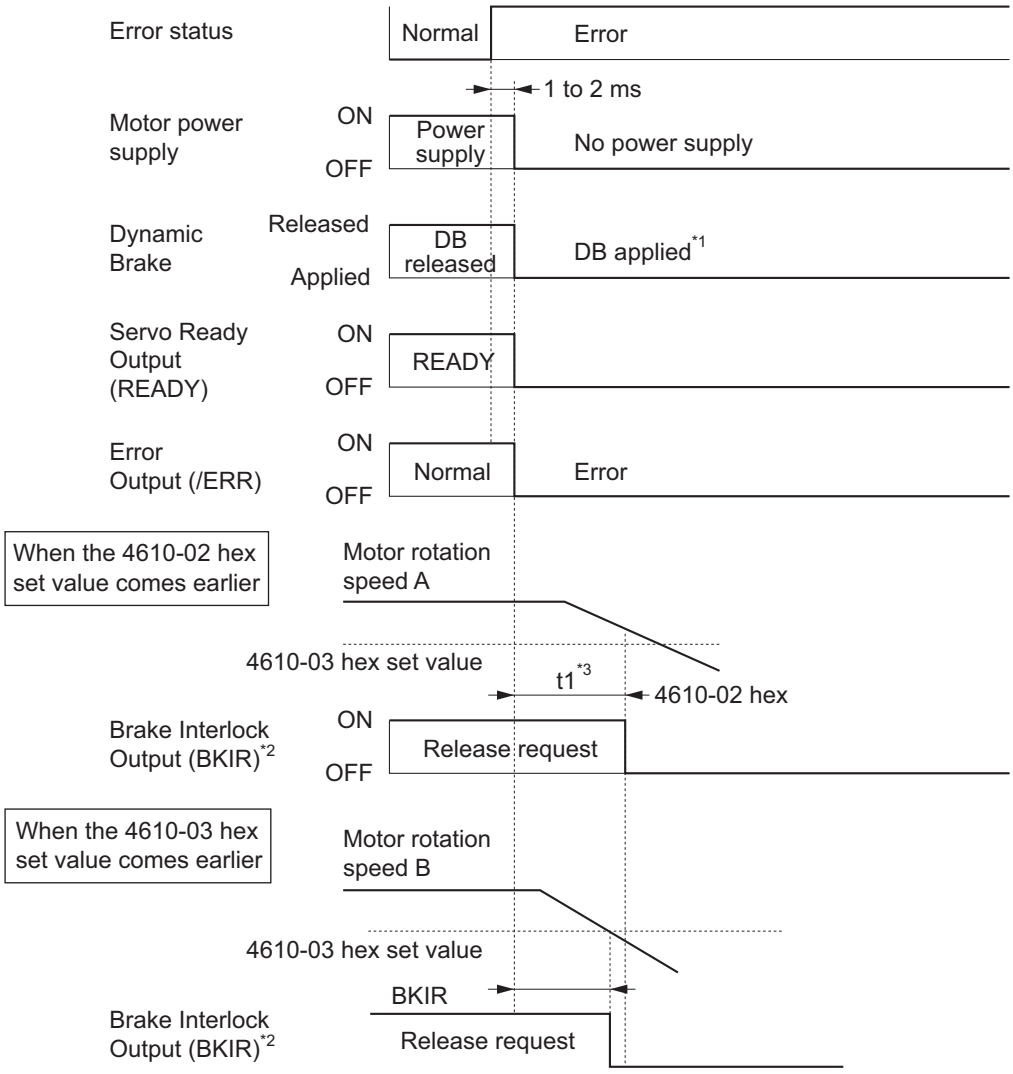
*4. "t1" is the period until the value becomes smaller than the set value in the **Timeout at Servo OFF** (4610-02 hex) or the **Threshold Speed at Servo OFF** (4610-03 hex), whichever comes earlier.

*5. This is a response time when the brake interlock output relay inside the Servo Drive is used.
When the External Brake Interlock Output is used, it will exceed the total value of 2 ms response time of the Servo Drive and the response time of the external relay.

Note 1. Even when the Servo ON input is turned ON again while the motor is decelerating, the system does not enter the Servo ON state until the motor stops.

Note 2. If the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is output because of **Timeout at Servo OFF** (4610-02 hex), a Brake Interlock Error (Error No. 97.00) will occur.

Operation Timing When an Error Occurs (Servo ON)



*1. The operation of the dynamic brake when there is an error depends on the set value in the **Stop Selection – Fault Reaction Option Code** (3B20-04 hex).

*2. The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) signal is output when a release request command is received from either servo control or EtherCAT communications. The above example shows when there is no brake release request from EtherCAT communications.

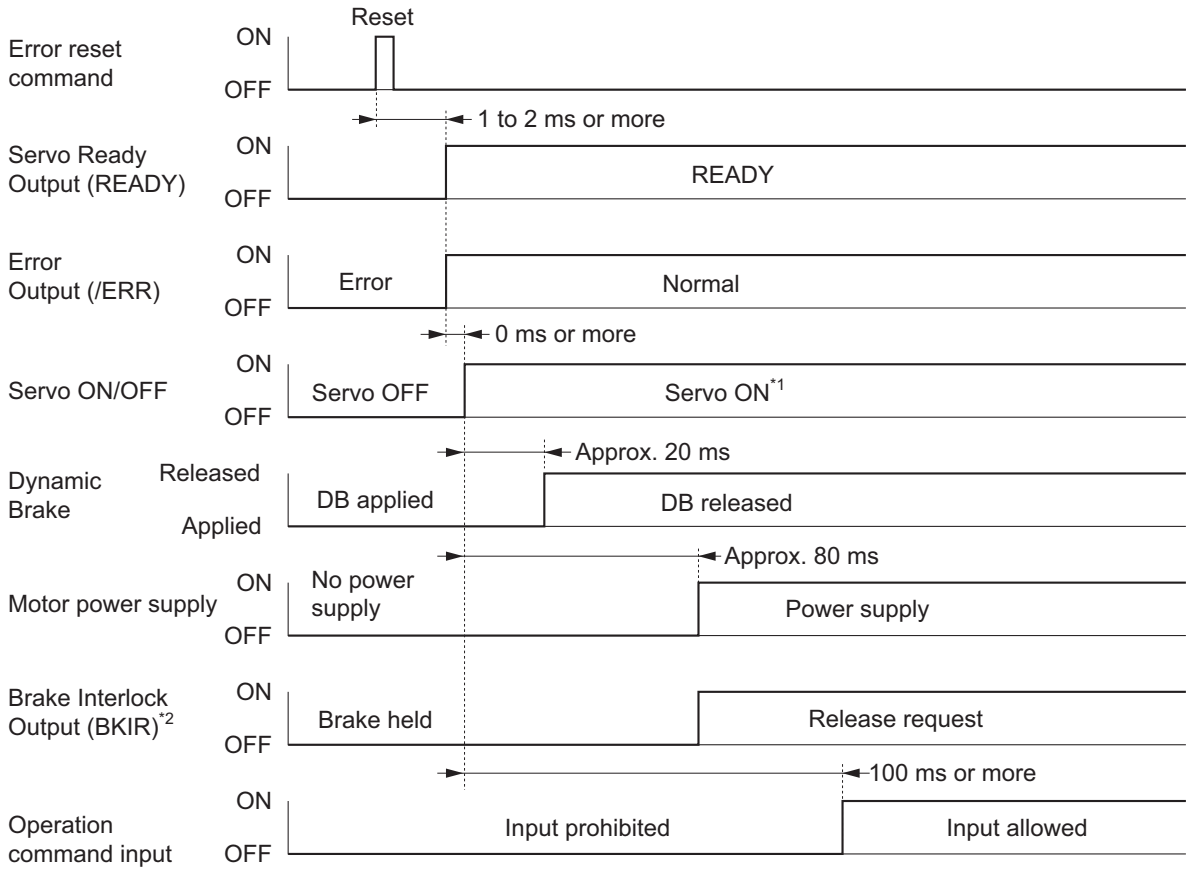
*3. "t1" is the period until the value becomes smaller than the set value in the **Timeout at Servo OFF** (4610-02 hex) or the **Threshold Speed at Servo OFF** (4610-03 hex), whichever comes earlier.

Note 1. Even when the Servo ON input is turned ON again while the motor is decelerating, the system does not enter the Servo ON state until the motor stops.

Note 2. If the main circuit power supply turns OFF while the motor is operating, a phase loss error or main circuit undervoltage will occur, in which case this operation timing is applied.

Note 3. If the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is output because of **Timeout at Servo OFF** (4610-02 hex), a Brake Interlock Error (Error No. 97.00) will occur.

Operation Timing When an Error is Reset



*1. The Servo does not turn ON until the motor rotation speed drops to approximately 30 r/min or lower.

*2. The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) signal is output when a release request command is received from either servo control or EtherCAT communications. The above example shows when there is no brake release request from EtherCAT communications.

Note After an error is reset, the system enters the Servo OFF state (motor not energized). To turn ON the Servo, after resetting the error, send the Servo ON command again according to the above timing.

7-7 Electronic Gear Function

The Electronic Gear Function controls the position by using the value that is obtained by multiplication of the position command input from the host controller by the specified gear ratio.
The Electronic Gear Function can be used when the communications period is 250 μs or more. When the communications period is 125 μs, set the gear ratio to 1:1.

When the Servo Drive is connected to an OMRON Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, the electronic gear ratio is set on the controller. Set the electronic gear ratio to 1:1 on the Servo Drive.

Note If the unit version of the NJ/NX-series CPU Units is 1.10 or earlier, some Servomotors cannot be driven at the maximum rotation speed. In such a case, set the electronic gear ratio of the Servo Drive to 2:1 or higher.

7-7-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3001	---	Machine	Sets the mechanical system which is connected to the motor.	page 9-11
	05	Motor Revolutions*1	Sets the numerator of the electronic gear ratio.	page 9-13
	06	Shaft Revolutions*1	Set the denominator of the electronic gear ratio.	page 9-13

*1. The electronic gear ratio must be between 1/2,000 and 2,000. If it is set outside the range, an Electronic Gear Setting Error (Error No. 93.00) will occur.

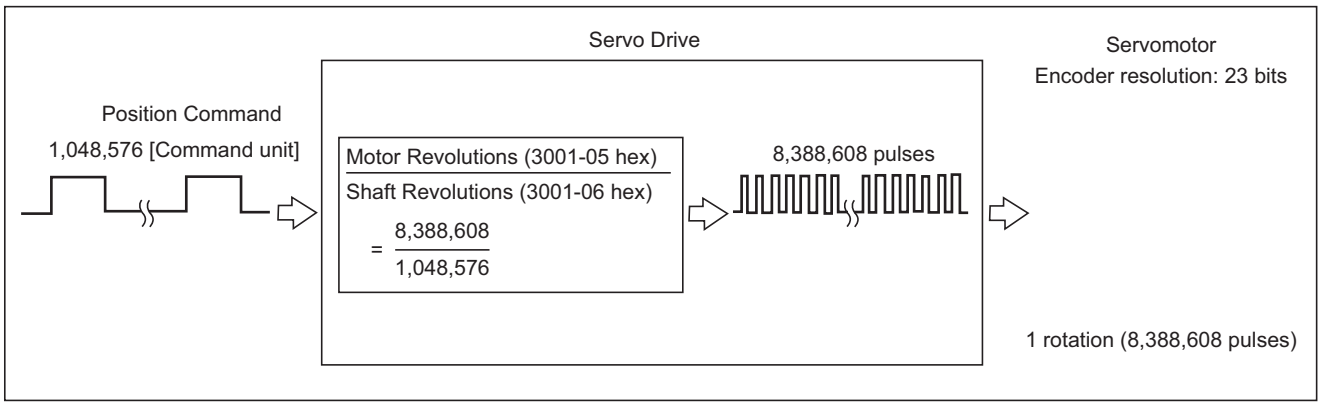
Precautions for Correct Use

To make the position command smoother after the electronic gear setting, adjust it by using the **Position Command Filter** (3011 hex).

7-7-2 Operation Example

This example uses a motor with a 23-bit encoder (8,388,608 pulses per rotation).

- If you set 3001-05 hex/3001-06 hex to 8,388,608/1,048,576, the operation is the same as the 20-bit Servomotor (1,048,576 pulses per rotation).



7-8 Torque Limit Switching

This function switches the torque limit according to the operation direction, and depending on the Positive Torque Limit (PCL), the Negative Torque Limit (NCL), and the Positive/Negative Torque Limit Input Commands from EtherCAT communications.
This function is used in the following conditions.

- When push-motion operation, such as pressing, is performed.
- When the torque at startup and during deceleration is suppressed to protect mechanical systems, etc.

The **Torque Limit** – **Switching Selection** (3330-01 hex) is used to select a method to switch the torque limit.

7-8-1 Operating Conditions

The torque limit switching function is enabled under the following conditions.

- Position control, velocity control, and torque control
- The Servo is ON.

7-8-2 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3330	---	Torque Limit	Sets the torque limit function.	page 9-54
	01	Switching Selection	Selects the torque limit switching method.	page 9-55
	02	Max Torque	Sets the maximum torque limit value.	page 9-55
	03	Positive Torque Limit Value	Sets the positive torque limit value.	page 9-56
	04	Negative Torque Limit Value	Sets the negative torque limit value.	page 9-56
	05	Positive Torque Limit Value 2	Sets the positive torque limit value 2.	page 9-56
	06	Negative Torque Limit Value 2	Sets the negative torque limit value 2.	page 9-56
60E0	---	Positive torque limit value	Sets the positive torque limit value.	page A-58
60E1	---	Negative torque limit value	Sets the negative torque limit value.	page A-58

7-8-3 Torque Limit Switching Method

The following table shows the operations that are performed according to the setting of the **Torque Limit** – **Switching Selection** (3330-01 hex).

Torque limit switching selection	Positive torque limit		Negative torque limit	
	iPCL*1OFF	iPCL*1ON	iNCL*2OFF	iNCL*2ON
0	Positive torque limit value (60E0 hex or 3330-03 hex)		Negative torque limit value (60E1 hex or 3330-04 hex)	

Torque limit switching selection	Positive torque limit		Negative torque limit	
	iPCL*1OFF	iPCL*1ON	iNCL*2OFF	iNCL*2ON
1	Positive Torque Limit Value 2 (3330-05 hex)	Positive torque limit value (60E0 hex or 3330-03 hex)	Negative Torque Limit Value 2 (3330-06 hex)	Negative torque limit value (60E1 hex or 3330-04 hex)
2	Positive torque limit value (60E0 hex or 3330-03 hex)	Positive Torque Limit Value 2 (3330-05 hex)	Negative torque limit value (60E1 hex or 3330-04 hex)	Negative Torque Limit Value 2 (3330-06 hex)

*1. iPCL = Logical OR of the general-purpose input signal (PCL) and P_CL (Controlword)
*2. iNCL = Logical OR of the general-purpose input signal (NCL) and N_CL (Controlword)

For the Positive torque limit value (60E0 hex or 3330-03 hex) and Negative torque limit value (60E1 hex or 3330-04 hex), the values of 60E0 hex and 60E1 hex are used if 60E0 hex and 60E1 hex are mapped to a PDO. If they are not mapped to a PDO, the values of 3330-03 hex and 3330-04 hex are used.
The positive torque limit and negative torque limit are limited by the maximum torque regardless of the settings.

7-9 Soft Start

This function performs auto acceleration and deceleration inside the Servo Drive when step-type velocity commands are input.
To reduce any impacts made by acceleration changes, you can also use the velocity command first-order lag filter.

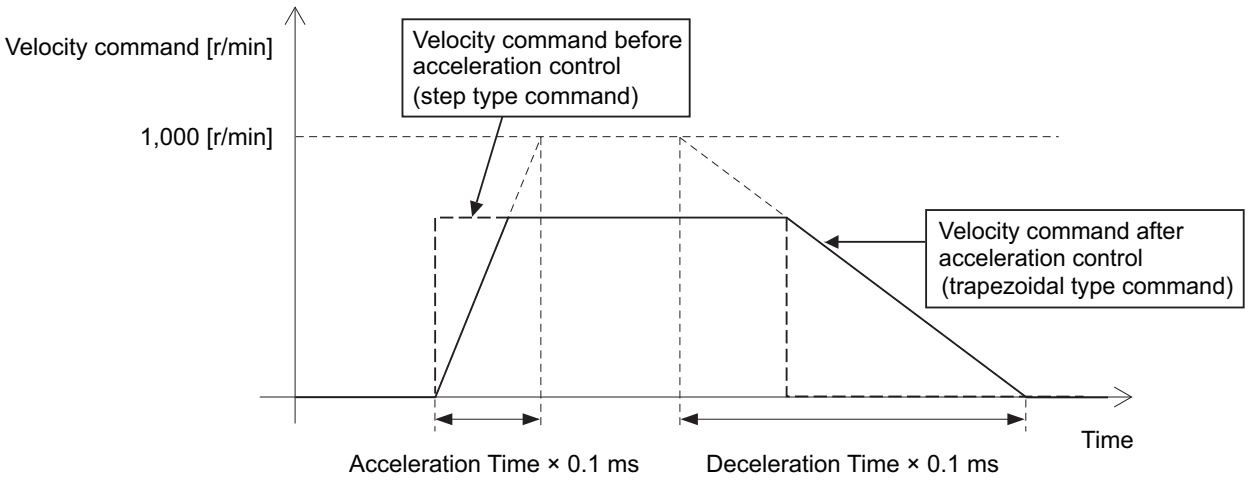
7-9-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3021	---	Velocity Command Filter	---	page 9-23
	01	Acceleration Time	Sets the acceleration time during acceleration.	page 9-23
	02	Deceleration time	Sets the deceleration time during deceleration.	page 9-23
	03	IIR Filter Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the IIR filter in the velocity command filter. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-23
	04	Filter Cutoff Frequency	Sets the cutoff frequency for the IIR filter.	page 9-23

7-9-2 Soft Start Acceleration/Deceleration Time

For a step velocity command input, set the time required for the velocity command to reach 1,000 r/min in Acceleration Time.
Similarly, set the time required for the velocity command to decrease the velocity from 1,000 r/min to 0 r/min in Deceleration Time.

Acceleration Time [ms] = Vc/1,000 r/min × Acceleration Time × 0.1 ms
Deceleration Time [ms] = Vc/1,000 r/min × Deceleration Time × 0.1 ms

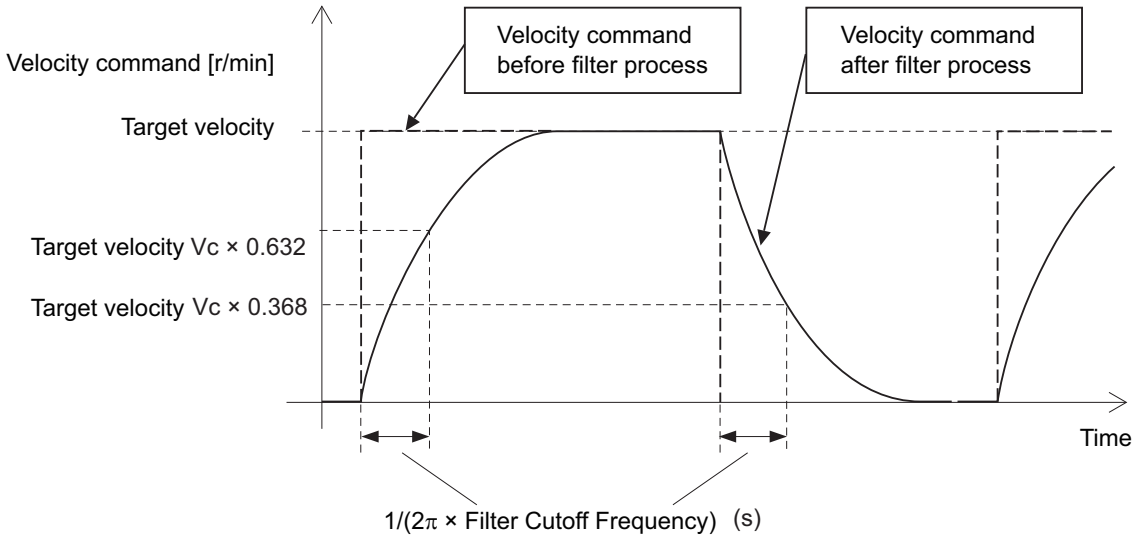


Precautions for Correct Use

Do not set the Acceleration Time and the Deceleration Time when the position loop structure with a host controller is used.

7-9-3 Velocity Command First-order Lag Filter

The command first-order lag filter is an IIR filter for velocity commands.



7-10 Gain Switching Function

This function switches the position control gain, velocity control gain, and torque command filter.
If the load inertia changes or you want to change the responsiveness depending on whether the motor is stopping or operating, you can perform optimal control by using gain switching.

7-10-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3212	---	Gain Switching in Position Control	Sets the gain switching method in the position control.	page 9-34
	01	Mode Selection	Selects the condition to switch between Gain 1 and Gain 2. 0: Always Gain 1 1: Always Gain 2 2: Gain switching command input via EtherCAT communications 3: Actual motor velocity with position command	page 9-35
	02	Delay Time	Sets the delay time when the gain returns from Gain 2 to Gain 1 when the Mode Selection is set to *3*.	page 9-35
	03	Speed	Sets the speed threshold when Gain 2 switches to Gain 1. This object is enabled when the Mode Selection is set to *3*.	page 9-35
	04	Time	Sets the time to switch the gain completely when the gain is switched from low to high in stages.	page 9-35
3213	---	1st Position Control Gain	Sets the 1st position control gain.	page 9-35
	01	Proportional Gain	Sets the proportional gain.	page 9-36
3214	---	2nd Position Control Gain	Sets the 2nd position control gain.	page 9-36
	01	Proportional Gain	Sets the proportional gain.	page 9-36
3222	---	Gain Switching in Velocity Control	Sets the gain switching method in the velocity control.	page 9-38
	01	Mode Selection	Selects the condition to switch between Gain 1 and Gain 2. 0: Always Gain 1 1: Always Gain 2 2: Gain switching command input via EtherCAT communications	page 9-39
3223	---	1st Velocity Control Gain	Sets the 1st velocity control gain.	page 9-39
	01	Proportional Gain	Sets the proportional gain.	page 9-39
	02	Integral Gain	Sets the velocity integral gain.	page 9-39
3224	---	2nd Velocity Control Gain	Sets the 2nd velocity control gain.	page 9-40
	01	Proportional Gain	Sets the proportional gain.	page 9-40
	02	Integral Gain	Sets the velocity integral gain.	page 9-40

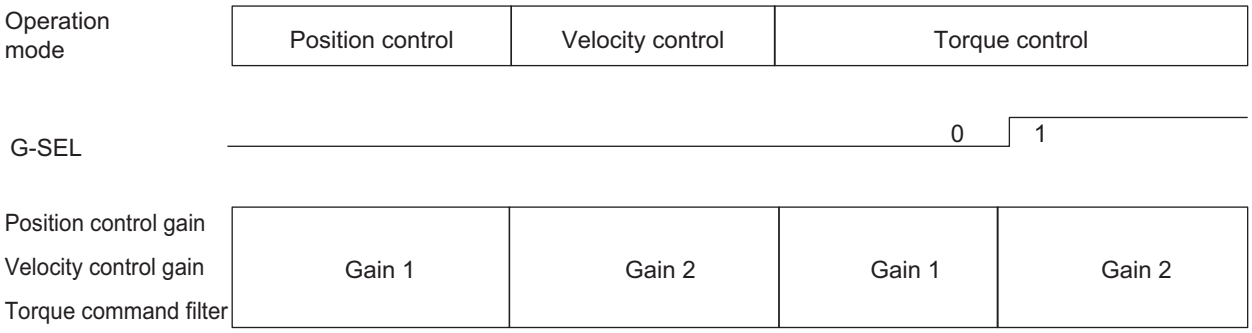
Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3232	---	Filter Switching in Torque Control	Sets the filter switching method in the torque control.	page 9-41
	01	Mode Selection	Selects the condition to switch between 1st Filter and 2nd Filter. 0: Always 1st Filter 1: Always 2nd Filter 2: Gain switching command input via EtherCAT communications	page 9-42
3233	---	1st Torque Command Filter	Sets the 1st torque command filter.	page 9-42
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the 1st torque command filter. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-42
	02	Cutoff Frequency	Sets the cutoff frequency for the filter.	page 9-43
3234	---	2nd Torque Command Filter	Sets the 2nd torque command filter.	page 9-43
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the 2nd torque command filter. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-43
	02	Cutoff Frequency	Sets the cutoff frequency for the filter.	page 9-43
4602	---	Function Output	Sets the function output.	page 9-108
	01	Bit Mask	Selects whether to enable or disable the function outputs. bit 24: Gain Switching (G-SEL) 0: Gain switching disabled 1: Gain switching enabled	page 9-108
60FE	---	Digital outputs	---	page A-60
	01	Physical outputs	Changes the function output status of each bit. bit 24: Gain Switching (G-SEL) 0: Gain 1 1: Gain 2	page A-60

7-10-2 Mode Selection

The Mode Selection is used to set the condition to switch between Gain 1 and Gain 2.
When you select Gain 1, control is performed based on **1st Position Control Gain**, **1st Velocity Control Gain**, and **1st Torque Command Filter**. When you select Gain 2, control is performed based on **2nd Position Control Gain**, **2nd Velocity Control Gain**, and **2nd Torque Command Filter**.

The following is an operation example.

Mode Selection:
Gain Switching in Position Control – **Mode Selection** (3212-01 hex) = 0: Gain1
Gain Switching in Velocity Control – **Mode Selection** (3222-01 hex) = 1: Gain 2
Switching when Filter Switching in Torque Control – **Mode Selection** (3232-01 hex) = 2: Input command (G-SEL)



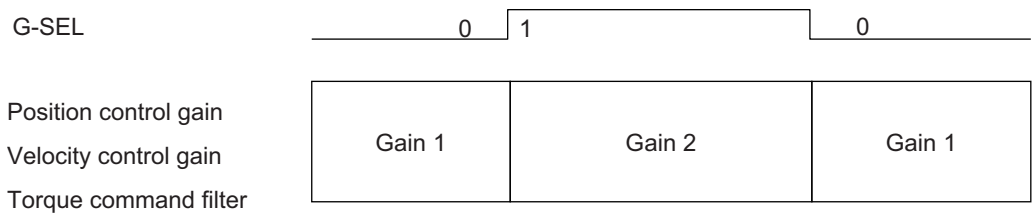
When Mode Selection = 0: Always Gain 1 or 1: Always Gain 2

If Mode Selection is set to *0*, **1st Position Control Gain** (3213 hex), **1st Velocity Control Gain** (3223 hex), and **1st Torque Command Filter** (3233 hex) are used.
If Mode Selection is set to *1*, **2st Position Control Gain** (3214 hex), **2st Velocity Control Gain** (3224 hex), and **2st Torque Command Filter** (3234 hex) are used.

When Mode Selection = 2: Gain switching command input via EtherCAT communications

If Mode Selection is set to *2*, you can switch between Gain 1 and Gain 2 by changing the value of *bit 24: G-SEL* of **Digital outputs** – **Physical outputs** (60FE-01 hex) via EtherCAT communications.

Set value	Description
0	Gain 1
1	Gain 2

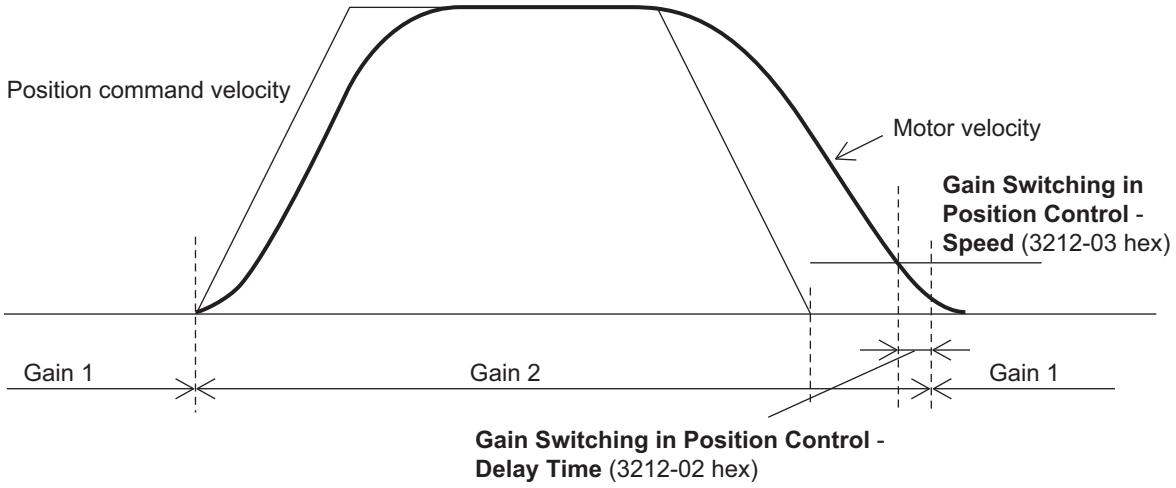


When Mode Selection = 3: Actual motor velocity with position command

If Mode Selection is set to *3*, you can switch between Gain 1 and Gain 2 by using the position command and the motor velocity.
Set the **Gain Switching in Position Control** – **Speed** (3212-03 hex) to a speed threshold to switch from Gain 2 to Gain 1. You can set the delay time for this switching operation in **Delay Time** (3212-02 hex).

Gain 1 switches to Gain 2 when the position command velocity becomes a value other than 0.
After the operation is performed, the position command velocity becomes 0, and Gain 2 switches to Gain 1 when the motor velocity reaches the set **Gain Switching in Position Control** – **Speed**

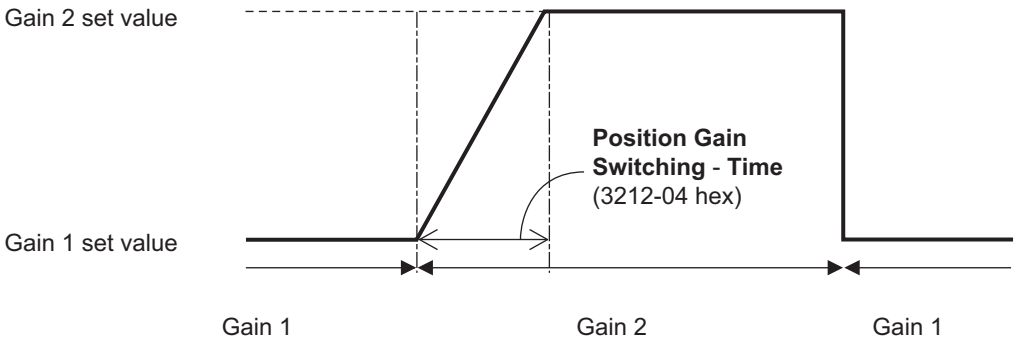
(3212-03 hex) or lower and the **Gain Switching in Position Control** – **Delay Time** (3212-02 hex) has elapsed.



After Gain 2 switched to Gain 1, the Gain 1 is held even if overshooting occurs and the motor velocity exceeds the **Gain Switching in Position Control** – **Speed** (3212-03 hex).

7-10-3 Gain Switching in Position Control

In position control, vibration may occur if Gain 1 and Gain 2 are switched and the gain increases rapidly. To switch the gain gradually and suppress the vibration, set **Position Gain Switching** – **Time** (3212-04 hex).
When the gain changes from a lower set value to a higher set value, it increases in the specified time. When the gain changes to a lower value, the change occurs immediately.



7-11 Touch Probe Function (Latch Function)

The touch probe function latches the actual position and time stamp at the rising edge of an external latch input signal or the encoder's phase-Z signal. 1S-series Servo Drives have two latch functions.

7-11-1 Related Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3B30	---	Touch Probe 1	---	page 9-67
	01	Touch Probe 1 Source	1: External Latch Input 1 (EXT1) 2: External Latch Input 2 (EXT2) 6: Encoder Phase Z	page 9-67
	83	Positive Edge Time Stamp	Gives the time which is latched by the Latch Function 1 (Touch Probe 1).	page 9-68
3B31	---	Touch Probe 2	---	page 9-69
	01	Touch Probe 2 Source	1: External Latch Input 1 (EXT1) 2: External Latch Input 2 (EXT2) 6: Encoder Phase Z	page 9-69
	83	Positive Edge Time Stamp	Gives the time which is latched by the Latch Function 2 (Touch Probe 2).	page 9-70
4632	---	External Latch Input 1	---	page 9-116
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated. 0: No allocation 1: General Input 1 (IN1) 2: General Input 2 (IN2) 3: General Input 3 (IN3) 4: General Input 4 (IN4) 5: General Input 5 (IN5) 6: General Input 6 (IN6) 7: General Input 7 (IN7) 8: General Input 8 (IN8)	
	02	Logic Selection	Select positive logic (NO contact) or negative logic (NC contact). 0: Positive logic (NO contact) 1: Negative logic (NC contact)	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4633	---	External Latch Input 2	---	page 9-117
	01	Port Selection	Selects the port to be allocated. 0: No allocation 1: General Input 1 (IN1) 2: General Input 2 (IN2) 3: General Input 3 (IN3) 4: General Input 4 (IN4) 5: General Input 5 (IN5) 6: General Input 6 (IN6) 7: General Input 7 (IN7) 8: General Input 8 (IN8)	
	02	Logic Selection	Select positive logic (NO contact) or negative logic (NC contact). 0: Positive logic (NO contact) 1: Negative logic (NC contact)	
60B8	---	Touch probe function*1	Sets the latch (touch probe) function.	page A-54
60B9	---	Touch probe status*2	Gives the status of the Latch Function (Touch Probe) 1 and 2.	page A-55
60BA	---	Touch probe 1 positive edge	Gives the position which is latched by the Latch Function 1 (Touch Probe 1).	page A-55
60BC	---	Touch probe 2 positive edge	Gives the position which is latched by the Latch Function 2 (Touch Probe 2).	page A-56

*1. The bits of Touch probe function are specified as follows.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Rsv	Rsv	ENg	EPs	TriSel		Cont	Ena	Rsv	Rsv	ENg	EPs	TriSel		Cont	Ena
Latch Function 2								Latch Function 1							

Ena: Latch function disabled (0) or enabled (1)
Cont: Trigger First Event Mode (0)/Continuous Mode (1) in latch operation
TriSel: Latch trigger input switch

Bit 3 (11)	Bit 2 (10)	Selected trigger input
0	0	EXT1 (or 2)
0	1	Phase Z
1	0	Follow the setting in the Touch probe source (60D0 hex).
1	1	Reserved The trigger signal input is processed as *0*.

EPs: Latch enabled (1) or disabled (0) on the positive edge
ENg: Unsupported (Fixed to *0*)
Rsv: Reserved (Fixed to *0*)

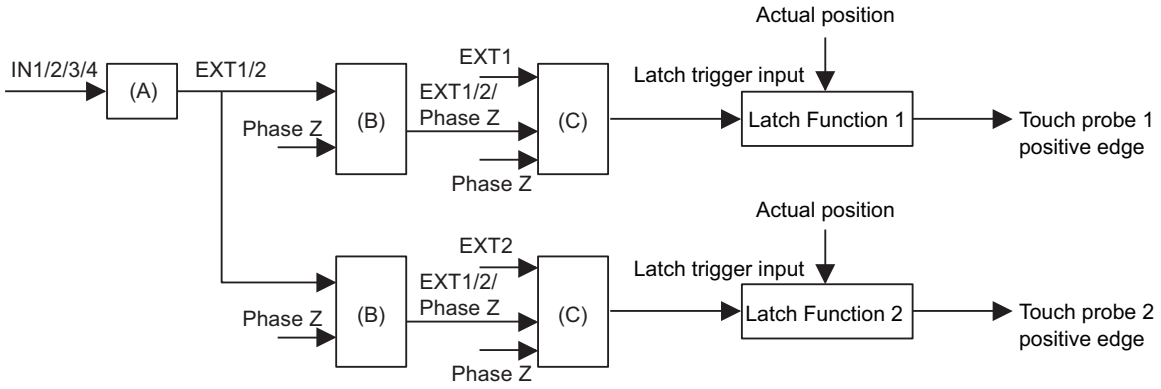
*2. The bits of Touch probe status are specified as follows.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
UD		Rsv	Rsv	Rsv	NLc	PLc	Enb	UD		Rsv	Rsv	Rsv	NLc	PLc	Enb
Latch Function 2								Latch Function 1							

Rsv: Reserved (Fixed to *0*)
Enb: Latch function disabled (0) or enabled (1)
PLc: With (0) or without (1) Latch positive data
NLc: Latch negative data (Fixed to *0*)
UD: User-defined (Fixed to *0*)

7-11-2 Trigger Signal Settings

You can select the latch trigger as follows.



	Function	Description
(A)	General-purpose input function selection (including logic selection)	Allocation of general-purpose input signals and logic selection
(B)	Touch probe source	Selecting the latch trigger from EXT1, EXT2, and phase Z
(C)	Latch trigger input switching	Switching a trigger to be used from a signal selected in Touch probe source, EXT1, EXT2, and Phase Z

Precautions for Correct Use

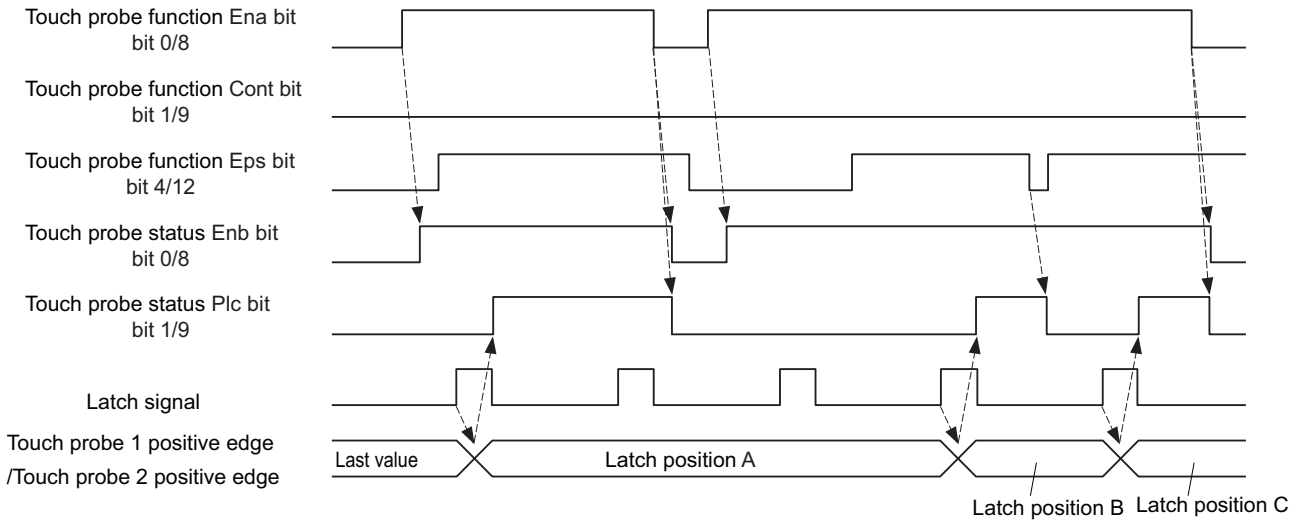
When you use the general-purpose inputs as the external latch signals, use the general-purpose input signals 7 and 8. If you use the general-purpose input signals 1 to 6, a delay of approximately 2 ms will occur.

7-11-3 Operation Sequence

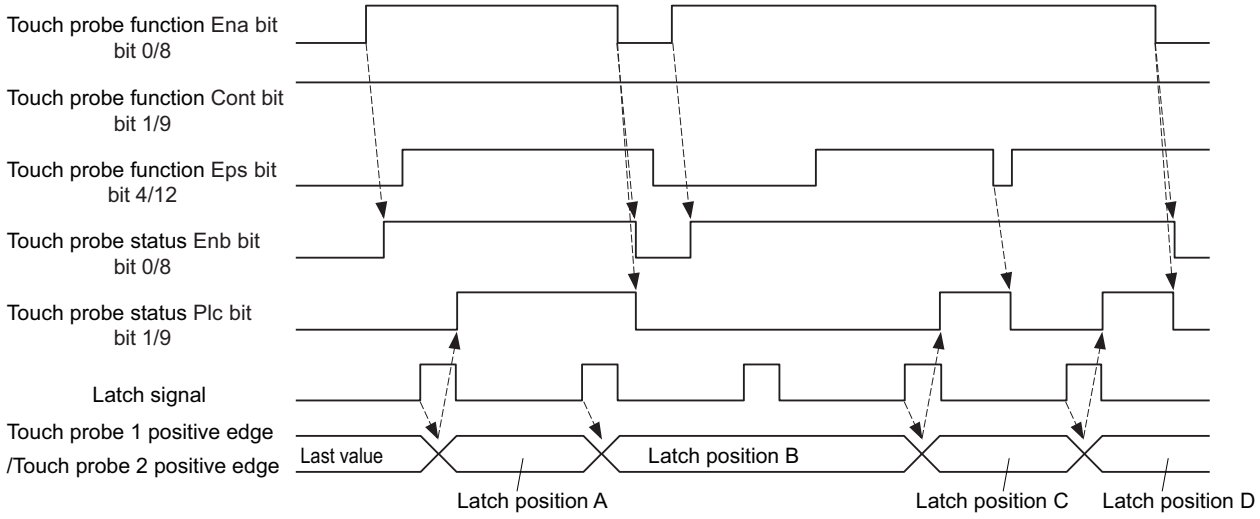
The operations when Cont (latch operation) is 0 (Trigger First Event Mode) and 1 (Continuous Mode) are explained below.

When the setting is changed when Ena (touch probe function) is 1 (enabled), the change is applied immediately. The value of the status is valid only when Ena (touch probe function) is 1 (enabled).

Trigger First Event *(60B8 hex Bit 1/9 = 0: Trigger first event)*



Continuous *(60B8 hex Bit 1/9 = 1: Continuous)*

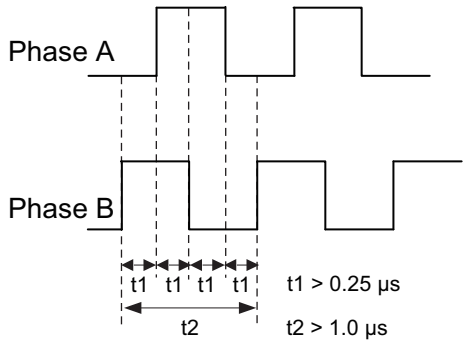


7-12 Encoder Dividing Pulse Output Function

The Encoder Dividing Pulse Output Function outputs the position information obtained from the encoder in the form of two-phase pulses (phase A and B) with a 90° phase difference. This function also supports Z-phase outputs.

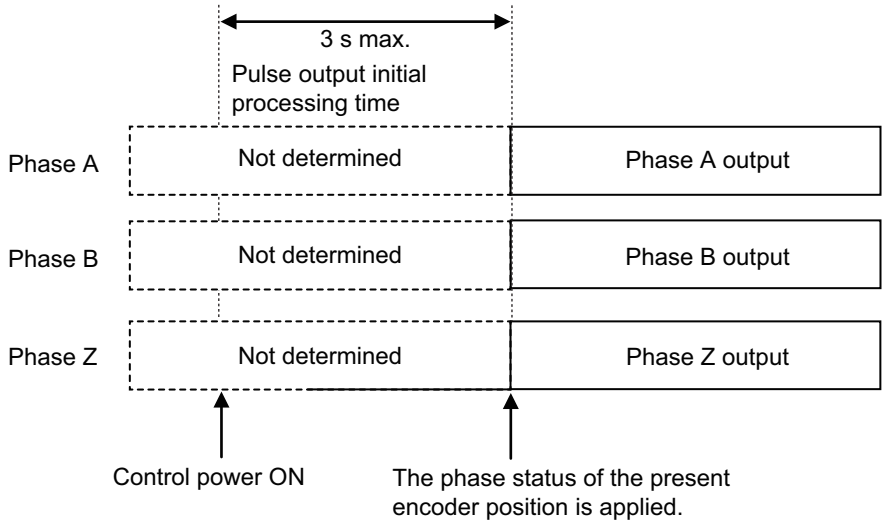
Pulse Output Waveform

The following figure shows the waveforms of two-phase pulse outputs with 90° phase difference. The maximum pulse output frequency is 4 Mpps.



Pulse Output at Power ON

The following figure shows the pulses that are output when the power is turned ON.



7-12-1 Objects Requiring Settings

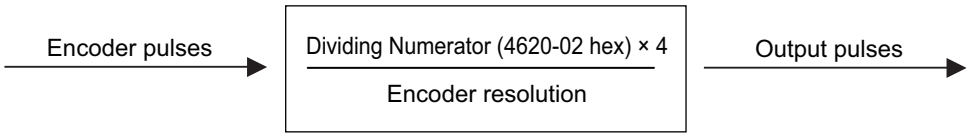
Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4620	---	Encoder Dividing Pulse Output	Sets the encoder dividing pulse output.	page 9-112
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the encoder dividing pulse output function. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-113
	02	Dividing Numerator	Sets the number of output pulses per motor rotation.	page 9-113
	03	Dividing Denominator	For applications for which the number of output pulses per rotation is not an integer, when this set value is set to a value other than 0, the number of output pulses per motor rotation can be set by the use of the dividing ratio which is calculated from the dividing numerator and dividing denominator.	page 9-113
	04	Output Reverse Selection	Selects whether to reverse the encoder dividing pulse output or not. 0: Not reverse 1: Reverse	page 9-113

7-12-2 Dividing Ratio

You can change the number of output pulses by setting the dividing ratio.

When Dividing Denominator (4620-03 hex) = 0

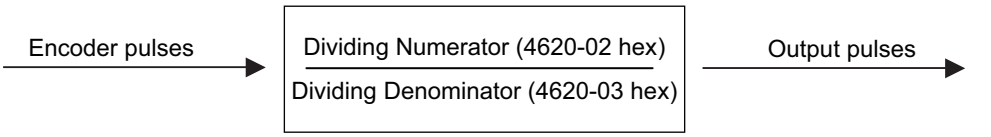
The number of output pulses is determined as follows when **Encoder Dividing Pulse Output** – **Dividing Denominator** (4620-03 hex) is set to 0.



Number of output pulses per rotation = Encoder Dividing Numerator (4620-02 hex) × 4

When Dividing Denominator (4620-03 hex) ≠ 0

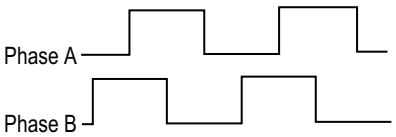
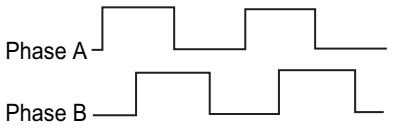
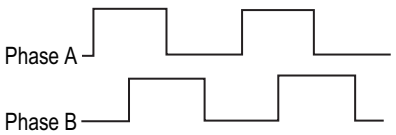
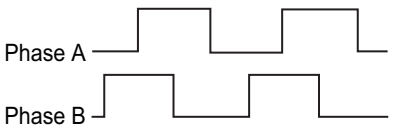
The number of output pulses is determined as follows when **Encoder Dividing Pulse Output** – **Dividing Denominator** (4620-03 hex) is set to a value other than 0.



$$\text{Number of output pulses per rotation} = \frac{\text{Dividing Numerator (4620-02 hex)}}{\text{Dividing Denominator (4620-03 hex)}} \times \text{Encoder resolution}$$

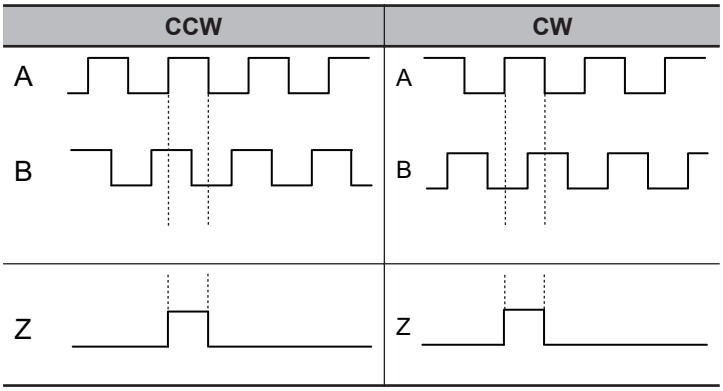
7-12-3 Output Reverse Selection

You can use **Output Reverse Selection** (4620-04 hex) to reverse the output pulses.

Output Reverse Selection	CCW	CW
0: Not reverse		
1: Reverse		

7-12-4 Z-phase Output

Phase Z is output in synchronization with phase A.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The maximum pulse output frequency is 4 Mpps. Use the function so that this frequency is not exceeded. If the maximum output frequency is exceeded, a Pulse Output Overspeed Error (Error No. 28.00) occurs.
- If the Dividing Denominator is not 0, set the values so that "Dividing Numerator is equal to or smaller than Dividing Denominator". If the values are not set correctly, a Pulse Output Setting Error (Error No. 28.01) occurs.
- If you use phase Z when the Dividing Denominator is not 0, set the values so that the number of output pulses per rotation is a multiple of 4. If this condition is not met, phase Z is not output.

7-13 Dynamic Brake

The dynamic brake can be used to stop the Servomotor in the events such as drive prohibition input, Servo OFF, and occurrence of an error.
The dynamic brake stops the Servomotor quicker than a free-run stopping.
You can install the external dynamic brake resistor with a Servo Drive at 5.5 kW or more. In its use, wire the resistor to a main circuit connector E (CNE) securely. Refer to the details about *3-6 External Dynamic Brake Resistor* on page 3-144.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Do not use the dynamic brake frequently for deceleration operation because the dynamic brake is intended for the stop at the time of an error. Confirm the precautions that are given in *4-5 Adjustment for Large Load Inertia* on page 4-81 before use.
- Do not drive the Servomotor by the use of an external drive source when the power supply is OFF and the dynamic brake is applied.
- The dynamic brake is intended for the stop at the time of an error and therefore it has a short-time rating.
  Do not use it for the stop in normal operation.
- The following frequency and number of times are the guideline for using the internal dynamic brake.
  Frequency of use: 3 minutes or more per activation
  Deceleration patterns: 1,000 times at rated rotation speed and applicable load inertia

7-13-1 Operating Conditions

The dynamic brake can be applied in the following cases.

- Drive prohibition
- Software position limit
- Servo OFF
- Main circuit power OFF
- Occurrence of error
- Control power supply OFF (only for Servo Drives at 3 kW or less)

7-13-2 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3B10	---	Drive Prohibition	---	page 9-61
	02	Stop Selection	Selects the operation when Positive Drive Prohibition or Negative Drive Prohibition is enabled.	
3B11	---	Software Position Limit	---	page 9-61
	02	Stop Selection	Selects the operation when the software position limit is enabled.	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3B20	---	Stop Selection	---	page 9-63
	01	Shutdown Option Code	Selects the operation for the time when the PDS state machine is Shutdown. Mirror object of 605B hex	
	02	Disable Operation Option Code	Selects the operation for the time when the PDS state machine is Disable Operation. Mirror object of 605C hex	
	04	Fault Reaction Option Code	Selects the operation for the time when an error occurred in the Servo Drive (PDS state = Fault reaction active). Mirror object of 605E hex	

7-13-3 Description of Operation

This section describes the dynamic brake operation for each function.

Drive Prohibition

For the drive prohibition function, you can select the dynamic brake as a method to stop the Servomotor when Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) is active.
Use the **Drive Prohibition** – **Stop Selection** (3B10-02 hex) for setting.

Stop Selection set value	During deceleration
	Deceleration method
2	The deceleration stop torque is used.
4	Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code

Software Position Limit

You can select the dynamic brake as a method to stop the Servomotor when the present position exceeds the specified movement range.
Use the **Software Position Limit** – **Stop Selection** (3B11-02 hex) for setting.

Stop Selection set value	During deceleration
	Deceleration method
2	The deceleration stop torque is used.
4	Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code

Main Circuit Power OFF

You can select the dynamic brake as a method to stop the Servomotor when the main circuit power is turned OFF (PDS state machine = Shutdown). Also, you can select the dynamic brake for the operation after stopping.
Use the **Stop Selection** – **Shutdown Option Code** (3B20-01 hex) for setting.

The default value is -5. The deceleration operation in Operation B is free-run. To stop the motor more quickly than free-run stopping even when the deceleration method is Operation B, set this so that dynamic brake operation is performed as the deceleration operation.
The dynamic brake is intended for stopping the motor in case of an error. Do not use it as a method to stop the motor when it is rotating in normal operation.

Set value	Deceleration operation		Operation after stopping
-7	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-6	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-5	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-4	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-3	Dynamic brake operation		Free
-2	Free-run		Dynamic brake operation
-1	Dynamic brake operation		Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run		Free

*1. The Servomotor stops according to the setting of Operation B while in an STO status or when the P-N Voltage drops to the specified value or lower. In other cases, the Servomotor decelerates to stop according to the setting of Operation A.

Precautions for Correct Use

By default, Shutdown Option Code (3B20-01 hex) is set to -5. To stop the motor as quickly as possible, set this so that dynamic brake operation is performed as the deceleration operation. The dynamic brake is intended for stopping the motor in case of an error. Do not use it as a method to stop the motor when it is rotating in normal operation.

Servo OFF

You can select the dynamic brake as a method to stop the Servomotor when the Servo is turned OFF (PDS state machine = Disable operation). Also, you can select the dynamic brake for the operation after stopping.
Use the **Stop Selection** – **Disable Operation Option Code** (3B20-02 hex) for setting.

Set value	Deceleration operation	Operation after stopping
-6	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
-4		Dynamic brake operation
-3	Dynamic brake operation	Free
-2	Free-run	Dynamic brake operation
-1	Dynamic brake operation	Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run	Free

Occurrence of Error

You can select the dynamic brake as a method to stop the Servomotor when an error occurs (PDS state = Fault reaction active). Also, you can select the dynamic brake for the operation after stopping. Use the **Stop Selection** – **Fault Reaction Option Code** (3B20-04 hex) for setting.

Set value	Deceleration operation		Operation after stopping
-7	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-6	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-5	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-4	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-3	Dynamic brake operation		Free
-2	Free-run		Dynamic brake operation
-1	Dynamic brake operation		Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run		Free

*1. Operation A and B indicate whether or not to perform the deceleration stop when an error occurs. If an error that causes the deceleration stop occurs, the deceleration stop is performed according to the setting of Operation A. If an error that does not cause the deceleration stop occurs, the dynamic brake operation or free-run is performed according to the setting of Operation B. For details on errors, refer to *12-3 Errors* on page 12-10.

Control Power Supply OFF

When control power supply is off, the dynamic brake is as follows.

- Capacity 3 kW or less: The dynamic brake is applied.
- Capacity 5.5 kW or more: The dynamic brake is released and free.
  When the control power supply is turned ON, the dynamic brake operation or free-run is performed according to the setting of **Stop Selection** – **Shutdown Option Code** (3B20-01 hex).

Precautions for Correct Use

Do not drive the Servomotor by the use of an external drive source when the power supply is OFF and the dynamic brake is applied.

7-14 Command Compensation Function for Communications Error

If a target position is lost because of a communications error, this function corrects the next target position on the basis of the previous target position.

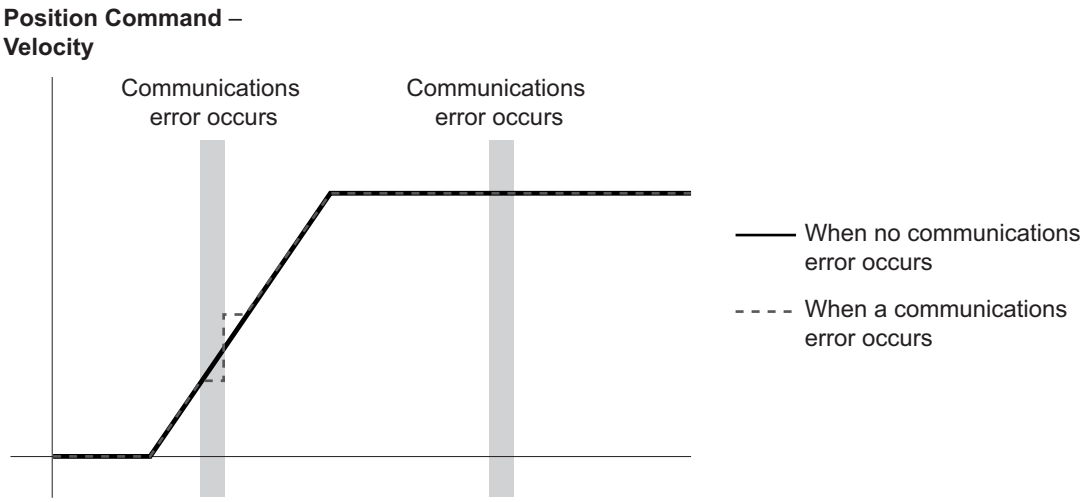
7-14-1 Operating Conditions

The communications error period command correction function is always enabled under the following conditions.

- The mode of operation is Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)
- The synchronous mode is Distributed Clock (DC) Mode
  This function corrects a target position so that the **Position Command** – **Velocity** (3010-83 hex) becomes equal to the previous velocity. When the mode of operation is Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv) or Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst), the previous command is retained.

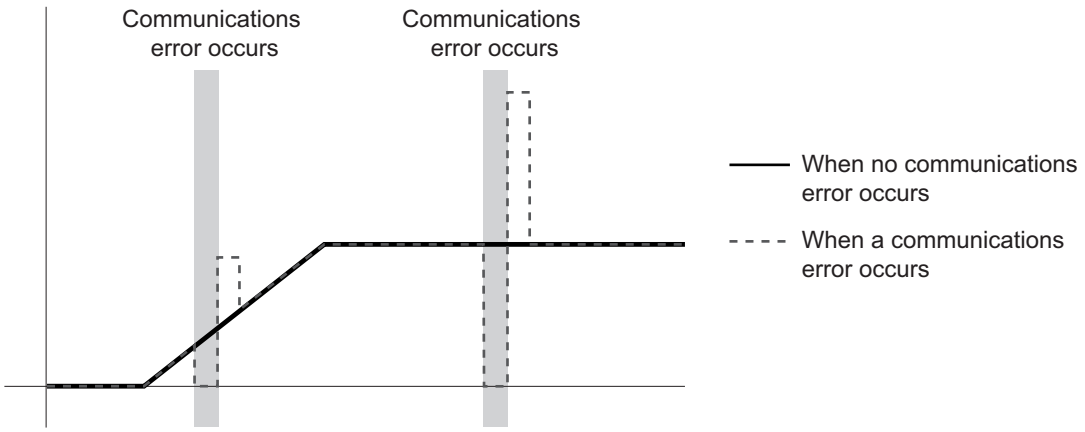
7-14-2 Operation Example

The following is an operation example. The velocities corrected by this function are closer to the **Position Command** – **Velocity** (3010-83 hex), which is expected when no communications error occurs, than the velocities not corrected.



Without this function, the target positions will not be corrected and become as follows.

Position Command – Velocity



8

Safety Function

This section explains the Servo Drive safety function.

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8-1-1 Description of Safety Functions 8-2
8-1-2 Configuration for Safety System 8-3
8-1-3 Network Connection and Settings 8-6
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8-1-5 Safety Reaction Time for Safety Distance 8-9
8-1-6 Data Necessary for Designing Programs of Each Controller 8-10
8-1-7 PFH 8-12
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8-1-9 Precaution on Use 8-14
8-1-10 Procedure for Reset of Safety Error 8-15
8-1-11 Safety Program 8-16

8-2 Safe Torque OFF (STO) Function 8-18
8-2-1 STO Function via Safety Input Signals 8-18
8-2-2 STO function via FSoE communications 8-23

8-3 Safe Stop 1 (SS1) Function 8-26
8-3-1 Objects Requiring Settings 8-26
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8-4 Safely-limited Speed (SLS) Function 8-31
8-4-1 Objects Requiring Settings 8-32
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8-1 Outline of Safety Functions

This section describes connections, settings necessary for use of safety functions and the information about configuration of safety system.

8-1-1 Description of Safety Functions

Servo Drive has the following safety functions:

Function	Description	Reference
Safe Torque OFF (STO)	This function is used to cut off a motor current and stop the motor.	page 8-18
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	This function is used to stop a motor by activating STO function at any timing after receiving a command from a safety controller.	page 8-26
Safely-Limited Speed (SLS)	This function is used to monitor a safety present motor velocity. When the safety present motor velocity exceeds the velocity limit for monitoring, excessive limit value error occurs.	page 8-31

Servo Drives have the following two types of STO functions. Use either of these functions according to your safety device configuration.

- STO function via safety input signals
- STO function via FSoE communications

When you use just STO function by safety input signals, you do not need a setting related EtherCAT network described in section *8-1-2 Configuration for Safety System* on page 8-3 to *8-1-4 Operating Procedure for Safety Function* on page 8-7.

The specifications of each safety function are as follows.

Safety function	Item	Specifications
STO	Reaction time*1	5 ms (STO function via safety input signals) 7 ms (STO function via FSoE communications)
SS1	Delay time	0 to 65,535 ms
SLS	Delay time	0 to 65,535 ms
	Velocity limit	30 to 20,000 r/min
	Reaction time*2	10 to 25 ms

*1. Time to STO (torque OFF status) after a STO request is received

*2. Time to STO (torque OFF status) after the motor velocity exceeds the monitoring limit

Achievable safety levels for each safety function at maximum are shown as the below table.

Function	Achievable safety level EN61508/EN ISO 13849-1
STO via safety input signals	SIL3/PLe
STO via FSoE communications	SIL2/PLd
SS1	SIL2/PLd
SLS	SIL2/PLd

8-1-2 Configuration for Safety System

To make devices go into safe state, a combined control among a safety controller, a standard controller and a Servo Drive is required.
Typical roles of each device are shown as below.

Device	Role
Safety Controller	• Monitor safety input and output • Notify a standard controller of states of safety input and output • Issue commands to the Servo Drive to activate and reset safety functions • Issue commands to the Servo Drive to reset errors of safety functions
Standard Controller	• Issue commands to the Servo Drive to turn Servo ON/OFF and reset errors • Issue command to the Servo Drive to control a specified position, velocity and torque
Servo Drive	• Turn Servo ON/OFF and reset errors after receiving commands from the standard controller • Control the Servomotor after receiving commands from the standard controller • Activate and interrupt safety functions after receiving commands from the safety controller • Reset errors of safety functions after receiving commands from the safety controller • Stop the Servomotor when an error occurs

A procedure for the control is described as follow.

1 The safety controller detects the following cases with a safety sensor or safety switch.
- When workers entered exclusion zones
- When workers are about touch hazardous sites of the device
- When workers come closely to the devices for the purpose of a check of devices/products, maintenance and supply of materials

2 The safety controller notifies the standard controller of the detected data.

3 The standard controller issues commands to the Servo Drive to decelerate or stop. At the same time, the safety controller issues commands to the Servo Drive to activate safety functions for use.

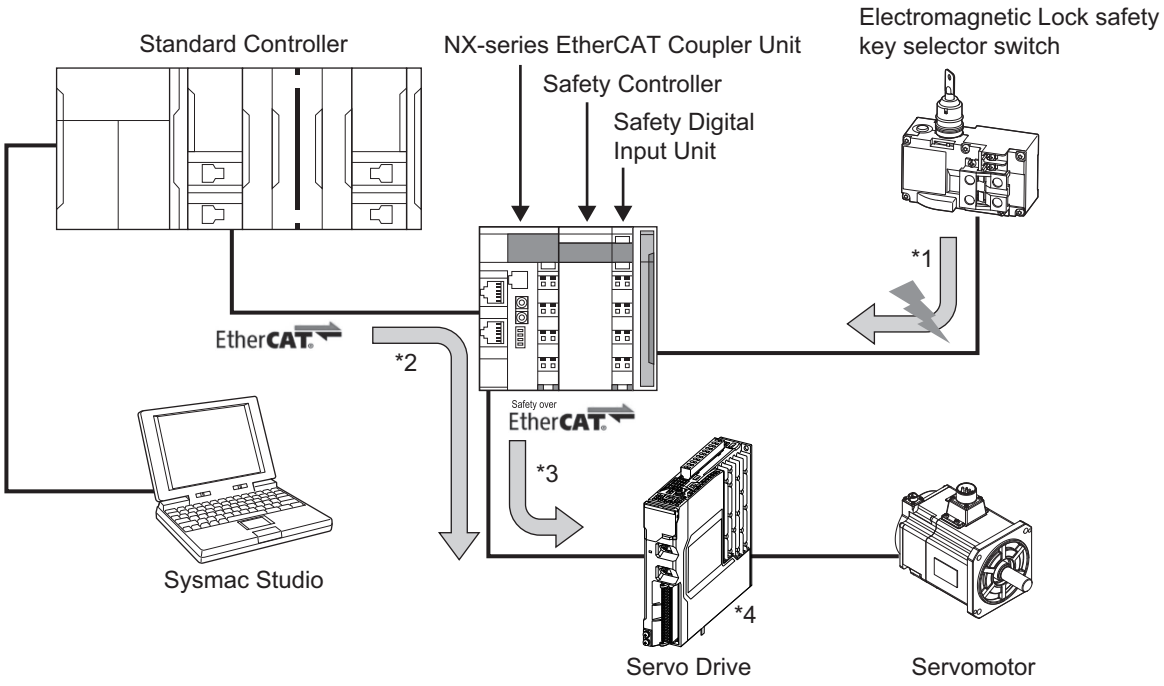
4 The Servo Drive receives and executes the commands from both controllers.

Thus, a safety controller and a standard controller must issue commands to a Servo Drive at an appropriate timing according to states of switches, sensors and devices, and then have the programs to issue the commands.
To secure the combined operation between a safety controller and a standard controller, design programs for each device with consideration of the following times. Without this consideration mentioned earlier, STO may be active and an Excessive Limit Value Error may occur.

- Time until safety functions starts the activations
  It refers to "Time until a safety controller issues command to activate safety functions + Delay time of safety functions".
- Delay time of safety functions
  Time until STO becomes active or a Servo Drive starts monitoring after it receives commands of safety functions.

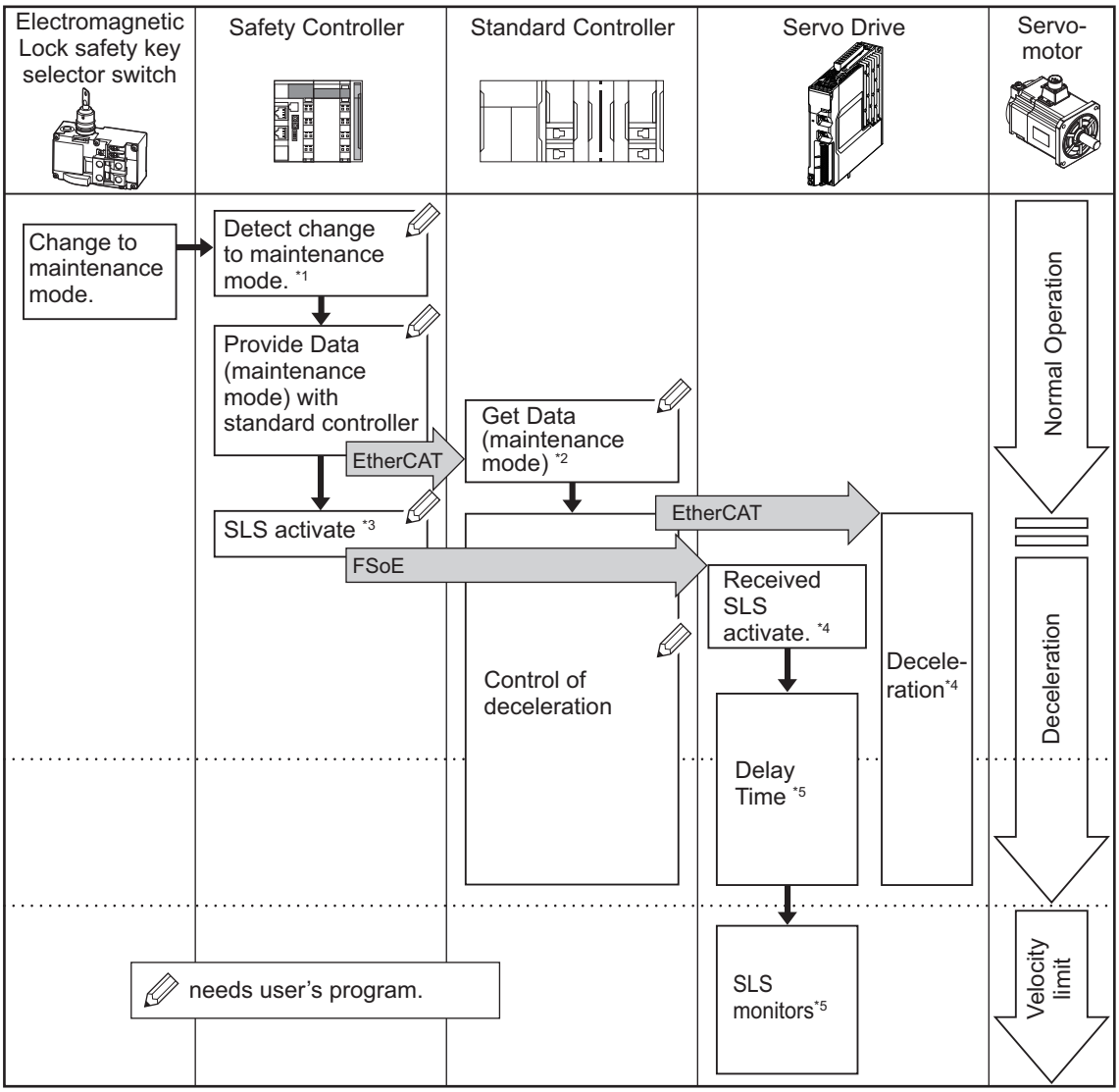
As for the details, refer to *8-1-6 Data Necessary for Designing Programs of Each Controller* on page 8-10.

This section describes a flow of control with an example of SLS function.



Safety system configuration equipment	Model
Standard Controller	NX701
EtherCAT Coupler Unit	NX-ECC201 NX-ECC202
Safety Controller	NX-SL3300 NX-SL3500
Safety Digital Input Unit	NX-SIH400
Electromagnetic Lock safety key selector switch	A22LK
Servo Drive	R88D-1SN□□□-ECT-51

Safety system is achieved in the following controls with use of the equipment.



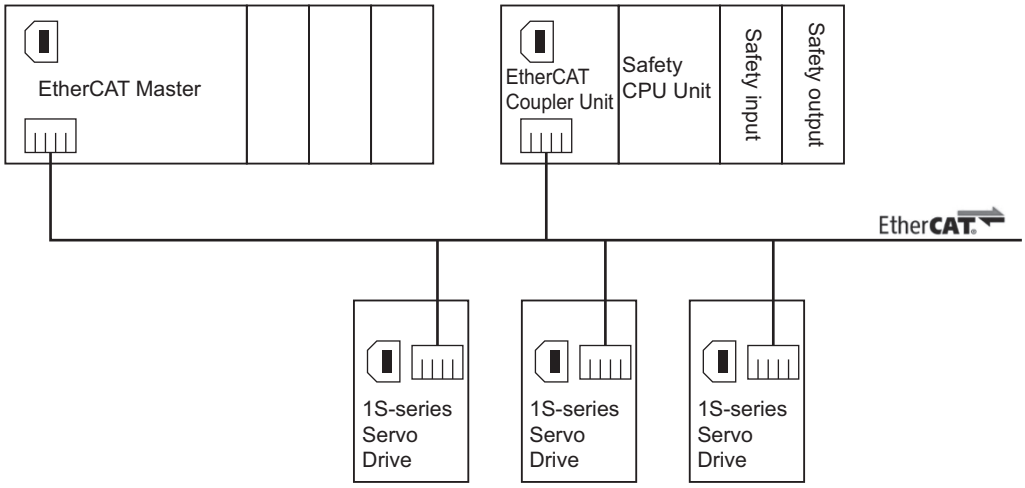
*1. The safety key selector switch and the safety controller detect that workers come closer to devices due to the reason such as maintenance, etc.
*2. The standard controller reads data from the safety controller and checks a switch to maintenance mode. In such case, it issues a command to decelerate a velocity of the Servomotor and gives the command to the Servo Drive.
*3. The safety controller issues/gives a command to activate SLS function to the Servo Drive.
*4. The Servo Drive controls the motor's deceleration, following the command from the standard controller. In addition, it activates SLS function after receiving the command to activate SLS from the safety controller.
*5. The Servo Drive starts monitoring of the motor's velocity after the delay time elapsed from the receipt of the command to activate SLS.

Precautions for Correct Use

Safety programs for a safety controller shall be created and controlled to achieve controls mentioned earlier *1 and *3.
In the same way, user's programs for a standard controller shall be created and controlled to achieve controls mentioned earlier *2.
These examples are some of control methods to configure safety system. Create and control appropriate programs according to user's equipment and systems.

8-1-3 Network Connection and Settings

Connect the EtherCAT network, and configure the EtherCAT master and safety controller to use safety functions in Servo Drives. For safety controller, the controller that supports FSoE master function can be used.
You can easily build the safety system when you use Omron's Sysmac products.



Settings on Sysmac Studio

In Sysmac Studio, the following batch settings can be done easily; settings of the network configurations of the designed safety systems, safety PDO mapping and each setting of safety functions, etc. Carry out these settings by the procedure mentioned below.

1. EtherCAT Network configurations
2. PDO Mapping settings
3. Safety functions settings
4. Safety I/O map settings
5. Designing safety programs for safety controller
6. Designing user programs for standard controller

As for the details about the setting procedure on Sysmac Studio, refer to *A-5 Use Case of Safety Function* on page A-200.

8-1-4 Operating Procedure for Safety Function

Addition of Safety PDO

Add the following safety PDO to Servo Drive PDO assignment for EtherCAT network setting **Sync Manager 2 PDO Assignment** (1C12 hex) and **Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment** (1C13 hex) for use of safety functions.

- RxPDO: 17th receive PDO Mapping (1610 hex)
- TxPDO: 17th transmit PDO Mapping (1A10 hex)

You can set the safety PDO from a standard controller.

As for the setting method, refer to *5-4 Process Data Objects (PDOs)* on page 5-6.
As for the default setting of safety PDO mapping, refer to *5-4-5 Safety PDO Mapping* on page 5-10.

Setting of Fixed Safety PDO

Set safety functions for use to the added safety PDO. You can carry out these settings from a safety controller.

The following table shows the default settings.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Fixed assignment safety function	Default setting (hex)
1610	---	17th receive PDO Mapping	---
	01	FSoE Master CMD	E7000108 (Fixed)
	02	STO command	66400001 (Fixed)
	03	SS1 command 1	66500101 (Fixed)
	04	Reserved	---
	05	Reserved	---
	06	Reserved	---
	07	Reserved	---
	08	Reserved	---
	09	error acknowledge	66320001 (Fixed)
1A10	---	17th transmit PDO Mapping	---
	01	FSoE Slave Command	E6000108 (Fixed)
	02	STO status	66400001 (Fixed)
	03	Reserved	---
	04	Reserved	---
	05	Reserved	---
	06	Reserved	---
	07	Reserved	---
	08	Reserved	---
	09	error status	66320001 (Fixed)

As for safety functions for non-use, set **Safety Function Disable Setting** – **1st Byte Disable Setting** (4F20-01 hex) to 1:disable.

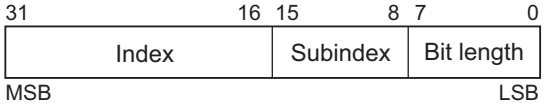
Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4F20	---	Safety Function Disable Setting	Disable safety functions assigned to safety PDO mapping.	page 9-132
	01	1st Byte Disable Setting	Disable safety functions to safety PDO 1st Byte. bit 1: SS1 command 1 0: Enable 1: Disable	

Setting of Optional Safety PDO

Assign optional instances for safety functions to the below safety PDO mapping when you use safety functions other than the safety functions assigned to fixed PDO. You can carry out these settings from a safety controller.
The following table shows the default settings.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Optional assignment safety function	Default setting (hex)
1610	---	17th receive PDO Mapping	---
	0A	Optional instances for assignment	00000001 (not assigned)
	0B		
	0C		
	0D		
	0E		
	0F		
	10		
	11		
1A10	---	17th transmit PDO Mapping	---
	0A	Optional instances for assignment	00000001 (not assigned)
	0B		
	0C		
	0D		
	0E		
	0F		
	10		

When optional instances are assigned, set index and subindex for safety functions to be used in the following ways.



Bit 16 to 31: Index of safety function object to be used
Bit 8 to 15: Subindex of safety function object to be used
Bit 0 to 7: 01 (Bit length = 1) Fixed

Assignable safety functions and instances are followings.

Safety function	Assignable instance	Setting value
SS1	SS1 command 1 to 8	66500101 to 66500801
SLS	SLS command 1 to 8	66900101 to 66900801

Additional Information

SS1 and SLS functions have eight instances. These instances are activated independently.

Setting of Safety Function

This section describes the details about the setting of each safety function set in the procedures mentioned earlier. For details, refer to each section of safety functions.

Precautions for Correct Use

- In the following cases, RxPDO mapping error (Error No.90.07) will occur.
  a) The fixed assignment of **17th receive PDO Mapping** (1610 hex) is changed
  b) The same instance of the safety function is assigned to **17th receive PDO Mapping** (1610 hex)
  c) The safety function is assigned to PDO mapping objects other than **17th receive PDO Mapping** (1610 hex)
- In the following cases, TxPDO mapping error (Error No.90.08) will occur.
  a) The fixed assignment of **17th transmit PDO Mapping** (1A10 hex) is changed,
  b) The same instance of the safety function is assigned to **17th transmit PDO Mapping** (1A10 hex),
  c) The safety function is assigned to the PDO mapping objects other than **17th transmit PDO Mapping** (1A10 hex)

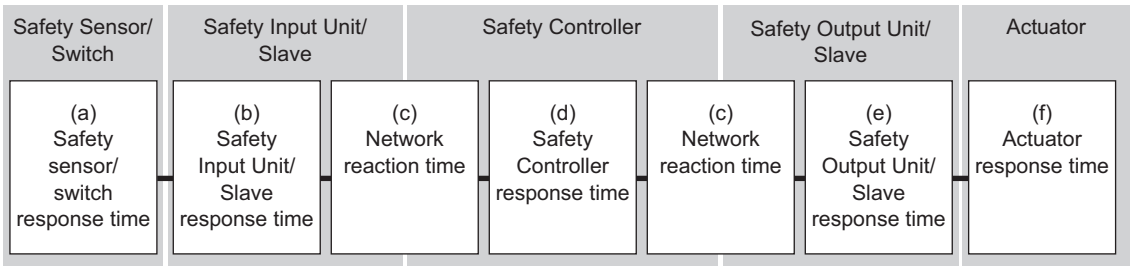
8-1-5 Safety Reaction Time for Safety Distance

Safety reaction time (Safety response performance) is the maximum time required for cutting off outputs with consideration for failures and breakdowns in safety chain*1. Under the safety system design, safety distance can be calculated from the safety reaction time. In all segments of the safety chain, the maximum time length, from safety sensor/switch input to actuator response time, must satisfy the required specification.

*1. Safety chain means a logical connection to achieve safety functions linking from safety input equipment to safety output equipment through Safety Controller.

The safety reaction time is the sum of following items: (a) Safety Sensor/Switch response time, (b) Safety Input Unit/Slave response time, (c) Network response time, (d) Safety Controller response time, (e) Safety Output Unit/Slave response time, and (f) Actuator response time. The number/time of each item depends on the configuration of the safety chain.
As for the detail, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.

This section describes safety reaction time of Servo Drive.



Symbol	Time element	Description
(e)	Safety Output Unit/ Slave response time	The following values are the processing time of 1S-series Servo Drive with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions: STO: 4 ms SS1: 4 ms + SS1 time to STO SLS: 10 to 25 ms

8-1-6 Data Necessary for Designing Programs of Each Controller

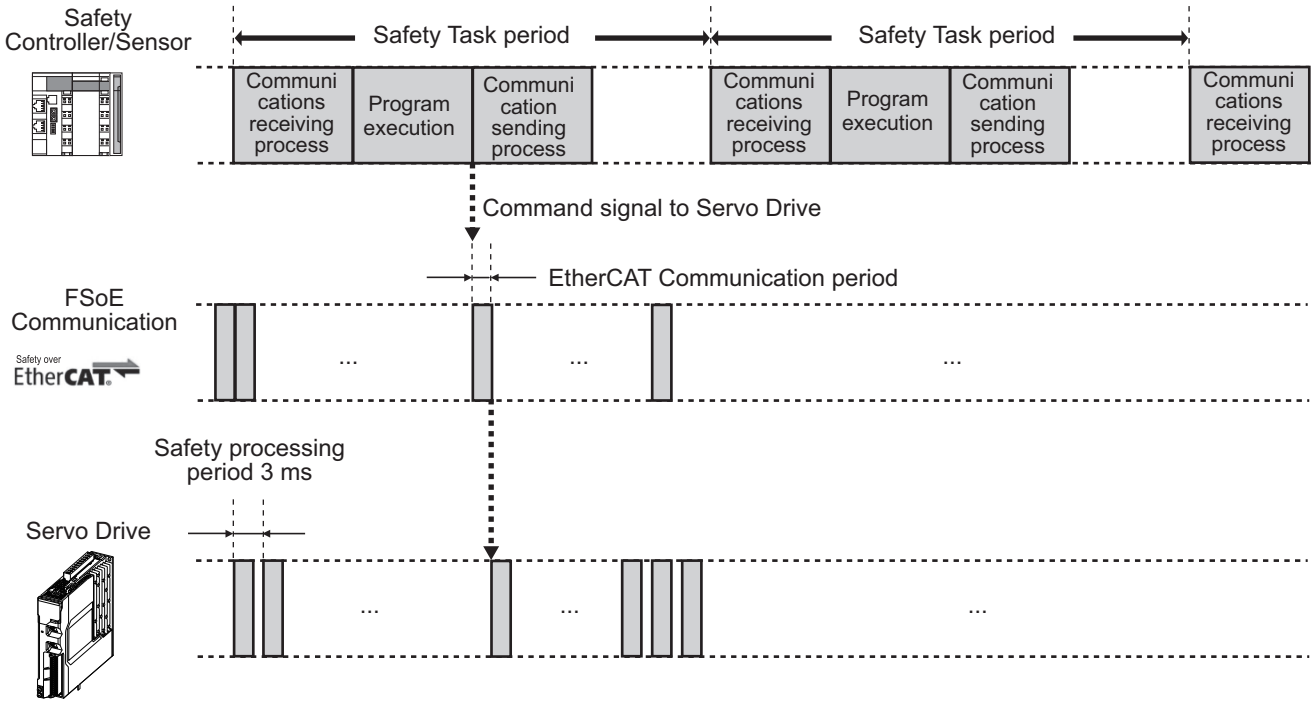
To secure a combined control between a safety controller and a standard controller, design programs for each controller and install the Servo Drive with the consideration of the followings.

Time Length Required to Activate the Safety Function

The minimum time length is required to activate the safety functions after the safety controller sent command signals.

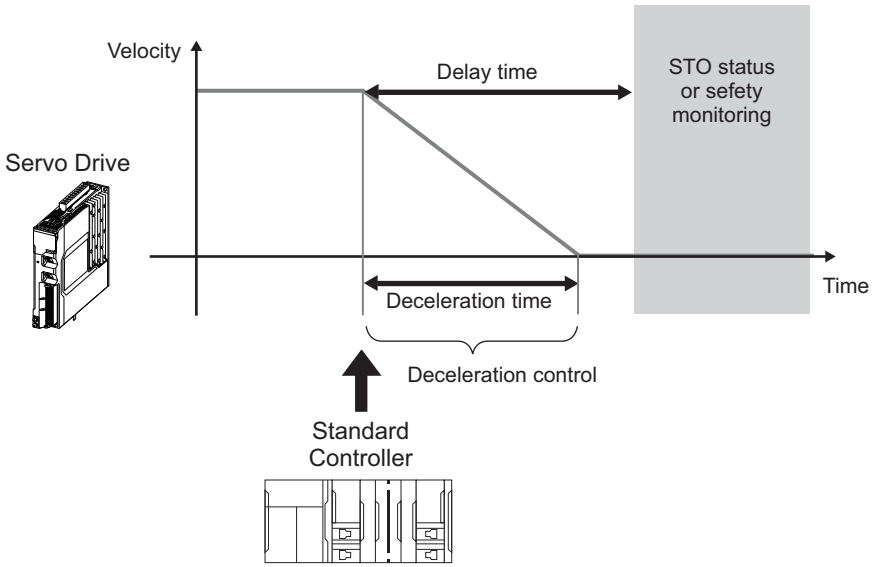
The minimum time length to activate the safety function = EtherCAT Communication Cycle

The safety controller issues commands to activate safety functions to the Servo Drive, considering this shortest time mentioned earlier and the timing of completion of deceleration by the motor’s control.



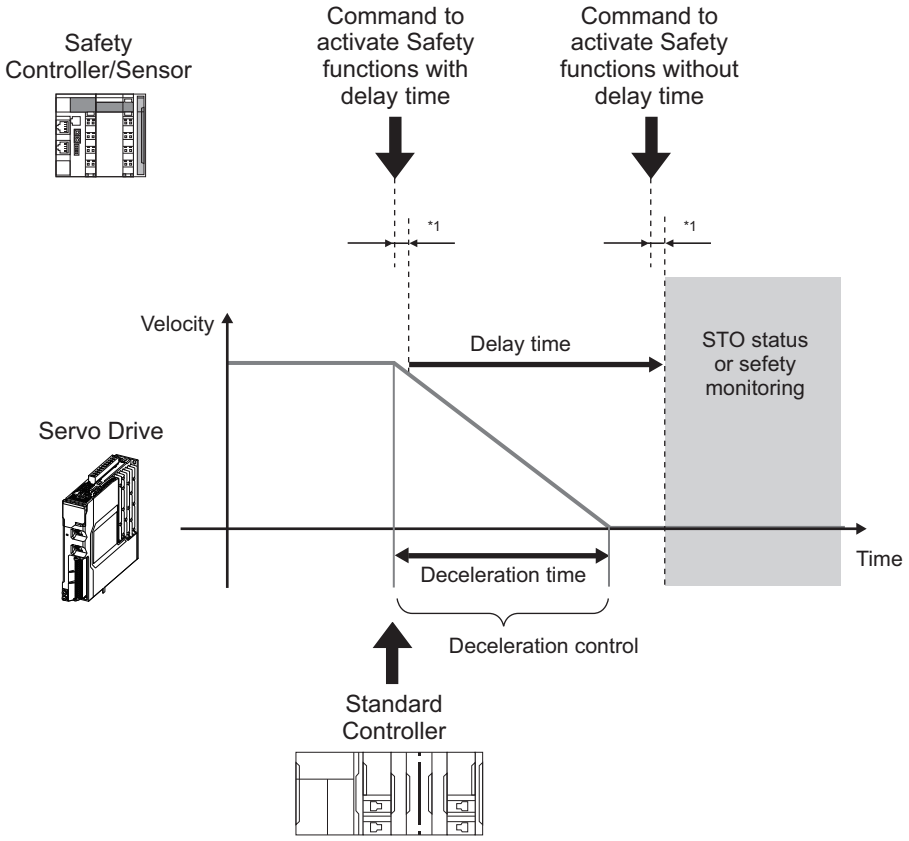
Delay Time of Safety Functions

"The delay time" setting is required for SS1 and SLS functions to activate their safety functions. The delay time is used for the standard controller to decelerate and stop the motor rotation. Calculate times needed for the deceleration according to user's program and set the time to the Servo Drives. If you use the delay time, the safety controller saves time to calculate the time of the deceleration/ stop.That enables a design of easy program.



Timing to Issue a Command to Activate Safety Functions by the Safety Controller

The timing to issue a command to activate safety functions by the safety controller varies in existence or non-existence of delay time shown in the following figure.



*1. The shortest time until the safety functions are activated.

8-1-7 PFH

The PFH value of using the STO function via safety input signals is 2.0×10^{-11}[1/h].
The PFH value of using the STO function via FSoE communications and the SS1 function is 1.6×10^{-9}[1/h].

The PFH value of using the SLS function is 6.5×10^{-9}[1/h].

Even the PFH value of using multiple functions including the SLS function is 6.5×10^{-9}[1/h].

Example	PFH
Use STO Function via FSoE Communications only	1.6×10^{-9}[1/h]
Use Safely-limited Speed (SLS) Function only	6.5×10^{-9}[1/h]
Use STO Function via FSoE Communications and Safely-Limited Speed (SLS)	6.5×10^{-9}[1/h]
Use SS1 Function only	1.6×10^{-9}[1/h]

Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to http://www.ia.omron.com/support/sistemalibrary/index_jp.html for updated PFH.

8-1-8 Velocity Data Monitored by Safety Functions

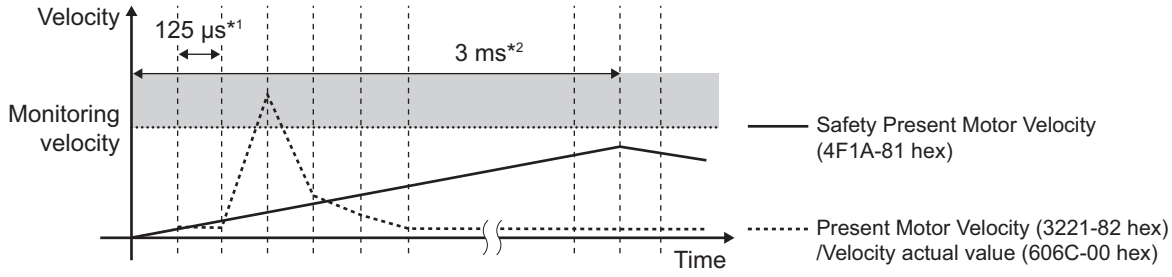
Safety Present Motor Velocity monitored by safety functions has the following characteristic.

Safety Present Motor Velocity

Safety Velocity Detection – **Safety Present Motor Velocity** (4F1A-81 hex), which is used for setting the monitoring range of the SLS function, is different from **Present Motor Velocity** (3221-82 hex) and **Velocity actual value** (606C-00 hex) as shown below.

● Update Cycle

Safety Present Motor Velocity is 3 ms while Present Motor Velocity and Velocity actual value are 125 µs. Due to this difference of the update cycles, even if Present Motor Velocity and Velocity actual value momentarily exceed a monitoring velocity by monitoring functions, in some cases, Safety Present Motor Velocity does NOT exceed the monitoring velocity. Also, Safety Present Motor Velocity may be displayed about 100 r/min larger than **Present Motor Velocity** (3221-82 hex).
Read Safety Present Motor Velocity when you adjust a monitoring range and survey causes of safety functions errors and the mal-functions.



*1. Update cycle of Present Motor Velocity and Velocity actual value
*2. Update cycle of Safety Present Motor Velocity

Precautions for Correct Use

- Although SLS velocity limit can be set to less than 100 r/min, Safety Present Motor Velocity may be displayed 100 r/min larger than Present Motor Velocity. Therefore, at a monitoring velocity of less than 100 r/min, SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded may occur even though the monitoring velocity is not actually exceeded. Set an appropriate monitoring speed after thoroughly checking the operation.
- Using the SLS function when a vertical axis, etc., is subject to an unbalanced load may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 even during normal operation. For axes to which this applies, consider using the 1S-series with Safety Functionality R88D-1SAN□.
- To use the SLS function, we recommend to use an OMRON motor power cable of 20 m or less. Using a motor power cable longer than 20 m may cause the following phenomena even during normal operation, resulting in a false detection of Monitoring Limit Exceeded or Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2. Set an appropriate monitoring speed after thoroughly checking the operation. In addition, using a noise filter on the power supply line may stabilize the Safety Present Motor Velocity and reduce false detections. For the recommended noise filters, refer to *3-8 Noise Filter Specifications* on page 3-147 and *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83.
  a) Safety Present Motor Velocity, which is the velocity monitoring target of the SLS function, may exceed the actual velocity much more than 100 r/min.
  b) **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) may be disabled.
  Consult your OMRON sales representative for details.

8-1-9 Precaution on Use

In Test Run and Adjustment

Deactivate safety functions when you use a function for adjustment of the Servo Drive. Otherwise, you may face a failure for adjustment of the Servo Drive.

In System Configuration and Its Operation

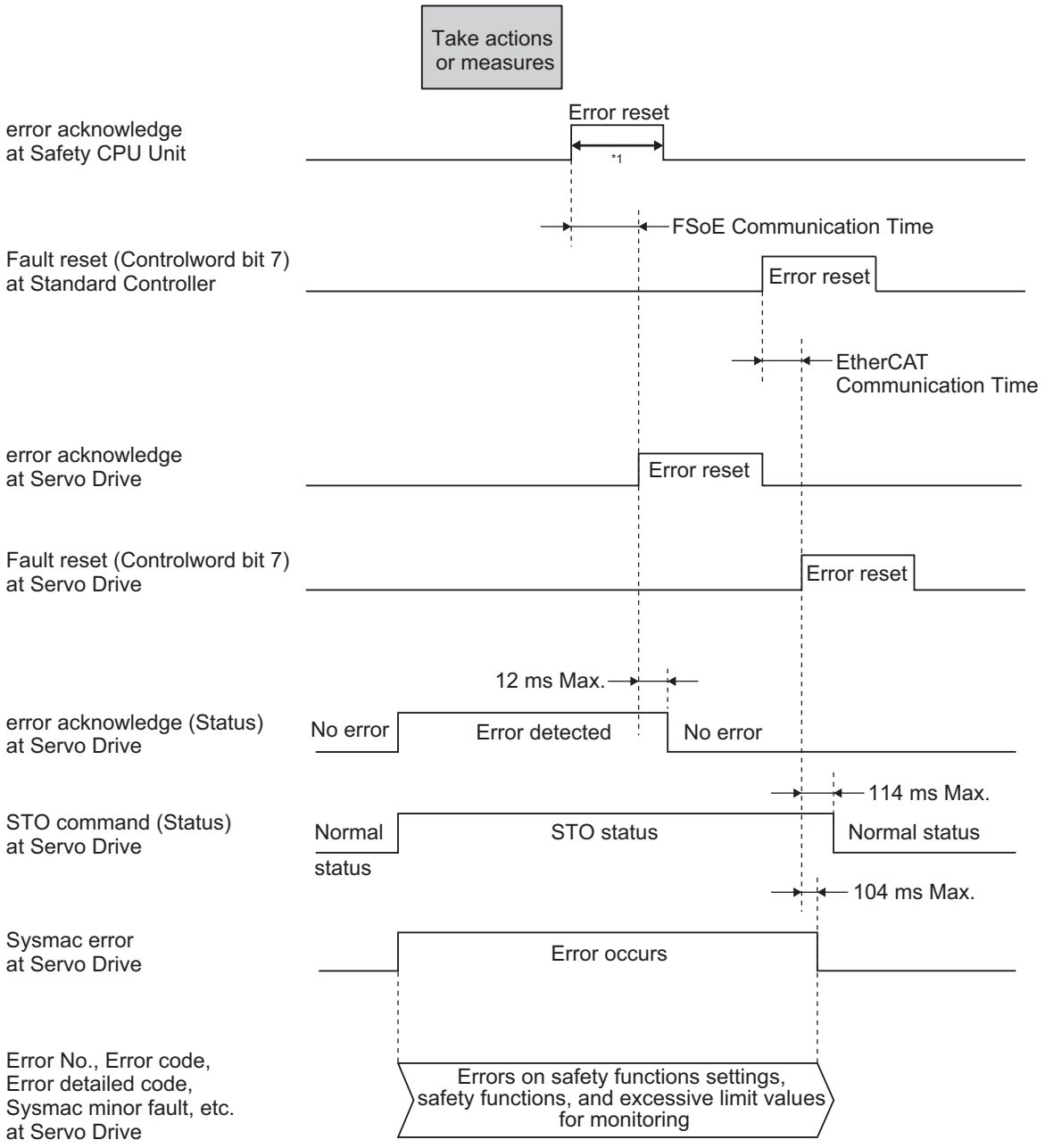
- When you use safety functions, after FSoE communication is established, set all commands of safety functions mapped to safety PDO to *1 (Reset)*.
- When external forces (e.g. force of gravity on a vertical axis) are applied to a motor after STO function is activated, the motor runs. In such case, take safety measures like providing external brakes, etc. Take precautions that a motor with a brake is used only for holding and cannot be used for controlling.
- Even if external forces are not applied, when **Stop Selection** – **Shutdown Option Code** (3B20-01 hex) is set to free-run (with the dynamic brake deactivate), the motor turns free-run and the stop distance becomes longer.
- Due to failures of power transistor, a motor may operate within the range 180 degrees max. of electrical angle.
- When you activate the STO functions, the power supply to the Servo Drive is neither cut off nor electrically insulated while the power supply to a motor is cut off. When you conduct Servo Drive maintenance, cut off the power supply to the Servo Drive separately.
- When you use the STO function, confirm that each function operates once every three months.
- Design a system with the safety functions, which conforms to the related safety standards and specifications in the user's manuals that you thoroughly understand.
- Qualified engineers must carry out system building and setting for the related safety area. Verify that the systems are installed as expected while testing when you use the systems.
- Comply with descriptions of "specifications", "precautions" and "user's manuals" when you use safety equipment that is appropriately selected. The operation methods other than the descriptions of specifications, precautions and user's manuals may not activate functions as expected. Furthermore, they may lead to unexpected breakdowns/failures and cause factors of accidents by the breakdowns and failures.
- Conduct a user test to confirm that all safety equipment operates correctly before system operation. Otherwise, safety functions may malfunction and you may suffer serious injury.
- Enable the security function of the EtherCAT master so that the PDO mapping assignment is not changed.
- Use Operation Authority Verification function in the NJ/NX/NY-series CPU Unit to enable the security function. Set authorities so that synchronization of the transfer function cannot be operated. As for the details, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)*.
- Set interval 1 seconds or more until you turn the control power supply to the Servo Drive ON again after the power supply OFF.
- When you use STO function for a vertical axis, in some cases, the power supply of a Servomotor becomes OFF before the brake is held. As a result, a workpiece may fall.
  Take a caution of the timing when the brake is held. Refer to *7-6 Brake Interlock* on page 7-21 for details on the operating timing.

8-1-10 Procedure for Reset of Safety Error

This section describes a procedure for error reset other than "Cycle Power Supply" in failures of safety functions.

1. Refer to *Section 12 Troubleshooting* on page 12-1 based on error No. and error code and take appropriate measures.
2. Set error acknowledge from 0 to 1 in the safety PDO of a safety controller and check "0 (No error)" on error acknowledge (Status).
3. Execute Fault reset of the Controlword in the PDO of a standard controller or execute **Sysmac Error** – **Sysmac Error Status Clear** (2002-02 hex).

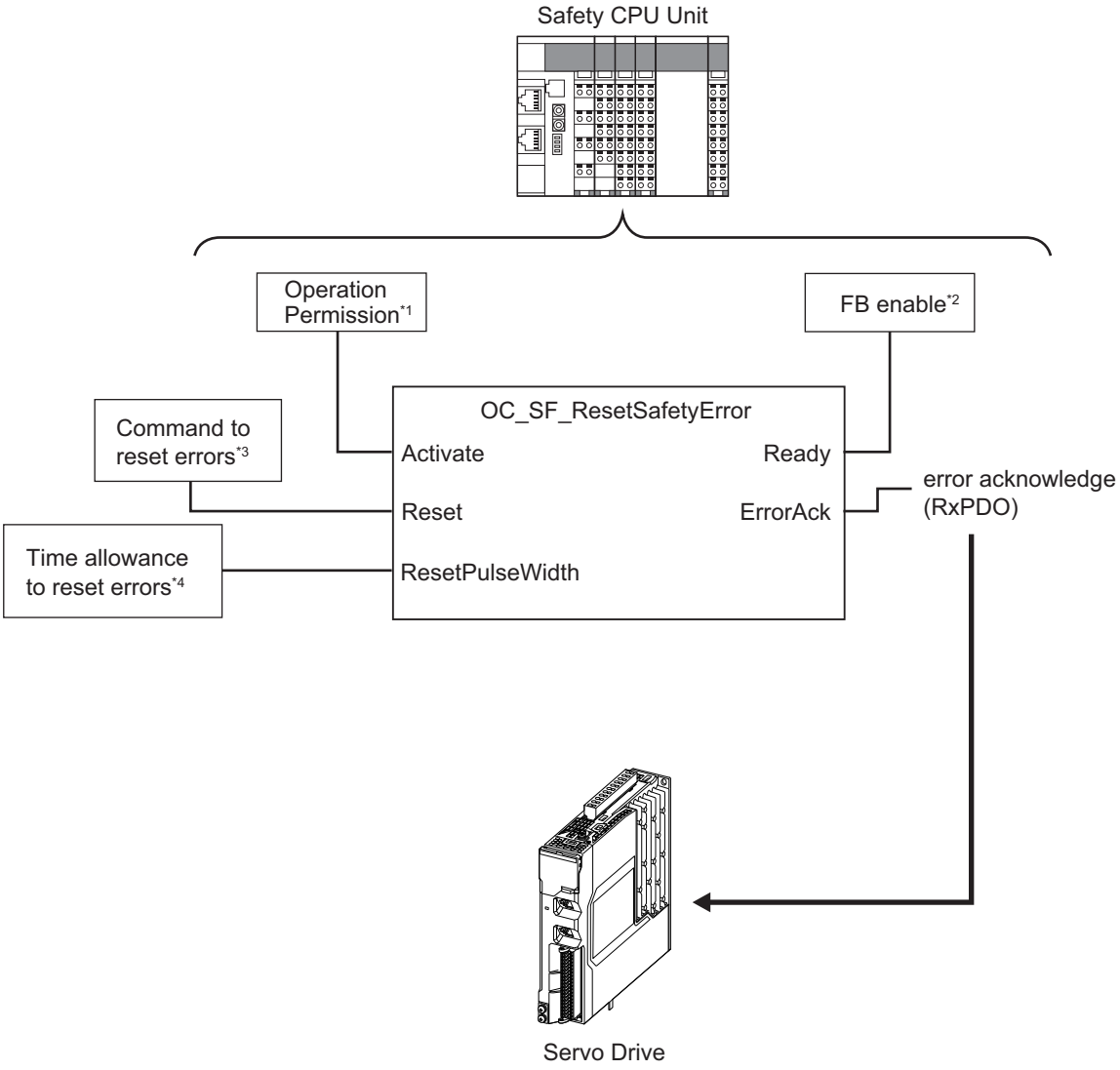
The following chart shows error reset by Fault reset.



*1. Keep the same or longer length of FSoE Watchdog Timer setting.

8-1-11 Safety Program

This is an example to reset the safety errors of the Servo Drive via the safety CPU unit. Set safety process data communications to 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions to use function block by the Sysmac Studio.



*1. When you input safety connection status, a safety controller can limit operations for function block according to status of a system or a program.
*2. It indicates that a function block can be activated. Also, it can be used as inputs of other function blocks and the programs.
*3. Input a command to reset the safety error.
*4. Set “ON” time allowance to reset the safety errors. 100 ms or longer time allowance is required.

For further information about function block *OC_SF_ResetSafetyError*, refer to *A-5-3 Function Block for 1S-series Products with Safety Functionality* on page A-221.
This function block can also be used for 1S-series with SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions.

8-2 Safe Torque OFF (STO) Function

This function is used to cut off motor's currents by commands from a safety controller and stop the motor.
When the STO function is activated, a Servo Drive turns OFF the Servo Ready Output (READY) and enters the safe state.
Servo Drives have the following two types of STO functions. Use either of these functions according to your safety device configuration.

- STO function via safety input signals
- STO function via FSoE communications

8-2-1 STO Function via Safety Input Signals

This section explains how to use the STO function via safety input signals.

I/O Signal Specifications

The following I/O signals are available to use the STO function: the safety input signals (SF1 and SF2) and the external device monitoring (EDM) output signal.
Refer to *3-1-5 Control I/O Connector (CN1) Specifications* on page 3-25 for I/O signal connection and external signal processing.

● Safety Input Signals

Two safety input circuits are installed to operate the STO function.

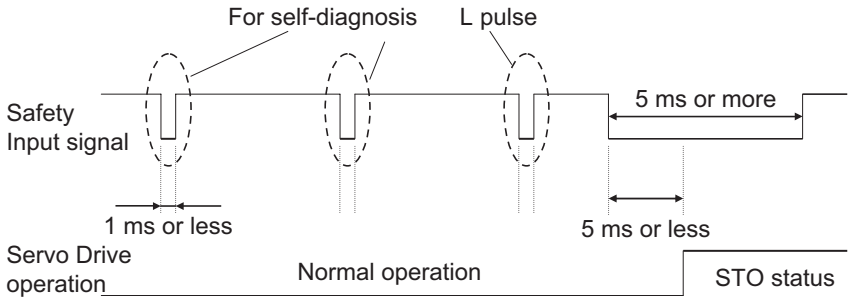
Signal	Symbol	Pin No.	Description
Safety input 1	SF1+	CN1-3,23	The upper arm drive signal of the power transistor inside the Servo Drive is cut off.
	SF1-	CN1-4,24	
Safety input 2	SF2+	CN1-5,25	The lower arm drive signal of the power transistor inside the Servo Drive is cut off.
	SF2-	CN1-6,26	

- When safety input 1 or 2 turns OFF, the STO function will start operating within 5 ms after the input, and the motor output torque will be cut off.
- Connect the equipment so that the safety input circuit turns OFF when the STO function is activated.
- Set the operation when the safety input turns OFF in the **Stop Selection** – **Shutdown Option Code** (3B20-01 hex).

Precautions for Correct Use

L pulses for self-diagnosis of safety equipment

When you connect a safety device, such as a safety controller or a safety sensor, the safety output signal of the device may include L pulses for self-diagnosis. To avoid malfunction due to the L pulses for self-diagnosis, a filter that removes the L pulses is built into the safety input circuit. If the OFF time of the safety input signal is 1 ms or less, the safety input circuit does not recognize it as OFF. To make sure that OFF is recognized, maintain the OFF status of safety input signal for at least 5 ms.



● External Device Monitoring (EDM) Output Signal

This is a monitor output signal that is used to monitor the status of safety input signals from an external device.

Connect the EDM output signal to the external device monitoring terminal on a safety device, such as a safety controller or a safety sensor.

Signal	Symbol	Pin No.	Description
EDM output	EDM+P	CN1-1	A monitor signal is output to detect a safety function failure. This is not a safety output.
	EDM+	CN1-2	
	EDM-	CN1-21	

● Relationship between Safety Input Signals and EDM Output Signal

Normally when both safety inputs 1 and 2 are OFF, the EDM output circuit signal is ON. When both safety inputs 1 and 2 are OFF, this means the STO function is active in both 1 and 2 safety input circuits.

You can detect a failure of the safety input circuit and the EDM output circuit by monitoring all of the following 4 signal status from an external device.

These are the two cases of errors:

- Both safety inputs 1 and 2 are OFF, but the EDM output circuit signal does not turn ON.
- Either or both safety inputs 1 and 2 are ON, but the EDM output circuit signal is ON.

Signal	Symbol	Signal status			
Safety input 1	SF1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
Safety input 2	SF2	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
EDM output	EDM	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

The maximum delay time is 6 ms after the safety input signal is input until the EDM output signal is output.

● Relationship between EtherCAT and EDM Output Signal

When a 1S-series Servo Drive is not connected to the EtherCAT network, its safe state is held by the STO function. The EDM signal is ON while in this state.

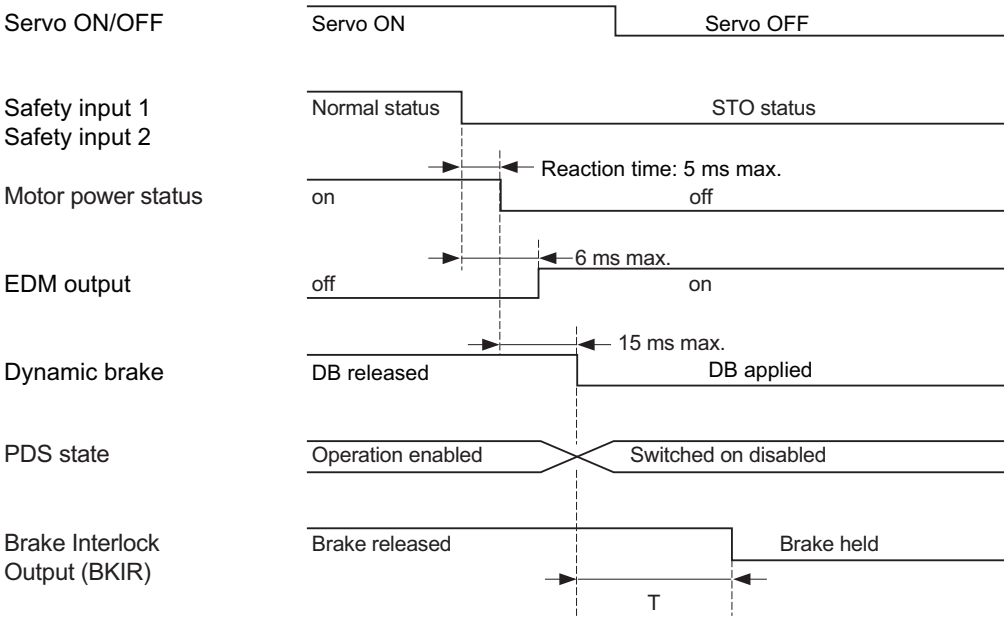
Precautions for Correct Use

Start the applications of the safety controller after the Servo Drive established EtherCAT communications. If this condition is not met, an EDM error may be detected.

Operation Example

This section gives the timing charts to show the operation timing to a safe state as well as the timing of return from safe state.

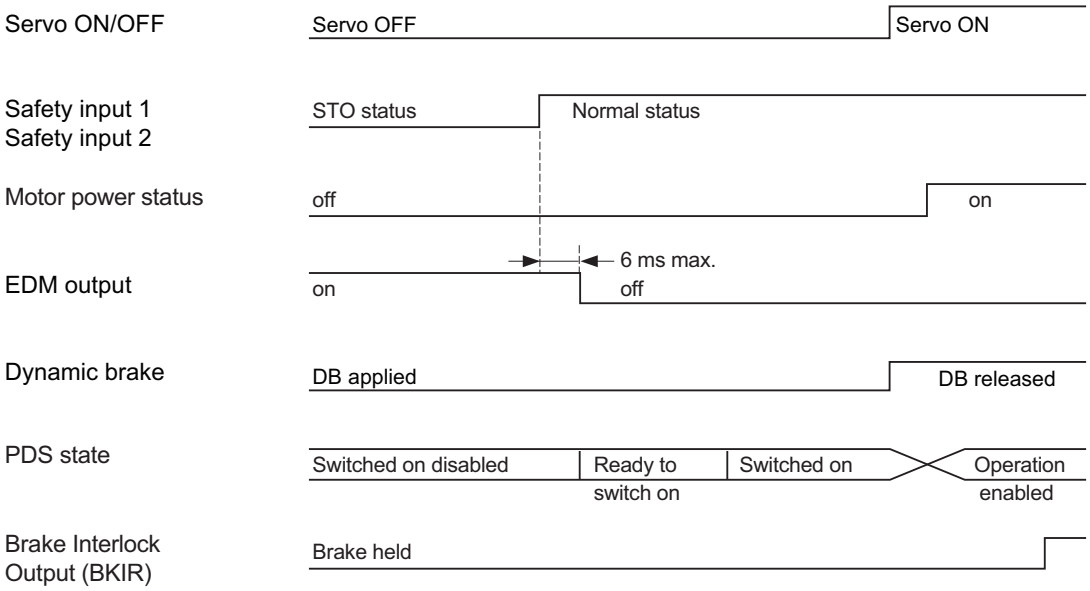
● Operation Timing to a Safe State



T is determined by a set value of the following objects, whichever comes earlier.
4610-02 hex : **Brake Interlock Output** – **Timeout at Servo OFF**
4610-03 hex : **Brake Interlock Output** – **Threshold Speed at Servo OFF**

The Servo Drive goes into the STO status when either safety input 1 or 2 turns OFF.
The dynamic brake operates according to the setting of the **Stop Selection** – **Shutdown Option Code** (3B20-01 hex).

● Timing of Return from Safe State



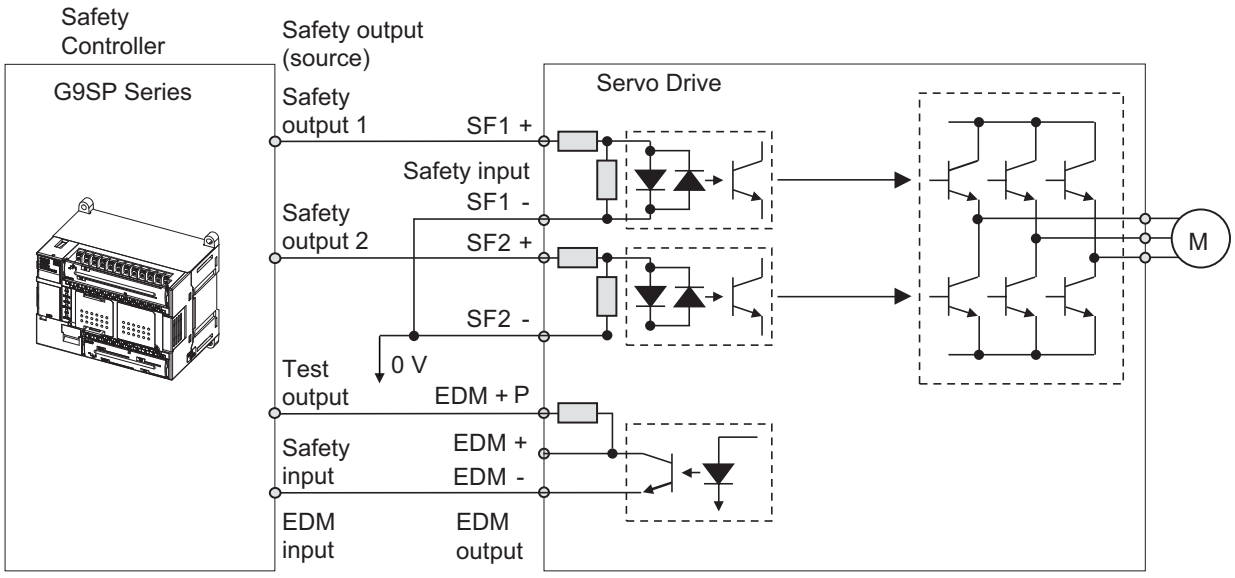
Precautions for Correct Use

- Design programs for the safety controller so that the STO function is not canceled automatically even when the emergency stop switch is released.
- Design programs for the safety controller so that the STO function is not canceled automatically when a Servo Drive failure is detected through the EDM output.

Connection Example

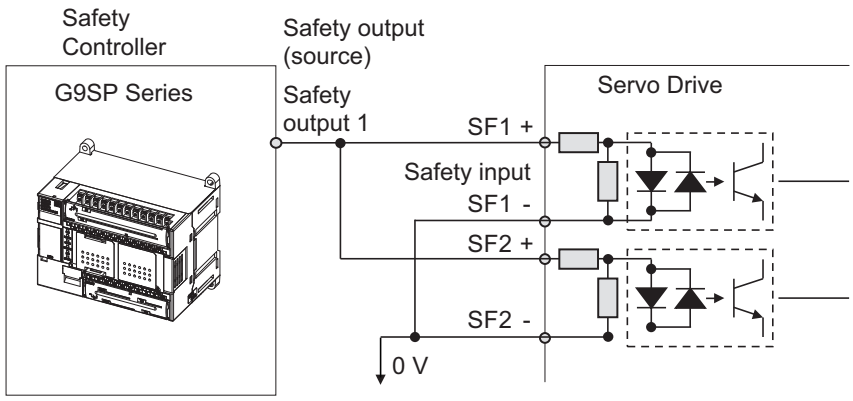
The following connection examples show how to connect the safety inputs and the EDM output to the safety controller.

● Connection with a Safety Controller



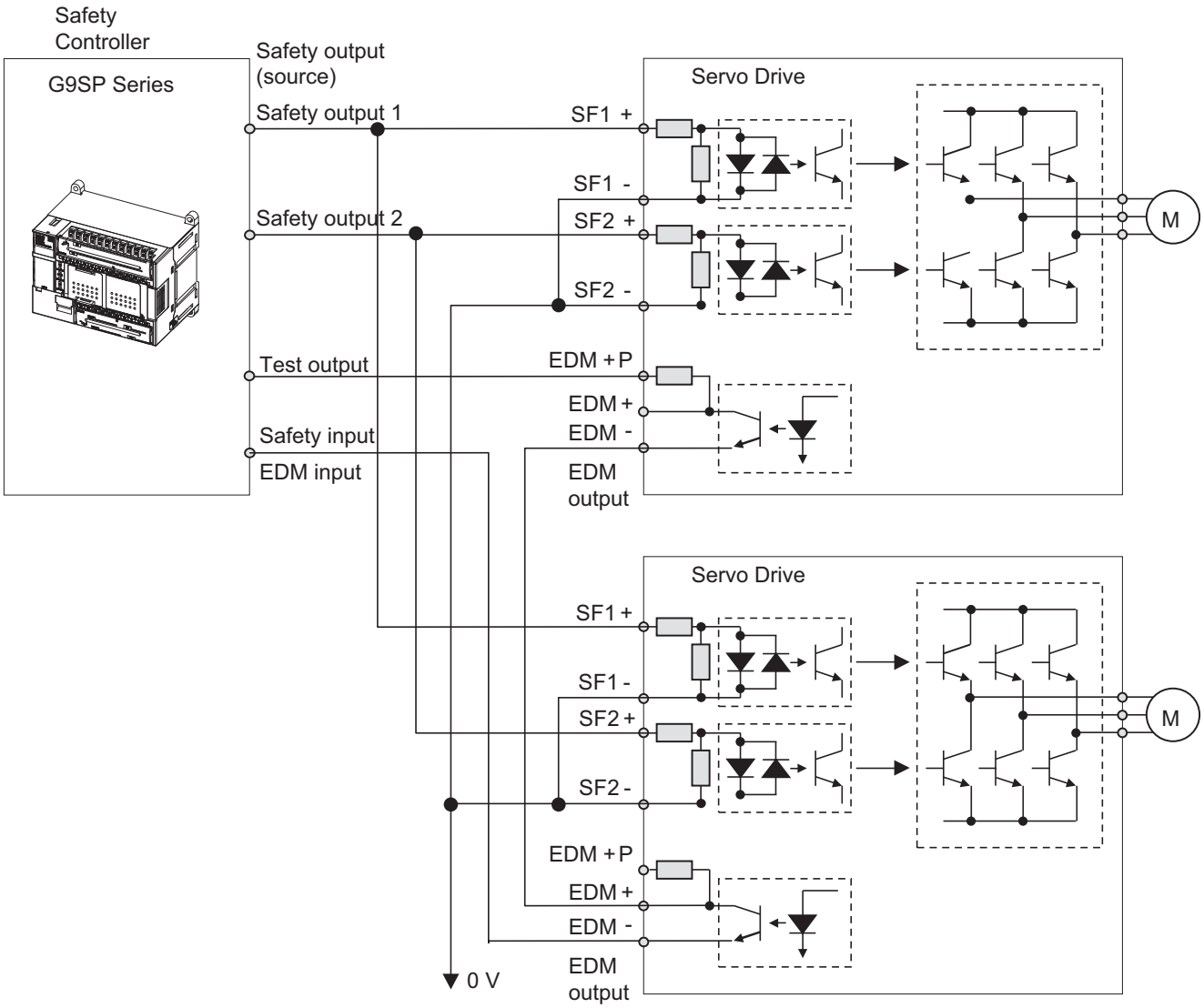
Wire SF1 and SF2 to different safety outputs.

✕ Wiring SF1 and SF2 to the same safety output



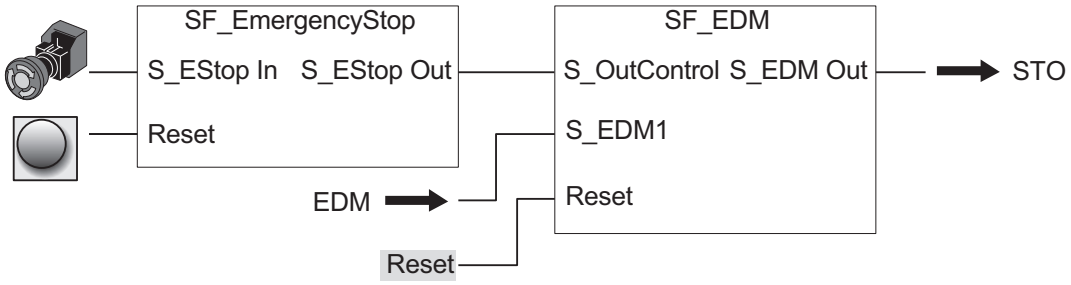
● Connection with a Safety Controller (Multiple Servo Drives)

This example shows how to connect multiple Servo Drives.
Connect the EDM signal to the terminal EDM + P on the first Unit, and to the terminal EDM + on a Unit from the second as shown in the following diagram when you use multiple Servo Drives.
When a G9SP-series safety controller is used, you can connect up to four 1S-series Servo Drives.



● Programming Example

This section gives an example of a program for STO function of 1S-series Servo Drive from the safety controller.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Design programs for the safety controller so that the STO function is not canceled automatically even when the emergency stop switch is released.
- Design programs for the safety controller so that the STO function is not canceled automatically when a Servo Drive failure is detected through the EDM output.

8-2-2 STO function via FSoE communications

This section explains how to use the STO function via FSoE communications.

Object Required for Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description		Reference
6640	00	STO Command	Gives the STO status and issues the STO command.		page A-64
			Read	Gives the STO status. 0: Normal status 1: STO status	
			Write	Issues the STO command. 0: Activate STO 1: Reset STO	

Operation Procedure

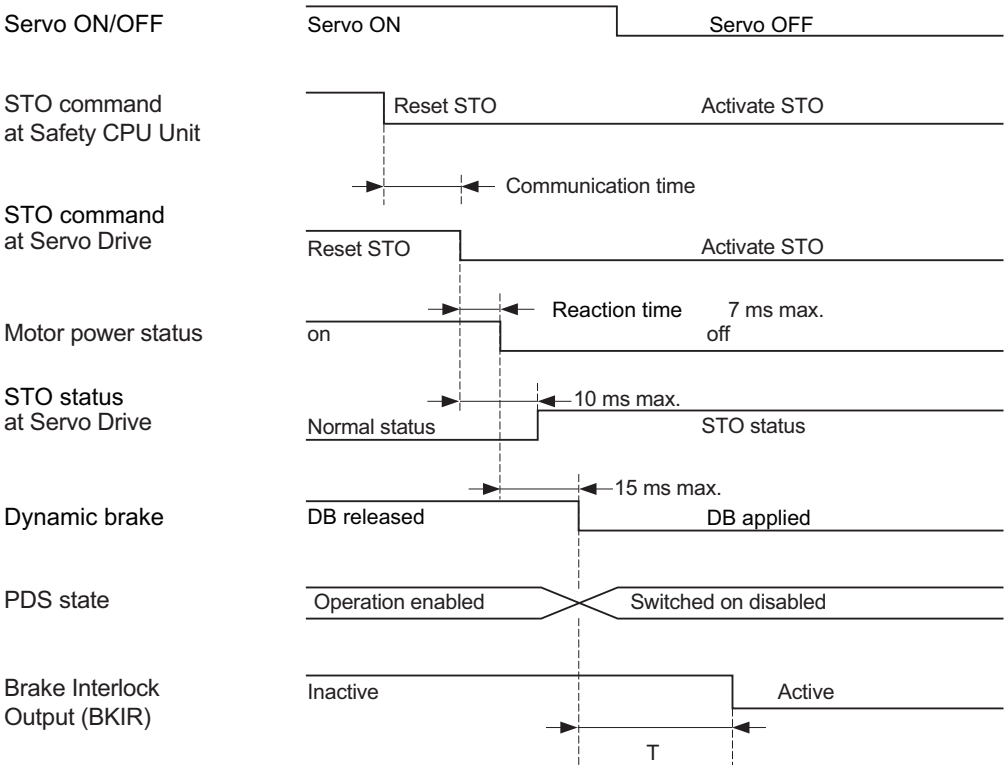
This section describes how to use the STO function.

1 Assign STO command to PDO.
STO command is assigned to PDO. Use STO command as it is.
Refer to *Setting of Fixed Safety PDO* on page 8-7 for details.

2 Activate STO function.
STO function is activated after making STO command assigned to PDO *0 (Activate STO)* from a safety controller.

Operation Timing

● Operation Timing to Safe State



Communication time is determined by the following factors.

- Safety CPU Unit cycle time
- EtherCAT Communications cycle

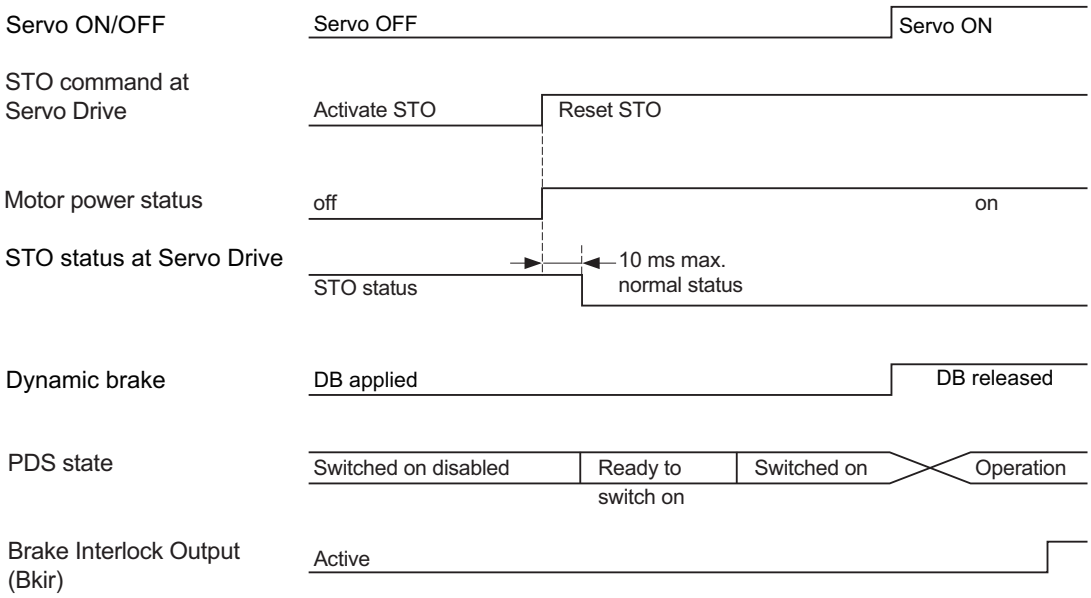
T is determined by a set value of the following objects, whichever comes earlier.

4610-02 hex : **Brake Interlock Output** – **Timeout at Servo OFF**

4610-03 hex : **Brake Interlock Output** – **Threshold Speed at Servo OFF**

The dynamic brake operates according to the setting of the **Stop Selection** – **Shutdown Option Code** (3B20-01 hex).

● Recovery Timing from Safe State



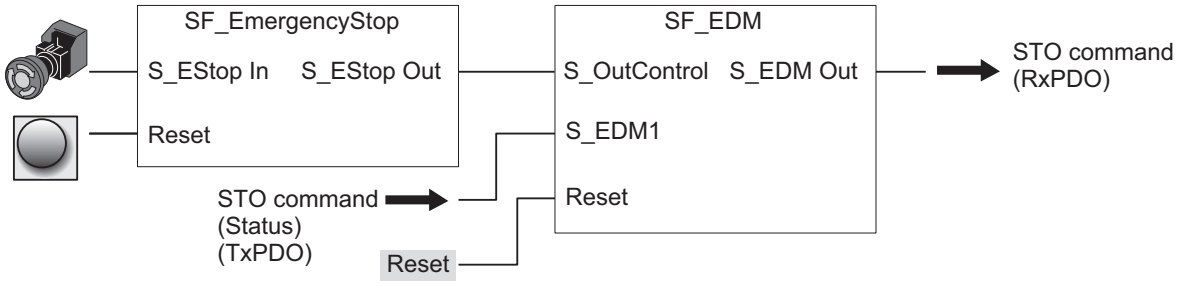
The STO is also activated if a hardware failure is detected during the self diagnosis. In this case, the STO remains active until the power is turned OFF.

Precautions for Correct Use

Design programs for the safety controller so that the STO function is not canceled automatically even when the emergency stop switch is released.

Programming Example

This is a programming example in which the STO function of the 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions is operated from the Safety CPU Unit.



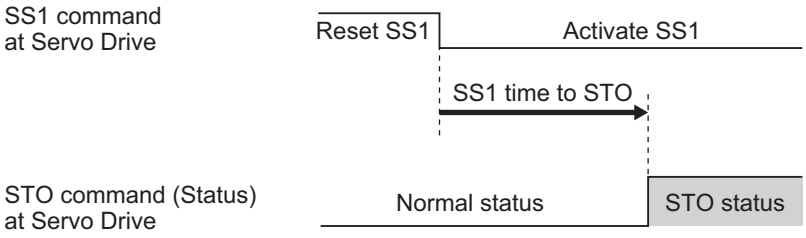
Precautions for Correct Use

Design programs for the safety controller so that the STO function is not canceled automatically even when the emergency stop switch is released.

8-3 Safe Stop 1 (SS1) Function

This function is used to stop a motor by activating STO function at any timing after receiving a command from a safety controller. It receives the command from the safety controller via FSoE communications.

Set the time length, from receiving SS1 Command Activate signal to running STO, to SS1 time to STO. Refer to *8-1-6 Data Necessary for Designing Programs of Each Controller* on page 8-10 to set SS1 time to STO.



Precautions for Correct Use

The method to activate STO when the motor stops is not supported. If you use an existing user program based on this method, you may need to change or modify the user program.

8-3-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description		Reference
6650	---	SS1 command	Gives SS1 function status and issues SS1 command.		page A-64
	01	SS1 command 1	Gives SS1 instance 1 state and issues SS1 command.		
			Read	Gives SS1 status. 0: Normal status 1: SS1 status	
			Write	Issues SS1 command. 0: Activate SS1 1: Reset SS1	
	02	SS1 command 2	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	03	SS1 command 3	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	04	SS1 command 4	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	05	SS1 command 5			
	06	SS1 command 6	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	07	SS1 command 7	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	08	SS1 command 8	The function is the same as 01 hex.		

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
6651	---	SS1 time to STO	Sets a time until it activates STO function after receiving SS1 command. Sets the time for each SS1 command.	page A-65
	01	SS1 time to STO 1	Sets a time until it activates STO function after receiving SS1 command 1.	
	02	SS1 time to STO 2	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	03	SS1 time to STO 3	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	04	SS1 time to STO 4	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	05	SS1 time to STO 5	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	06	SS1 time to STO 6	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	07	SS1 time to STO 7	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	08	SS1 time to STO 8	The function is the same as 01 hex.	

Precautions for Correct Use

The set values for **SS1 time to STO** – **SS1 time to STO 1** to **SS1 time to STO 8** (6651-01 hex to 08 hex) are rounded up to multiples of 3 for operation.

8-3-2 Operation Procedure

This section describes how to use the SS1 function.

1 Assign SS1 function to PDO.
SS1 function was already assigned when only **SS1 command 1** is used.
Assign an instance to be used from **SS1 command 2** to **SS1 command 8** (6650-02 hex to 08 hex) when other **SS1 command** is used.
Refer to *Setting of Fixed Safety PDO* on page 8-7 for details.

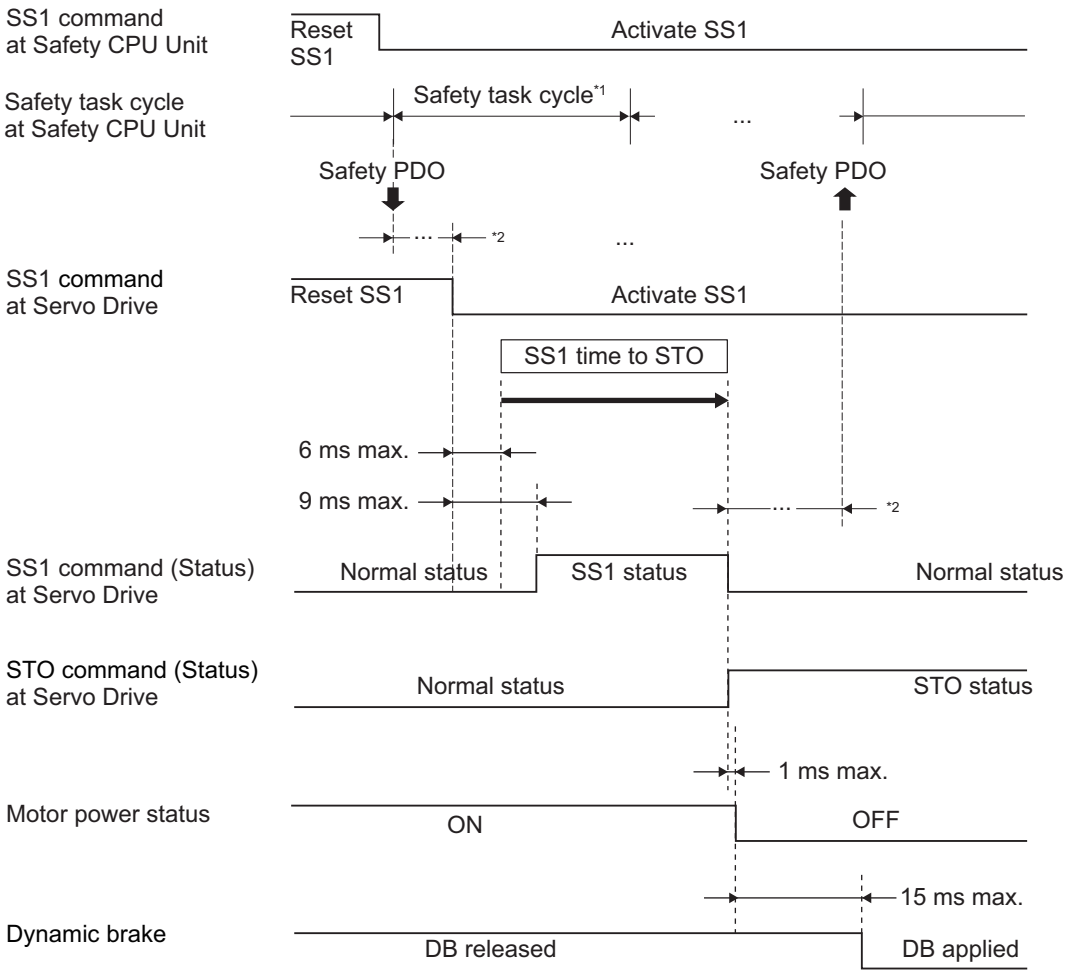
2 Set parameters.
- Set a timing to activate STO function into instances from **SS1 time to STO** – **SS1 time to STO 1** to **SS1 time to STO 8** (6651-01 hex to 08 hex).

3 Enable SS1 function.
STO function is activated at the set timing when SS1 command assigned to safety PDO mapping is set to *0 (Activate SS1)* from a safety controller.

8-3-3 Operation Timing

This section describes operation timing for SS1 function.

Operation Timing in Start



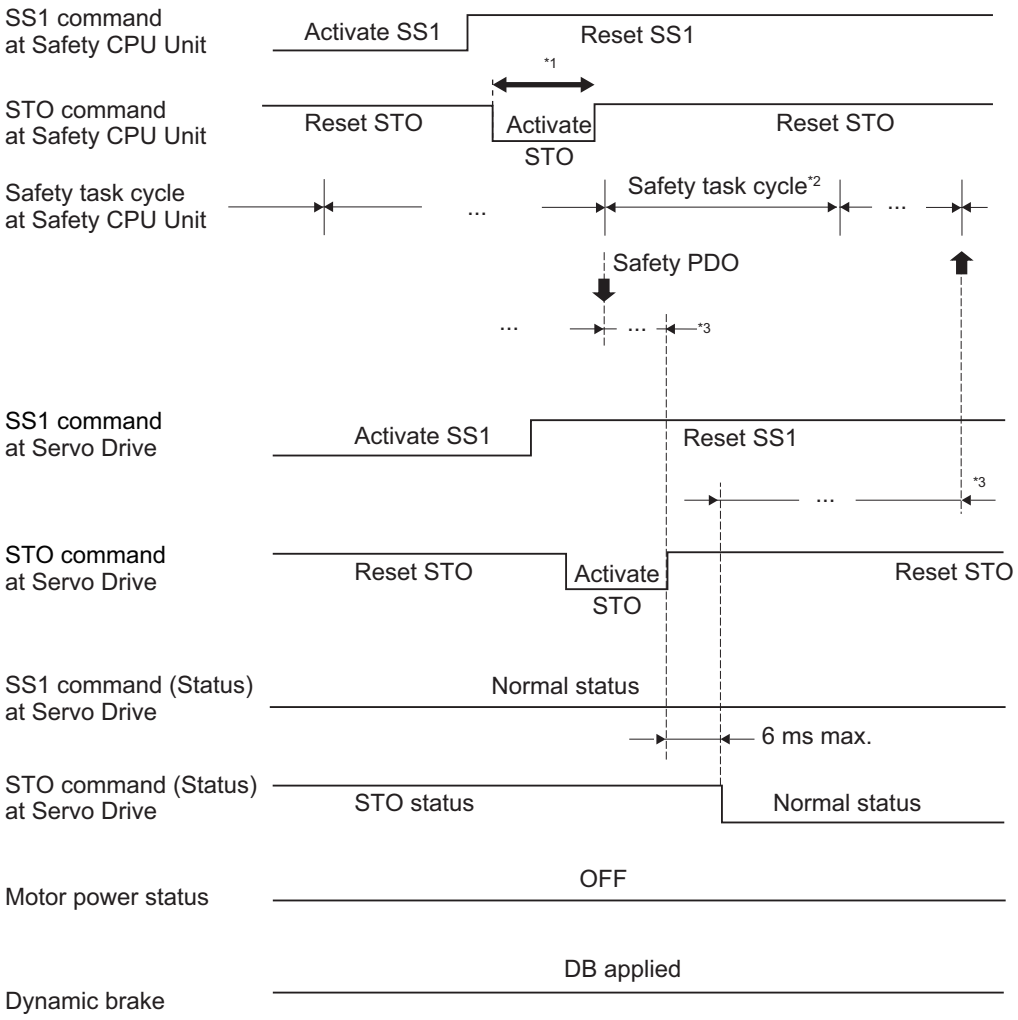
*1. As for safety task cycle, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.
*2. FSoE Communication Time

Precautions for Correct Use

Even if SS1 Reset Command is used, the Servo Drive cannot cancel the SS1 function on the way, once after receiving SS1 Activate Command.

Operation Timing in Termination

This section describes timing when a Servo Drive terminates SS1 function by SS1 command.



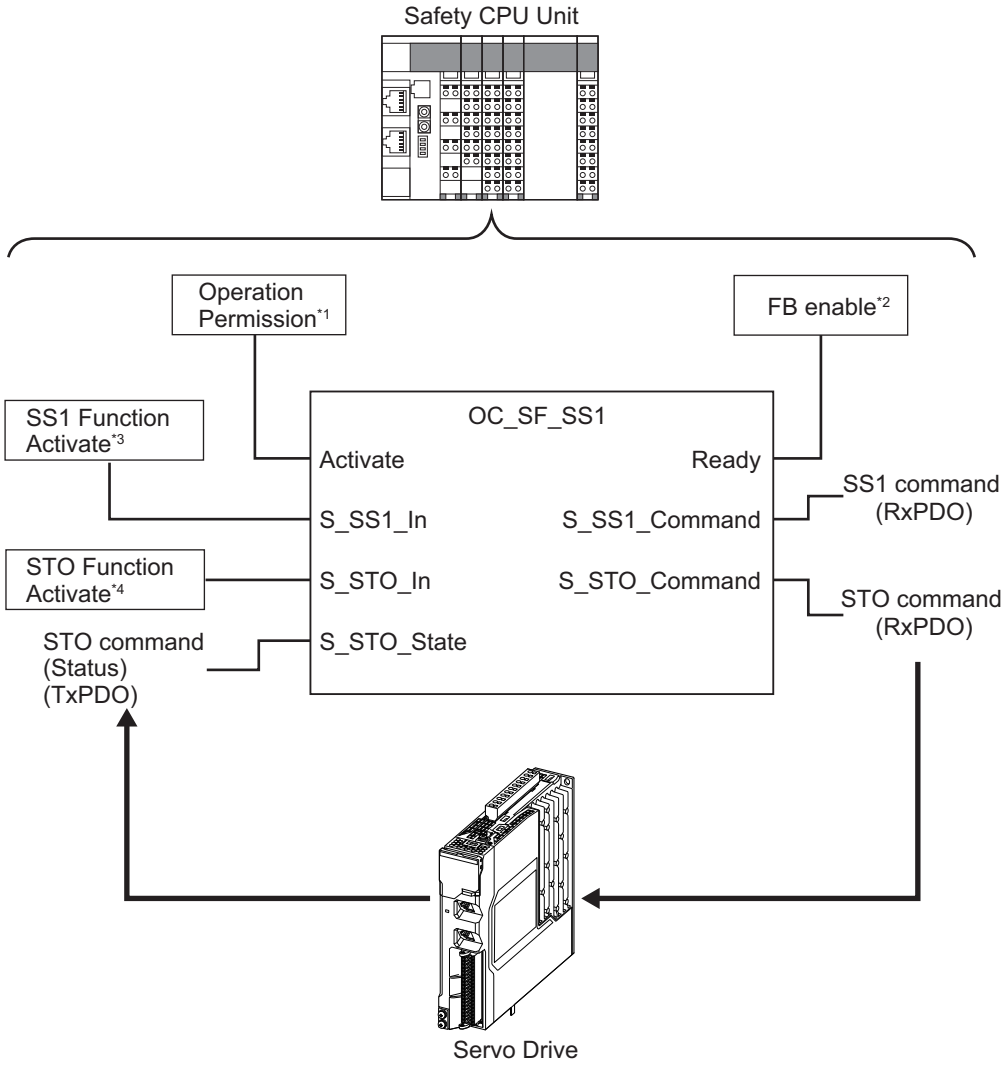
*1. Keep the same or longer length of FSoE Watchdog Timer setting.
*2. As for safety task cycle, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.
*3. FSoE Communication Time

Precautions for Correct Use

For STO command, ensure to keep the same or longer of FSoE Watch dog Timer setting.

8-3-4 Example of Safety Program

This section gives an example of a program to use SS1 function of Servo Drive from Safety CPU Unit. Set safety process data communications to 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions to use function block by the Sysmac Studio.



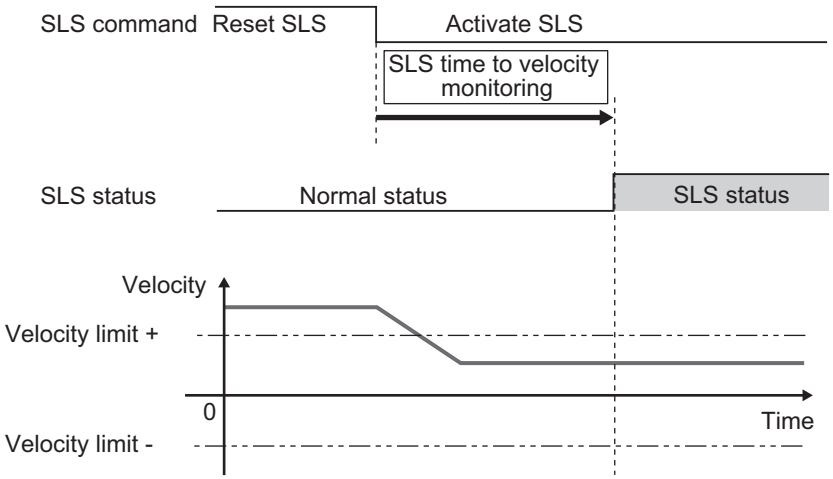
*1. When you input safety connection status, a safety controller can limit operations for function block according to status of a system or a program.
*2. It indicates that a function block can be activated. Also, it can be used as inputs of other function blocks and the programs.
*3. Input SS1 function result on the system.
*4. Input STO function result on the system. Also you can use this to finish STO function.

For further information about function block *OC_SF_SS1*, refer to *A-5-3 Function Block for 1S-series Products with Safety Functionality* on page A-221.
For an example of using SS1 function, refer to *A-5-1 Function to Stop Servomotor* on page A-200.

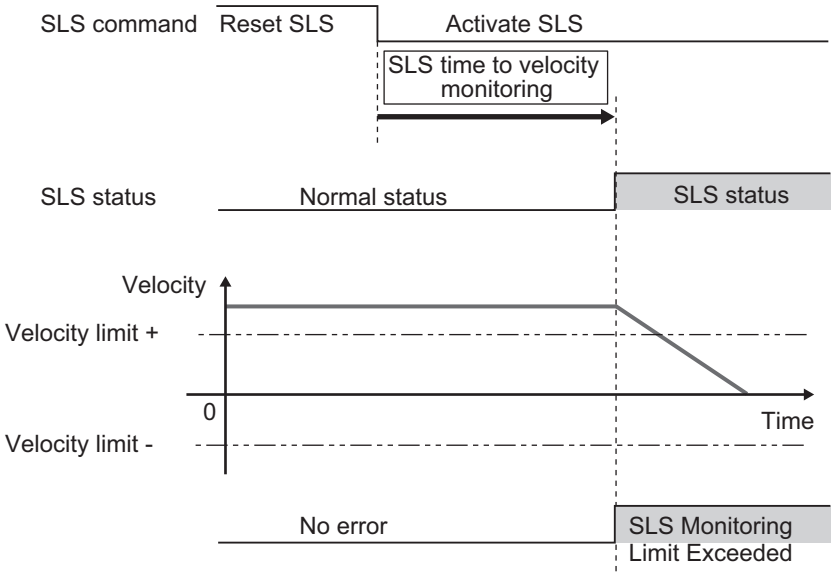
8-4 Safely-limited Speed (SLS) Function

This function is used to monitor present velocity. The SLS function monitors the velocity when it is activated. If the velocity exceeds the set range, the Servo Drive goes into the STO status and SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) occurs.

Set the time length, from receiving SLS Activate Command to running SLS monitoring, to SLS time to velocity monitoring. Refer to *8-1-6 Data Necessary for Designing Programs of Each Controller* on page 8-10 to set SLS time to velocity monitoring.



If the present velocity exceeds velocity limit before SLS time to velocity monitoring passed, SLS function starts monitoring, and immediately SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) occurs.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The method of activating SLS when reaching the monitoring velocity is not supported. If you use an existing user program based on this method, you may need to change or modify the user program.
- After Servo ON, activate the SLS function when the velocity is stable.
- Although SLS velocity limit can be set to less than 100 r/min, Safety Present Motor Velocity may be displayed 100 r/min larger than Present Motor Velocity. Therefore, at a monitoring velocity of less than 100 r/min, SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded may occur even though the monitoring velocity is not actually exceeded. Set an appropriate monitoring speed after thoroughly checking the operation.
- Using the SLS function when a vertical axis, etc., is subject to an unbalanced load may result in a false detection of Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2 even during normal operation. For axes to which this applies, consider using the 1S-series with Safety Functionality R88D-1SAN□.
- To use the SLS function, we recommend to use an OMRON motor power cable of 20 m or less. Using a motor power cable longer than 20 m may cause the following phenomena even during normal operation, resulting in a false detection of Monitoring Limit Exceeded or Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2. Set an appropriate monitoring speed after thoroughly checking the operation. In addition, using a noise filter on the power supply line may stabilize the Safety Present Motor Velocity and reduce false detections. For the recommended noise filters, refer to *3-8 Noise Filter Specifications* on page 3-147 and *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83.
  a) Safety Present Motor Velocity, which is the velocity monitoring target of the SLS function, may exceed the actual velocity much more than 100 r/min.
  b) **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) may be disabled.
  Consult your OMRON sales representative for details.

8-4-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description		Reference
6690	---	SLS command	Gives SLS function status and issues SLS command.		page A-65
	01	SLS command 1	Gives SLS instance 1 status and issues SLS command.		
			Read	Gives the SLS status. 0: Normal status 1: SLS status	
			Write	Issues SLS command. 0: Activate SLS 1: Reset SLS	
	02	SLS command 2	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	03	SLS command 3	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	04	SLS command 4	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	05	SLS command 5	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	06	SLS command 6	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	07	SLS command 7	The function is the same as 01 hex.		
	08	SLS command 8	The function is the same as 01 hex.		

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
6691	---	SLS time to velocity monitoring	Sets a time until it activates SLS function after receiving SLS command. Sets the time for each SLS command.	page A-66
	01	SLS time to velocity monitoring 1	Sets a time until it activates SLS function after receiving SLS command 1.	
	02	SLS time to velocity monitoring 2	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	03	SLS time to velocity monitoring 3	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	04	SLS time to velocity monitoring 4	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	05	SLS time to velocity monitoring 5	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	06	SLS time to velocity monitoring 6	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	07	SLS time to velocity monitoring 7	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	08	SLS time to velocity monitoring 8	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
6693	---	SLS velocity limit	Sets velocity limit with SLS function.	page A-67
	01	SLS velocity limit 1	Sets velocity limit to SLS command 1. Sets the time for each SLS command.	
	02	SLS velocity limit 2	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	03	SLS velocity limit 3	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	04	SLS velocity limit 4	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	05	SLS velocity limit 5	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	06	SLS velocity limit 6	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	07	SLS velocity limit 7	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	08	SLS velocity limit 8	The function is the same as 01 hex.	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4F16	---	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate	Sets existence/non-existence of detection Safety Function Error to SLS Reset Command. Sets the time for each SLS command.	page 9-130
	01	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 1)	Sets existence/non-existence of error detection by safety function to SLS command 1. 0: Deactivate 1: Activate	
	02	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 2)	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	03	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 3)	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	04	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 4)	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	05	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 5)	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	06	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 6)	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	07	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 7)	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	08	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 8)	The function is the same as 01 hex.	

Precautions for Correct Use

The set values for **SLS time to velocity monitoring** – **SLS time to velocity monitoring 1** to **SLS time to velocity monitoring 8** (6691-01 hex to 08 hex) are rounded up to multiples of 3 for operation.

8-4-2 Operation Procedure

This section describes how to use the SLS function.

1 Assign SLS function to safety PDO.
Assign an instance from **SLS command** – **SLS command 1** to **SLS command 8** (6690-01 hex to 08 hex) into safety PDO.
As for the details, refer to *Setting of Optional Safety PDO* on page 8-8.

2 Set parameters.

- Set a time from receiving of SLS Activate Command to SLS activation into instances for **SLS time to velocity monitoring** – **SLS time to velocity monitoring 1** to **SLS time to velocity monitoring 8** (6691-01 hex to 08 hex).

- Set a velocity monitoring limit into instances for **SLS velocity limit** – **SLS velocity limit 1** to **SLS velocity limit 8** (6692-01 to 08 hex).
- Set existence/non-existence of error detection by safety function into instances for **Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate** – **Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate 1** to **Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate 8** (4F16-01 hex to 08 hex).

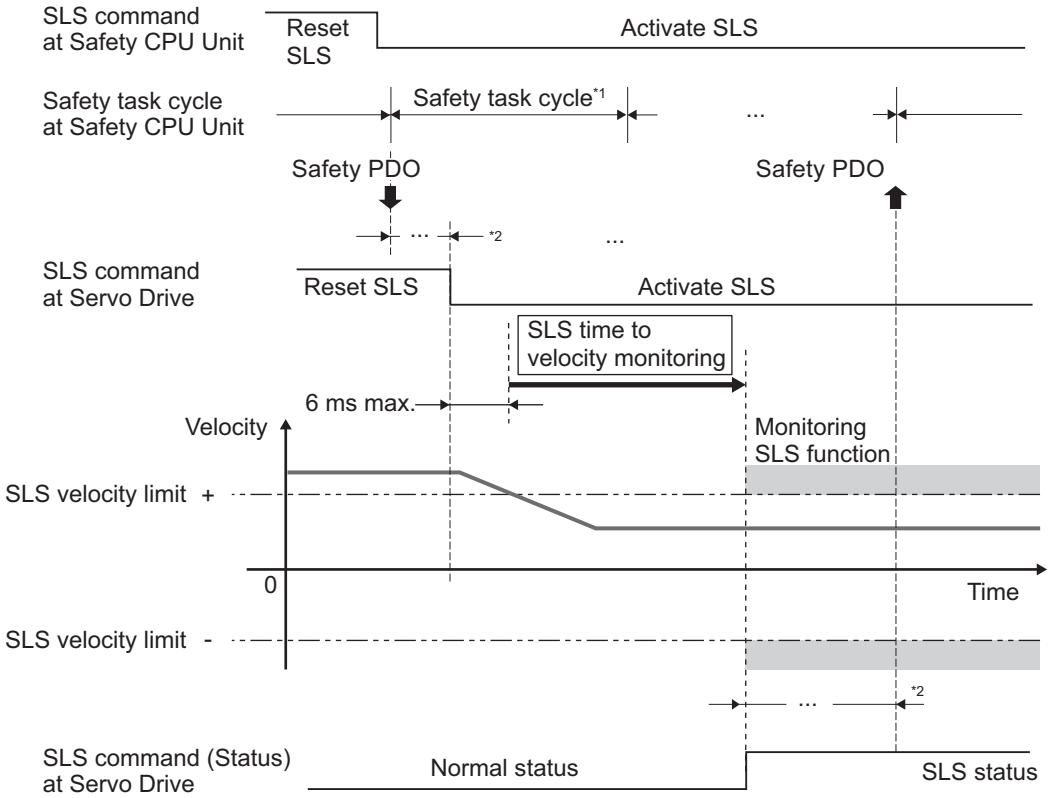
3 Activate SLS function.
SLS function is activated at the set timing when SLS command assigned to safety PDO is set to *0 (Activate SLS)* from a safety controller.

8-4-3 Operation Timing

This section describes operation timing for SLS function.

Operation Timing in Start

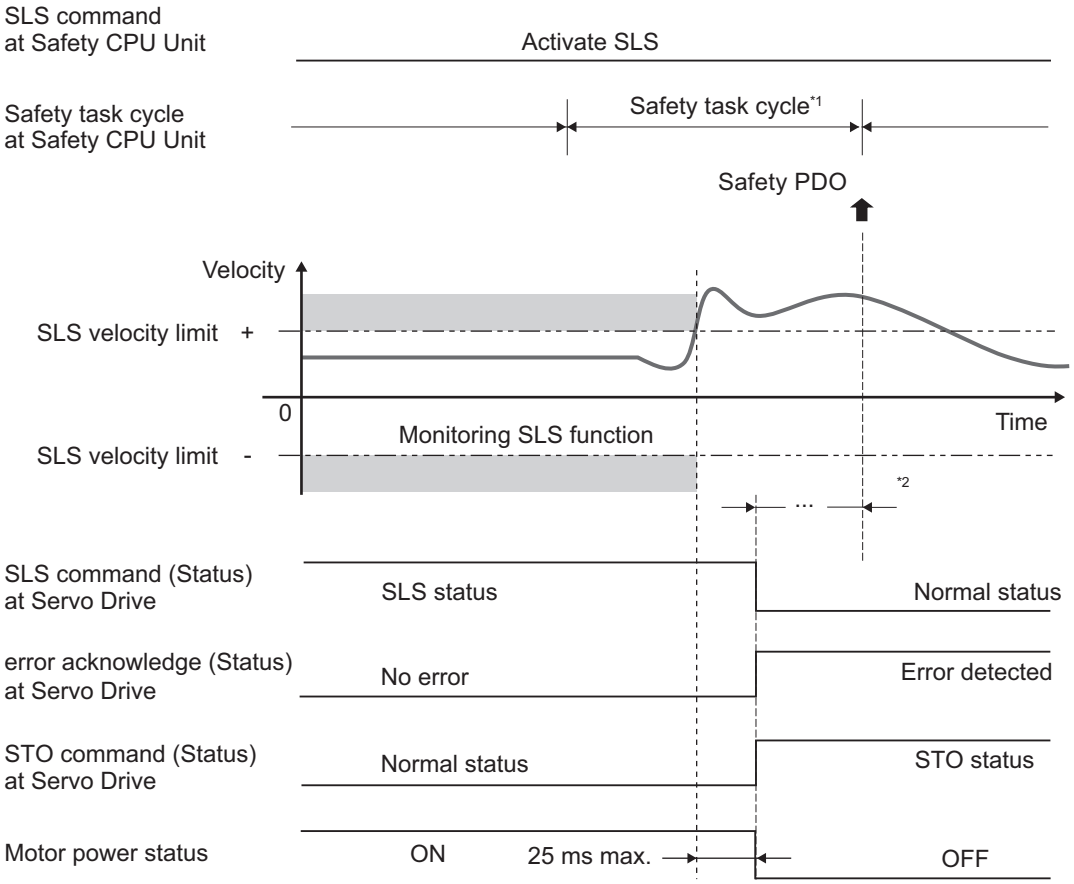
A Servo Drive starts monitoring of Safety Present Motor Velocity when you set SLS command, which is assigned to safety PDO, to *0 (Activate SLS)*.



*1. As for safety task cycle, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.
*2. FSoE Communication Time

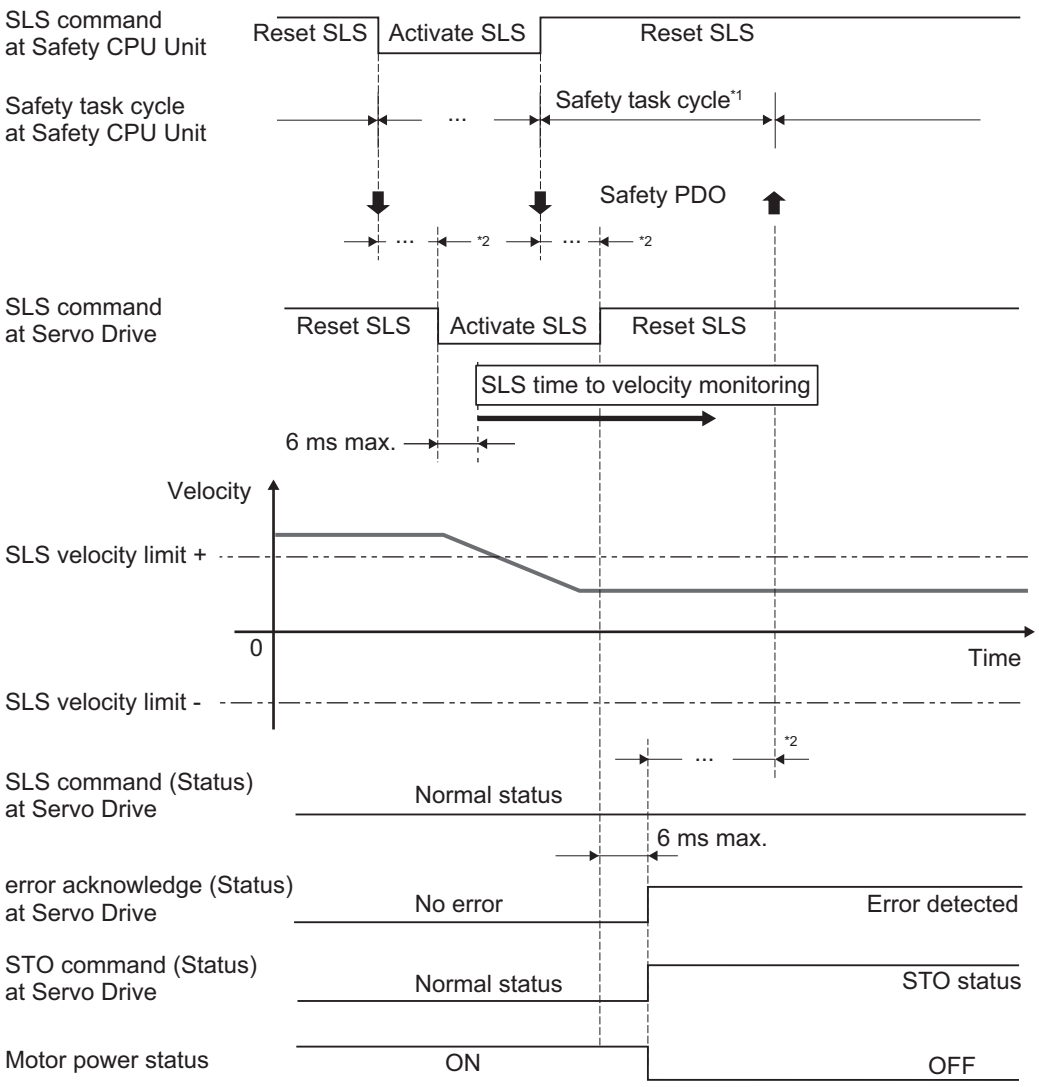
Operation Timing in Error Detection

SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded (Error No. 72.00) occurs when a Safety Present Motor Velocity exceeds the velocity limit, and then SLS function goes into the STO status. To reset the error, refer to *8-1-10 Procedure for Reset of Safety Error* on page 8-15.



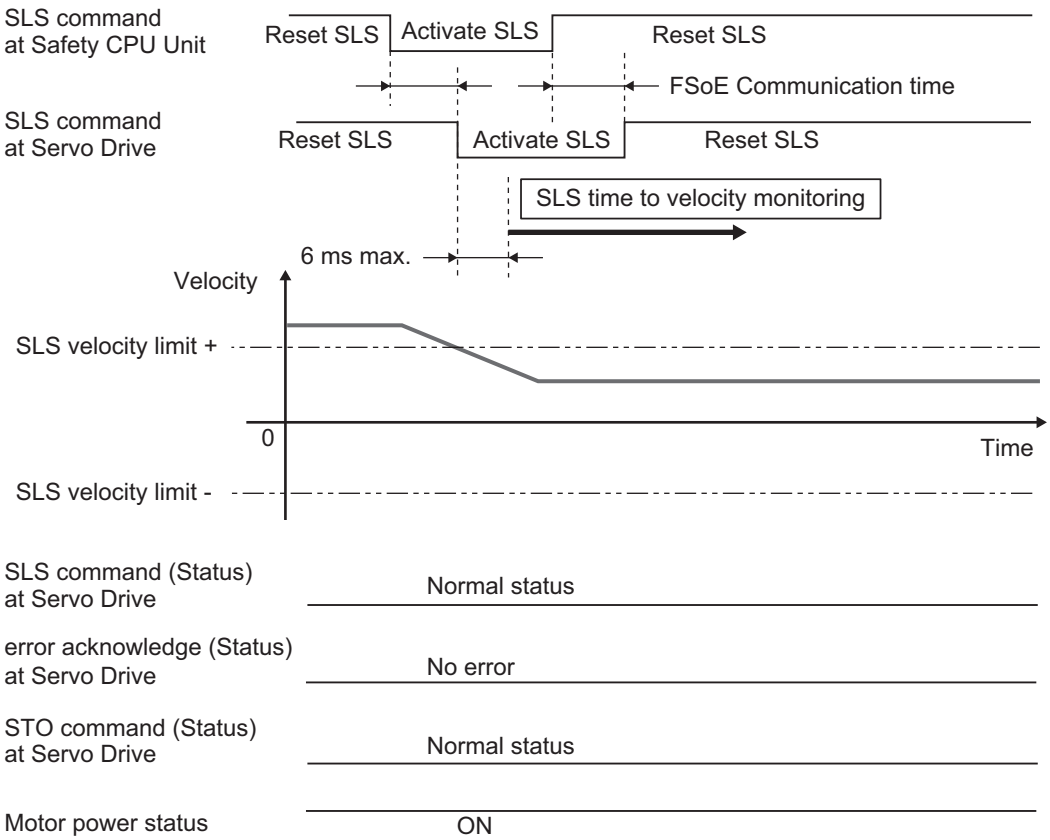
*1. As for safety task cycle, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.
*2. FSoE Communication Time

Under condition that **Error Detection Activate in SLS Deactivate** (4F16 hex) is set to *1 (Activate)*, you set SLS command to *1 (Reset SLS)* before SLS command (Status) enters 1 (SLS status), SLS Function Error (Error No. 72.01) occurs and a Servo Drive goes into the STO status.



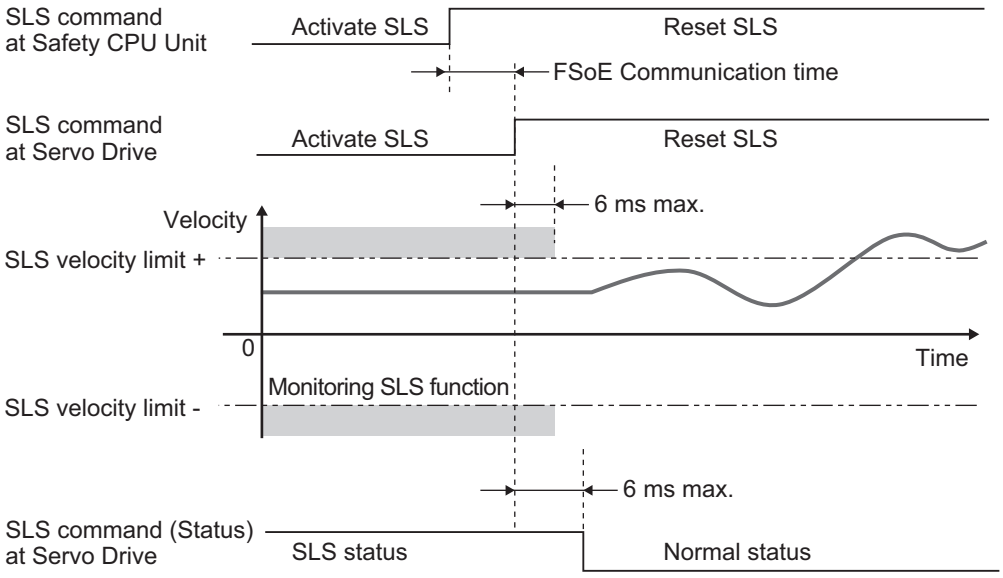
*1. As for safety task cycle, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.
*2. FSoE Communication Time

When you set **Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate** (4F16 hex) to *0 (Deactivate)*, the error does not occur and Servo Drive does not go into the STO status.



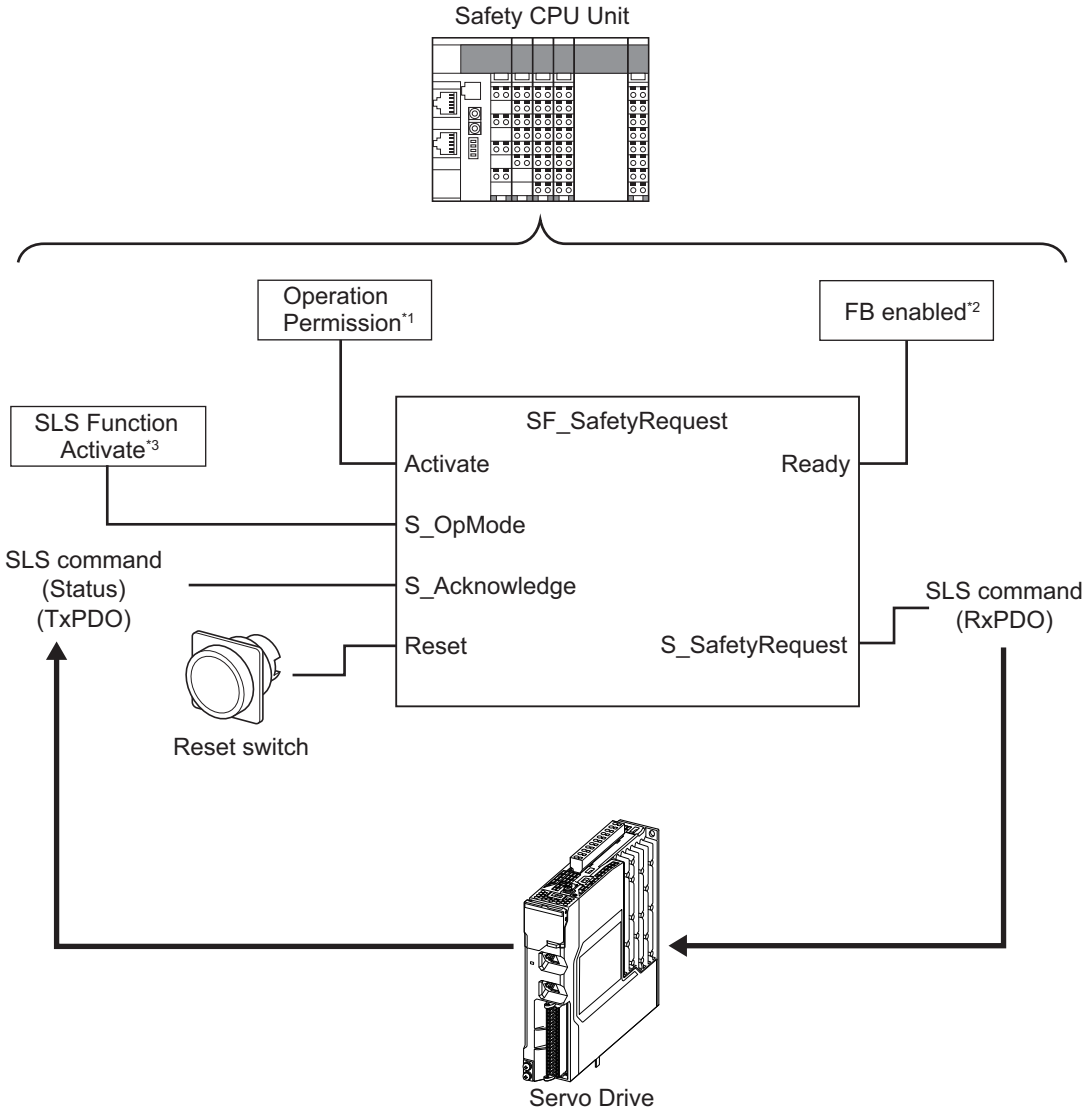
Operation Timing in Termination

This section describes timing when a Servo Drive terminates SLS function by a SLS command.



8-4-4 Example of Safety Program

This section gives an example of a program to use SLS function of Servo Drive from Safety CPU Unit.



*1. When you input safety connection status, a safety controller can limit operations for function block according to status of a system or a program.
*2. It indicates that a function block can be activated. Also, it can be used as inputs of other function blocks and the programs.
*3. Input given SLS monitoring result for the system.

For details about function block *SF_SafetyRequest*, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931)*.

For an example of using SLS function, refer to *A-5-2 Monitoring Function* on page A-210.

9

Details on Servo Parameters

This section explains the details on each servo parameter, including the set values, settings, and the display.

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9-1 Object Description Format

The 1S-series Servo Drives use the servo parameters that are defined with objects. For information on the objects, refer to *1-1-3 Object Dictionary* on page 1-4.
In this manual, objects are described in the following format.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
<Index>	<Subindex>	<Object name>	<Range>	<Unit>	<Default>	<Attribute>	<Size>	<Access>	<PDO map>	<Complete access>	<Modes of operation>

Data is indicated in pointed brackets <>. Details on data are as follows.

Item	Description
Index	Object index given by a four-digit hexadecimal number.
Subindex	Object subindex given by a two-digit hexadecimal number.
Object name	The object name. For a subindex, the subindex name is given.
Setting range	Indicates the range of data that can be set for a writable object.
Unit	Physical units.
Default setting	Default value set before shipment.
Data attribute	The timing when a change in the contents is updated for a writable object. A: Always updated D: Possible to change only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational S: Can be changed by safety controller setting tools. The changes are reflected when FSoE communication established. E: Servo ON R: Updated after the control power is reset or restarted –: Write prohibited
Size	Gives the object size.
Access	Indicates whether the object is to read only, or read and write. RO: Read only RW: Read and write (Saved in non-volatile memory) W: Read and write (Not saved in non-volatile memory)
PDO map	Indicates the PDO mapping attribute. RxPDO: Reception PDOs can be mapped TxPDO: Transmission PDOs can be mapped –: PDOs cannot be mapped
Complete access	Indicates whether Complete access is allowed or not.
Modes of operation	The profile mode in which the object is enabled. –: Independent of the Modes of operation csp: Cyclic synchronous position mode csv: Cyclic synchronous velocity mode cst: Cyclic synchronous torque mode pp: Profile position mode pv: Profile velocity mode hm: Homing mode

Mirror Objects

For 1S-series Servo Drives, a special object called “mirror object” is defined.
A mirror object enables access to the same object from different object numbers. Accessing the mirror object and accessing the original object cause the same operation.
More specifically, the mirror objects are used to assign the Servo Drive profile objects (index number 6000s) to the servo parameter objects (index number 3000s to 4000s).

9-2 Common Control Objects

This section explains the common control objects.

9-2-1 3000 hex: Basic Functions

Sets the basic functions of Servo Drives.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3000	---	Basic Functions	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	FF hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Motor Rotation Direction Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Control Mode Selection	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Control Method Selection	0 to 1	---	1	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, pp, pv
	04	Function Settings	---	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Function Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	82	Motor Stop Cause	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	83	Modes of Operation Display	---	---	---	---	1 byte (INT8)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	84	Supported Functions	---	---	00000001 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	85	Supported Drive Modes	---	---	000003A5 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Controlword	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	F2	Modes of Operation	0 to 10	---	0	A	1 byte (INT8)	W	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	FF	Statusword	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Motor Rotation Direction Selection

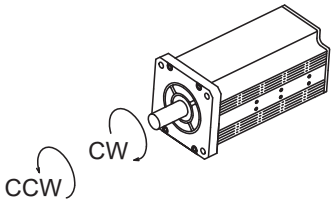
- Selects the motor rotation direction for the command position.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	A positive direction command sets the motor rotation to clockwise direction.

Set value	Description
1	A positive direction command sets the motor rotation to counterclockwise direction.

- Regarding the rotation direction of the Servomotor, a clockwise rotation is defined as CW and a counterclockwise rotation is defined as CCW, when viewed from the load-side shaft.



Subindex 02 hex: Control Mode Selection

- Selects the semi-closed control or the fully-closed control. For 1S-series Servo Drives, this object is fixed to *0* (fixed to semi-closed control).

Subindex 03 hex: Control Method Selection

- Switches the control method between TDF (two-degree-of-freedom) control and ODF (one-degree-of-freedom) control.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	ODF control
1	TDF control

Subindex 04 hex: Function Settings

- Selects whether to enable or disable the extended functions which are supported by the Servo Drive.
- Mirror object of 60DA hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
Bit 0	Status Toggle 0: Disabled 1: Enabled
Bit 1 to 30	Reserved Always set to 0.
Bits 31	Reserved by system Always set to 0.

Subindex 81 hex: Function Status

- Gives the status of the Servo Drive.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Origin Position (ZPOINT)
	0	Outside origin range
	1	Within origin range
Bit 1		Distribution Completed (DEN)
	0	Distribution not completed
	1	Distribution completed
Bit 2		Zero Speed Detected (ZSP)
	0	Zero speed not detected
	1	Zero speed detected
Bit 3		Torque Limit Applied (TLMT)
	0	Torque limit not applied
	1	Torque limit applied
Bit 4		Velocity Limit (VLMT)
	0	Velocity limit not applied
	1	Velocity limit applied
Bit 5		Positive Software Limit (PSOT)
	0	Within limit value
	1	Outside limit value
Bit 6		Negative Software Limit (NSOT)
	0	Within limit value
	1	Outside limit value
Bit 7		Velocity Conformity (VCMP)
	0	No velocity conformity
	1	Velocity conformity
Bit 8		Positioning Completion Output 2 (INP2)
	0	The present position is outside the range of Positioning Completion Output 2.
	1	The present position is within the range of Positioning Completion Output 2.
Bit 9		Velocity Attainment Detection Output (TGON)
	0	The motor velocity does not reach the velocity attainment detection value.
	1	The motor velocity reached the velocity attainment detection value.
Bit 10		Position Command Status Output (PCMD)
	0	Position command not changed
	1	Position command changed
Bit 11		Error Clear Attribute Output (ERR-ATB)*1
	0	An error which must be reset by the restart function (Control power supply OFF/ON, Unit Restart) exists.
	1	An error which can be reset exists.
Bit 12		Homing completion state
	0	Homing non-completion state

Set value		Description
	1	Homing completion state

*1. The Error Clear Attribute Output (ERR-ATB) gives 0 when there is no error.

Subindex 82 hex: Motor Stop Cause

- Gives the failure cause when the motor does not rotate.
- If the value of a bit is *1*, the motor stop cause which corresponds to the bit is present.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Main circuit power supply not turned ON
1	Not Servo ON
2	Drive Prohibition state
3	Software Position Limit state
4	Position command variation is 0
5	Velocity command value is 0
6	Max profile velocity is 0
7	Torque command value is 0
8	Torque limit value is 0
9	Velocity Limit in Torque Control is 0
31	STO status

Subindex 83 hex: Modes of Operation Display

- Gives the present mode of operation.
- Mirror object of 6061 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Not specified
1	Profile position mode (pp)
3	Profile velocity mode (pv)
6	Homing mode (hm)
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv)
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)

Subindex 84 hex: Supported Functions

- Gives the functions which are supported by the Servo Drive.
- Mirror object of 60D9 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
Bit 0	Status Toggle 0: Disabled 1: Enabled
Bits 1 to 31	Reserved

Subindex 85 hex: Supported Drive Modes

- Gives the supported modes of operation.
- Mirror object of 6502 hex

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Supported mode	Definition
0	pp (Profile position mode)	1: Supported
1	vl (Velocity mode)	0: Not supported
2	pv (Profile velocity mode)	1: Supported
3	tq (Profile torque mode)	0: Not supported
4	Reserved	0
5	hm (Homing mode)	1: Supported
6	ip (Interpolated position mode)	0: Not supported
7	csp (Cyclic synchronous position mode)	1: Supported
8	csv (Cyclic synchronous velocity mode)	1: Supported
9	cst (Cyclic synchronous torque mode)	1: Supported
10 to 31	Reserved	0

Subindex F1 hex: Controlword

- Controls the state machine of the Servo Drive (PDS).
- Mirror object of 6040-00 hex

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Switch on
1	Enable voltage
2	Quick stop
3	Enable operation
4 to 6	Operation mode specific
7	Fault reset
8	Halt
9	Operation mode specific
10	Reserved
11	P_CL

Bit	Description
12	N_CL
13 to 15	Manufacturer specific

Subindex F2 hex: Modes of Operation

- Selects the Modes of operation.
- Mirror object of 6060 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Not specified
1	Profile position mode (pp)
3	Profile velocity mode (pv)
6	Homing mode (hm)
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv)
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)

Subindex FF hex: Statusword

- Gives the present status of the Servo Drive (PDS).
- Mirror object of 6041 hex

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Ready to switch on
1	Switched on
2	Operation enabled
3	Fault
4	Voltage enabled
5	Quick Stop
6	Switch on disabled
7	Warning
8	Manufacturer specific
9	Remote
10	Operation mode specific
11	Internal limit active
12	Operation mode specific
13	Operation mode specific
14	Manufacturer specific
15	Manufacturer specific

9-2-2 3001 hex: Machine

Sets the mechanical system which is connected to the motor.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3001	---	Machine	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Inertia Ratio	0 to 30,000	%	250	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Backlash Compensation Selection	0 to 2	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	03	Backlash Compensation Amount	-262,144 to 262,143	Command unit	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	04	Backlash Compensation Time Constant	0 to 6,400	0.01 ms	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	05	Motor Revolutions	1,073,741,824	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	06	Shaft Revolutions	1 to 1,073,741,824	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	81	Inertia Ratio Display	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Inertia Ratio

- Sets the ratio of load inertia to the motor rotor inertia.
- Inertia ratio = (Load inertia ÷ Rotor inertia) × 100%

Subindex 02 hex: Backlash Compensation Selection

- Selects whether to enable or disable backlash compensation in the position control, and the operation direction for the compensation.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Compensate at the first positive operation after servo ON
2	Compensate at the first negative operation after servo ON

Subindex 03 hex: Backlash Compensation Amount

- Sets the backlash compensation amount in the position control.

Subindex 04 hex: Backlash Compensation Time Constant

- Sets the backlash compensation time constant in the position control. Refer to *7-5 Backlash Compensation* on page 7-19 for details.

Subindex 05 hex: Motor Revolutions

- Sets the numerator of the electronic gear.
- Mirror object of 6091-01 hex

Subindex 06 hex: Shaft Revolutions

- Sets the denominator of the electronic gear.
- Mirror object of 6091-02 hex
- Refer to *7-7 Electronic Gear Function* on page 7-28 for details.

Subindex 81 hex: Inertia Ratio Display

- Gives the inertia ratio that is currently set.
- The value is updated automatically when **Load Characteristic Estimation** – **Inertia Ratio Update Selection** (3B80-01 hex) is set to *1 (update with the estimation result)*.

9-2-3 3002 hex: Optimized Parameters

This object is used to copy values, which are calculated in the Servo Drive, to the user setting area.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3002	---	Optimized Parameters	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	FF hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Apply Parameters	---	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	FF	Execution Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex F1 hex: Apply Parameters

- The optimized parameters of Servo Drive are copied to the user setting area by the writing of *7970 6F63 hex*. They are used as user set values.
- To save the data in the non-volatile memory, execute the **Store Parameters** (1010-01 hex).
- The Optimized Parameters refer to the objects listed below. All these objects are copied.

Index (hex)	Name	Copy source		Copy destination	
		Subindex (hex)	Name	Subindex (hex)	Name
3001	Machine	81	Inertia Ratio Display	01	Inertia Ratio
3310	Torque Compensation	81	Viscous Friction Coefficient Display	01	Viscous Friction Coefficient
		82	Unbalanced Load Compensation Display	02	Unbalanced Load Compensation
		83	Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation Display	03	Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation
		84	Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation Display	04	Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation
3321	1st Notch Filter	81	Enable Display	01	Enable
		82	Frequency Display	02	Frequency
		83	Q-value Display	03	Q-value
		84	Depth Display	04	Depth
3322	2nd Notch Filter	81	Enable Display	01	Enable
		82	Frequency Display	02	Frequency
		83	Q-value Display	03	Q-value
		84	Depth Display	04	Depth
3323	3rd Notch Filter	81	Enable Display	01	Enable
		82	Frequency Display	02	Frequency
		83	Q-value Display	03	Q-value
		84	Depth Display	04	Depth
3324	4th Notch Filter	81	Enable Display	01	Enable
		82	Frequency Display	02	Frequency
		83	Q-value Display	03	Q-value
		84	Depth Display	04	Depth

Subindex FF hex: Execution Status

- Gives the execution status of whether the optimized parameters are applied.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Apply completed
1	Apply in execution

9-2-4 3010 hex: Position Command

Sets the position command and gives the command value.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3010	---	Position Command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	F2 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Position Demand Value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	82	Position Demand Internal Value	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	83	Velocity	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	84	Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	85	Motor Velocity After Position Command Filtering	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	86	Motor Velocity After Damping Filtering	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	87	Reference Position for csp	---	Command unit	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	91	Following Error	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	92	Following Error After Interpolation	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	csp, pp, hm
	F1	Target Position	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	csp, pp
	F2	Position Offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	csp

Subindex 81 hex: Position Demand Value

- Gives the command position which is generated in the Servo Drive, in units of command.
- Mirror object of 6062 hex

Subindex 82 hex: Position Demand Internal Value

- Gives the command position which is generated in the Servo Drive, in units of encoder.
- Mirror object of 60FC hex

Subindex 83 hex: Velocity

- Gives the command velocity which is generated in the Servo Drive, in units of command/s.

Subindex 84 hex: Motor Velocity

- Gives the command velocity which is generated in the Servo Drive, in units of r/min.

Subindex 85 hex: Motor Velocity After Position Command Filtering

- Gives the command velocity after position command filtering in units of r/min.

Subindex 86 hex: Motor Velocity After Damping Filtering

- Gives the command velocity after damping filtering, in units of r/min.

Subindex 87 hex: Reference Position for csp

- Gives the reference position for when the Cyclic synchronous velocity mode or Cyclic synchronous torque mode is switched to the Cyclic synchronous position mode.

Subindex 91 hex: Following Error

- Gives the following error between the command position and the present position.

Subindex 92 hex: Following Error After Interpolation

- Gives the following error between the command position after interpolation and the present position.

Subindex F1 hex: Target Position

- Sets the command position in the Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) and Profile position mode (pp).
- Mirror object of 607A hex

Subindex F2 hex: Position Offset

- Sets the offset for the Target position.
- Mirror object of 60B0 hex

9-2-5 3011 hex: Position Command Filter

Sets the position command filter.

The position command filter can be used when the communications cycle is 250 μs or more. When the communications cycle is 125 μs, the position command filter is disabled.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3011	---	Position Command Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	FIR Filter Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	02	FIR Filter Moving Average Time	1 to 10,000	0.1 ms	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	03	IIR Filter Enable	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	04	IIR Filter Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: FIR Filter Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the FIR filter in the position command filter.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: FIR Filter Moving Average Time

- Sets the moving average time for the FIR filter.

Subindex 03 hex: IIR Filter Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the IIR filter in the position command filter.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 04 hex: IIR Filter Cutoff Frequency

- Sets the cutoff frequency for the IIR filter.

9-2-6 3012 hex: Damping Control

Selects the method to switch the damping filters.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3012	---	Damping Control	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Damping Filter 1 Selection	0 to 4	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	02	Damping Filter 2 Selection	0 to 4	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Damping Filter 1 Selection

- Selects the setting to use for the damping filter 1.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	1st Frequency and 1st Damping Time Coefficient
2	2nd Frequency and 2nd Damping Time Coefficient
3	3rd Frequency and 3rd Damping Time Coefficient
4	4th Frequency and 4th Damping Time Coefficient

Subindex 02 hex: Damping Filter 2 Selection

- Selects the setting to use for the damping filter 2.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	1st Frequency and 1st Damping Time Coefficient
2	2nd Frequency and 2nd Damping Time Coefficient
3	3rd Frequency and 3rd Damping Time Coefficient
4	4th Frequency and 4th Damping Time Coefficient

9-2-7 3013 hex: Damping Filter 1

Sets the damping filter 1.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3013	---	Damping Filter 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	09 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	02	1st Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	03	2nd Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	04	2nd Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	05	3rd Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	06	3rd Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	07	4th Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	08	4th Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 01 hex: 1st Frequency

- Sets the damping frequency 1 for the damping filter 1.

Subindex 02 hex: 1st Damping Time Coefficient

- Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.

Subindex 03 hex: 2nd Frequency

- Sets the damping frequency 2 for the damping filter 1.

Subindex 04 hex: 2nd Damping Time Coefficient

- Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.

Subindex 05 hex: 3rd Frequency

- Sets the damping frequency 3 for the damping filter 1.

Subindex 06 hex: 3rd Damping Time Coefficient

- Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.

Subindex 07 hex: 4th Frequency

- Sets the damping frequency 4 for the damping filter 1.

Subindex 08 hex: 4th Damping Time Coefficient

- Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.

9-2-8 3014 hex: Damping Filter 2

Sets the damping filter 2.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3014	---	Damping Filter 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	09 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	02	1st Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	03	2nd Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	04	2nd Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	05	3rd Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	06	3rd Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	07	4th Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	08	4th Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 01 hex: 1st Frequency

- Sets the damping frequency 1 for the damping filter 2.

Subindex 02 hex: 1st Damping Time Coefficient

- Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.

Subindex 03 hex: 2nd Frequency

- Sets the damping frequency 2 for the damping filter 2.

Subindex 04 hex: 2nd Damping Time Coefficient

- Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.

Subindex 05 hex: 3rd Frequency

- Sets the damping frequency 3 for the damping filter 2.

Subindex 06 hex: 3rd Damping Time Coefficient

- Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.

Subindex 07 hex: 4th Frequency

- Sets the damping frequency 4 for the damping filter 2.

Subindex 08 hex: 4th Damping Time Coefficient

- Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.

9-2-9 3020 hex: Velocity Command

Sets the velocity command and gives the command value.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3020	---	Velocity command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	F2 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	82	Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csv, pv
	83	Motor Velocity After Velocity Command Filtering	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csv, pv
	92	Motor Velocity Deviation	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csv, pv
	F1	Target Velocity	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	csv, pv
	F2	Velocity Offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	csp, csv, pp, pv

Subindex 82 hex: Motor Velocity

- Gives the velocity command which is generated in the Servo Drive.

Subindex 83 hex: Motor Velocity After Velocity Command Filtering

- Gives the command velocity after velocity command filtering.

Subindex 92 hex: Motor Velocity Deviation

- Gives the deviation between the command velocity and the present velocity.

Subindex F1 hex: Target Velocity

- Sets the command velocity for the Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv) and Profile velocity mode (pv).
- Mirror object of 60FF hex

Subindex F2 hex: Velocity Offset

- Sets the offset for the Target velocity.
- Mirror object of 60B1 hex

9-2-10 3021 hex: Velocity Command Filter

Sets the velocity command filter.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3021	---	Velocity Command Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Acceleration Time	0 to 10,000	ms	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	02	Deceleration time	0 to 10,000	ms	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	03	IIR Filter Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	04	Filter Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv

Subindex 01 hex: Acceleration Time

- Sets the acceleration time during acceleration.
- Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to 1,000 r/min.

Subindex 02 hex: Deceleration Time

- Sets the deceleration time during deceleration.
- Sets the time to decelerate from 1,000 to 0 r/min.

Subindex 03 hex: IIR Filter Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the IIR filter in the velocity command filter.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 04 hex: Filter Cutoff Frequency

- Sets the cutoff frequency for the IIR filter.

9-2-11 3030 hex: Torque Command

Sets the torque command and gives the command value.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3030	---	Torque Command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	F2 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Torque	---	0.1%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	cst
	F1	Target Torque	-5,000 to 5,000	0.1%	0	A	2 bytes (INT16)	W	---	---	cst
	F2	Torque Offset	-5,000 to 5,000	0.1%	0	A	2 bytes (INT16)	W	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv

Subindex 81 hex: Torque

- Gives the torque command value which is generated in the Servo Drive.

Subindex F1 hex: Target Torque

- Sets the torque command in the Cyclic synchronous torque mode.
- Mirror object of 6071 hex

Subindex F2 hex: Torque Offset

- Sets the offset for the Target torque.
- Mirror object of 60B2 hex

9-2-12 3031 hex: Velocity Limit in Torque Control

Sets the velocity limit in the torque control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3031	---	Velocity Limit in Torque Control	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Velocity Limit Value	0 to 20,000	r/min	20,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	cst
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	cst

Subindex 01 hex: Velocity Limit Value

- Sets the velocity limit in the torque control.

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the velocity limit status in the torque control.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Velocity limit not applied
1	Velocity limit applied

9-2-13 3040 hex: Profile Command

Sets the profile command.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3040	---	Profile Command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	F4 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Max Profile Velocity	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	2,147,483,647	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	cst, pp, pv
	F2	Profile Velocity	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	pp
	F3	Profile Acceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	pp, pv
	F4	Profile Deceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	pp, pv

Subindex F1 hex: Max Profile Velocity

- Sets the velocity limit value in the Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst), Profile position mode (pp), and Profile velocity mode (pv).
- Mirror object of 607F hex

Subindex F2 hex: Profile Velocity

- Sets the velocity in the Profile position mode (pp).
- Mirror object of 6081 hex

Subindex F3 hex: Profile Acceleration

- Sets the acceleration rate in the Profile position mode (pp) and Profile velocity mode (pv).

- Mirror object of 6083 hex

Subindex F4 hex: Profile Deceleration

- Sets the deceleration rate in the Profile position mode (pp) and Profile velocity mode (pv).
- Mirror object of 6084 hex

9-2-14 3041 hex: Command Dividing Function

Sets the Command Dividing Function which is enabled in the Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) or Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv).
In the free-run mode only, the setting is updated, and in the synchronous mode, the DC cycle time is automatically applied as the interpolation time period.

Interpolation time period = **Interpolation Time Period Value** ×10 **(Interpolation Time Index)** seconds.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3041	---	Command Dividing Function	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	10 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Operation Selection in csv	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv
	02	Interpolation Time Period Value	0 to 255	---	1	E	1 byte (U8)	RW	---	---	csp, csv
	03	Interpolation Time Index	-128 to 63	---	-3	E	1 byte (INT8)	RW	---	---	csp, csv
	10	Interpolation Method Selection in csp	0 to 1	---	0	A	1 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp

Subindex 01 hex: Operation Selection in csv

- Selects whether to enable or disable the Command Dividing Function in the Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv).

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Interpolation Time Period Value

- Sets the value of the interpolation time period.
- Mirror object of 60C2-01 hex

Subindex 03 hex: Interpolation Time Index

- Sets the index of the interpolation time index period.
- Mirror object of 60C2-02 hex

Subindex 10 hex: Interpolation Method Selection in csp

- Selects the interpolation method for the command in the Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp).

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	1st Order Interpolation
1	2nd Order Interpolation

9-3 Control Method Objects

This section explains the objects that set the operations in the one-degree-of-freedom and two-degree-of-freedom controls.

9-3-1 3112 hex: ODF Velocity Feed-forward

Sets the velocity feed-forward in the one-degree-of-freedom control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3112	---	ODF Velocity Feed-forward	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	E2 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Gain	0 to 1,000	0.1%	300	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	02	LPF Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	E1	Gain Command	0 to 1,000	0.1%	300	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csp, pp, hm
	E2	LPF Cutoff Frequency Command	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Gain

- Sets the one-degree-of-freedom velocity feed-forward gain.
- The velocity feed-forward can reduce a following error and improve the responsiveness during position control.
- Although the following ability is improved by the increase in gain, overshooting may occur in some cases.

Subindex 02 hex: LPF Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the low-pass filter in the velocity feed-forward.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 03 hex: LPF Cutoff Frequency

- Sets the low-pass filter cutoff frequency in the one-degree-of-freedom velocity feed-forward filter.

Subindex E1 hex: Gain Command

- Sets the one-degree-of-freedom velocity feed-forward gain.
- The velocity feed-forward can reduce a following error and improve the responsiveness during position control.
- Although the following ability is improved by the increase in gain, overshooting may occur in some cases.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the Gain (subindex 01 hex) from a PDO.

Subindex E2 hex: LPF Cutoff Frequency Command

- Sets the low-pass filter cutoff frequency in the one-degree-of-freedom velocity feed-forward filter.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the LPF Cutoff Frequency (subindex 03 hex) from a PDO.

9-3-2 3113 hex: ODF Torque Feed-forward

Sets the torque feed-forward in the one-degree-of-freedom control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3113	---	ODF Torque Feed-forward	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	E2 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Gain	0 to 1,000	0.1%	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	02	LPF Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	E1	Gain Command	0 to 1,000	0.1%	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csp, pp, hm
	E2	LPF Cutoff Frequency Command	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Gain

- Sets the one-degree-of-freedom torque feed-forward gain.
- The torque feed-forward can improve the responsiveness of the velocity control system.
- Although the following ability is improved by the increase in gain, overshooting may occur in some cases.

Subindex 02 hex: LPF Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the low-pass filter in the torque feed-forward.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 03 hex: LPF Cutoff Frequency

- Sets the low-pass filter cutoff frequency for the one-degree-of-freedom torque feed-forward.

Subindex E1 hex: Gain Command

- Sets the one-degree-of-freedom torque feed-forward gain.
- The torque feed-forward can improve the responsiveness of the velocity control system.
- Although the following ability is improved by the increase in gain, overshooting may occur in some cases.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the Gain (subindex 01 hex) from a PDO.

Subindex E2 hex: LPF Cutoff Frequency Command

- Sets the low-pass filter cutoff frequency for the one-degree-of-freedom torque feed-forward.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the LPF Cutoff Frequency (subindex 03 hex) from a PDO.

9-3-3 3120 hex: TDF Position Control

Sets the operation in the two-degree-of-freedom position control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3120	---	TDF Position Control	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	11 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Command Following Gain	10 to 5,000	%	50	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	10	Command Following Gain Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	11	Command Following Gain 2	1 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: Command Following Gain

- Sets the following performance for the target position.

- The higher the gain is, the higher the following performance of the internal command is for the target position.
- The set value is valid when **TDF Position Control** – **Command Following Gain Selection** (3120-10 hex) is set to *0 (use the Command Following Gain)*.

Subindex 10 hex: Command Following Gain Selection

- Selects the command following gain switching method.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Use the Command Following Gain.
1	Use the Command Following Gain 2.

Subindex 11 hex: Command Following Gain 2

- Sets the cutoff frequency to the position command.
- The higher the set value is, the higher the following performance of the internal command is for the target position.
- The set value is valid when **TDF Position Control** – **Command Following Gain Selection** (3120-10 hex) is set to *1 (use the Command Following Gain 2).*

9-3-4 3121 hex: TDF Velocity Control

Sets the operation in the two-degree-of-freedom velocity control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3121	---	TDF Velocity Control	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	11 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Command Following Gain	10 to 5,000	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	10	Command Following Gain Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	11	Command Following Gain 2	1 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: Command Following Gain

- Sets the following performance for the target velocity.
- The higher the gain is, the higher the following performance of the internal command is for the target velocity.

- The set value is valid when **TDF Velocity Control** – **Command Following Gain Selection** (3121-10 hex) is set to *0 (use the Command Following Gain)*.

Subindex 10 hex: Command Following Gain Selection

- Selects the command following gain switching method.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Use the Command Following Gain.
1	Use the Command Following Gain 2.

Subindex 11 hex: Command Following Gain 2

- Sets the cutoff frequency to the velocity command.
- The higher the set value is, the higher the following performance of the internal command is for the target velocity.
- The set value is valid when **TDF Velocity Control** – **Command Following Gain Selection** (3121-10 hex) is set to *1 (use the Command Following Gain 2)*.

9-4 Control Loop Objects

This section explains the objects related to the control loop.

9-4-1 3210 hex: Internal Position Command

Gives the position command value which is calculated in the Servo Drive.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3210	---	Internal Position Command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	92 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Position	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	84	Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	91	Following Error Actual Value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	92	Following Error Actual Internal Value	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 81 hex: Position

- Gives the command position to the feedback control in units of command.

Subindex 84 hex: Motor Velocity

- Gives the command velocity to the feedback control in units of r/min.

Subindex 91 hex: Following Error Actual Value

- Gives the following error between the command position to the feedback control and the present position in units of command.
- Mirror object of 60F4 hex

Subindex 92 hex: Following Error Actual Internal Value

- Gives the following error between the command position to the feedback control and the present position in units of encoder.

9-4-2 3211 hex: Position Detection

Gives the position detection value.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3211	---	Position Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	83 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Position Actual Value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	82	Position Actual Internal Value	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	83	Present Position Time Stamp	---	ns	---	---	8 bytes (U64)	RO	TxPDO	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 81 hex: Position Actual Value

- Gives the present position in units of command.
- Mirror object of 6064 hex

Subindex 82 hex: Position Actual Internal Value

- Gives the present position in units of encoder.
- Mirror object of 6063 hex

Subindex 83 hex: Present Position Time Stamp

- Gives the time when the present position is obtained.

9-4-3 3212 hex: Gain Switching in Position Control

Sets the gain switching function in the position control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3212	---	Gain Switching in Position Control	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Mode Selection	0 to 3	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	02	Delay Time	0 to 10,000	0.1 ms	50	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	03	Speed	0 to 20,000	r/min	50	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	04	Time	0 to 10,000	0.1 ms	100	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Mode Selection

- Selects the method to switch the gain in the position control.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Always Gain 1
1	Always Gain 2
2	Gain switching command input via EtherCAT communications
3	Actual motor velocity with position command

Subindex 02 hex: Delay Time

- Sets the delay time when the gain returns from Gain 2 to Gain 1 if the **Mode Selection** is set to *3*.

Subindex 03 hex: Speed

- Sets the speed threshold for when Gain 2 switches to Gain 1 if the **Mode Selection** is set to *3*.

Subindex 04 hex: Time

- Sets the time to change the gain from a high value to a low value.

9-4-4 3213 hex: 1st Position Control Gain

Sets the 1st position control gain.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3213	---	1st Position Control Gain	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	E1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Proportional Gain	0 to 5,000	0.1 Hz	44/29*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	E1	Proportional Gain Command	0 to 5,000	0.1 Hz	44/29*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csp, pp, hm

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: Proportional Gain

- Sets the 1st position proportional gain.

Subindex E1 hex: Proportional Gain Command

- Sets the 1st position proportional gain.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the Proportional Gain (subindex 01 hex) from a PDO.

9-4-5 3214 hex: 2nd Position Control Gain

Sets the 2nd position control gain.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3214	---	2nd Position Control Gain	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	E1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Proportional Gain	0 to 5,000	0.1 Hz	44/29*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	E1	Proportional Gain Command	0 to 5,000	0.1 Hz	44/29*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csp, pp, hm

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: Proportional Gain

- Sets the 2nd position proportional gain.

Subindex E1 hex: Proportional Gain Command

- Sets the 2nd position proportional gain.

- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the Proportional Gain (subindex 01 hex) from a PDO.

9-4-6 3220 hex: Internal Velocity Command

Gives the velocity command value in the Servo Drive.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3220	---	Internal Velocity Command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	92 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Velocity Demand Value	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	82	Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, hm, pp, pv
	83	Control Effort	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	92	Motor Velocity Deviation	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, hm, pp, pv

Subindex 81 hex: Velocity Demand Value

- Gives the command velocity which is generated in the Servo Drive, in units of command/s.
- The displayed value may have an error due to the unit conversion from [r/min] to [command unit/s].
- Mirror object of 606B hex

Subindex 82 hex: Motor Velocity

- Gives the command velocity which is generated in the Servo Drive, in units of r/min.

Subindex 83 hex: Control Effort

- Gives the velocity command value which is generated in the position control of the Servo Drive.
- The displayed value may have an error due to the unit conversion from [r/min] to [command unit/s].
- Mirror object of 60FA hex

Subindex 92 hex: Motor Velocity Deviation

- Gives the deviation between the command velocity to the feedback control and the present velocity.

9-4-7 3221 hex: Velocity Detection

Gives the velocity detection value.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3221	---	Velocity Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	83 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Velocity Actual Value	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	82	Present Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	83	Acceleration	---	rad/s^2	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 81 hex: Velocity Actual Value

- Gives the present velocity in units of command/s.
- Mirror object of 606C hex

Subindex 82 hex: Present Motor Velocity

- Gives the present motor velocity in units of r/min.

Subindex 83 hex: Acceleration

- Gives the motor acceleration.

9-4-8 3222 hex: Gain Switching in Velocity Control

Sets the gain switching function in the velocity control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3222	---	Gain Switching in Velocity Control	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Mode Selection	0 to 2	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv

Subindex 01 hex: Mode Selection

- Selects the gain switching function in the velocity control.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Always Gain 1
1	Always Gain 2
2	Gain switching command input via EtherCAT communications

9-4-9 3223 hex: 1st Velocity Control Gain

Sets the 1st velocity control gain.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3223	---	1st Velocity Control Gain	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	E2 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Proportional Gain	0 to 30,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	02	Integral Gain	0 to 16,000	0.1 Hz	55/37*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	E1	Proportional Gain Command	0 to 30,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csv, pv
	E2	Integral Gain Command	0 to 16,000	0.1 Hz	55/37*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csv, pv

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: Proportional Gain

- Sets the 1st velocity proportional gain.

Subindex 02 hex: Integral Gain

- Sets the 1st velocity integral gain.

Subindex E1 hex: Proportional Gain Command

- Sets the 1st velocity proportional gain.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the proportional gain from a PDO.

Subindex E2 hex: Integral Gain Command

- Sets the 1st velocity integral gain.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the integral gain from a PDO.

9-4-10 3224 hex: 2nd Velocity Control Gain

Sets the 2nd velocity control gain.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3224	---	2nd Velocity Control Gain	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	E2 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Proportional Gain	0 to 30,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	02	Integral Gain	0 to 16,000	0.1 Hz	55/37*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csv, pv
	E1	Proportional Gain Command	0 to 30,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csv, pv
	E2	Integral Gain Command	0 to 16,000	0.1 Hz	55/37*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csv, pv

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: Proportional Gain

- Sets the 2nd velocity proportional gain.

Subindex 02 hex: Integral Gain

- Sets the 2nd velocity integral gain.

Subindex E1 hex: Proportional Gain Command

- Sets the 2nd velocity proportional gain.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the proportional gain from a PDO.

Subindex E2 hex: Integral Gain Command

- Sets the 2nd velocity integral gain.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the integral gain from a PDO.

9-4-11 3230 hex: Internal Torque Command

Gives the internal torque command value.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3230	---	Internal Torque Command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Torque Demand	---	0.1%	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 81 hex: Torque Demand

- Gives the torque command value which is generated in the Servo Drive.
- Mirror object of 6074 hex

9-4-12 3231 hex: Torque Detection

Gives the torque detection value.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3231	---	Torque Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Torque Actual Value	---	0.1%	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 81 hex: Torque Actual Value

- Gives the present torque value.
- Mirror object of 6077 hex

9-4-13 3232 hex: Filter Switching in Torque Control

Sets the filter switching function in the torque control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3232	---	Filter Switching in Torque Control	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Mode Selection	0 to 2	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	cst

Subindex 01 hex: Mode Selection

- Selects the condition to switch between 1st torque filter and 2nd torque filter.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Always 1st Filter
1	Always 2nd Filter
2	Gain switching command input via EtherCAT communications

9-4-14 3233 hex: 1st Torque Command Filter

Sets the 1st torque command filter.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3233	---	1st Torque Command Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	E1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enabled	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	1,536/1,024 *1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	E1	Cutoff Frequency Command	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	1,536/1,024 *1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the 1st torque command filter.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled

Set value	Description
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Cutoff Frequency

- Sets the cutoff frequency for the 1st torque command filter.

Subindex E1 hex: Cutoff Frequency Command

- Sets the cutoff frequency for the 1st torque command filter.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the Cutoff Frequency from a PDO.

9-4-15 3234 hex: 2nd Torque Command Filter

Sets the 2nd torque command filter.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3234	---	2nd Torque Command Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	E1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	1,536/1,024 *1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	E1	Cutoff Frequency Command	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	1,536/1,024 *1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the 2nd torque command filter.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Cutoff Frequency

- Sets the cutoff frequency for the 2nd torque command filter.

Subindex E1 hex: Cutoff Frequency Command

- Sets the cutoff frequency for the 2nd torque command filter.
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to change the Cutoff Frequency from a PDO.

9-5 Torque Output Setting Objects

These objects are used for the torque output setting.

9-5-1 3310 hex: Torque Compensation

Sets the torque compensation.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3310	---	Torque Compensation	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	84 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Viscous Friction Coefficient	0 to 10,000	0.1%	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Unbalanced Load Compensation	-1,000 to 1,000	0.1%	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation	0 to 1,000	0.1%	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation	0 to 1,000	0.1%	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	81	Viscous Friction Coefficient Display	---	0.1%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	82	Unbalanced Load Compensation Display	---	0.1%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	83	Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation Display	---	0.1%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	84	Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation Display	---	0.1%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Viscous Friction Coefficient

- Adjusts the amount of viscous friction compensation torque.
- Sets the amount of torque at 10,000 r/min.

Subindex 02 hex: Unbalanced Load Compensation

- Sets the amount of unbalanced load torque compensation.

Subindex 03 hex: Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation

- Sets the amount of dynamic friction compensation in the positive direction.

Subindex 04 hex: Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation

- Sets the amount of dynamic friction compensation in the negative direction.

Subindex 81 hex: Viscous Friction Coefficient Display

- Gives the amount of viscous friction compensation torque that is currently set.
- The value is updated automatically when **Load Characteristic Estimation** – **Viscous Friction Compensation Update Selection** (3B80-02 hex) is set to *1 (update with the estimation result)*.

Subindex 82 hex: Unbalanced Load Compensation Display

- Gives the amount of unbalanced load torque compensation that is currently set.
- The value is updated automatically when **Load Characteristic Estimation** – **Unbalanced Load Compensation Update Selection** (3B80-03 hex) is set to *1 (update with the estimation result)*.

Subindex 83 hex: Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation Display

- Gives the amount of dynamic friction compensation in the positive direction that is currently set.
- The value is updated automatically when **Load Characteristic Estimation** – **Dynamic Friction Compensation Update Selection** (3B80-04 hex) is set to *1 (update with the estimation result)*.

Subindex 84 hex: Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation Display

- Gives the amount of dynamic friction compensation in the negative direction that is currently set.
- The value is updated automatically when **Load Characteristic Estimation** – **Dynamic Friction Compensation Update Selection** (3B80-04 hex) is set to *1 (update with the estimation result)*.

9-5-2 3320 hex: Adaptive Notch Filter

Sets the adaptive notch filter.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3320	---	Adaptive Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Adaptive Notch Selection	0 to 4	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Resonance Detection Threshold	0 to 500	%	4	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Adaptive Notch Selection

- Selects the notch filter to adapt the estimation result. This object is disabled when 0 is set.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	1st Notch Filter
2	2nd Notch Filter
3	3rd Notch Filter
4	4th Notch Filter

Subindex 03 hex: Resonance Detection Threshold

- Sets the torque output to detect the resonance, as a percentage of the rated torque.

9-5-3 3321 hex: 1st Notch Filter

Sets the 1st resonance suppression notch filter.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3321	---	1st Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	84 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Frequency	500 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Q-value	50 to 1,000	0.01	140	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Depth	0 to 60	dB	60	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
	81	Enable Display	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	82	Frequency Display	---	0.1 Hz	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	83	Q-value Display	---	0.01	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	84	Depth Display	---	dB	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the 1st notch filter function.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Frequency

- Sets the notch frequency of the 1st resonance suppression notch filter.

Subindex 03 hex: Q-value

- Sets the Q-value of the 1st resonance suppression notch filter.
- Decreasing the setting value widens the notch width.

Subindex 04 hex: Depth

- Sets the notch depth of the 1st resonance suppression notch filter.
- Increasing the setting value lengthens the notch depth and the phase lag.

Subindex 81 hex: Enable Display

- Gives whether the 1st notch filter function is enabled or disabled.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 82 hex: Frequency Display

- Gives the notch frequency that is currently set in the 1st notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

Subindex 83 hex: Q-value Display

- Gives the Q-value that is currently set in the 1st notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

Subindex 84 hex: Depth Display

- Gives the depth that is currently set in the 1st notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

9-5-4 3322 hex: 2nd Notch Filter

Sets the 2nd resonance suppression notch filter.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3322	---	2nd Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	84 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Frequency	500 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Q-value	50 to 1,000	0.01	140	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Depth	0 to 60	dB	60	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	81	Enable Display	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	82	Frequency Display	---	0.1 Hz	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	83	Q-value Display	---	0.01	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	84	Depth Display	---	dB	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the 2nd notch filter function.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Frequency

- Sets the notch frequency of the 2nd resonance suppression notch filter.

Subindex 03 hex: Q-value

- Sets the Q-value of the 2nd resonance suppression notch filter.
- Decreasing the setting value widens the notch width.

Subindex 04 hex: Depth

- Sets the notch depth of the 2nd resonance suppression notch filter.
- Increasing the setting value lengthens the notch depth and the phase lag.

Subindex 81 hex: Enable Display

- Gives whether the 2nd notch filter function is enabled or disabled.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 82 hex: Frequency Display

- Gives the notch frequency that is currently set in the 2nd notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

Subindex 83 hex: Q-value Display

- Gives the Q-value that is currently set in the 2nd notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

Subindex 84 hex: Depth Display

- Gives the depth that is currently set in the 2nd notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

9-5-5 3323 hex: 3rd Notch Filter

Sets the 3rd resonance suppression notch filter.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3323	---	3rd Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	84 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Frequency	500 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Q-value	50 to 1,000	0.01	140	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Depth	0 to 60	dB	60	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	81	Enable Display	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	82	Frequency Display	---	0.1 Hz	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	83	Q-value Display	---	0.01	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	84	Depth Display	---	dB	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the 3rd notch filter function.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Frequency

- Sets the notch frequency of the 3rd resonance suppression notch filter.

Subindex 03 hex: Q-value

- Sets the Q-value of the 3rd resonance suppression notch filter.
- Decreasing the setting value widens the notch width.

Subindex 04 hex: Depth

- Sets the notch depth of the 3rd resonance suppression notch filter.
- Increasing the setting value lengthens the notch depth and the phase lag.

Subindex 81 hex: Enable Display

- Gives whether the 3rd notch filter function is enabled or disabled.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 82 hex: Frequency Display

- Gives the notch frequency that is currently set in the 3rd notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

Subindex 83 hex: Q-value Display

- Gives the Q-value that is currently set in the 3rd notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

Subindex 84 hex: Depth Display

- Gives the depth that is currently set in the 3rd notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

9-5-6 3324 hex: 4th Notch Filter

Sets the 4th resonance suppression notch filter.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3324	---	4th Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	84 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Frequency	500 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Q-value	50 to 1,000	0.01	140	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Depth	0 to 60	dB	60	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	81	Enable Display	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	82	Frequency Display	---	0.1 Hz	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	83	Q-value Display	---	0.01	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	84	Depth Display	---	dB	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the 4th notch filter function.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Frequency

- Sets the notch frequency of the 4th resonance suppression notch filter.

Subindex 03 hex: Q-value

- Sets the Q-value of the 4th resonance suppression notch filter.
- Decreasing the setting value widens the notch width.

Subindex 04 hex: Depth

- Sets the notch depth of the 4th resonance suppression notch filter.
- Increasing the setting value lengthens the notch depth and the phase lag.

Subindex 81 hex: Enable Display

- Gives whether the 4th notch filter function is enabled or disabled.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 82 hex: Frequency Display

- Gives the notch frequency that is currently set in the 4th notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

Subindex 83 hex: Q-value Display

- Gives the Q-value that is currently set in the 4th notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

Subindex 84 hex: Depth Display

- Gives the depth that is currently set in the 4th notch filter.
- The value is updated automatically when the notch filter is specified in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

9-5-7 3330 hex: Torque Limit

Sets the torque limit function.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3330	---	Torque Limit	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Switching Selection	0 to 2	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	cst
	02	Max Torque	0 to 5,000	0.1%	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Positive Torque Limit Value	0 to 5,000	0.1%	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Negative Torque Limit Value	0 to 5,000	0.1%	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	05	Positive Torque Limit Value 2	0 to 5,000	0.1%	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	06	Negative Torque Limit Value 2	0 to 5,000	0.1%	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Switching Selection

- Selects the torque limit switching method.
- When 1 or 2 is set, positive and negative torque limit values vary with state of the torque limit input (PCL/NCL) and Controlword (P_CL/N_CL).
- When the maximum torque value is smaller than the other torque limit values, it is used as the limit value.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Switching by PCL/NCL signal is not allowed. Use the Positive torque limit value and Negative torque limit value.
1	Use the Positive Torque Limit Value 2 when both of the torque limit input (PCL) and Controlword (P_CL) are OFF, and the Positive Torque Limit Value for the other combinations. If both the torque limit input (NCL) and Controlword (N_CL) are OFF, the Negative torque limit value 2 is used. In other cases, the Negative torque limit value is used.
2	Use the Positive Torque Limit Value when both of the torque limit input (PCL) and Controlword (P_CL) are OFF, and the Positive Torque Limit Value 2 for the other combinations. If both the torque limit input (NCL) and Controlword (N_CL) are OFF, the Negative torque limit value is used. In other cases, the Negative torque limit value 2 is used.

Subindex 02 hex: Max Torque

- Sets the maximum torque limit value. The function of this object is the same as the **Max torque** (6072 hex). Set this object when you use a limit value without mapping 6072 hex to a PDO.

Subindex 03 hex: Positive Torque Limit Value

- Sets the positive torque limit value.
- The function of this object is the same as the **Positive torque limit value** (60E0 hex). Set this object when you use the limit value without mapping 60E0 hex to a PDO.

Subindex 04 hex: Negative Torque Limit Value

- Sets the negative torque limit value.
- The function of this object is the same as the **Negative torque limit value** (60E1 hex). Set this object when you use the limit value without mapping 60E1 hex to a PDO.

Subindex 05 hex: Positive Torque Limit Value 2

- Sets the positive torque limit value 2.

Subindex 06 hex: Negative Torque Limit Value 2

- Sets the negative torque limit value 2.

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the torque limit status.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Positive Torque Limit Applied
	0	Torque limit not applied
	1	Torque limit applied
Bit 1		Negative Torque Limit Applied
	0	Torque limit not applied
	1	Torque limit applied

9-6 Homing Objects

These objects are used for the homing setting.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3A00	---	Homing	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	89 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Zero Position Range	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	8,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Homing Method	0 to 37	---	0	E	1 byte (INT8)	RW	---	---	hm
	03	Speed During Search for Switch	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	5,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	hm
	04	Speed During Search for Zero	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	5,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	hm
	05	Homing Acceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	hm
	06	Home Offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	81	Homing Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	hm
	82	Homing Method Monitor	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	hm
	83	1st Supported Homing Method	---	---	8	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	84	2nd Supported Homing Method	---	---	12	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	85	3rd Supported Homing Method	---	---	19	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	86	4th Supported Homing Method	---	---	20	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	87	5th Supported Homing Method	---	---	33	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	88	6th Supported Homing Method	---	---	34	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	89	7th Supported Homing Method	---	---	37	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm

Subindex 01 hex: Zero Position Range

- Sets the range (absolute value) to be recognized as the home position.
- Any position within the specified range is recognized as the home position.

Subindex 02 hex: Homing Method

- Selects the homing method in the Homing mode (hm).
- Mirror object of 6098 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Not specified
8	Homing by Home Proximity Input and home signal (positive operation start)
12	Homing by Home Proximity Input and home signal (negative operation start)
19	Homing without home signal (positive operation start)
20	Homing without home signal (negative operation start)
33	Homing with home signal (negative operation start)
34	Homing with home signal (positive operation start)
37	Present home preset

Subindex 03 hex: Speed During Search for Switch

- Sets the operation speed to be used until the Home Proximity Input signal is detected.
- Mirror object of 6099-01 hex

Subindex 04 hex: Speed During Search for Zero

- Sets the operation speed to be used until the home signal is detected.
- Mirror object of 6099-02 hex

Subindex 05 hex: Homing Acceleration

- Sets the acceleration and deceleration speed to be used during homing.
- Mirror object of 609A hex

Subindex 06 hex: Home Offset

- Sets the offset value from the home of the absolute encoder to the zero position of the Position actual value.
- Mirror object of 607C hex

Subindex 81 hex: Homing Status

- Gives the homing status.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
Bit 0	During Homing

Set value		Description
	0	Interrupted or not started
	1	During Homing
Bit 1		Homing Completion
	0	Not completed
	1	Completed
Bit 2		Target Position Reached
	0	Not reached
	1	Reached
Bit 3		Homing Error
	0	No error
	1	Occurred

Subindex 82 hex: Homing Method Monitor

- Gives the status of the present homing method.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Not specified
8	Homing by Home Proximity Input and home signal (positive operation start)
12	Homing by Home Proximity Input and home signal (negative operation start)
19	Homing without home signal (positive operation start)
20	Homing without home signal (negative operation start)
33	Homing with home signal (negative operation start)
34	Homing with home signal (positive operation start)
37	Present home preset

Subindex 83 hex: 1st Supported Homing Method

- Gives the number of the supported homing method.
- Mirror object of 60E3-01 hex

Subindex 84 hex: 2nd Supported Homing Method

- Gives the number of the supported homing method.
- Mirror object of 60E3-02 hex

Subindex 85 hex: 3rd Supported Homing Method

- Gives the number of the supported homing method.
- Mirror object of 60E3-03 hex

Subindex 86 hex: 4th Supported Homing Method

- Gives the number of the supported homing method.
- Mirror object of 60E3-04 hex

Subindex 87 hex: 5th Supported Homing Method

- Gives the number of the supported homing method.
- Mirror object of 60E3-05 hex

Subindex 88 hex: 6th Supported Homing Method

- Gives the number of the supported homing method.
- Mirror object of 60E3-06 hex

Subindex 89 hex: 7th Supported Homing Method

- Gives the number of the supported homing method.
- Mirror object of 60E3-07 hex

9-7 Applied Function Objects

This section explains the objects related to the applied functions.

9-7-1 3B10 hex: Drive Prohibition

Sets the drive prohibition function. Refer to *7-3 Drive Prohibition Functions* on page 7-15 for details.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B10	---	Drive Prohibition	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Stop Selection	2 or 4	---	2	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the drive prohibition function.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Drive prohibition disabled
1	Drive prohibition enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Stop Selection

- Selects the operation when Positive Drive Prohibition or Negative Drive Prohibition is enabled.
- Stop means the state in which the motor speed is 30 r/min or lower.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
2	Deceleration method: Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.) State after stopping: Lock at the stop position PDS state: Operation enabled Following error state: Clear at the start of deceleration and at the stop. Hold after stopping.
4*1	Deceleration method: Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code State after stopping: Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code PDS state: Fault Following error state: Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code

*1. A Drive Prohibition Detected (Error No. 38.01) is generated.

9-7-2 3B11 hex: Software Position Limit

Sets the software position limit function.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B11	---	Software Position Limit	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enable Selection	0 to 3	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Stop Selection	2 or 4	---	2	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	03	Min Position Limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	-50,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Max Position Limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	50,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Enable Selection

- Selects whether to enable or disable the software position limit function.
- You can select whether to enable or disable the software position limit function in the positive and negative direction respectively.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Positive: Disabled, Negative: Disabled
1	Positive: Disabled, Negative: Enabled
2	Positive: Enabled, Negative: Disabled
3	Positive: Enabled, Negative: Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Stop Selection

- Selects the operation when the software position limit is enabled.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
2	Deceleration method: Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.) State after stopping: Lock at the stop position PDS state: Operation enabled Following error state: Clear at the start of deceleration and at the stop. Hold after stopping.
4*1	Deceleration method: Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code State after stopping: Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code PDS state: Fault Following error state: Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code

*1. A Software Limit Exceeded (Error No. 34.00) is generated.

Subindex 03 hex: Min Position Limit

- Sets the negative limit value for the Position actual value (6064 hex).
- Mirror object of 607D-01 hex

Subindex 04 hex: Max Position Limit

- Sets the positive limit value for the Position actual value (6064 hex).
- Mirror object of 607D-02 hex

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the status of the software position limit function and the position.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Software Position Limit in the positive direction
	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Bit 1		Software Position Limit in the negative direction
	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Bit 2		Positive Software Limit (PSOT)
	0	Within limit value
	1	Outside limit value
Bit 3		Negative Software Limit (NSOT)
	0	Within limit value
	1	Outside limit value

9-7-3 3B20 hex: Stop Selection

Sets the operation during stop.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B20	---	Stop Selection	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Shutdown Option Code	-7 to 0	---	-5	C	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Disable Operation Option Code	-6 to 0	---	-4	C	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	---	---
	03	Halt Option Code	1 to 3	---	1	C	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	---	pp, pv, hm
	04	Fault Reaction Option Code	-7 to 0	---	-4	C	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Shutdown Option Code

- Selects the operation for the time when the PDS state machine is Shutdown.
- When the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower, the operation changes from the deceleration operation to the operation after stopping.
- The following error is cleared for all set values.
- Mirror object of 605B hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Deceleration operation		Operation after stopping
-7	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-6	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-5	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-4	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-3	Dynamic brake operation		Free
-2	Free-run		Dynamic brake operation
-1	Dynamic brake operation		Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run		Free

*1. The Servomotor stops according to the setting of Operation B while in an STO status or when the P-N Voltage drops to the specified value or lower. In other cases, the Servomotor decelerates to stop according to the setting of Operation A.

The default value is -5. The deceleration operation in Operation B is free-run. To stop the motor more quickly than free-run stopping even when the deceleration method is Operation B, set this so that dynamic brake operation is performed as the deceleration operation.
The dynamic brake is intended for stopping the motor in case of an error. Do not use it as a method to stop the motor when it is rotating in normal operation.

Precautions for Correct Use

When the error is cleared, a process which makes the command position follow the present position comes into effect. To operate in Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) after the Servo turns ON, reset the command coordinates in the host controller and then execute the operation. The Servomotor may move suddenly.

Subindex 02 hex: Disable Operation Option Code

- Selects the operation for the time when the PDS state machine is Disable operation.
- When the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower, the operation changes from the deceleration operation to the operation after stopping.

- The following error is cleared for all set values.
- Mirror object of 605C hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Deceleration operation	Operation after stopping
-6	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
-4		Dynamic brake operation
-3	Dynamic brake operation	Free
-2	Free-run	Dynamic brake operation
-1	Dynamic brake operation	Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run	Free

Precautions for Correct Use

When the error is cleared, a process which makes the internal command position follow the actual position comes into effect. To execute commands that perform feeding for interpolation after the Servo turns ON, reset the command coordinates in the host controller and then execute the operation. The Servomotor may move suddenly.

Subindex 03 hex: Halt Option Code

- Selects the stop method when bit 8 (Halt) in Controlword is set to *1*, under the condition that the Modes of operation is set to the Profile position mode (pp), Profile velocity mode (pv), or Homing mode (hm).
- When the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower, the operation changes from the deceleration operation to the operation after stopping.
- The following error is cleared for all set values after the Servomotor stops.
- Mirror object of 605D hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Deceleration operation	Operation after stopping the deceleration operation
1	Deceleration stop at a speed which is used in the selected operation mode pp, pv: Profile deceleration hm: Homing acceleration	pp, hm: Internal position command is zero pv: Internal velocity command is zero
2	Not supported	---
3	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	pp, hm: Internal position command is zero pv: Internal velocity command is zero

Subindex 04 hex: Fault Reaction Option Code

- Selects the operation for the time when an error occurred in the Servo Drive (PDS state = Fault reaction active).
- When the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower, the operation changes from the deceleration operation to the operation after stopping.
- The following error is cleared for all set values.
- Mirror object of 605E hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Deceleration operation		Operation after stopping
-7	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-6	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-5	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-4	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-3	Dynamic brake operation		Free
-2	Free-run		Dynamic brake operation
-1	Dynamic brake operation		Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run		Free

*1. Operation A and B indicate whether or not to perform the deceleration stop when an error occurs. If an error that causes the deceleration stop occurs, the deceleration stop is performed according to the setting of Operation A. If an error that does not cause the deceleration stop occurs, the dynamic brake operation or free-run is performed according to the setting of Operation B. For details on errors, refer to *12-3 Errors* on page 12-10.

Precautions for Correct Use

When the error is cleared, a process which makes the command position follow the present position comes into effect. To operate in Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) after the Servo turns ON, reset the command coordinates in the host controller and then execute the operation. The Servomotor may move suddenly.

9-7-4 3B21 hex: Deceleration Stop

Sets the operation for deceleration stop.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B21	---	Deceleration Stop	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Torque	1 to 5,000	0.1%	5,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Torque

- Sets the torque for deceleration stop.
- Set the value in units of 0.1% of the rated torque (100%).
- The set value is used for the following deceleration stop methods.

a) When the drive prohibition is enabled and deceleration is performed with **Drive Prohibition** – **Stop Selection** (3B10-02 hex) set to *2*
b) When deceleration is performed with **Stop Selection** – **Disable Operation Option Code** (3B20-02 hex) set to *-6* or *-4*
c) When deceleration is performed with **Stop Selection** – **Shutdown Option Code** (3B20-01 hex) set to *-7* to *-4*
d) When deceleration is performed with **Stop Selection** – **Halt Option Code** (3B20-03 hex) set to *3*
e) When deceleration is performed with **Stop Selection** – **Fault Reaction Option Code** (3B20-04 hex) set to *-7* to *-4*
f) When deceleration is performed with Software Position Limit – Stop Selection (3B11-02 hex) set to *2*

9-7-5 3B30 hex: Touch Probe 1

Sets the Latch Function 1 (Touch Probe 1).
Refer to *7-11 Touch Probe Function (Latch Function)* on page 7-37 for details.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B30	---	Touch Probe 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	F1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Touch Probe 1 Source	1 to 6	---	1	A	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	83	Positive Edge Time Stamp	---	ns	---	---	8 bytes (U64)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	84	Touch Probe 1 Positive Edge	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Setting	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Touch Probe 1 Source

- Selects the trigger to be used for the Latch Function 1.
- Mirror object of 60D0-01 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
1	External Latch Input 1 (EXT1)
2	External Latch Input 2 (EXT2)
6	Encoder Phase Z

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the status of the Latch Function 1.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Enable or disable Latch Function 1
	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Bit 1		With or without Latch 1 positive data
	0	Without latch data
	1	With latch data

Subindex 83 hex: Positive Edge Time Stamp

- Gives the time which is latched by the Latch Function 1 (Touch Probe 1).

Subindex 84 hex: Touch Probe 1 Positive Edge

- Gives the position which is latched on the positive edge by the Latch Function 1 (Touch Probe 1).
- Mirror object of 60BA hex

Subindex F1 hex: Setting

- Sets the Latch Function 1.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Enable or disable Latch Function 1
	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Bit 1		Latch 1 operation
	0	Latch on the first trigger only.
	1	Latch continuously on every trigger input
Bits 2 to 3		Latch 1 trigger input signal switch
	00	EXT1
	01	Phase Z
	10	Follow the setting in the Touch probe source.
	11	Reserved
Bit 4		Latch 1 trigger operation on the positive edge
	0	Latch is disabled
	1	Latch is enabled

9-7-6 3B31 hex: Touch Probe 2

Sets the Latch Function 2 (Touch Probe 2).

Refer to *7-11 Touch Probe Function (Latch Function)* on page 7-37 for details.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B31	---	Touch Probe 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	F1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Touch Probe 2 Source	1 to 6	---	2	A	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	83	Positive Edge Time Stamp	---	ns	---	---	8 bytes (U64)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	84	Touch Probe 2 Positive Edge	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Setting	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Touch Probe 2 Source

- Selects the trigger to be used for the Latch Function 2.
- Mirror object of 60D0-02 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
1	External Latch Input 1 (EXT1)
2	External Latch Input 2 (EXT2)
6	Encoder Phase Z

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the status of the Latch Function 2.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 8		Enable or disable Latch Function 2
	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Bit 9		With or without Latch 2 positive data
	0	Without latch data
	1	With latch data

Subindex 83 hex: Positive Edge Time Stamp

- Gives the time which is latched by the Latch Function 2 (Touch Probe 2).

Subindex 84 hex: Touch Probe 2 Positive Edge

- Gives the position which is latched on the positive edge by the Latch Function 2 (Touch Probe 2).
- Mirror object of 60BC hex

Subindex F1 hex: Setting

- Sets the Latch Function 2.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 8		Enable or disable Latch Function 2
	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Bit 9		Latch 2 operation
	0	Latch on the first trigger only.
	1	Latch continuously on every trigger input
Bits 10 to 11		Latch 2 trigger input signal switch
	00	EXT2
	01	Phase Z
	10	Follow the setting in the Touch probe source.
	11	Reserved
Bit 12		Latch 2 trigger operation on the positive edge
	0	Latch is disabled
	1	Latch is enabled

9-7-7 3B40 hex: Zone Notification 1

Sets the Zone Notification 1.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B40	---	Zone Notification 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Lower limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Upper limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Lower Limit

- Sets the lower limit range of Zone Notification.

Subindex 02 hex: Upper Limit

- Sets the upper limit range of Zone Notification.

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the status of Zone Notification 1.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Range of Zone Notification 1
	0	Outside the range
	1	Within the range
Bit 1		Enable or disable the function
	0	Disabled (upper limit less than or equal to lower limit)
	1	Enabled (upper limit greater than lower limit)

9-7-8 3B41 hex: Zone Notification 2

Sets the Zone Notification 2.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B41	---	Zone Notification 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Lower limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Upper limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Lower Limit

- Sets the lower limit range of Zone Notification.

Subindex 02 hex: Upper Limit

- Sets the upper limit range of Zone Notification.

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the status of Zone Notification 2.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Range of Zone Notification 2
	0	Outside the range
	1	Within the range
Bit 1		Enable or disable the function
	0	Disabled (upper limit less than or equal to lower limit)
	1	Enabled (upper limit greater than lower limit)

9-7-9 3B50 hex: Position Detection Function

Sets the Position Detection Function.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B50	---	Position Detection Function	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	05 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	05	Following Error Window	0 to 4,294,967,295	Command unit	84,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 05 hex: Following Error Window

- Sets the threshold for a following error.
- When the following error is more than or equal to this set value, an Excessive Position Deviation Error (Error No. 24.00) is detected.
- Mirror object of 6065 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0 to 2,147,483,647	Enabled at the value set in the Following error window
2,147,483,648 to 4,294,967,294	Enabled at 2,147,483,647 hex as the value set in the Following error window
4,294,967,295	Excessive position deviation detection disabled

9-7-10 3B51 hex: Positioning Completion Notification

Sets the condition of the Positioning Completion Output (INP1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B51	---	Positioning Completion Notification	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Position Window	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	8,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Position Window

- When the following error is less than or equal to the set value of this object, the Positioning Completion Output 1 (INP1) turns ON.
- This setting is also used as the threshold for detecting Target reached flag in the EtherCAT communications status.
- Mirror object of 6067 hex

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the status of Positioning Completion 1.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Not completed
1	Completed

9-7-11 3B52 hex: Positioning Completion Notification 2

Sets the condition of the Positioning Completion Output 2 (INP2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B52	---	Positioning Completion Notification 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Position Window	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	8,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	02	Notification Condition	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, pp, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Position Window

- Sets the range (following error) to determine that positioning is completed.

Subindex 02 hex: Notification Condition

- Sets the judgment condition to output the Positioning Completion Output 2 (INP2).

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	When the following error is less than or equal to the value set in the Position Window, Positioning Completion Output is turned ON.
1	When there is no position command and the following error is less than or equal to the Position Window, Positioning Completion Output is turned ON.

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the status of Positioning Completion 2.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Not completed
1	Completed

9-7-12 3B60 hex: Speed Detection Function

Sets the Speed Detection Function.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B60	---	Speed Detection Function	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Velocity Attainment Detection Level	10 to 20,000	r/min	1,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Zero Speed Detection Level	10 to 20,000	r/min	50	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Velocity Conformity Detection Range	10 to 20,000	r/min	50	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Excessive Speed Detection Level	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	r/min	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	05	Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level	0 to 20,000	r/min	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, pp, hm
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

Subindex 01 hex: Velocity Attainment Detection Level

- Sets the velocity to be detected by the velocity attainment detection function which detects that the motor velocity reaches any velocity.

Subindex 02 hex: Zero Speed Detection Level

- Sets the rotation speed [r/min] at which the motor speed can be regarded as 0 (stop).

Subindex 03 hex: Velocity Conformity Detection Range

- Sets the range (deviation) in which the motor velocity can be regarded as conformed to the command velocity.

Subindex 04 hex: Excessive Speed Detection Level

- Sets the excessive speed detection level.
  When *0* is set, the excessive speed is detected at 1.2 times as high as the maximum speed of the motor.
- When the excessive speed is detected, an Excessive Speed Error (Error No. 26.00) occurs.

Subindex 05 hex: Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level

- Sets the threshold to detect the excessive velocity deviation.
- When the velocity deviation reaches the set value or more, an Excessive Speed Deviation Error (Error No. 24.01) occurs.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
Others	Threshold for Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level

Subindex 81 hex: Status

- Gives the status of each detection function.
- The bit value *1* represents detected, and *0* represents not detected.

● Bit Descriptions

Bit	Description
0	Velocity Attainment Detection
1	Zero Speed Detection
2	Velocity Conformity Detection
3	Excessive Speed Detection
4	Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection

9-7-13 3B70 hex: Vibration Detection

Sets the vibration detection function.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B70	---	Vibration Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Detection Level	0 to 500	%	500	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Detection Level

- Sets the vibration detection level.
- If torque vibration more than or equal to this set value is detected, the Motor Vibration Warning (Error No. A6.00) is output.

9-7-14 3B71 hex: Runaway Detection

Sets the runaway detection function.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B71	---	Runaway Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

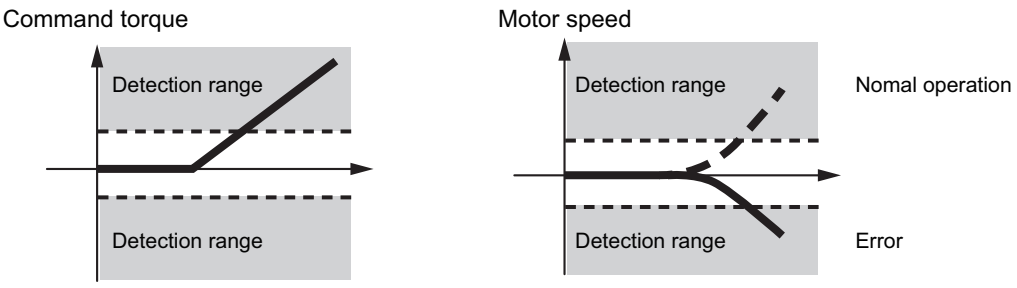
Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the runaway detection function.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

- The default value is *1 (enabled)*.
- When the runaway detection function detects that the Servomotor rotates in the opposite direction due to incorrect wiring of the motor cable, etc., a Runaway Detected (Error No. 20.00) occurs.
- When the command torque and the motor speed exceed a certain value after Servo ON, this function detects whether it is normal operation or an error. When the acceleration direction of the Servomotor does not conform to the direction of the command torque for a certain period of time, this function determines that the Servomotor rotates in the opposite direction, a Runaway Detected occurs.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If the gain is lower than the default setting, the runaway detection function may not work.
- If **1st Torque Command Filter** – **Cutoff Frequency** (3233-02 hex) or **2nd Torque Command Filter** – **Cutoff Frequency** (3234-02 hex) is set to 10 [Hz] or lower, this function may not work.
- When the Servomotor has a near-no load such that the inertia ratio is 50% or lower, if **1st Velocity Control Gain** – **Proportional Gain** (3323-01 hex) or **2nd Velocity Control Gain** – **Proportional Gain** (3324-01 hex) is set to a value higher than 400 [Hz], this function may not work.
- If the Servomotor rotates in the opposite direction by an external force over the momentary maximum torque of the Servomotor.

9-7-15 3B80 hex: Load Characteristic Estimation

Sets the operation of the load characteristic estimation. Refer to *11-8 Load Characteristic Estimation* on page 11-18 for details.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
3B80	---	Load Characteristic Estimation	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	FF hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Inertia Ratio Update Selection	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Viscous Friction Compensation Update Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	03	Unbalanced Load Compensation Update Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	04	Dynamic Friction Compensation Update Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	05	Viscous Friction Tuning Coefficient	0 to 200	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	06	Estimation Sensitivity Selection	0 to 2	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	FF	Estimation Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Inertia Ratio Update Selection

- Selects whether to estimate load characteristics and update a value of the inertia ratio.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Use the present set value.
1	Update with the estimation result.

Subindex 02 hex: Viscous Friction Compensation Update Selection

- Selects whether to estimate load characteristics and update a value of the viscous friction coefficient.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Use the present set value.
1	Update with the estimation result.

Subindex 03 hex: Unbalanced Load Compensation Update Selection

- Selects whether to estimate load characteristics and update a value of the unbalanced load compensation.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Use the present set value.
1	Update with the estimation result.

Subindex 04 hex: Dynamic Friction Compensation Update Selection

- Selects whether to estimate load characteristics and update a value of the dynamic friction compensation.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Use the present set value.
1	Update with the estimation result.

Subindex 05 hex: Viscous Friction Tuning Coefficient

- Sets the value to adjust the amount of torque compensation which is calculated from the estimated viscous friction value. When the viscous friction coefficient update is enabled, the viscous friction coefficient is updated with a value which is calculated by multiplying the estimated viscous friction by this tuning coefficient.

- Viscous friction coefficient used in torque compensation = Estimated viscous friction coefficient × Tuning coefficient ÷ 100

Subindex 06 hex: Estimation Sensitivity Selection

- Selects the sensitivity to estimate load characteristics from load changes during the load characteristic estimation.
- The higher the set value is, the earlier the load characteristic change is followed, but the estimated variation against the disturbance becomes greater.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Estimate by minutes from load characteristic changes. This setting is used when there is a little change in load characteristics.
1	Estimate by seconds from load characteristic changes. This setting is used when there is a gradual change in load characteristics.
2	Estimate immediately from load characteristic changes. This setting is used when there is a sharp change in load characteristics.

Subindex FF hex: Estimation Status

- Gives the execution status of the load characteristic estimation.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Never executed
1	Obtaining data
2	During estimation
3	Estimation completed

9-8 Error- and Warning-related Objects

These objects are used for the error and warning setting.

9-8-1 4000 hex: Error Full Code

Gives the error code.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4000	---	Error Full Code	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	82 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Error Full Code	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	82	Error Code	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Error Full Code

- Gives the error number of an error or warning which occurs in the Servo Drive.
- For example, in the case of Overload Warning (Error No. A0.00), a value of 0x0000A000 hex is given.

Subindex 82 hex: Error Code

- Gives the code of the latest existing error or warning which exists in the Servo Drive.
  When more than one error or warning occurs at the same time, the highest-priority one is given.
- The given error is from the manufacturer specific area FF00 to FFFF hex.
- The lower word of FF00 to FFFF hex gives the main code of the error.
- Mirror object of 603F hex

9-8-2 4020 hex: Warning Customization

Sets the warning detection function.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4020	---	Warning Customization	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	07 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Warning Mask 1 Selection	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	03	Warning Mask 3 Selection	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	04	Warning Hold Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	05	Warning Level Change 1 Selection	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	07	Warning Level Change 3 Selection	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Warning Mask 1 Selection

- Sets the mask for the warning.
- When a bit is set to *1*, the detection of the corresponding warning is disabled.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Overload Warning
1	Regeneration Overload Warning
2	Encoder Communications Warning
3	Motor Vibration Warning
4	Capacitor Lifetime Warning
5	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning
7	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning
9	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning
10	Encoder Lifetime Warning
11	Fan Rotation Warning
12	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning

Subindex 03 hex: Warning Mask 3 Selection

- Sets the mask for the warning.
- When a bit is set to *1*, the detection of the corresponding warning is disabled.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Data Setting Warning
1	Command Warning

Bit	Description
2	EtherCAT Communications Warning

Subindex 04 hex: Warning Hold Selection

- Selects whether to hold or not the warning state.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Warning mask 1 hold selection
	0	Not hold the warning enabled in Warning Mask 1 Selection. The warning is automatically cleared when the cause of the warning is eliminated. However, the warning is held for at least 1 second.
	1	Hold the warning enabled in Warning Mask 1 Selection. After the cause of the warning is eliminated, the error reset command must be sent.
Bit 2		Warning mask 3 hold selection
	0	Not hold the warning enabled in Warning Mask 3 Selection. The warning is automatically cleared when the cause of the warning is eliminated. However, the warning is held for at least 1 second.
	1	Hold the warning enabled in Warning Mask 3 Selection. After the cause of the warning is eliminated, the error reset command must be sent.

Subindex 05 hex: Warning Level Change 1 Selection

- Changes the warning level.
- When a bit is set to *1*, the level of the corresponding warning is set as the error.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Overload Warning
1	Regeneration Overload Warning
2	Encoder Communications Warning
3	Motor Vibration Warning
4	Capacitor Lifetime Warning
5	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning
7	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning
9	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning
10	Encoder Lifetime Warning
11	Fan Rotation Warning
12	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning

Subindex 07 hex: Warning Level Change 3 Selection

- Changes the warning level.
- When a bit is set to *1*, the level of the corresponding warning is set as the error.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Data Setting Warning
1	Command Warning
2	EtherCAT Communications Warning

9-8-3 4021 hex: Warning Output 1 Setting

Sets the warning to be output by Warning Output 1 (WARN1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4021	---	Warning Output 1 Setting	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Selection 1	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	03	Selection 3	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Selection 1

- Selects the warning type to be output by Warning Output 1 (WARN1).
- When a bit is set to *1*, the output turns ON at the occurrence of the corresponding warning.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Overload Warning
1	Regeneration Overload Warning
2	Encoder Communications Warning
3	Motor Vibration Warning
4	Capacitor Lifetime Warning
5	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning
7	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning
9	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning
10	Encoder Lifetime Warning
11	Fan Rotation Warning
12	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning

Subindex 03 hex: Selection 3

Selects the warning type to be output by Warning Output 1 (WARN1).

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Data Setting Warning
1	Command Warning
2	EtherCAT Communications Warning

9-8-4 4022 hex: Warning Output 2 Setting

Sets the warning to be output by Warning Output 2 (WARN2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4022	---	Warning Output 2 Setting	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Selection 1	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	03	Selection 3	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Selection 1

- Selects the warning type to be output by Warning Output 2 (WARN2).
- When a bit is set to *1*, the output turns ON at the occurrence of the corresponding warning.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Overload Warning
1	Regeneration Overload Warning
2	Encoder Communications Warning
3	Motor Vibration Warning
4	Capacitor Lifetime Warning
5	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning
7	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning
9	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning
10	Encoder Lifetime Warning
11	Fan Rotation Warning
12	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning

Subindex 03 hex: Selection 3

- Selects the warning type to be output by Warning Output 2 (WARN2).
- When a bit is set to *1*, the output turns ON at the occurrence of the corresponding warning.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	Data Setting Warning
1	Command Warning
2	EtherCAT Communications Warning

9-8-5 4030 hex: Information Customization

Sets the function for information detection.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4030	---	Information Customization	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Information Level Change Selection	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Information Level Change Selection

- Sets the level change of information.
- When a bit is set to *1*, the level of the corresponding information is set as the error.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Description
0	STO Detected

9-9 Monitoring-related Objects

These objects are used for the monitoring setting.

9-9-1 4110 hex: Monitor Data via PDO

Sets the object for monitoring. You can monitor any object by mapping the monitor data to a TxPDO.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4110	---	Monitor Data via PDO	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	84 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01 to 04	Target Object 1 to 4	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	---
	81 to 84	Monitor Data 1 to 4	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---

Subindex 01 to 04 hex: Target Object 1 to 4

- Sets the object for monitoring.
- Set the index in upper two bytes and the subindex in lower two bytes.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
Upper 2 bytes	Index of the target object
Lower 2 bytes	Subindex of the target object

Subindex 81 to 84 hex: Monitor Data 1 to 4

- Gives the object value set in Target Object.
- The given value is always four bytes. If the size of the set object is less than four bytes, the data size will be extended to four bytes by the sign extension. If the size of the set object is four bytes or more, lower four bytes of the object will be given.

Precautions for Correct Use

Objects whose data type is BOOL, U, or INT can be set in Target Object. Do not set objects whose data type is VS or OS.

9-9-2 4120 hex: EtherCAT Communications Error Count

Counts the number of EtherCAT communication errors and clears the error count value.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4120	---	EtherCAT Communications Error Count	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	F1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Error Count	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Error Count Clear	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Error Count

- Counts the number of EtherCAT communication errors. This object does not count from 7FFFFFFF hex.

Subindex F1 hex: Error Count Clear

- Clears the error count value by the writing of *1*.

9-9-3 4130 hex: Safety Status Monitor

Monitors the safety function.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4130	---	Safety Status Monitor	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	B1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Safety Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	91	Safety Control-word 1st Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	92	Safety Control-word 2nd Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	A1	Safety Status-word 1st Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	A2	Safety Status-word 2nd Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	B1	FSoE Address	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Safety Status

- Gives the status of the safety function.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		STO status (Present STO status regardless of bits 1 to 3)
	0	STO is not active
	1	STO is active
Bit 3		STO status (Monitoring limit exceedance or other error of safety function is present or not)
	0	STO via FSoE is not active
	1	STO via FSoE is active
Bit 5		Safety functions status*1
	0	Safety functions are not activated.
	1	Safety function is activated.
Bit 7		Safety function acceptance status
	0	Assigned safety functions can not be accepted.
	1	Assigned safety functions can be accepted.

*1. Indicates Logical OR of the status of STO via FSoE, SS1, and SLS.

Subindex 82 hex: Mirror Safety Controlword

- Gives the status of the safety function mapped to **17th receive PDO Mapping** (1610 hex). This object is for PDO Mapping to TxPDO and monitor the Safety Controlword.

Subindex 83 hex: Mirror Safety Statusword

- Gives the status of the safety function mapped to **17th transmit PDO Mapping** (1A10 hex). This object is for PDO Mapping to TxPDO and monitor the Safety Statusword.

Subindex 91 hex: Safety Controlword 1st Byte

- Gives the command status of the safety function.
- Mirror object of 6620-01 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Gives the status of STO command.
	0	STO activate command issued
	1	STO activate command not issued
Bit 1		Gives the status of SS1 command 1.
	0	SS1 activate command issued
	1	SS1 activate command not issued
Bit 7		Gives the status of error reset command.
	0	Error reset command issued
	1	Error reset command not issued

Subindex 92 hex: Safety Controlword 2nd Byte

- Gives the command status of the safety function.
- Mirror object of 6620-02 hex

Subindex A1 hex: Safety Statusword 1st Byte

- Gives the status of the safety function.
- Mirror object of 6621-01 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Gives the STO status
	0	Normal status
	1	STO status
Bit 7		Gives the error status of the safety function.
	0	No error
	1	Error detected

Subindex A2 hex: Safety Statusword 2nd Byte

- Gives the status of the safety function.
- Mirror object of 6621-02 hex

Subindex B1 hex: FSoE Address

- Gives the FSoE slave address.
- Mirror object of F980-01 hex

9-9-4 4131 hex: Safety Command Monitor 1

Monitors the safety command.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4131	---	Safety Command Monitor 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	93 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	FSoE Slave CMD	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	82	FSoE Slave Conn_ID	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---
	83	FSoE Slave CRC_0	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---
	91	FSoE Master CMD	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	92	FSoE Master Conn_ID	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---
	93	FSoE Master CRC_0	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: FSoE Slave CMD

- Gives the command which is sent from the slave.
- Mirror object of E600-01 hex

Subindex 82 hex: FSoE Slave Conn_ID

- Gives the connection ID which is sent from the slave.
- Mirror object of E600-02 hex

Subindex 83 hex: FSoE Slave CRC_0

- Gives the cyclic redundancy code which is sent from the slave.
- Mirror object of E600-03 hex

Subindex 91 hex: FSoE Master CMD

- Gives the command which is sent from the master.
- Mirror object of E700-01 hex

Subindex 92 hex: FSoE Master Conn_ID

- Gives the connection ID which is sent from the master.
- Mirror object of E700-02 hex

Subindex 93 hex: FSoE Master CRC_0

- Gives the cyclic redundancy code which is sent from the master.

- Mirror object of E700-03 hex

9-9-5 4132 hex: Safety Command Monitor 2

Monitors the safety command.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4132	---	Safety Command Monitor 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	A0 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Safety Connection Status	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	RO	---	---	---
	92	Error Acknowledge	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	RO	---	---	---
	A0	STO Command	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Safety Connection Status

- This flag indicates that the safety connection is executed. When the value is *1*, the safety connection is in execution.
- It is used for the input to the Activate terminal of Safety FB or connection/disconnection applications of the safety equipment.
- Mirror object of E601-01 hex

Subindex 92 hex: Error Acknowledge

- Gives an error of the safety function.
- Mirror object of 6632-00 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	No error
1	Error detected (STO internal circuit error detection)

Subindex A0 hex: STO Command

- Gives the STO status.
- Mirror object of 6640-00 hex

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Normal status
1	STO status

9-9-6 4140 hex: Lifetime Information

Gives the lifetime information of the Servo Drive. When the set value of each lifetime information is FFFFFFFF hex, it means that data is corrupted.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4140	---	Lifetime Information	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	FF hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Total Power ON Time	---	min	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	82	Total Capacitor Operating Time	---	min	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	83	Capacitor Operating Time Ratio	---	0.1%	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	84	Inrush Current Prevention Relay ON Count	---	Time	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	85	Dynamic Brake Relay ON Count	---	Time	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	86	Motor Operating Time	---	min	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	87	Brake Interlock Output Relay ON Count	---	Time	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Motor Operating Time Clear	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	F2	Clear	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	FF	Clear Status	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Total Power ON Time

- Gives the total power ON time of the Servo Drive (control power supply).
- The data is saved in the non-volatile memory approximately every hour.

Subindex 82 hex: Total Capacitor Operating Time

- Gives the total operating time of the capacitor.

Subindex 83 hex: Capacitor Operating Time Ratio

- Gives the ratio of the present operating time to the lifetime of the capacitor.
- When the ratio is *100%*, the lifetime reaches the end.

Subindex 84 hex: Inrush Current Prevention Relay ON Count

- Gives the number of times when the inrush current prevention relay is changed to ON.
- The data is saved in the non-volatile memory approximately every hour.

Subindex 85 hex: Dynamic Brake Relay ON Count

- Gives the number of times the command was sent to change the dynamic brake relay contact to ON. This is not the number of deceleration operations performed with the dynamic brake.
- The data is saved in the non-volatile memory approximately every hour.

Subindex 86 hex: Motor Operating Time

- Gives the total time when the motor is not in a stop state.
- The data is saved in the non-volatile memory approximately every hour.

Subindex 87 hex: Brake Interlock Output Relay ON Count

- Gives the number of times when the brake interlock output relay is changed to ON.
- The data is saved in the non-volatile memory approximately every hour.

Subindex F1 hex: Motor Operating Time Clear

- Clears the motor operating time counter. Clear is executed by the writing of 6A646165 hex to this object.

Subindex F2 hex: Clear

- Clears the lifetime information by the writing of 6A64 6165 hex. Clear is executed only when the Lifetime Information Corruption Warning exists.

Subindex FF hex: Clear Status

- Gives the status of the Motor Operating Time Clear and Lifetime Information Clear.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Status of Motor Operating Time Clear
	0	Clear is not executed or completed
	1	Clear in execution
Bit 1		Status of Lifetime Information Clear
	0	Clear is not executed or completed
	1	Clear in execution

9-9-7 4150 hex: Overload

Sets the overload detection and gives the load ratio.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4150	---	Overload	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	83 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Warning Notification Level	0 to 100	%	85	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Load Ratio	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	R	TxPDO	---	---
	82	Servo Drive Load Ratio	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	R	---	---	---
	83	Motor Load Ratio	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	R	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Warning Notification Level

- Sets the level to notify the Overload Warning. When the level reaches 100%, an Overload Error occurs.

Subindex 81 hex: Load Ratio

- Gives the load ratio of Servo Drive or motor, whichever is higher.
- The value of load ratio is the average of the last five seconds.

Subindex 82 hex: Servo Drive Load Ratio

- Gives the load ratio of the Servo Drive.
- The value of load ratio is the average of the last five seconds.
- The value of load ratio is the ratio of the current to the rated current

$$\text{Servo Drive load ratio (\%)} = \frac{\text{Servo Drive current}}{\text{Servo Drive rated current}} \times 100$$

Subindex 83 hex: Motor Load Ratio

- Gives the load ratio of the motor.
- The value of load ratio is the average of the last five seconds.
- The value of load ratio is the ratio of the current to the rated current

$$\text{Servomotor load ratio (\%)} = \frac{\text{Servomotor current}}{\text{Servomotor rated current}} \times 100$$

9-10 Display-related Objects

These objects are used for the display setting.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4210	---	Display	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	LED Display Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: LED Display Selection

- Selects data to be displayed on the 7-segment display on the front panel.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	PDS state (simple)
1	EtherCAT node address

9-11 Power Device-related Objects

These objects are used for the power device setting.

9-11-1 4310 hex: Regeneration

Sets the regeneration resistor.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4310	---	Regeneration	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	External Regeneration Resistor Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	External Regeneration Resistance	1 to 2,147,483,647	0.1 Ω	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	03	External Regeneration Allowable Power	1 to 2,147,483,647	W	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	04	External Regeneration Overload Ratio	0 to 100	%	85	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Regeneration Load Ratio	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: External Regeneration Resistor Selection

- Selects whether to use or not the external regeneration resistor.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Not use the external regeneration resistor
1	Use the external regeneration resistor

Subindex 02 hex: External Regeneration Resistance

- Sets the resistance value of the external regeneration resistor in use. It is used for regeneration overload detection.

Subindex 03 hex: External Regeneration Allowable Power

- Sets the power that can be consumed by the external regeneration resistor. It is necessary to set the allowable power. The rated power must not be set.

Subindex 04 hex: External Regeneration Overload Ratio

- Sets the regenerative load ratio to notify an error when regeneration is processed by the external regeneration resistor.

Subindex 81 hex: Regeneration Load Ratio

- Gives the regenerative load ratio.

9-11-2 4320 hex: Main Circuit Power Supply

Sets the main circuit power supply.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4320	---	Main Circuit Power Supply	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	82 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Momentary Hold Time	1 to 2,000	ms	15	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Phase Loss Detection Enable	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	03	Capacitor Discharge Enable	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	P-N Voltage	---	V	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	82	Servo Drive Temperature	---	°C	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Momentary Hold Time

- When the main circuit power supply is cut off for the time or more set in the Momentary Hold Time, it is recognized as the cutoff of the main circuit power supply and the PDS state transitions to Switch on disabled.



Precautions for Correct Use

When a single-phase power supply is used, the duration of undervoltage for the main circuit power supply may be several milliseconds longer than the actual interruption time, depending on the timing or phase at which a momentary power interruption occurs. To avoid false detection, set a value which is approximately five milliseconds longer than the interruption time.

Subindex 02 hex: Phase Loss Detection Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the phase loss detection function for the 3-phase power supply.
- The model for both single- and/3-phase power supply operates according to the setting.
- This function does not work for the model for the single-phase power supply.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 03 hex: Capacitor Discharge Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the capacitor discharge enable function.
- When the function is enabled, the electric charge in the capacitor is discharged through the internal or external regeneration resistor by turning the main circuit power supply OFF while the control power supply is ON.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 81 hex: P-N Voltage

- Gives the P-N voltage.

Subindex 82 hex: Servo Drive Temperature

- Gives the internal temperature of the Servo Drive.

9-12 External Device-related Objects

These objects are used for the external device-related setting.

9-12-1 4410 hex: Motor Identity

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4410	---	Motor Identity	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	FF hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Motor Model	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	RO	---	---	---
	82	Serial Number	---	---	---	---	16 bytes (VS)	RO	---	---	---
	83	Last Connected Motor Model	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	RO	---	---	---
	84	Last Connected Serial Number	---	---	---	---	16 bytes (VS)	RO	---	---	---
	90	Motor Type	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---
	92	Motor Manufacturer	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Motor Setup	---	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	FF	Setup Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Motor Model

- Gives the model of the motor which is connected to the Servo Drive.

Subindex 82 hex: Serial Number

- Gives the serial number of the motor which is connected to the Servo Drive.

Subindex 83 hex: Last Connected Motor Model

- Gives the model of the motor which was connected the last time.

Subindex 84 hex: Last Connected Serial Number

- Gives the serial number of the motor which was connected the last time.

Subindex 90 hex: Motor Type

- Gives the type of connected motor.
- Mirror object of 6402 hex

Subindex 92 hex: Motor Manufacturer

- Gives the motor manufacturer name.
- Mirror object of 6404 hex

Subindex F1 hex: Motor Setup

- The Motor ID Setup is executed by the writing of 7465 736D hex.

Subindex FF hex: Setup Status

- Gives the execution status of Motor Setup.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Setup is not executed or completed
1	Setup in execution

9-12-2 4412 hex: Motor Advanced Setting

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4412	---	Motor Advanced Setting	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	02	Without Motor Operation Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Without Motor Operation Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---

Subindex 02 hex: Without Motor Operation Selection

- Selects the mode of without motor operation.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Normal operation
1	Without motor operation

- When a value is set to *1: Without motor operation*, the Servo Drive operates as the Servomotor is virtually connected to it. Therefore, the Servo Drive displays present position and present velocity without Encoder Communications Error etc, even if the Servomotor is not actually connected.
- The following table shows the operation in Without motor operation.

Item	Description
Encoder – Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder (4510-01 hex)	Operates as *1 (Use as the incremental encoder)*.
Load Inertia	Regards that the load inertia of the value displayed in **Inertia Ratio Display** (3001-81 hex) is connected.
Position Detection – Position Actual Value (3211-81 hex), Position Detection – Position Actual Internal Value (3211-82 hex)	They are 0 when the power supply is turned ON and follow command after Servo ON.
Velocity Detection – Velocity Actual Value (3221-81 hex), Velocity Detection – Present Motor Velocity (3221-82 hex)	They interlocks with the change of the present position.
Torque Detection – Torque Actual Value (3231-81 hex)	It follows Position/Velocity/Torque command.
Encoder Dividing Pulse Output Function	Does not output.
Brake Interlock	Always held.
Dynamic Brake	Always activated.
Main circuit power supply	Always applied.
Encoder – Encoder Temperature (4510-89 hex)	It displays -274.

Subindex 81 hex: Without Motor Operation Status

- Gives the status of the without motor operation.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Normal operation
1	Without motor operation

9-13 Encoder-related Objects

These objects are used for the encoder setting.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4510	---	Encoder	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	FF hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder	0 to 2	---	2	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level	0 to 32,767	rotation	32,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Serial Number	---	---	---	---	16 bytes (VS)	RO	---	---	---
	82	Resolution per Rotation	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	84	One-rotation Data	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	85	Multi-rotation Data	---	rotation	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	86	Encoder Communications Error Count	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	87	Electric Angle	---	°	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	88	Mechanical Angle	---	°	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	89	Encoder Temperature	---	°C	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Absolute Encoder Setup	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	F2	Encoder Communications Error Count Clear	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	FF	Clear Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder

- Selects the operating method for the absolute encoder.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Use as the absolute encoder
1	Use as the incremental encoder
2	Used as the absolute encoder and ignore the absolute encoder counter overflow.

Subindex 02 hex: Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level

- Sets the level to notify the warning.
- When the Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder is set to *0 (use as the absolute encoder)*, if the absolute value of encoder multi-rotation number exceeds the set value, the Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning is output.

Subindex 81 hex: Serial Number

- Gives the encoder serial number.

Subindex 82 hex: Resolution per Rotation

- Gives the resolution per rotation.

Subindex 84 hex: One-rotation Data

- Gives the one-rotation position of the encoder. When the phase-Z position is 0, if the motor rotates counterclockwise as viewed from the motor load side, the encoder value increases.

Subindex 85 hex: Multi-rotation Data

- Gives the number of encoder rotations. The encoder value increases each time the motor rotates counterclockwise as viewed from the motor load side.

Subindex 86 hex: Encoder Communications Error Count

- Obtains the total number of encoder errors via serial communications.

Subindex 87 hex: Electric Angle

- Gives the electric angle.
- In the counterclockwise rotation, 0º indicates the position which is the zero cross point (rising) of the phase-U inductive voltage.
- The encoder value increases when the motor rotates counterclockwise, and the display range is from 0 to 359º.

Subindex 88 hex: Mechanical Angle

- Gives the one-rotation data of the encoder as the mechanical angle.
- The encoder value increases when the motor rotates counterclockwise, and the display range is from 0 to 359º.

Subindex 89 hex: Encoder Temperature

- Gives the internal temperature of the encoder which is mounted on the motor, or the internal temperature of the motor.

Subindex F1 hex: Absolute Encoder Setup

- Clears the multi-rotation counter of the absolute encoder. Clear is executed by the writing of 6A646165 hex to this object.
- Set the value to this object while the motor stops and it is in Servo OFF state.

Subindex F2 hex: Encoder Communications Error Count Clear

- Clears the Encoder Communications Error Count. Clear is executed by the writing of *1* to this object.

Subindex FF hex: Clear Status

- Gives the status of the multi-rotation counter of the absolute encoder and Encoder Communications Error Count Clear.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Status of Absolute Encoder Setup
	0	Clear is not executed or completed
	1	Clear in execution
Bit 1		Status of Encoder Communications Error Count Clear
	0	Clear is not executed or completed
	1	Clear in execution

9-14 I/O-related Objects

These objects are used for input/output.

9-14-1 4600 hex: I/O Monitor

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4600	---	I/O Monitor	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Physical I/O	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Physical I/O

- Gives each I/O terminal status of the Servo Drive.
- 0: Low, 1: High

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Signal name	Symbol
0	General Input 1	IN1
1	General Input 2	IN2
2	General Input 3	IN3
3	General Input 4	IN4
4	General Input 5	IN5
5	General Input 6	IN6
6	General Input 7	IN7
7	General Input 8	IN8
14	Safety Input 1	SF1
15	Safety input 2	SF2
16	Error Output	ERR
17	General Output 1	OUT1
18	General Output 2	OUT2
19	General Output 3	OUT3
30	Brake Interlock Output	BKIR
31	EDM Output	EDM

9-14-2 4601 hex: Function Input

Gives each function input status of the Servo Drive.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4601	---	Function Input	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	82 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Monitor Input	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	82	Digital inputs	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Monitor Input

- Gives the monitor input status.

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Signal name	Symbol
0	Monitor Input 1	MON1
1	Monitor Input 2	MON2
2	Monitor Input 3	MON3
3	Monitor Input 4	MON4
4	Monitor Input 5	MON5
5	Monitor Input 6	MON6
6	Monitor Input 7	MON7
7	Monitor Input 8	MON8

Subindex 82 hex: Digital Inputs

- Gives each function I/O status of the Servo Drive.
- Mirror object of 60FD hex

● Bit Descriptions

Bit	Signal name	Symbol	Value	Description
0	Negative Drive Prohibition Input	NOT	0	OFF
			1	ON
1	Positive Drive Prohibition Input	POT	0	OFF
			1	ON
2	Home Proximity Input	DEC	0	OFF
			1	ON
16	Encoder Phase Z Detection	PC	0	Phase-Z signal not detected during communication cycle
			1	Phase-Z signal detected during communication cycle
17	External Latch Input 1	EXT1	0	OFF
			1	ON
18	External Latch Input 2	EXT2	0	OFF
			1	ON

Bit	Signal name	Symbol	Value	Description
20	Monitor Input 1	MON1	0	OFF
			1	ON
21	Monitor Input 2	MON2	0	OFF
			1	ON
22	Monitor Input 3	MON3	0	OFF
			1	ON
23	Positive Torque Limit Input	PCL	0	OFF
			1	ON
24	Negative Torque Limit Input	NCL	0	OFF
			1	ON
25	Error Stop Input	ESTP	0	OFF
			1	ON
26	Brake Interlock Output	BKIR	0	Brake held
			1	Brake released
27	Safety input 1	SF1	0	OFF
			1	ON
28	Safety input 2	SF2	0	OFF
			1	ON
29	EDM Output	EDM	0	OFF
			1	ON
30	Monitor Input 4	MON4	0	OFF
			1	ON
31	Monitor Input 5	MON5	0	OFF
			1	ON

9-14-3 4602 hex: Function Output

Changes the function output status.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4602	---	Function Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	F1 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Bit Mask	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	---
	F1	Physical Outputs	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Bit Mask

- Selects whether to enable or disable the function output.
- Mirror object of 60FE-02 hex

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Signal	Symbol	Value	Description
0	NC Contact Brake Interlock Output*1	BKIR_b	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled
16	Remote Output 1	R-OUT1	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled
17	Remote Output 2	R-OUT2	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled
18	Remote Output 3	R-OUT3	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled
24	Gain Switching	G-SEL	0	Setting disabled
			1	Setting enabled
28	NO Contact Brake Interlock Output*1	BKIR_a	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled

*1. Even when Bit Mask for Brake Interlock Output is *0 (output disabled)*, the Servo Drive can perform the brake control.

Subindex F1 hex: Physical Outputs

- Changes the function output status by the writing of a value to the corresponding bit.
- Mirror object of 60FE-01 hex

● Description of Set Values

Bit	Signal	Symbol	Value	Description
0	NC Contact Brake Interlock Output	BKIR_b	0	Brake released
			1	Brake held
16	Remote Output 1	R-OUT1	0	OFF
			1	ON
17	Remote Output 2	R-OUT2	0	OFF
			1	ON
18	Remote Output 3	R-OUT3	0	OFF
			1	ON
24	Gain Switching	G-SEL	0	Gain 1
			1	Gain 2
28	NO Contact Brake Interlock Output	BKIR_a	0	Brake held
			1	Brake released

9-14-4 4604 hex: Control Input Change Count

Counts the number of changes in control inputs.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4604	---	Control Input Change Count	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	FF hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81 to 88	General Input 1 to 8	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Count Clear	0 to 1	---	---	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	FF	Count Clear Execution Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 to 88 hex: General Input 1 to 8

- Counts the number of changes in General Input 1 to 8.

Subindex F1 hex: Count Clear

- Clears the Control Input Change Count. Clear is executed by the writing of *1* to this object.

Subindex FF hex: Count Clear Execution Status

- Gives the status of the Control Input Change Count Clear.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Clear completed
1	Clear in execution

9-14-5 4605 hex: Control Output Change Count

Counts the number of changes in control outputs.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4605	---	Control Output Change Count	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	FF hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	81	Error Output	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	82 to 84	General Output 1 to 3	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	F1	Count Clear	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	FF	Count Clear Execution Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Error Output

- Counts the number of changes in error output.

Subindex 82 to 84 hex: General Output 1 to 3

- Counts the number of changes in General Output 1 to 3.

Subindex F1 hex: Count Clear

Clears the Control Output Change Count. Clear is executed by the writing of *1* to this object.

Subindex FF hex: Count Clear Execution Status

- Gives the status of the Control Output Change Count Clear.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Clear completed
1	Clear in execution

9-14-6 4610 hex: Brake Interlock Output

Sets the brake interlock operation. Refer to *7-6 Brake Interlock* on page 7-21 for details.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4610	---	Brake Interlock Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enabled	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Timeout at Servo OFF	0 to 10,000	ms	500	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	03	Threshold Speed at Servo OFF	30 to 3,000	r/min	80	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	04	Hardware Delay Time	0 to 10,000	ms	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the brake interlock output.
- If this object is set to *0 (disabled)*, the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned ON (brake is released).

- If this object is set to *1 (enabled)*, the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned ON (brake is released) and OFF (brake is held) according to the Servo ON or Servo OFF state.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Timeout at Servo OFF

- Sets the time from when the OFF state of the operation command is detected (the power supply to the motor is OFF) until the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned OFF (brake is held), when the Servo OFF is performed during motor operation.
- When the Servo OFF is applied during motor operation, the motor decelerates to reduce rotation speed. The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned OFF (brake is held) after the set time elapses.
- During operation, the set value of Threshold Speed at Servo OFF may be detected earlier, and this may cause the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) to turn OFF (brake is held).
- If the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned OFF (brake is held) because the set value of Timeout at Servo OFF is detected, a Brake Interlock Error (Error No. 97.00) will occur.
- To suppress deterioration of the holding brake, **Timeout at Servo OFF** (4610-02 hex) is set by default to 500 ms so that the brake is applied only after the motor rotation speed decreases. Therefore, if the Servo OFF (including STO) is performed during motor rotation, the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned OFF (brake is held) after the motor rotates for a maximum of 500 ms. Adjust this from the default setting as necessary according to the equipment.

Subindex 03 hex: Threshold Speed at Servo OFF

- Sets the motor speed at which the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) can be turned OFF (brake is held) after the Servo OFF command is detected, when the Servo OFF is performed during motor operation.
- During operation, the set value of Timeout at Servo OFF may be detected earlier, and this may cause the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) to turn OFF (brake is held).

Subindex 04 hex: Hardware Delay Time

- Sets the delay time of the mechanical brake operation, etc.
- Outputs the timing signal of the external brake by the use of this delay time, when the Servo OFF is performed during motor stop.
- This object is used for the time from when the Servo turns ON until the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned ON (brake is released) and for the time from when the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) is turned OFF (brake is held) until the Servo turns OFF. For this purpose, set the brake attraction time or release time, whichever is longer.

9-14-7 4620 hex: Encoder Dividing Pulse Output

Sets the encoder dividing pulse output.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4620	---	Encoder Dividing Pulse Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Enabled	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Dividing Numerator	0 to 2,097,152	---	2,500	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	03	Dividing Denominator	0 to 2,097,152	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	04	Output Reverse Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: Enable

- Selects whether to enable or disable the encoder dividing pulse output function.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

Subindex 02 hex: Dividing Numerator

- Sets the number of output pulses per motor rotation.

Subindex 03 hex: Dividing Denominator

- For applications for which the number of output pulses per rotation is not an integer, set this object to a value other than 0. By setting a value other than 0, the number of output pulses per motor rotation can be set with the dividing ratio which is calculated from the dividing numerator and dividing denominator.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Number of output pulses per rotation = Encoder Dividing Numerator × 4
Others	Number of output pulses per rotation = Encoder Dividing Numerator ÷ Encoder Dividing Denominator × Encoder Resolution

Subindex 04 hex: Output Reverse Selection

- Selects whether to reverse the encoder dividing pulse output or not.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Not reverse
1	Reverse

9-15 General-purpose Input Setting Objects

These objects are used for the general-purpose input setting. Refer to *7-1 General-purpose Input Signals* on page 7-3 for details.

9-15-1 Setting

This section explains the contents of the general-purpose input setting. These setting items are common to all general-purpose inputs.

Subindex 01 hex: Port Selection

- Selects the port to be allocated.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	No allocation
1	General Input 1 (IN1)
2	General Input 2 (IN2)
3	General Input 3 (IN3)
4	General Input 4 (IN4)
5	General Input 5 (IN5)
6	General Input 6 (IN6)
7	General Input 7 (IN7)
8	General Input 8 (IN8)

Subindex 02 hex: Logic Selection

- Sets 0 (positive logic (NO contact)) or 1 (negative logic (NC contact)).

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Positive logic (NO contact)
1	Negative logic (NC contact)

Subindex 81 hex: Signal Status

- Gives the signal status.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Inactive

Set value	Description
1	Active

9-15-2 4630 hex: Positive Drive Prohibition Input

Sets the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4630	---	Positive Drive Prohibition Input	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	2	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-3 4631 hex: Negative Drive Prohibition Input

Sets the Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4631	---	Negative Drive Prohibition Input	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	3	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-4 4632 hex: External Latch Input 1

Sets the External Latch Input 1 (EXT1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4632	---	External Latch Input 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	7	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-5 4633 hex: External Latch Input 2

Sets the External Latch Input 2 (EXT2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4633	---	External Latch Input 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	8	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-6 4634 hex: Home Proximity Input

Sets the Home Proximity Input (DEC).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4634	---	Home Proximity Input	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	4	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-7 4635 hex: Positive Torque Limit Input

Sets the Positive Torque Limit Input (PCL).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4635	---	Positive Torque Limit Input	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-8 4636 hex: Negative Torque Limit Input

Sets the Negative Torque Limit Input (NCL).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4636	---	Negative Torque Limit Input	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-9 4637 hex: Error Stop Input

Sets the Error Stop Input (ESTP).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4637	---	Error Stop Input	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-10 4638 hex: Monitor Input 1

Sets the Monitor Input 1 (MON1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4638	---	Monitor Input 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	5	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-11 4639 hex: Monitor Input 2

Sets the Monitor Input 2 (MON2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4639	---	Monitor Input 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	6	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-12 463A hex: Monitor Input 3

Sets the Monitor Input 3 (MON3).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
463A	---	Monitor Input 3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-13 463B hex: Monitor Input 4

Sets the Monitor Input 4 (MON4).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
463B	---	Monitor Input 4	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-14 463C hex: Monitor Input 5

Sets the Monitor Input 5 (MON5).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
463C	---	Monitor Input 5	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-15 463D hex: Monitor Input 6

Sets the Monitor Input 6 (MON6).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
463D	---	Monitor Input 6	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-16 463E hex: Monitor Input 7

Sets the Monitor Input 7 (MON7).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
463E	---	Monitor Input 7	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-15-17 463F hex: Monitor Input 8

Sets the Monitor Input 8 (MON8).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
463F	---	Monitor Input 8	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16 General-purpose Output Setting Objects

These objects are used for the general-purpose output setting. Refer to *7-2 General-purpose Output Signals* on page 7-8 for details.

9-16-1 Setting

This section explains the contents of the general-purpose output setting. These setting items are common to all general-purpose outputs.

Subindex 01 hex: Port Selection

- Selects the port to be allocated.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		General Output 1 (OUT1)
	0	Not allocated
	1	Allocated
Bit 1		General Output 2 (OUT2)
	0	Not allocated
	1	Allocated
Bit 2		General Output 3 (OUT3)
	0	Not allocated
	1	Allocated

Subindex 02 hex: Logic Selection

- Sets 0 (positive logic (NO contact)) or 1 (negative logic (NC contact)).

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Positive logic (NO contact)
1	Negative logic (NC contact)

Subindex 81 hex: Signal Status

- Gives the signal status.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Inactive

Set value	Description
1	Active

9-16-2 4650 hex: Error Output

Sets the Error Output (ERR).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4650	---	Error output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	---	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

Note The Logic Selection is fixed to *1 (negative logic (NC contact))*.

9-16-3 4651 hex: Servo Ready Output

Sets the Servo Ready Output (READY).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4651	---	Servo Ready Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-4 4652 hex: Positioning Completion Output 1

Sets the Positioning Completion Output 1 (INP1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4652	---	Positioning Completion Output 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-5 4653 hex: Positioning Completion Output 2

Sets the Positioning Completion Output 2 (INP2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4653	---	Positioning Completion Output 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-6 4654 hex: Velocity Attainment Detection Output

Sets the Velocity Attainment Detection Output (TGON).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4654	---	Velocity Attainment Detection Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-7 4655 hex: Torque Limit Output

Sets the Torque Limit Output (TLIMIT).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4655	---	Torque Limit Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-8 4656 hex: Zero Speed Detection Output

Sets the Zero Speed Detection Output (ZSP).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4656	---	Zero Speed Detection Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-9 4657 hex: Velocity Conformity Output

Sets the Velocity Conformity Output (VCMP).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4657	---	Velocity Conformity Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-10 4658 hex: Warning Output 1

Sets the Warning Output 1 (WARN1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4658	---	Warning Output 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-11 4659 hex: Warning Output 2

Sets the Warning Output 2 (WARN2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4659	---	Warning Output 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-12 465A hex: Velocity Limiting Output

Sets the Velocity Limiting Output (VLIMIT).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
465A	---	Velocity Limiting Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-13 465B hex: Error Clear Attribute Output

Sets the Error Clear Attribute Output (ERR-ATB).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
465B	---	Error Clear Attribute Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-14 465C hex: Remote Output 1

Sets the Remote Output 1 (R-OUT1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
465C	---	Remote Output 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	2	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-15 465D hex: Remote Output 2

Sets the Remote Output 2 (R-OUT2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
465D	---	Remote Output 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	4	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-16 465E hex: Remote Output 3

Sets the Remote Output 3 (R-OUT3).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
465E	---	Remote Output 3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-17 465F hex: Zone Notification Output 1

Sets the Zone Notification Output 1 (ZONE1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
465F	---	Zone Notification Output 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-18 4660 hex: Zone Notification Output 2

Sets the Zone Notification Output 2 (ZONE2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4660	---	Zone Notification Output 2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-19 4661 hex: Position Command Status Output

Sets the Position Command Status Output (PCMD).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4661	---	Position Command Status Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-20 4662 hex: Distribution Completed Output

Sets the Distribution Completed Output (DEN).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4662	---	Distribution Completed Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-16-21 4663 hex: External Brake Interlock Output

Sets the External Brake Interlock Output (EXTBKIR).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4663	---	External Brake Interlock Output	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	81 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Logic Selection	0	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---

9-17 Safety Related Object

You set the safety related object.

9-17-1 4F16 hex: Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate

You set existence/non-existence of error detection by safety function to Reset SLS command. Set it every SLS commands.
This object is for SRA parameters.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4F16	---	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	8	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 1)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	02	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 2)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	03	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 3)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	04	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 4)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	05	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 5)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	06	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 6)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	07	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 7)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---
	08	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 8)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	W	---	---	---

Subindex 01 to 08 hex: Error Detection Activate in SLS Deactivate

- Set existence/non-existence of error detection for safety function to SLS command 1 to SLS command 8.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

9-17-2 4F1A hex: Safety Present Motor Velocity

Indicates the present safety motor velocity.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4F1A	---	Safety Velocity Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	81	Safety Present Motor Velocity	---	0.1 r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	82	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	---	---	---
	91	Velocity Ch 1	---	r/min	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	92	Velocity Ch 2	---	r/min	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	93	Checksum	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	TxPDO	---	---

Subindex 81 hex: Safety Present Motor Velocity

Indicates the present safety motor velocity.
Safety Present Motor Velocity may be displayed about 100 r/min larger than **Present Motor Velocity** (3221-82 hex). Consider this when setting the monitoring range.

Subindex 82 hex: Status

Indicates the status of the present safety motor velocity.

● Description of Set Values

Set value	Description
0	Disabled (Failure in velocity detection section, etc.)
1	Enabled

Subindex 91, 92 hex: Channel 1, 2 Velocity

Indicates the velocity of the velocity detection component 1 or 2.

Subindex 93 hex: Checksum

Indicates the checksum of Channel 1 and 2 Velocity.

9-17-3 4F20 hex: Safety Function Disable Setting

Disable the Safety Function which are allocated in Safety PDO.
This object is for SRA parameters.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
4F20	---	Safety Function disable Setting	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Byte Disable Setting	0 to 110	---	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---

Subindex 01 hex: 1st Byte Disable Setting

- Disable the Safety Function which are allocated in Safety PDO 1st Byte. To inactivate the safety function, set *1* to the corresponding bit.

● Description of Set Values

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Reserved Always set to 0.
Bit 1		SS1 command 1
	0	Enabled
	1	Disabled
Bit 2 to 7		Reserved Always set to 0.

10

Operation

This section provides the operational procedure and explains how to operate in each mode.

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10-1 Operational Procedure

Perform installation and wiring correctly, and turn ON the power supply to check the operation of the individual Servomotor and Servo Drive.
Then make the function settings as required according to the use of the Servomotor and Servo Drive.
If the objects are set incorrectly, there is a risk of unexpected motor operation, which can be dangerous. Set the objects accurately according to the setting methods in this manual.

Item	Description	Reference
Installation and mounting	Install the Servomotor and Servo Drive according to the installation conditions. Do not connect the Servomotor to mechanical systems before checking the operation without any load.	page 4-2
↓		
Wiring and connections	Connect the Servomotor and Servo Drive to the power supply and peripheral equipment. Satisfy specified installation and wiring conditions, particularly for models that conforms to the EU Directives.	page 4-18
↓		
Preparing for operation	Check the necessary items and then turn ON the commercial power supply. Check on the display to see whether there are any internal errors in the Servo Drive.	page 10-4
↓		
Function settings	Set the objects related to the functions required for application conditions.	page 9-1
↓		
Test run	First, check motor operation without any load. Then turn the power supply OFF and connect the Servomotor to mechanical systems. When you use a Servomotor with an absolute encoder, set up the absolute encoder. Execute the Unit Restart or cycle the power supply, and check to see whether protective functions, such as the immediate stop and operational limits, operate properly. Check operation at both low speed and high speed using the system without a workpiece, or with dummy workpieces.	page 10-9
↓		
Adjustment	Manually adjust the set values of objects such as gain if necessary.	page 11-1
↓		

Item	Description	Reference
Operation	Operation can now be started. If any problems should occur, refer to *Section 12 Troubleshooting* on page 12-1.	page 12-1

10-2 Preparing for Operation

This section explains the procedure that you perform to prepare the system for operation after installation and wiring of the Servomotor and Servo Drive are completed. It explains items to check both before and after turning ON the power supply.
It also explains the setup procedure required if you use a Servomotor with an absolute encoder.

10-2-1 Items to Check Before Turning ON the Power Supply

Checking Power Supply Voltage

Check to be sure that the power supply voltage is within the ranges shown below.

Model	Main circuit power supply	Control circuit power supply
R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51/-1SN02L-ECT-51/-1SN04L-ECT-51 (Single-phase 100-VAC input)	Single-phase 100 to 120 VAC (85 to 132 V) 50/60 Hz	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)
R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51/-1SN02H-ECT-51/-1SN04H-ECT-51/-1SN08H-ECT-51/-1SN15H-ECT-51 (Single-phase/3-phase 200-VAC input)	Single-phase/ 3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V) 50/60 Hz	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)
R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51/-1SN20H-ECT-51/-1SN30H-ECT-51/-1SN55H-ECT-51/-1SN75H-ECT-51/-1SN150H-ECT-51 (3-phase 200-VAC input)	3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V) 50/60 Hz	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)
R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51/-1SN10F-ECT-51/-1SN15F-ECT-51/-1SN20F-ECT-51/-1SN30F-ECT-51/-1SN55F-ECT-51/-1SN75F-ECT-51/-1SN150F-ECT-51 (3-phase 400-VAC input)	3-phase 380 to 480 VAC (323 to 504 V) 50/60 Hz	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)

Checking Terminal Block Wiring

- The main circuit power supply inputs (L1/L2/L3) must be properly connected to the terminal block.
- The control circuit power supply inputs (24V, Ø or +24 V, 0V) must be properly connected to the terminal block.
- The motor's red (U), write (V), and blue (W) power lines and the green (⏚) must be properly connected to the terminal block.

Checking the Servomotor

- There should be no load on the Servomotor. Do not connect mechanical systems.
- The Servomotor side power lines and the power cables must be securely connected.

Checking the Encoder Wiring

- The encoder cable must be securely connected to the encoder connector (CN2) at the Servo Drive.

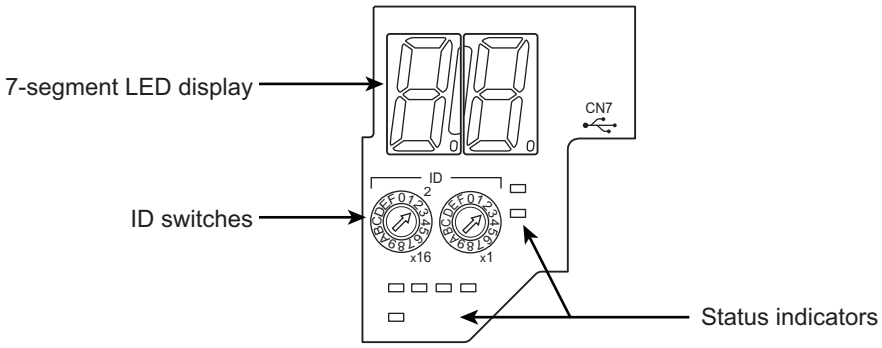
- The encoder cable must be securely connected to the encoder connector of the Servomotor.

Checking the EtherCAT Communications Connectors

Do not connect the EtherCAT Communications Cables to the EtherCAT Communications Connectors (ECAT IN and ECAT OUT).

Checking the Node Address Setting

Make sure that the node address is correctly set on the ID switches.



ID switch setting	Description
	Connection to NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or Position Control Unit (Model: CJ1W-NC□8□)
00	The controller sets the node address.
01 to FF	The ID switches set the node address.

Precautions for Correct Use

The ID switch setting is read only once when the Unit power supply is turned ON. Although the setting is changed after the Unit power supply is ON, it is not reflected in the control. It is enabled the next time the Unit power supply is turned ON.

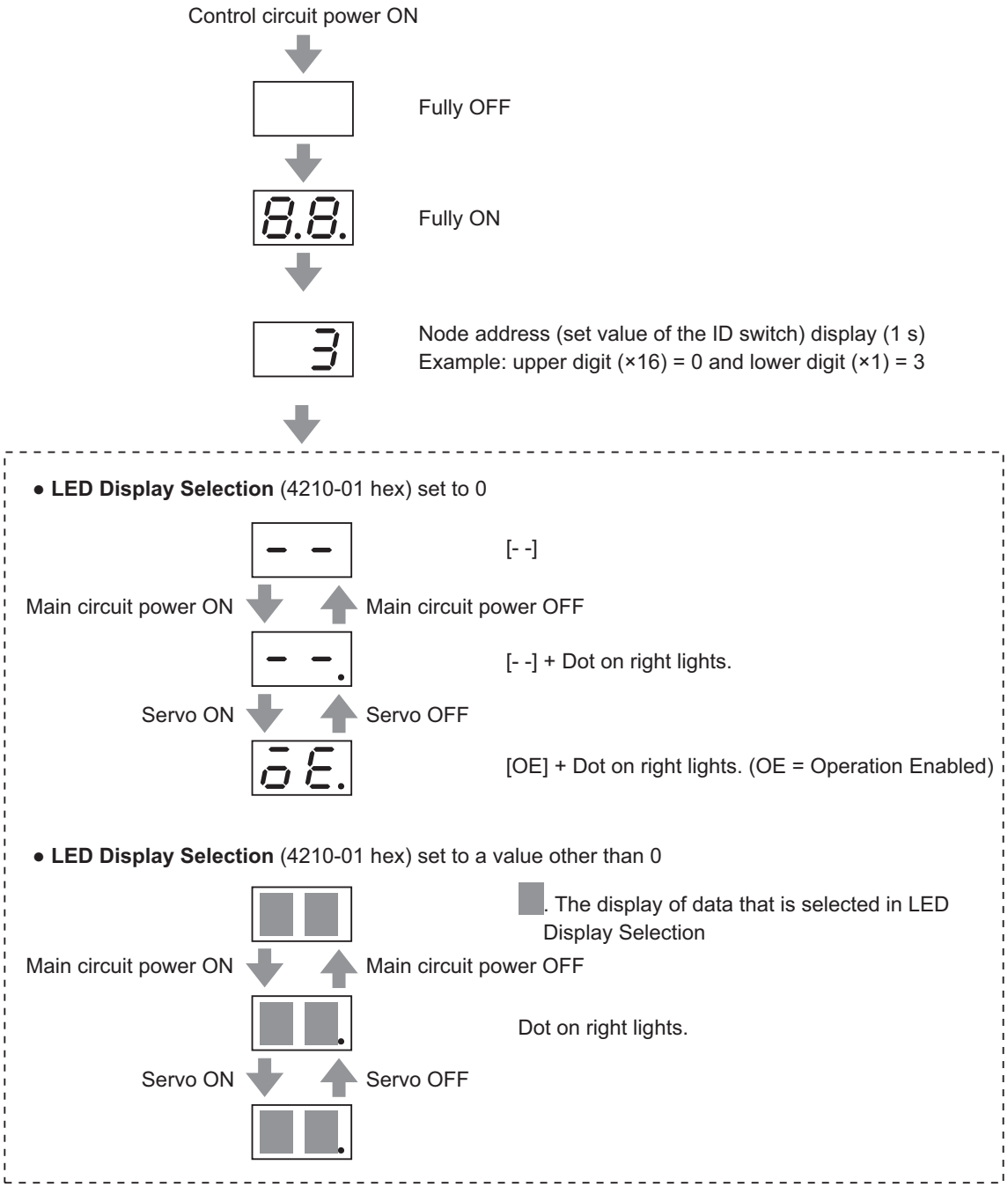
10-2-2 Turning ON the Power Supply

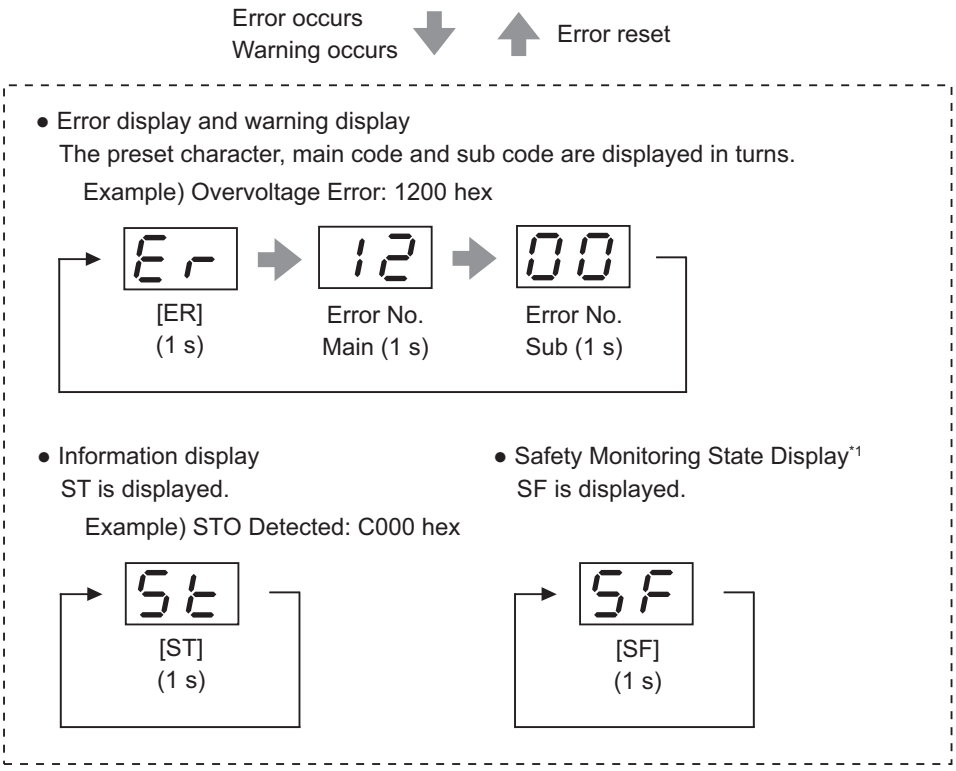
Turn ON the control circuit power after you finish the checks which you must conduct before turning ON the power supply. You can turn ON the main circuit power, but it is not a required.

10-2-3 Checking the Displays

7-segment LED Display

The following figure shows the 7-segment LED display located on the front panel.
When the power is turned ON, it shows the node address that is set by the ID switches. Then the display changes according to the setting of the **LED Display Selection** (4210-01 hex).
An error code is displayed if an error occurs. A warning code is displayed if a warning occurs.


Control circuit power ON
Fully OFF
Fully ON
Node address (set value of the ID switch) display (1 s)
Example: upper digit (×16) = 0 and lower digit (×1) = 3
● LED Display Selection (4210-01 hex) set to 0
[- -]
Main circuit power ON
Main circuit power OFF
[- -] + Dot on right lights.
Servo ON
Servo OFF
[OE] + Dot on right lights. (OE = Operation Enabled)
● LED Display Selection (4210-01 hex) set to a value other than 0
. The display of data that is selected in LED Display Selection
Main circuit power ON
Main circuit power OFF
Dot on right lights.
Servo ON
Servo OFF



*1. It is displayed by safety functions while a Servo Drive is monitoring positions and velocity. For details, refer to *Section 8 Safety Function* on page 8-1.

The node address is displayed as follows.

Node address	Expression	Display example
0 to 255	Expressed as 2-digit hexadecimal numbers from *0 to FF*.	 1 255 (FF hex)
256 to 511	The dot of the indicator is lit. The address is expressed as numbers from *.0 to F.F*.	 256 (100 hex) 511 (1FF hex)
512 or more	Expressed as *0.0*.	 512 or more

Numbers from 0 to F hex are displayed as follows.



EtherCAT Status Indicators

Check the status of the status indicators.

If the RUN indicator does not turn ON or the ERR indicator does not turn OFF, refer to *5-1-2 Status Indicators* on page 5-2 and check the status.

10-2-4 Absolute Encoder Setup

You must set up the absolute encoder if you use a motor with an absolute encoder. The setup is required when you turn ON the power supply for the first time.

When you use an absolute encoder, set the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex). Set this object to *0* or *2* (default setting) when you use the encoder as the absolute encoder.



Additional Information

Set this object to *1* when you use the encoder as the incremental encoder.

Set up the absolute encoder while the Servo is OFF.
Be sure to execute the Unit Restart or cycle the power supply after you finish the setup.

For information on setup using the Sysmac Studio, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)* and "Setting Up an Absolute Encoder from the Sysmac Studio" described below.

10-2-5 Setting Up an Absolute Encoder from the Sysmac Studio

1 Start the Sysmac Studio and go online with the Servo Drive via EtherCAT or USB communications.

2 In the Sysmac Studio, right-click the target Servo Drive under **Configurations and Setup**, and select **Motor and Encoder**.

3 Click the **Clear system** button in the **Encoder Properties** pane.
An Absolute Value Cleared (Error No. 27.01) error will occur after execution is completed.

4 Execute the Unit Restart or turn the control power supply to the Servo Drive OFF and then ON again.

10-3 Test Run

When you finished installation, wiring, and switch settings, and confirmed that the status was normal after turning ON the power supply, perform test run. The main purpose of test run is to confirm that the servo system operation is electrically correct.
If an error occurs during test run, refer to *Section 12 Troubleshooting* on page 12-1 and eliminate the cause. Then check for safety, and retry test run.

10-3-1 Preparations for Test Run

Inspections Before Test Run

Check the following items.

● Wiring

- Make sure that there are no wiring errors (especially for the power supply input and motor output).
- Make sure that there are no short circuits. (Check the ground for short circuits as well.)
- Make sure that there are no loose connections.
- Make sure that the EtherCAT cable is pulled out.

● Power Supply and Voltage

- Make sure that the power voltage is within the specified range.
- Make sure that there is no voltage fluctuation.

● Servomotor Installation

- Make sure that the Servomotor is securely installed.

● Disconnection from Mechanical Systems

- If necessary, make sure that the load is disconnected from mechanical systems.

● Brake Released

- Make sure that the brake is released.

● Connection to Mechanical Systems

- Make sure that the load and Servomotor shaft are properly aligned.
- Make sure that the load on the Servomotor shaft is within specifications.

10-3-2 Test Run via USB Communications from the Sysmac Studio

1 Connect a sensor or other device to the control I/O connector (CN1).

2 Turn ON the Servo Drive power supply.

3 Connect a USB cable to the USB connector (CN7).

4 Start the Sysmac Studio and go online with the Servo Drive via USB communications.

5 In the Sysmac Studio, right-click the target Servo Drive under **Configurations and Setup**, and select **Test Run**.

6 Click the **Servo ON** button to apply the servo lock to the Servomotor.

7 Click the  or  button to start the Servomotor.

For how to use the Sysmac Studio, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)*.



Precautions for Correct Use

- A test run can be performed in the Profile position mode (pp) or Profile velocity mode (pv). If the torque compensation is set, the axes move because the compensation command is output when the Servo is turned ON.
- When you perform a test run via USB communications, pull out the EtherCAT cable before you turn ON the power supply to the Servo Drive.
- When you perform a test run from the Sysmac Studio without EtherCAT connection, you cannot use the STO function via FSoE communications. If you need the STO function, use the STO function via safety input signals. In this case, display the test run pane so that you can reset STO status via safety input signals.
- If you need EtherCAT connection while you perform a test run from the Sysmac Studio without EtherCAT connection, first terminate the test run function and then perform EtherCAT connection.



Additional Information

When you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, you can perform a test run from the Sysmac Studio via EtherCAT. In this case, you can use the STO function via FSoE communications.

10-4 Confirmation of Safety Functions

This section describes a procedure for confirmations of safety functions used via EtherCAT communication.

10-4-1 Preparation Before Confirmation of Safety Function

Before confirmation of safety functions, you need to configure a safety device. The reason is that you need to confirm that inputs like safety switch, etc. activate safety functions properly.
For monitoring functions, you shall confirm the safety functions while a Servomotor is operating. Therefore, you need to set the same status as one where the device is operating like a case that motor gain, etc. was already adjusted.

Be sure to make the following preparations before confirmation of safety functions.

1 Adjust a Servo Drive/a Servomotor and confirm the operation.
At that time, refer to *10-1 Operational Procedure* on page 10-2 to *10-3 Test Run* on page 10-9 and *Section 11 Adjustment Functions* on page 11-1.

2 Wire the cable for a standard and design motors' operation programs for a safety.
Wire the Servo Drive, referring to *Section 3 Specifications* on page 3-1.
Design the operation program, referring to user's manual for a standard controller.

3 Wire the cable for a safety and design the safety programs.
At that time, refer to *Section 8 Safety Function* on page 8-1.

4 Start up the safety system. Establish EtherCAT to achieve FSoE communication.
Connect a personnel computer to turn Sysmac Studio ON.

10-4-2 Confirmation of Safety Function

Confirmation of Safety Function

1 Set a standard controller to program mode.

2 Startup a test run function to confirm the safety functions. Right-click Servo Drives for confirmation of safety functions with safety I/O of multi-view explorer. After that, click test run.

3 A test run screen is displayed. Turn ON the Servo.

4 Press input switch to activate safety functions.
When an input device is a sensor, operate the device so that the output from the sensor is turned OFF.

5 Confirm a safety program of Sysmac Studio.
Follow procedures for input devices to confirm that safety functions in a Servo Drive are enable.

6 Issue an operation command to a Servo Drive in a test run screen for Sysmac Studio.
Confirm that the safety functions are activated correctly. Specifically, check a time until the safety functions are activated and correct thresholds of STO status.

Precautions for Correct Use

Confirm the installation that a motor operates at safe velocity and position before issue of the operation command.

7 After you detect an error and remove the factor, confirm that you can reset the error.
Even if you reset the error without removal of the factor, confirm that the error remains as it is.

8 When you finish the confirmation of the safety functions, turn OFF the Servo and close the test run screen.

9 Select a standard controller and open EtherCAT of multi-view explorer. Right-click the verified Servo Drive and click the property.

10 Click **Operation** button in the property screen.

11 For all Servo Drives, follow procedures 2 to 11.

12 Set a standard controller to operation mode.

Check of Combination of Standard Function with Safety Function

● Check Items before Motor's Control at a Standard Side

1 Display I/O map for standard.

2 Press an input switch to activate safety functions.
If the input device is a sensor, turn an output from the sensor OFF.

3 Check variables assigned to Mirror Safety statusword of a Servo Drive.
If the value is TRUE, it means that the safety functions are activated.

4 Turn OFF the input switch or Turn ON the sensor mentioned as procedure 2 so that you can operate the input device.

5 Set a standard controller to an operation mode.

● Check of Combination of Standard Function with Safety Function by Data Trace

You can check easily on whether safety functions are activated as expected by use of data trace functions of a standard controller. Follow the below setting procedures before carrying out a combined operation between standard functions and safety functions. *1

*1. When you check combination of standard functions with safety functions by data trace, it is necessary to create an axis for MC function module in advance. As for the detail, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507)*.

1 Add a data trace.

2 Open the added data trace.

3 Press  button and click **Add safety related trace target** in the menu.
Select safety related trace target window is displayed.

4 Select an axis to check safety functions.

5 Select the safety functions.

6 Click **Add items to the list** button.
Variables necessary for operation check and SRA parameters are added.

7 When you check several safety functions at the same time, select other safety functions repeatedly and click **Add items to the list** button.

8 When you check several axes at the same time, select the axes and other safety functions repeatedly and click **Add items to the list** button.

9 Click **OK** button.
The selected axes and the trace items necessary for operation check of safety functions are added.

10 Set a trigger for data trace.

11 Start the trace.
After finish of this procedure, when a trigger is detected, the data trace is executed.

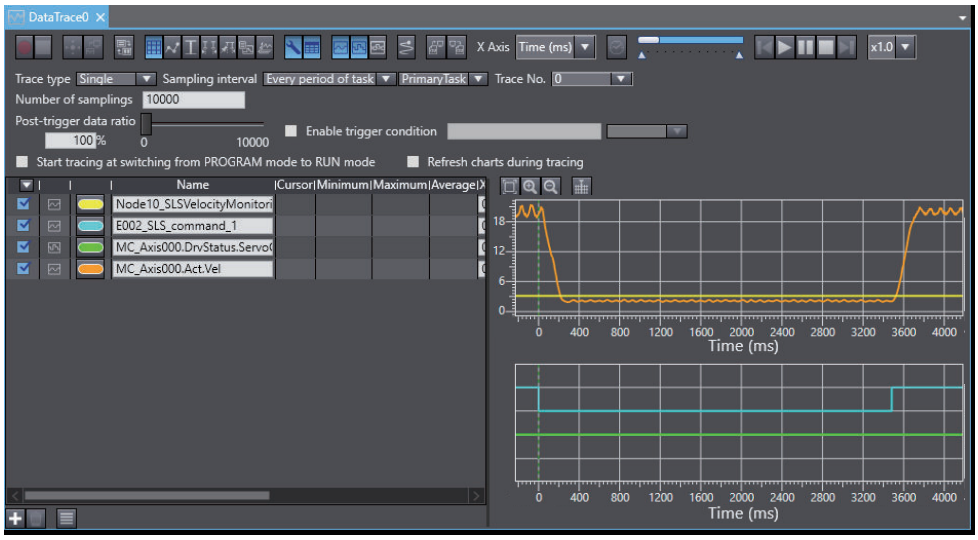
● Check of Combination of Standard Function with Safety Function

1 Operate a program to drive a motor at a standard side.

2 Press an input switch to activate safety functions.
If the input device is a sensor, turn an output from the sensor OFF.

3 In the standard program, check that the standard controller gives commands so that motor rotates in a safe range.

Use data trace functions for this check. As for the specific procedure, refer to *Check of Combination of Standard Function with Safety Function by Data Trace* on page 10-13 in the former page.



4 Turn OFF the input switch or Turn ON the sensor mentioned as procedure 2 so that you can operate the input device.

5 Check the input device operates while the program is operating in the procedure.1.

11

Adjustment Functions

This section explains the functions, setting methods, and items to note regarding adjustments.

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11-1-2 Adjustment Procedure 11-4

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11-1 Outline of Adjustment Functions

The Servo Drive must operate the Servomotor in response to commands without time delay and with reliability to maximize the performance of the machine. The Servo Drive is adjusted according to the characteristics of the machine.

Precautions for Safe Use

- Motor operation is required during adjustment. Take sufficient measures to ensure safety.
- Especially, if unusual noise or vibration occurs, immediately turn OFF the power supply or turn OFF the Servo.

11-1-1 Adjustment Methods

The adjustment function of the Sysmac Studio Automation Software and the automatic adjustment function of the Servo Drive facilitate adjustment according to your purpose.

Adjustment Function of Sysmac Studio

Use the Sysmac Studio to execute the following adjustment functions and monitor data for adjustment. For how to operate the Sysmac Studio, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)*.

Function	Description	Reference
Easy Tuning	Adjusts the gain automatically while motor operation is repeated. Use this function to perform adjustment easily.	page 11-6
Advanced Tuning	Uses simulation to perform adjustment with minimum motor operation. Fine setting adjustment is possible for each parameter including the gain and filter.	page 11-9
Manual Tuning	Adjusts multiple gains at a time according to the one set parameter.	page 11-11
Data Trace	Measures commands to the motor and motor operation (velocity, command torque and following error) and displays them with waveforms.	page 11-13
FFT	Measures the frequency characteristics of velocity closed loop.	page 11-14
Damping Control	Automatically detects the vibration frequency. This function makes it easy to set damping control.	page 11-15

Automatic Adjustment Function of Servo Drive

The Servo Drive has the following automatic adjustment functions.

Function	Description	Reference
Load Characteristic Estimation	Estimates the load characteristics of the machine in realtime and sets the values of the inertia ratio and friction torque compensation automatically according to the result of estimation.	page 11-18
Adaptive Notch Filter	Reduces vibration by estimating the resonance frequency and automatically setting the frequency of the notch filter.	page 11-21

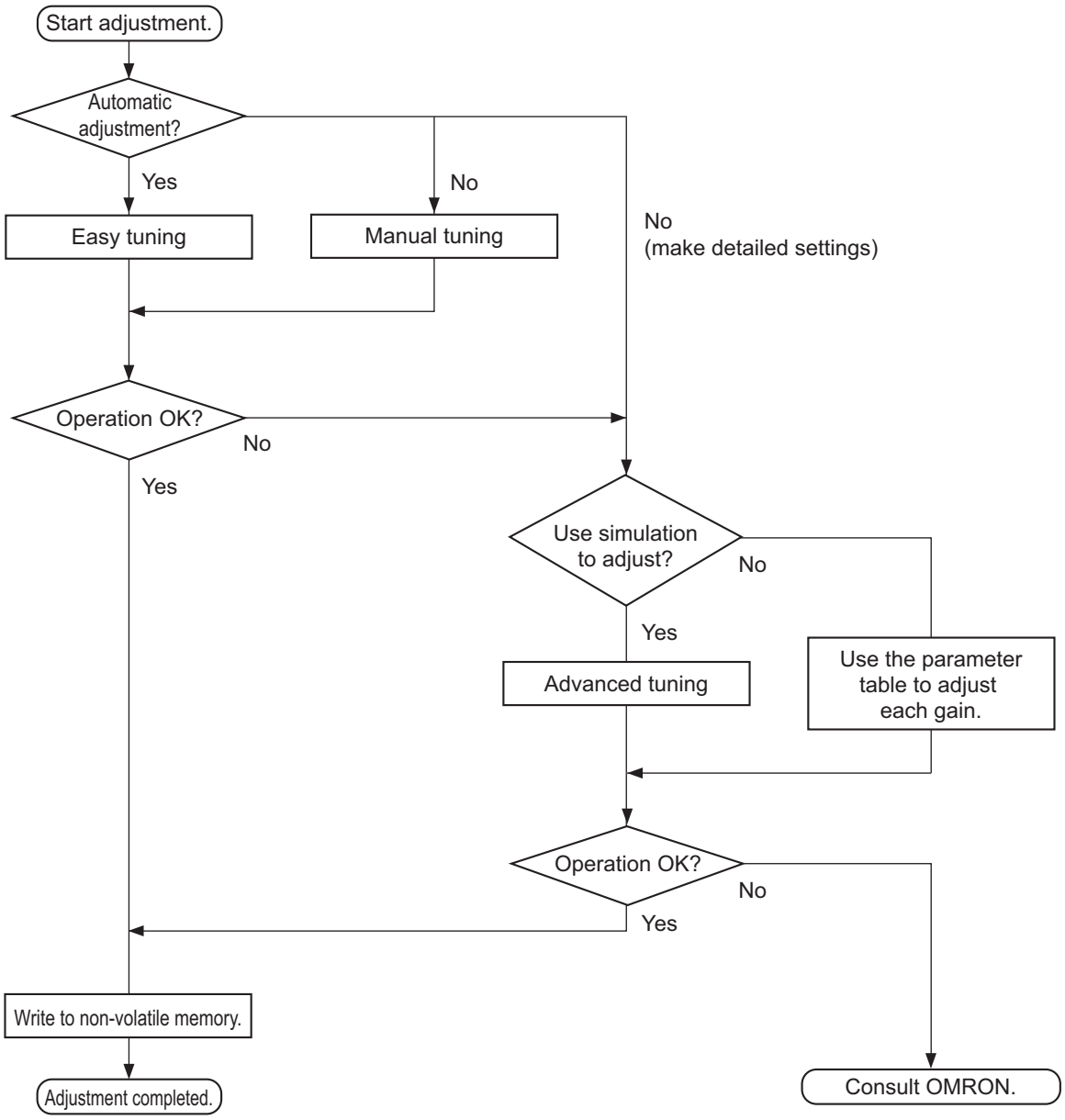
Manual Adjustment Function of Servo Drive

The Servo Drive has the following manual adjustment functions.

Function	Description	Reference
Damping Control	Reduces vibration of tips that occurs in low-rigidity machines.	page 11-15
Notch Filter	Reduces vibration according to the specified resonance frequency.	page 11-23
Friction Torque Compensation	Reduces the influence of mechanical frictions.	page 11-27
Feed-forward	Uses the velocity and torque feed-forward to increase responsiveness.	page 11-30

11-1-2 Adjustment Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform adjustment.



Gain Adjustment and Machine Rigidity

The natural vibration (resonance) of mechanical systems has a large impact on the gain adjustment of the Servo. The servo system responsiveness cannot be set high for machines with a low resonance frequency (low machine rigidity).

To improve machine rigidity:

- Install the machine on a secure base so that it does not have any play.
- Use couplings that have a high rigidity, and that are designed for servo systems.
- When you use a timing belt, select a wide one. Use a tension within the range of allowable axial load for the Servomotor or decelerator output.
- When you use gears, select ones with small backlash.

11-2 Easy Tuning

This function adjusts the gain automatically while the Servomotor is actually operated based on commands from the Controller or operation conditions that are set on the Sysmac Studio.
It is possible to select the single drive or multiple drives tuning method.
In the system with the synchronized axes, you can adjust the gain at the same time in a short time by the use of the easy tuning for multiple drives.

11-2-1 Objects That Are Set

This section gives the objects that are set when the easy tuning is executed.

Objects That Are Adjusted Automatically

The values of the following objects are adjusted automatically when the easy tuning is executed.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Reference
3011	---	Position Command Filter	page 9-16
	04	IIR Filter Cutoff Frequency	page 9-17
3120	---	TDF Position Control	page 9-30
	11	Command Following Gain 2*1	page 9-31
3213	---	1st Position Control Gain	page 9-35
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-36
3214	---	2nd Position Control Gain	page 9-36
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-36
3223	---	1st Velocity Control Gain	page 9-39
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-39
	02	Integral Gain	page 9-39
3224	---	2nd Velocity Control Gain	page 9-40
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-40
	02	Integral Gain	page 9-40
3233	---	1st Torque Command Filter	page 9-42
	02	Cutoff Frequency	page 9-43
3234	---	2nd Torque Command Filter	page 9-43
	02	Cutoff Frequency	page 9-43

*1. This object is automatically adjusted only when the multiple drives tuning method is selected.

Objects That Are Changed According to Easy Tuning Settings

The values of the following objects are changed according to the settings that are configured when the easy tuning is executed.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Reference
3001	---	Machine	page 9-11
	01	Inertia Ratio	page 9-12

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Reference
3120	---	TDF Position Control	page 9-30
	01	Command Following Gain*1	page 9-30
	10	Command Following Gain Selection*1	page 9-31
3310	---	Torque Compensation	page 9-45
	01	Viscous Friction Coefficient	page 9-45
	02	Unbalanced Load Compensation	page 9-45
	03	Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation	page 9-46
	04	Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation	page 9-46
3320	---	Adaptive Notch Filter	page 9-46
	01	Adaptive Notch Selection	page 9-47
3321	---	1st Notch Filter	page 9-47
	01	Enable	page 9-48
	02	Frequency	page 9-48
	03	Q-value	page 9-48
	04	Depth	page 9-48
3322	---	2nd Notch Filter	page 9-49
	01	Enable	page 9-50
	02	Frequency	page 9-50
	03	Q-value	page 9-50
	04	Depth	page 9-50
3323	---	3rd Notch Filter	page 9-51
	01	Enable	page 9-51
	02	Frequency	page 9-52
	03	Q-value	page 9-52
	04	Depth	page 9-52
3324	---	4th Notch Filter	page 9-52
	01	Enable	page 9-53
	02	Frequency	page 9-53
	03	Q-value	page 9-53
	04	Depth	page 9-54
3B51	---	Positioning Completion Notification	page 9-73
	01	Position Window	page 9-73
3B80	---	Load Characteristic Estimation	page 9-78
	01	Inertia Ratio Update Selection	page 9-78
	02	Viscous Friction Compensation Update Selection	page 9-79
	03	Unbalanced Load Compensation Update Selection	page 9-79
	04	Dynamic Friction Compensation Update Selection	page 9-79

*1. This object is changed only in two-degree-of-freedom (TDF) control.

Objects That Are Set to Fixed Values

The following objects are set to the fixed values when the easy tuning is executed.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Unit	Set value	Reference
3011	---	Position Command Filter	---	---	page 9-16
	03	IIR Filter Enable	---	1	page 9-17
3112	---	ODF Velocity Feed-forward	---	---	page 9-28
	01	Gain	0.1%	300	page 9-28
	02	LPF Enable	---	0	page 9-28
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	0.1 Hz	50,000	page 9-28
3113	---	ODF Torque Feed-forward	---	---	page 9-29
	01	Gain	0.1%	0	page 9-29
	02	LPF Enable	---	0	page 9-29
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	0.1 Hz	50,000	page 9-30
3233	---	1st Torque Command Filter	---	---	page 9-42
	01	Enable	---	1	page 9-42
3234	---	2nd Torque Command Filter	---	---	page 9-43
	01	Enable	---	1	page 9-43
3B80	---	Load Characteristic Estimation	---	---	page 9-78
	05	Viscous Friction Tuning Coefficient	%	100	page 9-79

11-2-2 Executing Easy Tuning

Use the Sysmac Studio to execute the easy tuning.

For how to use, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)*.

Precautions for Correct Use

Easy tuning is performed by the use of the automatic adjustment function of the Servo Drive (Load Characteristic Estimation and Adaptive Notch Filter).
If each function does not operate properly, the automatic adjustment by the easy tuning also may not operate properly.
Refer to *11-8 Load Characteristic Estimation* on page 11-18 and *11-9 Adaptive Notch Filter* on page 11-21 for details.

11-3 Advanced Tuning

This function uses simulation to adjust the gain and filter settings. Repeating actual Servomotor operation is not necessary, and a fine adjustment is possible in a short period of time.

11-3-1 Objects That Are Set

This section gives the objects that are set when the advanced tuning is executed.

Objects That Are Adjusted with Advanced Tuning

The advanced tuning adjusts the values of the following objects.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Reference
3011	---	Position Command Filter	page 9-16
	03	IIR Filter Enable	page 9-17
	04	IIR Filter Cutoff Frequency	page 9-17
3112	---	ODF Velocity Feed-forward	page 9-28
	01	Gain	page 9-28
	02	LPF Enable	page 9-28
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	page 9-28
3113	---	ODF Torque Feed-forward	page 9-29
	01	Gain	page 9-29
	02	LPF Enable	page 9-29
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	page 9-30
3120	---	TDF Position Control	page 9-30
	01	Command Following Gain	page 9-30
3121	---	TDF Velocity Control	page 9-31
	01	Command Following Gain	page 9-31
3213	---	1st Position Control Gain	page 9-35
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-36
3223	---	1st Velocity Control Gain	page 9-39
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-39
	02	Integral Gain	page 9-39
3233	---	1st Torque Command Filter	page 9-42
	01	Enable	page 9-42
	02	Cutoff Frequency	page 9-43
3321	---	1st Notch Filter	page 9-47
	01	Enable	page 9-48
	02	Frequency	page 9-48
	03	Q-value	page 9-48
	04	Depth	page 9-48

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Reference
3322	---	2nd Notch Filter	page 9-49
	01	Enable	page 9-50
	02	Frequency	page 9-50
	03	Q-value	page 9-50
	04	Depth	page 9-50
3323	---	3rd Notch Filter	page 9-51
	01	Enable	page 9-51
	02	Frequency	page 9-52
	03	Q-value	page 9-52
	04	Depth	page 9-52
3324	---	4th Notch Filter	page 9-52
	01	Enable	page 9-53
	02	Frequency	page 9-53
	03	Q-value	page 9-53
	04	Depth	page 9-54

11-3-2 Executing Advanced Tuning

Use the Sysmac Studio to execute the advanced tuning.
For how to use, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)*.

11-4 Manual Tuning

This function adjusts the values of multiple gain parameters at a time according to set values for machine rigidity that are manually adjusted.

11-4-1 Objects That Are Set

This section gives the objects that are set when the manual tuning is executed.

Objects That Are Changed According to Set Values for Machine Rigidity

The values of the following objects are changed according to the set values for machine rigidity.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Reference
3011	---	Position Command Filter	page 9-16
	04	IIR Filter Cutoff Frequency	page 9-17
3213	---	1st Position Control Gain	page 9-35
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-36
3214	---	2nd Position Control Gain	page 9-36
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-36
3223	---	1st Velocity Control Gain	page 9-39
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-39
	02	Integral Gain	page 9-39
3224	---	2nd Velocity Control Gain	page 9-40
	01	Proportional Gain	page 9-40
	02	Integral Gain	page 9-40
3233	---	1st Torque Command Filter	page 9-42
	02	Cutoff Frequency	page 9-43
3234	---	2nd Torque Command Filter	page 9-43
	02	Cutoff Frequency	page 9-43

Objects That Are Set to Fixed Values

The following objects are set to the fixed values when the manual tuning is executed.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Unit	Set value	Reference
3011	---	Position Command Filter	---	---	page 9-16
	03	IIR Filter Enable	---	1	page 9-17
3233	---	1st Torque Command Filter	---	---	page 9-42
	01	Enable	---	1	page 9-42
3234	---	2nd Torque Command Filter	---	---	page 9-43
	01	Enable	---	1	page 9-43

11-4-2 Executing Manual Tuning

Use the Sysmac Studio to execute the manual tuning.

For how to use, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)*.

11-5 Data Trace

This function takes samples of commands to the Servomotor and motor operation (position, velocity, and torque) at regular intervals, and displays the tracing results by the use of the Sysmac Studio.

For 1S-series Servo Drives, the data trace on single Servo Drive and the synchronized data trace on multiple Servo Drives are provided.
The data trace on multiple Servo Drives can perform synchronized sampling on up to four Servo Drives. The results are displayed on the same window.

For how to use, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)*.

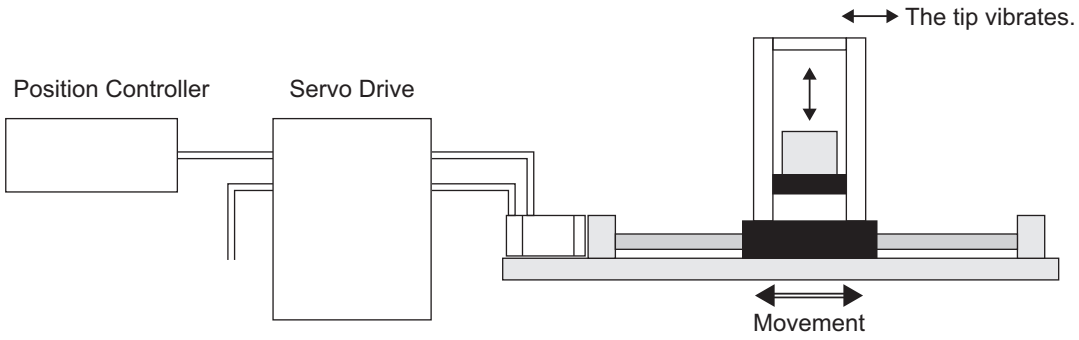
11-6 FFT

When you use the Sysmac Studio, you can measure the frequency characteristics of velocity closed loop.
For how to use, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)*.

11-7 Damping Control

If the tip of the mechanical unit vibrates, you can use the damping control function to reduce vibration. This is effective on vibration generated by a low-rigidity machine. The applicable frequencies are from 0.5 to 300 Hz.

Two damping filters, the Damping Filter 1 and 2, are provided to control two vibration frequencies simultaneously. Up to four damping frequencies can be set for each damping filter. This enables you to switch the damping frequency from one to another when it varies depending on the position.



Precautions for Correct Use

If you change the operation mode while damping control is used, stop the Servomotor before you change the mode. Changing the operation mode during motor operation may result in unexpected operation.

11-7-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3012	---	Damping Control	Selects the damping filters.	page 9-18
	01	Damping Filter 1 Selection	Selects the setting to use for the damping filter 1. 0: Disabled 1: 1st Frequency and 1st Damping Time Coefficient 2: 2nd Frequency and 2nd Damping Time Coefficient 3: 3rd Frequency and 3rd Damping Time Coefficient 4: 4th Frequency and 4th Damping Time Coefficient	page 9-18
	02	Damping Filter 2 Selection	Selects the setting to use for the damping filter 2. The function is the same as 01 hex.	page 9-18

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3013	---	Damping Filter 1	Sets the damping filter 1.	page 9-18
	01	1st Frequency	Sets the damping frequency for the damping filter.	
	02	1st Damping Time Coefficient	Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.	
	03	2nd Frequency	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	04	2nd Damping Time Coefficient	The function is the same as 02 hex.	
	05	3rd Frequency	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	06	3rd Damping Time Coefficient	The function is the same as 02 hex.	
	07	4th Frequency	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	08	4th Damping Time Coefficient	The function is the same as 02 hex.	
3014	---	Damping Filter 2	Sets the damping filter 2.	page 9-20
	01	1st Frequency	Sets the damping frequency for the damping filter.	
	02	1st Damping Time Coefficient	Sets the trade-off with torque required for the vibration suppression time and damping. Setting a small value shortens the time to suppress the vibration, however it is highly possible that torque saturation occurs.	
	03	2nd Frequency	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	04	2nd Damping Time Coefficient	The function is the same as 02 hex.	
	05	3rd Frequency	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	06	3rd Damping Time Coefficient	The function is the same as 02 hex.	
	07	4th Frequency	The function is the same as 01 hex.	
	08	4th Damping Time Coefficient	The function is the same as 02 hex.	

Precautions for Correct Use

- Stop operation before changing the object settings.
- Damping control may not function properly or have no effect under the following conditions.

Item	Conditions that interfere with the effect of damping control
Load condition	• If forces other than position commands, such as external forces, cause vibration • If the damping frequency is outside the range of 0.5 to 300 Hz • If the ratio of the resonance frequency to anti-resonance frequency is large

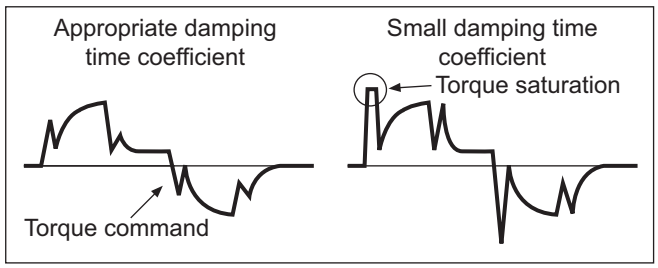
11-7-2 Operating Procedure

1 Adjust the position loop gain and the velocity loop gain.
In the easy tuning, manual tuning, advanced tuning, etc., Adjust **1st Position Control Gain** or **2nd Position Control Gain** (1st: 3213 hex, 2nd: 3214 hex), **1st Velocity Control Gain** or **2nd**

Velocity Control Gain (1st: 3223 hex, 2nd: 3224 hex), and **1st Torque Command Filter** or **2nd Torque Command Filter** (1st: 3233 hex, 2nd: 3234 hex).

2 Measure the vibration frequency at the tip of the mechanical unit.
Measure the vibration frequency by using a device such as a laser displacement meter, servo accelerometer, and acceleration pick-up. Set the measured vibration frequency in one of 1st to 4th Frequency (01 hex, 03 hex, 05 hex, 07 hex) of **Damping Filter 1** or **2** (1: 3013 hex, 2: 3014 hex). Also set **Damping Filter 1 Selection** (01 hex) or **Damping Filter 2 Selection** (02 hex) of **Damping Control** (3012 hex) so that the frequency set in the above step is enabled.
If the frequency is set in **1st Frequency** (01 hex) of **Damping Filter 1** (3013 hex), set **Damping Filter 1 Selection** (01 hex) of **Damping Control** (3012 hex) to *1*.
If vibration persists after you set the frequency, increase or decrease the damping frequency to find a proper frequency at which vibration decreases.

3 Make the damping filter settings.
Set the corresponding damping time coefficient of **Damping Filter 1** or **Damping Filter 2** (1: 3013 hex, 2: 3014 hex). First, set it to 100% and check the torque waveform during operation. Setting a value smaller than 100% for the damping time can shorten the vibration suppression time, but it increases the maximum operation speed and torque command. Set the damping time within a range in which the maximum motor velocity is not exceeded and torque saturation does not occur. The effects of vibration suppression will be lost if the maximum motor velocity is exceeded or torque saturation occurs.
Also, setting a large value for the damping time can reduce the torque command while the setting time gets long.



4 Set **Damping Control** (3012 hex).
You can switch Damping filter 1 and 2 according to the conditions of the machine vibration.

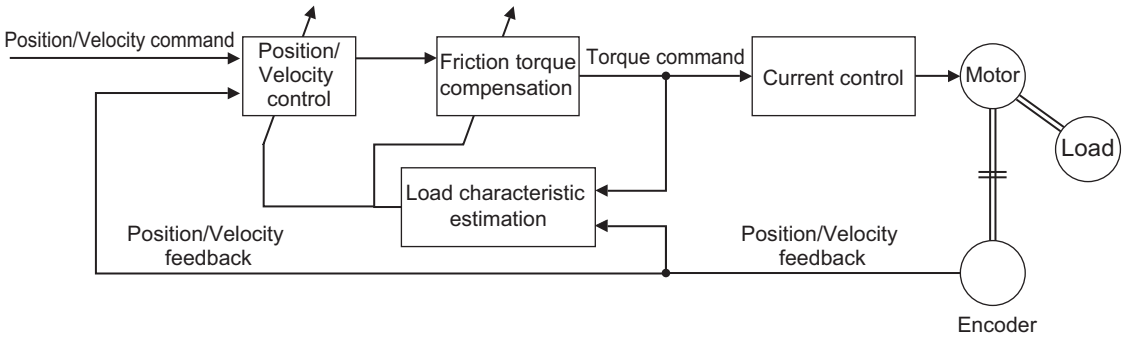
Set value (hex)	Description
01	Damping Filter 1 Selection
02	Damping Filter 2 Selection

11-7-3 Setting Frequency with Sysmac Studio

When you use a function of the Sysmac Studio, you can set the damping control easily based on the vibration frequency that is detected automatically.
For how to use, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Drive Functions Operation Manual (Cat. No. I589)*.

11-8 Load Characteristic Estimation

The Load Characteristic Estimation function estimates the load characteristics of the machine in real-time, and sets values of the inertia ratio, viscous friction coefficient, unbalanced load compensation, and dynamic friction compensation automatically according to the result of estimation.
You can check the values that are set automatically with **Machine** – **Inertia Ratio Display** (3001-81 hex), **Torque Compensation** – **Viscous Friction Coefficient Display** (3310-81 hex), **Unbalanced Load Compensation Display** (3310-82 hex), and **Dynamic Friction Compensation Display** (3310-83 hex and 3310-84 hex).
This Load Characteristic Estimation function is enabled in the position control, velocity control, and torque control.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The Load Characteristic Estimation function may not operate properly under the following conditions. In such cases, set the related objects manually.

	Conditions that interfere with the Load Characteristic Estimation function
Load inertia	• If the load inertia is small, i.e. less than 3 times the rotor inertia or large, i.e. the applicable load inertia or more • If the load inertia changes easily
Load	• If the machine rigidity is extremely low • If there is a non-linear element (play), such as a backlash
Operation	• If the speed continues at lower than 100 r/min • If the acceleration/deceleration is 2,000 r/min/s or lower • If the acceleration/deceleration torque is small compared with the unbalanced load and the friction torque • If the speed or torque oscillates due to the high gain or small effect of each filter.

11-8-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3B80	---	Load Characteristic Estimation	Sets the operation of the load characteristic estimation.	page 9-78
	01	Inertia Ratio Update Selection	Selects whether to estimate load characteristics and update a value of the inertia ratio. 0: Use the present set value. 1: Update with the estimation result.	page 9-78
	02	Viscous Friction Compensation Update Selection	Selects whether to estimate load characteristics and update a value of the viscous friction coefficient. 0: Use the present set value. 1: Update with the estimation result.	page 9-79
	03	Unbalanced Load Compensation Update Selection	Selects whether to estimate load characteristics and update a value of the unbalanced load compensation. 0: Use the present set value. 1: Update with the estimation result.	page 9-79
	04	Dynamic Friction Compensation Update Selection	Selects whether to estimate load characteristics and update a value of the dynamic friction compensation. 0: Use the present set value. 1: Update with the estimation result.	page 9-79
	05	Viscous Friction Tuning Coefficient	Sets the value to adjust the amount of torque compensation which is calculated from the estimated viscous friction value. When the viscous friction coefficient update is enabled, the viscous friction coefficient is updated with a value which is calculated by multiplying the estimated viscous friction by the amount of viscous friction compensation.	page 9-79
	06	Estimation Sensitivity Selection	Selects the sensitivity to estimate load characteristics from load changes during the load characteristic estimation. 0: Estimate by minutes from load characteristic changes. This setting is used when there is a little change in load characteristics. 1: Estimate by seconds from load characteristic changes. This setting is used when there is a gradual change in load characteristics. 2: Estimate immediately from load characteristic changes. This setting is used when there is a sharp change in load characteristics.	page 9-80
	FF	Estimation Status	Gives the execution status of the load characteristic estimation. 0: Never executed 1: Obtaining data 2: During estimation 3: Estimation completed	page 9-80

11-8-2 Setting Load Characteristic Estimation Function

1 Turn OFF the Servo before you set the load characteristic estimation function.

2 Set Update Selections (3B80-01 to 3B80-04 hex) depending on the load.
If compensation for friction and unbalanced loads is not required, set only **Inertia Ratio Update Selection** (01 hex) to *1*.
If you use this function for a vertical axis, set **Unbalanced Load Compensation Update Selection** (03 hex) to *1*.
If you use this function for a device with high friction, set **Viscous Friction Compensation Update Selection** (02 hex) and **Dynamic Friction Compensation Update Selection** (04 hex) to *1*.

3 Turn ON the Servo to operate the Servomotor.
The values of the objects for which update is enabled are set automatically in realtime with the estimation results.
If you want to hold the value of an object that is set automatically, set the corresponding update selection object to *0*. Then, execute **Optimized Parameters** – **Apply Parameters** (3002-F1 hex) and **Store Parameters** (1010-01 hex).

Precautions for Correct Use

- If the value that is set in the **Inertia Ratio** (3001-01 hex) is extremely different from the load inertia, operation may be unstable. In such a case, during this function operation, noise, vibration, velocity over the command, or overshooting may occur until the load inertia estimation is completed.
- If the unusual noise or vibration continues, take the following measures in the possible order.
  a) Write the objects that you used during normal operation to the non-volatile memory.
  b) Lower the gain.
  c) Manually set the notch filter.
- If unusual noise or vibration occurs, the setting of the inertia ratio or friction torque compensation may be changed to an extreme value. In such a case, check the values of **Machine** – **Inertia Ratio Display** (3001-81 hex), **Torque Compensation** – **Viscous Friction Coefficient Display** (3310-81 hex), **Torque Compensation** – **Unbalanced Load Compensation Display** (3310-82 hex), and **Torque Compensation** – **Positive/Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation Display** (3310-83 hex and 3310-84 hex) and take the above measures.

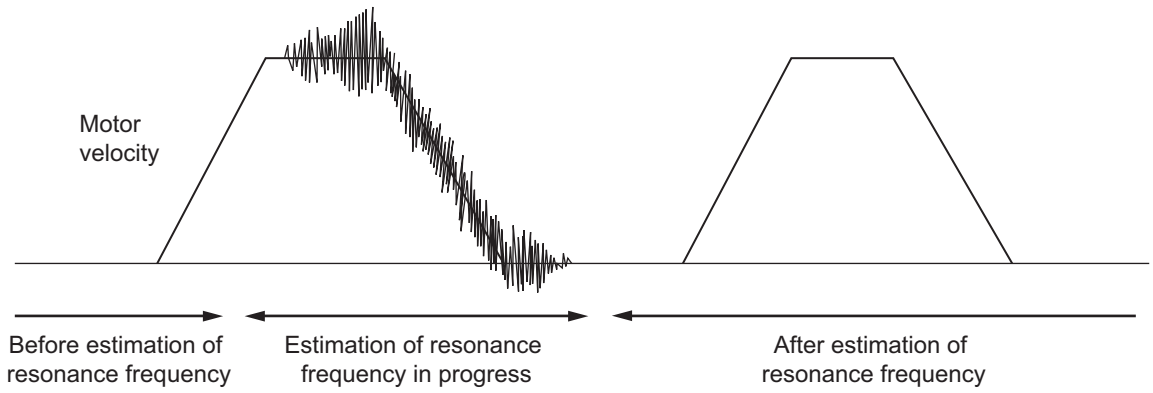
11-9 Adaptive Notch Filter

The Adaptive Notch Filter reduces resonance frequency vibration by estimating the resonance frequency from the vibration component that appears in the motor speed during actual operation and automatically setting the frequency of the notch filter, which removes the resonance component from the internal torque command.

You can check the values that are set automatically with **1st Notch Filter** (3321 hex)/**2nd Notch Filter** (3322 hex)/**3rd Notch Filter** (3323 hex)/**4th Notch Filter** (3324 hex) – **Frequency Display** (Subindex 82 hex), **Q-value Display** (Subindex 83 hex), and **Depth Display** (Subindex 84 hex).

Refer to *11-10 Notch Filters* on page 11-23 for information on notch filter.

Operation Example



11-9-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3320	---	Adaptive Notch Filter	Sets the adaptive notch filter.	page 9-46
	01	Adaptive Notch Selection	Selects the notch filter to adapt the estimation result. This object is disabled when 0 is set. 0: Disabled 1: 1st Notch Filter 2: 2nd Notch Filter 3: 3rd Notch Filter 4: 4th Notch Filter	page 9-47
	03	Resonance Detection Threshold	Sets the torque output to detect the resonance, as a percentage of the rated torque.	page 9-47

Precautions for Correct Use

- The adaptive notch filter may not operate properly under the following conditions.

Item	Conditions that interfere with the adaptive filter
Resonance frequency	• If the resonance frequency is 300 Hz or lower • If the resonance peak or control gain is too low to affect the motor speed • If more than one resonance frequency occurs
Load	• If the motor speed with high-frequency components changes due to backlash or other non-linear elements
Command pattern	• If the acceleration/deceleration is 3,000 r/min/s or higher

- If the adaptive notch filter does not operate properly, disable it and manually set the notch filter. Refer to *11-10 Notch Filters* on page 11-23 for information on notch filter.

11-9-2 Operating Procedure

1 Set **Adaptive Notch Filter** (3320 hex).
Select adaptive notch filter from 1 to 4 in **Adaptive Notch Filter** – **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex).

2 Start actual operation.
Enter an operation command and start the actual operation.

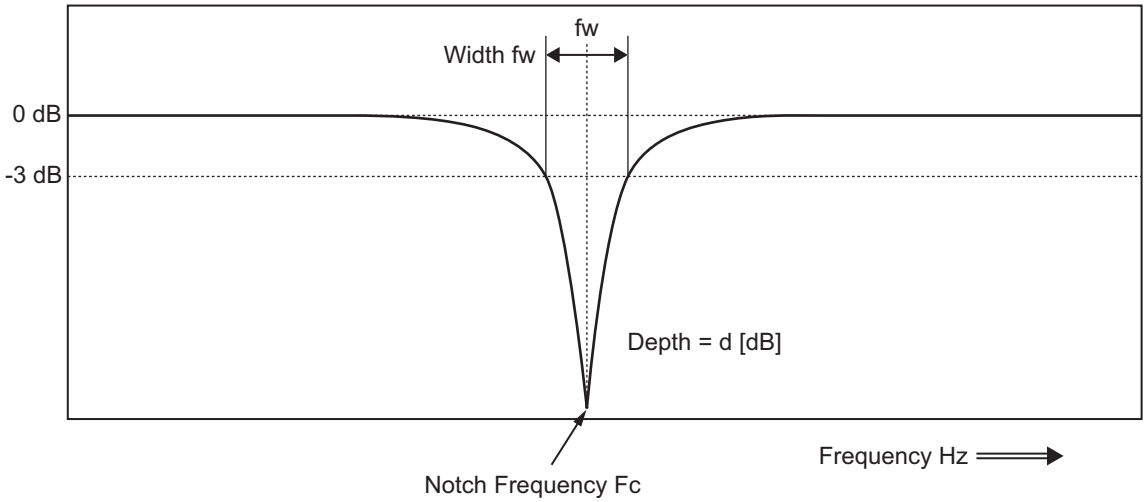
3 The notch filter is automatically set.
When the influence of resonance frequency appears in the motor speed, the selected notch filter is set automatically.

Precautions for Correct Use

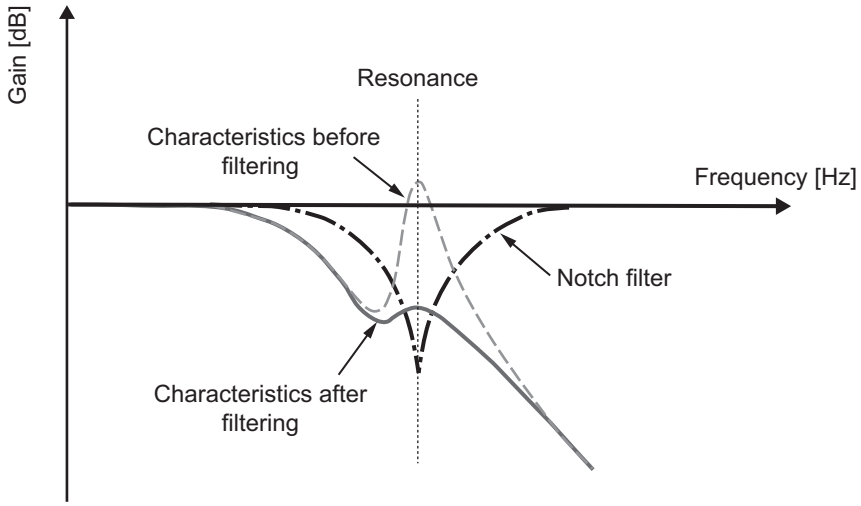
- After startup, immediately after the first servo ON, unusual noise or vibration may occur until the adaptive notch filter stabilizes. This is not an error if it disappears right away. If the vibration or unusual noise, however, continues for three or more reciprocating operations, take the following measures in the possible order.
  a) Write the value that are used during normal operation to the notch filter, and save the value in the non-volatile memory.
  b) Disable the adaptive notch filter by setting **Adaptive Notch Selection** (3320-01 hex) to *0*.
  c) Manually set the notch filter.
- If unusual noise or vibration occurs, the setting of the notch filter selected in Adaptive Notch Selection may be changed to an extreme value. In this case, disable Adaptive Notch Filter and then disable the selected Notch Filter. Next, enable Adaptive Notch Filter again.

11-10 Notch Filters

A notch filter reduces a specified frequency component.
When the machine rigidity is low, factors such as axis torsion may produce resonance which results in vibration and noise. Thus you may not be able to set a high gain. The notch filter suppresses the resonance peak to reduce vibration and noise, and allows you to set a high gain.
The 1S-series Servo Drives provide four notch filters for which you can adjust each frequency, width and depth.



If mechanical resonance occurs, use this notch filter to eliminate resonance.



11-10-1 Objects Requiring Settings

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3321	---	1st Notch Filter	Sets the 1st resonance suppression notch filter.	page 9-47
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the 1st notch filter function. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-48
	02	Frequency	Sets the notch frequency of the 1st resonance suppression notch filter.	page 9-48
	03	Q-value	Sets the Q-value of the 1st resonance suppression notch filter.	page 9-48
	04	Depth	Sets the notch depth of the 1st resonance suppression notch filter.	page 9-48
3322	---	2nd Notch Filter	Sets the 2nd resonance suppression notch filter.	page 9-49
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the 2nd notch filter function. The function is the same as 3321 hex. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-50
	02	Frequency	Sets the notch frequency of the 2nd resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-50
	03	Q-value	Sets the Q-value of the 2nd resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-50
	04	Depth	Sets the notch depth of the 2nd resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-50
3323	---	3rd Notch Filter	Sets the 3rd resonance suppression notch filter.	page 9-51
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the 3rd notch filter function. The function is the same as 3321 hex. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-51
	02	Frequency	Sets the notch frequency of the 3rd resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-52
	03	Q-value	Sets the Q-value of the 3rd resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-52
	04	Depth	Sets the notch depth of the 3rd resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-52

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3324	---	4th Notch Filter	Sets the 4th resonance suppression notch filter.	page 9-52
	01	Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the 4th notch filter function. The function is the same as 3321 hex. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-53
	02	Frequency	Sets the notch frequency of the 4th resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-53
	03	Q-value	Sets the Q-value of the 4th resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-53
	04	Depth	Sets the notch depth of the 4th resonance suppression notch filter. The function is the same as 3321 hex.	page 9-54

Precautions for Correct Use

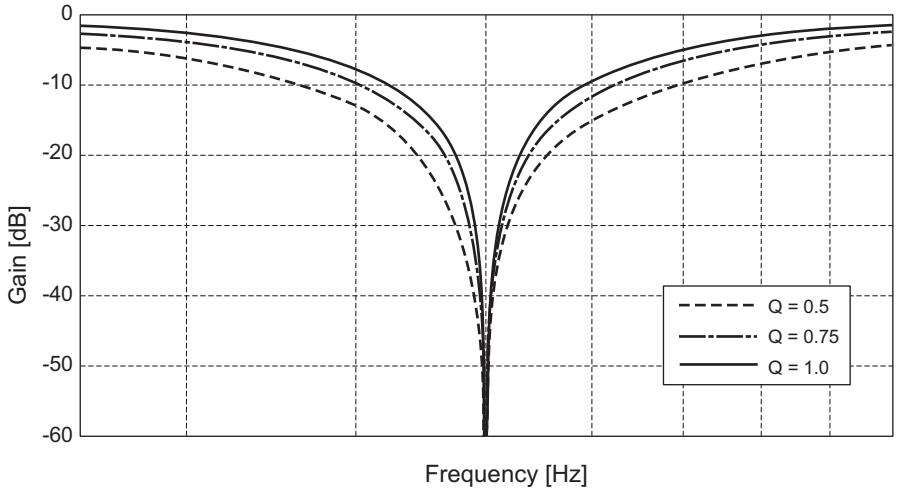
- Identify the resonance frequency from the FFT function or other functions of the Sysmac Studio, and set the identified frequency in Frequency of the notch filter.
- If the adaptive notch filter is set, the objects for the specified notch filter are automatically set. If you want to set the objects for the notch filter manually, disable Adaptive Notch Filter.

11-10-2 Notch Filter Width and Depth

This section explains how to set width and depth of the notch filter.

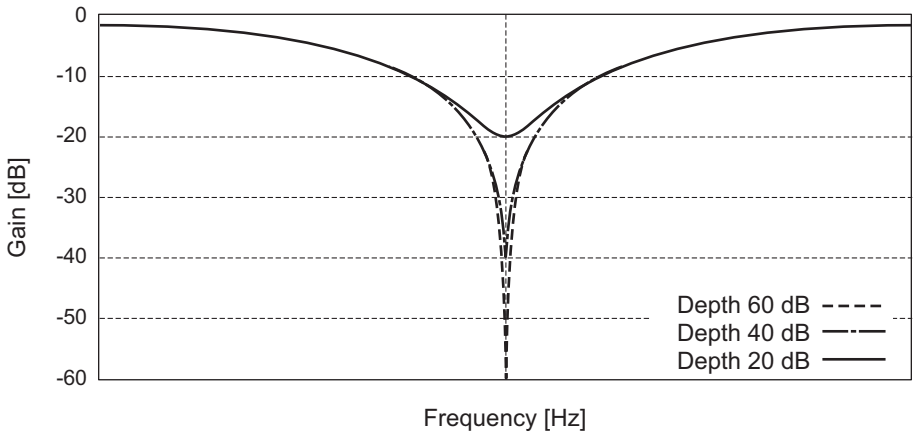
Width Setting

Use Q-value to set the notch filter width. The relationship between Q-value, Cutoff Frequency (Fc), and Width (fw) is expressed as Q = Fc/fw. The lower the Q-value is, the wider the notch filter becomes.



Depth Setting

Set the notch filter depth in damping ratio [dB]. The larger the value of damping ratio is, the deeper the notch filter becomes.



11-11 Friction Torque Compensation Function

You can set the following three types of friction torque compensations to reduce the influence of mechanical frictions.

- Unbalanced load compensation: Offsets the constantly applied unbalance torque
- Dynamic friction compensation: Compensates friction that changes its direction in accordance with the operating direction.
- Viscous friction compensation: Compensates friction that varies in accordance with velocity.

11-11-1 Operating Conditions

The friction torque compensation function is enabled under the following conditions.

- Position control or velocity control
- The Servo is ON.

The following table shows the relationship between the control method and enabled compensation functions.

Control method	Viscous friction compensation	Unbalanced load compensation	Dynamic friction compensation
TDF control	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
ODF control	Disable	Enabled	Enabled

11-11-2 Objects Requiring Settings

The friction torque compensation function needs the combined settings of the following four objects.

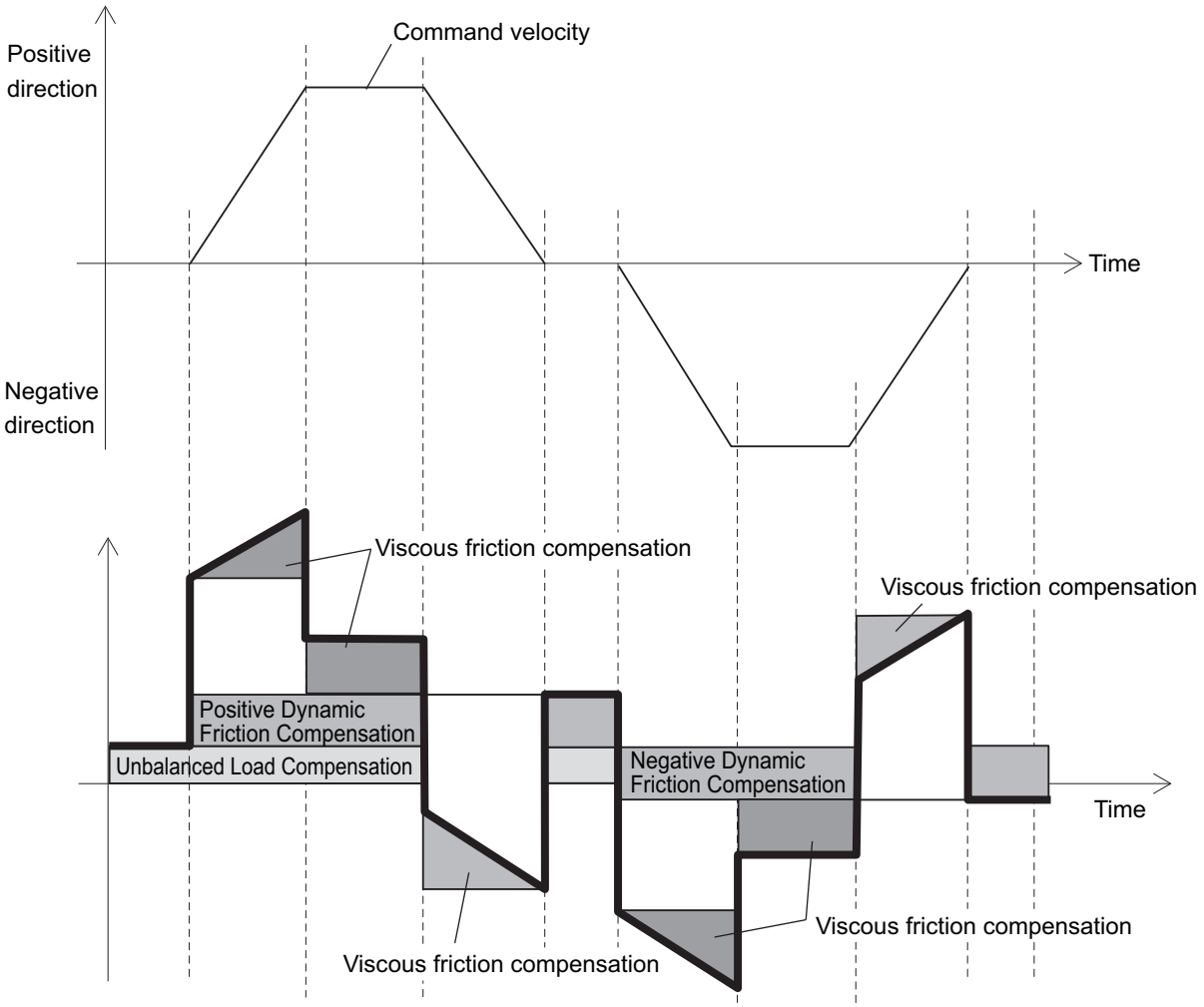
Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3310	---	Torque Compensation	Sets the torque compensation.	page 9-45
	01	Viscous Friction Coefficient	Adjusts the amount of viscous friction compensation torque. This object is enabled only in two-degree-of-freedom (TDF) control.	page 9-45
	02	Unbalanced Load Compensation	Sets the amount of unbalanced load torque compensation.	page 9-45
	03	Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation	Sets the amount of dynamic friction compensation in the positive direction.	page 9-46
	04	Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation	Sets the amount of dynamic friction compensation in the negative direction.	page 9-46

Precautions for Correct Use

If the update selection of the Load Characteristic Estimation is set to *1*, the friction torque compensation is set automatically. If you want to set the torque compensation manually, set the update selection of Load Characteristic Estimation to *0*.

11-11-3 Operation Example

The friction torque compensation is applied according to the operation as shown in the drawing below.



Note The dynamic friction compensation holds the compensation value until the command direction changes, in order to sustain the position during stabilization.

By setting the torque command value in **Unbalanced Load Compensation** (3310-02 hex), you can reduce the variations of positioning operations that occur depending on the movement directions. This object is useful when a constant amount of unbalanced load torque is always applied to the Servomotor at axes such as a vertical axis.

By setting the friction torque for each rotation direction in **Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation** (3310-03 hex) and **Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation** (3310-04 hex), you can reduce deterioration of and inconsistencies in the positioning stabilization time due to dynamic friction.

These objects are useful for loads that require a larger amount of dynamic friction torque for a radial load, such as the belt-driven shaft.

Precautions for Correct Use

You can use Unbalanced Load Compensation and Dynamic Friction Compensation together or separately. Take note that the following use limit is applied depending on the operation mode switching or servo ON condition.

During torque control

The friction torque compensation is set to *0* regardless of the object setting.

When servo is ON in position control

The values of Unbalanced Load Compensation and Dynamic Friction Compensation are held until the position command is input.

11-12 Feed-forward Function

The feed-forward function is used to improve the following performance for the target position and velocity.

11-12-1 Feed-forward Control in TDF Control

In the normal TDF control, do not add **Velocity offset** (60B1 hex) and **Torque offset** (60B2 hex), because the optimized feed-forward amount is input from the TDF control section.

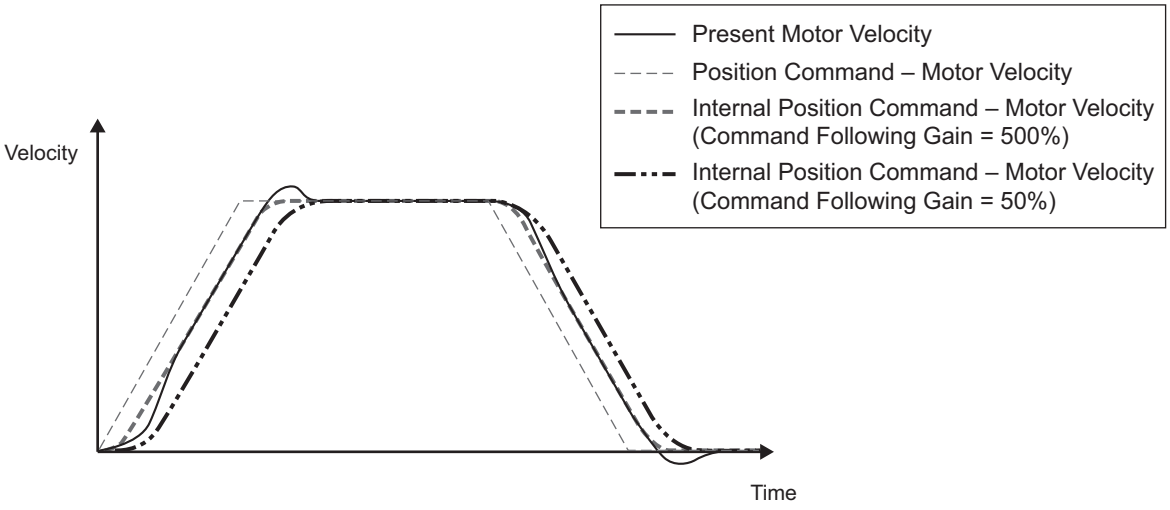
TDF Control-related Objects

The following are the feed-forward setting objects used in the TDF control.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3120	---	TDF Position Control	Sets the operation in the two-degree-of-freedom position control.	page 9-30
	01	Command Following Gain	Sets the following performance for the target position. The higher the gain is, the higher the following performance of the internal command is for the target position.	page 9-30
	10	Command Following Gain Selection	Selects the command following gain switching method. 0: Use the Command Following Gain. 1: Use the Command Following Gain 2.	page 9-31
	11	Command Following Gain 2	Sets the cutoff frequency to the position command. The higher the set value is, the higher the following performance of the internal command is for the target position.	page 9-31
3121	---	TDF Velocity Control	Sets the operation in the two-degree-of-freedom velocity control.	page 9-31
	01	Command Following Gain	Sets the following performance for the target velocity. The higher the gain is, the higher the following performance of the internal command is for the target velocity.	page 9-31
	10	Command Following Gain Selection	Selects the command following gain switching method. 0: Use the Command Following Gain. 1: Use the Command Following Gain 2.	page 9-31
	11	Command Following Gain 2	Sets the cutoff frequency to the velocity command. The higher the set value is, the higher the following performance of the internal command is for the target velocity.	page 9-32

Adjustment of TDF Command Following Gain

In the TDF control, the smooth internal commands are generated in the TDF control section so that rapid changes in target position or velocity do not cause overshooting. However, the smoother the internal commands are, the longer the delay of the internal commands gets. This trade-off between the overshooting suppression and internal command delay is adjusted with the command following gain.



The smaller the set value of Command Following Gain is, the more the overshooting can be suppressed.
Normally, set Command Following Gain to 50%. Set a value of approximately 30% when you want to suppress overshooting.

11-12-2 Feed-forward Control in ODF Control

The feed-forward function that can be used in the ODF control comes in 2 types: velocity feed-forward and torque feed-forward. In the ODF control, the responsiveness can be increased by changing these feed-forward amounts.

ODF Control-related Objects

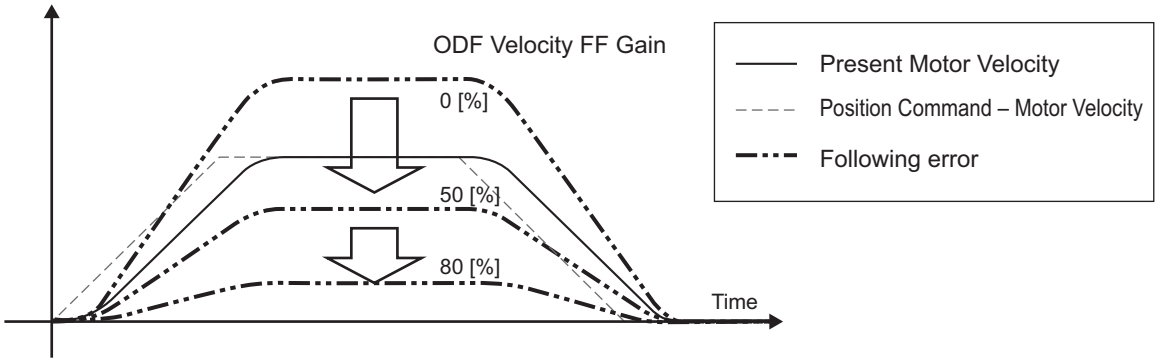
The following are the feed-forward setting objects used in the ODF control.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3112	---	ODF Velocity Feed-forward	Sets the velocity feed-forward in the one-degree-of-freedom control.	page 9-28
	01	Gain	Sets the velocity feed-forward gain. Normally, use the default setting.	page 9-28
	02	LPF Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the low-pass filter in the velocity feed-forward. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-28
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	Sets the cutoff frequency for the feed-forward low-pass filter.	page 9-28

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
3113	---	ODF Torque Feed-forward	Sets the torque feed-forward in the one-degree-of-freedom control.	page 9-29
	01	Gain	Sets the torque feed-forward gain. Normally, use the default setting.	page 9-29
	02	LPF Enable	Selects whether to enable or disable the low-pass filter in the torque feed-forward. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	page 9-29
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	Sets the cutoff frequency for the feed-forward low-pass filter.	page 9-30

Operating Method of ODF Velocity Feed-forward

Increase the value of **ODF Velocity Feed-forward** – **Gain** (3112-01 hex) little by little to adjust the gain so that overshooting does not occur during acceleration/deceleration.
If you set ODF Velocity Feed-forward – Gain to *1,000* (100%), the calculated following error will be 0. However, large overshooting may occur during acceleration/deceleration.



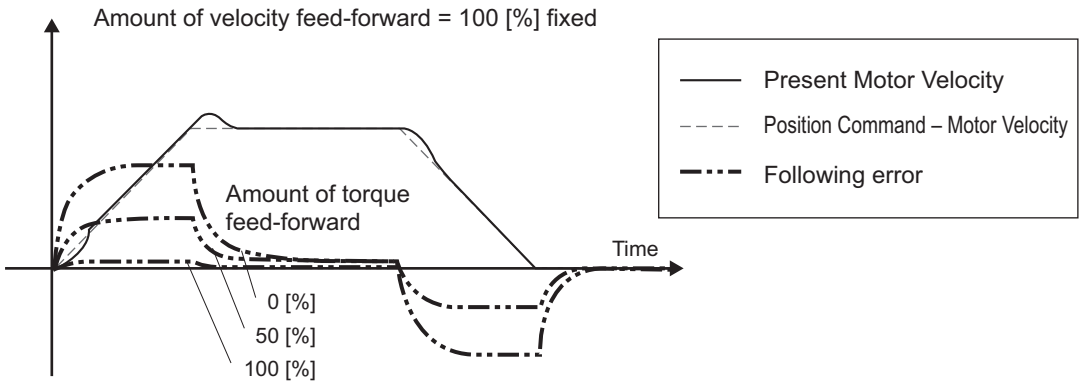
The following error in a constant velocity range gets smaller as you increase the velocity feed-forward gain.

Operating Method of ODF Torque Feed-forward

1 Set Inertia Ratio (3001-01 hex).
Set the inertia ratio as accurate as possible.
- If the inertia ratio is calculated when the Servomotor is selected, input the calculated value.
- If the inertia ratio is unknown, use the load characteristic estimation or easy tuning function to set the inertia ratio.

2 Adjust ODF Torque Feed-forward - Gain (3113-01 hex).
Increase value of **ODF Torque Feed-forward** – **Gain** (3113-01 hex) little by little.
Since the following error during constant acceleration/deceleration can be close to 0, it can be controlled almost to 0 throughout the entire operation range in a trapezoidal velocity pattern under ideal condition where no disturbance torque is applied.

In reality, disturbance torque is always applied and, therefore, the following error cannot be completely 0.



You can reduce the following error in a constant acceleration range by using the torque feed-forward.

12

Troubleshooting

This section explains the items to check when problems occur, and troubleshooting by the use of error displays or operation state.

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12-1-2 Precautions When a Problem Occurs 12-3
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12-5-1 Troubleshooting Using Error Displays 12-17
12-5-2 Troubleshooting Using AL Status Codes 12-41
12-5-3 Troubleshooting Using the Operation State 12-45

12-1 Actions for Problems

If any problems should occur, take the following actions.

12-1-1 Preliminary Checks When a Problem Occurs

This section explains the preliminary checks required to determine the cause of a problem if one occurs.

Checking the Power Supply Voltage

Check the voltage at the power supply input terminals.

Input terminal	Model	Voltage
Main circuit power supply input (L1, L2, L3)	R88D-1SN□L-ECT-51	Single-phase 100 to 120 VAC (85 to 132 V)*1 50/60 Hz
	R88D-1SN□H-ECT-51	Single-phase/3-phase 200 to 240 VAC (170 to 252 V)*1 50/60 Hz
	R88D-1SN□F-ECT-51	3-phase 380 to 480 VAC (323 to 504 V)*1 50/60 Hz
Control Circuit Power Supply Input Terminals (24 V, Ø, or +24 V, 0 V)	---	24 VDC (21.6 to 26.4 V)

*1. The values outside parentheses indicate the rated value, and the values inside parentheses indicate the range of acceptable variation. If the voltage is out of this range, operation failure may result. Be sure that the power supply is within the specified range.

Make sure that the power supply voltage for control input signals is within the range of "12 VDC-5% to 24 VDC+5%", and the power supply voltage for safety input signals is within the range of "24 VDC ±5%". If the voltage is out of this range, operation failure may result. Be sure that the power supply is within the specified range.

Checking the Error Occurrence

Check whether an error exists by the use of the 7-segment LED display on the front of the Servo Drive or from the Sysmac Studio.

● When an Error Exists

Check the error display (□□) and make an analysis based on the error that is indicated.
Refer to *12-5-1 Troubleshooting Using Error Displays* on page 12-17.

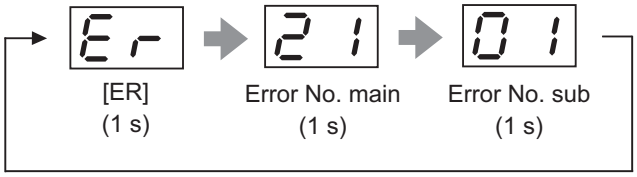
● When an Error Does Not Exist

Make an analysis according to the error conditions.
Refer to *12-5-3 Troubleshooting Using the Operation State* on page 12-45.

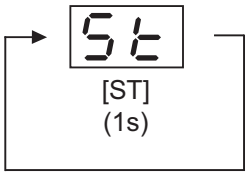
The following figure shows the 7-segment display when an error exists.

- Error display and warning display
  The preset character, main code and sub code are displayed in turns.

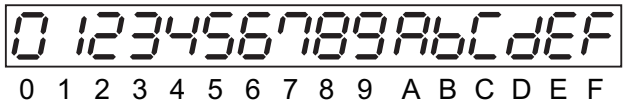
Example) Encoder Communications Error: 2101 hex



- Information display
  ST is displayed.
  Example) STO Detected: C000 hex



Numbers from 0 to F hex are displayed as follows.



12-1-2 Precautions When a Problem Occurs

When you check and verify I/O after a problem occurred, the Servo Drive may suddenly start to operate or suddenly stop, so always take the following precautions.
You should assume that anything not described in this manual is "not possible" with this product.

Precautions

- Disconnect the wiring before checking for cable breakage. If you test conduction with the cable connected, test results may not be accurate due to conduction via bypassing circuit.
- If the encoder signal is lost, the Servomotor may run away, or an error may occur. Be sure to disconnect the Servomotor from mechanical systems before you check the encoder signal.
- When you perform tests, first check that there are no persons in the vicinity of the equipment, and that the equipment will not be damaged even if the Servomotor runs away.
  Before you perform the tests, verify that you can immediately stop the machine by the use of functions such as the immediate stop in case the machine runs out of control.

12-1-3 Replacing the Servomotor or Servo Drive

Use the following procedure to replace the Servomotor or Servo Drive.

Replacing the Servomotor

1 Replace the Servomotor.

2 Perform the Motor Setup.
- Turn ON the power supply to the Servo Drive. The Motor Replacement Detected (Error No. 95.05) occurs. Use the Sysmac Studio to clear the Motor Replacement Detected.
- When you use an absolute encoder, perform the Absolute Encoder Setup. Refer to *10-2-4 Absolute Encoder Setup* on page 10-8 for details.

3 In the position control, perform origin adjustment.
- When you replace the motor, the motor's origin position (phase Z) may deviate, so you must perform origin adjustment.
- Refer to the position controller's manual for details on performing origin adjustment.



Additional Information

With the Sysmac Studio, you can clear the Motor Operating Time retained by the Servo Drive.

Replacing the Servo Drive

1 Take a record of all object settings.
Use the Sysmac Studio to read all of the servo parameters in the Parameters tab page and save them in a file.

2 Replace the Servo Drive.

3 Set the objects.
Use the Sysmac Studio to write all of the servo parameters in the Parameters tab page.

4 Perform the Motor Setup.
- When the Motor Replacement Detected (Error No. 95.05) occurs on the Servo Drive, use the Sysmac Studio to clear the Motor Replacement Detected.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Confirm that the charge lamp is not lit before you perform replacement of the Servo Drive.
- Usually, it takes at least 10 minutes to discharge electricity.
- The models with a regeneration resistor can discharge electricity in a short period of time when there is no error in its circuits and the main circuit power supply is cut off while the control power supply is ON.

Clearing Motor Replacement Detected

1 Start the Sysmac Studio and go online with the Servo Drive via EtherCAT or USB communications.

2 In the Sysmac Studio, right-click the target Servo Drive under **Configurations and Setup**, and select **Motor and Encoder**.

3 Click the **Reset Motor Replacement Detection error** button in the **Encoder Properties** pane.

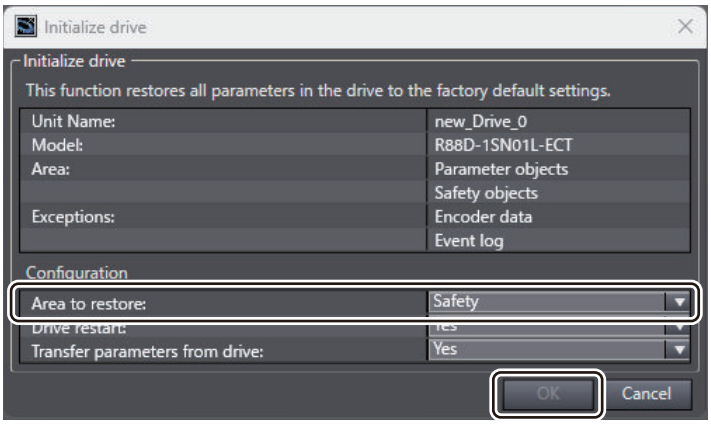
4 Execute the Unit Restart or turn the control power supply to the Servo Drive OFF and then ON again.

Clearing FSoE Address

1 Start the Sysmac Studio and go online with the Servo Drive via EtherCAT or USB communications.

2 In the Sysmac Studio, right-click the target Servo Drive under **Configurations and Setup**, and select **Initialize**.

3 Select *Safety* in Area to restore and click the **OK** button.



4 Execute the Unit Restart or turn the control power supply to the Servo Drive OFF and then ON again.

12-2 Warnings

This function outputs a warning signal to enable you to check a state such as an overload before an error occurs.
With **Warning Customization** (4020 hex), you can select whether or not to detect warnings and whether or not to hold the warning state. Also, you can set this object to be notified of warnings as errors.
If **Warning Customization** – **Warning Hold Selection** (4020-04 hex) is set to a "not hold", a warning is cleared automatically when the cause of warning is eliminated. If it is set to a "hold", perform the normal procedure to clear errors after you remove the cause of the error.

12-2-1 Related Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4020	---	Warning Customization	Sets the warning detection function.	page 9-81
	01	Warning Mask 1 Selection	When a bit is set to 1, the detection of the corresponding warning is disabled. bit 0: Overload Warning bit 1: Regeneration Overload Warning bit 2: Encoder Communications Warning bit 3: Motor Vibration Warning bit 4: Capacitor Lifetime Warning bit 5: Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning bit 7: Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning bit 9: Lifetime Information Corruption Warning bit 10: Encoder Lifetime Warning bit 11: Fan Rotation Warning bit 12: Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning	page 9-82
	03	Warning Mask 3 Selection	When a bit is set to 1, the detection of the corresponding warning is disabled. bit 0: Data Setting Warning bit 1: Command Warning bit 2: EtherCAT Communications Warning	page 9-82

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
	04	Warning Hold Selection	Selects whether to hold or not the warning state. Bit 0: 0: Not hold the warning enabled in Warning Mask 1 Selection. The warning is automatically cleared when the cause of the warning is eliminated. However, the warning is held for at least 1 second. 1: Hold the warning enabled in Warning Mask 1 Selection. After the cause of the warning is eliminated, the error reset command must be sent. Bit 2: 0: Not hold the warning enabled in Warning Mask 3 Selection. The warning is automatically cleared when the cause of the warning is eliminated. However, the warning is held for at least 1 second. 1: Hold the warning enabled in Warning Mask 3 Selection. After the cause of the warning is eliminated, the error reset command must be sent.	page 9-83
	05	Warning Level Change 1 Selection	When a bit is set to 1, the level of the corresponding warning is set as the error. bit 0: Overload Warning bit 1: Regeneration Overload Warning bit 2: Encoder Communications Warning bit 3: Motor Vibration Warning bit 4: Capacitor Lifetime Warning bit 5: Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning bit 7: Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning bit 9: Lifetime Information Corruption Warning bit 10: Encoder Lifetime Warning bit 11: Fan Rotation Warning bit 12: Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning	page 9-83
	07	Warning Level Change 3 Selection	When a bit is set to 1, the level of the corresponding warning is set as the error. bit 0: Data Setting Warning bit 1: Command Warning bit 2: EtherCAT Communications Warning	page 9-83

12-2-2 Warning List

General Warnings

Error No.		Warning name	Warning condition	Warning Mask 1 Selection*1 (4020-01 hex) Warning Level Change 1 Selection (4020-05 hex) corresponding bit
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)			
A0	00	Overload Warning	The load ratio of Servo Drive or motor (4150-81 hex) exceeded the level set in **Overload** – **Warning Notification Level** (4150-01 hex).	Bit 0
A1	00	Regeneration Overload Warning	The **Regeneration Load Ratio** (4310-81 hex) exceeded 85% of the regeneration overload detection threshold.	Bit 1
A3	00	Fan Rotation Warning	The rotation speed of the fan is 80% or less of the rating and the cooling performance decreases.	Bit 11
A4	00	Encoder Communications Warning	Encoder communications errors occurred in series more frequently than the specified value.	Bit 2
A6	00	Motor Vibration Warning	The motor vibration, which was higher than or equal to the level set in the **Vibration Detection** – **Detection Level** (3B70-01 hex), was detected.	Bit 3
A7	01	Capacitor Lifetime Warning	The capacitor built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	Bit 4
	02	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning	The inrush current prevention relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	Bit 5
	04	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning	The brake interlock output (BKIR) relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	Bit 7
	05	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning	An error was detected in the saved lifetime information.	Bit 9
	06	Encoder Lifetime Warning	• The encoder lifetime is close to the end. • The encoder broke down.	Bit 10
AB	00	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning	The multi-rotation counter of the encoder exceeded the value set in **Encoder** – **Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level** (4510-02 hex).	Bit 12

*1. For Warning Mask 1 Selection, when a bit is set to *1*, the detection of the corresponding warning is disabled.

Precautions for Correct Use

You can clear these warnings by executing the error rest command. The command does clear the warning even if the cause of the warning is not removed, but the same warning will occur again.

EtherCAT Communications Warning

Error No.		Warning name	Warning condition	Warning Mask 3 Selection*1 (4020-03 hex) Warning Level Change 3 Selection (4020-07 hex) corresponding bit
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)			
B0	00	Data Setting Warning	The object set value is out of the range.	Bit 0
B1	00	Command Warning	A command could not be executed.	Bit 1
B2	00	EtherCAT Communications Warning*2	An EtherCAT communications error occurred more than one time.	Bit 2

*1. For Warning Mask 3 Selection, when a bit is set to *1*, the detection of the corresponding warning is disabled.

*2. This warning also occurs when the power supply to the master unit is turned OFF after EtherCAT communication establishment. For this reason, a warning may be recorded in the error history if the power supply to the 1S-series Servo Drive is turned OFF immediately after the power supply to the master unit is turned OFF.

12-3 Errors

If the Servo Drive detects an abnormality, it outputs an error (/ERR), turns OFF the power drive circuit, and displays the error number (main and sub) on the front panel.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Refer to *12-5-1 Troubleshooting Using Error Displays* on page 12-17 for information on troubleshooting.
- You can reset the error by turning OFF the power supply and then ON again, or executing the error reset command via EtherCAT communications or on the Sysmac Studio. Be sure to remove the cause of the error first.
- Some errors are reset only by turning the power supply OFF then ON again. For details, refer to *12-3-1 Error List* on page 12-10.
- If nothing is displayed on the 7-segment display even when the control power supply is ON, it indicates that the internal MPU is malfunctioning. If you find this symptom, cut off the power supply immediately.

12-3-1 Error List

Error No.		Error name	Attribute	
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)		Can be reset*1	Deceleration operation*2
12	00	Overvoltage Error	---	B
13	00	Main Power Supply Undervoltage (insufficient voltage between P and N)	○	B
	01	Main Circuit Power Supply Phase Loss Error	○	B
14	00	Overcurrent Error	---	B
	01	Power Module Error	---	B
	03	Inrush Current Prevention Circuit Error	---	B
15	00	Servo Drive Overheat	○	B
	01	Motor Overheat Error	○	B
16	00	Overload Error	○	B
18	00	Regeneration Overload Error	---	B
	01	Regeneration Circuit Error	---	B
	02	Regeneration Processing Error	---	B
20	00	Runaway Detected	---	B
21	00	Encoder Communications Disconnection Error	---	B
	01	Encoder Communications Error	---	B
24	00	Excessive Position Deviation Error	○	A
	01	Excessive Speed Deviation Error	○	A
26	00	Excessive Speed Error	○	A
27	01	Absolute Value Cleared	---	B
28	00	Pulse Output Overspeed Error	○	A
	01	Pulse Output Setting Error	---	A
29	03	Following Error Counter Overflow	---	B
33	00	General Input Allocation Duplicate Error	---	A
	09	General Output Allocation Duplicate Error	---	A
34	01	Software Limit Exceeded	○	A

Error No.		Error name	Attribute	
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)		Can be reset*1	Deceleration operation*2
35	00	FPGA WDT Error	---	B
	01	System Error	---	B
	02	Self-diagnosis Error	---	B
36	00	Non-volatile Memory Data Error	---	A
37	00	Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error	---	A
38	00	Drive Prohibition Input Error	○	A
	01	Drive Prohibition Detected	○	A
41	00	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Error	---	A
43	01	Encoder Memory Error	---	B
44	00	1-rotation Counter Error	---	B
45	00	Absolute Encoder Multi-rotation Counter Error	---	B
	01	Absolute Position Detection Error	---	B
47	00	Overspeed Error	---	B
58	00	Main Circuit Temperature Monitoring Circuit Failure	---	B
59	00	Fan Error	○	A
62	00	Control Right Release Error	○	A
70	00	Safety Parameter Error	○	A
	01	Safety Communications Setting Error	○	A
	02	FSoE Slave Address Error	○	A
	03	Safety Frame Error	○	A
	04	Safety Communications Timeout	○	A
71	00	Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 1	○	B
	01	Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2	○	B
72	00	SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded	○	B
	01	SLS Function Error	○	B
83	01	EtherCAT State Change Error	○	A
	02	EtherCAT Illegal State Change Error	○	A
	03	Communications Synchronization Error	○	A
	04	Synchronization Error	○	A
	05	Sync Manager WDT Error	○	A
	06	Bootstrap State Transition Request Error	○	A
87	00	Error Stop Input	○	A
88	01	ESC Initialization Error	---	A
	02	Synchronization Interruption Error	---	A
	03	SII Verification Error	---	A
	04	ESC Error	---	A

Error No.		Error name	Attribute	
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)		Can be reset*1	Deceleration operation*2
90	00	Mailbox Setting Error	○	A
	01	PDO WDT Setting Error	○	A
	02	SM Event Mode Setting Error	○	A
	03	DC Setting Error	○	A
	04	Synchronization Cycle Setting Error	○	A
	05	RxPDO Setting Error	○	A
	06	TxPDO Setting Error	○	A
	07	RxPDO Mapping Error	○	A
	08	TxPDO Mapping Error	○	A
	09	Node Address Updated	---	A
91	01	Command Error	○	A
93	00	Electronic Gear Setting Error	---	A
94	00	Function Setting Error	○	A
95	01	Motor Non-conformity	---	A
	05	Motor Replacement Detected	---	A
97	00	Brake Interlock Error	○	A
99	99	Misalignment Alert	○*3	B

*1. The mark "○" means that you can clear the error by executing the error reset command. The mark "---" means that you need to cycle the power supply or execute Unit Restart (2400 hex) to clear the error.

*2. The deceleration operation shows the operation ("Operation A" or "Operation B") that is used when **Fault reaction option code** (605E hex) is set to *-4* to *-7*.

*3. Before resetting the Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99), refer to *12-3-3 Procedure for Reset of Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99)* on page 12-13.

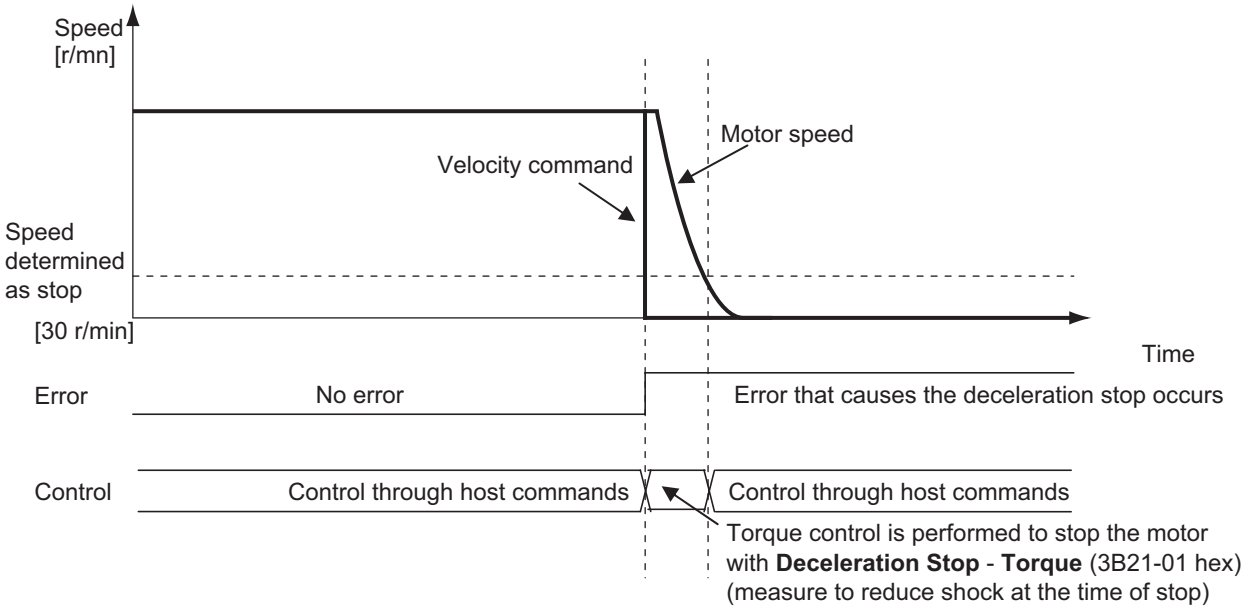
12-3-2 Deceleration Stop Operation at Errors

The deceleration stop function controls the motor and decelerates it to stop if an error that causes the deceleration stop occurs.

Related Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
605E	00	Fault reaction option code	Sets the state during deceleration and after stopping for when an error occurs.	page A-46
3B21	---	Deceleration Stop	Sets the operation during deceleration stop.	page 9-66
	01	Torque	Sets the torque limit value during deceleration stop.	page 9-66

Deceleration Stop Operation



12-3-3 Procedure for Reset of Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99)

When the Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99) has occurred, there is a possibility that the absolute position of the absolute encoder has become misaligned. In order to reliably notify the user of this information, it cannot be cleared by reset alone.
After performing **Reset Communications Error Count** as shown below, proceed with the reset.

Reset Communications Error Count

Reset Communications Error Count is performed with the Sysmac Studio connected to the USB port on the host controller or the Servo Drive. In practice, the Communications Error Count is cleared, allowing the Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99) to be reset.
After that, perform a regular reset to clear the Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99).

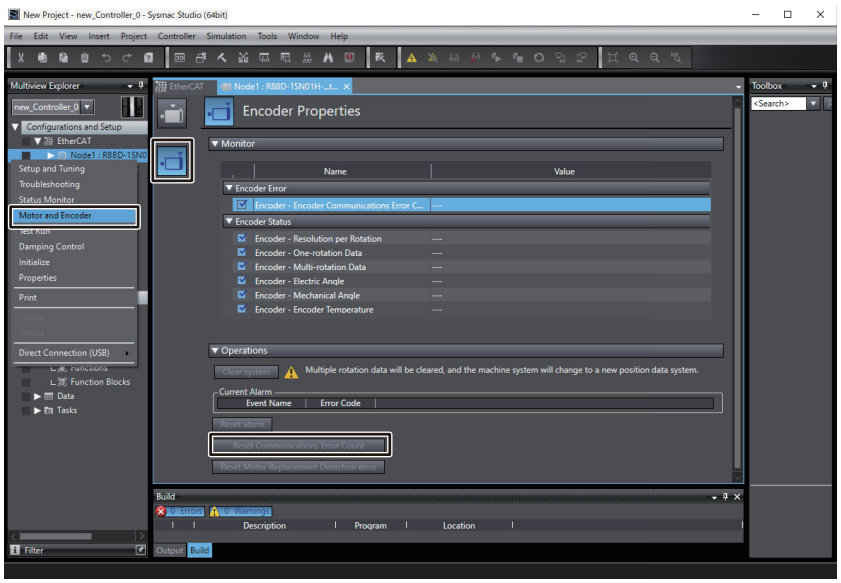
1 Check the node address of the Servo Drive where the Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99) occurred.

2 Connect the Sysmac Studio to the host controller.
Or, connect the Sysmac Studio to the USB port on the Servo Drive detecting the error.

3 From the EtherCAT configuration of the Sysmac Studio, select the Servo Drive of the target node address, right-click it, and select **Motor and Encoder** to open the Motor Properties.

4 Click the Encoder Properties button to display the Encoder Properties.

5 Click **Reset Communications Error Count** in the Encoder Properties.


New Project - new_Controller_0 - Sysmac Studio (64bit)
File Edit View Insert Project Controller Simulation Tools Window Help
Multiview Explorer
new_Controller_0
Configurations and Setup
EtherCAT
Node1 : R88D-1SN0
Setup and Tuning
Troubleshooting
Status Monitor
Motor and Encoder
Damping Control
Initialize
Properties
Print
Direct Connection (USB)
Function Blocks
Data
Tasks
Filter
EtherCAT
Node1 : R88D-1SN01H-...
Encoder Properties
Monitor
Name
Value
Encoder Error
Encoder - Encoder Communications Error C...
Encoder Status
Encoder - Resolution per Rotation
Encoder - One-rotation Data
Encoder - Multi-rotation Data
Encoder - Electric Angle
Encoder - Mechanical Angle
Encoder - Encoder Temperature
Operations
Clear system
Multiple rotation data will be cleared, and the machine system will change to a new position data system.
Current Alarm
Event Name
Error Code
Reset alarm
Reset Communications Error Count
Reset Motor Replacement Detection error
Build
0 Error(s)
0 Warning(s)
Description
Program
Location
Output
Build
Toolbox
<Search>

12-4 Information

Information is an event other than errors of which you are notified.
You can change information to errors by changing its level.

12-4-1 Related Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Name	Description	Reference
4030	---	Information Customization	Sets the information.	page 9-86
	01	Information Level Change Selection	Sets the level change of information. When a bit is set to 1, the level of the corresponding information is set as the error. Bit 0: STO	page 9-86

12-4-2 Information List

Error No.		Information name	Warning condition	Information Level Change Selection*1 (4030-01 hex)
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)			
C0*2	00	STO Detected	STO status	Bit 0

*1. For **Information Level Change Selection**, when a bit is set to *1*, the level of the corresponding information is set as the error.

*2. When a level corresponds to the information, **ST** is displayed on the 7-segment LED. If you change the level of the corresponding information to an error, **Er C0 00** will be displayed.

12-5 Troubleshooting

If an error occurs in the Servo Drive or operation, identify the cause of the error and take appropriate measures as shown below.

- For the error occurrence, check its frequency, timing, and the environment in which the error occurred.
- You can reduce errors that occur temporarily by taking noise countermeasures such as wiring a thick ground wire as short as possible.
- For details on noise countermeasures, refer to *4-3 Wiring Conforming to EMC Directives* on page 4-51.

12-5-1 Troubleshooting Using Error Displays

When an error or warning occurs, the error number is displayed on the 7-segment LED display the front of the Servo Drive.

Error List

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
12	00	Overvoltage Error	The main circuit power supply voltage (P-N voltage) exceeded the operation guarantee range.	The P-N voltage exceeded the specified value.	Keep the applied main circuit power supply voltage within the specified range.
				The input voltage increased.	Use appropriately external devices such as UPS.
				The Regeneration Resistor wiring is broken.	If a resistance value of the external resistor is infinite between the terminal B1 and B2 of the Servo Drive, the wiring is broken. Replace the external resistor.
				The External Regeneration Resistor is set or selected inappropriately.	Confirm the necessary regeneration processing capacity, and connect an appropriate External Regeneration Resistor. Also, set the parameters of the External Regeneration Resistor to the resistance value of the External Regeneration Resistor in use.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
				P-N voltage increased because a noise of a Servo Drive during Servo ON interrupted to a Servo Drive during Servo OFF.	• When several Servo Drives are used, DO NOT bundle motor power cables. • Carry out a wiring so that the inductance of the main circuit power supply cables are smaller. • You can find effect of improvement once a noise filter is set to the power line. Use one noise filter for each Servo Drive. Refer to *4-7 Noise Filter Installation Conditions When the Total Wire Length Is Long* on page 4-83 when you connect more than one Servo Drive to one noise filter. When doing so, make sure to connect all Servo Drives to the power supply through the noise filter. • You can secure the effect of improvement when you install an external regeneration resistor to the Servo Drives that are NOT built in a regeneration resistor.
				Servo Drive failure	If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.
13	00	Main Power Supply Undervoltage (insufficient voltage between P and N)	The main circuit power supply voltage fell below the operation guarantee range during Servo ON.	Incorrect wiring of the main circuit power supply	If the power supply cables are not wired to the main circuit power supply terminals (L1, L2, L3), connect them.
				The low power supply voltage is applied to the Servo Drive.	Increase the power supply capacity if it is small. Measure the applied power supply voltage, and apply the voltage according to the specification.
				The long time was set in Momentary Hold Time and the voltage was decreased momentarily.	Remove the cause that momentarily decreased the voltage. Set a short time in the Momentary Hold Time so as not to detect this error due to a momentary decrease in voltage.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
				Servo Drive failure	If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive. When there is a failure in inrush current prevention circuit, in some cases, this error occurs.
	01	Main Circuit Power Supply Phase Loss Error	The phase loss of the main circuit power supply was detected.	Incorrect wiring, for example the single-phase power supply is input to a 3-phase input type Servo Drive.	Confirm the Servo Drive specifications, and perform the correct wiring.
				In the case where the single-phase power supply is input to a single- and 3-phase input type Servo Drive, the phase loss detection is enabled.	Set **Main Circuit Power Supply – Phase Loss Detection Enable** (4320-02 hex) to *0 (disabled)*.
				The power supply voltage is low or insufficient.	Improve power supply conditions by increasing the power supply capacity or the like.
				Broken wiring of the main circuit power supply input	Replace the main circuit power supply input cable.
				Servo Drive failure	If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.
14	00	Overcurrent Error	The current flowing to the motor exceeded the protection level.	There is a short circuit, ground fault, contact failure, disconnection, or break on the U, V, or W motor cable.	Correct the connection of the U, V, or W motor cable. If the cable is broken, replace it.
				There is a short circuit on the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor.	Correct the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor.
				The insulation resistance failed between the U, V, or W motor cable and the motor ground wire.	Replace the motor.
				False detection due to the noise	Take noise countermeasures.
				Servo Drive failure	If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
	01	Power Module Error	An error was detected in the power module.	There is a short circuit, ground fault, or contact failure on the U, V, or W motor cable.	Correct the connection of the U, V, or W motor cable.
				There is a short circuit on the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor, or the value of resistance became too small.	If there is a short-circuit on the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor, correct the wiring. If the resistance value of the External Regeneration Resistor is small, excessive current will flow into the power module and cause a failure. Use a resistor with an appropriate resistance value.
				The insulation resistance failed between the U, V, or W motor cable and the motor ground wire.	Replace the motor.
				Servo Drive failure	If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.
	03	Inrush Current Prevention Circuit Error	An error of inrush current prevention circuit was detected.	Servo Drive failure	If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.
15	00	Servo Drive Overheat	The internal temperature of Servo Drive exceeded the circuit protection level.	The ambient temperature of the Servo Drive exceeded the specified value.	Improve the ambient temperature and the cooling conditions of the Servo Drive.
				Overload	Increase the setting of the acceleration/deceleration time or stopping time to lighten the load. Or, increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.
	01	Motor Overheat Error	The encoder detected the temperature that exceeded the protection level of motor.	The temperature is high around the motor.	Adjust the temperature around the motor to be within the range of the operating temperature.
				The motor is overloaded.	Adjust the motor load ratio to be within the specified range.
				Encoder failure	Replace the motor if this event occurs repeatedly.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
16	00	Overload Error	The load ratio of Servo Drive or motor (4105-81 hex) exceeded 100%.	Operation was continued for a long time with high load.	Take the following actions according to conditions. • Increase the set value of the acceleration/deceleration time or the stop time. • Lighten the load. • Adjust the gain or inertia ratio. • If torque waveforms oscillate excessively, adjust the system by the tuning so that the oscillation does not occur. • Set the appropriate brake timing. • Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.
				There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable.	Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. If the cable is broken, replace it. Or, connect the motor cable and encoder cable that are used together to the same motor. Measure the voltage at the brake terminal. If the brake is applied, release it.
				Increase in friction	Check machine conditions and remove the cause of the friction.
18	00	Regeneration Overload Error	The Regeneration Load Ratio (4310-81 hex) exceeded the regeneration overload detection threshold.	The regeneration processing is set inappropriately.	Check the regeneration processing setting, and set the same value as the resistance value of the Regeneration Resistor in use.
				The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately.	Check the operation pattern by the velocity monitor. Check the load ratio of Regeneration Resistor, and perform the following corrections accordingly. • Increase the deceleration time and stopping time. • Decrease the command velocity to the motor. • Use an External Regeneration Resistor. • Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.
				The Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking.	The Regeneration Resistor cannot be used for continuous regenerative braking.
				The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value.	Apply the specified power supply voltage.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
				Regeneration Resistor failure	Check whether the Regeneration Resistor is faulty, and use one without failures.
	01	Regeneration Circuit Error	An regeneration circuit error was detected.	There is a short circuit between B2 and N2/N3.	Perform the correct wiring, referring the cases of the connection with peripheral devices.
				Regeneration circuit failure	Replace the Servo Drive.
				Noise into wiring of the external regeneration resistor.	Take noise countermeasures by shortening wiring or the like.
	02	Regeneration Processing Error	The regeneration processing was stopped to protect the Regeneration Resistor. This error occurs when the regeneration processing continues for 500 ms or more.	The regeneration processing is set inappropriately.	Check the regeneration processing setting, and set the same value as the resistance value of the Regeneration Resistor in use.
				The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately.	Check the operation pattern by the velocity monitor. Check the load ratio of Regeneration Resistor, and perform the following corrections accordingly. • Increase the deceleration time and stopping time. • Decrease the command velocity to the motor. • Use an External Regeneration Resistor. • Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.
				The Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking.	The Regeneration Resistor cannot be used for continuous regenerative braking.
				The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value.	Apply the specified power supply voltage.
				Regeneration Resistor failure	Check whether the Regeneration Resistor is faulty, and use one without failures.
20	00	Runaway Detected	The motor rotated in the direction opposite to the command.	There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable.	Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. If the cable is broken, replace it. Or, connect the motor cable and encoder cable that are used together to the same motor.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
				The motor rotated in the direction opposite to the command by external forces.	Take countermeasures so that the motor is not subjected to external forces. Set **Runaway Detection – Enable** (3B71-01 hex) to *0 (disabled)* when the motor runs as intended.
21	00	Encoder Communications Disconnection Error	The communications disconnection was detected between the encoder and the Servo Drive. This error is detected if the encoder communications timeout occurs four times in a row.	Noise into the encoder cable	• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Confirm that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.
				Contact failure of the signal line, and disconnection of the encoder	Replace the encoder cable if it is broken. Firmly connect the encoder connector to the Servo Drive.
				Power supply undervoltage to the encoder	Use the recommended encoder cable.
				Encoder failure	If this event occurs after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the motor.
	01	Encoder Communications Error	Illegal data was received from the encoder the specified number of times. This error is detected if the data error occurs four times in a row during communications with the encoder.	Noise into the encoder cable	• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Confirm that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.
				Contact failure of the signal line, and disconnection of the encoder	Replace the encoder cable if it is broken. Firmly connect the encoder connector to the Servo Drive.
				Power supply undervoltage to the encoder	Use the recommended encoder cable.
24	00	Excessive Position Deviation Error	The position deviation is greater than or equal to the value set in the Following error window.	The motor operation does not follow the command.	Identify and remove a cause that limits the motor operation. During the acceleration/deceleration, the command may not be followed depending on operation patterns. In that case, adjust the gain, increase the acceleration/deceleration time or the like.
				The value of Following error window is small.	Increase the setting of the Following error window to an acceptable range.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
	01	Excessive Speed Deviation Error	The speed deviation is greater than or equal to the value set in the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level.	The motor operation does not follow the command because a parameter value is inappropriate.	Adjust the gain to improve the following ability. Or, increase the acceleration/deceleration time for the internal position command velocity.
				The output axis of motor is limited on the operation by external forces.	Take countermeasures so that the output axis is not limited on the operation by external forces.
				The value of the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level is inappropriate.	Increase the setting of the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level to an acceptable range. Disable the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection if it is unnecessary to monitor the velocity deviation.
26	00	Excessive Speed Error	The feedback motor speed is greater than or equal to the value set in the Excessive Speed Detection Level.	The velocity command value is too large.	Do not give the excessive velocity command. Check whether the electronic gear ratio is set correctly.
				Overshooting occurred.	If overshooting occurred due to faulty gain adjustment, adjust the gain.
				The motor is rotated by external forces.	Check whether the motor is rotated by external forces.
27	01	Absolute Value Cleared	The multi-rotation counter of the absolute encoder was cleared.		This operation is performed for safety and is not an error.
28	00	Pulse Output Overspeed Error	The speed, which exceeded the frequency that could be output by the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output function, was detected.	The dividing ratio setting is inappropriate for the actual usage condition.	Correct the setting of Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator and Dividing Numerator.
	01	Pulse Output Setting Error	The dividing numerator exceeded the dividing denominator when the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator was set to a value other than 0.		Correct the setting of Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator and Dividing Numerator.
29	03	Following Error Counter Overflow	The following error value exceeded the range from -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647.	The motor operation does not follow the command.	Identify and remove a cause that limits the motor operation. During the acceleration/deceleration, the command may not be followed depending on operation patterns. In that case, change the operation pattern by increasing the acceleration/deceleration time or the like.
				The motor is rotated or limited on the operation by external forces.	Take countermeasures so that the motor is not subjected to external forces.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
33	00	General Input Allocation Duplicate Error	More than one function input is allocated to one general input.		Correct the duplicate general input allocation.
	09	General Output Allocation Duplicate Error	More than one function output is allocated to one general output.		Correct the duplicate general output allocation.
34	01	Software Limit Exceeded	The Position actual value detected the position that exceeded the value set in the Software Position Limit, and stopped the operation according to the user setting.	Incorrect setting of Software Position Limit	Correct the setting of Software Position Limit.
				When the Software Position Limit – Stop Selection was set to a *Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code*, the position exceeded the value set in the Software Position Limit.	Set the command value to be within the range of Software Position Limit.
35	00	FPGA WDT Error	An FPGA error was detected.	False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise	If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, the hardware is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
				Hardware failure	
	01	System Error	A hardware error due to the self-diagnosis and a fatal software error were detected.	False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise	If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, a fatal error exists. Replace the Servo Drive.
				A fatal software error was detected.	
				Hardware failure	
	02	Self-diagnosis Error	An error was detected by the self-diagnosis of the safety function.	Quick cycling of the control power supply in approximately 100 ms	If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.
				False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise	
				Hardware failure	
36	00	Non-volatile Memory Data Error	An error of data saved in the non-volatile memory was detected.	Power interruption or noise occurred while parameters other than the safety were saved	Save data after setting the parameter again, and cycle the power supply.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
				Power interruption or noise occurred while the motor identity information was saved	Execute Motor Setup, and cycle the power supply.
				Power interruption or noise occurred while safety parameters were saved	Clear the FSoE slave address, execute FSoE Enable Reset, and cycle the power supply.
37	00	Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error	An error occurred on the non-volatile memory.	False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise	After you cycled the power supply, if this error occurs continuously although the error is reset, the non-volatile memory is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
				Non-volatile memory failure	
38	00	Drive Prohibition Input Error	Both the Positive Drive Prohibition (POT) and the Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) turned ON.	An error occurred on the switch, wire, power supply, and wiring that was connected to the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT).	Check and correct an error on the switch, wire, power supply, and wiring that is connected to the Positive Drive Prohibition Input or Negative Drive Prohibition Input.
				False detection occurred because the control signal power supply was turned ON slowly.	Check whether the control signal power supply (12 to 24 VDC) is turned ON slowly, and adjust the timing if it is slow.
	01	Drive Prohibition Detected	The operation was stopped according to the user setting because the motor ran in the prohibited direction when the Drive Prohibition was enabled.	Incorrect or broken wiring of Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT)	Correct the wiring if the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) is wired incorrectly. If the cable is broken, replace it.
				Incorrect setting of the Drive Prohibition Input	Review the setting of the drive prohibition input port and set it correctly.
41	00	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Error	The multi-rotation counter of the encoder exceeded the maximum number of rotations.	An inappropriate value was set in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).	Set the appropriate value in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).
				The multi-rotation number of the encoder exceeded the maximum number of rotations.	Set the travel distance so that the multi-rotation number does not exceed the maximum number of rotations.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
43	01	Encoder Memory Error	The encoder detected a non-volatile memory error.	False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise	If this event occurs after you cycled the power supply, the encoder is faulty. Replace the motor.
				Non-volatile memory failure	
44	00	1-rotation Counter Error	The encoder detected a one-rotation counter error.	There is excessive noise.	Take noise countermeasures. If this event occurs after you performed noise countermeasures, the motor is faulty. Replace the motor.
				Failure due to vibration, impact, condensation or foreign matter, etc.	
45	00	Absolute Encoder Multi-rotation Counter Error	The encoder detected a multi-rotation counter error.	A temporary error occurred in the encoder multi-rotation detection function due to vibration, impact, or condensation.	Use the product continuously if this event does not occur after improving the operating environment. Replace the motor if this event occurs again.
				Encoder failure	
	01	Absolute Position Detection Error	The encoder detected a multi-rotation counter error.	A detection error was detected in the multi-rotation detection section of the encoder.	Perform the Absolute Encoder Setup after cycling the power supply, and update the multi-rotation number. *1
				There is excessive noise.	Take noise countermeasures. Replace the motor if this event occurs repeatedly.
47	00	Overspeed Error	The encoder detected the overspeed.	The motor is rotated by external forces.	Take countermeasures so that the motor is not subjected to external forces if the motor is rotated by external forces.
				Encoder failure and false detection	If this event occurs repeatedly, the encoder is faulty. Replace the motor.
58	00	Main Circuit Temperature Monitoring Circuit Failure	A temperature monitoring circuit failure was detected on the main circuit.		If this event occurs repeatedly after you cycled the power supply, Replace the Servo Drive.
59	00	Fan Error	The rotation speed of the fan is 40% or less of the rating and the cooling performance decreases.	There is a foreign matter in the cooling fan and it blocks the rotation	Check whether there is a foreign matter in the fan. If you find a foreign matter, remove it.
				Cooling fan failure	If there is no improvement after you performed the correction above, replace the Servo Drive.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
62	00	Control Right Release Error	Communications between the Sysmac Studio and Servo Drive were interrupted while a specific function was used from the Sysmac Studio. This error is detected when the FFT, test run, or control output check function is used.	The USB cable or EtherCAT cable was disconnected during the connection with the Sysmac Studio.	Connect the USB cable or EtherCAT cable between the Servo Drive and the computer that controls the Servo Drive if it is disconnected.
				There is excessive noise.	Take noise countermeasures for the USB cable or EtherCAT cable.
				A command sent from the Sysmac Studio was not sent to the Servo Drive because the computer was in a busy state or the like.	Finish other applications to reduce the processing load of the computer.
70	00	Safety Parameter Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because an incorrect parameter was received.	The set safety slave model is incorrect	Check whether the connected safety slave model corresponds the safety slave model that is set from the setting tool. If not correspond, correct it.
				There is discrepancy between safety function setting downloaded to EtherCAT master and safety application data downloaded to safety controller.	Download a safety function setting to EtherCAT master. Also, download safety application data to a safety controller.
	01	Safety Communications Setting Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because of an incorrect communications setting.	The watchdog time was set incorrectly.	If the watchdog time of the safety process data communications setting was set to a value inappropriate for the communications cycle or the configuration, correct it, and transfer the setting to the Safety CPU Unit.
				The processing was not completed within the watchdog time because communications were not established due to the noise.	If there is no improvement after you performed noise countermeasures, set the longer watchdog time, and transfer the setting to the Safety CPU Unit.
	02	FSoE Slave Address Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because of an incorrect FSoE slave address.		Perform the FSoE Slave Address Clear for the Servo Drive according to *Clearing FSoE Address* on page 12-5.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
	03	Safety Frame Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because an incorrect frame was received.	An incorrect frame was received in safety process data communications.	The Servo Drive model does not match the safety slave model that is sent from the safety master. Check the connection configuration and configure it correctly.
				There is excessive noise.	Take noise countermeasures.
	04	Safety Communications Timeout	A communications timeout occurred in safety process data communications with the Safety CPU Unit.	A setting is not correct. The setting of the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit is too short.	Increase the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit and then transfer the settings to the Safety CPU Unit.
				There is excessive noise.	Take noise countermeasures.
				The Safety CPU Unit or safety slave entered a status where it could not continue safety process data communications.	Check the status of the Safety CPU Unit or safety slave.
71	00	Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 1	With **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled, FSoE communications were started by assigning an SLS instance to the safety PDO mapping.	The Servomotor is not connected.	Connect the Servomotor.
				Motor Advanced Setting – **Without Motor Operation Selection** (4412-02 hex) is set to *1: Without motor operation*.	Set **Motor Advanced Setting** – **Without Motor Operation Selection** (4412-02 hex) to *0: Normal operation* before using the SLS function.
				False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise	After you cycled the power supply, if this error occurs continuously although the error is reset, the non-volatile memory is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
				Non-volatile memory failure	
	01	Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2	**Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) was disabled in SLS status. Or, the SLS command was set to Activate SLS with **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled.	The acceleration/deceleration time for acceleration and deceleration in SLS status is short.	Correct the operation command to increase the acceleration/deceleration time so that **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) remains enabled during acceleration/deceleration.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
				An external force such as unbalanced load was applied.	Take countermeasures so that the motor is not subjected to external forces. If the operation is as intended, consider using the 1S-series with Safety Functionality R88D-1SAN□.
				Motor power status was turned OFF during motor rotation in SLS status.	Correct the operation command so that Motor power status does not turn OFF during motor rotation in SLS status.
				The SLS command was set to Activate SLS with **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled.	Set the SLS command to Activate SLS with **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) enabled.
				The motor power cable is long.	• Use a motor power cable of the latest version. • Take noise countermeasures such as using a noise filter.
				Noise	
				Hardware failure	If this error occurs continuously even after the error is reset, the hardware is faulty. Replace the Servomotor or Servo Drive.
72	00	SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded	Safety Present Motor Velocity exceeded the velocity limit being monitored by the SLS function.	**Safety Velocity Detection** – **Safety Present Motor Velocity** (4F1A-81 hex) exceeded the velocity limit set in **SLS velocity limit** (6693 hex).	Correct the user program so that **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Safety Present Motor Velocity** (4F1A-81 hex) falls within the velocity limit set in **SLS velocity limit** (6693 hex). Or, adjust **SLS velocity limit** (6693 hex) appropriately.
				The motor power cable is long.	• Use a motor power cable of the latest version. • Take noise countermeasures such as using a noise filter.
				Noise	
	01	SLS Function Error	A problem on use of the SLS function was detected.	When the SLS command was Activate SLS with **Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate** (4F16 hex) set to *1: Activate*, Reset SLS was performed before the SLS status goes into SLS state.	After the SLS status goes into SLS state, Reset SLS.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
83	01	EtherCAT State Change Error	A communications state change command was received for which the current communications state could not be changed.		Check the command specifications for communications state transitions in the host controller and correct host controller processing.
	02	EtherCAT Illegal State Change Error	An undefined communications state change command was received.		Check the command specifications for communications state transitions in the host controller and correct host controller processing.
	03	Communications Synchronization Error	Communications were not established consecutively because the synchronization with the EtherCAT Master could not be achieved.	The power supply to the host controller was interrupted during PDO communications.	Reset the error in the host controller. This event reports an error that was detected when the power supply to the host controller was interrupted. It does not indicate that an error currently exists.
				An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a daisy chain configuration.	Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.
				An EtherCAT communications cable is broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a ring topology configuration.	• Set **Communications Error Setting** (2200 hex) to 2 or more. • Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.
				Noise	Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise affects the EtherCAT communications cable.
				Failure of the EtherCAT physical layer of a Servo Drive	If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.
	04	Synchronization Error	A signal for synchronous communications could not be detected.	Noise	Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise affects the EtherCAT communications cable.
				Error of the EtherCAT slave communications controller	If this event occurs again after you cycled the power supply, replace the Servo Drive.
	05	Sync Manager WDT Error	PDO communications were interrupted for the allowable period or longer.	An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, loose, broken, or has a contact failure.	Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.
				Host controller error	Check the operation of the host controller. Take appropriate countermeasures if there is a problem.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
	06	Bootstrap State Transition Request Error	The state transition to unsupported Bootstrap was requested.		Check the EtherCAT master setting so that the EtherCAT master does not request the transition to Bootstrap.
87	00	Error Stop Input	The Error Stop Input (ESTP) is active.	The Error Stop Input (ESTP) was input.	Remove the cause of Error Stop Input (ESTP).
				The Error Stop Input (ESTP) is incorrectly wired	Correct the wiring if the Error Stop Input (ESTP) is incorrectly wired.
88	01	ESC Initialization Error	The initialization of EtherCAT slave communications controller failed.	Data was incorrectly overwritten in the non-volatile memory of the EtherCAT slave communications controller	If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.
				Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller	
	02	Synchronization Interruption Error	Synchronization interruption did not occur within the specified period.	Incorrect EtherCAT synchronization setting of the host controller	Set the synchronization setting of the host controller according to the synchronization specifications for the EtherCAT slave.
				Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection	If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, the Servo Drive is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
	03	SII Verification Error	An error occurred in SII data of the EtherCAT slave communications controller.	Data was incorrectly overwritten in the non-volatile memory of the EtherCAT slave communications controller	If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.
				Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection	
	04	ESC Error	An error occurred in the EtherCAT slave communications controller.	When AL Status Code is 0051 hex, errors or false detection are found in EtherCAT Slave Controller.	If this event occurs repeatedly after you cycled the power supply, the EtherCAT slave communications controller is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
				When AL Status Code is 0050 hex, abnormal access by the third party's EtherCAT master	
90	00	Mailbox Setting Error	An incorrect mailbox setting of Sync Manager was detected.		Check the mailbox setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
	01	PDO WDT Setting Error	An incorrect PDO WDT setting was detected.		Check the PDO WDT setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
	02	SM Event Mode Setting Error	The unsupported SM Event Mode was set.		Check the synchronization setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
	03	DC Setting Error	A mistake was made in the DC Mode operation setting.		Check the DC Mode setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
	04	Synchronization Cycle Setting Error	When the DC mode was established, the cycle time was set to the inoperable value. In the variable PDO mapping, the maximum number of objects you can map is specified as follows: 6 for both RxPDO and TxPDO for the communication period of 125 µs, 10 for both RxPDO and TxPDO for other communication periods. An error occurs if you map a larger number of objects than that specified above. This error is also detected in the following case: the cycle time is an integral multiple of 125 µs and is not 10 ms or lower.	The variable PDO mapping is used, and the number of objects is more than the maximum number of mapped objects for the cycle time.	Set the number of objects to a value smaller than the maximum number of mapped objects for the cycle time.
				The cycle time setting is incorrect.	Correct the cycle time setting.
	05	RxPDO Setting Error	An RxPDO setting error was detected.	The RxPDO setting of EtherCAT master is incorrect.	Correct the RxPDO setting according to the definition of ESI of Servo Drive, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again. If this event occurs repeatedly after the download to the EtherCAT master, the Servo Drive is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
				Servo Drive failure	
	06	TxPDO Setting Error	A TxPDO setting error was detected.	The TxPDO setting of EtherCAT master is incorrect.	Correct the TxPDO setting according to the definition of ESI of Servo Drive, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again. If this event occurs repeatedly after the download to the EtherCAT master, the Servo Drive is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
				Servo Drive failure	

Error No.		Name	Cause	Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)			
	07	RxPDO Mapping Error	An incorrect RxPDO was set, such as out of the allowable range of Index, Subindex, or size. This error is detected when the following settings are made. • If an object which cannot be mapped as a PDO is mapped • If the total size of objects mapped as the safety process data exceeds the specified size • If the total size of objects mapped to Sync Manager 2 PDO Assignment is one byte • If the total size of objects mapped as the variable PDOs exceeds the maximum size • If 1A10 hex is not mapped while 1610 hex is mapped • If there were too many or too little data in 1610 hex • If the process data components were included in PDOs other than 1610 hex	Correct the RxPDO setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
	08	TxPDO Mapping Error	An incorrect TxPDO was set, such as out of the allowable range of Index, Subindex, or size. This error is detected when the following settings are made. • If an object which cannot be mapped as a PDO is mapped • If the total size of objects mapped as the safety process data exceeds the specified size • If the total size of objects mapped to Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment is one byte • If the total size of objects mapped as the variable PDOs exceeds the maximum size • If 1610 hex is not mapped while 1A10 hex is mapped • If there were too many or too little data in 1A10 hex • If the process data components were included in PDOs other than 1A10 hex	Correct the TxPDO setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
	09	Node Address Updated	The node address is changed from a set value in Sysmac Studio to a value of the ID switches.	Check the node address value. Set a correct value if it is wrong.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
91	01	Command Error	A mistake was made in using a command.	When bit 9 (Remote) of the Statusword was set to *1 (remote)*, and the Servo Drive was in "Operation enabled" state (Servo ON), the Servo Drive received a command to change the communications state from Operational to another state (Init, Pre-Operational, or Safe-Operational).	Check the Servo Drive specifications and use the command correctly.
				A mode of operation other than the hm mode was set during the homing operation.	
				Modes of operation was set to pp, pv or hm mode when the communications period was set to shorter than 250 µs.	
93	00	Electronic Gear Setting Error	The electronic gear ratio exceeded the allowable range. You can set the electronic gear ratio to the range from 1/2,000 to 2,000 times.		Correct the electronic gear ratio to the range from 1/2,000 to 2,000 times.
94	00	Function Setting Error	The function that was set does not support the communications period.	The electronic gear ratio was not 1:1 when the communications period was set to 125 µs.	Correct the electronic gear ratio to 1:1, or set the communications period to longer than 125 µs.
				The Backlash Compensation was enabled when the communications period was set to 125 µs.	Disable the Backlash Compensation, or set the communications period to longer than 125 µs.
95	01	Motor Nonconformity	The Servo Drive and motor combination is not correct.		Replace the motor with one that matches the Servo Drive.
	05	Motor Replacement Detected	The connected motor is different from the motor that was connected the last time.	The motor was replaced.	Perform the Motor Setup and Absolute Encoder Setup.
				The Servo Drive was replaced.	Perform the Motor Setup.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
97	00	Brake Interlock Error	The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) was output by the Timeout at Servo OFF.	The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) was output because the motor rotation speed did not decrease to or less than the speed set in the Threshold Speed at Servo OFF within the time set in the Timeout at Servo OFF when Servo OFF was performed during the motor operation.	Increase the set value of the Timeout at Servo OFF according to actual operation conditions.
99	99	Misalignment Alert	Misalignment may have occurred in the encoder.	Encoder failure	The encoder is faulty. Replace the motor. To reset this error, refer to *12-3-3 Procedure for Reset of Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99)* on page 12-13.
A0	00	Overload Warning	The load ratio of Servo Drive or motor (4150-01 hex) exceeded the level set in the **Overload – Warning Notification Level**.	Operation was continued for a long time with high load	Perform the following corrections accordingly. • Increase the set value of the acceleration/deceleration time or the stop time. • Lighten the load. • Adjust the gain and inertia ratio. • If torque waveforms oscillate excessively, adjust the system by the tuning so that the oscillation does not occur. • Set the appropriate brake timing. • Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.
				There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable.	• Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. If the cable is broken, replace it. Or, connect the motor cable and encoder cable that are used together to the same motor. • Measure the voltage at the brake terminal. If the brake is applied, release it.
				Increase in friction	Check machine conditions and remove the cause of the friction.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
A1	00	Regeneration Overload Warning	The **Regeneration Load Ratio** (4310-81 hex) exceeded 85% of the regeneration overload detection threshold.	The regeneration processing is set inappropriately.	Check the regeneration processing setting, and set the same value as the resistance value of the Regeneration Resistor in use.
				The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately.	Check the operation pattern by the velocity monitor. Check the load ratio of Regeneration Resistor, and perform the following corrections accordingly. • Increase the deceleration time and stopping time. • Decrease the command velocity to the motor. • Use an External Regeneration Resistor. • Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.
				This Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking.	The Regeneration Resistor cannot be used for continuous regenerative braking.
				The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value.	Apply the specified power supply voltage.
				Regeneration Resistor failure	Check whether the Regeneration Resistor is faulty, and use one without failures.
A3	00	Fan Rotation Warning	The rotation speed of the fan is 80% or less of the rating and the cooling performance decreases.	There is a foreign matter in the cooling fan and it blocks the rotation	Check whether there is a foreign matter in the fan. If you find a foreign matter, remove it.
				Cooling fan failure	If there is no improvement after you performed the correction above, replace the Servo Drive.
A4	00	Encoder Communications Warning	Encoder communications errors occurred in series more frequently than the specified value. This warning is detected if encoder communication fails twice in a row due to events such as a timeout or data error.	Noise into the encoder cable	• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Check that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
				Contact failure of the encoder cable	Check whether the connector is disconnected. Connect the connector firmly if it is disconnected or loose. Check that the encoder cable is not broken. Replace the encoder cable if it is broken.
				Power supply undervoltage to the encoder	Use the recommended encoder cable.
A6	00	Motor Vibration Warning	The motor vibration, which was higher than or equal to the level set in the **Vibration Detection** – **Detection Level** (3B70-01 hex), was detected.	The control parameter is set inappropriately.	Set the control parameters such as inertia ratio, gain, and filter to appropriate values by gain tuning or manually.
				The rigidity decreased due to mechanical looseness or wear.	Check whether the mechanical system is not loose and secure it firmly. If the rigidity of mechanical system is changed, adjust the control parameter again.
A7	01	Capacitor Lifetime Warning	The capacitor built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	The operating time of the capacitor in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life.	Refer to *13-4 Explanation of Lifetime Warning and Solution when Detected* on page 13-6.
	02	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning	The inrush current prevention relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	The number of operating times of the inrush current prevention relay in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life. *2	
	04	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning	The brake interlock output (BKIR) relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	The number of operating times of the brake interlock output in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life. *2	
	05	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning	An error was detected in the saved lifetime information.	The lifetime information corruption was detected when the power supply was turned ON.	
	06	Encoder Lifetime Warning	The encoder lifetime is close to the end. Or, the encoder has broken down.	Temporary noise	
				The end of the encoder life	
				Encoder breakdown	

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
AB	00	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning	The multi-rotation counter of the encoder exceeded the value set in **Encoder** – **Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level** (4510-02 hex).	An inappropriate value was set in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).	Set an appropriate value in the Encoder – Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder (4510-01 hex).
				The multi-rotation number of the encoder exceeded the warning level.	Set the travel distance so that the multi-rotation number does not exceed the value set in the **Encoder** – **Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level** (4510-02 hex).
B0	00	Data Setting Warning	The object set value is out of the range.		Correct the object setting to be within the specified range.
B1	00	Command Warning	A command could not be executed.	The *Switch on* command was received.	Send the *Switch on* command with the main circuit power supply ON.
				The *Enable operation* command was received.	Send the *Enable operation* command under the following conditions. • In supported operation mode • The motor rotation speed is 30 r/min or less. • In the free-run mode, the interpolation time period is the integral multiple of the communications cycle.
				An operation command in the prohibition direction was received after the immediate stop by the Drive Prohibition Input or Software Position Limit.	Check status of the Drive Prohibition Input and Software Position Limit by the Digital inputs, Statusword, and Software Position Limit. Then, do not issue the command in the drive prohibition direction.
				Homing started.	Set a supported number of the Homing method for homing. Start homing at the timing of when homing is not performed.
				The positioning start command was received in the Profile position mode.	Set a supported value for bit 5 and 6 in the Controlword.
B2	00	EtherCAT Communications Warning	An EtherCAT communications error occurred more than one time.	An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a daisy chain configuration.	Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.

Error No.		Name	Cause		Measures
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)				
				• In a ring topology configuration, the ring disconnection status occurred. • In a ring topology configuration, the ring disconnection status was fixed.	Refer to *13-5 Method for Ring Disconnection Maintenance and Inspection* on page 13-9 and perform inspection.
				Noise	Take noise countermeasures so that the noise does not affect the EtherCAT communications cable.
				Failure of the EtherCAT physical layer of a Servo Drive	If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.
C0 (ST)	00	STO Detected	The safety input OFF state was detected via the safety input signal or EtherCAT communications.	The cable is disconnected or broken.	Reconnect the input wiring for safety inputs 1 and 2. If the cable is broken, replace it.
				The STO input was turned OFF via EtherCAT communications.	Remove the cause that turned OFF the safety input signal of the Safety Input Unit.

*1. Refer to *10-2-4 Absolute Encoder Setup* on page 10-8 for the absolute encoder setup.

*2. Refer to *13-2 Servo Drive Lifetime* on page 13-4 for the lifetime of components.

12-5-2 Troubleshooting Using AL Status Codes

The AL status codes notify users of errors related to EtherCAT communications.
This section gives errors that 1S-series Servo Drives notify to the host controllers with AL status codes, as well as their causes and remedies.

AL Status Code List

AL status code (hex)	Name	Cause		Measures
0011	EtherCAT State Change Error	A communications state change command was received for which the current communications state could not be changed.		Check the command specifications for communications state transitions in the host controller and correct host controller processing.
0012	EtherCAT Illegal State Change Error	An undefined communications state change command was received.		Check the command specifications for communications state transitions in the host controller and correct host controller processing.
0013	Bootstrap State Transition Request Error	The state transition to unsupported Bootstrap was requested by the EtherCAT master.		Check the EtherCAT master setting so that the EtherCAT master does not request the transition to Bootstrap.
0014	SII Verification Error	An error occurred in SII data of the EtherCAT slave communications controller.	Data was incorrectly overwritten in the non-volatile memory of the EtherCAT slave communications controller.	If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.
			Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection	
0016	Mailbox Setting Error	An incorrect mailbox setting of Sync Manager was detected.		Check the mailbox setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
001B	Sync Manager WDT Error	PDO communications were interrupted for the allowable period or longer.	An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, loose, or broken.	Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely.
			Host controller error	Check the operation of the host controller. Take appropriate countermeasures if there is a problem.

AL status code (hex)	Name	Cause		Measures
001D	RxPDO Setting Error	An RxPDO setting error was detected.	The RxPDO setting of EtherCAT master is incorrect.	Correct the RxPDO setting according to the definition of ESI of Servo Drive, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again. If this event occurs repeatedly after the download to the EtherCAT master, the Servo Drive is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
			Servo Drive failure	
001E	TxPDO Setting Error	A TxPDO setting error was detected.	The TxPDO setting of EtherCAT master is incorrect.	Correct the TxPDO setting according to the definition of ESI of Servo Drive, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again. If this event occurs repeatedly after the download to the EtherCAT master, the Servo Drive is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
			Servo Drive failure	
001F	PDO WDT Setting Error	An incorrect PDO WDT setting was detected.		Check the PDO WDT setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
0024	TxPDO Mapping Error	An incorrect TxPDO was set, such as out of the allowable range of Index, Subindex, or size. This error is detected when the following settings are made. • If an object which cannot be mapped as a PDO is mapped • If the total size of objects mapped as the safety process data exceeds the specified size • If the total size of objects mapped to **Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment** is one byte • If the total size of objects mapped as the variable PDOs exceeds the maximum size • If 1610 hex is not mapped while 1A10 hex is mapped • If there were too many or too little data in 1A10 hex • If the process data components were included in PDOs other than 1A10 hex		Correct the TxPDO setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.

AL status code (hex)	Name	Cause		Measures
0025	RxPDO Mapping Error	An incorrect RxPDO was set, such as out of the allowable range of Index, Subindex, or size. This error is detected when the following settings are made. • If an object which cannot be mapped as a PDO is mapped • If the total size of objects mapped as the safety process data exceeds the specified size • If the total size of objects mapped to **Sync Manager 2 PDO Assignment** is one byte • If the total size of objects mapped as the variable PDOs exceeds the maximum size • If 1A10 hex is not mapped while 1610 hex is mapped • If there were too many or too little data in 1610 hex • If the process data components were included in PDOs other than 1610 hex		Correct the RxPDO setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
0028	SM Event Mode Setting Error	The unsupported SM Event Mode was set.		Check the synchronization setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
002C	Synchronization Error	A signal for synchronous communications could not be detected.	Noise	Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise affects the EtherCAT communications cable.
			Error of the EtherCAT slave communications controller	If this event occurs again after you cycled the power supply, replace the Servo Drive.
002D	Synchronization Interruption Error	Synchronization interruption did not occur within the specified period.	Incorrect EtherCAT synchronization setting of the host controller	Set the synchronization setting of the host controller according to the synchronization specifications for the EtherCAT slave.
			Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection	If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, the Servo Drive is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.
0030	DC Setting Error	A mistake was made in the DC Mode operation setting.		Check the DC Mode setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
0034	Communications Synchronization Error	Communications were not established consecutively because the synchronization with the EtherCAT Master could not be achieved.	The power supply to the host controller was interrupted during PDO communications.	Reset the error in the host controller. This event reports an error that was detected when the power supply to the host controller was interrupted. It does not indicate that an error currently exists.

AL status code (hex)	Name	Cause		Measures
			An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a daisy chain configuration.	Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.
			An EtherCAT communications cable is broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a ring topology configuration.	• Set **Communications Error Setting** (2200 hex) to 2 or more. • Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.
			Noise	Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise affects the EtherCAT communications cable.
			Failure of the EtherCAT physical layer of a Servo Drive	If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.
0035	Synchronization Cycle Setting Error	When the DC mode was established, the cycle time was set to the inoperable value. In the variable PDO mapping, the maximum number of objects you can map is specified as follows: 6 for both RxPDO and TxPDO for the communication period of 125 µs, 10 for both RxPDO and TxPDO for other communication periods. An error occurs if you map a larger number of objects than that specified above. This error is also detected in the following case: the cycle time is an integral multiple of 125 µs and is not 10 ms or lower.	The variable PDO mapping is used, and the number of objects is more than the maximum number of mapped objects for the cycle time.	Set the number of objects to a value smaller than the maximum number of mapped objects for the cycle time.
			The cycle time setting is incorrect.	Correct the cycle time setting.
0050	ESC Error	An error occurred in the EtherCAT slave communications controller.	Error access from the non-OMRON EtherCAT master	Please contact the manufacturer of EtherCAT master.
0051			Error of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection	If this event occurs repeatedly after you cycled the power supply, the EtherCAT slave communications controller is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.

AL status code (hex)	Name	Cause	Measures
0061	Node Address Updated	The node address is changed to a value of the ID switches.	Cycle the power supply before use.
		After changing the node address, an attempt was made to establish communications without recycling the power supply.	
8000	Unit Restarted	Restart was performed.	---

12-5-3 Troubleshooting Using the Operation State

Symptom	Probable cause	Check items	Measures
The 7-segment display does not light.	The control power is not supplied.	Check to see if the power supply input is within the allowed power supply voltage range.	Supply the correct power supply voltage.
		Check to see if the power supply input is wired correctly.	Wire correctly.
The ECAT ERR indicator flashes or lights.	A communications-related error occurred.	Refer to *EtherCAT Communications Warning* on page 12-9.	
The L/A IN and L/A OUT indicators are OFF.	A link in the EtherCAT physical communications layer is not established.	Check to see if the communications cable is connected correctly.	Connect the communications cable correctly.
		Check to see if the host controller started.	Start the host controller.
The L/A IN or L/A OUT indicator is OFF.	In a ring topology configuration, the ring disconnection status occurred.	Refer to *13-5 Method for Ring Disconnection Maintenance and Inspection* on page 13-9 and perform inspection. If the Servo Drive is faulty, replace it.	
An error occurred.	Read the error number and the error log.	Check the cause listed in *12-5-1 Troubleshooting Using Error Displays* on page 12-17.	
The Servo does not lock.	The power cable is not connected correctly.	Check to see if the motor power cable is connected properly.	Wire the motor power cable correctly.
	The Servomotor power supply is not ON.	Check the main circuit wiring and power voltage.	Input the correct power and voltage for the main circuit.
	Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) is OFF.	• Check to see if the input for POT or NOT is OFF. • Check the input of +24 VIN to CN1.	Turn ON POT and NOT. Input +24 VIN correctly.
	The torque limit is set to *0*.	Check to see if the torque limits in the **Positive torque limit value** (60E0 hex) and the **Negative torque limit value** (60E1 hex) are set to *0*.	Set the maximum torque that you use for each of these objects.
	The Servo Drive is in a safe state (STO).	Check the wiring of the safety input.	Wire correctly.
		Safety settings used for other configurations remain in place.	Perform the FSoE Slave Address Clear for the Servo Drive according to *Clearing FSoE Address* on page 12-5.

Symptom	Probable cause	Check items	Measures
	Communications with the Safety CPU Unit are not established.	When you use the STO function via FSoE communications, confirm that communications with the Safety CPU Unit are performed.	Make the settings for the Safety CPU Unit.
	The Servo Drive is broken down.	---	Replace the Servo Drive.
The Servo locks but the Servomotor does not rotate.	The host controller does not give a command.	For a position command, check to see if the speed and position are set to *0*.	Enter position and speed data. Start the Servomotor.
	The Servo Drive received a command but it is not accepted.	Check to see if the Servo Drive retains the object value for two communications cycles or more in Profile position mode (pp).	Set the Servo Drive so that it retains the object value for two communications cycles or more.
	It is hard to determine if the Servomotor is rotating.	Check to see if the velocity command given by the host controller is too small.	Check the velocity command from the host controller.
	The holding brake is operating.	Check the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) signal and the +24 VDC power supply.	Check to see if the holding brake on a Servomotor with brake is released when the Servo is locked.
	The torque limits set in the **Positive torque limit value** (60E0 hex) and the **Negative torque limit value** (60E1 hex) are too small.	Check to see if the torque limits in objects 60E0 hex and 60E1 hex are set to a value close to *0*.	Set the maximum torque that you use for each of these objects.
	Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) is OFF.	Check the ON/OFF state of the POT and NOT signals from the Sysmac Studio.	• Turn ON the POT and NOT signals. • "Disable" them in the settings when the POT and NOT signals are not used.
	The motor power cable is wired incorrectly.	Check the wiring.	Wire correctly.
	The encoder cable is wired incorrectly.		
	Power is not supplied.	Check the power supply and the 7-segment display.	Turn ON the power.
		Check the voltage between the power terminals.	Wire the power-ON circuit correctly.
	The Servo Drive is broken down.	---	Replace the Servo Drive.
The Servomotor operates momentarily, but then it does not operate after that.	The position commands given are too little.	Check the position data and the electronic gear ratio at the host controller.	Set the correct data.
	The motor power cable is wired incorrectly.	Check the wiring of the motor power cable's phases U, V, and W.	Wire correctly.
	The encoder cable is wired incorrectly.	Check the encoder cable's wiring.	Wire correctly.

Symptom	Probable cause	Check items	Measures
The Servomotor rotates without a command.	There are inputs of small values in velocity control mode.	Check if there is an input in velocity control mode.	Set the velocity command to *0*. Alternatively, change the mode to position control mode.
	The motor power cable is wired incorrectly.	Check the wiring.	Wire correctly.
When the runaway detection function is enabled, the Servomotor rotates without a command.	The Servomotor power cable is wired incorrectly, and conditions under which the runaway detection function cannot work are satisfied.	Check the wiring.	Wire correctly.
The Servomotor rotates in the reverse direction from the command.	The value set in **Motor Rotation Direction Selection** (3000-01 hex) is incorrect.	Check the value of Motor Rotation Direction Selection.	Change the value of Motor Rotation Direction Selection.
	The command given by the host controller is incorrect.	• The size of the absolute command is set incorrect. • The polarity of an incremental command is set incorrect.	• Check the actual and target values. • Check the rotation direction.
	The Servomotor power cable is wired incorrectly.	Check the wiring.	Wire correctly.
When the runaway detection function is enabled, the Servomotor rotates in the reverse direction from the command.	The value set in **Motor Rotation Direction Selection** (3000-01 hex) is incorrect.	Check the value of Motor Rotation Direction Selection.	Change the value of Motor Rotation Direction Selection.
	The command given by the host controller is incorrect.	• The size of the absolute command is set incorrect. • The polarity of an incremental command is set incorrect.	• Check the actual and target values. • Check the rotation direction.
	The Servomotor power cable is wired incorrectly.	Check the wiring.	Wire correctly.
	The Servomotor power cable is wired incorrectly, and conditions under which the runaway detection function cannot work are satisfied.		
The holding brake does not work.	Power is supplied to the holding brake.	Check to see if power is supplied to the holding brake.	• Check the Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) signal and the relay circuit. • Check to see if the holding brake is worn down.
The applied timing for the holding brake is early.	The set value of **Brake Interlock Output** (4610 hex) does not match the machine.	Review the setting of **Brake Interlock Output** (4610 hex).	Adjust **Brake Interlock Output** (4610 hex).

Symptom	Probable cause	Check items	Measures
Motor rotation is unstable.	The motor power cable or encoder cable is wired incorrectly.	Check the wiring of the motor power cable's phases U, V, W and check the encoder cable's wiring.	Wire correctly.
	Low rigidity is causing vibration.	Measure the vibration frequency of the load.	Enable the damping control. Set the damping filter frequency.
	The load's moment of inertia exceeds the Servo Drive's allowable value.	Calculate the load inertia.	• Check if manual tuning can achieve proper adjustment. • Increase the Servomotor capacity.
	Loose joint and/or large clearance with the machine.	Check the joint with the machine.	Remove the joint looseness with the machine.
	The load and gain do not match.	Check the response waveforms for speed and torque.	Perform the tuning again to stabilize the rotation.
The Servomotor is overheating.	The ambient temperature is too high.	Check to see if the ambient temperature around the Servomotor is over 40°C.	• Lower the ambient temperature around the Servomotor to 40°C or less. (Use a fan or air conditioner.) • Lower the load ratio.
	The heat radiation condition for the Servomotor is inappropriate.	• Check to see if the specified radiation conditions are observed. • For a Servomotor with a brake, check the load ratio.	• Improve the radiation conditions. • Reduce the load. • Improve ventilation.
	The Servomotor is overloaded.	Check the torque with the Sysmac Studio.	• Decrease the acceleration and deceleration rates. • Lower the speed and check the load.
	The Servomotor vibrates during rotation.		
The machine position is misaligned.	The coupling of the motor shaft and the machine is abnormal.	Check to see if the coupling of the Servomotor and the machine is misaligned.	• Tighten the coupling again. • Replace the coupling with a coupling that has no looseness.
	The host controller gave a deceleration stop command.	Check the control ladder program in the host controller.	Review the control in the host controller.
	The gain is wrong.	---	Check if manual tuning can achieve proper adjustment.
	The load inertia is too large.	• Check the load inertia. • Check the Servomotor rotation speed.	• Review the load inertia. • Replace the Servomotor and Servo Drive with proper ones.
	The power supply was turned ON while the encoder multi-rotation exceeded the limit value.	Check Encoder – Multirotation Data	Perform the operation within the multi-rotation range.
	The command value from the host controller is not correct.	Check the control ladder program and settings in the host controller.	Review the control and settings in the host controller.

Symptom	Probable cause	Check items	Measures
	The home position was shifted.	• Check the home position of the absolute encoder. • Check whether homing is performed normally.	• Adjust the mechanical home and home position of the absolute encoder. • Change the setting or input signals so that the correct home position can be defined during homing.
	The set values of the Servo Drive do not match the machine.	Check the settings of gear ratio, gain, maximum torque, etc.	Adjust the set values so that they match the machine.
The Servomotor does not stop or is hard to stop even if the Servo is turned OFF while the Servomotor is rotating.	The load inertia is too large.	• Check the load inertia. • Check the Servomotor rotation speed.	• Review the load inertia. • Replace the Servomotor and Servo Drive with proper ones.
	The dynamic brake is disabled.	Check if the dynamic brake is disabled or broken.	• Enable the dynamic brake, if it is disabled. • Replace the dynamic brake if it is broken.
The Servomotor or the load generates abnormal noise or vibration.	Vibration occurs due to improper mechanical installation.	Check to see if the Servomotor's mounting screws are loose.	Retighten the mounting screws.
		Check the load for eccentricity.	Eliminate the eccentricity. It results in torque fluctuation and noise.
		Check to see if the coupling with the load is unbalanced.	Balance the rotation.
		Check to see if the decelerator is generating any abnormal noise.	Check the decelerator specifications. Check the decelerator for malfunctions.
	Vibration occurs due to low mechanical rigidity.	Check to see if the vibration frequency is 100 Hz or lower.	If the frequency is 100 Hz or lower, set the correct damping frequency for the damping filter to eliminate the vibration.
	Vibration occurs due to machine resonance.	Check to see if the resonance frequency is high or low.	If the resonance frequency is high, set the adaptive filter to eliminate the resonance. Alternatively, measure the resonance frequency and set 1st Notch Filter and 2nd Notch Filter.
	There is a problem with the bearings.	Check for noise or vibration around the bearings.	Check to see if the bearings are mounted properly, and adjust them if necessary.
	The gain is too high.	---	Use the Sysmac Studio to measure the response and adjust the gain.
	Velocity Command Filter (3021 hex) is wrong.	Check the set value of Velocity Command Filter.	Return the setting to the default value of *0*. Alternatively, set a large value and operate the Servomotor.

Symptom	Probable cause	Check items	Measures
	1st Torque Command Filter (3233 hex) or **2nd Torque Command Filter** (3234 hex) does not match the load.	Review the set value of the torque command filter.	Set a small value for the torque command filter to eliminate the vibration.
	1st Position Control Gain (3213 hex) or **2nd Position Control Gain** (3214 hex) is too large.	Review the setting of the position control gain.	Use the Sysmac Studio to measure the response and adjust the gain.
	Proportional Gain and Integral Gain in **1st Velocity Control Gain** (3223 hex) and **2nd Velocity Control Gain** (3224 hex) are balanced incorrectly.	Review the set values of the velocity control gain.	
	Noise is entering into the control I/O signal cable because the cable is longer than the specified length.	Check the length of the control I/O signal cable.	Shorten the control I/O signal cable to 3 m or less.
	Noise is entering into the cable because the encoder cable does not meet specifications.	Check to see if it is a shielded twisted-pair cable with core wires that are at least 0.12 mm^2.	Use an encoder cable that meets specifications.
	Noise is entering into the encoder cable because the cable is longer than the specified length.	Check the length of the encoder cable.	Shorten the encoder cable to less than 50 m.
	Noise is entering into the signal lines because the encoder cable is stuck or the sheath is damaged.	Check the encoder cable for damage.	Correct the encoder cable's pathway.
	Excessive noise on encoder cable.	Check to see if the encoder cable is bound together with or too close to high-current lines.	Install the encoder cable where it won't be subjected to surges.
	The FG's potential is fluctuating due to devices near the Servomotor, such as welding machines.	Check for ground problems (loss of ground or incomplete ground) at equipment such as welding machines near the Servomotor.	Ground the equipment properly and prevent current from flowing to the encoder FG.
	Errors are caused by excessive vibration or shock on the encoder.	There are problems with mechanical vibration or Servomotor installation (such as the precision of the mounting surface, attachment, or axial offset).	Reduce the mechanical vibration or correct the Servomotor's installation.

Symptom	Probable cause	Check items	Measures
Overshooting at start-up or when stopping	**1st Position Control Gain** (3213 hex) or **2nd Position Control Gain** (3214 hex) is too large.	Review the setting of the position control gain.	Use the Sysmac Studio to measure the response and adjust the gain.
	Proportional Gain and Integral Gain in **1st Velocity Control Gain** (3223 hex) and **2nd Velocity Control Gain** (3224 hex) are balanced incorrectly.	Review the set values of the velocity control gain.	
	The set inertia ratio differs from the load.	Review the set value of the **Inertia Ratio** (3001-01 hex).	Adjust the set value of the Inertia Ratio.
Vibration is occurring at the same frequency as the power supply.	Inductive noise is occurring.	Check to see if the drive control signal lines are too long.	Shorten the control signal lines.
		Check to see if the control signal lines and power supply lines are bound together.	• Separate control signal lines from power supply lines. • Use a low-impedance power supply for control signals.
The command velocity or torque is not reached.	The input command value exceeds the velocity limit value or the torque limit value.	Check to see if the Internal limit active bit of Statusword is active.	Input the command value that does not exceed the velocity limit value or the torque limit value from the host controller.

13

Maintenance and Inspection

This section explains maintenance and inspection of the Servomotors and Servo Drives.

13-1 Periodic Maintenance 13-2
13-2 Servo Drive Lifetime 13-4
13-3 Servomotor Lifetime 13-5
13-4 Explanation of Lifetime Warning and Solution when Detected 13-6
13-5 Method for Ring Disconnection Maintenance and Inspection 13-9

13-1 Periodic Maintenance

⚠ CAUTION

After replacing the Servo Drive, transfer to the new Servo Drive all data needed to resume operation, before restarting operation. Equipment damage may result.



⚠ CAUTION

Do not repair the Servo Drive by disassembling it. Electric shock or injury may result.



Servomotors and Servo Drives contain many components and will operate properly only when each of the individual components is operating properly.
Some of the electrical and mechanical components require maintenance depending on application conditions. Periodic inspection and replacement are necessary to ensure proper long-term operation of Servomotors and Servo Drives. (Quoted from *The Recommendation for Periodic Maintenance of a General-purpose Inverter* published by JEMA.)

The periodic maintenance cycle depends on the installation environment and application conditions of the Servomotors and Servo Drives.
Recommended maintenance times are given below for Servomotors and Servo Drives. Use these for reference in periodic maintenance.

Note AC-type fuses are built in a Servo Drive at 5.5 kW or more. Even when one of the fuses blows due to a failure of a rectifier diode in the Servo Drive, in some cases, Main Circuit Power Supply Phase Loss Error (Error No.13.01) does not occur and the Servo Drive operates. That causes shortening of parts life of the Servo Drive. Therefore, measure the conductivity of the terminals between L1-P and L3-P with a tester (diode mode), referring to *1-4 System Block Diagram* on page 1-21, and check that the fuse does not blow. If the fuse has a failure, replace the Servo Drive.

● Check Procedure

1 Cut off a power supply of a Servo Drive, and start the check after the following time pass.
10 minutes: R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51
20 minutes: R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51

2 Disconnect wiring from a main circuit connector of the Servo Drive or a main circuit terminal block (CNA).

3 Set a tester to diode mode. Check conductivity between terminals, following the below table.

Tester terminal (+)	Tester terminal (-)	Display on the tester in normal	Display on the tester when fuse blows
L1	P	1 V max.	Non-conductivity (O.L.)

Tester terminal (+)	Tester terminal (-)	Display on the tester in normal	Display on the tester when fuse blows
L3	P	1 V max.	Non-conductivity (O.L.)

Display depends on a tester.

13-2 Servo Drive Lifetime

- The lifetime of Servo Drive depends on application conditions. When the ambient temperature is 40°C and the average output is 70% of the rated output, the design life expectancy is ten years.
- The use of the Servo Drive in a hot environment shortens its lifetime. We recommend that the ambient temperature and the power supply ON time be reduced as much as possible to lengthen the lifetime of the Servo Drive.
- The lifetimes for the different parts of Servo Drive are given below.

Name	Lifetime
Inrush current prevention relay	Approx. 36,500 operations (lifetime depends on application conditions.)
Brake interlock output relay	Approx. 36,500 operations (lifetime depends on application conditions.)

13-3 Servomotor Lifetime

The lifetimes for the different motor parts are listed below.

Name	Lifetime
Bearing	20,000 hours
Decelerator	20,000 hours
Oil seal	5,000 hours (models with oil seal)
Encoder All 3 kW or more models and 2 kW 1,000-r/min (200/400 V) models	30,000 hours
Brake	ON/OFF 1,000,000 times

The operating conditions are determined as follows.

- Operating ambient temperature: 40°C
- Within the range of allowable axial load
- Rated operation (rated torque and rated rotation speed)
- Installation as specified in this manual
- Operation is not repeated with the motor shaft rotation at an angle of 45° or less, which causes the fretting.

Oil seal can be replaced for repair.

When the Servomotor is used for a belt hook such as timing pulley, the radial load during motor operation is generally two or more times the static load. Consult with the belt and pulley manufacturers to adjust designs and system settings so that the motor allowable axial load is not exceeded even during operation. If the Servomotor is used under a shaft load that exceeds the allowable limit, the motor shaft can be broken and the bearings can be damaged.

Additional Information

If the Encoder Lifetime Warning occurs, we recommend you to replace the encoder within a few weeks.
This warning also occurs when the encoder breaks due to impact on the axis.

13-4 Explanation of Lifetime Warning and Solution when Detected

The 1S-series Servo Drive/1S-series Servomotor has a function of lifetime warning for some life-limited components, giving a warning if any one of them has reached the design service life.
This function just gives the information for maintenance. Since the design service life of the 1S-series Servo Drive/1S-series Servomotor is given a sufficient margin, the product will not malfunction or go out of order immediately after a lifetime warning is detected.
When a lifetime warning is detected, prepare the replacement spare taking the subsequent possible influence into consideration.
You can disable the detected lifetime warning. For details, refer to *12-2 Warnings* on page 12-6 – **Warning Customization** – **Warning Mask 1 Selection** (4020-01 hex) settings.
The following table describes the details of lifetime warning for life-limited components.

Error No.		Lifetime warning name	Details of lifetime warning	
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)			
A7	01	Capacitor Lifetime Warning	Condition	The capacitor built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life. *1
			Details	When the capacitor is used at an ambient temperature of 40ºC and an average output of 70%, the warning is detected by the power supply ON time that has led its capacity to fall to 80%. Electrolyte filled in the electrolytic capacitor decreases gradually, causing the capacitor capacity to fall.
			Solution	To avoid sudden malfunction, you are recommended to replace the product after the warning is detected. Actually, when the temperature becomes lower by 10ºC to an ambient temperature of 40ºC, the service life will be nearly doubled. Also, even if the capacitor capacity has reached 80%, the Servomotor can be controlled as usual.

Error No.		Lifetime warning name	Details of lifetime warning	
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)			
	02	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning	Condition	The inrush current prevention relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life. *1
			Details	The warning is detected by the service life designed at the maximum inrush current of the Servo Drive. When a large current flows through a relay, the relay contact surface deteriorates gradually, which eventually results in welding or contact failure.
			Solution	We put the component through an endurance test at the maximum inrush current more than one hundred thousand times, and have confirmed that it is given a sufficient margin to the designed service life. If the interrupting time of the main circuit power supply is a short time in seconds, the flowing inrush current will decrease and the service life will increase. Taking the above into consideration, decide whether to prepare the spare or replace the product in advance. Also, the Servo Drives at 5.5 to 15 kW*2 use a thyristor instead of the relay, so the margin is larger compared with the Servo Drives at 3 kW or less.
	04	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning	Condition	The brake interlock output (BKIR) relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life. *1
			Details	The warning is detected by the service life designed at the maximum brake current of the Servomotor. When a large current flows through a relay, the relay contact surface deteriorates gradually, which results in welding or contact failure.
			Solution	We put the component through an endurance test at the maximum brake current more than fifty thousand times, and have confirmed that it is given a sufficient margin to the designed service life. In the application where a brake is opened and closed frequently, you are recommended to use an external relay replaceable by the following method. • Set a general-purpose output to be output to **External Brake Interlock Output** – **Port Selection** (4663-01 hex). • Open and close the external relay at the output of the set general-purpose output.

Error No.		Lifetime warning name	Details of lifetime warning	
Main (hex)	Sub (hex)			
	05	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning	Condition	An error was detected in the saved lifetime information.
			Details	The lifetime information is stored in the non-volatile memory when the power supply to the Servo Drive is turned OFF. The warning is detected when an error occurs in that memory data. It is supposed that the data was corrupted by some cause.
			Solution	If the warning is detected, perform the following processing to clear the lifetime information and reset the warning. Performing this processing will clear the lifetime information before that and start counting the lifetime information after the processing. Therefore, decide whether to replace the product due to lifetime, taking the previous lifetime information into consideration. • Write 6A646165 hex in **Lifetime Information** – **Clear** (4140-F2 hex) to clear the count of the lifetime information. **Note** This function is effective only when the Lifetime Information Corruption Warning exists.
	06	Encoder Lifetime Warning	Condition	The encoder lifetime is close to the end. Or, the encoder broke down. *3
			Details	The optical encoder is adopted in the Servomotor. The warning is detected when the condition of position detection LED has deteriorated compared with the specified value. When the LED is used for a long time, a light-emitting LED chip, phosphor, resin, and other materials deteriorate, causing the amount of light to fall.
			Solution	To avoid a sudden stop of operation, you are recommended to replace the product after the warning is detected.

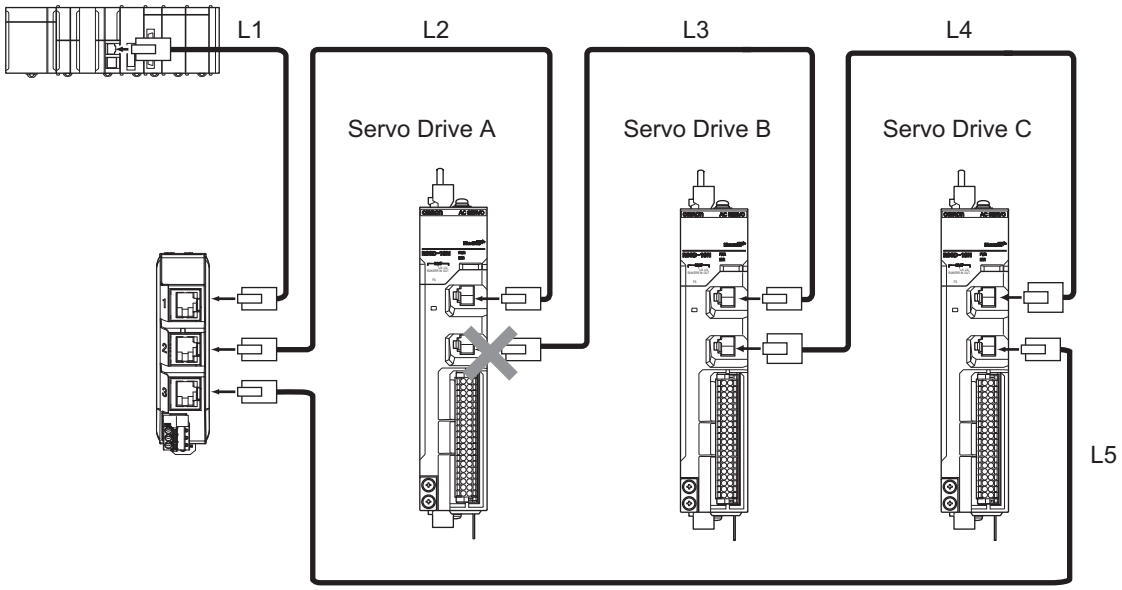
*1. Refer to *13-2 Servo Drive Lifetime* on page 13-4 for the lifetime of components.

*2. The Servo Drives at 5.5 to 15 kW are available in six models: R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51, R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51, R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51, and R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51.

*3. Refer to *13-3 Servomotor Lifetime* on page 13-5 for the lifetime of components.

13-5 Method for Ring Disconnection Maintenance and Inspection

This section takes the following example of a configuration in which the ring is disconnected between Servo Drive A and B, and describes how to perform inspection and how to replace the Servo Drive.



1 Identify where the ring is disconnected.

- With a tool such as support software, find the node address of the Servo Drive breaking the ring. For the NJ/NX-series Controller, check the *_EC_RingBreakNodeAdr* system-defined variable that will provide you with the node address of "Servo Drive A". Check that the L/A OUT indicator of "Servo Drive A" and the L/A IN indicator of "Servo Drive B" are OFF.

2 Reconnect the EtherCAT communications cable between "Servo Drive A" and "Servo Drive B".

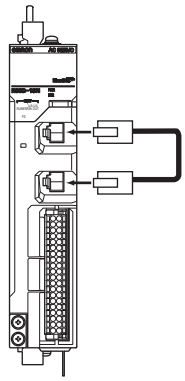
- Stop operation and turn OFF the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves.
- After the charge lamps of Servo Drive A and B turn OFF, reconnect the EtherCAT communications cable, and then turn ON the control power supply to "Servo Drive A" and "Servo Drive B".
- If the L/A OUT indicator of "Servo Drive A" and the L/A IN indicator of "Servo Drive" B are ON, the ring disconnection status has been fixed.
- If the L/A IN and L/A OUT indicators are OFF, the ring disconnection status has not been fixed yet. Move on to the next step.

3 Replace the relevant cable with a new EtherCAT communications cable.

- Replace the EtherCAT communications cable between "Servo Drive A" and "Servo Drive B" with a new cable. To avoid incorrect wiring, do not remove any other cable.
- If the L/A OUT indicator of "Servo Drive A" and the L/A IN indicator of "Servo Drive B" are ON or blink, the ring disconnection status has been fixed.
- If the L/A IN and L/A OUT indicators are OFF, Servo Drive A or B is faulty. Move on to the next step.

4 Identify the faulty Servo Drive.

- As in the following figure, connect one EtherCAT communications cable to the ECAT IN and ECAT OUT connectors on "Servo Drive A". If the L/A IN and L/A OUT indicators remain OFF, "Servo Drive A" is faulty.
- In the same way, connect one EtherCAT communications cable to the ECAT IN and ECAT OUT connectors on "Servo Drive B". If the L/A IN and L/A OUT indicators remain OFF, "Servo Drive B" is faulty.



5 Replace the identified faulty Servo Drive.

- Back up the parameters of the Servo Drive.
- Turn OFF the control power supply, and replace the Servo Drive. Then, turn ON the control power supply, write the backup of the parameters, and turn OFF the control power supply.

6 Turn ON the power supply to the devices, and then establish EtherCAT communications.

- Connect the EtherCAT communications cables correctly, and turn ON the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves.

Precautions for Correct Use

When the ring disconnection status occurs and then you reconnect an EtherCAT communications cable, turn OFF the power supply to the EtherCAT master and to the slaves. Connecting a faulty EtherCAT communications cable while the devices are in operation may stop the entire EtherCAT communications system.

A

Appendices

The appendices provide explanation for the profile that is used to control the Servo Drive, lists of objects, and Sysmac error status codes.

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A-1-1 Controlling the State Machine of the Servo Drive A-2
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A-1 CiA 402 Drive Profile

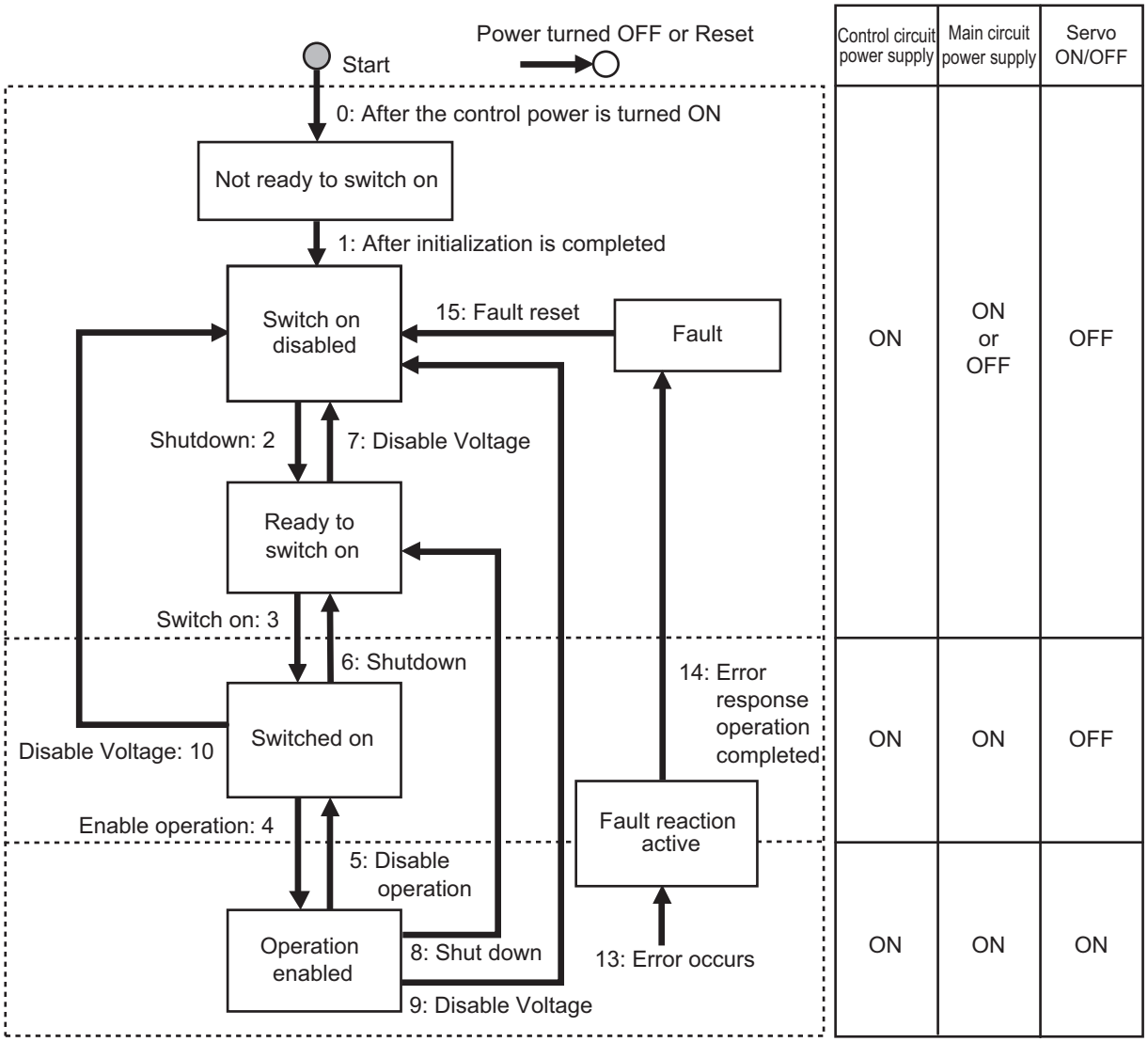
This section describes the profile that is used to control the Servo Drive.

A-1-1 Controlling the State Machine of the Servo Drive

The state of 1S-series Servo Drives is called "PDS state".
The PDS state is controlled by **Controlword** (6040 hex).
Each PDS state is shown in **Statusword** (6041 hex).

State Machine

The state of an 1S-series Servo Drive changes as shown below.
Each ☐ box indicates a state, while numbers "2 to 10" and "15" indicate the state control commands.
Refer to *State Descriptions* on page A-3 for details on the states, and *State Control Commands* on page A-3 for details on the state control.



Note Quick stop active state is not supported. Even if a Quick stop command is received, it will be ignored.

State Descriptions

Status	Description
Not ready to switch on	The control circuit power supply is turned ON and initialization is in progress.
Switch on disabled	Initialization is completed. Servo Drive parameters can be set.
Ready to switch on	The main circuit power supply can be turned ON. Servo Drive parameters can be set.
Switched on	The main circuit power supply is ON. (Servo ready) Servo Drive parameters can be set.
Operation enabled	The Servo is ON. Servo Drive parameters can be set.
Fault reaction active	There was an error in the Servo Drive and the cause determination is in progress. Servo Drive parameters can be set.
Fault	There is an error in the Servo Drive. Servo Drive parameters can be set.

State Control Commands

State is controlled by combining the bits in **Controlword** (6040 hex) as shown in the following table.
fr = fault reset, eo = enable operation, qs = quick stop, ev = enable voltage, so = switch on

Command	Controlword bit					Move to
	Bit 7 fr	Bit 3 eo	Bit 2 qs	Bit 1 ev	Bit 0 so	
Shutdown	Disabled	Disabled	1	1	0	2, 6, 8
Switch on	Disabled	0	1	1	1	3
Switch on + enable operation	Disabled	1	1	1	1	3 + 4*1
Disable voltage	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	Disabled	7, 9, 10
Quick stop	Disabled	Disabled	0	1	Disabled	Disabled*2
Disable operation	Disabled	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	Disabled	1	1	1	1	4
Fault reset	0 → 1*3	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	15

*1. The state automatically moves to Operation enabled state after Switched On state.
*2. Quick stop commands are not supported. Even if this command is received, it will be ignored.
*3. Bit 7: Operation when the Fault Reset bit turns ON

Fault state	: Errors are reset and the Servo Drive returns to the Switch On Disabled state.
	: If Warning (6041 hex: Statusword bit 7) is ON, it is reset.
State other than Fault State	: If Warning (6041 hex: Statusword bit 7) is ON, it is reset.
	: The state will change according to command bits 0 to 3.

State Coding

State is indicated by the combination of bits in **Statusword** (6041 hex), as shown in the following table.

Status	Bit 6 sod*1	Bit 5 qs*2	Bit 4 ve*3	Bit 3 f*4	Bit 2 oe*5	Bit 1 so*6	Bit 0 rtso*7
Not ready to switch on	0	0	Disabled	0	0	0	0
Switch on disabled	1	1	Disabled	0	0	0	0
Ready to switch on	0	1	Disabled	0	0	0	1
Switched on	0	1	Disabled	0	0	1	1
Operation enabled	0	1	Disabled	0	1	1	1
Fault reaction active	0	1	Disabled	1	1	1	1
Fault	0	1	Disabled	1	0	0	0

*1. sod = switch on disabled
*2. qs = quick stop
*3. ve = voltage enabled
*4. f = fault
*5. oe = operation enabled
*6. so = switched on
*7. rtso = ready to switch on

A-1-2 Modes of Operation

1S-series Servo Drives support the following modes of operation.

Modes of operation	Description
csp	Cyclic synchronous position mode
csv	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode
cst	Cyclic synchronous torque mode
pp	Profile position mode
pv	Profile velocity mode
hm	Homing mode

The operation mode is set in **Modes of operation** (6060 hex). It is also given in **Modes of operation display** (6061 hex).
You can check the operation modes supported by the Servo Drive with **Supported drive modes** (6502 hex).
If an unsupported operation mode is specified, a Command Warning will occur.

A-1-3 Modes of Operation and Applied/Adjustment Functions

The relationships between the modes of operation of 1S-series Servo Drives and the applied/adjustment functions are shown below.

○:Supported ---: Not supported

Function	Modes of operation		
	csp pp hm	csv pv	cst
Notch Filter	○	○	○
Damping filter	○	---	---
Velocity feed-forward function	○	---	---
Torque feed-forward function	○	○	---
Position Command Filter	○	---	---
Velocity Command Filter	---	○	---
Torque Command Filter	○	○	○
Load characteristic estimation function	○	○	○
Friction torque compensation function	○	○	---
Gain switching function	○	○	○

A-1-4 Changing the Mode of Operation

The operation mode of the 1S-series Servo Drives is changed as described below.

Changing the Mode of Operation

The operation mode of the Servo Drive is changed by setting the operation mode from the controller, and the Servo Drive can operate the Servomotor.
To change the operation mode, change the set value of **Modes of operation** (6060 hex). The operation mode is changed within two communication cycles after the set value is changed. When the Homing mode (hm) is changed to another operation mode, the operation mode is changed within 2 ms after the set value is changed.
When you change the operation mode, also change the command value of the object mapped to the RxPDO.
For example, in Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp), which is a position control mode, **Target Position** (607A hex) is enabled as the command value, whereas in Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv), which is a velocity control mode, **Target velocity** (60FF hex) is enabled as the command value. Therefore, when the operation mode changes from the position control mode to the velocity control mode, a valid command value must be set in **Target velocity** (60FF hex) at the same time.
You can check the actual operation mode of the Servo Drive from the **Modes of operation display** (6061 hex).

Changing to an Unsupported Control Mode

If **Modes of operation** (6060 hex) is set to a value other than 0 (nma), 1 (pp), 3 (pv), 6 (hm), 8 (csp), 9 (csv), or 10 (cst), a warning will occur. If a warning occurs, the operation mode is not changed and the current operation mode is retained.

Setting	Operation	Warning
0 (nma)	The current operation mode is retained.	None
1 (pp), 3 (pv), 6 (hm), 8 (csp), 9 (csv), or 10 (cst)	Changed to the specified mode.	None
2, 4, 5, or 7	The current operation mode is retained.	Command Warning

Setting	Operation	Warning
Others	The current operation mode is retained.	Data Setting Warning

Changing to Homing Mode or Profile Position Mode When the Motor Is Running

- If the operation mode is changed to Homing mode during the motor operation, the motor performs the stop operation according to the setting of **Halt option code** (605D hex).
- If a motion command of Homing mode or Profile position mode is input during a deceleration stop operation, the motor starts the Homing operation or Profile position operation.

Precautions in Homing Mode

If you change the operation mode to another mode while the motor is performing the homing operation, a command error will occur.

Modes of Operation Display

You can check the actual operation mode from the **Modes of operation display** (6061 hex).

Bit Displays According to Modes of Operation Display (6061 hex)

Some of the bits in the **Statusword** (6041 hex) are dependent on the operation mode. Their relationship with **Modes of operation display** (6061 hex) is shown in the following table:

Object (hex)	Bit	Modes of operation display (6061 hex)						
		Position control				Velocity control		Torque control
		csp	pp	hm	Not specified	csv	pv	cst
6041	10	Status toggle	Target reached	Target reached	0	Status toggle	Target reached	Status toggle
	12	Target position ignored*1	Acknowledge	Home attained	0	Target velocity ignored*1	Speed	Target torque ignored*1
	13	Following error	Following error	Homing error	0	0	0	0

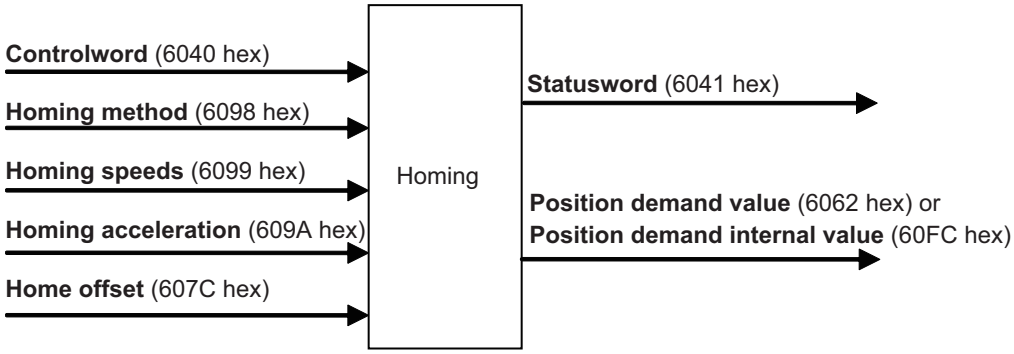
*1. If commands in "**Controlword** (6040 hex) are not followed when the Servo is ON", this bit will be *0 (ignored)*. For details, see the following "Example of Servo OFF during Operation in csp, csv, or cst".

A-1-5 Homing Mode Specifications

This section describes the specifications of the Homing mode of the 1S-series Servo Drives.

Homing Mode Configuration

The configuration of the Homing mode is as follows:



Supported Homing Methods

The following homing methods are supported by 1S-series Servo Drives:

Homing method	Description	Reference
0	Not specified	---
8	Homing by Home Proximity Input and home signal (positive operation start)	page A-9
12	Homing by Home Proximity Input and home signal (negative operation start)	page A-9
19	Homing without home signal (positive operation start)	page A-10
20	Homing without home signal (negative operation start)	page A-10
33	Homing with home signal (negative operation start)	page A-10
34	Homing with home signal (positive operation start)	page A-10
37	Present home preset	page A-11

You can check the homing method supported by the Servo Drive in **Supported homing methods** (60E3 hex).
For the home signal, the home position (Z-phase) of the encoder is used.

Related Objects

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
6040	00	Controlword	W	U16	---	0 to FFFF hex	0000 hex
6060	00	Modes of operation	W	INT8	---	0 to 10	0
6098	00	Homing method	RW	INT8	---	1 to 37	0
6099	01	Speed during search for switch	RW	U32	Command unit/s	0 to 2,147,483,647	5,000
	02	Speed during search for zero	RW	U32	Command unit/s	1 to 2,147,483,647	5,000
6041	00	Statusword	RO	U16	---	---	---
609A	00	Homing acceleration	RW	U32	Command unit/s^2	1 to 2,147,483,647	1,000,000

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Setting range	Default setting
607C	00	Home offset	RW	INT32	Command unit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	0
60FC	00	Position demand internal value	RO	INT32	Encoder unit	---	---
6062	00	Position demand value	RO	INT32	Command unit	---	---

Controlword (6040 hex) in Homing Mode

Bit	Name	Value	Description
4	Homing operation start	0	Do not start homing procedure.
		1	Start or continue homing procedure.*1
8	Halt	0	Enable bit 4.
		1	Stop axis according to the **Halt option code** (605D hex).

*1. A Command Warning (Error No. B1.00) will occur if the Homing operation start command is given while the homing procedure is performed.

Bit 6 is not used. For details on other bits, refer to **Controlword** (6040 hex).

Statusword (6041 hex) in Homing Mode

Bit	Name	Description
10	Target reached	The status of the homing operation is indicated by the combination of these bits. The status based on the combination of the bits are shown in the following table.
12	Homing attained	
13	Homing error	

Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 10	Description
0	0	0	Homing procedure is in progress.
0	0	1	Homing procedure is interrupted or not started.
0	1	0	Homing is attained, but target is not reached.
0	1	1	Homing procedure is completed successfully.
1	0	0	Homing error occurred, velocity is not 0.
1	0	1	Homing error occurred, velocity is 0.
1	1	0	Reserved
1	1	1	Reserved

Homing Operation

This section describes the operation of the supported homing methods.

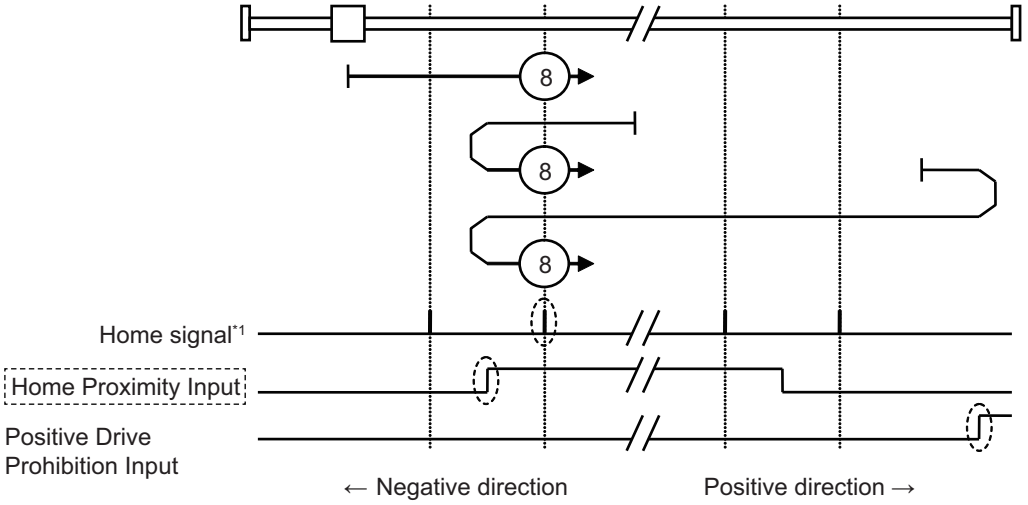
● Homing Methods 8 and 12: Homing by Home Proximity Input and Home Signal

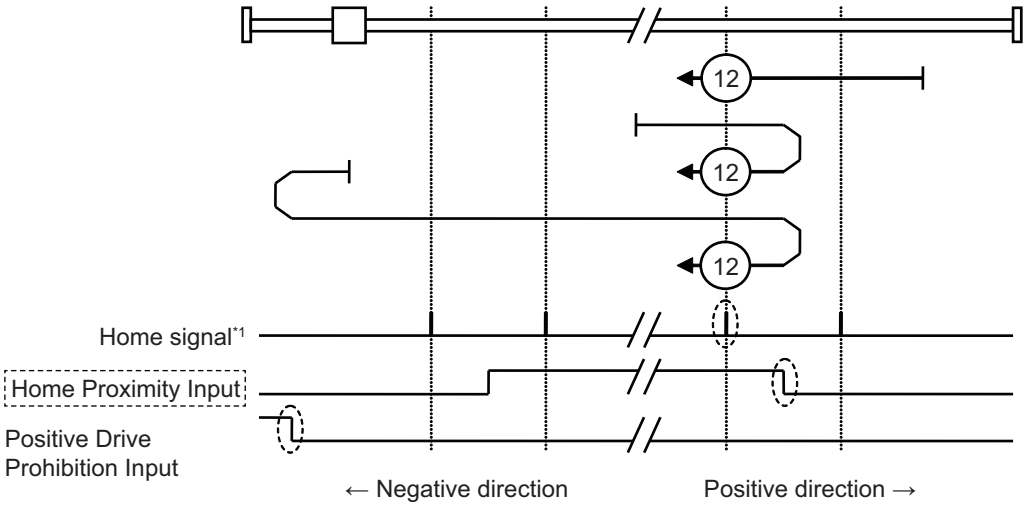
These Homing methods use the Home Proximity Input that is enabled only in some parts of the drive range, and stop the motor when the home signal is detected.

The home signal is detected in the positive direction for Homing method 8 and in the negative direction for Homing method 12.

The operation start direction of the homing operation is as follows: When the Home Proximity Input is OFF, it is the same as the direction in which the home signal is detected. When the Home Proximity Input is ON, it is opposite to the direction in which the home signal is detected.

The operation direction reverses by the positive drive prohibition input.





*1. This is a home position (Z-phase) of the encoder.

A homing error occurs in the following cases. (Home error = *1*)

- If the drive prohibition inputs in both directions are ON at the same time.
- If the drive prohibition input in one direction is ON, and the drive prohibition input in the opposite direction is turned ON although the rising edge of the Home Proximity Input is not detected.
- If the rising edge of the Home Proximity Input is detected in the home detection direction and then the drive prohibition input turns ON before the home signal is detected.

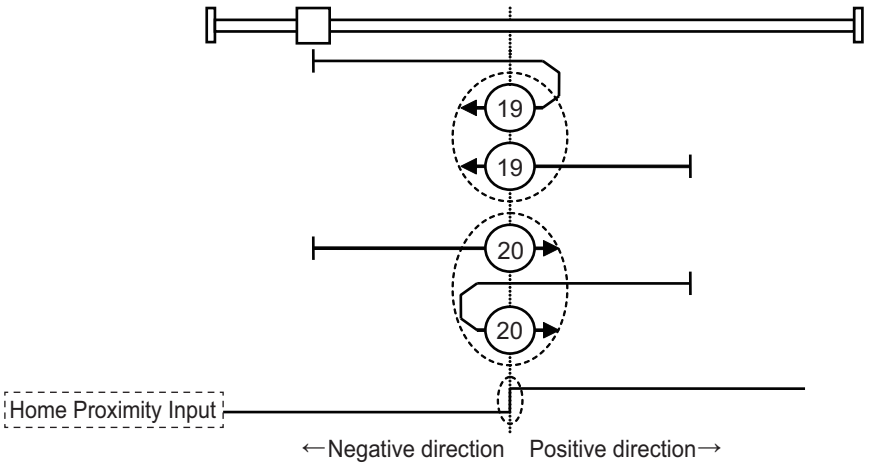
Precautions for Correct Use

- If the home signal exists near the point where the Home Proximity Input turns ON or OFF, the first home signal after the Home Proximity Input is turned ON or OFF may not be detected. Set the Home Proximity Input so that the home signal occurs away from the point where the home Proximity Input turns ON /OFF.
- During the homing operation, the stop function for Drive Prohibition – Stop Selection is disabled.

● Homing Method 19 and 20: Homing without Home Signal

In these homing methods, only the Home Proximity Input is used. The Homing method 19 stops the homing operation when the Home Proximity Input turns OFF, and the Homing method 20 stops the homing operation when the Home Proximity Input turns ON.

The operation start direction of the homing operation is the positive direction when the Home Proximity Input is OFF, and the negative direction when the Home Proximity Input is ON.



A homing error occurs in the following cases. (Home error = *1*)

- If the drive prohibition inputs in both directions are ON at the same time.
- If turning ON or OFF of the Home Proximity Input is not detected before the drive prohibition input in the drive direction turns ON.

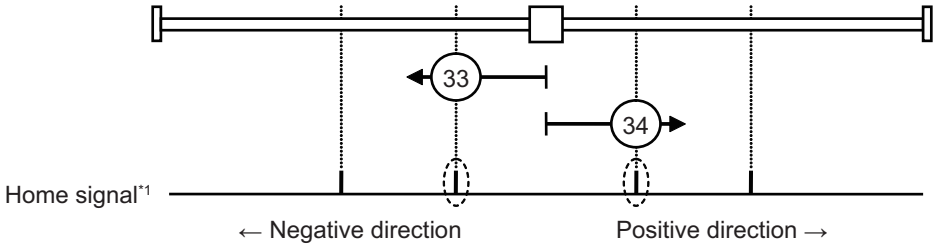
Precautions for Correct Use

During the homing operation, the stop function for Drive Prohibition – Stop Selection is disabled.

● Homing Method 33 and 34: Homing with Home Signal

In these homing methods, only the Home signal is used.

The operation start direction of the homing operation is the negative direction when the homing method is 33, and the positive direction when the homing method is 34.



*1. This is a home position (Z-phase) of the encoder.

A homing error occurs in the following cases. (Home error = *1*)

- If the drive prohibition inputs in both directions are ON at the same time.
- If the home signal is not detected before the drive prohibition input in the drive direction turns ON.

Precautions for Correct Use

During the homing operation, the stop function for Drive Prohibition – Stop Selection is disabled.

● Homing Method 37: Present Home Preset

In this Homing method, the value of Home offset is considered as the present position.
You can use this method even when you are using an absolute encoder, but the position is not saved in **Home offset** (607C hex). When the control power is turned OFF or when Unit Restart is executed, the home set by this Homing method is disabled.
You can execute this Homing method only when the Modes of operation is set to Homing mode (hm) and in the Servo ON state.

A-2 CoE Objects

This section explains the CoE objects implemented in 1S-series Servo Drives.

A-2-1 Object Dictionary Area

CAN application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE) uses the object dictionary as its base. All objects are assigned four-digit hexadecimal indexes in the areas shown in the following table.

Index (hex)	Area	Description
0000 to 0FFF	Data Type Area	Definitions of data types.
1000 to 1FFF	CoE Communications Area	Definitions of objects that can be used by all servers for designated communications.
2000 to 2FFF	Manufacturer Specific Area 1	Objects with common definitions for all OMRON products.
3000 to 5FFF	Manufacturer Specific Area 2	Objects with common definitions for all 1S-series Servo Drives (servo parameters).
6000 to DFFF	Device Profile Area	Objects defined in the Servo Drive's CiA402 drive profile.
E000 to EFFF	Device Profile Area 2	Objects defined in the Servo Drive's FSoE CiA402 slave connection.
F000 to FFFF	Device Area	Objects defined in a device.

A-2-2 Data Type

Data types shown in the following table are used in this profile.

Data type	Code	Size	Range
Boolean	BOOL	1 bit	0 to 1
Unsigned 8	U8	1 byte	0 to 255
Unsigned 16	U16	2 bytes	0 to 65,535
Unsigned 32	U32	4 bytes	0 to 4,294,967,295
Unsigned 64	U64	8 bytes	0 to 18,446,744,073,709,551,615
Integer 8	INT8	1 byte	-128 to 127
Integer 16	INT16	2 bytes	-32,768 to 32,767
Integer 32	INT32	4 bytes	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
Visible string	VS	---	---
Octet string	OS	---	---

A-2-3 Object Description Format

In this manual, objects are described in the following format.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
<Index>	<Subindex>	<Object name>	<Range>	<Unit>	<Default>	<Attribute>	<Size>	<Access>	<PDO map>	<Complete access>	<Modes of operation>

Data is indicated in pointed brackets <>. Details on data are as follows.

Item	Description
Index	Object index given by a four-digit hexadecimal number.
Subindex	Object subindex given by a two-digit hexadecimal number.
Object name	The object name. For a subindex, the subindex name is given.
Setting range	Indicates the range of data that can be set for a writable object.
Unit	Physical units.
Default setting	Default value set before shipment.
Data attribute	The timing when a change in the contents is updated for a writable object. A: Always updated D: Possible to change only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational S: Can be changed by safety controller setting tools. The changes are reflected when FSoE communication established. E: Servo ON R: Updated after the control power is reset or restarted –: Write prohibited
Size	Gives the object size.
Access	Indicates whether the object is to read only, or read and write. RO: Read only RW: Read and write (Saved in non-volatile memory) W: Read and write (Not saved in non-volatile memory)
PDO map	Indicates the PDO mapping attribute. RxPDO: Reception PDOs can be mapped TxPDO: Transmission PDOs can be mapped –: PDOs cannot be mapped
Complete access	Indicates whether Complete access is allowed or not.
Modes of operation	The profile mode in which the object is enabled. –: Independent of the Modes of operation csp: Cyclic synchronous position mode csv: Cyclic synchronous velocity mode cst: Cyclic synchronous torque mode pp: Profile position mode pv: Profile velocity mode hm: Homing mode

A-2-4 Communication Objects

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1000	---	Device Type	---	---	000A0192 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- Gives the CoE device profile number.

- **Description of Set Values**

Bit	Name	Description
0 to 15	Device profile number	402 (192 hex): Drive Profile
16 to 23	Type	0A: Servo Drive (with safety function)
24 to 31	Mode	0: Manufacturer specific

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1001	---	Error Register	---	---	0	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- Gives the error type that has occurred in the Servo Drive.

- **Description of Set Values**

Bit	Description	Bit	Description
0	Generic error	4	Communication error (unsupported)
1	Current error (unsupported)	5	Device profile specific error (unsupported)
2	Voltage error (unsupported)	6	Reserved
3	Temperature error (unsupported)	7	Manufacturer specific error (unsupported)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1008	---	Manufacturer Device Name	---	---	*1	---	20 bytes (VS)	RO	---	Not possible	---

*1. The following table shows the default settings.

Specifications		Model
Single-phase 100 VAC	100 W	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51
	200 W	R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51
	400 W	R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51
Single-phase/3-phase 200 VAC	100 W	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51
	200 W	R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51
	400 W	R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51
	750 W	R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51
	1.5 kW	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51

Specifications		Model
3-phase 200 VAC	1 kW	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51
	2 kW	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51
	3 kW	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51
	5.5 kW	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51
	7.5 kW	R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51
	15 kW	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51
3-phase 400 VAC	600 W	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51
	1 kW	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51
	1.5 kW	R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51
	2 kW	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51
	3 kW	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51
	5.5 kW	R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51
	7.5 kW	R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51
	15 kW	R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51

- Gives the Servo Drive model number.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1009	---	Manufacturer Hardware Version	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- Gives the version of the Servo Drive hardware.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
100A	---	Manufacturer Software Version	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- Gives the version of the Servo Drive software.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1010	---	Store Parameters	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Store Parameters	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

- All storable servo parameters are stored in the Servo Drive non-volatile memory.
- Storing is executed only when a specific value is written to subindex 01 hex. This prevents servo parameter values from being stored accidentally.
- The specific value means "save".

MSB			LSB
e	v	a	s
65 hex	76 hex	61 hex	73 hex

- A value of 00000001 hex (command valid) is given when reading.
- If a value other than 65766173 hex is written, an ABORT code is returned.
- Writing to the non-volatile memory may take up to 10 seconds. This is when all objects are changed.
- There is a limit to the number of times to write to the non-volatile memory.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1011	---	Restore Default Parameters	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Not possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Restore Default Parameters	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	03	Restore Default Application Parameters	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

- Subindex 01 hex **Restore Default Parameters** can restore the servo parameters and safety settings to their default values by the writing of 64616F6C hex (load). The restored servo parameters are stored in the non-volatile memory.
- Subindex 03 hex **Restore Default Application Parameters** can restore the servo parameters to their default values by the writing of 64616F6C hex (load). The restored servo parameters are stored in the non-volatile memory.
- A value of 00000001 hex (command valid) is given when reading.
- Reset the control power supply to enable the objects.
- If any of the following operation is attempted, an ABORT code is returned.
  a) Writing other than the specific value.
  b) Writing in the Operation enabled state.
- Writing to the non-volatile memory may take up to 10 seconds. This is when all objects are changed.
- There is a limit to the number of times to write to the non-volatile memory.

Precautions for Correct Use

- When you use the STO function via FSoE communications, confirm that the security function of EtherCAT master is enabled, and then execute **Restore Default Parameters** (subindex 01 hex) so that the PDO mapping is not changed.
- Use the Operation Authority Verification function in the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit to enable the security function. Set authorities so that synchronization of the transfer operations cannot be operated. Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)* for details.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1018	---	Identity Object	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Vendor ID	---	---	00000083 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	Product Code	---	---	Refer to the table.	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	Revision Number	---	---	Refer to the table.	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	Serial Number	---	---	Refer to the description.	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives the device information.
- Subindex 01 hex **Vendor ID** gives the manufacturer identifier.
- Subindex 02 hex **Product Code** gives the code specific to each model.

Specifications		Model	Product Code
Single-phase 100 VAC	100 W	R88D-1SN01L-ECT-51	0000018B hex
	200 W	R88D-1SN02L-ECT-51	0000018C hex
	400 W	R88D-1SN04L-ECT-51	0000018D hex
Single-phase/ 3-phase 200 VAC	100 W	R88D-1SN01H-ECT-51	0000018E hex
	200 W	R88D-1SN02H-ECT-51	0000018F hex
	400 W	R88D-1SN04H-ECT-51	00000190 hex
	750 W	R88D-1SN08H-ECT-51	00000191 hex
	1.5 kW	R88D-1SN15H-ECT-51	00000193 hex
3-phase 200 VAC	1 kW	R88D-1SN10H-ECT-51	00000192 hex
	2 kW	R88D-1SN20H-ECT-51	00000194 hex
	3 kW	R88D-1SN30H-ECT-51	00000195 hex
	5.5 kW	R88D-1SN55H-ECT-51	00000196 hex
	7.5 kW	R88D-1SN75H-ECT-51	00000197 hex
	15 kW	R88D-1SN150H-ECT-51	00000198 hex
3-phase 400 VAC	600 W	R88D-1SN06F-ECT-51	00000199 hex
	1 kW	R88D-1SN10F-ECT-51	0000019A hex
	1.5 kW	R88D-1SN15F-ECT-51	0000019B hex
	2 kW	R88D-1SN20F-ECT-51	0000019C hex
	3 kW	R88D-1SN30F-ECT-51	0000019D hex
	5.5 kW	R88D-1SN55F-ECT-51	0000019E hex
	7.5 kW	R88D-1SN75F-ECT-51	0000019F hex
	15 kW	R88D-1SN150F-ECT-51	000001A0 hex

- Subindex 03 hex **Revision Number** gives the device revision number.

Bit	Description
0 to 15	Minor revision number
16 to 31	Major revision number

- Subindex 04 hex **Serial Number** gives the product serial number.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
10E0	---	Node Address Reload	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Not possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Configured Station Alias value	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	03	ID-Selector validation	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---

- This object sets the node address reload function.
- Subindex 01 hex **Configured Station Alias value** is used when the node address is set and updated from the master.
- Subindex 03 hex **ID-Selector validation** is used when the node address is set and updated from the rotary switch.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
10F3	---	Diagnosis History	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	19 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Maximum Messages	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	02	Newest Message	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	03	Newest Acknowledged Message	00 to FF hex	---	00 hex	A	1 byte (U8)	W	---	---	---
	04	New Messages Available	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	05	Flags	0000 to 003F hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	06 to 19	Diagnosis Message 1 to 20	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives up to 20 Diagnosis Messages. It also enables or disables emergency messages.
- Subindex 01 hex **Maximum Messages** gives the number of Diagnosis Messages.
- Subindex 02 hex **Newest Message** gives the subindex where the latest Diagnosis Message is saved.
- Subindex 03 hex **Newest Acknowledged Message** is used to execute the message clear.

Value	Description
0	The slave will clear all messages.
1 to 5	An abort code is returned.
06 to 2D hex	The written value can be read.
2E to FF hex	An abort code is returned.

- Subindex 04 hex **New Messages Available** gives whether there are new messages to be read.

Value	Description
0	No new message to be read.

Value	Description
1	New messages to be read are available.

- Subindex 05 hex **Flags** sets whether or not to notify the Diagnosis History as an emergency message. It is set to 0000 hex (not notify) when power is turned ON. Write 0001 hex to send emergency messages.
- Subindexes 06 to 19 hex **Diagnosis Message 1** to **Diagnosis Message 20** give the Diagnosis History. Diagnosis History is saved in Diagnosis Message 1 to 20 in ascending order. When 20 messages are saved, the 21st message is saved in Diagnosis Message 1 and the sequence starts again.
- The format of the Diagnosis History is shown below.

Item	Data type	Details	
Diag Code	UINT32	Bit 16 to 31: Emergency Error Code Bit 0 to 15: E800 hex	
Flags	UINT16	Bit 8 to 15: 01 hex (number of parameters) Bit 4 to 7: 02 hex (time stamp is based on time distribution)	
		Bit 0 to 3: Type	0: Info message 1: Warning message 2: Error message
Text ID	UINT16	0000 hex: No text ID	
Time Stamp	UINT64	0: No time stamp Not 0: Time stamp	
Flags Parameter 1	UINT16	Bit 12 to 15: 1 hex Bit 0 to 11: 00C hex (size of parameter 1)	
Parameter 1	ARRAY (0.4) OF BYTE	Contents of Sysmac Minor Fault (2004 hex) and Sysmac Observation (2003 hex)	

- The time stamp is recorded based on the time information that is obtained from the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. If the time information cannot be obtained from the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, the time stamp on the Sysmac Studio will be displayed as *1970/1/1 0:00:00*. The time stamp of a Diagnosis Message that is saved before the time information is obtained from the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit will also be displayed as *1970/1/1 0:00:00*.

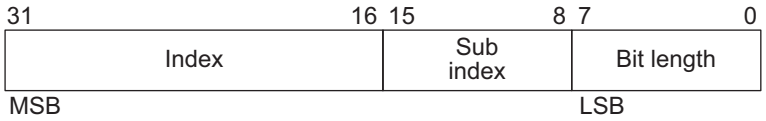
Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
10F9	---	Present Time for Event Log	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Present Time for Event Log	0 to 18,446,744,073,709,551,615	---	0	A	8 bytes (U64)	W	---	---	---

- Subindex 01 hex **Present Time for Event Log** stores the time information that is distributed by the EtherCAT master, and uses it for time stamp of the event log, i.e., Diagnosis Message.

A-2-5 PDO Mapping Objects

Indexes 1600 to 17FF hex are used for receive PDO mapping and indexes 1A00 to 1BFF hex are used for transmit PDO mapping.

Subindexes after subindex 01 hex provide information about the mapped application object.



Bit 16 to 31 : Index of the mapped object
Bit 8 to 15 : Subindex of the mapped object
Bit 0 to 7 : Bit length of the mapped object
For example, for 32 bits, 20 hex is given.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1600	---	1st receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	00 to 0A hex	---	03 hex	D	1 byte (U8)	W	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	09	9th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0A	10th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

- You can change these objects only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational.
- The mapping you changed is not saved in the non-volatile memory. To use the mapping other than the default setting, specify objects each time you turn ON the power supply.
- You can map up to 10 objects in a PDO mapping. If you attempt to map 11 or more objects, an RxPDO Setting Error (Error. No. 90.5) will occur.

- The communications cycle you can set varies depending on the total size of mapped objects. For details, refer to *A-1-3 Modes of Operation and Applied/Adjustment Functions* on page A-4.
- If the same object is mapped more than once, the value of the last object is used.
- If any of the following operation is attempted, an ABORT code is returned.
  a) Writing when the EtherCAT communications state is Safe-Operational or Operational
  b) Writing with non-existent objects specified
  c) Writing with incorrect object size specified
  d) Writing with objects that cannot be mapped in the PDO mapping specified
- You can map the following objects to the receive PDO mapping.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Bit length (hex)	Object name
3112	E1	20	ODF Velocity Feed-forward - Gain
	E2	20	ODF Velocity Feed-forward - LPF Cutoff Frequency
3113	E1	20	ODF Torque Feed-forward - Gain
	E2	20	ODF Torque Feed-forward - LPF Cutoff Frequency
3213	E1	20	1st Position Control Gain - Proportional Gain
3214	E1	20	2nd Position Control Gain - Proportional Gain
3223	E1	20	1st Velocity Control Gain - Proportional Gain
	E2	20	1st Velocity Control Gain - Integral Gain
3224	E1	20	2nd Velocity Control Gain - Proportional Gain
	E2	20	2nd Velocity Control Gain - Integral Gain
3233	E1	20	1st Torque Command Filter - Cutoff Frequency
3234	E1	20	2nd Torque Command Filter - Cutoff Frequency
6040	00	10	Controlword
6060	00	08	Modes of operation
6071	00	10	Target Torque
6072	00	10	Max Torque
607A	00	20	Target position
607F	00	20	Max profile velocity
6081	00	20	Profile velocity
6083	00	20	Profile acceleration
6084	00	20	Profile deceleration
60B0	00	20	Position offset
60B1	00	20	Velocity offset
60B2	00	10	Torque offset
60B8	00	10	Touch probe function
60E0	00	10	Positive torque limit value
60E1	00	10	Negative torque limit value
60FE	01	20	Physical outputs
60FF	00	20	Target velocity

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1610	---	17th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	00 to 13 hex	---	13 hex	S	1 byte (U8)	W	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	E7000108 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	66400001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	66500101 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	09	9th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	66320001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0A	10th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0B	11th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0C	12th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0D	13th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0E	14th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0F	15th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	10	16th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	11	17th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
	12	18th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	E7000310 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	13	19th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	E7000210 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

- This is receive PDO Mapping required when the safety function is used via EtherCAT communications.
- Users set objects assigned into PDO mapping. They can set subindex from 0A hex to 11 hex and eight objects or less.
- Other subindexes are fixed. If a value other than the Default value is mapped, the PDO Mapping error will occur.
- The object can be changed only when the EtherCAT state machine (ESM) is Pre-Operational (Pre-Op).
- The following objects are mapped.
  FSoE Master CMD (E700-01 hex), **STO command** (6640 hex), **SS1 command 1** (6650 hex), **error acknowledge** (6632 hex), **FSoE Master CRC_0** (E700-03 hex), and **FSoE Master Conn_ID** (E700-02 hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1701	---	258th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FE0120 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives the mapping for an application that uses only the Cyclic synchronous position control (csp).
- The touch probe function is available.
- The following objects are mapped.
  Controlword (6040 hex), **Target position** (607A hex), **Touch probe function** (60B8 hex), and **Physical outputs** (60FE hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1702	---	259th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	07 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FF0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60710010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60600008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607F0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This is the mapping for an application that uses one of the following modes with switching them: Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp), Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv), and Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst).
- The touch probe function is available.
- The following objects are mapped.
  Controlword (6040 hex), **Target position** (607A hex), **Target velocity** (60FF hex), **Target torque** (6071 hex), **Modes of operation** (6060 hex), **Touch probe function** (60B8 hex), and **Max profile velocity** (607F hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1703	---	260th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	07 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FF0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60600008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E00010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E10010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This is the mapping for an application that uses one of the following modes with switching them: Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) and Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv).
- The touch probe function and torque limit are available.
- The following objects are mapped.
  Controlword (6040 hex), **Target position** (607A hex), **Target velocity** (60FF hex), **Modes of operation** (6060 hex), **Touch probe function** (60B8 hex), **Positive torque limit value** (60E0 hex), and **Negative torque limit value** (60E1 hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1704	---	261th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	09 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FF0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60710010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60600008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607F0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E00010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	09	9th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E10010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This is the mapping for an application that uses one of the following modes with switching them: Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp), Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv), and Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst).
- The touch probe function and torque limit are available.
- The following objects are mapped.
  Controlword (6040 hex), **Target position** (607A hex), **Target velocity** (60FF hex), **Target torque** (6071 hex), **Modes of operation** (6060 hex), **Touch probe function** (60B8 hex), **Max profile velocity** (607F hex), **Positive torque limit value** (60E0 hex), and **Negative torque limit value** (60E1 hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1705	---	262th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	08 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FF0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60600008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E00010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E10010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B20010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This is the mapping for an application that uses one of the following modes with switching them: Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) and Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv).
- The touch probe function and torque limit are available.
- You can specify the amount of torque feed-forward in **Torque offset** (60B2 hex).
- The following objects are mapped.
  Controlword (6040 hex), **Target position** (607A hex), **Target velocity** (60FF hex), **Modes of operation** (6060 hex), **Touch probe function** (60B8 hex), **Positive torque limit value** (60E0 hex), and **Negative torque limit value** (60E1 hex), and **Torque offset** (60B2 hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1A00	---	1st transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	00 to 0A hex	---	07 hex	D	1 byte (U8)	W	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0A	10th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

- You can change these objects only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational.
- The mapping you changed is not saved in the non-volatile memory. To use the mapping other than the default setting, specify objects each time you turn ON the power supply.
- You can map up to 10 objects in a PDO mapping. If you attempt to map 11 or more objects, an TxPDO Setting Error (Error. No. 90.6) will occur.
- The communications cycle you can set varies depending on the total size of mapped objects. For details, refer to *A-1-3 Modes of Operation and Applied/Adjustment Functions* on page A-4.
- If the same object is mapped more than once, the value of the last object is used.
- If any of the following operation is attempted, an ABORT code is returned.
  a) Writing when the EtherCAT communications state is Safe-Operational or Operational
  b) Writing with non-existent objects specified
  c) Writing with incorrect object size specified
  d) Writing with objects that cannot be mapped in the PDO mapping specified
- You can map the following objects to the transmit PDO mapping.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Bit length (hex)	Object name
10F3	04	01	Diagnosis History - New Messages Available
2002	01	08	Sysmac Error Status
3000	81	20	Basic Functions - Function Status
3010	87	20	Position Command - Reference Position for csp
	92	20	Position Command - Following Error After Interpolation
3211	83	40	Position Detection - Present Position Time Stamp

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Bit length (hex)	Object name
3221	82	20	Velocity Detection - Present Motor Velocity
3B30	83	40	Touch Probe 1 - Positive Edge Time Stamp
3B31	83	40	Touch Probe 2 - Positive Edge Time Stamp
4000	81	20	Error Full Code
4110	81	20	Monitor Data via PDO - Monitor Data 1
	82	20	Monitor Data via PDO - Monitor Data 2
	83	20	Monitor Data via PDO - Monitor Data 3
	84	20	Monitor Data via PDO - Monitor Data 4
4130	81	20	Safety Status Monitor - Safety Status
4150	81	20	Overload - Load Ratio
4310	81	20	Regeneration - Regeneration Load Ratio
4412	81	20	Motor Advanced Setting - Without Motor Operation Status
4600	81	20	I/O Monitor - Physical I/O
4601	81	20	Function Input - Monitor Input
4F1A	81	20	Safety Velocity Detection - Safety Present Motor Velocity
	91	10	Safety Velocity Detection - Velocity Ch 1
	92	10	Safety Velocity Detection - Velocity Ch 2
	93	10	Safety Velocity Detection - Checksum
603F	00	10	Error code
6041	00	10	Statusword
6061	00	08	Modes of operation display
6062	00	20	Position demand value
6063	00	20	Position actual internal value
6064	00	20	Position actual value
606B	00	20	Velocity demand value
606C	00	20	Velocity actual value
6074	00	10	Torque demand
6077	00	10	Torque actual value
60B9	00	10	Touch probe status
60BA	00	20	Touch probe 1 positive edge
60BC	00	20	Touch probe 2 positive edge
60F4	00	20	Following error actual value
60FA	00	20	Control effort
60FC	00	20	Position demand internal value
60FD	00	20	Digital inputs

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1A10	---	17th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	00 to 13 hex	---	13 hex	S	1 byte (U8)	W	---	---	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000108 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	66400001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	08	8th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	66320001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0A	10th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0B	11th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0C	12th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0D	13th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0E	14th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	0F	15th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	10	16th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	11	17th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6010101 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	12	18th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000310 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	13	19th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000210 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

- This is transmit PDO Mapping required when the safety function is used via EtherCAT communications.
- Users set objects to be assigned. They can set subindex from 0A hex to 10 hex and seven objects or less PDO mapping.
- Other subindexes are fixed as default value. If a value other than the Default value is mapped, the PDO Mapping error will occur.
- The object can be changed only when the EtherCAT state machine (ESM) is Pre-Operational (Pre-Op).
- The following objects are mapped.
  FSoE Slave CMD (E600-01 hex), **STO command** (6640 hex), **Safety Connection Status** (E601-01 hex), **FSoE Slave CRC_0** (E600-03 hex), and **FSoE Slave Conn_ID** (E600-02 hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1B01	---	258th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	09 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60770010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60F40020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives the mapping for an application that uses only the Cyclic synchronous position control (csp).
- The touch probe function is available.
- The following objects are mapped.
  Error code (603F hex), **Statusword** (6041 hex), **Position actual value** (6064 hex), **Torque actual value** (6077 hex), **Following error actual value** (60F4 hex), **Touch probe status** (60B9 hex), **Touch probe 1 positive edge** (60BA hex), **Touch probe 2 positive edge** (60BC hex), and **Digital inputs** (60FD hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1B02	---	259th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	09 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60770010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60610008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This is the mapping for an application that switches the mode of operation.
- The touch probe function is available.
- The following objects are mapped.
  Error code (603F hex), **Statusword** (6041 hex), **Position actual value** (6064 hex), **Torque actual value** (6077 hex), **Modes of operation display** (6061 hex), **Touch probe status** (60B9 hex), **Touch probe 1 positive edge** (60BA hex), **Touch probe 2 positive edge** (60BC hex), and **Digital inputs** (60FD hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1B03	---	260th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	0A hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60770010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60F40020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60610008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	0A	10th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This is the mapping for an application that switches the mode of operation.
- The touch probe function is available.
- The following objects are mapped.
  Error code (603F hex), **Statusword** (6041 hex), **Position actual value** (6064 hex), **Torque actual value** (6077 hex), **Following error actual value** (60F4 hex), **Modes of operation** display (6061 hex), **Touch probe status** (60B9 hex), **Touch probe 1 positive edge** (60BA hex), **Touch probe 2 positive edge** (60BC hex), and **Digital inputs** (60FD hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1B04	---	261th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	0A hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60770010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60610008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	0A	10th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	606C0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This is the mapping for an application that switches the mode of operation.
- The touch probe function is available. Only one latch position value is available.
- The following objects are mapped.
  Error code (603F hex), **Statusword** (6041 hex), **Position actual value** (6064 hex), **Torque actual value** (6077 hex), **Modes of operation display** (6061 hex), **Touch probe status** (60B9 hex), **Touch probe 1 positive edge** (60BA hex), **Touch probe 2 positive edge** (60BC hex), **Digital inputs** (60FD hex), and **Velocity actual value** (606C hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1B20	---	289th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	41308210 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	41308310 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- Transmission PDO mapping required for monitoring Safety Controlword and Statusword.
- The following objects are mapped. Mirror Safety controlword (4130-82 hex) and Mirror Safety statusword (4130-83 hex)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1BFF	---	512th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	20020108 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This transmit mapping notifies the host controller that the Servo Drive detected an error.
- Sysmac Error Status (2002-01 hex) is mapped.
- If you connect the Servo Drive with a Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, map this object to Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment (1C13 hex). Sysmac Studio, by default, automatically maps this object.

A-2-6 Sync Manager Communication Objects

Objects 1C00 to 1C33 hex set how to use the EtherCAT communications memory.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1C00	---	Sync Manager Communication Type	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of used Sync Manager channels	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Communication Type Sync Manager 0	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	02	Communication Type Sync Manager 1	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	03	Communication Type Sync Manager 2	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	04	Communication Type Sync Manager 3	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---

- The Sync Manager has the following settings.
  SM0 : Mailbox receive (Master to Slave)
  SM1 : Mailbox send (Slave to Master)
  SM2 : Process data output (Master to Slave)
  SM3 : Process data input (Slave to Master)

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1C12	---	Sync Manager 2 PDO Assignment	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of assigned PDOs	00 to 03 hex	---	01 hex	D	1 byte (U8)	W	---	---	---
	01	1st PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 17FF hex	---	1701 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	02	2nd PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 17FF hex	---	0000 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	03	3rd PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 17FF hex	---	0000 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---

- This object gives the reception PDOs used by this Sync Manager.
- You can change these objects only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational.
- The mapping you changed is not saved in the non-volatile memory. To use the mapping other than the default setting, specify objects each time you turn ON the power supply.
- If any of the following operation is attempted, an ABORT code for SDO communications will be returned.
  a) Writing when the communications state is other than Pre-Operational
  b) Writing a value other than 1600 hex, 1701 to 1705 hex, and 1710 hex

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1C13	---	Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of assigned PDOs	00 to 03 hex	---	01 hex	D	1 byte (U8)	W	---	---	---
	01	1st PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 1BFF hex	---	1B01 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	02	2nd PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 1BFF hex	---	0000 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	03	3rd PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 1BFF hex	---	0000 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	04	4th PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 1BFF hex	---	0000 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---

- This object gives the transmission PDOs used by this Sync Manager.

- You can change these objects only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational.
- The mapping you changed is not saved in the non-volatile memory. To use the mapping other than the default setting, specify objects each time you turn ON the power supply.
- If any of the following operation is attempted, an ABORT code for SDO communications will be returned.
  a) Writing when the communications state is other than Pre-Operational
  b) Writing a value other than 1A00 hex, 1B01 to 1B04 hex, 1B10 hex, or 1BFF hex

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1C32	---	Sync Manager 2 Synchronization	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of Synchronization Parameters	---	---	0C hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Synchronization Type	0000 to 0003 hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	02	Cycle Time	---	ns	00000000 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	Shift Time	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	ns	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	04	Synchronization Types supported	---	---	0006 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---
	05	Minimum Cycle Time	---	ns	125,000	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	Calc and Copy Time	---	ns	125,000	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	09	Delay Time	---	ns	31,250	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	0B	Cycle Time Too Small	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives the parameters for synchronization of Sync Manager 2.
- Subindex 01 hex **Synchronization Type** gives the synchronization mode of Sync Manager 2.

Value	Description
0000 hex	Free Run
0001 hex	Synchronous
0002 hex	DC Sync0
0003 hex	DC Sync1

- Subindex 02 hex **Cycle Time** gives the cycle in nanoseconds.
- Subindex 03 hex **Shift Time** sets the delay time from Sync0 to signal output. It is unsupported by the 1S-series Servo Drive.
- Subindex 04 hex **Synchronization Types supported** gives the types of synchronization supported by this Servo Drive.

Bit	Description
1	Synchronous Supported
2 to 4	DC Type Supported DC (1: Sync0)

- Subindex 05 hex **Minimum Cycle Time** gives the time required for this Servo Drive to process the reception or transmission PDO.
- Subindex 06 hex **Calc and Copy Time** gives the internal processing time from data reception to signal output.
- Subindex 09 hex **Delay Time** gives the hardware-related delay time from signal output to actual output via the terminal.
- Subindex 0B hex **Cycle Time Too Small** gives the number of times which input data could not be updated because the internal processing was not completed before the next SM event.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
1C33	---	Sync Manager 3 Synchronization	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of Synchronization Parameters	---	---	0C hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Synchronization Type	0000 to 0003 hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	02	Cycle Time	---	ns	00000000 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	03	Shift Time	0 to FFFFFFFF hex	ns	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	04	Synchronization Types supported	---	---	0026 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---
	05	Minimum Cycle Time	---	ns	125,000	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	06	Calc and Copy Time	---	ns	125,000	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	09	Delay Time	---	ns	31,250	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---
	0B	Cycle Time Too Small	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives the parameters for synchronization of Sync Manager 3.
- Subindex 01 hex **Synchronization Type** gives the synchronization mode of Sync Manager 3.

Value	Description
0000 hex	Free Run
0001 hex	Synchronous
0002 hex	DC Sync0
0003 hex	DC Sync1

- Subindex 02 hex **Cycle Time** gives the sync0 event cycle in nanoseconds.
- Subindex 03 hex **Shift Time** sets the timing of input signal recognition from Sync0.
- Subindex 04 hex **Synchronization Types supported** gives the types of synchronization supported by this Servo Drive.

Bit	Description
1	Synchronous Supported
2 to 4	DC Type Supported DC (1: Sync0)
5 to 6	Shift Settings (1: Input Shift with local timer)

- Subindex 05 hex **Minimum Cycle Time** gives the time required for this Servo Drive to process the reception or transmission PDO.
- Subindex 06 hex **Calc and Copy Time** gives the internal processing time from input signal recognition to transmission PDO setting.
- Subindex 0B hex **Cycle Time Too Small** gives the number of times which input data could not be updated because the internal processing was not completed before the next SM event.

A-2-7 Manufacturer Specific Objects

For details on servo parameters, refer to *Section 9 Details on Servo Parameters* on page 9-1.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
2002	---	Sysmac Error	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Sysmac Error Status	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	02	Sysmac Error Status Clear	00 to 01 hex	---	00 hex	A	1 byte (U8)	W	---	---	---

- This object is used to notify and clear the data of the Sysmac Error Status.
- Subindex 01 hex **Sysmac Error Status** notifies that the Servo Drive detected an error.
  If you connect the Servo Drive with a Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, map this object to the PDO.
- Subindex 02 hex **Sysmac Error Status Clear** enables a Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit to reset the error that occurred in the Servo Drive.



Additional Information

Sysmac Studio, by default, uses the **512th transmit PDO Mapping** (1BFF hex) assignment to map the **Sysmac Error Status** (subindex 01 hex) automatically to the PDO.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
2003	---	Sysmac Observation	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	05 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Observation 1	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---
	02	Observation 2	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---
	03	Observation 3	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---
	04	Observation 4	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---
	05	Observation 5	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives data of the existing observation.

- Subindexes 01 to 05 hex **Observation 1 to 5** give the code of the existing observation-level event.
- The format of the observation is shown below.

Item	Data type	Details
Error code	UINT32	The event code is stored in little-endian format.
Error detail type	UINT32	Byte 2 to 3: Type of the detailed data Byte 1: Size of the detailed data Byte 0: 00 hex (no detailed data), 01 hex (detailed data)
Error detail	UINT32	Detailed data

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
2004	---	Sysmac Minor Fault	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	05 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Minor Fault 1	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---
	02	Minor Fault 2	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---
	03	Minor Fault 3	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---
	04	Minor Fault 4	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---
	05	Minor Fault 5	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives data of the existing minor fault.
- Subindexes 01 to 05 hex **Minor Fault 1 to 5** give the code of the existing minor-fault-level event.
- The format of the minor fault is shown below.

Item	Data type	Details
Error code	UINT32	The event code is stored in little-endian format.
Error detail type	UINT32	Byte 2 to 3: Type of the detailed data Byte 1: Size of the detailed data Byte 0: 00 hex (no detailed data), 01 hex (detailed data)
Error detail	UINT32	Detailed data

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
2100	---	Error History Clear	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	Not possible	---

- This object clears the data of **Diagnosis History** (10F3 hex).
- The data is cleared by the writing of 6c636c65 hex.
- If a value other than 6c636c65 hex is written, an ABORT code is returned.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
2200	---	Communications Error Setting	0 to 15	Times	1	R	1 byte (U8)	RW	---	Not possible	---

- This object sets the number of consecutive times to detect a Communications Synchronization Error (Error. No. 83.03).
- The range of the set value is from *0 to 15*. The error is detected when the number of detection times reaches "the set value +1".
- If the set value is *0*, a Communications Synchronization Error (Error No. 83.03) is detected when one communications error occurs.
- If you configure a ring topology with a Machine Automation Controller NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, set this object to 2 or more. If the set value is less than 2, a Communications Synchronization Error (Error No. 83.03) may be detected when the ring disconnection status occurs.

Additional Information

When the set value is *1* (default setting), a Communications Synchronization Error (Error No. 83.03) is detected if a communications error occurs twice in a row.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
2201	---	Sync Not Received Timeout Setting	0 to 600	s	0	R	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- This object sets a value to detect a Synchronization Interruption Error (Error No. 88.02).
- If the set value is *0*, the detection time will be 120 seconds.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
2400	---	Unit Restart	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Not possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Unit Restart	00000000 0000 to FFFFFFF FFFFF hex	---	0	A	6 bytes (VS)	W	---	---	---

- This object is used to execute the Unit Restart function.
- This function is executed by the writing of 746573657261 hex.
  If a value other than 746573657261 hex is written, an ABORT code is returned.

A-2-8 Servo Drive Profile Object

This section explains the CiA402 drive profile supported by 1S-series Servo Drives.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
603F	---	Error code	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	---

- This object gives the code of the latest existing event or warning which exists in the Servo Drive.
- When more than one error or warning occurs at the same time, the highest-priority one is given.
- The given error is from the manufacturer specific area FF00 to FFFF hex.
- The lower word of FF00 to FFFF hex gives the main error number.

Index (hex)	Name	Data type	Specifications
603F	Error code	U16	0000 hex : No error FF01 hex : Main error number 1 FF02 hex : Main error number 2 : : FF99 hex : Main error number 99 FFA0 hex : Warning A0 hex : : FFC0 hex : Information C0 hex Others : Reserved

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6040	---	Controlword	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object is used to control the state machine of the Servo Drive (PDS).

- **Description of Set Values**

Bit	Name	Description
0	Switch on	The state is controlled by these bits. Quick stop is not supported. The Quick stop bit is ignored even if it is set to *0*. For details, refer to *State Control Commands* on page A-3.
1	Enable voltage	
2	Quick stop	
3	Enable operation	
4 to 6	Operation mode specific	These bits are specific to the operation mode.
7	Fault reset	Errors and warnings are reset when this bit turns ON.
8	Operation mode specific	This bit is specific to the operation mode.
9	Operation mode specific	This bit is specific to the operation mode.
10	Reserved	
11	P_CL	These bits switch the torque limit function. They are normally set to *0*. Refer to *7-8 Torque Limit Switching* on page 7-29 for details.
12	N_CL	
13 to 15	Manufacturer specific	These are manufacturer specific bits. Always keep them at *0*.

- **Description of bits specific to operation mode**

Modes of operation	Controlword				
	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4
Profile position mode (pp)	Change on Set-point	Halt	Abs/rel	Change set immediately	New set-point

Modes of operation	Controlword				
	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4
Profile velocity mode (pv)	---	Halt	---	---	---
Homing mode (hm)	---	Halt	---	---	Homing operation start
Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)	---	---	---	---	---
Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv)	---	---	---	---	---
Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)	---	---	---	---	---

- For details on how to use, refer to *6-6 Profile Position Mode* on page 6-16 for the Profile position mode, *6-7 Profile Velocity Mode* on page 6-21 for the Profile velocity mode, and *A-1-5 Homing Mode Specifications* on page A-6 for the Homing mode.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6041	---	Statusword	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object gives the present status of the Servo Drive (PDS).

- **Bit Descriptions**

Bit	Name	Description
0	Ready to switch on	These bits give the status. For details, refer to *State Coding* on page A-4.
1	Switched on	
2	Operation enabled	
3	Fault	
4	Voltage enabled*1	
5	Quick stop	
6	Switch on disabled	
7	Warning	This bit indicates that warning status exists. Operation continues without changing the status.
8	Manufacturer specific	These are manufacturer specific bits. This bit is not used by 1S-series Servo Drives.
9	Remote	This bit indicates that the Servo Drive is currently controlled with Controlword. After initialization is completed, this bit changes to *1 (remote)*. When *0 (local)* is given, it indicates that the support software has the control right to the Servo Drive.
10	Operation mode specific	This bit is specific to the operation mode.
11	Internal limit active	This bit indicates that the limit function is in effect. This bit changes to *1* when the limit function in the Servo Drive is activated. The limit function has four types of limits: the torque limit, velocity limit, drive prohibition input, and software position limit.
12 to 13	Operation mode specific	These bits are specific to the operation mode.

Bit	Name	Description
14 to 15	Manufacturer specific	These are manufacturer specific bits. These bits are not used by 1S-series Servo Drives.

*1. The Voltage enabled bit indicates that the main circuit power supply voltage is applied when it is *1*.

- **Description of bits specific to operation mode**

Modes of operation	Controlword		
	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 10
Profile position mode (pp)	Following error	Set-point acknowledge	Target reached
Profile velocity mode (pv)	---	Speed	Target reached
Homing mode (hm)	Homing error	Homing attained	Target reached
Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)	Following error	Target position ignored	Status Toggle
Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv)	---	Target velocity ignored	Status Toggle
Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)	---	Target torque ignored	Status Toggle

- Target position ignored, Target velocity ignored, and Target torque ignored show whether the operation can follow the command. These bits change to *0* when operation cannot follow the command due to Drive Prohibition, Software Position Limit, etc.

Set value	Description
0	Ignore command
1	Follow command

- Status Toggle switches between 0 and 1 each time an RxPDO is received. The function of this bit is enabled or disabled with **Function Settings** (60DA hex).
- For how to use other bits, refer to *6-6 Profile Position Mode* on page 6-16 for the Profile position mode, *6-7 Profile Velocity Mode* on page 6-21 for the Profile velocity mode, and *A-1-5 Homing Mode Specifications* on page A-6 for the Homing mode.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
605B	---	Shutdown option code	-7 to 0	---	-5	E	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	Not possible	---

- This object sets the operation of the Servo Drive during Shutdown (transition from the Operation enabled state to the Ready to switch on state). “During Shutdown” refers to the duration in which the Servo Drive decelerates and then stops after main circuit power OFF (Shutdown).
- When the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower, the operation changes from the Deceleration Operation to the Operation after Stopping.
- The following error is cleared for all set values.

- **Description of Set Values**

Set value	Deceleration method		Operation after stopping
-7	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-6	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	

Set value	Deceleration method		Operation after stopping
-5	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-4	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-3	Dynamic brake operation		Free
-2	Free-run		Dynamic brake operation
-1	Dynamic brake operation		Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run		Free

*1. The Servomotor stops according to the setting of Operation B while in an STO status or when the P-N Voltage drops to the specified value or lower. In other cases, the Servomotor decelerates to stop according to the setting of Operation A.

The default value is -5. The deceleration operation in Operation B is free-run. To stop the motor more quickly than free-run stopping even when the deceleration method is Operation B, set this so that dynamic brake operation is performed as the deceleration operation.

Precautions for Correct Use

- When the error is cleared, a process which makes the command position follow the present position comes into effect. To operate in Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) after the Servo turns ON, reset the command coordinates in the host controller and then execute the operation. The Servomotor may move suddenly.
- If an error occurs while the main power supply is OFF, operation will follow **Fault reaction option code** (605E hex).
- By default, Shutdown Option Code (3B20-01 hex) is set to -5. To stop the motor as quickly as possible, set this so that dynamic brake operation is performed as the deceleration operation. The dynamic brake is intended for stopping the motor in case of an error. Do not use it as a method to stop the motor when it is rotating in normal operation.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
605C	---	Disable operation option code	-6 to 0	---	-4	E	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	Not possible	---

- This object sets the operation of the Servo Drive during Disable operation (transition from the Operation enabled state to the Switched on state). “During Disable operation” refers to the duration in which the Servo Drive decelerates and then stops after Servo OFF (Disable operation).
- When the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower, the operation changes from the Deceleration Operation to the Operation after Stopping.
- The following error is cleared for all set values.

- **Description of Set Values**

Set value	Deceleration operation	Operation after stopping
-6	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
-4		Dynamic brake operation
-3	Dynamic brake operation	Free
-2	Free-run	Dynamic brake operation

Set value	Deceleration operation	Operation after stopping
-1	Dynamic brake operation	Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run	Free

Precautions for Correct Use

- When the error is cleared, a process which makes the internal command position follow the actual position comes into effect. To execute commands that perform feeding for interpolation after the Servo turns ON, reset the command coordinates in the host controller and then execute the operation. The Servomotor may move suddenly.
- If an error occurs while the Servo is OFF, operation will follow **Fault reaction option code** (605E hex).
- If the main power supply turns OFF while the Servo is OFF, operation will follow **Shutdown option code** (605B hex).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
605D	---	Halt option code	1 to 3	---	1	E	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	Not possible	pp, pv, hm

- This object sets the stop method when bit 8 (Halt) of **Controlword** (6040 hex) is set to *1* during Homing mode (hm), pp mode, or pv mode.
- When the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower, the operation changes from the Deceleration Operation to the Operation after Stopping.
- The following error is cleared regardless of the set value after the Servomotor stops.

- **Description of Set Values**

Set value	Deceleration operation	Operation after stopping
1	Stopping with the following deceleration. pp, pv: Profile deceleration hm: Homing acceleration	pp, hm: Internal position command is zero pv: Internal velocity command is zero
2	Not supported	---
3	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	pp, hm: Internal position command is zero pv: Internal velocity command is zero

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
605E	---	Fault reaction option code	-7 to 0	---	-4	E	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	Not possible	---

- This object sets the operation for the time when an error occurs.
- When the running motor decelerates and its speed reaches 30 r/min or lower, the operation changes from the Deceleration Operation to the Operation after Stopping.
- The following error is cleared for all set values.

- **Description of Set Values**

Set value	Deceleration operation		Operation after stopping
-7	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-6	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Free
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-5	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Free-run	
-4	Operation A*1	Deceleration stop (The deceleration stop torque is used.)	Dynamic brake operation
	Operation B*1	Dynamic brake operation	
-3	Dynamic brake operation		Free
-2	Free-run		Dynamic brake operation
-1	Dynamic brake operation		Dynamic brake operation
0	Free-run		Free

*1. Operation A and B indicate whether or not to perform the deceleration stop when an error occurs. If an error that causes the deceleration stop occurs, the deceleration stop is performed according to the setting of Operation A. If an error that does not cause the deceleration stop occurs, the dynamic brake operation or free-run is performed according to the setting of Operation B. For details on errors, refer to *12-3 Errors* on page 12-10.

Precautions for Correct Use

When the error is cleared, a process which makes the command position follow the present position comes into effect. To operate in Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) after the Servo turns ON, reset the command coordinates in the host controller and then execute the operation. The Servomotor may move suddenly.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6060	---	Modes of operation	0 to 10	---	0	A	1 byte (INT8)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object sets the mode of operation.
- The default value is *0(not specified)*. Set the mode of operation from the master after the power supply is turned ON.
- A Command Warning (Error No. B1.00) occurs if the Servo is turned ON (Operation enabled = *1*) with the default setting of *0 (not specified)*.
- Even when the default value *0 (not specified)* is set again after changing the mode of operation, the mode of operation does not return to a "not specified". The last mode of operation is retained.
- Similarly, when an unsupported mode of operation is set, the last mode is retained.
- When an unsupported mode of operation is set via SDO communications, an ABORT code is returned.

- **Description of Set Values**

Set value	Description
0	Not specified
1	Profile position mode (pp)
3	Profile velocity mode (pv)
6	Homing mode (hm)
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv)
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)

- For details about changing the modes of operation, refer to *A-1-4 Changing the Mode of Operation* on page A-5.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6061	---	Modes of operation display	---	---	---	---	1 byte (INT8)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object gives the present mode of operation.
- The value definitions are the same as those for **Modes of operation** (6060 hex).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6062	---	Position demand value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, pp, hm

- This object gives the command position which is generated in the Servo Drive.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6063	---	Position actual internal value	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object gives the present position in units of encoder.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6064	---	Position actual value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object gives the present position in units of command.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6065	---	Following error window	0 to 4,294,967,295	Command unit	84,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	Not possible	csp, pp, hm

- This object sets the threshold for a following error.
- When the following error is more than or equal to this set value, an Excessive Position Deviation Error (Error No. 24.00) is detected.

- **Description of Set Values**

Set value	Description
0 to 2,147,483,647	Enabled at the value set in the Following error window
2,147,483,648 to 4,294,967,294	Enabled at 2,147,483,647 hex as the value set in the Following error window
4,294,967,295	Excessive position deviation detection disabled

- If it is set to *4,294,967,295 (FFFF FFFF hex)*, detection of following errors is disabled.
- If it is set to *0*, there will always be a following error.
- When it is set to between *2,147,483,648 and 4,294,967,294*, the set value becomes *2,147,483,648*.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6067	---	Position window	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	8,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	Not possible	csp, pp, hm

- When the following error is less than or equal to the set value of this object, the Positioning Completion Output 1 (INP1) turns ON.
- This setting is also used as the threshold for detecting Target reached flag in the EtherCAT communications status.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
606B	---	Velocity demand value	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, pp, hm

- This object gives the command velocity which is generated in the Servo Drive.
- The displayed value may have an error due to the unit conversion from [r/min] to [command unit/s].

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
606C	---	Velocity actual value	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object gives the present velocity.
- The displayed value may have an error due to the unit conversion from [r/min] to [command unit/s].

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6071	---	Target torque	-5,000 to 5,000	0.1 %	0	A	2 bytes (INT16)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	cst

- This object sets the torque command in Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst).
- Set the value in units of 0.1% of the rated torque (100%).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6072	---	Max torque	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object sets the maximum torque limit value.
- Set the value in units of 0.1% of the rated torque (100%).
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to set the maximum torque from a PDO.
- To use the limit value without mapping it to a PDO, set the value in **Torque Limit** – **Max Torque** (3330-02 hex).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6074	---	Torque demand	---	0.1 %	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object gives the torque command value which is generated in the Servo Drive.
- Set the value in units of 0.1% of the rated torque (100%).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6077	---	Torque actual value	---	0.1 %	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object gives the present torque value.
- Set the value in units of 0.1% of the rated torque (100%).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
607A	---	Target position	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp, pp

- This object sets the command position in Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) and Profile position mode (pp).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
607C	---	Home offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object sets the offset value from the home of the absolute encoder to the zero position of **Position actual value** (6064 hex).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
607D	---	Software position limit	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Min position limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	-500,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Max position limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	500,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object sets the software position limit function.
- Subindex 01 hex **Min position limit** sets the negative limit value for **Position actual value** (6064 hex).
- Subindex 02 hex **Max position limit** sets the positive limit value for **Position actual value** (6064hex).
- The software position limit is always relative to the home.
- Setting **Software Position Limit** (3B11 hex) is necessary to use the software position limit function.
- Refer to *7-4 Software Position Limit Functions* on page 7-17 for details.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Make sure that the value of Max position limit is larger than the value of Min position limit. The software position limit function is disabled when this condition is not met.
- The software position limit function is disabled when home is not defined.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
607F	---	Max profile velocity	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	2,147,483,647	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	cst, pp, pv

- This object sets the velocity limit value in Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst), Profile position mode (pp), and Profile velocity mode (pv).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6081	---	Profile velocity	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	pp

- This object sets the velocity used in Profile position mode (pp).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6083	---	Profile acceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	pp, pv

- This object sets the acceleration rate in the Profile position mode (pp) and Profile velocity mode (pv).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6084	---	Profile deceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	pp, pv

- This object sets the deceleration rate in the Profile position mode (pp) and Profile velocity mode (pv).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6091	---	Gear ratio	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Motor revolutions	0 to 1,073,741,824	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm
	02	Shaft revolutions	1 to 1,073,741,824	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object sets the electronic gear ratio.
- Subindex 01 hex **Motor Revolutions** sets the numerator of the electronic gear. If the set value is *0*, the encoder resolution is set in the numerator.
- Subindex 02 hex **Shaft Revolutions** sets the denominator of the electronic gear.
- The electronic gear ratio must be between 1/2,000 and 2,000. If it is set outside the range, an Electronic Gear Setting Error (Error No. 93.00) will occur.
- For details on the electronic gear setting, refer to *7-7 Electronic Gear Function* on page 7-28.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6098	---	Homing method	0 to 37	---	0	E	1 byte (INT8)	RW	---	Not possible	hm

- This object selects the homing method in the Homing mode (hm).

- **Description of Set Values**

Set value	Description
0	Not specified
8	Homing by Home Proximity Input and home signal (positive operation start)
12	Homing by Home Proximity Input and home signal (negative operation start)
19	Homing without home signal (positive operation start)
20	Homing without home signal (negative operation start)
33	Homing with home signal (negative operation start)
34	Homing with home signal (positive operation start)
37	Present home preset

- If the homing operation is started by setting a value other than 8, 12, 19, 20, 33, 34, or 37, a Command Error (Error No. 91.01) will occur.
- For details on homing, refer to *A-1-5 Homing Mode Specifications* on page A-6.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6099	---	Homing speeds	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Speed during search for switch	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	5,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	hm
	02	Speed during search for zero	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	5,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	hm

- This object sets the homing speed.
- Subindex 01 hex **Speed during search for switch** sets the operation speed to be used until the Home Proximity Input signal is detected.
- Subindex 02 hex **Speed during search for zero** sets the operation speed to be used until the home signal is detected.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
609A	---	Homing acceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	Not possible	hm

- This object sets the acceleration and deceleration rate to be used during homing.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60B0	---	Position offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp

- This object sets the offset for **Target position** (607A hex).
- In Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp), the offset value is added to **Target position** (607A hex) for use as the target position for the control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60B1	---	Velocity offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv

- This object sets the offset for **Target velocity** (60FF hex).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60B2	---	Torque offset	-5,000 to 5,000	0.1 %	0	A	2 bytes (INT16)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst

- This object sets the offset for **Target torque** (6071 hex).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60B8	---	Touch probe function	0 to 65,535	---	0	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	---

- This object sets the latch (touch probe) function.
- There are two channels, Latch Function 1 (bits 0 to 7) and Latch Function 2 (bits 8 to 15).
- Bits 0 and 8 execute latching when changed from *0* to *1*.
- To change the settings, set bit 0 or 8 to *0* and then to *1* again.
- For details, refer to *7-11 Touch Probe Function (Latch Function)* on page 7-37.

- **Bit Descriptions**

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Enable or disable Latch Function 1
	0	Latch Function 1 is disabled
	1	Latch Function 1 is enabled
Bit 1		Latch 1 operation
	0	Latch on the first trigger only.
	1	Latch continuously on every trigger input
Bit 2 to 3		Latch 1 trigger input signal switch
	00	Latch on the EXT1 signal.
	01	Latch on the phase-Z signal.
	10	Follow the setting in the Touch probe source.

Set value		Description
	11	Reserved
Bit 4		Latch 1 trigger operation on the positive edge
	0	Not obtain data
	1	Obtain data
Bit 8		Enable or disable Latch Function 2
	0	Latch Function 2 is disabled
	1	Latch Function 2 is enabled
Bit 9		Latch 2 operation
	0	Latch on the first trigger only.
	1	Latch continuously on every trigger input
Bit 10 to 11		Latch 2 trigger input signal switch
	00	EXT2
	01	Latch on the phase-Z signal.
	10	Follow the setting in the Touch probe source.
	11	Reserved
Bit 12		Latch 2 trigger operation on the positive edge
	0	Not obtain data
	1	Obtain data

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60B9	---	Touch probe status	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	---

- This object gives the status of the latch function.

- **Bit Descriptions**

Set value		Description
Bit 0		Enable or disable Latch Function 1
	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Bit 1		With or without Latch 1 positive data
	0	Without latch data
	1	With latch data
Bit 8		Enable or disable Latch Function 2
	0	Disabled
	1	Enabled
Bit 9		With or without Latch 2 positive data
	0	Without latch data
	1	With latch data

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60BA	---	Touch probe 1 positive edge	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	---

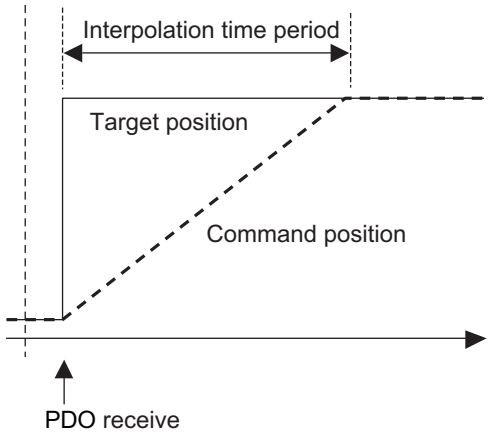
- This object gives the position which is latched on the positive edge by the Latch Function 1 (Touch probe 1).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60BC	---	Touch probe 2 positive edge	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	---

- This object gives the position which is latched on the positive edge by the Latch Function 2 (Touch probe 2).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60C2	---	Interpolation time period	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Interpolation time period value	0 to 255	---	1	E	1 byte (U8)	RW	---	---	csp, csv
	02	Interpolation time index	-128 to 63	---	-3	E	1 byte (INT8)	RW	---	---	csp, csv

- Sets the Command Dividing Function which is enabled in the Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) or Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv).
- In the free-run mode only, the setting is updated, and in the synchronous mode, the EtherCAT communications are automatically set as the interpolation time period.
- Interpolation time period = **Interpolation time period value** × 10 **(Interpolation time index)** seconds.
- The set interpolation time period is used to perform linear interpolation for the target position and calculate the command position.
- If the set value exceeds 100 ms, then 100 ms is used to calculate the command position.



Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60D0	---	Touch probe source	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Touch probe 1 source	1 to 6	---	1	A	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	---	---
	02	Touch probe 2 source	1 to 6	---	2	A	2 bytes (INT16)	RW	---	---	---

- This object selects the trigger to be used for the latch function.

- **Description of Set Values**

Value	Description
1	External Latch Input 1 (EXT1)
2	External Latch Input 2 (EXT2)
6	Encoder Phase Z

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60D9	---	Supported functions	---	---	00000001 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- This object gives the extended functions which are supported by the Servo Drive.

Set value	Description
Bit 0	Status Toggle 0: Not supported 1: Supported
Bit 1 to 31	Reserved

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60DA	---	Function Settings	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	Not possible	---

- This object selects whether to enable or disable the extended functions which are supported by the Servo Drive.

Set value	Description
Bit 0	Status Toggle 0: Disabled 1: Enabled
Bit 1 to 31	Reserved Always set to 0.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60E0	---	Positive torque limit value	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object sets the positive torque limit value.
- The value is limited by the maximum torque of the connected motor.
- For details, refer to *7-8 Torque Limit Switching* on page 7-29.
- Set the value in units of 0.1% of the rated torque (100%).
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to set the positive torque limit value from a PDO.
- To use the limit value without mapping it to a PDO, set the value in **Torque Limit** – **Positive Torque Limit Value** (3330-03 hex).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60E1	---	Negative torque limit value	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csp, csv, cst, pp, pv, hm

- This object sets the negative torque limit value.
- The value is limited by the maximum torque of the connected motor.
- For details, refer to *7-8 Torque Limit Switching* on page 7-29.
- Set the value in units of 0.1% of the rated torque (100%).
- This object is intended for PDO assignment. Use this object to set the negative torque limit value from a PDO.
- To use the limit value without mapping it to a PDO, set the value in **Torque Limit** – **Negative Torque Limit Value** (3330-04 hex).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60E3	---	Supported homing methods	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	07 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	1st supported homing method	---	---	8	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	02	2nd supported homing method	---	---	12	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	03	3rd supported homing method	---	---	19	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	04	4th supported homing method	---	---	20	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	05	5th supported homing method	---	---	33	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	06	6th supported homing method	---	---	34	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm
	07	7th supported homing method	---	---	37	---	2 bytes (INT16)	RO	---	---	hm

- This object gives the supported homing methods.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60F4	---	Following error actual value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT16)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, pp, hm

- This object gives the amount of following error.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60FA	---	Control effort	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, pp, hm

- This object gives the velocity command value which is generated in the position control of the Servo Drive.
- The displayed value may have an error due to the unit conversion from [r/min] to [command unit/s].

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60FC	---	Position demand internal value	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	csp, pp, hm

- This object gives the command position which is generated in the Servo Drive.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60FD	---	Digital inputs	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	TxPDO	Not possible	---

- This object gives each function I/O status of the Servo Drive.

- **Bit Descriptions**

Bit	Signal name	Symbol	Value	Description
0	Negative Drive Prohibition Input	NOT	0	OFF
			1	ON
1	Positive Drive Prohibition Input	POT	0	OFF
			1	ON
2	Home Proximity Input	DEC	0	OFF
			1	ON
16	Encoder Phase Z Detection	PC	0	Phase-Z signal not detected during communication cycle
			1	Phase-Z signal detected during communication cycle
17	External Latch Input 1	EXT1	0	OFF
			1	ON
18	External Latch Input 2	EXT2	0	OFF
			1	ON

Bit	Signal name	Symbol	Value	Description
20	Monitor Input 1	MON1	0	OFF
			1	ON
21	Monitor Input 2	MON2	0	OFF
			1	ON
22	Monitor Input 3	MON3	0	OFF
			1	ON
23	Positive Torque Limit Input	PCL	0	OFF
			1	ON
24	Negative Torque Limit Input	NCL	0	OFF
			1	ON
25	Error Stop Input	ESTP	0	OFF
			1	ON
26	Brake Interlock	BKIR	0	Brake released
			1	Brake locked
27	Safety input 1	SF1	0	OFF
			1	ON
28	Safety input 2	SF2	0	OFF
			1	ON
29	EDM Output	EDM	0	OFF
			1	ON
30	Monitor Input 4	MON4	0	OFF
			1	ON
31	Monitor Input 5	MON5	0	OFF
			1	ON

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60FE	---	Digital outputs	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Physical outputs	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	W	RxPDO	---	---
	02	Bit mask	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	RW	---	---	---

- This object sets and controls the function output.
- Subindex 01 hex **Physical outputs** changes the function output status by the writing of a value to the corresponding bit.
- Subindex 02 hex **Bit mask** selects whether to enable or disable the function outputs.

- **Bit Description of Subindex 01 hex**
  Set *0* for the bits that are not listed in the table.

Bit	Signal name	Symbol	Value	Description
0	NC Contact Brake Interlock Output	BKIR_b	0	Brake released
			1	Brake held

Bit	Signal name	Symbol	Value	Description
16	Remote Output 1	R-OUT1	0	OFF
			1	ON
17	Remote Output 2	R-OUT2	0	OFF
			1	ON
18	Remote Output 3	R-OUT3	0	OFF
			1	ON
24	Gain Switching	G-SEL	0	Gain 1
			1	Gain 2
28	NO Contact Brake Interlock Output	BKIR_a	0	Brake held
			1	Brake released

- **Bit Description of Subindex 02 hex**

Bit	Signal name	Symbol	Value	Description
0	NC Contact Brake Interlock Output*1	BKIR_b	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled
16	Remote Output 1	R-OUT1	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled
17	Remote Output 2	R-OUT2	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled
18	Remote Output 3	R-OUT3	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled
24	Gain Switching	G-SEL	0	Setting disabled
			1	Setting enabled
28	NO Contact Brake Interlock Output*1	BKIR_a	0	Output disabled
			1	Output enabled

*1. Even when Bit mask for Brake Interlock Output is *0 (output disabled)*, the Servo Drive can perform the brake control.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
60FF	---	Target velocity	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	W	RxPDO	Not possible	csv, pv

- This object sets the command velocity in Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csp) and Profile velocity mode (pp).

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6402	---	Motor type	---	---	3	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- This object gives the type of connected motor.
- It is always 3 (PM synchronous motor) for 1S-series Servo Drives.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6404	---	Motor manufacturer	---	---	OMRON	---	20 bytes (VS)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- This object gives the motor manufacturer name.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6502	---	Supported drive modes	---	---	000003A5 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	RO	---	Not possible	---

- This object gives the supported modes of operation.

- **Bit Descriptions**

Bit	Supported mode	Value
0	pp (Profile position mode)	1: Supported
1	vl (Velocity mode)	0: Not supported
2	pv (Profile velocity mode)	1: Supported
3	tq (Profile torque mode)	0: Not supported
4	Reserved	0
5	hm (Homing mode)	1: Supported
6	ip (Interpolated position mode)	0: Not supported
7	csp (Cyclic synchronous position mode)	1: Supported
8	csv (Cyclic synchronous velocity mode)	1: Supported
9	cst (Cyclic synchronous torque mode)	1: Supported
10 to 31	Reserved	0

A-2-9 Safety Function Objects

This section explains objects defined in the FSoE CiA402 slave connection.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6620	---	safety controlword	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	safety controlword 1st Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	02	safety controlword 2nd Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives the command status of the safety function.

- **Bit Description of Subindex 01 hex**

Bit	Description
0	Gives the status of STO command. 0: STO activate command issued 1: STO activate command not issued
1	Gives the status of SS1 1st instance command. 0: SS1 activate command issued 1: SS1 activate command not issued
7	Gives the status of error reset command. 0: Error reset command issued 1: Error reset command not issued

- No bit of subindex 02 hex is used.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6621	---	safety statusword	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	safety statusword 1st Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	02	safety statusword 2nd Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---

- This object gives the status of safety function.

- **Bit Description of Subindex 01 hex**

Bit	Description
0	Gives the STO status. 0: Normal status 1: STO status
7	Gives the error status of the safety function. 0: No error 1: Error detected

- **Bit Description of Subindex 02 hex**

Bit	Description
0 to 6	Gives the status of the safety function which are mapped to 2nd byte of 1A10 hex PDO mapping object.
7	Gives the safety connection status. 0: Without safety connection 1: With safety connection

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6632	---	error acknowledge	0 to 1	---	0	---	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	Not possible	---

- This object gives and resets an error of the safety function.
- You can use this function by mapping this object to the safety process data.
- If you map this object to the SDO communications or normal PDOs, the written value will be ignored.

- **Description of Reading and Writing**

Access	Description
Read	Gives an error of the safety function. 0: No error 1: Error detected
Write	Resets an error of the safety function. From 0 to 1: Error reset

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6640	---	STO command	0 to 1	---	0	---	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	Not possible	---

- This object gives the STO status and issues the STO command.
- You can use this function by mapping this object to the safety process data.
- If you map this object to the SDO communications or normal PDOs, the written value will be ignored.

- **Description of Reading and Writing**

Access	Description
Read	Gives the STO status. 0: Normal status 1: STO status
Write	Issues the STO command. 0: Activate STO 1: Reset STO

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6650	---	SS1 command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	08 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	SS1 command 1	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	02	SS1 command 2	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	03	SS1 command 3	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	04	SS1 command 4	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	05	SS1 command 5	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	06	SS1 command 6	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	07	SS1 command 7	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	08	SS1 command 8	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---

- It can monitor SS1 function status and give SS1 command.

- **Description of Reading and Writing**

Access	Description
Read	Gives SS1 status. 0: Normal status 1: SS1 status
Write	Issues SS1 command. 0: Activate SS1 1: Reset SS1

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6651	---	SS1 time to STO	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	08 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	SS1 time to STO1	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	02	SS1 time to STO2	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	03	SS1 time to STO3	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	04	SS1 time to STO4	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	05	SS1 time to STO5	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	06	SS1 time to STO6	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	07	SS1 time to STO7	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	08	SS1 time to STO8	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---

- It sets a time until STO function is activated after a Servo Drive receives SS1 command. It sets the time for each SS1 command.
- This object is for SRA parameters.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6690	---	SLS command	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Not possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	08 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	SLS command 1	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	02	SLS command 2	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	03	SLS command 3	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	04	SLS command 4	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	05	SLS command 5	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	06	SLS command 6	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	07	SLS command 7	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---
	08	SLS command 8	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	W	RxPDO, TxPDO	---	---

- It can confirm SLS function state and give SLS command.

- **Description of Reading and Writing**

Access	Description
Read	Gives the SLS status. 0: Normal status 1: SLS status
Write	Issues the SLS command. 0: Activate SLS 1: Reset SLS

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6691	---	SLS time to velocity monitoring	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	08 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	SLS time to velocity monitoring 1	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	02	SLS time to velocity monitoring 2	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	03	SLS time to velocity monitoring 3	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	04	SLS time to velocity monitoring 4	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	05	SLS time to velocity monitoring 5	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	06	SLS time to velocity monitoring 6	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	07	SLS time to velocity monitoring 7	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---
	08	SLS time to velocity monitoring 8	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	W	---	---	---

- Set a time until SLS function is activated after a Servo Drive receives SLS command.
- This object is for SRA parameters.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
6693	---	SLS velocity limit	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	08 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	SLS velocity limit 1	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	02	SLS velocity limit 2	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	03	SLS velocity limit 3	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	04	SLS velocity limit 4	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	05	SLS velocity limit 5	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	06	SLS velocity limit 6	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	07	SLS velocity limit 7	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---
	08	SLS velocity limit 8	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	W	---	---	---

- Set the velocity limit for monitoring.
- This object is for SRA parameters.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
E600	---	FSoE Slave Frame Elements Axis Ch1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	FSoE Slave CMD	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	02	FSoE Slave Conn_ID	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	TxPDO	---	---
	03	FSoE Slave CRC_0	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	TxPDO	---	---

- This object is used to send safety process data.
- Subindex 01 hex **FSoE Slave CMD** gives the command which is sent from the slave.
- Subindex 02 hex **FSoE Slave Conn_ID** gives the connection ID which is sent from the slave.
- Subindex 03 hex **FSoE Slave CRC_0** gives the cyclic redundancy code which is sent from the slave.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
E601	---	Safety input 1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	Safety Connection Status	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	RO	TxPDO	---	---

- This object indicates that the safety connection is in execution.
- When the value is *1*, the safety connection is in execution.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
E700	---	FSoE Master Frame Elements Axis Ch1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	FSoE Master CMD	00 to FF hex	---	00 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	W	RxPDO	---	---
	02	FSoE Master Conn_ID	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	W	RxPDO	---	---
	03	FSoE Master CRC_0	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	W	RxPDO	---	---

- This object is used to send safety process data.
- Subindex 01 hex **FSoE Master CMD** gives the command which is sent from the master.
- Subindex 02 hex **FSoE Master Conn_ID** gives the connection ID which is sent from the master.
- Subindex 03 hex **FSoE Master CRC_0** gives the cyclic redundancy code which is sent from the master.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	Access	PDO map	Complete access	Modes of operation
F980	---	Device Safety Address	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	Possible	---
	00	Number of entries	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RO	---	---	---
	01	FSoE Address	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	RO	---	---	---
	02	Restore Default FSoE Address	---	---	0	A	5 bytes (VS)	W	---	---	---
	03	FSoE Enable Reset	---	---	0	A	7 bytes (VS)	W	---	---	---

- This object gives and clears the FSoE slave address.
- Subindex 01 hex **FSoE Address** gives the FSoE slave address.
- Subindex 02 hex **Restore Default FSoE Address** restores FSoE slave addresses to their default values by the writing of "reset".

- Subindex 03 hex **FSoE Enable Reset** resets the FSoE enabled state by the writing of "disable".

A-3 Object List

- This section describes the profile that is used to control the Servo Drive.
- Some objects are updated by cycling the power supply. After you change these objects, turn OFF the power supply, and then turn ON it again. After you turn OFF the power supply, confirm that the power supply indicator is not lit.
- See below for the data attributes.

A : Always updated
D : Possible to change only when the EtherCAT communications state is Pre-Operational
S : Possible to change by Safety Controller setting tools. The changes are reflected when FSoE connection established.
E : Servo ON
R : Updated when the control power is reset or restarted.
--- : Write prohibited

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
1000	00	Device Type	---	---	000A0192 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1001	00	Error Register	---	---	00 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
1008	00	Manufacturer Device Name	---	---	R88D-1SN□□□-ECT-51	---	20 bytes (VS)	---
1009	00	Manufacturer Hardware Version	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	---
100A	00	Manufacturer Software Version	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	---
1010	01	Store Parameters	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
1011	---	Restore Default Parameters	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Restore Default Parameters	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	Restore Default Application Parameters	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
1018	---	Identity Object	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Vendor ID	---	---	00000083 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	Product Code	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	Revision Number	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	Serial Number	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
10F3	---	Diagnosis History	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Maximum Messages	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	02	Newest Message	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	03	Newest Acknowledged Message	00 to FF hex	---	00 hex	A	1 byte (U8)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	04	New Messages Available	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	TxPDO
	05	Flags	0000 to 003F hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	---
	06	Diagnosis Message 1	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	07	Diagnosis Message 2	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	08	Diagnosis Message 3	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	09	Diagnosis Message 4	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	0A	Diagnosis Message 5	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	0B	Diagnosis Message 6	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	0C	Diagnosis Message 7	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	0D	Diagnosis Message 8	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	0E	Diagnosis Message 9	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	0F	Diagnosis Message 10	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	10	Diagnosis Message 11	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	11	Diagnosis Message 12	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	12	Diagnosis Message 13	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	13	Diagnosis Message 14	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	14	Diagnosis Message 15	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	15	Diagnosis Message 16	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	16	Diagnosis Message 17	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	17	Diagnosis Message 18	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	18	Diagnosis Message 19	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
	19	Diagnosis Message 20	---	---	---	---	30 bytes (OS)	---
10F9	01	Present Time for Event Log	0 to 18,446,744,073,709,551,615	---	0	A	8 bytes (U64)	---
1600	---	1st receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	00 to 0A hex	---	03 hex	D	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	60400010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	607A0020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	60B80010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0A	10th Output Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
1610	---	17th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	00 to 13 hex	---	13 hex	S	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	E7000108 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	66400001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	66500101 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	66320001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0A	10th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0B	11th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0C	12th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0D	13th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0E	14th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0F	15th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	10	16th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	11	17th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	12	18th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	E7000310 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	13	19th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	E7000210 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
1701	---	258th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FE0120 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1702	---	259th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	07 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FF0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60710010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60600008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607F0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1703	---	260th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	07 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FF0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60600008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E00010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E10010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
1704	---	261th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	09 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FF0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60710010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60600008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607F0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E00010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E10010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1705	---	262th receive PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	08 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60400010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	607A0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60FF0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60600008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B80010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E00010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60E10010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Output Object to be mapped	---	---	60B20010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1A00	---	1st transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	00 to 0A hex	---	07 hex	D	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	60410010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	60640020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	60B90010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	60BA0020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	60BC0020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	603F0010 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	60FD0020 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0A	10th Input Object to be mapped	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	D	4 bytes (U32)	---
1A10	---	17th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	00 to 13 hex	---	13 hex	S	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000108 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	66400001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	66320001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0A	10th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0B	11th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0C	12th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0D	13th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0E	14th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0F	15th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	10	16th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	11	17th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6010101 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	12	18th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000310 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	13	19th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000210 hex	S	4 bytes (U32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
1B01	---	258th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	09 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60770010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60F40020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1B02	---	259th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	09 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60770010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60610008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1B03	---	260th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	0A hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60770010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60F40020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60610008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0A	10th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1B04	---	261th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	0A hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	603F0010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60410010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	3rd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60640020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	4th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60770010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	5th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60610008 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	6th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60B90010 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	7th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BA0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	8th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60BC0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	60FD0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0A	10th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	606C0020 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1B10	---	273th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	13 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000108 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	66400001 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03 to 08	3rd-8th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	9th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	66320001 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0A to 10	10th-16th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	00000001 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	11	17th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6010101 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	12	18th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000310 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	13	19th Input Object to be mapped	---	---	E6000210 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1B20	---	289th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	41308210 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	2nd Input Object to be mapped	---	---	41308310 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1BFF	---	512th transmit PDO Mapping	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of objects in this PDO	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st Input Object to be mapped	---	---	20020108 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1C00	---	Sync Manager Communication Type	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of used Sync Manager channels	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	Communication Type Sync Manager 0	---	---	01 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	02	Communication Type Sync Manager 1	---	---	02 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	03	Communication Type Sync Manager 2	---	---	03 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	04	Communication Type Sync Manager 3	---	---	04 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
1C12	---	Sync Manager 2 PDO Assignment	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of assigned PDOs	00 to 03 hex	---	02 hex	D	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 17FF hex	---	1701 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	---
	02	2nd PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 17FF hex	---	1610 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	---
	03	3rd PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 17FF hex	---	0000 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	---
1C13	---	Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of assigned PDOs	00 to 04 hex	---	03 hex	D	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	1st PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 1BFF hex	---	1B01 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	---
	02	2nd PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 1BFF hex	---	1B20 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	03	3rd PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 1BFF hex	---	1A10 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	---
	04	4th PDO Mapping Object Index of assigned PDO	0000 to 1BFF hex	---	0000 hex	D	2 bytes (U16)	---
1C32	---	Sync Manager 2 Synchronization	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of Synchronization Parameters	---	---	0C hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	Synchronization Type	0000 to 0003 hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	---
	02	Cycle Time	---	ns	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	Shift Time	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	ns	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	Synchronization Types supported	---	---	0006 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
	05	Minimum Cycle Time	---	ns	125,000	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	Calc and Copy Time	---	ns	125,000	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	Delay Time	---	ns	31,250	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0B	Cycle Time Too Small	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
1C33	---	Sync Manager 3 Synchronization	---	---	---	---	---	---
	00	Number of Synchronization Parameters	---	---	0C hex	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	01	Synchronization Type	0000 to 0003 hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	---
	02	Cycle Time	---	ns	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	Shift Time	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	ns	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	Synchronization Types supported	---	---	0026 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
	05	Minimum Cycle Time	---	ns	125,000	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	Calc and Copy Time	---	ns	125,000	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	09	Delay Time	---	ns	31,250	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	0B	Cycle Time Too Small	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
2002	---	Sysmac Error	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Sysmac Error Status	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	TxPDO
	02	Sysmac Error Status Clear	00 to 01 hex	---	00 hex	A	1 byte (U8)	---
2003	---	Sysmac Observation	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Observation 1	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	02	Observation 2	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
	03	Observation 3	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
	04	Observation 4	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
	05	Observation 5	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
2004	---	Sysmac Minor Fault	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Minor Fault 1	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
	02	Minor Fault 2	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
	03	Minor Fault 3	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
	04	Minor Fault 4	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
	05	Minor Fault 5	---	---	---	---	12 bytes (OS)	---
2100	00	Error History Clear	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
2200	00	Communications Error Setting	00 to 0F hex	Times	1	R	1 byte (U8)	---
2201	00	Sync Not Received Timeout Setting	0 to 600	s	0	R	2 bytes (U16)	---
2400	---	Unit Restart	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Unit Restart	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	6 bytes (VS)	---
3000	---	Basic Functions	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Motor Rotation Direction Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	Control Mode Selection	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	Control Method Selection	0 to 1	---	1	E	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	Function Settings (Mirror object of 60DA hex)	0 to 4,294,967,295	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	81	Function Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	82	Motor Stop Cause	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Modes of Operation Display (Mirror object of 6061 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 byte (INT8)	---
	84	Supported Functions (Mirror object of 60D9 hex)	---	---	00000001 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	85	Supported Drive Modes (Mirror object of 6502 hex)	---	---	000003A5 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	F1	Controlword (Mirror object of 6040 hex)	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	F2	Modes of Operation (Mirror object of 6060 hex)	0 to 10	---	0	A	1 byte (INT8)	---
	FF	Statusword (Mirror object of 6041 hex)	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
3001	---	Machine	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Inertia Ratio	0 to 30,000	%	250	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Backlash Compensation Selection	0 to 2	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Backlash Compensation Amount	-262,144 to 262,143	Command unit	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Backlash Compensation Time Constant	0 to 6,400	0.01ms	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	05	Motor Revolutions (Mirror object of 6091-01 hex)	0 to 1,073,741,824	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	Shaft Revolutions (Mirror object of 6091-02 hex)	1 to 1,073,741,824	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	---
	81	Inertia Ratio Display	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3002	---	Optimized Parameters	---	---	---	---	---	---
	F1	Apply Parameters	---	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F2	Execution Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3010	---	Position Command	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Position Demand Value (Mirror object of 6062 hex)	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Position Demand Internal Value (Mirror object of 60FC hex)	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Velocity	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	85	Motor Velocity After Position Command Filtering	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	86	Motor Velocity After Damping Filtering	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	87	Reference Position for csp	---	Command unit	0	---	4 bytes (U32)	TxPDO
	91	Following Error	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	92	Following Error After Interpolation	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	TxPDO
	F1	Target Position (Mirror object of 607A hex)	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	F2	Position Offset (Mirror object of 60B0 hex)	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3011	---	Position Command Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	FIR Filter Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	FIR Filter Moving Average Time	1 to 10,000	0.1ms	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	IIR Filter Enable	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	IIR Filter Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3012	---	Damping Control	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Damping Filter 1 Selection	0 to 4	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Damping Filter 2 Selection	0 to 4	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3013	---	Damping Filter 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	1st Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	1st Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	1 %	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	2nd Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	2nd Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	1 %	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	05	3rd Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	06	3rd Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	1 %	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	07	4th Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	08	4th Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	1 %	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3014	---	Damping Filter 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	1st Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	1st Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	1 %	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	2nd Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	2nd Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	1 %	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	05	3rd Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	06	3rd Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	1 %	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	07	4th Frequency	5 to 3,000	0.1 Hz	3,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	08	4th Damping Time Coefficient	50 to 200	1 %	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3020	---	Velocity Command	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	82	Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Motor Velocity After Velocity Command Filtering	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	92	Motor Velocity Deviation	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Target Velocity (Mirror object of 60FF hex)	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F2	Velocity Offset (Mirror object of 60B1 hex)	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3021	---	Velocity Command Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Acceleration Time	0 to 10,000	ms	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Deceleration time	0 to 10,000	ms	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	IIR Filter Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Filter Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3030	---	Torque Command	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Torque	---	0.1 %	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Target Torque (Mirror object of 6071 hex)	-5,000 to 5,000	0.1 %	0	A	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	F2	Torque Offset (Mirror object of 60B2 hex)	-5,000 to 5,000	0.1 %	0	A	2 bytes (INT16)	---
3031	---	Velocity Limit in Torque Control	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Velocity Limit Value	0 to 20,000	r/min	20,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Status	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3040	---	Profile Command	---	---	---	---	---	---
	F1	Max Profile Velocity (Mirror object of 607F hex)	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	2,147,483,647	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	F2	Profile Velocity (Mirror object of 6081 hex)	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	F3	Profile Acceleration (Mirror object of 6083 hex)	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	F4	Profile Deceleration (Mirror object of 6084 hex)	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
3041	---	Command Dividing Function	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Operation Selection in csv	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	02	Interpolation Time Period Value (Mirror object of 60C2-01 hex)	0 to 255	---	1	E	1 byte (U8)	---
	03	Interpolation Time Index (Mirror object of 60C2-02 hex)	-128 to 63	---	-3	E	1 byte (INT8)	---
	10	Interpolation Method Selection in csp	0 to 1	---	0	A	1 bytes (INT32)	---
3112	---	ODF Velocity Feedforward	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Gain	0 to 1,000	0.1 %	300	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	LPF Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	E1	Gain Command	0 to 1,000	0.1 %	300	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
	E2	LPF Cutoff Frequency Command	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
3113	---	ODF Torque Feedforward	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Gain	0 to 1,000	0.1 %	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	LPF Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	LPF Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	E1	Gain Command	0 to 1,000	0.1 %	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
	E2	LPF Cutoff Frequency Command	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
3120	---	TDF Position Control	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Command Following Gain	10 to 5,000	%	50	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	10	Command Following Gain Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	11	Command Following Gain 2	1 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3121	---	TDF Velocity Control	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Command Following Gain	10 to 5,000	%	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	10	Command Following Gain Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	11	Command Following Gain 2	1 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3210	---	Internal Position Command	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Position	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	91	Following Error Actual Value (Mirror object of 60F4 hex)	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	92	Following Error Actual Internal Value	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3211	---	Position Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Position Actual Value (Mirror object of 6064 hex)	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Position Actual Internal Value (Mirror object of 6063 hex)	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Present Position Time Stamp	---	ns	---	---	8 bytes (U64)	TxPDO
3212	---	Gain Switching in Position Control	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Mode Selection	0 to 3	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Delay Time	0 to 10,000	0.1ms	50	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Speed	0 to 20,000	r/min	50	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Time	0 to 10,000	0.1ms	100	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3213	---	1st Position Control Gain	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Proportional Gain	0 to 5,000	0.1 Hz	44/29*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	E1	Proportional Gain Command	0 to 5,000	0.1 Hz	44/29*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
3214	---	2nd Position Control Gain	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Proportional Gain	0 to 5,000	0.1 Hz	44/29*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	E1	Proportional Gain Command	0 to 5,000	0.1 Hz	44/29*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
3220	---	Internal Velocity Command	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Velocity Demand Value (Mirror object of 606B hex)	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Control Effort (Mirror object of 60FA hex)	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	92	Motor Velocity Deviation	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3221	---	Velocity Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Velocity Actual Value (Mirror object of 606C hex)	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Present Motor Velocity	---	r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	83	Acceleration	---	rad/s^2	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3222	---	Gain Switching in Velocity Control	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Mode Selection	0 to 2	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3223	---	1st Velocity Control Gain	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Proportional Gain	0 to 30,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Integral Gain	0 to 16,000	0.1 Hz	55/37*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	E1	Proportional Gain Command	0 to 30,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
	E2	Integral Gain Command	0 to 16,000	0.1 Hz	55/37*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
3224	---	2nd Velocity Control Gain	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Proportional Gain	0 to 30,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Integral Gain	0 to 16,000	0.1 Hz	55/37*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	E1	Proportional Gain Command	0 to 30,000	0.1 Hz	219/146*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
	E2	Integral Gain Command	0 to 16,000	0.1 Hz	55/37*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
3230	---	Internal Torque Command	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Torque Demand (Mirror object of 6074 hex)	---	0.1 %	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
3231	---	Torque Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Torque Actual Value (Mirror object of 6077 hex)	---	0.1 %	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
3232	---	Filter Switching in Torque Control	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Mode Selection	0 to 2	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3233	---	1st Torque Command Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	1,536/1,024*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	E1	Cutoff Frequency Command	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	1,536/1,024*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
3234	---	2nd Torque Command Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Cutoff Frequency	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	1,536/1,024*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	E1	Cutoff Frequency Command	10 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	1,536/1,024*1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
3310	---	Torque Compensation	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Viscous Friction Coefficient	0 to 1,000	0.1 %	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Unbalanced Load Compensation	-1,000 to 1,000	0.1 %	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation	0 to 1,000	0.1 %	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation	0 to 1,000	0.1 %	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Viscous Friction Coefficient Display	---	0.1 %	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Unbalanced Load Compensation Display	---	0.1 %	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Positive Dynamic Friction Compensation Display	---	0.1 %	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	Negative Dynamic Friction Compensation Display	---	0.1 %	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3320	---	Adaptive Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Adaptive Notch Selection	0 to 4	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Resonance Detection Threshold	0 to 500	%	4	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3321	---	1st Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Frequency	500 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Q-value	50 to 1,000	0.01	140	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Depth	0 to 60	dB	60	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Enable Display	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Frequency Display	---	0.1 Hz	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Q-value Display	---	0.01	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	Depth Display	---	dB	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3322	---	2nd Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Frequency	500 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Q-value	50 to 1,000	0.01	140	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	04	Depth	0 to 60	dB	60	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Enable Display	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Frequency Display	---	0.1 Hz	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Q-value Display	---	0.01	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	Depth Display	---	dB	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3323	---	3rd Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Frequency	500 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Q-value	50 to 1,000	0.01	140	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Depth	0 to 60	dB	60	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Enable Display	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Frequency Display	---	0.1 Hz	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Q-value Display	---	0.01	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	Depth Display	---	dB	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3324	---	4th Notch Filter	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Frequency	500 to 50,000	0.1 Hz	50,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Q-value	50 to 1,000	0.01	140	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Depth	0 to 60	dB	60	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Enable Display	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Frequency Display	---	0.1 Hz	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Q-value Display	---	0.01	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	Depth Display	---	dB	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3330	---	Torque Limit	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Switching Selection	0 to 2	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Max Torque	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	---
	03	Positive Torque Limit Value	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	---
	04	Negative Torque Limit Value	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	05	Positive Torque Limit Value 2	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	---
	06	Negative Torque Limit Value 2	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3A00	---	Homing	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Zero Position Range	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	8,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Homing Method (Mirror object of 6098 hex)	0 to 37	---	0	E	1 byte (INT8)	---
	03	Speed During Search for Switch (Mirror object of 6099-01 hex)	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	5,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	Speed During Search for Zero (Mirror object of 6099-02 hex)	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	5,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	Homing Acceleration (Mirror object of 609A hex)	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	Home Offset (Mirror object of 607C hex)	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Homing Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Homing Method Monitor	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	1st Supported Homing Method (Mirror object of 60E3-01 hex)	---	---	8	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	84	2nd Supported Homing Method (Mirror object of 60E3-02 hex)	---	---	12	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	85	3rd Supported Homing Method (Mirror object of 60E3-03 hex)	---	---	19	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	86	4th Supported Homing Method (Mirror object of 60E3-04 hex)	---	---	20	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	87	5th Supported Homing Method (Mirror object of 60E3-05 hex)	---	---	33	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	88	6th Supported Homing Method (Mirror object of 60E3-06 hex)	---	---	34	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	89	7th Supported Homing Method (Mirror object of 60E3-07 hex)	---	---	37	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
3B10	---	Drive Prohibition	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Stop Selection	2 or 4	---	2	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B11	---	Software Position Limit	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable Selection	0 to 3	---	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Stop Selection	2 or 4	---	2	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Min Position Limit (Mirror object of 607D-01 hex)	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	-500,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Max Position Limit (Mirror object of 607D-02 hex)	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	500,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B20	---	Stop Selection	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Shutdown Option Code (Mirror object of 605B hex)	-7 to 0	---	-5	E	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	02	Disable Operation Option Code (Mirror object of 605C hex)	-6 to 0	---	-4	E	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	03	Halt Option Code (Mirror object of 605D hex)	1 to 3	---	1	E	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	04	Fault Reaction Option Code (Mirror object of 605E hex)	-7 to 0	---	-4	E	2 bytes (INT16)	---
3B21	---	Deceleration Stop	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Torque	1 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B30	---	Touch Probe 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Touch Probe 1 Source (Mirror object of 60D0-01 hex)	1 to 6	---	1	A	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Positive Edge Time Stamp	---	ns	---	---	8 bytes (U64)	TxPDO
	84	Touch Probe 1 Positive Edge (Mirror object of 60BA hex)	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Setting	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B31	---	Touch Probe 2	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	01	Touch Probe 2 Source (Mirror object of 60D0-02 hex)	1 to 6	---	2	A	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Positive Edge Time Stamp	---	ns	---	---	8 bytes (U64)	TxPDO
	84	Touch Probe 2 Positive Edge (Mirror object of 60BC hex)	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Setting	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B40	---	Zone Notification 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Lower Limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Upper Limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B41	---	Zone Notification 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Lower Limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Upper Limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B50	---	Position Detection Function	---	---	---	---	---	---
	05	Following Error Window (Mirror object of 6065 hex)	0 to 4,294,967,295	Command unit	84,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
3B51	---	Positioning Completion Notification	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Position Window(Mirror object of 6067 hex)	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	8,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B52	---	Positioning Completion Notification 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Position Window	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	8,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Notification Condition	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Status	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B60	---	Speed Detection Function	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Velocity Attainment Detection Level	10 to 20,000	r/min	1,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Zero Speed Detection Level	10 to 20,000	r/min	50	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Velocity Conformity Detection Range	10 to 20,000	r/min	50	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	04	Excessive Speed Detection Level	0 to 20,000	r/min	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	05	Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level	0 to 20,000	r/min	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B70	---	Vibration Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Detection Level	0 to 500	%	500	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B71	---	Runaway Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
3B80	---	Load Characteristic Estimation	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Inertia Ratio Update Selection	0 to 1	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Viscous Friction Compensation Update Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Unbalanced Load Compensation Update Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Dynamic Friction Compensation Update Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	05	Viscous Friction Tuning Coefficient	0 to 200	---	100	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	06	Estimation Sensitivity Selection	0 to 2	---	1	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	FF	Estimation Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4000	---	Error Full Code	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Error Full Code	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	82	Error Code (Mirror object of 603F hex)	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
4020	---	Warning Customization	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Warning Mask 1 Selection	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Warning Mask 3 Selection	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Warning Hold Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	05	Warning Level Change 1 Selection	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	07	Warning Level Change 3 Selection	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4021	---	Warning Output 1 Setting	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Selection 1	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	03	Selection 3	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4022	---	Warning Output 2 Setting	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Selection 1	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Selection 3	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0 hex	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4030	---	Information Customization	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Information Level Change Selection	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4110	---	Monitor Data via PDO	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Target Object 1	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	Target Object 2	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	Target Object 3	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	Target Object 4	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	81	Monitor Data 1	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	82	Monitor Data 2	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	83	Monitor Data 3	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	84	Monitor Data 4	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
4120	---	EtherCAT Communications Error Count	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Error Count	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Error Count Clear	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4130	---	Safety Status Monitor	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Safety Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	91	Safety Controlword 1st Byte (Mirror object of 6620-01 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	92	Safety Controlword 2nd Byte (Mirror object of 6620-02 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	A1	Safety Statusword 1st Byte (Mirror object of 6621-01 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	A2	Safety Statusword 2nd Byte (Mirror object of 6621-02 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	B1	FSoE Address	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
4131	---	Safety Command Monitor 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	FSoE Slave CMD (Mirror object of E600-01 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	82	FSoE Slave Conn_ID (Mirror object of E600-02 hex)	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
	83	FSoE Slave CRC_0 (Mirror object of E600-03 hex)	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
	91	FSoE Master CMD (Mirror object of E700-01 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	92	FSoE Master Conn_ID (Mirror object of E700-02 hex)	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
	93	FSoE Master CRC_0 (Mirror object of E700-03 hex)	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
4132	---	Safety Command Monitor 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Safety Connection Status (Mirror object of E601-01 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	---
	92	Error Acknowledge (Mirror object of 6632 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	---
	A0	STO Command (Mirror object of 6640 hex)	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	---
4140	---	Lifetime Information	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Total Power ON Time	---	min	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Total Capacitor Operating Time	---	min	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Capacitor Operating Time Ratio	---	0.1 %	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	Inrush Current Prevention Relay ON Count	---	Time	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	85	Dynamic Brake Relay ON Count	---	Time	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	86	Motor Operating Time	---	min	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	87	Brake Interlock Output Relay ON Count	---	Time	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Motor Operating Time Clear	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F2	Clear	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	FF	Clear Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4150	---	Overload	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	01	Warning Notification Level	0 to 100	%	85	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Load Ratio	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	82	Servo Drive Load Ratio	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	Motor Load Ratio	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4210	---	Display	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	LED Display Selection	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4310	---	Regeneration	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	External Regeneration Resistor Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	External Regeneration Resistance	1 to 2,147,483,647	0.1 Ω	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	External Regeneration Resistor Capacity	1 to 2,147,483,647	W	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	External Regeneration Overload Ratio	0 to 100	%	85	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Regeneration Load Ratio	---	%	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
4320	---	Main Circuit Power Supply	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Momentary Hold Time	1 to 2,000	ms	15	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Phase Loss Detection Enable	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Capacitor Discharge Enable	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	P-N Voltage	---	V	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	82	Servo Drive Temperature	---	°C	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4410	---	Motor Identity	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Motor Model	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	---
	82	Serial Number	---	---	---	---	16 bytes (VS)	---
	83	Last Connected Motor Model	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	---
	84	Last Connected Serial Number	---	---	---	---	16 bytes (VS)	---
	90	Motor Type (Mirror object of 6402 hex)	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
	92	Motor Manufacturer (Mirror object of 6404 hex)	---	---	---	---	20 bytes (VS)	---
	F1	Motor Setup	---	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	FF	Setup Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
4412	---	Motor Advanced Setting	---	---	---	---	---	---
	02	Without Motor Operation Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Without Motor Operation Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
4510	---	Encoder	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder	0 to 2	---	2	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level	0 to 32,767	rotation	32,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Serial Number	---	---	---	---	16 bytes (VS)	---
	82	Resolution per Rotation	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	One-rotation Data	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	85	Multi-rotation Data	---	rotation	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	86	Encoder Communications Error Count	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	87	Electric Angle	---	°	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	88	Mechanical Angle	---	°	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	89	Encoder Temperature	---	°C	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Absolute Encoder Setup	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	F2	Encoder Communications Error Count Clear	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	FF	Clear Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
4600	---	I/O Monitor	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Physical I/O	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	TxPDO
4601	---	Function Input	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Monitor Input	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	82	Digital Inputs (Mirror object of 60FD hex)	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
4602	---	Function Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Bit Mask	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	F1	Physical Outputs	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
4604	---	Control Input Change Count	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	General Input 1	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	82	General Input 2	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	General Input 3	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	General Input 4	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	85	General Input 5	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	86	General Input 6	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	87	General Input 7	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	88	General Input 8	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Count Clear	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	FF	Count Clear Execution Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4605	---	Control Output Change Count	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Error Output	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
	82	General Output 1	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	83	General Output 2	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	84	General Output 3	---	---	0	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	F1	Count Clear	0 to 1	---	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	FF	Count Clear Execution Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4610	---	Brake Interlock Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Timeout at Servo OFF	0 to 10,000	ms	500	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Threshold Speed at Servo OFF	30 to 3,000	r/min	80	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Hardware Delay Time	0 to 10,000	ms	0	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4620	---	Encoder Dividing Pulse Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Enable	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Dividing Numerator	0 to 2,097,152	---	2,500	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Dividing Denominator	0 to 2,097,152	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Output Reverse Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4630	---	Positive Drive Prohibition Input	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	2	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4631	---	Negative Drive Prohibition Input	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	3	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4632	---	External Latch Input 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	7	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4633	---	External Latch Input 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	8	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4634	---	Home Proximity Input	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	4	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4635	---	Positive Torque Limit Input	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4636	---	Negative Torque Limit Input	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
4637	---	Error Stop Input	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4638	---	Monitor Input 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	5	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4639	---	Monitor Input 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	6	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
463A	---	Monitor Input 3	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
463B	---	Monitor Input 4	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
463C	---	Monitor Input 5	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
463D	---	Monitor Input 6	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
463E	---	Monitor Input 7	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
463F	---	Monitor Input 8	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 8	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4650	---	Error Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	1	---	1	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4651	---	Servo Ready Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	1 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4652	---	Positioning Completion Output 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4653	---	Positioning Completion Output 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4654	---	Velocity Attainment Detection Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4655	---	Torque Limit Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4656	---	Zero Speed Detection Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4657	---	Velocity Conformity Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4658	---	Warning Output 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4659	---	Warning Output 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
465A	---	Velocity Limiting Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
465B	---	Error Clear Attribute Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
465C	---	Remote Output 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	2 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
465D	---	Remote Output 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	4 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
465E	---	Remote Output 3	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
465F	---	Zone Notification Output 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4660	---	Zone Notification Output 2	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4661	---	Position Command Status Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4662	---	Distribution Complet-ed Output	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0 to 1	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4663	---	External Brake Inter-lock Output	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	01	Port Selection	0 to 7 hex	---	0 hex	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Logic Selection	0	---	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	81	Signal Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4F16	---	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 1)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 2)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	03	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 3)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	04	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 4)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	05	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 5)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	06	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 6)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	07	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 7)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	08	Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (SLS 8)	0 to 1	---	1	S	4 bytes (INT32)	---
4F1A	---	Safety Velocity Detection	---	---	---	---	---	---
	81	Safety Present Motor Velocity	---	0.1 r/min	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
	82	Status	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	91	Velocity Ch 1	---	r/min	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	TxPDO
	92	Velocity Ch 2	---	r/min	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	TxPDO
	93	Checksum	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	TxPDO
603F	00	Error code	---	---	0000 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	TxPDO
6040	00	Controlword	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	A	2 bytes (U16)	RxPDO
6041	00	Statusword	---	---	0000 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	TxPDO
605B	00	Shutdown option code	-7 to 0	---	-5	E	2 bytes (INT16)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
605C	00	Disable operation option code	-6 to 0	---	-4	E	2 bytes (INT16)	---
605D	00	Halt option code	1 to 3	---	1	E	2 bytes (INT16)	---
605E	00	Fault reaction option code	-7 to 0	---	-4	E	2 bytes (INT16)	---
6060	00	Modes of operation	0 to 10	---	0	A	1 byte (INT8)	RxPDO
6061	00	Modes of operation display	---	---	---	---	1 byte (INT8)	TxPDO
6062	00	Position demand value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
6063	00	Position actual internal value	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
6064	00	Position actual value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
6065	00	Following error window	0 to 4,294,967,295	Command unit	84,000,000	A	4 bytes (INT32)	---
6067	00	Position window	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	8,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
606B	00	Velocity demand value	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
606C	00	Velocity actual value	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
6071	00	Target torque	-5,000 to 5,000	0.1 %	0	A	2 bytes (INT16)	RxPDO
6072	00	Max torque	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	RxPDO
6074	00	Torque demand	---	0.1 %	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	TxPDO
6077	00	Torque actual value	---	0.1 %	---	---	2 bytes (INT16)	TxPDO
607A	00	Target position	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
607C	00	Home offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	R	4 bytes (INT32)	---
607D	---	Software position limit	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Min position limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	-500,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
	02	Max position limit	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	500,000	E	4 bytes (INT32)	---
607F	00	Max profile velocity	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	2,147,483,647	A	4 bytes (U32)	RxPDO
6081	00	Profile velocity	0 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (U32)	RxPDO
6083	00	Profile acceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RxPDO
6084	00	Profile deceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	RxPDO
6091	---	Gear ratio	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Motor revolutions	0 to 1,073,741,824	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	02	Shaft revolutions	1 to 1,073,741,824	---	1	R	4 bytes (U32)	---
6098	00	Homing method	0 to 37	---	0	E	1 byte (INT8)	---
6099	---	Homing speeds	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Speed during search for switch	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	5,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	Speed during search for zero	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	5,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
609A	00	Homing acceleration	1 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s^2	1,000,000	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
60B0	00	Position offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
60B1	00	Velocity offset	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
60B2	00	Torque offset	-5,000 to 5,000	0.1 %	0	A	2 bytes (INT16)	RxPDO
60B8	00	Touch probe function	0 to 65,535	---	0	A	2 bytes (U16)	RxPDO
60B9	00	Touch probe status	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	TxPDO
60BA	00	Touch probe 1 positive edge	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
60BC	00	Touch probe 2 positive edge	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
60C2	---	Interpolation time period	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Interpolation time period value	0 to 255	---	1	E	1 byte (U8)	---
	02	Interpolation time index	-128 to 63	---	-3	E	1 byte (INT8)	---
60D0	---	Touch probe source	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Touch probe 1 source	1 to 6	---	1	A	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	02	Touch probe 2 source	1 to 6	---	2	A	2 bytes (INT16)	---
60D9	00	Supported functions	---	---	00000001 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
60DA	00	Function Settings	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
60E0	00	Positive torque limit value	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	RxPDO
60E1	00	Negative torque limit value	0 to 5,000	0.1 %	5,000	A	2 bytes (U16)	RxPDO
60E3	---	Supported homing methods	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	1st supported homing method	---	---	8	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	02	2nd supported homing method	---	---	12	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	03	3rd supported homing method	---	---	19	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attribute	Size	PDO map
	04	4th supported homing method	---	---	20	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	05	5th supported homing method	---	---	33	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	06	6th supported homing method	---	---	34	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
	07	7th supported homing method	---	---	37	---	2 bytes (INT16)	---
60F4	00	Following error actual value	---	Command unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
60FA	00	Control effort	---	Command unit/s	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
60FC	00	Position demand internal value	---	Encoder unit	---	---	4 bytes (INT32)	TxPDO
60FD	00	Digital inputs	---	---	---	---	4 bytes (U32)	TxPDO
60FE	---	Digital outputs	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Physical outputs	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000001 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	RxPDO
	02	Bit mask	00000000 to FFFFFFFF hex	---	00000000 hex	A	4 bytes (U32)	---
60FF	00	Target velocity	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	Command unit/s	0	A	4 bytes (INT32)	RxPDO
6402	00	Motor Type	---	---	3	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
6404	00	Motor manufacturer	---	---	OMRON	---	20 bytes (VS)	---
6502	00	Supported drive modes	---	---	000003A5 hex	---	4 bytes (U32)	---
6620	---	safety controlword	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	safety controlword 1st Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	02	safety controlword 2nd Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
6621	---	safety statusword	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	safety statusword 1st Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
	02	safety statusword 2nd Byte	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	---
6632	00	error acknowledge	0 to 1	---	0	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
6640	00	STO command	0 to 1	---	0	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
6650	---	SS1 command	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	SS1 command1	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	02	SS1 command2	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	03	SS1 command3	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	04	SS1 command4	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	05	SS1 command5	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	06	SS1 command6	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	07	SS1 command7	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	08	SS1 command8	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
6651	---	SS1 time to STO	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	SS1 time to STO1	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	02	SS1 time to STO2	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	03	SS1 time to STO3	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	04	SS1 time to STO4	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	05	SS1 time to STO5	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	06	SS1 time to STO6	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	07	SS1 time to STO7	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	08	SS1 time to STO8	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
6690	---	SLS command	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	SLS command1	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	02	SLS command2	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	03	SLS command3	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	04	SLS command4	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	05	SLS command5	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	06	SLS command6	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	07	SLS command7	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
	08	SLS command8	0 to 1	---	---	A	1 bit (BOOL)	RxPDO, TxPDO
6691	---	SLS time to velocity monitoring	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	SLS time to velocity monitoring 1	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	02	SLS time to velocity monitoring 2	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	03	SLS time to velocity monitoring 3	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	04	SLS time to velocity monitoring 4	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	05	SLS time to velocity monitoring 5	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	06	SLS time to velocity monitoring 6	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	07	SLS time to velocity monitoring 7	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
	08	SLS time to velocity monitoring 8	---	ms	0	S	2 bytes (U16)	---
6693	---	SLS velocity limit	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	SLS velocity limit 1	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	02	SLS velocity limit 2	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	03	SLS velocity limit 3	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	04	SLS velocity limit 4	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	05	SLS velocity limit 5	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	06	SLS velocity limit 6	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	07	SLS velocity limit 7	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
	08	SLS velocity limit 8	30 to 20,000	r/min	100	S	4 bytes (U32)	---
E600	---	FSoE Slave Frame Elements Axis Ch1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	FSoE Slave CMD	---	---	---	---	1 byte (U8)	TxPDO
	02	FSoE Slave Conn_ID	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	TxPDO
	03	FSoE Slave CRC_0	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	TxPDO
E601	---	Safety input 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	Safety Connection Status	---	---	---	---	1 bit (BOOL)	TxPDO
E700	---	FSoE Master Frame Elements Axis Ch1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	FSoE Master CMD	00 to FF hex	---	00 hex	---	1 byte (U8)	RxPDO
	02	FSoE Master Conn_ID	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	RxPDO
	03	FSoE Master CRC_0	0000 to FFFF hex	---	0000 hex	---	2 bytes (U16)	RxPDO
F980	---	Device Safety Ad-dress	---	---	---	---	---	---
	01	FSoE Address	---	---	---	---	2 bytes (U16)	---
	02	Restore Default FSoE Address	---	---	0	A	5 bytes (VS)	---

Index (hex)	Subin-dex (hex)	Object name	Setting range	Unit	Default setting	Data attrib-ute	Size	PDO map
	03	FSoE Enable Reset	---	---	0	A	7 bytes (VS)	---

*1. The first value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 3 kw or less. The second value is for the Servo Drive with its capacity 5.5 kw or more.

A-4 Sysmac Error Status Codes

This section lists and describes the error event codes that you can see in Sysmac Studio.

A-4-1 Error List

The errors (events) that can occur in 1S-series Servo Drives are given on the following pages.
Event levels are given in the table as follows:
Min: Minor fault level
Obs: Observation
Info: Information
Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* for all of the event codes that may occur in an NJ/NX-series Controller.

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
04B50000	Inrush Current Prevention Circuit Error	An error of inrush current prevention circuit was detected.	• Inrush current prevention circuit failure	√			page A-125
04B60000	Regeneration Circuit Error	An regeneration circuit error was detected.	• There is a short circuit between B2 and N2/N3. • Regeneration circuit failure • Noise into wiring of the external regeneration resistor.	√			page A-125
05430000	ESC Error	An error occurred in the EtherCAT slave communications controller.	• When AL Status Code is 0051 hex, errors or false detection are found in EtherCAT Slave Controller. • When AL Status Code is 0050 hex, abnormal access by the third party's EtherCAT master	√			page A-126
08390000	Power Module Error	An error was detected in the power module.	• There is a short circuit, ground fault, or contact failure on the U, V, or W motor cable. • There is a short circuit on the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor, or the value of resistance became too small. • The insulation resistance failed between the U, V, or W motor cable and the motor ground wire. • Servo Drive failure	√			page A-127

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
083B0000	Self-diagnosis Error	An error was detected by the self-diagnosis of the safety function.	• Quick cycling of the control power supply in approximately 100 ms • False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise • Hardware failure	√			page A-128
083C0000	Main Circuit Temperature Monitoring Circuit Failure	A temperature monitoring circuit failure was detected on the main circuit.	• Broken wiring of the thermistor, temperature monitoring circuit failure	√			page A-128
083D0000	Fan Error	The rotation speed of the fan is 40% or less of the rating and the cooling performance decreases.	• There is a foreign matter in the cooling fan and it blocks the rotation • Cooling fan failure	√			page A-129
083F0000	Regeneration Processing Error	The regeneration processing was stopped to protect the Regeneration Resistor.	• The regeneration processing is set inappropriately. • The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately. • The Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking. • The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value. • Regeneration Resistor failure	√			page A-130
08410000	Overvoltage Error	The main circuit power supply voltage (P-N voltage) exceeded the operation guarantee range.	• The P-N voltage exceeded the specified value. • The input voltage increased. • The Regeneration Resistor wiring is broken. • The External Regeneration Resistor is set or selected inappropriately. • Servo Drive failure	√			page A-131
08420000	Motor Overheat Error	The encoder detected the temperature that exceeded the protection level of motor.	• The temperature is high around the motor. • The motor is overloaded. • Encoder failure	√			page A-132
08430000	1-rotation Counter Error	The encoder detected a one-rotation counter error.	• There is excessive noise. • Failure due to vibration, impact, condensation or foreign matter, etc.	√			page A-132
08440000	Overspeed Error	The encoder detected the overspeed.	• The motor is rotated by external forces. • Encoder failure and false detection	√			page A-133

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
08450000	Encoder Memory Error	The encoder detected a non-volatile memory error.	• False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise • Non-volatile memory failure • Encoder failure	√			page A-133
08460000	Absolute Position Detection Error	The encoder detected a multi-rotation counter error.	• A detection error was detected in the multi-rotation detection section of the encoder. • There is excessive noise.	√			page A-134
08480000	Main Power Supply Undervoltage (insufficient voltage between P and N)	The main circuit power supply voltage fell below the operation guarantee range during Servo ON.	• Incorrect wiring of the main circuit power supply • The low power supply voltage is applied to the Servo Drive. • The long time was set in Momentary Hold Time and the voltage was decreased momentarily. • Servo Drive failure	√			page A-135
08490000	Overcurrent Error	The current flowing to the motor exceeded the protection level.	• There is a short circuit, ground fault, contact failure, disconnection, or break on the U, V, or W motor cable. • There is a short circuit on the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor. • The insulation resistance failed between the U, V, or W motor cable and the motor ground wire. • False detection due to the noise • Servo Drive failure	√			page A-136
084A0000	Encoder Communications Disconnection Error	The communications disconnection was detected between the encoder and the Servo Drive.	• Power supply undervoltage to the encoder • Noise into the encoder cable • Contact failure of the signal line, and disconnection of the encoder • Encoder failure	√			page A-137
084B0000	Encoder Communications Error	Illegal data was received from the encoder the specified number of times.	• Noise into the encoder cable • Contact failure of the signal line, and disconnection of the encoder • Power supply undervoltage to the encoder	√			page A-138
084D0000	Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error	An error occurred on the non-volatile memory.	• False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise • Non-volatile memory failure	√			page A-139

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
18230000	Absolute Encoder Multi-rotation Counter Error	The encoder detected a multi-rotation counter error.	• A temporary error occurred in the encoder multi-rotation detection function due to vibration, impact, or condensation. • Encoder failure	√			page A-139
18380000	System Error	A hardware error due to the self-diagnosis and a fatal software error were detected.	• False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise • A fatal software error was detected. • Hardware failure	√			page A-140
183A0000	Non-volatile Memory Data Error	An error of data saved in the non-volatile memory was detected.	• Power interruption or noise occurred while parameters other than the safety were saved • Power interruption or noise occurred while the motor identity information was saved • Power interruption or noise occurred while safety parameters were saved	√			page A-141
18400000	Misalignment Alert	Misalignment may have occurred in the encoder.	• Encoder failure	√			page A-142
18410000	Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 1	With **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled, FSoE communications were started by assigning an SLS instance to the safety PDO mapping.	• The Servomotor is not connected. • **Motor Advanced Setting** – **Without Motor Operation Selection** (4412-02 hex) is set to *1: Without motor operation*. • False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise • Non-volatile memory failure	√			page A-143
246D0000	Motor Non-conformity	The Servo Drive and motor combination is not correct.	• The Servo Drive and motor combination is not correct	√			page A-144
28080000	Main Circuit Power Supply Phase Loss Error	The phase loss of the main circuit power supply was detected.	• Incorrect wiring, for example the single-phase power supply is input to a 3-phase input type Servo Drive. • In the case where the single-phase power supply is input to a single- and 3-phase input type Servo Drive, the phase loss detection is enabled. • The power supply voltage is low or insufficient. • Broken wiring of the main circuit power supply input • Servo Drive failure	√			page A-145

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
280D0000	Runaway Detected	The motor rotated in the direction opposite to the command.	• There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable. • The motor rotated in the direction opposite to the command by external forces.	√			page A-146
357D0000	DC Setting Error	A mistake was made in the DC Mode operation setting.	• A mistake was made in the DC Mode operation setting	√			page A-147
357E0000	Synchronization Cycle Setting Error	When the DC mode was established, the cycle time was set to the inoperable value.	• The variable PDO mapping is used, and the number of objects is more than the maximum number of mapped objects for the cycle time. • The cycle time setting is incorrect.	√			page A-147
357F0000	Mailbox Setting Error	An incorrect mailbox setting of Sync Manager was detected.	• An incorrect mailbox setting of Sync Manager was detected	√			page A-148
35800000	RxPDO Setting Error	An RxPDO setting error was detected.	• The RxPDO setting of EtherCAT master is incorrect. • Servo Drive failure	√			page A-148
35810000	TxPDO Setting Error	A TxPDO setting error was detected.	• The TxPDO setting of EtherCAT master is incorrect. • Servo Drive failure	√			page A-149
35820000	RxPDO Mapping Error	An incorrect RxPDO was set.	• An incorrect RxPDO was set, such as out of the allowable range of Index, Subindex, or size	√			page A-150
35830000	TxPDO Mapping Error	An incorrect TxPDO was set.	• An incorrect TxPDO was set, such as out of the allowable range of Index, Subindex, or size	√			page A-150
35840000	PDO WDT Setting Error	An incorrect PDO WDT setting was detected.	• An incorrect PDO WDT setting was detected	√			page A-151
35850000	Node Address Updated	The node address is changed to a value of the ID switches.	• The node address is changed from a set value in Sysmac Studio to a value of the ID switches	√			page A-151
35860000	SM Event Mode Setting Error	The unsupported SM Event Mode was set.	• The unsupported SM Event Mode was set	√			page A-152
38570000	Function Setting Error	The function that was set does not support the communications period.	• The electronic gear ratio was not 1:1 when the communications period was set to 125 μs. • The Backlash Compensation was enabled when the communications period was set to 125 μs.	√			page A-152

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
38780000	General Input Allocation Duplicate Error	More than one function input is allocated to one general input.	• More than one function input is allocated to one general input	√			page A-153
38790000	General Output Allocation Duplicate Error	More than one function output is allocated to one general output.	• More than one function output is allocated to one general output	√			page A-154
387B0000	Pulse Output Setting Error	The dividing numerator exceeded the dividing denominator when the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator was set to a value other than 0.	• The dividing numerator exceeded the dividing denominator when the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator was set to a value other than 0	√			page A-154
387C0000	Motor Replacement Detected	The connected motor is different from the motor that was connected the last time.	• The motor was replaced. • The Servo Drive was replaced.	√			page A-155
387F0000	Electronic Gear Setting Error	The electronic gear ratio exceeded the allowable range.	• The electronic gear ratio exceeded the allowable range	√			page A-155
38800000	Servo Drive Overheat	The internal temperature of Servo Drive exceeded the circuit protection level.	• The ambient temperature of the Servo Drive exceeded the specified value. • Overload	√			page A-156
38810000	Overload Error	The load ratio of Servo Drive or motor exceeded 100%.	• Operation was continued for a long time with high load • There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable. • Increase in friction	√			page A-157
38820000	Regeneration Overload Error	The **Regeneration Load Ratio** (4310-81 hex) exceeded the regeneration overload detection threshold.	• The regeneration processing is set inappropriately. • The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately. • The Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking. • The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value. • Regeneration Resistor failure	√			page A-158
38830000	Excessive Position Deviation Error	The position deviation is greater than or equal to the value set in the Following error window.	• The motor operation does not follow the command. • The value of Following error window is small.	√			page A-159

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
38840000	Excessive Speed Deviation Error	The speed deviation is greater than or equal to the value set in the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level.	• The motor operation does not follow the command because a parameter value is inappropriate. • The output axis of motor is limited on the operation by external forces. • The value of the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level is inappropriate.	√			page A-160
38850000	Excessive Speed Error	The feedback motor speed is greater than or equal to the value set in the Excessive Speed Detection Level.	• The velocity command value is too large. • Overshooting occurred. • The motor is rotated by external forces.	√			page A-161
38860000	Following Error Counter Overflow	The following error value exceeded the range from -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647.	• The motor operation does not follow the command. • The motor is rotated or limited on the operation by external forces.	√			page A-162
38870000	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Error	The multi-rotation counter of the encoder exceeded the maximum number of rotations.	• An inappropriate value was set in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex). • The multi-rotation number of the encoder exceeded the maximum number of rotations.	√			page A-163
38880000	Safety Communications Setting Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because of an incorrect communications setting.	• The watchdog time was set incorrectly. • The processing was not completed within the watchdog time because communications were not established due to the noise.	√			page A-164
38890000	Safety Frame Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because an incorrect frame was received.	• An incorrect frame was received in safety process data communications. • There is excessive noise.	√			page A-165
388B0000	FSoE Slave Address Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because of an incorrect FSoE slave address.	• The setting of the FSoE slave address in the safety process data communications settings is different from the setting in the Unit	√			page A-166

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
38990000	Safety Parameter Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because an incorrect parameter was received.	• The set safety slave model is incorrect • There is discrepancy between safety function setting downloaded to EtherCAT master and safety application data downloaded to safety controller.	√			page A-167
48080000	FPGA WDT Error	An FPGA error was detected.	• False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise • Hardware failure	√			page A-168
64E30000	Drive Prohibition Input Error	Both the Positive Drive Prohibition (POT) and the Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) turned ON.	• An error occurred on the switch, wire, power supply, and wiring that was connected to the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT). • False detection occurred because the control signal power supply was turned ON slowly.	√			page A-169
68200000	Drive Prohibition Detected	The operation was stopped according to the user setting because the motor ran in the prohibited direction when the Drive Prohibition was enabled.	• Incorrect or broken wiring of Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) • Incorrect setting of the Drive Prohibition Input	√			page A-170
68210000	Control Right Release Error	Communications between the Sysmac Studio and Servo Drive were interrupted while a specific function was used from the Sysmac Studio.	• The USB cable or EtherCAT cable was disconnected during the connection with the Sysmac Studio. • There is excessive noise. • A command sent from the Sysmac Studio was not sent to the Servo Drive because the computer was in a busy state or the like.	√			page A-171
68220000	Error Stop Input	The Error Stop Input (ESTP) is active.	• The Error Stop Input (ESTP) was input. • The Error Stop Input (ESTP) is incorrectly wired	√			page A-172

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
68230000	Software Limit Exceeded	The Position actual value detected the position that exceeded the value set in the Software Position Limit, and stopped the operation according to the user setting.	• Incorrect setting of Software Position Limit • When the Software Position Limit – Stop Selection was set to a *Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code*, the position exceeded the value set in the Software Position Limit.	√			page A-173
684F0000	SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded	Safety Present Motor Velocity exceeded the velocity limit being monitored by the SLS function.	• **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Safety Present Motor Velocity** (4F1A-81 hex) exceeded the velocity limit set in **SLS velocity limit** (6693 hex). • The motor power cable is long. • Noise	√			page A-174
68500000	Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2	**Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) was disabled in SLS status. Or, the SLS command was set to Activate SLS with **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled.	• The acceleration/deceleration time for acceleration and deceleration in SLS status is short. • Motor power status was turned OFF during motor rotation in SLS status. • The SLS command was set to Activate SLS with **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled. • The motor power cable is long. • Noise • Hardware failure	√			page A-175
68510000	SLS Function Error	A problem on use of the SLS function was detected.	When the SLS command was Activate SLS with **Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate** (4F16 hex) set to *1: Activate*, Reset SLS was performed before the SLS status goes into SLS state.	√			page A-176
78200000	Pulse Output Overspeed Error	The speed, which exceeded the frequency that could be output by the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output function, was detected.	• The dividing ratio setting is inappropriate for the actual usage condition	√			page A-177
78210000	Brake Interlock Error	The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) was output by the Timeout at Servo OFF.	• The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) was output because the motor rotation speed did not decrease to or less than the speed set in the Threshold Speed at Servo OFF within the time set in the Timeout at Servo OFF when Servo OFF was performed during the motor operation.	√			page A-178

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
78230000	Command Error	A mistake was made in using a command.	• When bit 9 (Remote) of the Statusword was set to *1 (remote)*, and the Servo Drive was in "Operation enabled" state (Servo ON), the Servo Drive received a command to change the communications state from Operational to another state (Init, Pre-Operational, or Safe-Operational). • A mode of operation other than the hm mode was set during the homing operation. • Modes of operation was set to pp, pv or hm mode when the communications period was set to shorter than 250 µs.	√			page A-179
84B10000	EtherCAT State Change Error	A communications state change command was received for which the current communications state could not be changed.	• A communications state change command was received for which the current communications state could not be changed	√			page A-180
84B20000	EtherCAT Illegal State Change Error	An undefined communications state change command was received.	• An undefined communications state change command was received	√			page A-180
84B40000	Synchronization Error	A signal for synchronous communications could not be detected.	• Noise • Error of the EtherCAT slave communications controller	√			page A-181
84B50000	Sync Manager WDT Error	PDO communications were interrupted for the allowable period or longer.	• An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, loose, or broken. • Host controller error	√			page A-181
84B60000	ESC Initialization Error	The initialization of EtherCAT slave communications controller failed.	• Data was incorrectly overwritten in the non-volatile memory of the EtherCAT slave communications controller • Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller	√			page A-182
84B70000	SII Verification Error	An error occurred in SII data of the EtherCAT slave communications controller.	• Data was incorrectly overwritten in the non-volatile memory of the EtherCAT slave communications controller • Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection	√			page A-182

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
84B90000	Synchronization Interruption Error	Synchronization interruption did not occur within the specified period.	• Incorrect EtherCAT synchronization setting of the host controller • Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection	√			page A-183
84BA0000	Bootstrap State Transition Request Error	The state transition to unsupported Bootstrap was requested.	• The EtherCAT master requested the transition of unsupported Bootstrap	√			page A-184
88100000	Communications Synchronization Error	Communications were not established consecutively because the synchronization with the EtherCAT Master could not be achieved.	• The power supply to the host controller was interrupted during PDO communications. • An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a daisy chain configuration. • An EtherCAT communications cable is broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a ring topology configuration. • Noise • Failure of the EtherCAT physical layer of a Servo Drive	√			page A-185
88120000	Safety Communications Timeout	A communications timeout occurred in safety process data communications with the Safety CPU Unit.	• A setting is not correct. The setting of the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit is too short. • There is excessive noise. • The Safety CPU Unit or safety slave entered a status where it could not continue safety process data communications.	√			page A-186
98200000	Absolute Value Cleared	The multi-rotation counter of the absolute encoder was cleared.	• The multi-rotation counter of the absolute encoder was cleared	√			page A-187
081C0000	Capacitor Lifetime Warning	The capacitor built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	• The operating time of the capacitor in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life.		√		page A-187
081D0000	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning	The inrush current prevention relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	• The number of operating times of the inrush current prevention relay in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life.		√		page A-188

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
081F0000	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning	The brake interlock output (BKIR) relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.	• The number of operating times of the brake interlock output in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life.		√		page A-188
083A0000	Encoder Communications Warning	Encoder communications errors occurred in series more frequently than the specified value.	• Power supply undervoltage to the encoder • Noise into the encoder cable • Contact failure of the encoder cable		√		page A-189
08470000	Encoder Lifetime Warning	The encoder lifetime is close to the end. Or, the encoder has broken down.	• Temporary noise • The end of the encoder life • Encoder break down due to impact on the axis or other causes		√		page A-190
084C0000	Fan Rotation Warning	The rotation speed of the fan is 80% or less of the rating and the cooling performance decreases.	• There is a foreign matter in the cooling fan and it blocks the rotation • Cooling fan failure		√		page A-190
084E0000	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning	The multi-rotation counter of the encoder exceeded the value set in **Encoder** – **Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level** (4510-02 hex).	• An inappropriate value was set in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex). • The multi-rotation number of the encoder exceeded the warning level.		√		page A-191
18390000	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning	An error was detected in the saved lifetime information.	• The lifetime information corruption was detected when the power supply was turned ON.		√		page A-192
34E00000	Data Setting Warning	The object set value is out of the range.	• The object set value is out of the range.		√		page A-192
387A0000	Overload Warning	The load ratio of Servo Drive or motor exceeded the level set in the **Overload** – **Warning Notification Level** (4150-01 hex).	• Operation was continued for a long time with high load • There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable. • Increase in friction		√		page A-193

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
387D0000	Regeneration Overload Warning	The **Regeneration Load Ratio** (4310-81 hex) exceeded 85% of the regeneration overload detection threshold.	• The regeneration processing is set inappropriately. • The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately. • This Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking. • The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value. • Regeneration Resistor failure		√		page A-194
387E0000	Motor Vibration Warning	The motor vibration, which was higher than or equal to the level set in the **Vibration Detection – Detection Level** (3B70-01 hex), was detected.	• The control parameter is set inappropriately. • The rigidity decreased due to mechanical looseness or wear.		√		page A-195
78220000	Command Warning	A command could not be executed.	• The *Switch on* command was received. • The *Enable operation* command was received. • An operation command in the prohibition direction was received after the immediate stop by the Drive Prohibition Input or Software Position Limit. • The *Shutdown* command was received. • Homing started. • The positioning start command was received in the Profile position mode.		√		page A-196
84B00000	EtherCAT Communications Warning	An EtherCAT communications error occurred more than one time.	• An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a daisy chain configuration. • In a ring topology configuration, the ring disconnection status occurred. • In a ring topology configuration, the ring disconnection status was fixed. • Noise • Failure of the EtherCAT physical layer of a Servo Drive		√		page A-197
90A00000	Unit Restarted	Restart was performed.	• Restart was performed			√	page A-198

Event code (hex)	Event name	Description	Assumed cause	Level			Reference
				Min	Obs	Info	
98210000	STO Detected	The safety input OFF state was detected via the safety input signal or EtherCAT communications.	• The cable is disconnected or broken. • The STO input was turned OFF via EtherCAT communications.			√	page A-198
98220000	Memory All Cleared	The Unit setting was cleared.	• Clear All Memory was performed			√	page A-199
98240000	Event Log Cleared	The event log was cleared.	• Clear Event Log was performed			√	page A-199

A-4-2 Error Descriptions

This section describes errors.

Error Table

The items that are used to describe individual errors (events) are described in the following copy of an error table.

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="2">Gives the name of the error (event).</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">Gives the code of the error (event).</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="5">Gives a short description of the error (event).</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">Gives the source of the error (event).</td><td>Source details</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>Tells when the error is detected.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Tells the influence on control.*1</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Log category</td><td>Tells which log the error is saved in.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Tells what will happen to execution of the user program.*3</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="2">Provides special information on the operation that results from the error (event).</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td>EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Gives the status of the built-in EtherNet/IP port and built-in EtherCAT port indicators. Indicator status is given only for errors in the EtherCAT Master Function Module and the EtherNet/IP Function Module.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td>Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Lists the variable names, data types, and meanings for system-defined variables that provide direct error notification, that are directly affected by the error, or that contain settings that cause the error.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td>Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Lists the possible causes, corrections, and preventive measures for the error (event).</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="5">Provides the additional information that is displayed by the Sysmac Studio or an NS-series PT.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="5">Provides precautions, restrictions, and supplemental information.</td></tr>
</table>

*1. One of the following:
Minor fault: Minor fault level
Observation
Information

*2. One of the following:
Automatic recovery: Normal status is restored automatically when the cause of the error is removed.
Error reset: Normal status is restored when the error is reset after necessary measures are taken.
Cycle the power supply: Normal status is restored when the power supply is turned OFF and then back ON after necessary measures are taken.
Replace the Servo Drive: Normal status is restored when the Servo Drive is replaced with a new one.

*3. "Continues." indicates that execution of the user program will continue.

Error Descriptions

Event name	Inrush Current Prevention Circuit Error			Event code	04B50000 hex	
Description	An error of inrush current prevention circuit was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	During Servo ON
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Inrush current prevention circuit failure		Replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1403 hex					

Event name	Regeneration Circuit Error			Event code	04B60000 hex	
Description	An regeneration circuit error was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	There is a short circuit between B2 and N2/N3.		Perform the correct wiring, referring the cases of the connection with peripheral devices.		Perform the correct wiring.	
	Regeneration circuit failure		Replace the Servo Drive.		None	
	Noise into wiring of the external regeneration resistor.		Take noise countermeasures by shortening wiring or the like.		Take noise countermeasures.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1801 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="3">ESC Error</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">05430000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="6">An error occurred in the EtherCAT slave communications controller.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>At power ON</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset (after cycling slave power)</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">When AL Status Code is 0051 hex, errors or false detection are found in EtherCAT Slave Controller.</td><td colspan="2">If this event occurs repeatedly after you cycled the power supply, the EtherCAT slave communications controller is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">When AL Status Code is 0050 hex, abnormal access by the third party's EtherCAT master</td><td colspan="2">Please contact the manufacturer of EtherCAT master.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="6">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="6">AL status code: 0050 hex or 0051 hex, Error No.: 8804 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	Power Module Error			Event code	08390000 hex	
Description	An error was detected in the power module.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	There is a short circuit, ground fault, or contact failure on the U, V, or W motor cable.		Correct the connection of the U, V, or W motor cable.		Confirm that the motor cables are not broken and connect them correctly.	
	There is a short circuit on the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor, or the value of resistance became too small.		If there is a short-circuit on the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor, correct the wiring. If the resistance value of the External Regeneration Resistor is small, excessive current will flow into the power module and cause a failure. Use a resistor with an appropriate resistance value.		Wire the External Regeneration Resistor correctly when using it. Use the recommended External Regeneration Resistor. If a resistance value of the External Regeneration Resistor is small, excessive current will flow into the power module and cause a failure.	
	The insulation resistance failed between the U, V, or W motor cable and the motor ground wire.		Replace the motor.		Confirm that the insulation resistance is insulated between the U, V, and W motor cable and the motor ground wire before using the motor.	
	Servo Drive failure		If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.		Do not perform Servo ON/OFF frequently. Doing so may cause a Servo Drive failure.	
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1401 hex					

Event name	Self-diagnosis Error			Event code	083B0000 hex	
Description	An error was detected by the self-diagnosis of the safety function.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Quick cycling of the control power supply in approximately 100 ms		If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.		If the normal operation can restart after you cycled the power supply, consider noise countermeasures. There may be excessive noise around the Servo Drive.	
	False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise					
	Hardware failure					
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 3502 hex					

Event name	Main Circuit Temperature Monitoring Circuit Failure			Event code	083C0000 hex	
Description	A temperature monitoring circuit failure was detected on the main circuit.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Broken wiring of the thermistor, temperature monitoring circuit failure		If this event occurs repeatedly after you cycled the power supply, Replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 5800 hex					

Event name	Fan Error			Event code	083D0000 hex	
Description	The rotation speed of the fan is 40% or less of the rating and the cooling performance decreases.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	There is a foreign matter in the cooling fan and it blocks the rotation		Check whether there is a foreign matter in the fan. If you find a foreign matter, remove it.		Do not use the fan in an area surrounded by excessive foreign matter. Also, do not allow foreign matter to enter.	
	Cooling fan failure		If there is no improvement after you performed the correction above, replace the Servo Drive.			
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 5900 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="2">Regeneration Processing Error</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">083F0000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="5">The regeneration processing was stopped to protect the Regeneration Resistor.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>Continuously</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset (after cycling slave power)</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="6">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The regeneration processing is set inappropriately.</td><td colspan="2">Check the regeneration processing setting, and set the same value as the resistance value of the Regeneration Resistor in use.</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">Check the items given for corrections in advance and take countermeasures as required.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately.</td><td colspan="2">Check the operation pattern by the velocity monitor. Check the load ratio of Regeneration Resistor, and perform the following corrections accordingly.
• Increase the deceleration time and stopping time.
• Decrease the command velocity to the motor.
• Use an External Regeneration Resistor.
• Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking.</td><td colspan="2">The Regeneration Resistor cannot be used for continuous regenerative braking.</td><td colspan="2">Do not use the Regeneration Resistor for continuous regenerative braking.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value.</td><td colspan="2">Apply the specified power supply voltage.</td><td colspan="2">Review the power supply voltage to be the specified value before use.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Regeneration Resistor failure</td><td colspan="2">Check whether the Regeneration Resistor is faulty, and use one without failures.</td><td colspan="2">Confirm that the Regeneration Resistor is not faulty before use.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="5">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="5">AL status code: -, Error No.: 1802 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	Overvoltage Error			Event code	08410000 hex	
Description	The main circuit power supply voltage (P-N voltage) exceeded the operation guarantee range.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The P-N voltage exceeded the specified value.		Input the correct voltage.		Input the correct voltage.	
	The input voltage increased.		Use appropriately external devices such as UPS.		Use appropriately external devices such as UPS.	
	The Regeneration Resistor wiring is broken.		If a resistance value of the external resistor is infinite between the terminal B1 and B2 of the Servo Drive, the wiring is broken. Replace the external resistor.		Check a resistance value of the external resistor.	
	The External Regeneration Resistor is set or selected inappropriately.		Confirm the necessary regeneration processing capacity, and connect an appropriate External Regeneration Resistor. Also, set the parameters of the External Regeneration Resistor to the resistance value of the External Regeneration Resistor in use.		Select an External Regeneration Resistor after calculating the necessary regeneration processing capacity because it varies with operation patterns or the like. Also, set the parameter correctly when using the External Regeneration Resistor.	
	Servo Drive failure		If there is no improvement after you performed the correction above, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1200 hex					

Event name	Motor Overheat Error			**Event code**	08420000 hex	
Description	The encoder detected the temperature that exceeded the protection level of motor.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The temperature is high around the motor.		Adjust the temperature around the motor to be within the range of the operating temperature.		Adjust the ambient temperature to be within the range of the operating temperature before using the motor.	
	The motor is overloaded.		Adjust the motor load ratio to be within the specified range.		Adjust the operation before use, so that the motor load ratio does not become high for a long time.	
	Encoder failure		Replace the motor if this event occurs repeatedly.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1501 hex					

Event name	1-rotation Counter Error			**Event code**	08430000 hex	
Description	The encoder detected a one-rotation counter error.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	There is excessive noise.		Take noise countermeasures. If this event occurs after you performed noise countermeasures, the motor is faulty. Replace the motor.		Take noise countermeasures.	
	Failure due to vibration, impact, condensation or foreign matter, etc.				Do not use the product in an area surrounded by excessive foreign matter. Also, do not allow foreign matter to enter.	
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 4400 hex					

Event name	Overspeed Error			Event code	08440000 hex	
Description	The encoder detected the overspeed.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The motor is rotated by external forces.		Take countermeasures so that the motor is not subjected to external forces if the motor is rotated by external forces.		Take countermeasures so that the motor is not rotated by external forces.	
	Encoder failure and false detection		If this event occurs repeatedly, the encoder is faulty. Replace the motor.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 4700 hex					

Event name	Encoder Memory Error			Event code	08450000 hex	
Description	The encoder detected a non-volatile memory error.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise		If this event occurs after you cycled the power supply, the encoder is faulty. Replace the motor.		None	
	Non-volatile memory failure					
	Encoder failure					
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 4301 hex					

Event name	Absolute Position Detection Error		**Event code**	08460000 hex		
Description	The encoder detected a multi-rotation counter error.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	A detection error was detected in the multi-rotation detection section of the encoder.		Perform the Absolute Encoder Setup after cycling the power supply, and update the multi-rotation number.		None	
	There is excessive noise.		Take noise countermeasures. Replace the motor if this event occurs repeatedly.		Take noise countermeasures.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 4501 hex					

Event name	Main Power Supply Undervoltage (insufficient voltage between P and N)			**Event code**	08480000 hex	
Description	The main circuit power supply voltage fell below the operation guarantee range during Servo ON.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	During Servo ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Incorrect wiring of the main circuit power supply		If the power supply cables are not wired to the main circuit power supply terminals (L1, L2, L3), connect them.		Check the wiring of the main circuit power supply before use.	
	The low power supply voltage is applied to the Servo Drive.		Increase the power supply capacity if it is small. Measure the applied power supply voltage, and apply the voltage according to the specification.		Apply the voltage appropriate for the Servo Drive.	
	The long time was set in Momentary Hold Time and the voltage was decreased momentarily.		Remove the cause that momentarily decreased the voltage. Set a short time in the Momentary Hold Time so as not to detect this error due to a momentary decrease in voltage.		Set an appropriate value in the Momentary Hold Time.	
	Servo Drive failure		If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1300 hex					

Event name	Overcurrent Error		**Event code**	08490000 hex		
Description	The current flowing to the motor exceeded the protection level.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	During Servo ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	There is a short circuit, ground fault, contact failure, disconnection, or break on the U, V, or W motor cable.		Correct the connection of the U, V, or W motor cable. If the cable is broken, replace it.		Confirm that the motor cables are not broken and connect them correctly.	
	There is a short circuit on the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor.		Correct the wiring of External Regeneration Resistor.		Wire the External Regeneration Resistor correctly when using it.	
	The insulation resistance failed between the U, V, or W motor cable and the motor ground wire.		Replace the motor.		Confirm that the insulation resistance is insulated between the U, V, and W motor cable and the motor ground wire before connecting and using the motor.	
	False detection due to the noise		Take noise countermeasures.		Take noise countermeasures because excessive noise may cause false detection.	
	Servo Drive failure		If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.		Do not perform Servo ON/OFF frequently. Doing so may cause a Servo Drive failure.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1400 hex					

Event name	Encoder Communications Disconnection Error		Event code	084A0000 hex		
Description	The communications disconnection was detected between the encoder and the Servo Drive.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Noise into the encoder cable		• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Confirm that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.		• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Confirm that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.	
	Contact failure of the signal line, and disconnection of the encoder		Replace the encoder cable if it is broken. Firmly connect the encoder connector to the Servo Drive.		Confirm that the encoder is not broken before use, and connect the encoder connector to the Servo Drive securely.	
	Power supply undervoltage to the encoder		Use the recommended encoder cable.		Use the recommended encoder cable.	
	Encoder failure		If this event occurs after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the motor.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 2100 hex					

Event name	Encoder Communications Error		**Event code**	084B0000 hex		
Description	Illegal data was received from the encoder the specified number of times.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Noise into the encoder cable		• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Check that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.		• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Confirm that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.	
	Contact failure of the signal line, and disconnection of the encoder		Replace the encoder cable if it is broken. Firmly connect the encoder connector to the Servo Drive.		Confirm that the encoder is not broken before use, and connect the encoder connector to the Servo Drive securely.	
	Power supply undervoltage to the encoder		Use the recommended encoder cable.		Use the recommended encoder cable.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 2101 hex					

Event name	Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error		Event code	084D0000 hex	
Description	An error occurred on the non-volatile memory.				
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module	Source details	Slave	Detection timing	At power ON
Error attributes	Level: Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program: Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN	EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---	---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable	Data type		Name	
	None	None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause	Correction		Prevention	
	False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise	After you cycled the power supply, if this error occurs continuously although the error is reset, the non-volatile memory is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.		None	
	Non-volatile memory failure				
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information				
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 3700 hex				

Event name	Absolute Encoder Multi-rotation Counter Error		Event code	18230000 hex	
Description	The encoder detected a multi-rotation counter error.				
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module	Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level: Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program: Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN	EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---	---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable	Data type		Name	
	None	None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause	Correction		Prevention	
	A temporary error occurred in the encoder multi-rotation detection function due to vibration, impact, or condensation.	Use the product continuously if this event does not occur after improving the operating environment. Replace the motor if this event occurs again.		Do not use the product in an environment where the temperature and vibration resistance exceed the specified level.	
	Encoder failure				
Attached information	None				
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 4500 hex				

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="3">System Error</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">18380000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="6">A hardware error due to the self-diagnosis and a fatal software error were detected.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>Continuously</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset (after cycling slave power)</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="3">If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error.
If this event occurs again, a fatal error exists. Replace the Servo Drive.</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="3">If the normal operation can restart after you cycled the power supply, consider noise countermeasures. There may be excessive noise around the Servo Drive.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">A fatal software error was detected.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Hardware failure</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="6">Attached information 1: System information</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="6">AL status code: -, Error No.: 3501 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	Non-volatile Memory Data Error			**Event code**	183A0000 hex	
Description	An error of data saved in the non-volatile memory was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	At power ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Power interruption or noise occurred while parameters other than the safety were saved		Save data after setting the parameter again, and cycle the power supply.		Do not interrupt the power while the parameter is saved.	
	Power interruption or noise occurred while the motor identity information was saved		Execute Motor Setup, and cycle the power supply.			
	Power interruption or noise occurred while safety parameters were saved		Clear the FSoE slave address, execute FSoE Enable Reset, and cycle the power supply.			
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Cause Details 1: Data corruption of parameters other than the safety 2: Data corruption of the motor identity information 3: Data corruption of the safety parameters					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 3600 hex					

Event name	Misalignment Alert		**Event code**	18400000 hex		
Description	Misalignment may have occurred in the encoder.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	At power ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	ON		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Encoder failure		The encoder is faulty. Replace the motor. To reset this error, refer to *12-3-3 Procedure for Reset of Misalignment Alert (Error No. 99.99)* on page 12-13.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 9999 hex					

Event name	Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 1			**Event code**	18410000 hex	
Description	With **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled, FSoE communications were started by assigning an SLS instance to the safety PDO mapping.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	When establishing FSoE communications/during FSoE communications
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	ON		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The Servomotor is not connected.		Connect the Servomotor.		Set the setup and wiring according to the corrections that are given on the left.	
	Motor Advanced Setting – **Without Motor Operation Selection** (4412-02 hex) is set to *1: Without motor operation*.		Set **Motor Advanced Setting** – **Without Motor Operation Selection** (4412-02 hex) to *0: Normal operation* before using the SLS function.			
	False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise		After you cycled the power supply, if this error occurs continuously although the error is reset, the non-volatile memory is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.		None	
	Non-volatile memory failure					
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 7100 hex					

Event name	Motor Non-conformity		**Event code**	246D0000 hex		
Description	The Servo Drive and motor combination is not correct.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	At power ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The Servo Drive and motor combination is not correct		Replace the motor with one that matches the Servo Drive.		Use a motor that matches the Servo Drive.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Cause Details 1: Error at a time when the capacity of the connected Servomotor does not conform to the capacity of Servo Drive. 2: The Servomotor with different operating voltage is connected.					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 9501 hex					

Event name	Main Circuit Power Supply Phase Loss Error			**Event code**	28080000 hex	
Description	The phase loss of the main circuit power supply was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Incorrect wiring, for example the single-phase power supply is input to a 3-phase input type Servo Drive.		Confirm the Servo Drive specifications, and perform the correct wiring.		Confirm the Servo Drive specifications, and perform the correct wiring.	
	In the case where the single-phase power supply is input to a single- and 3-phase input type Servo Drive, the phase loss detection is enabled.		Set **Main Circuit Power Supply – Phase Loss Detection Enable** (4320-02 hex) to *0 (disabled)*.		Disable the phase loss detection when you input the single-phase power supply to a single- and 3-phase input type Servo Drive.	
	The power supply voltage is low or insufficient.		Improve power supply conditions by increasing the power supply capacity or the like.		Improve power supply conditions by increasing the power supply capacity or the like.	
	Broken wiring of the main circuit power supply input		Replace the main circuit power supply input cable.		Confirm that the main circuit power supply input cable is not broken before use.	
	Servo Drive failure		If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1301 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="2">Runaway Detected</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">280D0000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="5">The motor rotated in the direction opposite to the command.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>Continuously</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset (after cycling slave power)</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable.</td><td colspan="2">Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. If the cable is broken, replace it. Or, connect the motor cable and encoder cable that are used together to the same motor.</td><td colspan="2">Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. Connect the motor cable and encoder cable/external encoder cable that are used together to the same motor.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The motor rotated in the direction opposite to the command by external forces.</td><td colspan="2">Take countermeasures so that the motor is not subjected to external forces.
Set Runaway Detection – Enable (3B71-01 hex) to 0 (disabled) when the motor runs as intended.</td><td colspan="2">Take countermeasures so that the motor is not rotated by external forces.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="5">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="5">AL status code: -, Error No.: 2000 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	DC Setting Error			Event code		357D0000 hex
Description	A mistake was made in the DC Mode operation setting.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	A mistake was made in the DC Mode operation setting		Check the DC Mode setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.		Configure the setting of communications to slaves in the EtherCAT master in accordance with ESI data.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0030 hex, Error No.: 9003 hex					

Event name	Synchronization Cycle Setting Error			Event code		357E0000 hex
Description	When the DC mode was established, the cycle time was set to the inoperable value.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The variable PDO mapping is used, and the number of objects is more than the maximum number of mapped objects for the cycle time.		Set the number of objects to a value smaller than the maximum number of mapped objects for the cycle time.		Confirm the maximum number of mapped objects and the limit on the number of objects before using the variable PDO mapping.	
	The cycle time setting is incorrect.		Correct the cycle time setting.		Confirm the EtherCAT slave specifications, and set the cycle time.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0035 hex, Error No.: 9004 hex					

Event name	Mailbox Setting Error		Event code	357F0000 hex		
Description	An incorrect mailbox setting of Sync Manager was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An incorrect mailbox setting of Sync Manager was detected		Check the mailbox setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.		Configure the setting of communications to slaves in the EtherCAT master in accordance with ESI data.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0016 hex, Error No.: 9000 hex					

Event name	RxPDO Setting Error		Event code	35800000 hex		
Description	An RxPDO setting error was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The RxPDO setting of EtherCAT master is incorrect.		Correct the RxPDO setting according to the definition of ESI of Servo Drive, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again. If this event occurs repeatedly after the download to the EtherCAT master, the Servo Drive is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.		Configure the setting of communications to slaves in the EtherCAT master in accordance with ESI data.	
	Servo Drive failure				None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 001D hex, Error No.: 9005 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="2">TxPDO Setting Error</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">35810000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="5">A TxPDO setting error was detected.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>When establishing EtherCAT communications</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The TxPDO setting of EtherCAT master is incorrect.</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">Correct the TxPDO setting according to the definition of ESI of Servo Drive, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.
If this event occurs repeatedly after the download to the EtherCAT master, the Servo Drive is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.</td><td colspan="2">Configure the setting of communications to slaves in the EtherCAT master in accordance with ESI data.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Servo Drive failure</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="5">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="5">AL status code: 001E hex, Error No.: 9006 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	RxPDO Mapping Error			Event code	35820000 hex	
Description	An incorrect RxPDO was set.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An incorrect RxPDO was set, such as out of the allowable range of Index, Subindex, or size		Correct the RxPDO setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.		Confirm the specifications of ETG or FSoE, and configure the setting of communications to slaves in the EtherCAT master in accordance with ESI data.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0025 hex, Error No.: 9007 hex					

Event name	TxPDO Mapping Error			Event code	35830000 hex	
Description	An incorrect TxPDO was set.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An incorrect TxPDO was set, such as out of the allowable range of Index, Subindex, or size		Correct the TxPDO setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.		Confirm the specifications of ETG or FSoE, and configure the setting of communications to slaves in the EtherCAT master in accordance with ESI data.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0024 hex, Error No.: 9008 hex					

Event name	PDO WDT Setting Error			Event code	35840000 hex	
Description	An incorrect PDO WDT setting was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An incorrect PDO WDT setting was detected		Check the PDO WDT setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.		Configure the setting of communications to slaves in the EtherCAT master in accordance with ESI data.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 001F hex, Error No.: 9001 hex					

Event name	Node Address Updated			Event code	35850000 hex	
Description	The node address is changed to a value of the ID switches.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The node address is changed from a set value in Sysmac Studio to a value of the ID switches		Check the node address value. Set a correct value if it is wrong.		---	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0061 hex, Error No.: 9009 hex					

Event name	SM Event Mode Setting Error			Event code	35860000 hex	
Description	The unsupported SM Event Mode was set.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The unsupported SM Event Mode was set		Check the synchronization setting, and then download it to the EtherCAT master again.		Configure the setting of communications to slaves in the EtherCAT master in accordance with ESI data.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0028 hex, Error No.: 9002 hex					

Event name	Function Setting Error			Event code	38570000 hex	
Description	The function that was set does not support the communications period.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing EtherCAT communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The electronic gear ratio was not 1:1 when the communications period was set to 125 μs.		Correct the electronic gear ratio to 1:1, or set the communications period to longer than 125 μs.		Check the Servo Drive specifications to avoid the amused causes of this event, and use the Servo Drive correctly.	
	The Backlash Compensation was enabled when the communications period was set to 125 μs.		Disable the Backlash Compensation, or set the communications period to longer than 125 μs.			
Attached information	Attached information 1: Condition that was met 1: The electronic gear ratio was not 1:1 2: The Backlash Compensation was enabled					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 9400 hex					

Event name	General Input Allocation Duplicate Error			Event code	38780000 hex	
Description	More than one function input is allocated to one general input.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	At power ON
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	More than one function input is allocated to one general input		Correct the duplicate general input allocation.		Confirm that there is no duplicate allocation when setting a function input.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Cause Details 1: General Input 1 (IN1) Allocation Duplicate Error 2: General Input 2 (IN2) Allocation Duplicate Error 3: General Input 3 (IN3) Allocation Duplicate Error 4: General Input 4 (IN4) Allocation Duplicate Error 5: General Input 5 (IN5) Allocation Duplicate Error 6: General Input 6 (IN6) Allocation Duplicate Error 7: General Input 7 (IN7) Allocation Duplicate Error 8: General Input 8 (IN8) Allocation Duplicate Error					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 3300 hex					

Event name	General Output Allocation Duplicate Error		Event code	38790000 hex		
Description	More than one function output is allocated to one general output.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	At power ON
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	More than one function output is allocated to one general output		Correct the duplicate general output allocation.		Confirm that there is no duplicate allocation when setting a function output.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Cause Details 1: General Output 1 (OUT1) Allocation Duplicate Error 2: General Output 2 (OUT2) Allocation Duplicate Error 3: General Output 3 (OUT3) Allocation Duplicate Error 4: General Output 4 (OUT4) Allocation Duplicate Error					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 3309 hex					

Event name	Pulse Output Setting Error		Event code	387B0000 hex		
Description	The dividing numerator exceeded the dividing denominator when the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator was set to a value other than 0.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	At power ON
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The dividing numerator exceeded the dividing denominator when the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator was set to a value other than 0		Correct the setting of Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator and Dividing Numerator.		Set the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Numerator to a value smaller than the Dividing Denominator.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 2801 hex					

Event name	Motor Replacement Detected			Event code	387C0000 hex	
Description	The connected motor is different from the motor that was connected the last time.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	At power ON
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The motor was replaced.		Perform the Motor Setup and Absolute Encoder Setup.		After replacing the motor, perform the Motor Setup and Absolute Encoder Setup before use.	
	The Servo Drive was replaced.		Perform the Motor Setup.		After replacing the Servo Drive, perform the Motor Setup before use.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 9505 hex					

Event name	Electronic Gear Setting Error			Event code	387F0000 hex	
Description	The electronic gear ratio exceeded the allowable range.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	At power ON
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The electronic gear ratio exceeded the allowable range		Correct the electronic gear ratio to the range from 1/2,000 to 2,000 times.		Set the electronic gear ratio to the range from 1/2,000 to 2,000 times.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 9300 hex					

Event name	Servo Drive Overheat			**Event code**	38800000 hex	
Description	The internal temperature of Servo Drive exceeded the circuit protection level.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The ambient temperature of the Servo Drive exceeded the specified value.		Improve the ambient temperature and the cooling conditions of the Servo Drive.		Check the ambient temperature of the Servo Drive and set up the necessary cooling conditions.	
	Overload		Increase the setting of the acceleration/deceleration time or stopping time to lighten the load. Or, increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.		Increase the setting of the acceleration/deceleration time or stopping time as much as possible to lighten the load.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1500 hex					

Event name	Overload Error			**Event code**	38810000 hex	
Description	The load ratio of Servo Drive or motor exceeded 100%.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	During Servo ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Operation was continued for a long time with high load		Take the following actions according to conditions. • Increase the set value of the acceleration/deceleration time or the stop time. • Lighten the load. • Adjust the gain or inertia ratio. • If torque waveforms oscillate excessively, adjust the system by the tuning so that the oscillation does not occur. • Set the appropriate brake timing. • Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.		Check the items given for corrections in advance and take countermeasures as required.	
	There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable.		• Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. If the cable is broken, replace it. Or, connect the motor cable and encoder cable that are used together to the same motor. • Measure the voltage at the brake terminal. If the brake is applied, release it.		Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. Connect the motor cable and encoder cable/external encoder cable that are used together to the same motor.	
	Increase in friction		Check machine conditions and remove the cause of the friction.		Take countermeasures so that machine distortion is not generated.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Cause Details 1: The Servo Drive is overloaded 2: The Servomotor is overloaded					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1600 hex					

Event name	Regeneration Overload Error			**Event code**	38820000 hex	
Description	The **Regeneration Load Ratio** (4310-81 hex) exceeded the regeneration overload detection threshold.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	During Servo ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The regeneration processing is set inappropriately.		Check the regeneration processing setting, and set the same value as the resistance value of the Regeneration Resistor in use.		Check the items given for corrections in advance and take countermeasures as required.	
	The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately.		Check the operation pattern by the velocity monitor. Check the load ratio of Regeneration Resistor, and perform the following corrections accordingly. • Increase the deceleration time and stopping time. • Decrease the command velocity to the motor. • Use an External Regeneration Resistor. • Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.			
	The Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking.		The Regeneration Resistor cannot be used for continuous regenerative braking.		Do not use the Regeneration Resistor for continuous regenerative braking.	
	The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value.		Apply the specified power supply voltage.		Review the power supply voltage to be the specified value before use.	
	Regeneration Resistor failure		Check whether the Regeneration Resistor is faulty, and use one without failures.		Confirm that the Regeneration Resistor is not faulty before use.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 1800 hex					

Event name	Excessive Position Deviation Error			Event code	38830000 hex	
Description	The position deviation is greater than or equal to the value set in the Following error window.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	During Servo ON
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The motor operation does not follow the command.		Identify and remove a cause that limits the motor operation. During the acceleration/deceleration, the command may not be followed depending on operation patterns. In that case, adjust the gain, increase the acceleration/deceleration time or the like.		Adjust the gain and limit values appropriately before use. Set the operation pattern appropriately according to the connected load.	
	The value of Following error window is small.		Increase the setting of the Following error window to an acceptable range.		Increase the setting of the Following error window to an acceptable range.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 2400 hex					

Event name	Excessive Speed Deviation Error			**Event code**	38840000 hex	
Description	The speed deviation is greater than or equal to the value set in the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	During Servo ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The motor operation does not follow the command because a parameter value is inappropriate.		Adjust the gain to improve the following ability. Or, increase the acceleration/deceleration time for the internal position command velocity.		Adjust the gain to improve the following ability. Or, increase the acceleration/deceleration time for the internal position command velocity.	
	The output axis of motor is limited on the operation by external forces.		Take countermeasures so that the output axis is not limited on the operation by external forces.		Take countermeasures so that the output axis is not limited on the operation by external forces.	
	The value of the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level is inappropriate.		Increase the setting of the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level to an acceptable range. Disable the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection if it is unnecessary to monitor the velocity deviation.		Increase the setting of the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection Level to an acceptable range. Disable the Excessive Velocity Deviation Detection if it is unnecessary to monitor the velocity deviation.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 2401 hex					

Event name	Excessive Speed Error			**Event code**	38850000 hex	
Description	The feedback motor speed is greater than or equal to the value set in the Excessive Speed Detection Level.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	During Servo ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The velocity command value is too large.		Do not give the excessive velocity command. Check whether the electronic gear ratio is set correctly.		Set the velocity command value within the range in which the feedback motor velocity does not exceed the excess velocity detection level.	
	Overshooting occurred.		If overshooting occurred due to faulty gain adjustment, adjust the gain.		Do not increase the gain too much.	
	The motor is rotated by external forces.		Check whether the motor is rotated by external forces.		Check whether the motor is rotated by external forces.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 2600 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="3">Following Error Counter Overflow</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">38860000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="6">The following error value exceeded the range from -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>During Servo ON</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset (after resetting slave errors)</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The motor operation does not follow the command.</td><td colspan="2">Identify and remove a cause that limits the motor operation.
During the acceleration/deceleration, the command may not be followed depending on operation patterns. In that case, change the operation pattern by increasing the acceleration/deceleration time or the like.</td><td colspan="2">Adjust the gain and limit values appropriately before use.
Set the operation pattern appropriately according to the connected load.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The motor is rotated or limited on the operation by external forces.</td><td colspan="2">Take countermeasures so that the motor is not subjected to external forces.</td><td colspan="2">Take countermeasures so that the motor operation is not interfered by external forces.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="6">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="6">AL status code: -, Error No.: 2903 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Error			Event code	38870000 hex	
Description	The multi-rotation counter of the encoder exceeded the maximum number of rotations.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An inappropriate value was set in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).		Set the appropriate value in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).		Set the appropriate value in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).	
	The multi-rotation number of the encoder exceeded the maximum number of rotations.		Set the travel distance so that the multi-rotation number does not exceed the maximum number of rotations.		Set the travel distance so that the multi-rotation number does not exceed the maximum number of rotations.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 4100 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="2">Safety Communications Setting Error</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">38880000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="5">Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because of an incorrect communications setting.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>When establishing FSoE communications</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="2">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td>EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td>---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td>Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td>None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td>Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The watchdog time was set incorrectly.</td><td colspan="2">If the watchdog time of the safety process data communications setting was set to a value inappropriate for the communications cycle or the configuration, correct it, and transfer the setting to the Safety CPU Unit.</td><td rowspan="2">Set the watchdog time in consideration of the actual configuration and surrounding environment.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The processing was not completed within the watchdog time because communications were not established due to the noise.</td><td colspan="2">If there is no improvement after you performed noise countermeasures, set the longer watchdog time, and transfer the setting to the Safety CPU Unit.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="5">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="5">AL status code: -, Error No.: 7001 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	Safety Frame Error			Event code	38890000 hex	
Description	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because an incorrect frame was received.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing FSoE communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An incorrect frame was received in safety process data communications.		The Servo Drive model does not match the safety slave model that is sent from the safety master. Check the connection configuration and configure it correctly.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the corrections that are given on the left.	
	There is excessive noise.		Take noise countermeasures.		Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise caused the error.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 7003 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="3">FSoE Slave Address Error</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">388B0000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="6">Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because of an incorrect FSoE slave address.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>When establishing FSoE communications</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset (after resetting slave errors)</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The setting of the FSoE slave address in the safety process data communications settings is different from the setting in the Unit</td><td colspan="2">Perform the FSoE Slave Address Clear for the Servo Drive according to Clearing FSoE Address on page 12-5.</td><td colspan="2">If you use a Servo Drive for which safety process data communications were previously established in another system, perform the FSoE Slave Address Clear before you use the Servo Drive.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="6">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="6">AL status code: -, Error No.: 7002 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	Safety Parameter Error			Event code		38990000 hex
Description	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because an incorrect parameter was received.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	When establishing FSoE communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The set safety slave model is incorrect		Check whether the connected safety slave model corresponds the safety slave model that is set from the setting tool. If not correspond, correct it.		Select safety slave models that is suitable for real connection configuration.	
	There is discrepancy between safety function setting downloaded to EtherCAT master and safety application data downloaded to safety controller.		Download a safety function setting to EtherCAT master. Also, download safety application data to a safety controller.		After change of safety function setting, download a safety function setting to EtherCAT master. Also, download safety application data to a safety controller.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 7000 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="2">FPGA WDT Error</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">48080000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="5">An FPGA error was detected.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>Continuously</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset (after cycling slave power)</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">False detection due to a data read error that was caused by excessive noise</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error.
If this event occurs again, the hardware is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">If the normal operation can restart after you cycled the power supply, consider noise countermeasures. There may be excessive noise around the Servo Drive.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Hardware failure</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="5">Attached information 1: System information</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="5">AL status code: -, Error No.: 3500 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	Drive Prohibition Input Error			Event code	64E30000 hex	
Description	Both the Positive Drive Prohibition (POT) and the Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) turned ON.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An error occurred on the switch, wire, power supply, and wiring that was connected to the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT).		Check and correct an error on the switch, wire, power supply, and wiring that is connected to the Positive Drive Prohibition Input or Negative Drive Prohibition Input.		Confirm that there are not disconnection and incorrect logic setting, and use the Drive Prohibition Input.	
	False detection occurred because the control signal power supply was turned ON slowly.		Check whether the control signal power supply (12 to 24 VDC) is turned ON slowly, and adjust the timing if it is slow.		Adjust the timing at which the control signal power supply is turned ON so that the signal can be input correctly.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 3800 hex					

Event name	Drive Prohibition Detected			**Event code**	68200000 hex	
Description	The operation was stopped according to the user setting because the motor ran in the prohibited direction when the Drive Prohibition was enabled.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Incorrect or broken wiring of Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT)		Correct the wiring if the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) or Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) is wired incorrectly. If the cable is broken, replace it.		Confirm that the Positive Drive Prohibition Input (POT) and Negative Drive Prohibition Input (NOT) are wired correctly. Confirm that the cable is not broken before use.	
	Incorrect setting of the Drive Prohibition Input		Review the setting of the drive prohibition input port and set it correctly.		Configure the setting of the drive prohibition input port to be appropriate for the actual connection condition.	
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 3801 hex					

Event name	Control Right Release Error			Event code		68210000 hex
Description	Communications between the Sysmac Studio and Servo Drive were interrupted while a specific function was used from the Sysmac Studio.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The USB cable or EtherCAT cable was disconnected during the connection with the Sysmac Studio.		Connect the USB cable or EtherCAT cable between the Servo Drive and the computer that controls the Servo Drive if it is disconnected.		Do not disconnect the cable during the operation of Sysmac Studio.	
	There is excessive noise.		Take noise countermeasures for the USB cable or EtherCAT cable.		Use the recommended USB cable or EtherCAT cable.	
	A command sent from the Sysmac Studio was not sent to the Servo Drive because the computer was in a busy state or the like.		Finish other applications to reduce the processing load of the computer.		Do not use the Sysmac Studio with more than one application active so that the computer does not go into a busy state.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 6200 hex					

Event name	Error Stop Input			**Event code**	68220000 hex	
Description	The Error Stop Input (ESTP) is active.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The Error Stop Input (ESTP) was input.		Remove the cause of Error Stop Input (ESTP).		A preventative measure is not required because the purpose is to detect an error.	
	The Error Stop Input (ESTP) is incorrectly wired		Correct the wiring if the Error Stop Input (ESTP) is incorrectly wired.		Confirm that the Error Stop Input (ESTP) is correctly wired.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 8700 hex					

Event name	Software Limit Exceeded			Event code		68230000 hex
Description	The Position actual value detected the position that exceeded the value set in the Software Position Limit, and stopped the operation according to the user setting.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Incorrect setting of Software Position Limit		Correct the setting of Software Position Limit.		Confirm that the setting of Software Position Limit is correct.	
	When the Software Position Limit – Stop Selection was set to a *Stop according to the setting of Fault reaction option code*, the position exceeded the value set in the Software Position Limit.		Set the command value to be within the range of Software Position Limit.		Set the command value to be within the range of Software Position Limit.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 3401 hex					

Event name	SLS Monitoring Limit Exceeded		**Event code**	684F0000 hex		
Description	Safety Present Motor Velocity exceeded the velocity limit being monitored by the SLS function.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	During FSoE communications
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	ON		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Safety Velocity Detection – **Safety Present Motor Velocity** (4F1A-81 hex) exceeded the velocity limit set in **SLS velocity limit** (6693 hex).		Correct the user program so that **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Safety Present Motor Velocity** (4F1A-81 hex) falls within the velocity limit set in **SLS velocity limit** (6693 hex). Or, adjust **SLS velocity limit** (6693 hex) appropriately.		Set the setup and wiring according to the corrections that are given on the left.	
	The motor power cable is long.		• Use a motor power cable of the latest version. • Take noise countermeasures such as using a noise filter.			
	Noise					
Attached information	Attached information 1: Instances that exceeded the limit 1 to 8: Instance number					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 7200 hex					

Event name	Safety Present Motor Velocity Error 2		Event code	68500000 hex	
Description	**Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) was disabled in SLS status. Or, the SLS command was set to Activate SLS with **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled.				
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	During FSoE communications
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	ON		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The acceleration/deceleration time for acceleration and deceleration in SLS status is short.		Correct the operation command to increase the acceleration/deceleration time so that **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) remains enabled during acceleration/deceleration.		Perform a setting with consideration of precautions.	
	An external force such as unbalanced load was applied.		Take countermeasures so that the motor is not subjected to external forces. If the operation is as intended, consider using the 1S-series with Safety Functionality R88D-1SAN□.			
	Motor power status was turned OFF during motor rotation in SLS status.		Correct the operation command so that Motor power status does not turn OFF during motor rotation in SLS status.			
	The SLS command was set to Activate SLS with **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) disabled.		Set the SLS command to Activate SLS with **Safety Velocity Detection** – **Status** (4F1A-82 hex) enabled.			
	The motor power cable is long.		• Use a motor power cable of the latest version. • Take noise countermeasures such as using a noise filter.			
	Noise					
	Hardware failure		If this error occurs continuously even after the error is reset, the hardware is faulty. Replace the Servomotor or Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 7101 hex					

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="3">SLS Function Error</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">68510000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="6">A problem on use of the SLS function was detected.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>During FSoE communications</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Minor fault</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Error reset (after resetting slave errors)</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Power drive circuit is OFF</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">ON</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">When the SLS command was Activate SLS with Error Detection Activate In SLS Deactivate (4F16 hex) set to 1: Activate, Reset SLS was performed before the SLS status goes into SLS state.</td><td colspan="2">After the SLS status goes into SLS state, Reset SLS.</td><td colspan="2">Set the setup and wiring according to the corrections that are given on the left.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="6">Attached Information 1: Instances that detected SLS Function Error
1 to 8: Instance number</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="6">AL status code: -, Error No.: 7201 hex</td></tr>
</table>

Event name	Pulse Output Overspeed Error			Event code		78200000 hex
Description	The speed, which exceeded the frequency that could be output by the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output function, was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The dividing ratio setting is inappropriate for the actual usage condition		Correct the setting of Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator and Dividing Numerator.		Set the Encoder Dividing Pulse Output – Dividing Denominator and Dividing Numerator to a value appropriate for the maximum speed that is detected during operation.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 2800 hex					

Event name	Brake Interlock Error		**Event code**	78210000 hex		
Description	The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) was output by the Timeout at Servo OFF.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	---	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The Brake Interlock Output (BKIR) was output because the motor rotation speed did not decrease to or less than the speed set in the Threshold Speed at Servo OFF within the time set in the Timeout at Servo OFF when Servo OFF was performed during the motor operation.		Increase the set value of the Timeout at Servo OFF according to actual operation conditions.		Confirm the corrections that are given on the left before use.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 9700 hex					

Event name	Command Error			**Event code**	78230000 hex	
Description	A mistake was made in using a command.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	When bit 9 (Remote) of the Statusword was set to *1 (remote)*, and the Servo Drive was in "Operation enabled" state (Servo ON), the Servo Drive received a command to change the communications state from Operational to another state (Init, Pre-Operational, or Safe-Operational).		Check the Servo Drive specifications and use the command correctly.		Check the Servo Drive specifications and use the command correctly.	
	A mode of operation other than the hm mode was set during the homing operation.					
	Modes of operation was set to pp, pv or hm mode when the communications period was set to shorter than 250 µs.					
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 9101 hex					

Event name	EtherCAT State Change Error			Event code		84B10000 hex
Description	A communications state change command was received for which the current communications state could not be changed.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	A communications state change command was received for which the current communications state could not be changed		Check the command specifications for communications state transitions in the host controller and correct host controller processing.		Check the command specifications for communications state transitions in the host controller and program host controller processing.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0011 hex, Error No.: 8301 hex					

Event name	EtherCAT Illegal State Change Error			Event code		84B20000 hex
Description	An undefined communications state change command was received.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An undefined communications state change command was received		Check the command specifications for communications state transitions in the host controller and correct host controller processing.		Check the command specifications for communications state transitions in the host controller and program host controller processing.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0012 hex, Error No.: 8302 hex					

Event name	Synchronization Error			Event code	84B40000 hex	
Description	A signal for synchronous communications could not be detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Noise		Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise affects the EtherCAT communications cable.		Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise affects the EtherCAT communications cable.	
	Error of the EtherCAT slave communications controller		If this event occurs again after you cycled the power supply, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 002C hex, Error No.: 8304 hex					

Event name	Sync Manager WDT Error			Event code	84B50000 hex	
Description	PDO communications were interrupted for the allowable period or longer.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, loose, or broken.		Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely.		Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely.	
	Host controller error		Check the operation of the host controller. Take appropriate countermeasures if there is a problem.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 001B hex, Error No.: 8305 hex					

Event name	ESC Initialization Error			**Event code**	84B60000 hex	
Description	The initialization of EtherCAT slave communications controller failed.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	At power ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Data was incorrectly overwritten in the non-volatile memory of the EtherCAT slave communications controller		If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
	Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller					
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 8801 hex					

Event name	SII Verification Error			**Event code**	84B70000 hex	
Description	An error occurred in SII data of the EtherCAT slave communications controller.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	At power ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	Data was incorrectly overwritten in the non-volatile memory of the EtherCAT slave communications controller		If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
	Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection					
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0014 hex, Error No.: 8803 hex					

Event name	Synchronization Interruption Error			Event code	84B90000 hex	
Description	Synchronization interruption did not occur within the specified period.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Incorrect EtherCAT synchronization setting of the host controller		Set the synchronization setting of the host controller according to the synchronization specifications for the EtherCAT slave.		Confirm the synchronization specifications for the EtherCAT slave, and configure the synchronization setting from the host controller correctly.	
	Failure of the EtherCAT slave communications controller or false detection		If this event does not occur after you cycled the power supply, use the product continuously. It is supposed that a temporary error occurred due to a read error. If this event occurs again, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 002D hex, Error No.: 8802 hex					

Event name	Bootstrap State Transition Request Error		**Event code**	84BA0000 hex		
Description	The state transition to unsupported Bootstrap was requested.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The EtherCAT master requested the transition of unsupported Bootstrap		Check the EtherCAT master setting so that the EtherCAT master does not request the transition to Bootstrap.		Check the EtherCAT master setting so that the EtherCAT master does not request the transition to Bootstrap.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0013 hex, Error No.: 8306 hex					

Event name	Communications Synchronization Error		Event code	88100000 hex		
Description	Communications were not established consecutively because the synchronization with the EtherCAT Master could not be achieved.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The power supply to the host controller was interrupted during PDO communications.		Reset the error in the host controller. This event reports an error that was detected when the power supply to the host controller was interrupted. It does not indicate that an error currently exists.		If you turn OFF the power supply to the host controller, also turn OFF the power supply to the Servo Drive.	
	An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a daisy chain configuration.		Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.		Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely.	
	An EtherCAT communications cable is broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a ring topology configuration.		• Set **Communications Error Setting** (2200 hex) to 2 or more. • Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.		• Set **Communications Error Setting** (2200 hex) to 2 or more. • Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely.	
	Noise		Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise affects the EtherCAT communications cable.		Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise affects the EtherCAT communications cable.	
	Failure of the EtherCAT physical layer of a Servo Drive		If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 0034 hex, Error No.: 8303 hex					

Event name	Safety Communications Timeout			**Event code**	88120000 hex	
Description	A communications timeout occurred in safety process data communications with the Safety CPU Unit.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	When establishing FSoE communications/during FSoE communications
Error attributes	**Level**	Minor fault	**Recovery**	Error reset (after resetting slave errors)	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	A setting is not correct. The setting of the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit is too short.		Increase the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit and then transfer the settings to the Safety CPU Unit.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the corrections that are given on the left.	
	There is excessive noise.		Take noise countermeasures.		Take noise countermeasures if excessive noise caused the error.	
	The Safety CPU Unit or safety slave entered a status where it could not continue safety process data communications.		Check the status of the Safety CPU Unit or safety slave.		Refer to troubleshooting information for the Safety CPU Unit or safety slave.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 7004 hex					

Event name	Absolute Value Cleared			Event code	98200000 hex	
Description	The multi-rotation counter of the absolute encoder was cleared.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset (after cycling slave power)	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The multi-rotation counter of the absolute encoder was cleared		This operation is performed for safety and is not an error.		A preventative measure is not required because this is a safety measure.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: 2701 hex					

Event name	Capacitor Lifetime Warning			Event code	081C0000 hex	
Description	The capacitor built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The operating time of the capacitor in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life.		Send the Servo Drive for repair or replace the Servo Drive with a new one. It is necessary to replace the component that reached the service life.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A701 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Inrush Current Prevention Relay Lifetime Warning		Event code	081D0000 hex		
Description	The inrush current prevention relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The number of operating times of the inrush current prevention relay in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life.		Send the Servo Drive for repair or replace the Servo Drive with a new one. It is necessary to replace the component that reached the service life.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A702 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Brake Interlock Output Relay Lifetime Warning		Event code	081F0000 hex		
Description	The brake interlock output (BKIR) relay built into the Servo Drive reached the design service life.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The number of operating times of the brake interlock output in the Servo Drive exceeded the design service life.		Send the Servo Drive for repair or replace the Servo Drive with a new one. It is necessary to replace the component that reached the service life.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A704 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Encoder Communications Warning			Event code	083A0000 hex	
Description	Encoder communications errors occurred in series more frequently than the specified value.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Observation*1	Recovery	Automatic recovery	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Noise into the encoder cable		• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Confirm that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.		• Separate the motor cable and the encoder cable if they are bundled together. • Connect the shield to FG. • Check that the motor ground wire is connected to FG.	
	Contact failure of the encoder cable		Check whether the connector is disconnected. Connect the connector firmly if it is disconnected or loose. Check that the encoder cable is not broken. Replace the encoder cable if it is broken.		Confirm that the connector is connected. Use the recommended cable and periodically check that the encoder cable is not broken.	
	Power supply undervoltage to the encoder		Use the recommended encoder cable.		Use the recommended encoder cable.	
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A400 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Encoder Lifetime Warning		Event code	08470000 hex	
Description	The encoder lifetime is close to the end. Or, the encoder has broken down.				
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module	Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level: Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program: Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN	EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---	---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable	Data type		Name	
	None	None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause	Correction		Prevention	
	Temporary noise	If this event occurs repeatedly, the lifetime is close to the end. Replace the motor. This warning also occurs when the encoder breaks due to impact on the axis.		None	
	The end of the encoder life				
	Encoder break down due to impact on the axis or other causes				
Attached information	None				
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A706 hex				

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Fan Rotation Warning		Event code	084C0000 hex	
Description	The rotation speed of the fan is 80% or less of the rating and the cooling performance decreases.				
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module	Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level: Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program: Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN	EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---	---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable	Data type		Name	
	None	None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause	Correction		Prevention	
	There is a foreign matter in the cooling fan and it blocks the rotation	Check whether there is a foreign matter in the fan. If you find a foreign matter, remove it.		Do not use the fan in an area surrounded by excessive foreign matter. Also, do not allow foreign matter to enter.	
	Cooling fan failure	If there is no improvement after you performed the correction above, replace the Servo Drive.			
Attached information	None				
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A300 hex				

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning			Event code		084E0000 hex
Description	The multi-rotation counter of the encoder exceeded the value set in **Encoder** – **Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level** (4510-02 hex).					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An inappropriate value was set in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).		Set the appropriate value in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).		Set an appropriate value in the **Encoder** – **Operation Selection when Using Absolute Encoder** (4510-01 hex).	
	The multi-rotation number of the encoder exceeded the warning level.		Set the travel distance so that the multi-rotation number does not exceed the value set in the **Encoder** – **Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level** (4510-02 hex).		Set the travel distance so that the multi-rotation number does not exceed the value set in the **Encoder** – **Absolute Encoder Counter Overflow Warning Level** (4510-02 hex).	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: AB00 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Lifetime Information Corruption Warning			**Event code**	18390000 hex	
Description	An error was detected in the saved lifetime information.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	At power ON
Error attributes	**Level**	Observation*1	**Recovery**	---	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Not affected.		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The lifetime information corruption was detected when the power supply was turned ON.		Perform the Lifetime Information Clear. Note that the lifetime may not be detected correctly after the clear operation because the value of lifetime information is cleared. If this event occurs repeatedly, the area to save lifetime information is faulty. Replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A705 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Data Setting Warning			**Event code**	34E00000 hex	
Description	The object set value is out of the range.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		**Source details**	Slave	**Detection timing**	Continuously
Error attributes	**Level**	Observation*1	**Recovery**	---	**Log category**	System log
Effects	**User program**	Continues.	**Operation**	Not affected.		
Indicators	**EtherCAT NET RUN**		**EtherCAT NET ERR**		**EtherCAT LINK/ACT**	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	**Variable**		**Data type**		**Name**	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	**Assumed cause**		**Correction**		**Prevention**	
	The object set value is out of the range.		Correct the object setting to be within the specified range.		Correct the object setting to be within the specified range.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: B000 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Overload Warning			Event code	387A0000 hex	
Description	The load ratio of Servo Drive or motor exceeded the level set in the **Overload** – **Warning Notification Level** (4150-01 hex).					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Operation was continued for a long time with high load		Take the following actions according to conditions. • Increase the set value of the acceleration/deceleration time or the stop time. • Lighten the load. • Adjust the gain or inertia ratio. • If torque waveforms oscillate excessively, adjust the system by the tuning so that the oscillation does not occur. • Set the appropriate brake timing. • Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.		Check the items given for corrections in advance and take countermeasures as required.	
	There is incorrect wiring of the motor cable or a broken cable.		• Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. If the cable is broken, replace it. Or, connect the motor cable and encoder cable that are used together to the same motor. • Measure the voltage at the brake terminal. If the brake is applied, release it.		Connect the motor cable as shown in the wiring diagram. Connect the motor cable and encoder cable/external encoder cable that are used together to the same motor.	
	Increase in friction		Check machine conditions and remove the cause of the friction.		Take countermeasures so that machine distortion is not generated.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Cause Details 1: The Servo Drive is overloaded 2: The Servomotor is overloaded					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A000 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="2">Regeneration Overload Warning</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">387D0000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="5">The Regeneration Load Ratio (4310-81 hex) exceeded 85% of the regeneration overload detection threshold.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>Continuously</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Observation*1</td><td>Recovery</td><td>---</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Not affected.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="6">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The regeneration processing is set inappropriately.</td><td colspan="2">Check the regeneration processing setting, and set the same value as the resistance value of the Regeneration Resistor in use.</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">Check the items given for corrections in advance and take countermeasures as required.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The Regeneration Resistor is selected inappropriately.</td><td colspan="2">Check the operation pattern by the velocity monitor. Check the load ratio of Regeneration Resistor, and perform the following corrections accordingly.
• Increase the deceleration time and stopping time.
• Decrease the command velocity to the motor.
• Use an External Regeneration Resistor.
• Increase the capacities of the Servo Drive and the motor.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">This Regeneration Resistor is used for continuous regenerative braking.</td><td colspan="2">The Regeneration Resistor cannot be used for continuous regenerative braking.</td><td colspan="2">Do not use the Regeneration Resistor for continuous regenerative braking.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The applied power supply voltage is higher than the specified value.</td><td colspan="2">Apply the specified power supply voltage.</td><td colspan="2">Review the power supply voltage to be the specified value before use.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Regeneration Resistor failure</td><td colspan="2">Check whether the Regeneration Resistor is faulty, and use one without failures.</td><td colspan="2">Confirm that the Regeneration Resistor is not faulty before use.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="5">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="5">AL status code: -, Error No.: A100 hex</td></tr>
</table>

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Motor Vibration Warning			Event code	387E0000 hex	
Description	The motor vibration, which was higher than or equal to the level set in the **Vibration Detection** – **Detection Level** (3B70-01 hex), was detected.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	During Servo ON
Error attributes	Level	Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The control parameter is set inappropriately.		Set the control parameters such as inertia ratio, gain, and filter to appropriate values by gain tuning or manually.		Set and use the appropriate control parameter.	
	The rigidity decreased due to mechanical looseness or wear.		Check whether the mechanical system is not loose and secure it firmly. If the rigidity of mechanical system is changed, adjust the control parameter again.		Secure the mechanical system firmly without the looseness.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: A600 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

<table>
<tr><td>Event name</td><td colspan="2">Command Warning</td><td>Event code</td><td colspan="2">78220000 hex</td></tr>
<tr><td>Description</td><td colspan="5">A command could not be executed.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Source</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT Master Function Module</td><td>Source details</td><td>Slave</td><td>Detection timing</td><td>Continuously</td></tr>
<tr><td>Error attributes</td><td>Level</td><td>Observation*1</td><td>Recovery</td><td>Automatic recovery</td><td>Log category</td><td>System log</td></tr>
<tr><td>Effects</td><td>User program</td><td>Continues.</td><td>Operation</td><td colspan="3">Not affected.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Indicators</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET RUN</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT NET ERR</td><td colspan="2">EtherCAT LINK/ACT</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td><td colspan="2">---</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">System-defined variables</td><td colspan="2">Variable</td><td colspan="2">Data type</td><td colspan="2">Name</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td><td colspan="2">None</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="6">Cause and correction</td><td colspan="2">Assumed cause</td><td colspan="2">Correction</td><td colspan="2">Prevention</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The Switch on command was received.</td><td colspan="2">Send the Switch on command with the main circuit power supply ON.</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="5">Use the Servo Drive after confirming the corrections that are given on the left.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The Enable operation command was received.</td><td colspan="2">Send the Enable operation command under the following conditions.
• In supported operation mode
• The motor rotation speed is 30 r/min or less.
• In the free-run mode, the interpolation time period is the integral multiple of the communications cycle.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">An operation command in the prohibition direction was received after the immediate stop by the Drive Prohibition Input or Software Position Limit.</td><td colspan="2">Check status of the Drive Prohibition Input and Software Position Limit by the Digital inputs, Statusword, and Software Position Limit. Then, do not issue the command in the drive prohibition direction.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Homing started.</td><td colspan="2">Set a supported number of the Homing method for homing. Start homing at the timing of when homing is not performed.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">The positioning start command was received in the Profile position mode.</td><td colspan="2">Set a supported value for bit 5 and 6 in the Controlword.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Attached information</td><td colspan="5">None</td></tr>
<tr><td>Precautions/ Remarks</td><td colspan="5">AL status code: -, Error No.: B100 hex</td></tr>
</table>

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	EtherCAT Communications Warning		Event code	84B00000 hex	
Description	An EtherCAT communications error occurred more than one time.				
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module	Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Observation*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.	
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	An EtherCAT communications cable is disconnected, broken, short-circuited, or has a contact failure in a daisy chain configuration.		Connect the EtherCAT communications cable securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.		Confirm that the EtherCAT communications cable is not broken before use, and connect it securely.	
	• In a ring topology configuration, the ring disconnection status occurred. • In a ring topology configuration, the ring disconnection status was fixed.		Refer to *13-5 Method for Ring Disconnection Maintenance and Inspection* on page 13-9 and perform inspection.			
	Noise		Take noise countermeasures so that the noise does not affect the EtherCAT communications cable.		Take noise countermeasures so that the noise does not affect the EtherCAT communications cable.	
	Failure of the EtherCAT physical layer of a Servo Drive		If this event occurs again after you performed all corrections shown above, replace the Servo Drive.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: B200 hex					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Unit Restarted			Event code	90A00000 hex	
Description	Restart was performed.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Operation by user
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Restart was performed		---		---	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: 8000 hex, Error No.: -					

Event name	STO Detected			Event code	98210000 hex	
Description	The safety input OFF state was detected via the safety input signal or EtherCAT communications.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Information*1	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Power drive circuit is OFF		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The cable is disconnected or broken.		Reconnect the input wiring for safety inputs 1 and 2. If the cable is broken, replace it.		Connect the input wiring for safety inputs 1 and 2 securely.	
	The STO input was turned OFF via EtherCAT communications.		Remove the cause that turned OFF the safety input signal of the Safety Input Unit.		Improve the surrounding environment based on the cause that turned OFF the safety input signal of the Safety Input Unit.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: C000 hex (ST)					

*1. You can change the level to "minor fault" by using Warning Level Change.

Event name	Memory All Cleared			Event code	98220000 hex	
Description	The Unit setting was cleared.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Operation by user
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Clear All Memory was performed		---		---	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: -					

Event name	Event Log Cleared			Event code	98240000 hex	
Description	The event log was cleared.					
Source	EtherCAT Master Function Module		Source details	Slave	Detection timing	Operation by user
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery	---	Log category	System log
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Indicators	EtherCAT NET RUN		EtherCAT NET ERR		EtherCAT LINK/ACT	
	---		---		---	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None		None		None	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	Clear Event Log was performed		---		---	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	AL status code: -, Error No.: -					

A-5 Use Case of Safety Function

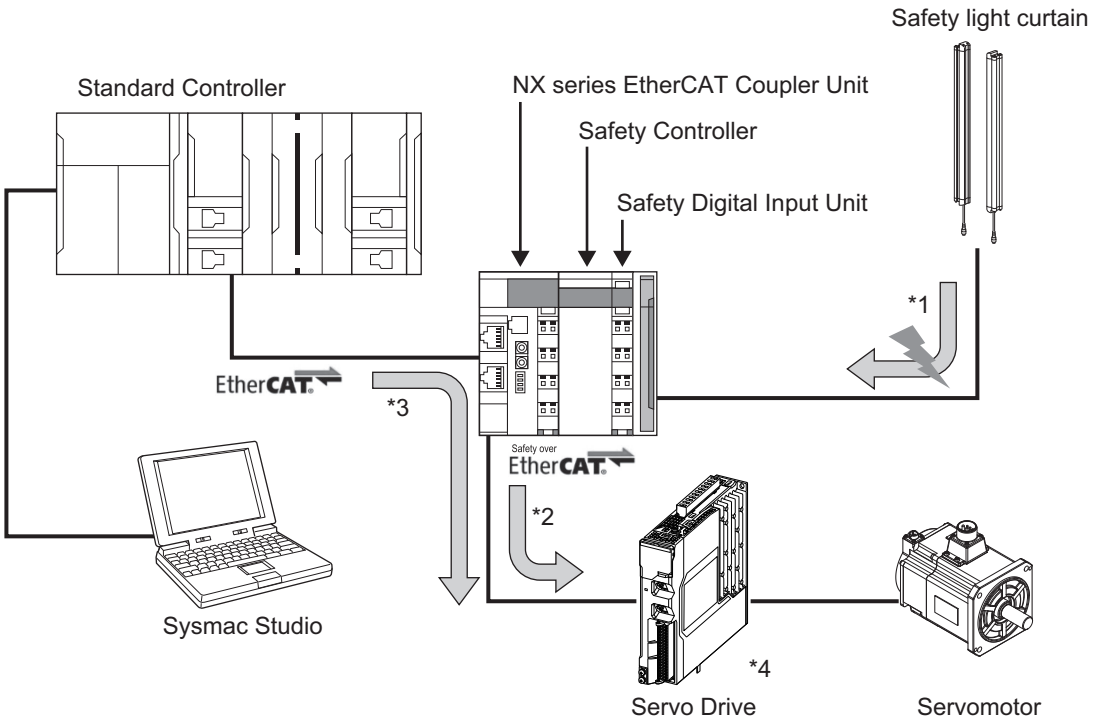
A-5-1 Function to Stop Servomotor

Use case for stop function is described with SS1 function.

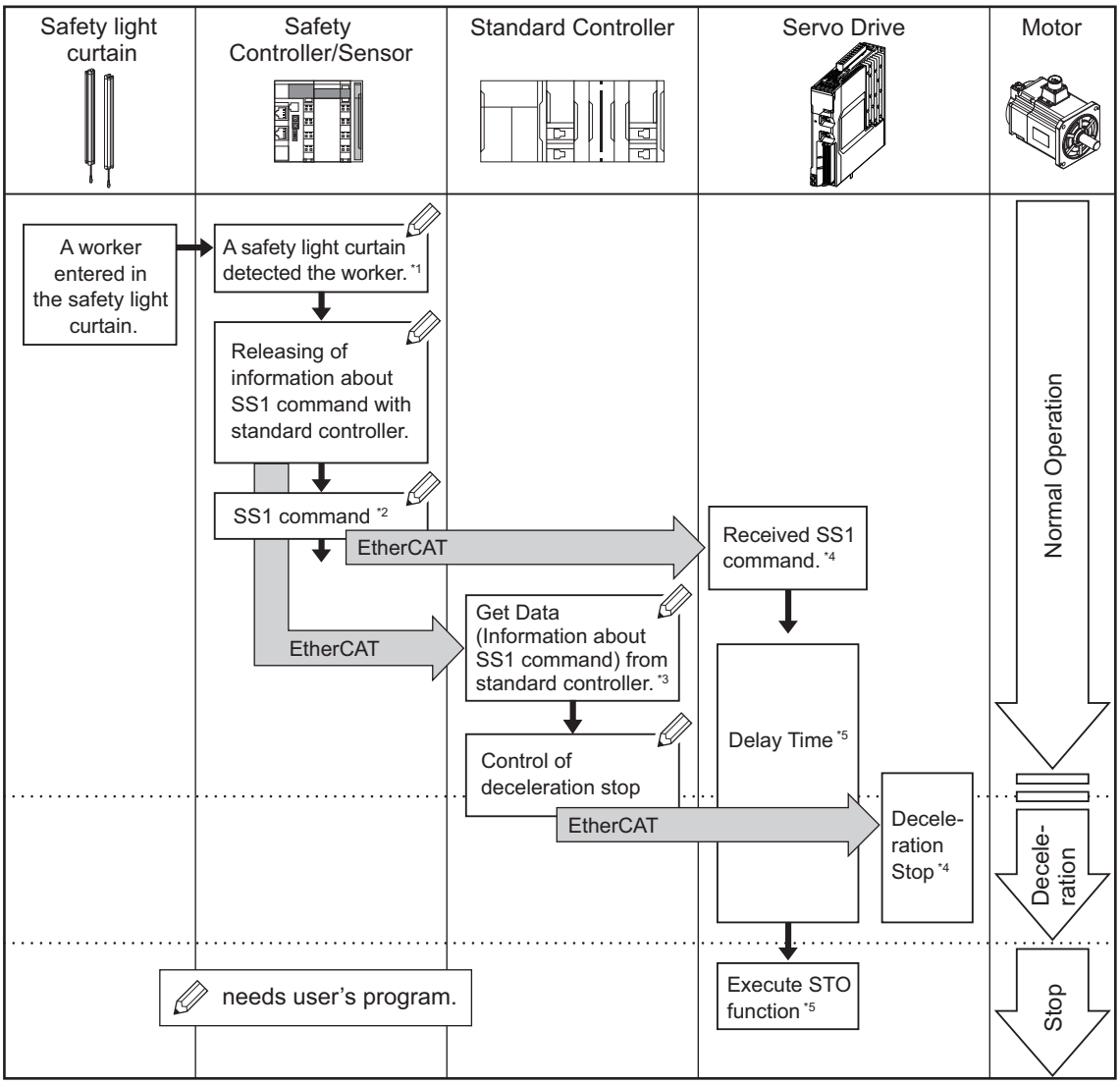
Application Image

When a safety light curtain detects a worker and an object, a standard controller decelerates/stops a Servomotor and a Servo Drive cuts off the output with SS1 function.

Device for Use



You secure Safety System when you use these devices to perform the following controls.

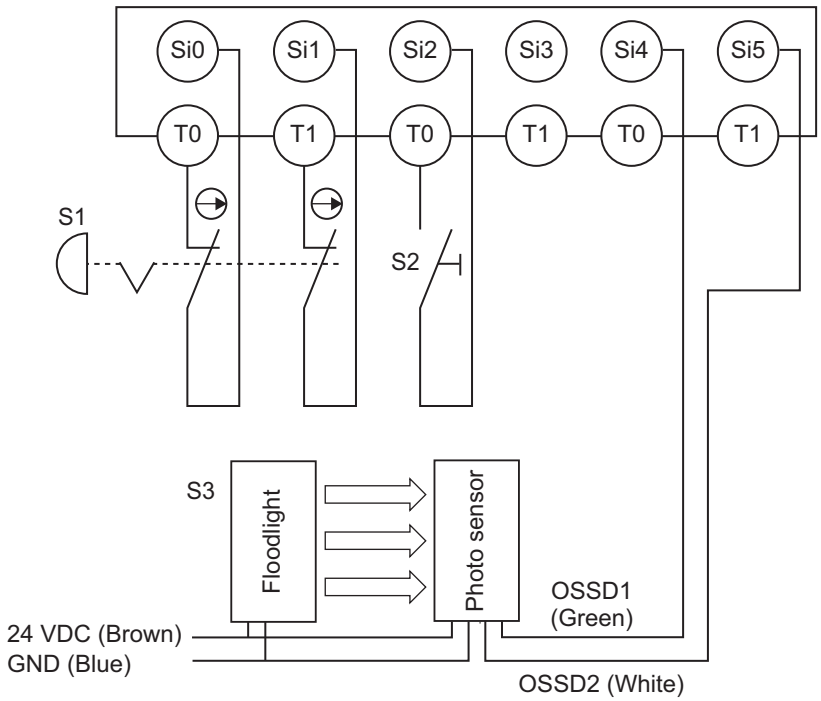


*1. A safety controller detects that a safety light curtain is pressed.
*2. The safety controller gives SS1 command to a Servo Drive.
*3. A standard controller reads data from the safety controller and confirms that the SS1 command was enabled. It gives command for stop of a Servomotor to a Servo Drive in order to decelerate/stop a Servomotor.
*4. A Servo Drive activates SS1 function after receiving SS1 command. At the same time, it follows the command from the standard controller to decelerate/stop the Servomotor.
*5. A Servo Drive goes into the STO status after delay time elapsed.

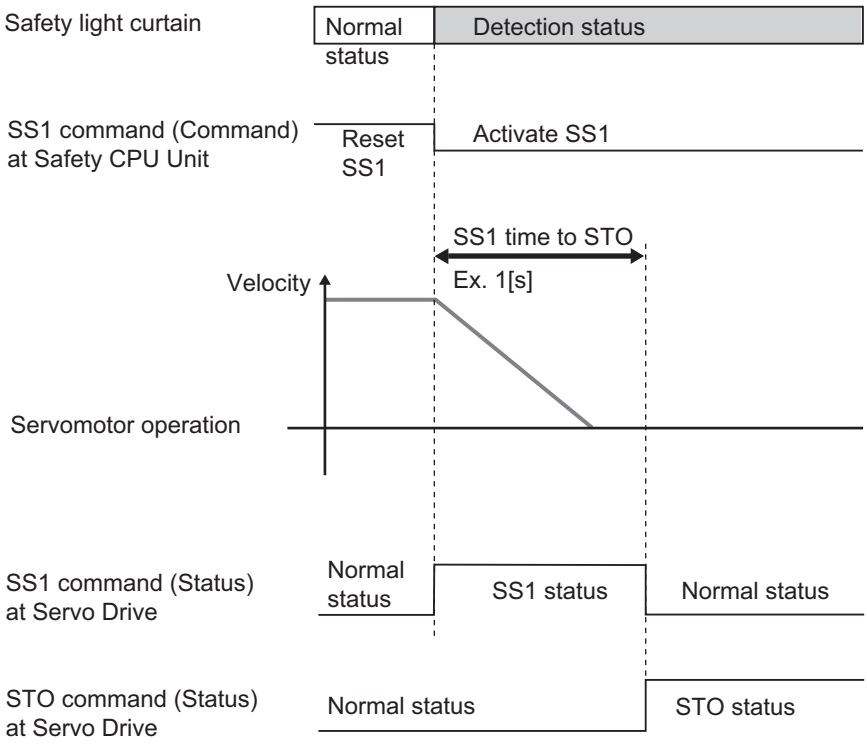
Wiring

Wire the safety light curtain and the emergency stop button switch to the digital input unit.

● NX-SID800

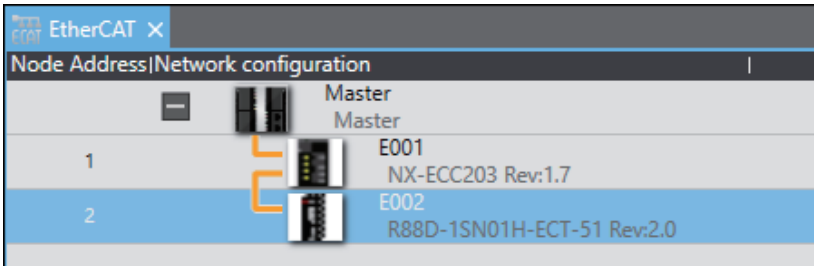


Operation Chart

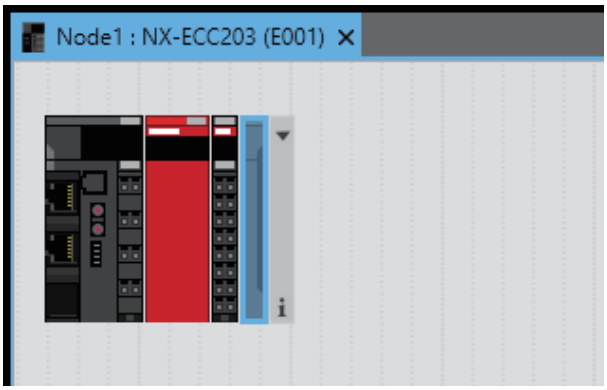


Configuration of EtherCAT Network

Edit EtherCAT network configuration.

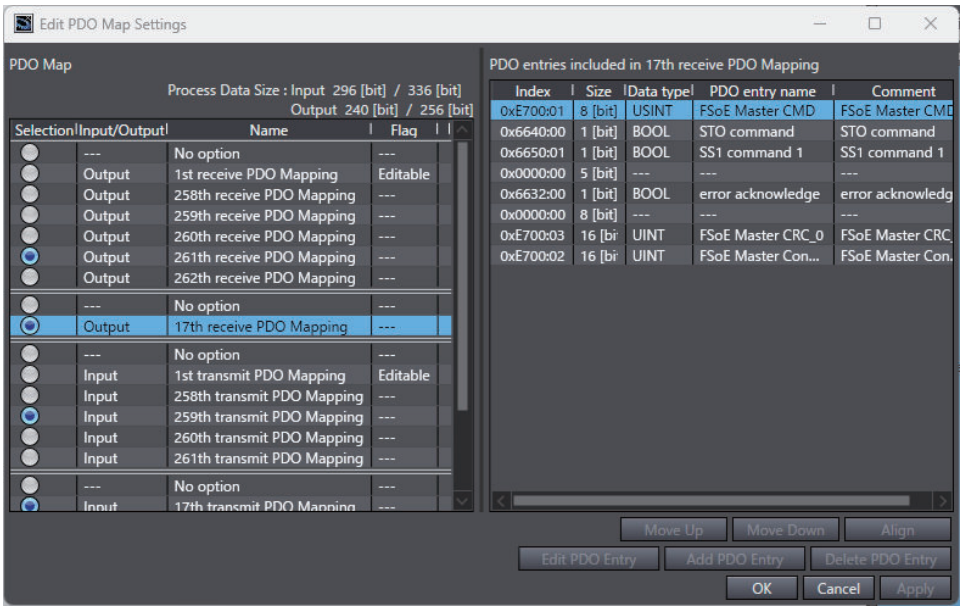


Edit the device configuration of coupler unit.



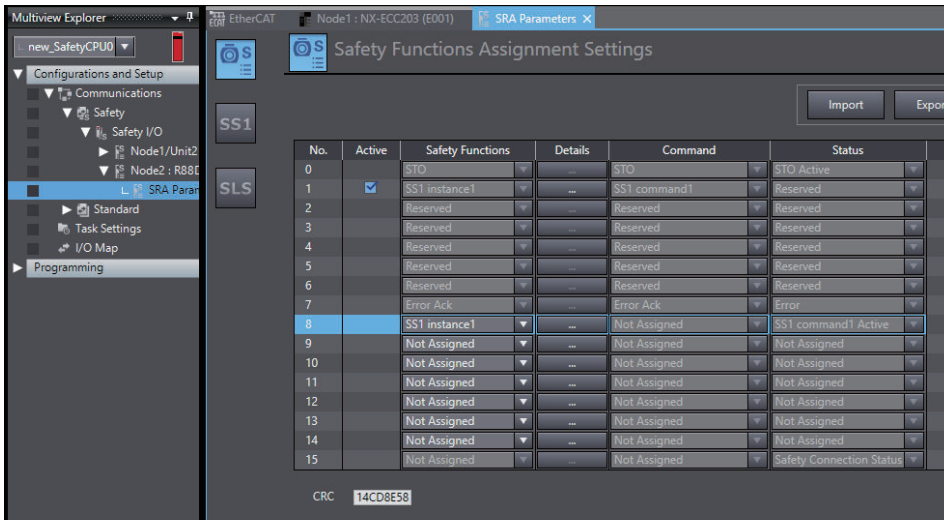
PDO Mapping

Confirm that object 1610 hex (17th receive PDO Mapping) and 1A10 hex (17th transmit PDO Mapping) are assigned to PDO mapping list of a Servo Drive.



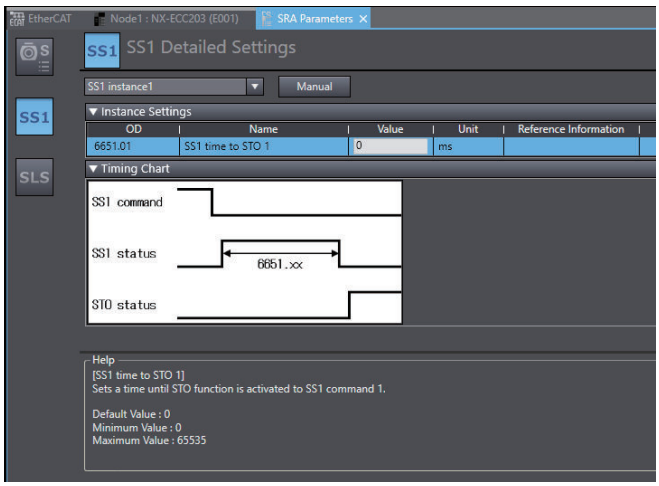
Select  of a safety controller with multi-view explorer.

Develop the Servo Drive of Safety I/O and double-click SRA parameter.
SS1 function is set with Safety Function Assignment Settings.



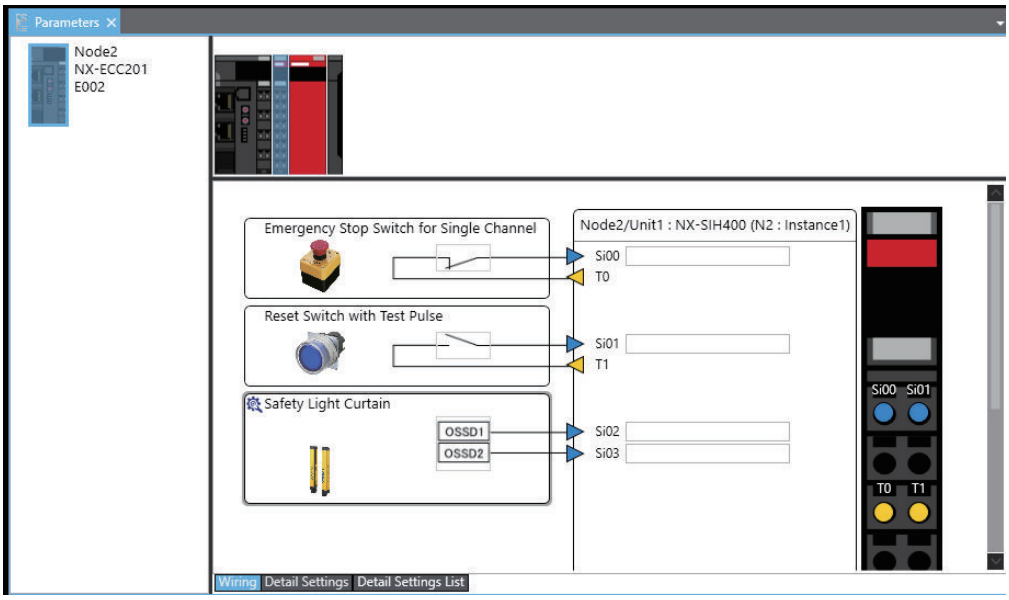
Setting of SS1 Function

Click ... (detail) button for SS1 function selected at a screen of the Safety Functions Assignment Settings or click SS1 (setting) SS1 function setting button to select instance numbers for the set SS1 function.
Set SS1 time to STO.



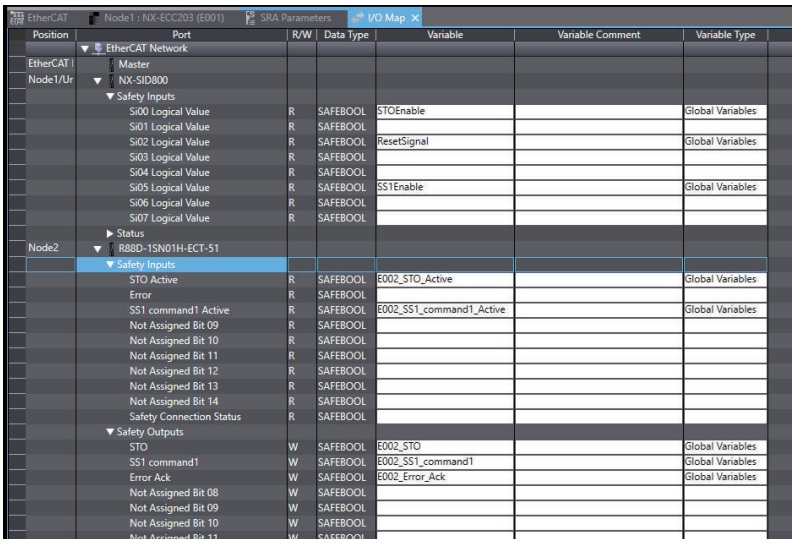
Safety Input Terminal Setting

Select new_SafetyCPU0 and open a screen of NX-SID800 setting to set input terminals.



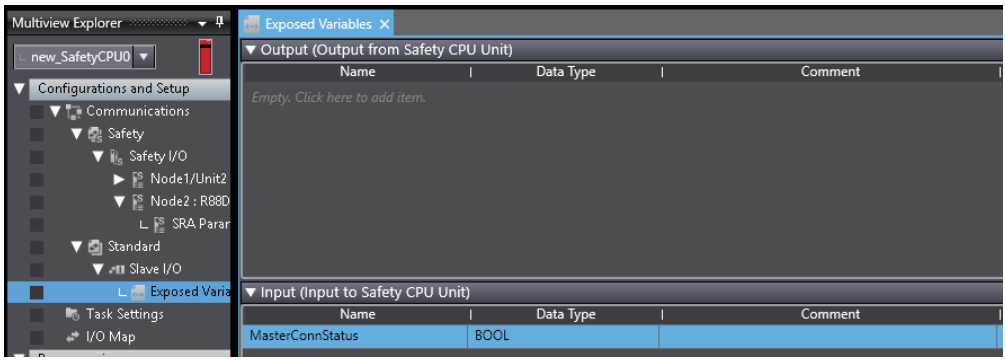
Safety I/O Map Setting

Select  to display I/O map. Edit variables.



Safety Program

Open **Exposed Variables** and add variables with BOOL-type into Input to Safety CPU Unit.

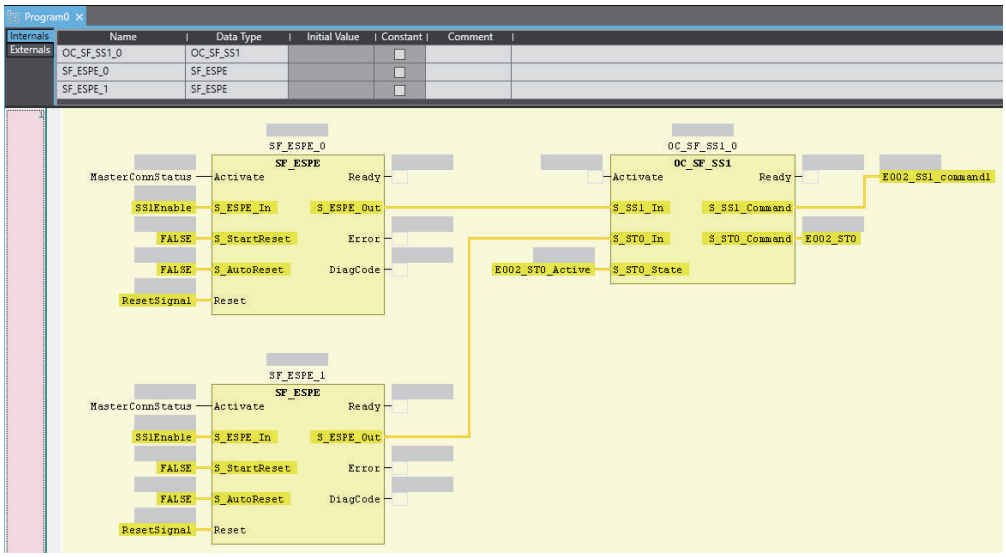


Select 

to display an edit screen of safety program.

When a safety light curtain detects workers or objects enter to a specified area, a program to give a command for Activate SS1 to a Servo Drive is designed. *1

For the following figure, it shows an example that an emergency stop switch activates STO function independently. *2

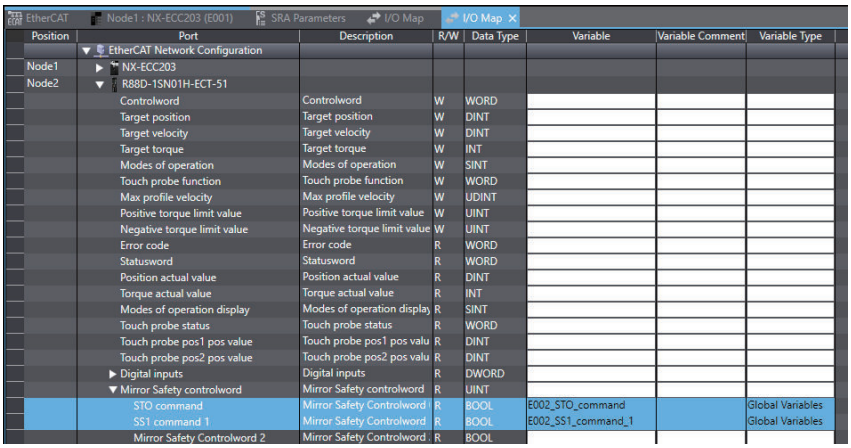


*1. For examples of the program, OC_SF_SS1 can be inserted from function blocks defined by users of the tool box or **Insert function blocks** in the Right-click menu. As for the programming procedure, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.

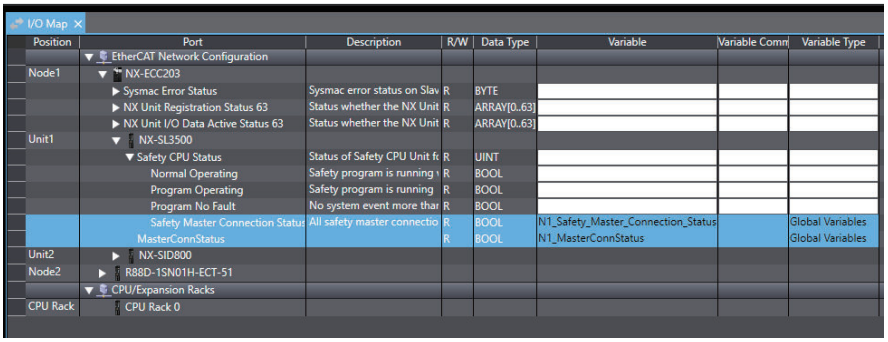
*2. ResetSignal must be set up with reset switch ON before the operation start when the program is started up because S_StartReset is set to False.

Standard I/O Map Setting

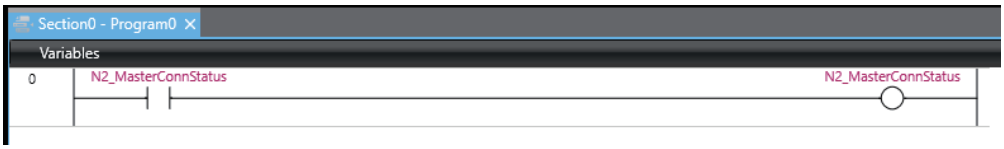
A function selected at a screen of the Safety Functions Assignment Settings is displayed in **Mirror Safety statusword** of Servo Drive. Variables are created to bits where SS1 function was assigned.



Variables are created to Safety Master Connection Status of Safety CPU Unit and variables defined in Exposed Variables of Safety CPU.



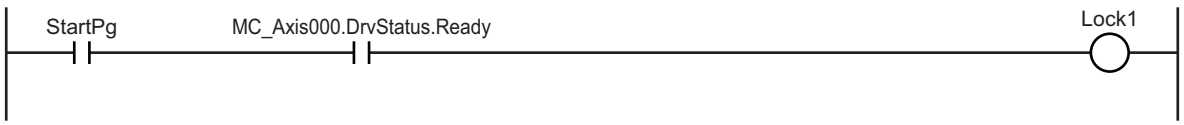
Set so that Safety Master Connection Status can be read in the Safety CPU Program after you assign Safety Master Connection Status of Safety CPU Unit to Exposed Variables of Safety CPU in the standard program.



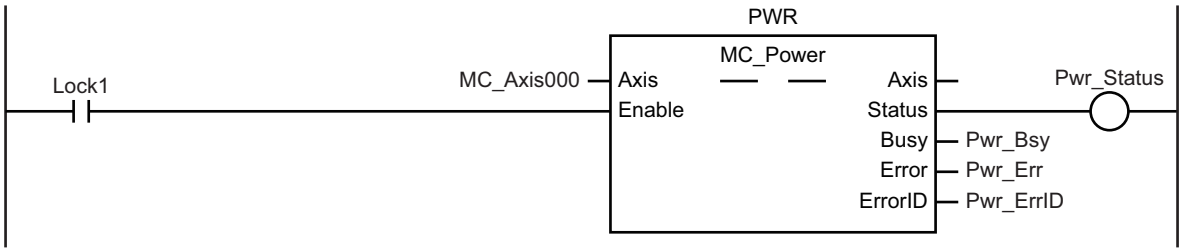
Standard Program

● Sample Program

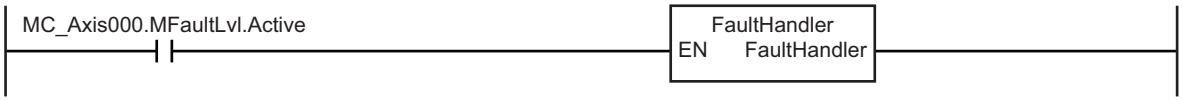
If StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is ready.



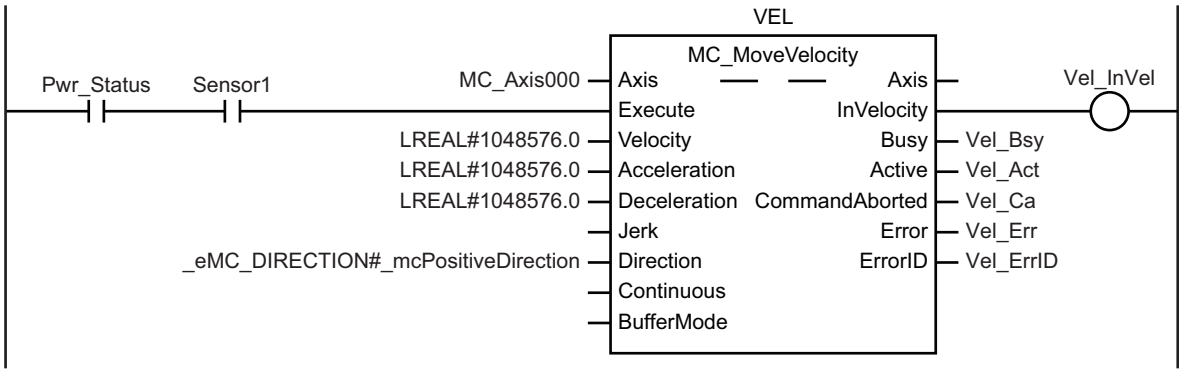
If the Servo Drive is ready, the Servo is turned ON.



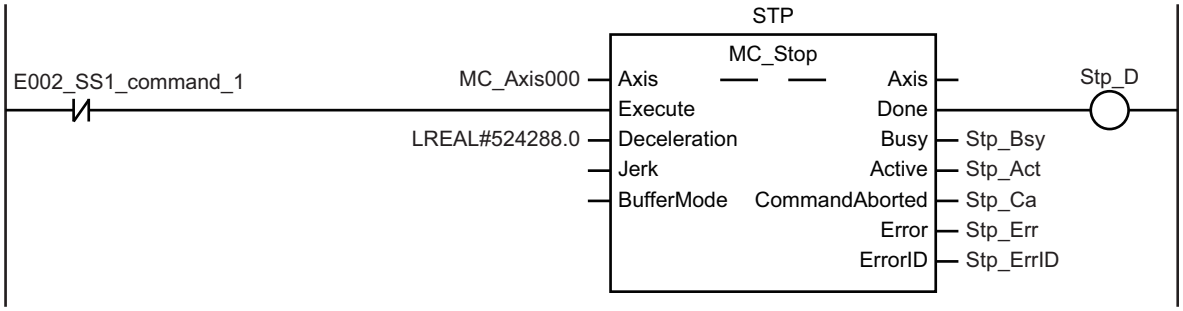
If a minor fault level error occurs for axis 1, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.
Program the error handler (FaultHandler) according to the device.



When Sensor1 changes to TRUE, the MC_MoveVelocity (Velocity Control) instruction is executed.



When the E002_SS1_command_1 changes to False, the MC_Stop (Forced Stop) instruction is executed.

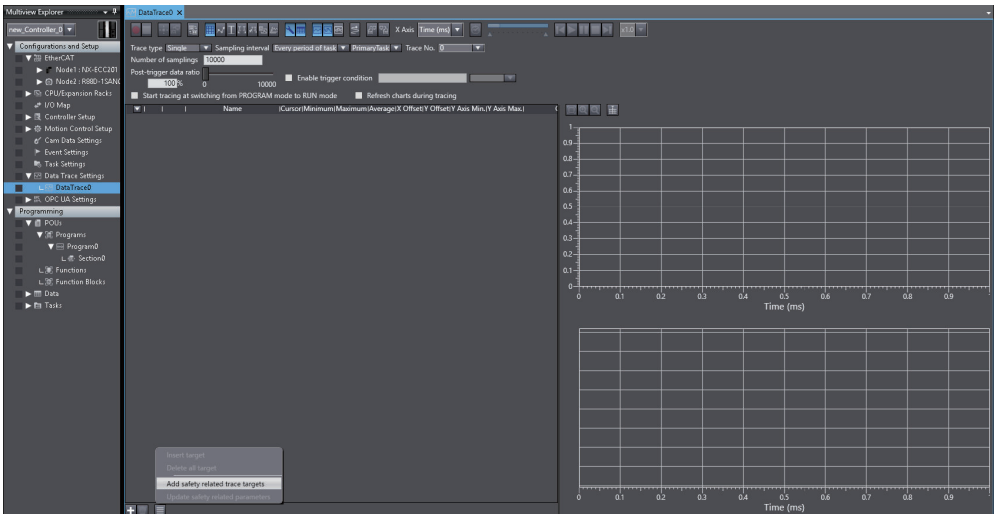


Check of Operation Program

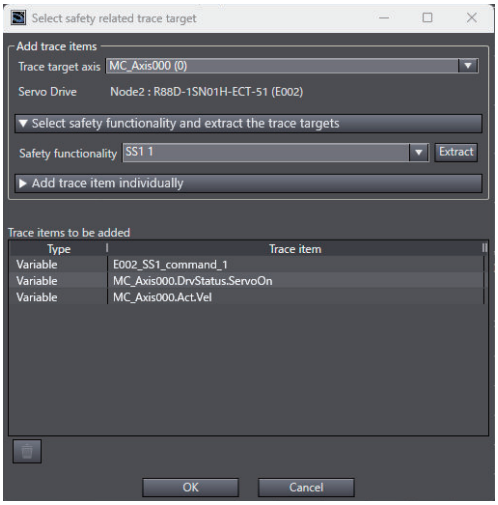
Confirm that a designed program operates properly.

Open a data trace screen for a standard controller.

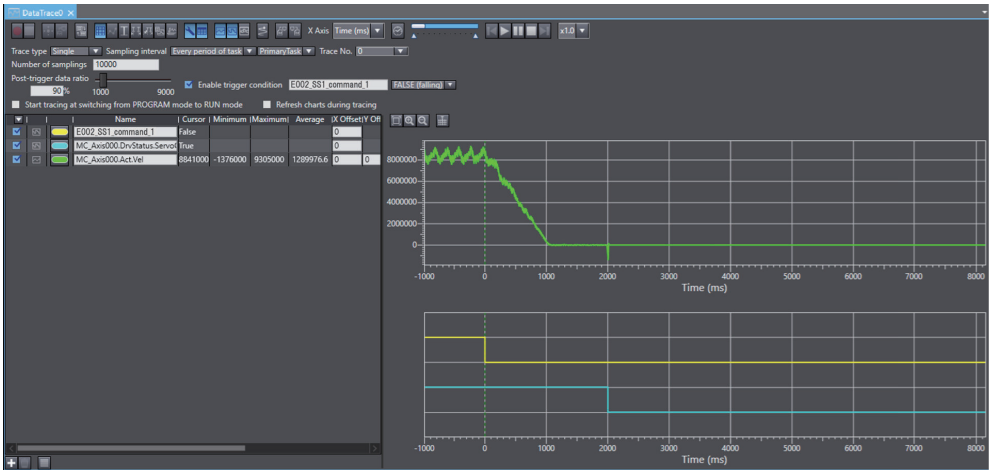
Click menu button to select **Add safety related trace target**.



Select an axis to be traced and a safety function in option dialogue **Select safety related trace target** and click **Extract** button, or add the trace targets separately and click **OK** button.



Execute the data trace. Check parameters for the set safety functions and observe the axis variables for trace target to confirm on whether safety functions are operated normally or not.



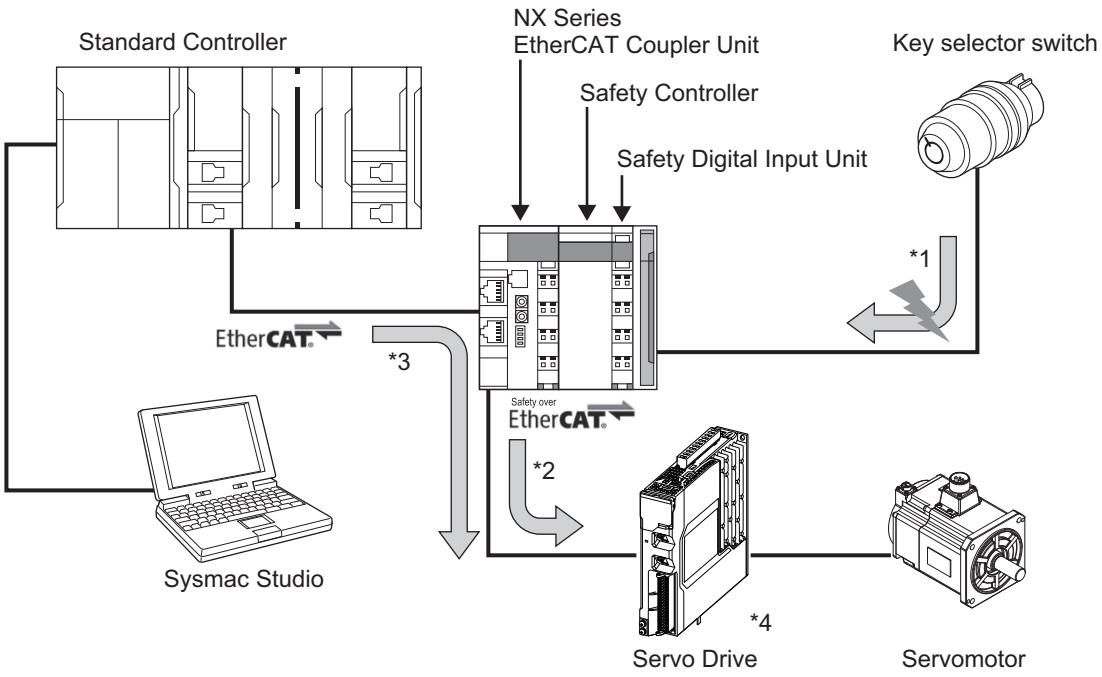
A-5-2 Monitoring Function

Monitoring function is described with SLS function.

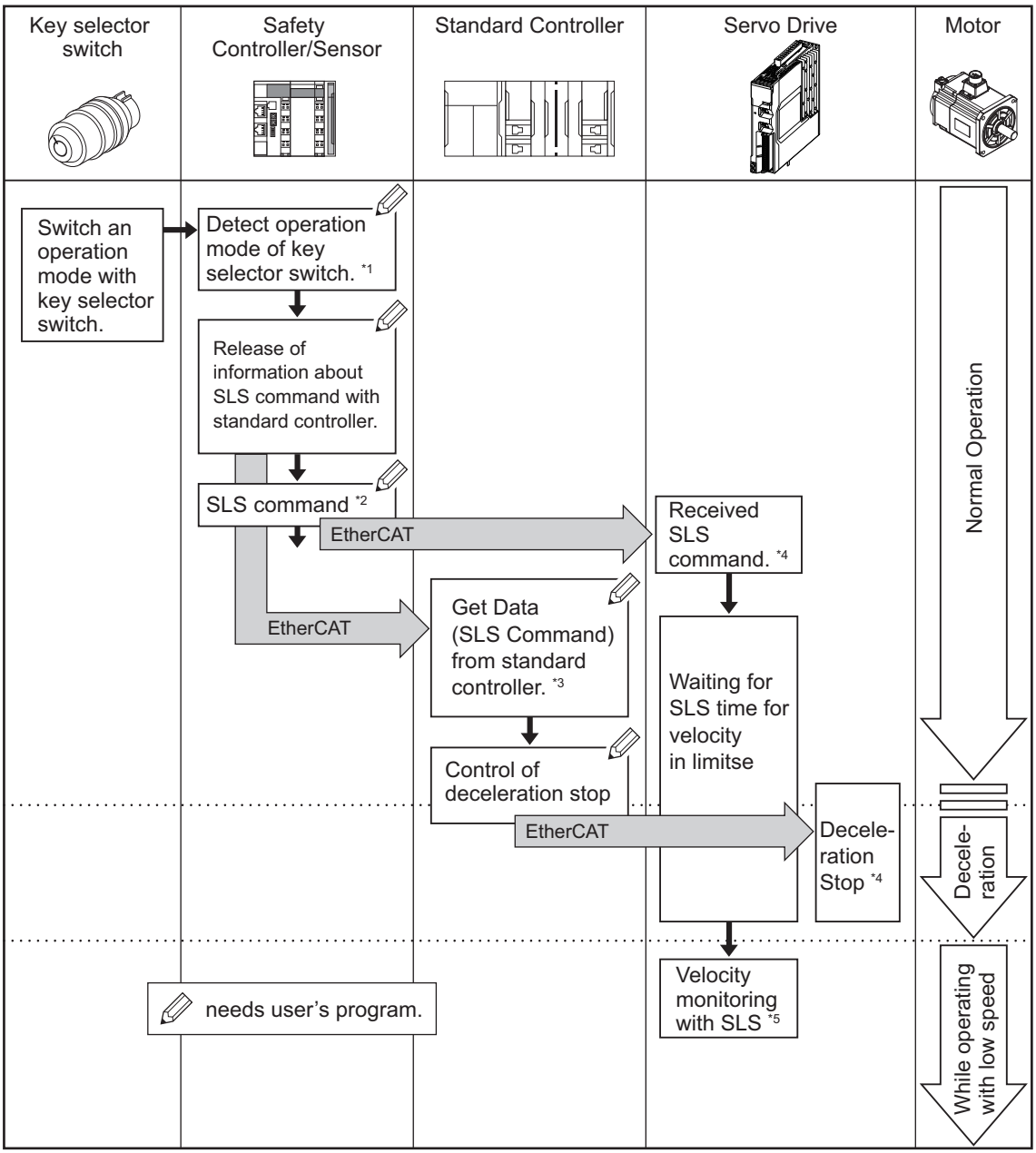
Application Image

When you shift the key selector switch from an operation mode to a maintenance mode, a standard controller lets a Servomotor operate with low-speed operation and a Servo Drive monitors the motor velocity with SLS function.

Device for Use



You secure Safety System when you use these devices to perform the following controls.

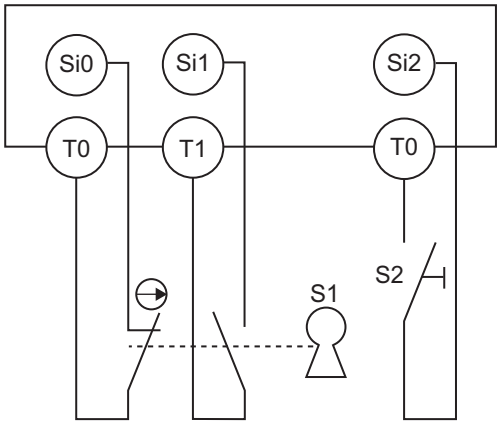


*1. A safety controller detects that an operation mode of a key selector switch is changed.
*2. The safety controller gives SLS command to a Servo Drive.
*3. A standard controller reads data from the safety controller and confirms that the SLS Command was enabled. It gives a command to a Servo Drive in order to decelerate a Servomotor.
*4. The Servo Drive activates SLS function after receiving SLS command. At the same time, it follows the command from the standard controller to decelerate/stop the Servomotor.
*5. A Servo Drive monitors that the Servomotor operates within the velocity limit.

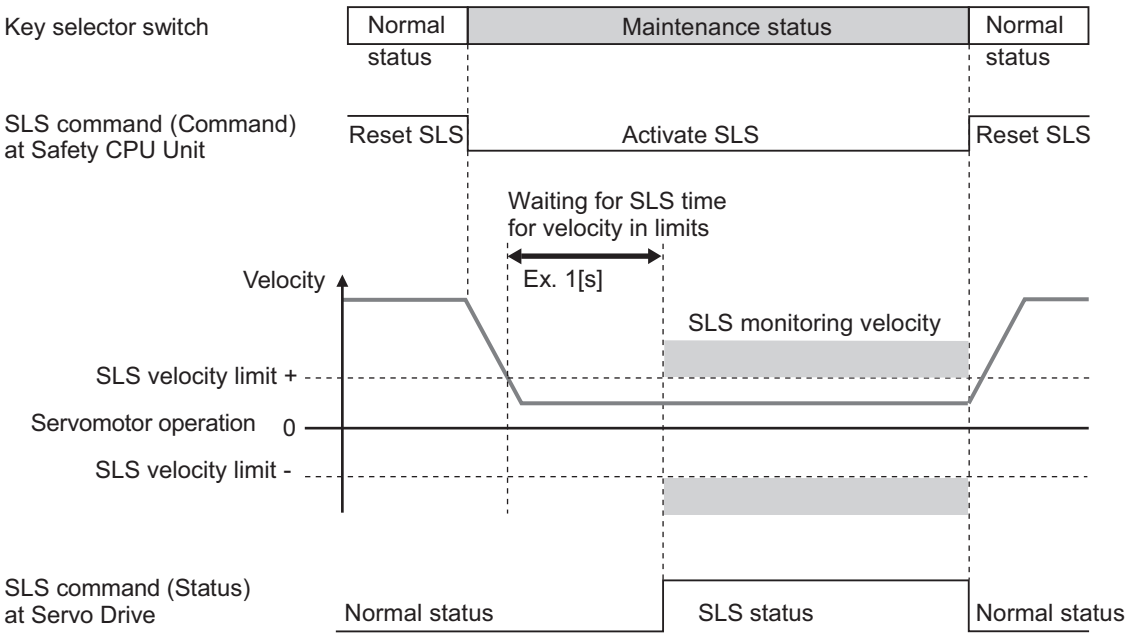
Wiring

Wire a key selector switch to a Safety Digital Input Unit.

- **NX-SIH400**

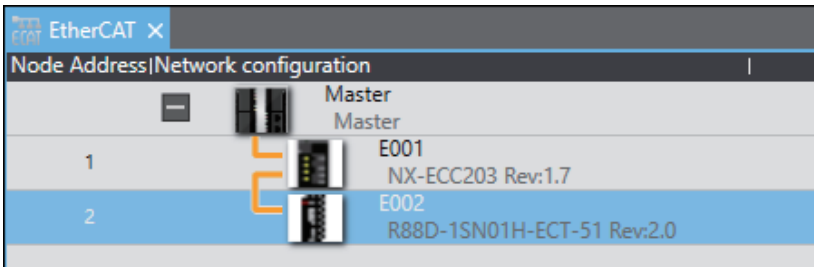


Operation Chart

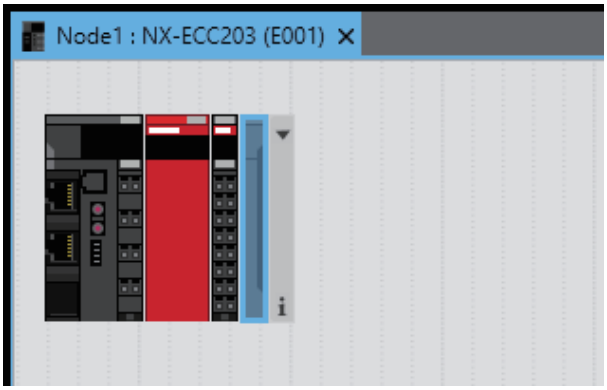


Configuration of EtherCAT Network

Edit EtherCAT network configuration.

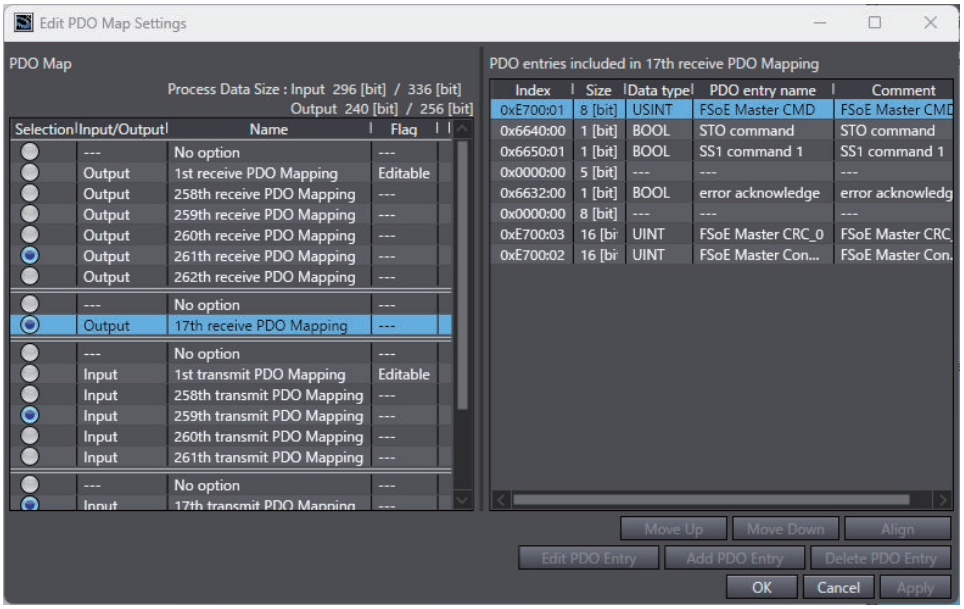


Edit the device configuration of coupler unit.



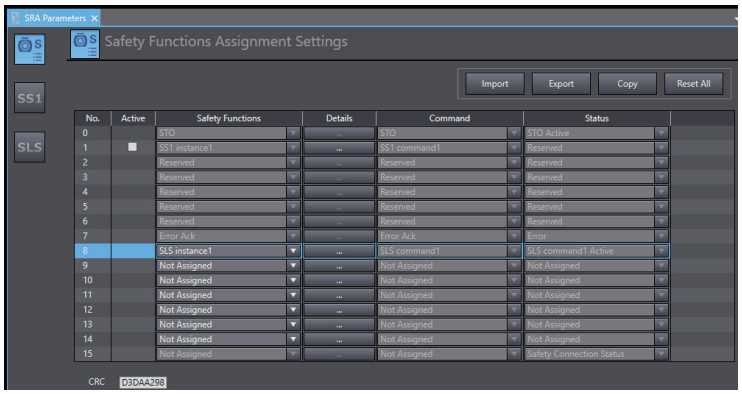
PDO Mapping

Confirm that object 1610 hex (17th receive PDO Mapping) and 1A10 hex (17th transmit PDO Mapping) are assigned to PDO mapping list of a Servo Drive.



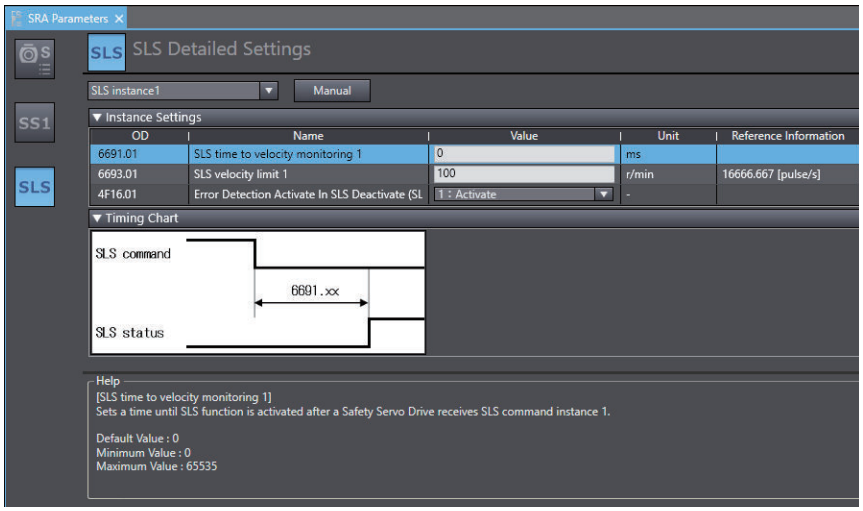
Select  of a safety controller with multi-view explorer.

Develop the Servo Drive of Safety I/O and double-click SRA parameter.
SLS function is set with Safety Function Assignment Settings. Clear the check in the Enable box for non-use of safety functions.



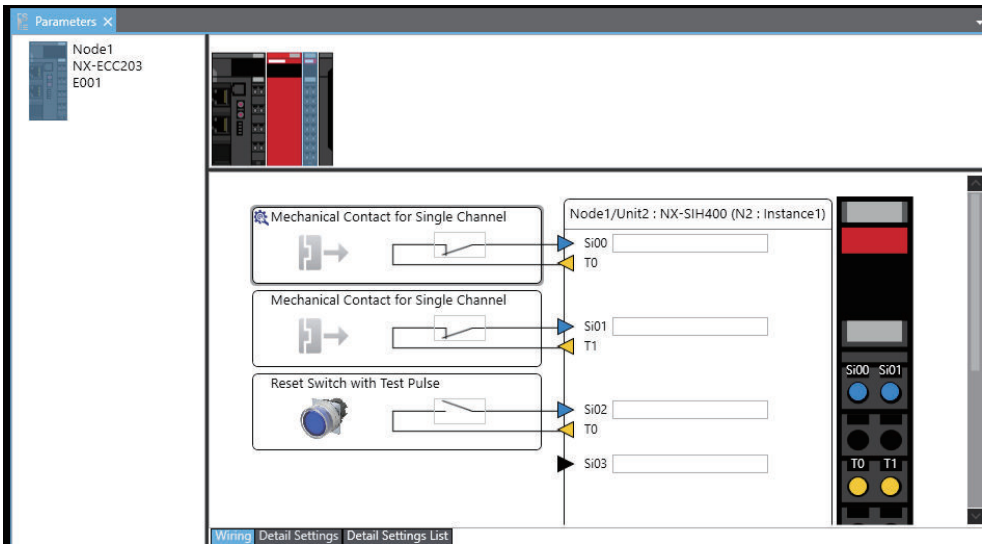
Setting of SLS Function

Click ... button for SLS function selected at a screen of the Safety Functions Assignment Settings or click SLS SLS function setting button to select instance numbers for the set SLS function. Set SLS time to velocity monitoring and SLS velocity limit.



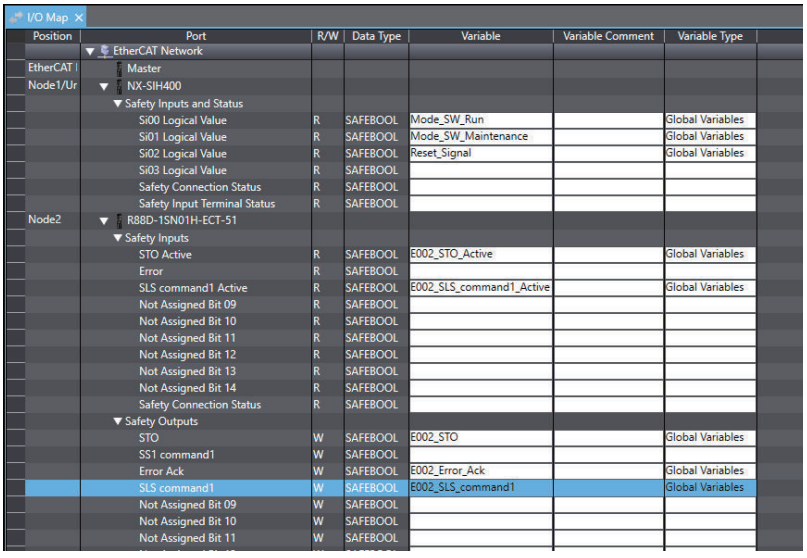
Safety Input Terminal Setting

Select new_SafetyCPU0 and open a screen of NX-SIH400 setting to set input terminals.



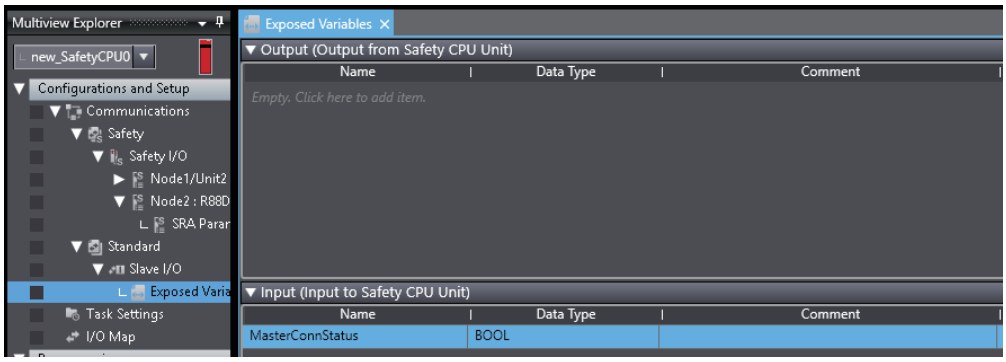
Safety I/O Map Setting

Select new_SafetyCPU0 to display I/O map. Edit variables.



Safety Program

Open **Exposed Variables** and add variables with BOOL-type into Input to Safety CPU Unit.

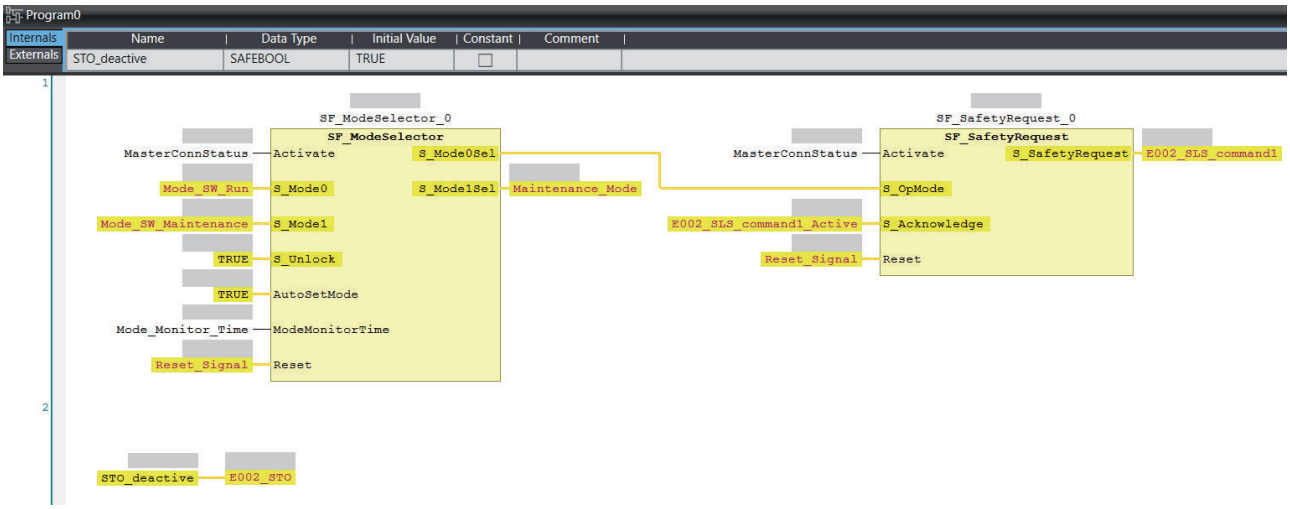


Select 

to display an edit screen of safety program.

Design a program that issues a command for Activate SLS when a key selector switch goes into maintenance mode. *1

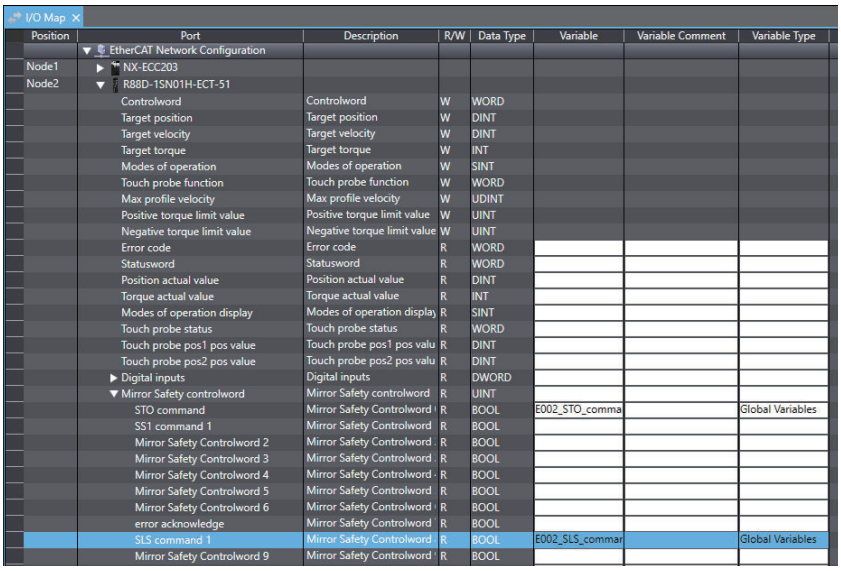
For the example shown below, the program that constantly gives command to reset STO function is created, because the STO is NOT used.



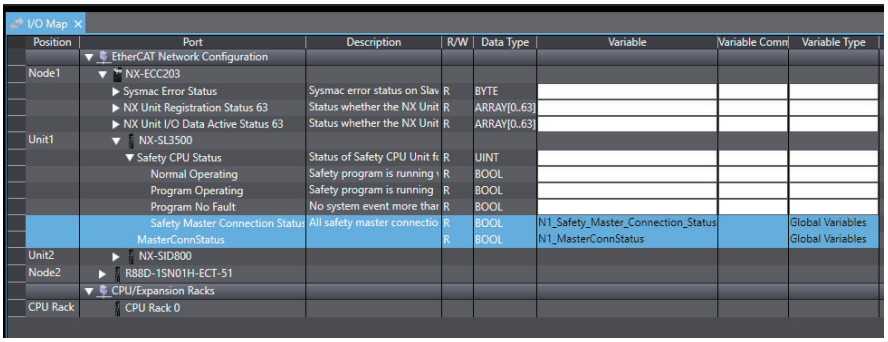
*1. For examples of the program, SF_ModeSelector and SF_SafetyRequest can be inserted from function blocks defined by users of the tool box or **Insert function blocks** in the Right-click menu. As for the programming procedure, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930)*.

Standard I/O Map Setting

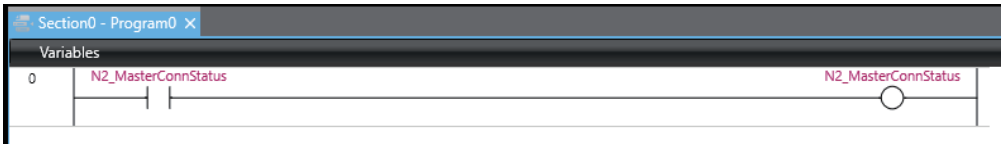
A function selected at a screen of the Safety Functions Assignment Settings is displayed in **Mirror Safety statusword** of Servo Drive. Variables are created to bits where SLS function was assigned.



Variables are created to Safety Master Connection Status of Safety CPU Unit and variables defined in Exposed Variables of Safety CPU.



Set so that Safety Master Connection Status can be read in the Safety CPU Program after you assign Safety Master Connection Status of Safety CPU Unit to Exposed Variables of Safety CPU in the standard program.



Standard Program

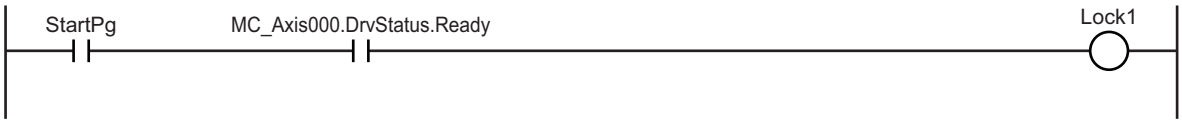
Select 

to display a screen for editing program.

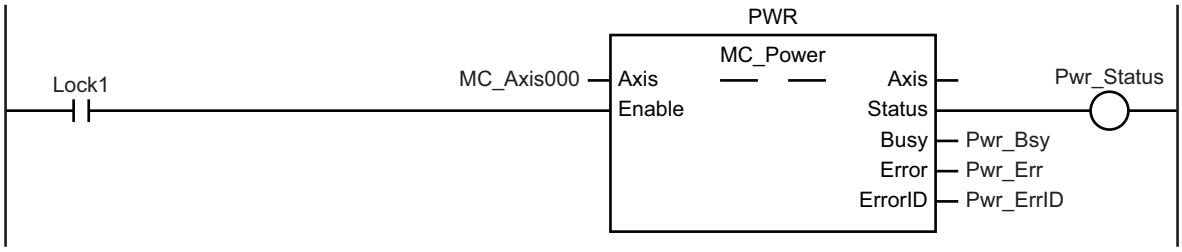
Design a program that decelerates the motor's velocity when SLS command is activated.

● Sample Program

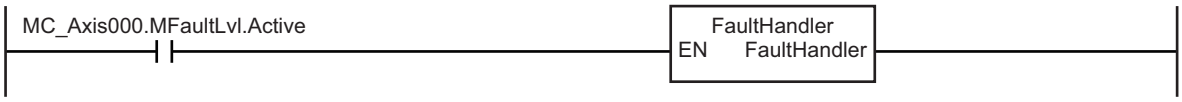
If StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is ready.



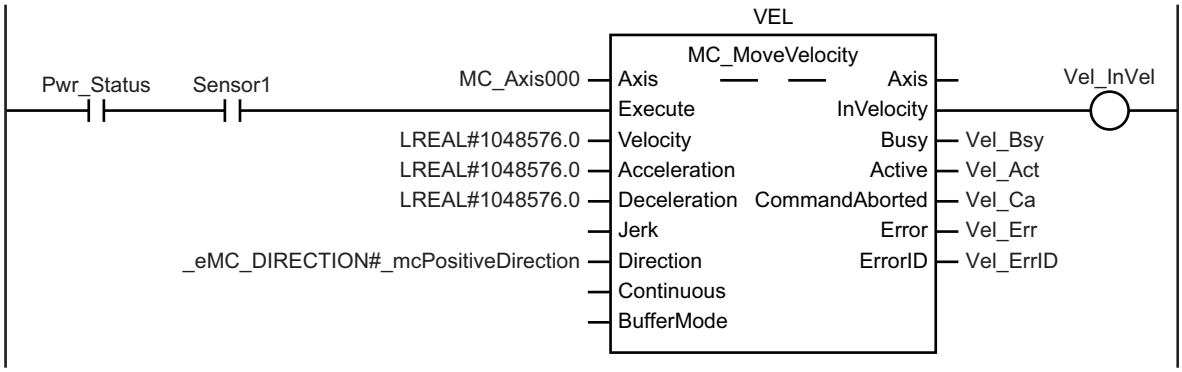
If the Servo Drive is ready, the Servo is turned ON.



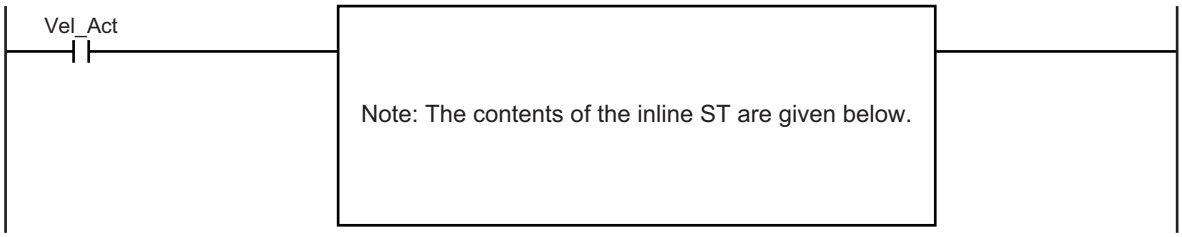
If a minor fault level error occurs for axis 1, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.
Program the error handler (FaultHandler) according to the device.



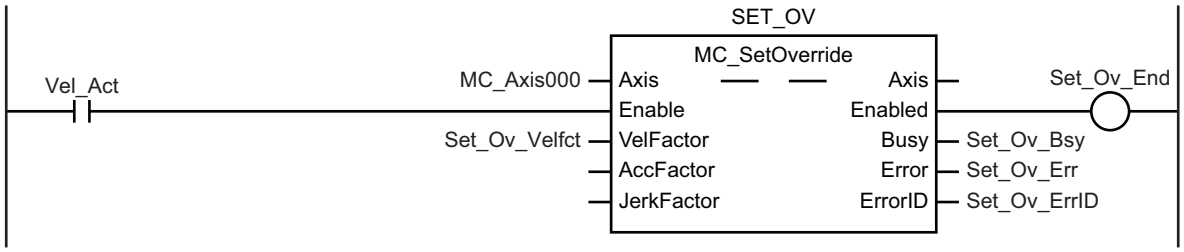
When Sensor1 changes to TRUE, the MC_MoveVelocity (Velocity Control) instruction is executed.



Change the override factor according to Activate SLS or Reset SLS during execution of the MC_MoveVelocity (Velocity Control) instruction.



The MC_SetOverride (Set Override Factors) instruction is executed during execution of the MC_MoveVelocity (Velocity Control) instruction.



● Details about Inline ST

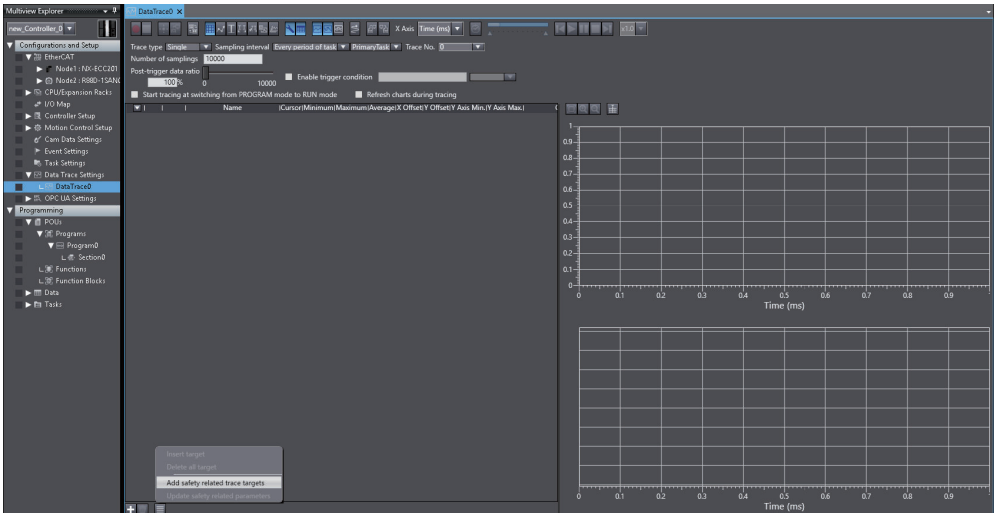
```
IF (E002_SLS_command_1=TRUE) THEN
    Set_Ov_Velfct:= LREAL#100.0;
ELSE
    Set_Ov_Velfct:= LREAL#10.0;
END_IF;
```

Check of Operation Program

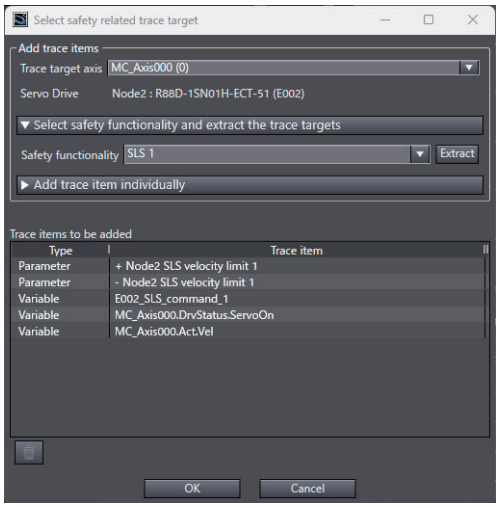
Confirm that a designed program operates properly.

Open a data trace screen for a standard controller.

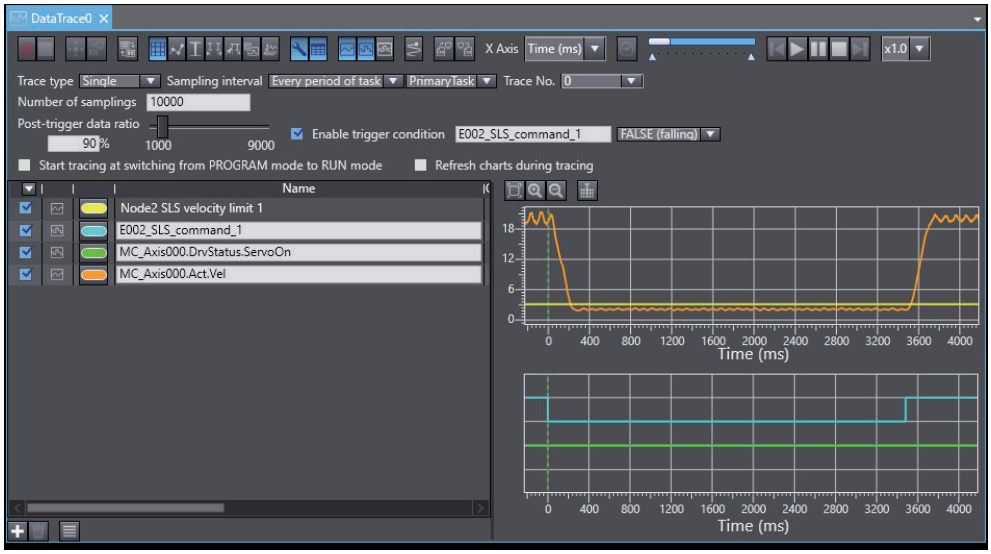
Click menu button to select **Add safety related trace target**.



Select an axis to be traced and a safety function in option dialogue **Select safety related trace target** and click **Extract** button, or add the trace targets separately and click **OK** button.



Execute the data trace. Check parameters for the set safety functions and observe the axis variables for trace target to confirm on whether safety functions are operated normally or not.

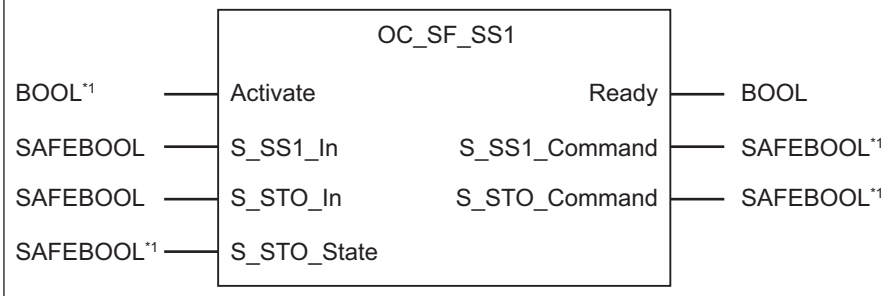


A-5-3 Function Block for 1S-series Products with Safety Functionality

This section describes the function blocks for the 1S-series products with Safety Functionality. You can realize SS1 function easily by using these function blocks. These function blocks can also be used for 1S-series with SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions. For the latest information, see the references of those by the Sysmac Studio.

OC_SF_SS1

This function block controls the requests of safety function SS1 and STO to the Servo Drive.

Instruction	Name	Graphic expression
OC_SF_SS1	SS1 Activate	

*1. Set the corresponding device variables to the following variables.

Variable name	Device variables or constants
Activate	Safety master connection status *SafetyMasterConnectionStatus*
S_SS1_Command	*SS1 command* of Servo Drive
S_STO_Command	*STO* of Servo Drive
S_STO_State	*STO_Active* of Servo Drive

● Variables

- Input Variables

Variables	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Activate	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	Enable/disable the FB. Input variables or constants.
S_SS1_In	SAFEBOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	Request the SS1 operation mode of the connected Servo Drive. FALSE: Requests the safety mode (activates SS1) TRUE: Requests the operation mode (not the safety mode) (deactivates SS1)
S_STO_In	SAFEBOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	Request the STO operation mode of the connected Servo Drive. FALSE: Requests the safety mode (activates STO) TRUE: Requests the operation mode (not the safety mode) (deactivates STO)

Variables	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
S_STO_State	SAFEBOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	This is the STO mode responding of the connected Servo Drive. Set the device variables corresponding to *STO Active* of the Servo Drive. FALSE: Operation mode (not the safety mode) TRUE: Safety mode (STO state)

- Output Variables

Variable	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Ready	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The ready flag. FALSE: Indicates that the FB is not active and the program is not executed. This is useful in DEBUG Mode or to activate/deactivate additional FBs, as well as for further processing in the functional program. TRUE: Indicates that the FB is active and that the output results have been stored. This variable is used for debugging or for further processing in the user program.
S_SS1_Command	SAFEBOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	This is the request for the SS1 operation mode of the connected Servo Drive. Set the device variables corresponding to the *SS1 Command*. FALSE: Requests the safety mode (activates SS1) TRUE: Requests the operation mode (not the safety mode) (deactivates SS1)
S_STO_Command	SAFEBOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	This is the request for the STO operation mode of the connected Servo Drive. Set the device variable corresponding to the *STO Command*. FALSE: Requests the safety mode (activates STO) TRUE: Requests the operation mode (not the safety mode) (deactivates STO) When the input variables *S_STO_In* and *S_STO_State* are TRUE and the input variable *S_SS1_In* changes from FALSE to TRUE, set the output variable *S_STO_Command* to FALSE for one safety task period to deactivate the STO state.

● Function

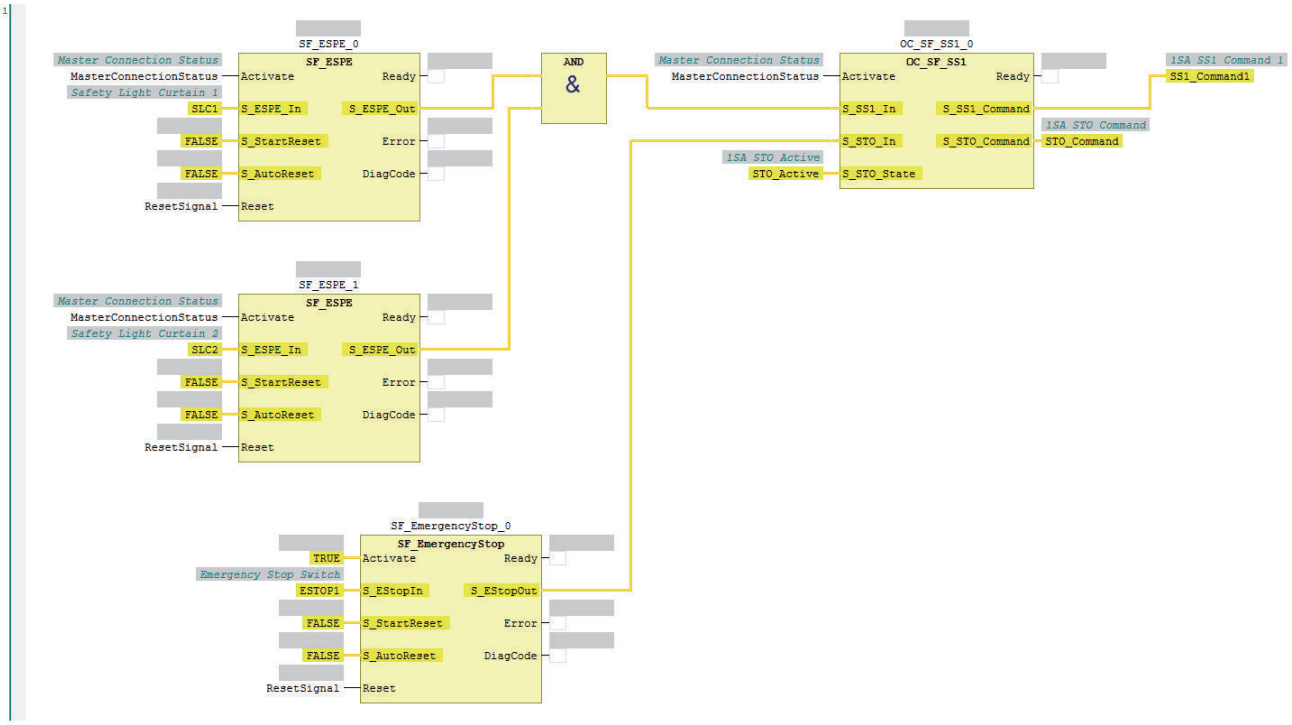
- The value of the input variable *S_SS1_In* is linked with the output variable *S_SS1_Command*.
- The value of the input variable *S_STO_In* is linked with the output variable *S_STO_Command*.

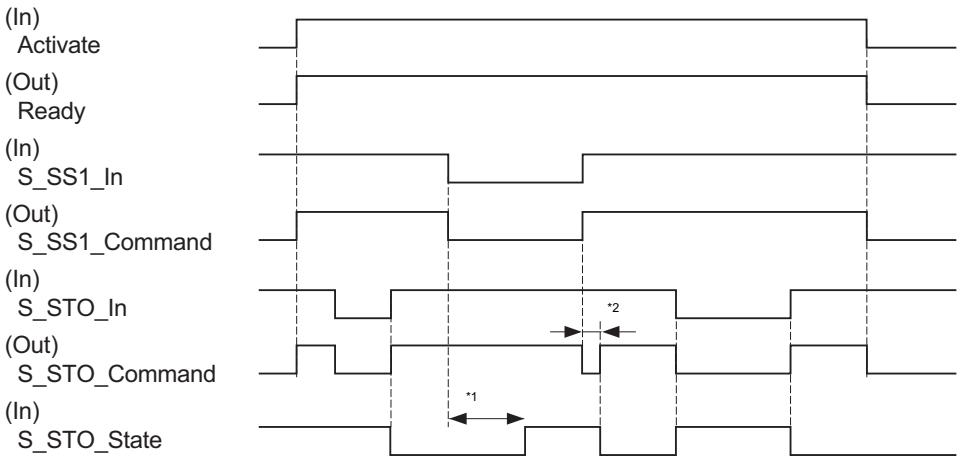
- When the input variables *S_STO_In* and *S_STO_State* are TRUE and the input variable *S_SS1_In* changes from FALSE to TRUE, set the output variable *S_STO_Command* to FALSE for one safety task period to deactivate the STO state.

● Sample Program and Timing Chart

A sample program and timing chart are given below.

When an emergency stop switch (ESTOP1) is pushed, 1SA executes STO function and stops immediately.
When the light of safety light curtain 1 (SLC1) or safety light curtain 2 (SLC2) is intercepted, 1SA executes SS1 function and shifts to STO state.





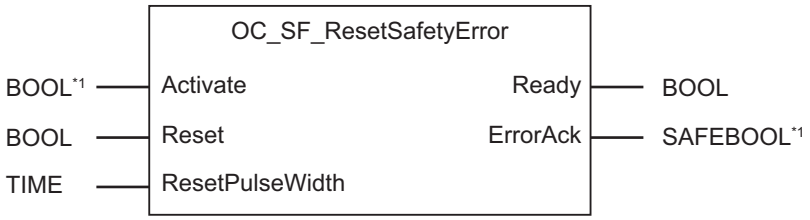
*1. Time until the Servo Drive receives SS1 activate command and starts STO.
*2. When *S_STO_In* and *S_STO_State* are TRUE, and *S_SS1_In* changes from FALSE to TRUE, FALSE is set to *S_STO_Command* for one safety task period to deactivate STO state.

OC_SF_ResetSafetyError

This FB resets the error detected by monitoring the safety function. Use this FB in combination with the Servo Drive.

When the input variable *Reset* changes from FALSE to TRUE, and it changes from TRUE to FALSE after the time set in input variable *ResetPulseWidth* elapses, this function block outputs TRUE to the output variable *ErrorAck* for one safety task period.

This FB is used to satisfy the requirements for the manual reset function specified in ISO 13849-1 Ch. 5.2.2.

Instruction	Name	Graphic expression
OC_SF_ResetSafetyError	Reset safety error for Servo Drive	

*1. Set the corresponding device variables to the following variables.

Variable name	Device variables or constants
Activate	Safety master connection status *SafetyMasterConnectionStatus*
ErrorAck	*ErrorAck* of Servo Drive

● Variables

- Input Variables

Variable	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Activate	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	Enable/disable the FB. Input variables or constants.
Reset	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	Reset signal input. Input variables.
ResetPulse-Width	TIME	Depends on data type.	T#350ms	Specify the ON time length of *Reset* (LHL signal). Ignore the *Reset* signals less than this set value. When the ON time length is set less than 100ms, it operates at the maximum value of the TIME data type. (T#49d17h2m47s295ms)

- Output Variables

Variable	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Ready	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The ready flag. FALSE: Indicates that the FB is not active and the program is not executed. This is useful in DEBUG Mode or to activate/deactivate additional FBs, as well as for further processing in the functional program. TRUE: Indicates that the FB is active and that the output results have been stored. This variable is used for debugging or for further processing in the user program.
ErrorAck	SAFEBOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	Request to reset the error detected by the safety function of the connected Servo Drive. TRUE: Requests to reset the safety error When the input variable *Reset* changes from FALSE to TRUE, and it changes from TRUE to FALSE after the time set in input variable *ResetPulseWidth* elapses, outputs TRUE for one safety task period.

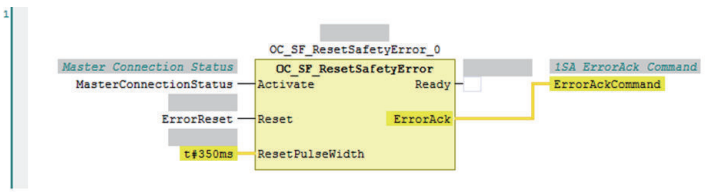
● Function

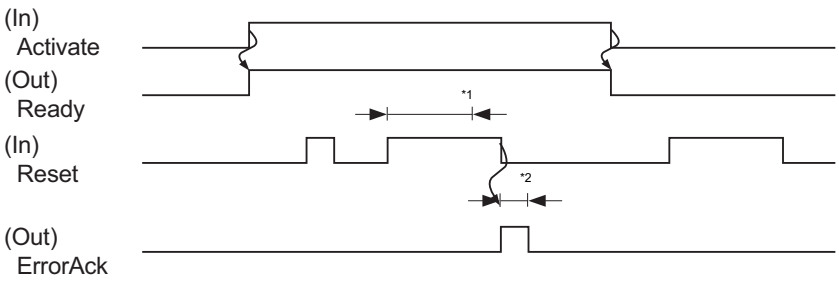
- When the input variable *Reset* changes from FALSE to TRUE, and it changes from TRUE to FALSE after the time set in input variable *ResetPulseWidth* elapses, this function block substitutes TRUE to the output variable *ErrorAck* for one safety task period.
- If the set value in *ResetPulseWidth* is smaller than 100 ms, this FB behaves as the maximum value of the TIME datatype (T#49d17h2m47s295ms) is set to *ResetPulseWidth.*
- When the output variable *ErrorAck* is set to TRUE, the safety output is enabled by resetting the Servo Drive error.

● Sample Program and Timing Chart

A sample program and timing chart are given below.

When error reset signal (*ErrorReset*) changes from FALSE to TRUE, and it changes from TRUE to FALSE after 350 ms, Servo Drive error is reset by *ErrorAckCommand*.





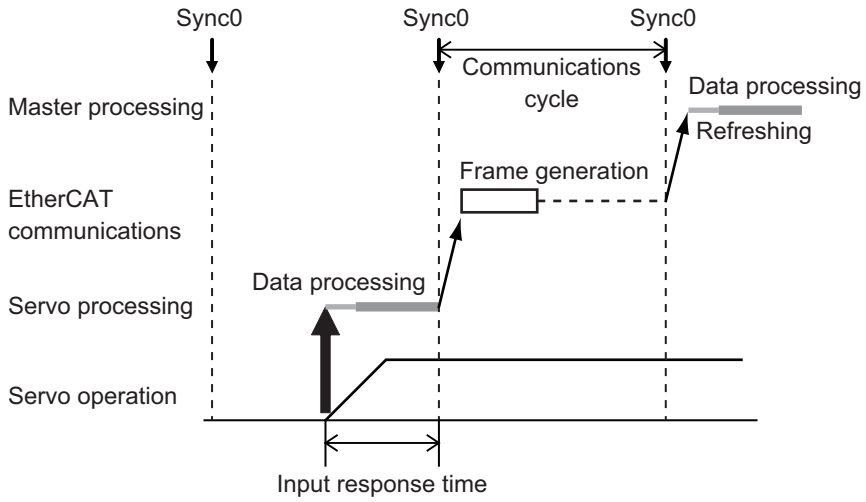
*1. Time set with input variable *ResetPulseWidth*
*2. One safety task period

A-6 Response Time in EtherCAT Process Data Communications

The input response time and output response time of each slave unit are required to calculate the system I/O response time in the EtherCAT process data communications.
The specifications of this product are given below.
Refer to the manuals for your master unit when you calculate the system I/O response time.

A-6-1 Input Response Time

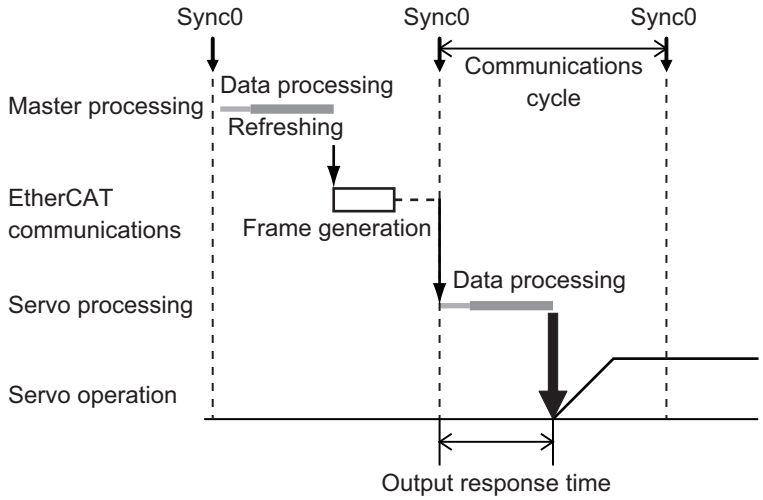
The input response time of this product is given below.



Input response time: Communication cycle - Shift time

A-6-2 Output Response Time

The output response time of this product is given below.



Output response time: 100 μs

A-7 Version Information

This section describes the relationship between the unit versions of 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions and the Sysmac Studio versions, and the functions that were added or changed for each unit version.

A-7-1 Relationship between Unit Versions and Sysmac Studio Versions

This section also describes how the unit versions of 1S-series Servo Drives correspond to Sysmac Studio versions.

Unit Versions and Corresponding Sysmac Studio Versions

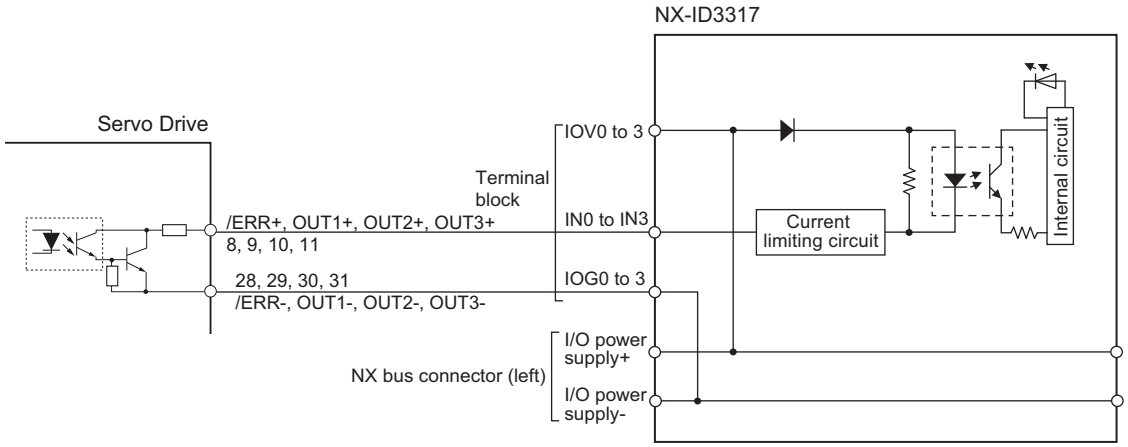
The following table gives the relationship between unit versions of 1S-series Servo Drives with Built-in EtherCAT Communications and SS1/SLS Safety Sub-Functions and the corresponding Sysmac Studio versions.

Unit version	Corresponding version of Sysmac Studio
Ver.2.0	Ver.1.59 or higher

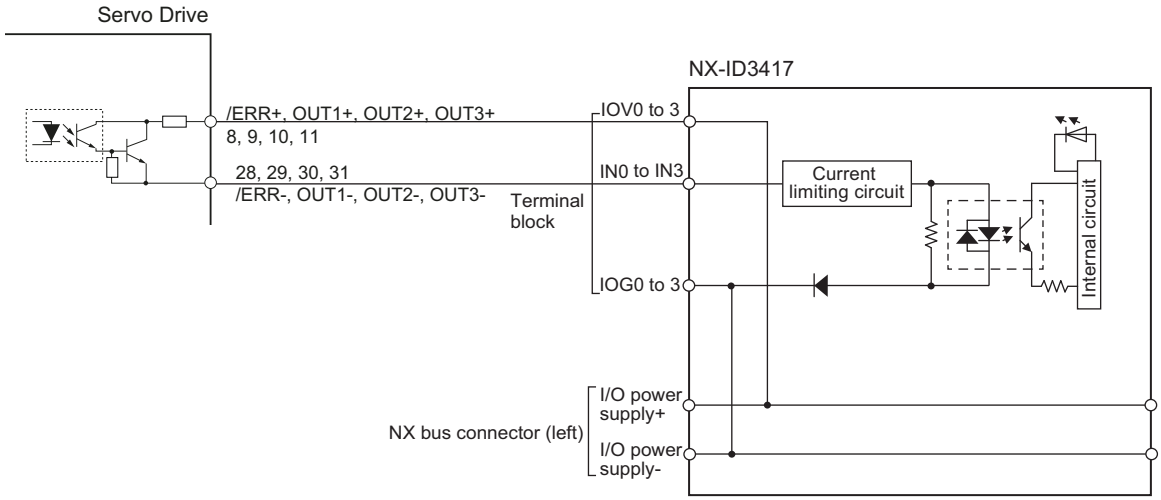
A-8 Connection Example

A-8-1 Example of Connecting to NX-series Digital I/O Unit

Example of Connecting to NX-ID3317



Example of Connecting to NX-ID3417



I

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